

(19) United States (12) **Reissued Patent** Hering et al.

US RE49,634 E (10) **Patent Number:** (45) Date of Reissued Patent: *Aug. 29, 2023

- SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR (54)**DETERMINING THE RISK OF VULNERABILITIES ON A MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE**
- Applicant: Lookout, Inc., Boston, MA (US) (71)
- Inventors: John G. Hering, San Francisco, CA (72)(US); Kevin Mahaffey, San Francisco, CA (US); James Burgess, Alameda, CA (US)

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

12/1968 Jahns et al. 3,416,032 A 4,553,257 A 11/1985 Mori et al. (Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

- 3/2007 2430588
- Assignee: Lookout, Inc., Boston, MA (US) (73)
- This patent is subject to a terminal dis-(*) Notice: claimer.
- Appl. No.: 17/391,995 (21)
- Aug. 2, 2021 (22)Filed:

Related U.S. Patent Documents

Reissue of:

(64)	Patent No.:	8,397,301
	Issued:	Mar. 12, 2013
	Appl. No.:	12/621,431
	Filed:	Nov. 18, 2009

U.S. Applications:

Continuation of application No. 16/670,488, filed on (63)Oct. 31, 2019, now Pat. No. Re. 48,669, which is an (Continued)

GB	2430588	3/2007
WO	2007081356	7/2001
	(Cor	ntinued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

U.S. Appl. No. 12/255,635. Prosecution history available Via USPTO (including Office Action dated Mar. 24, 2011).

(Continued)

Primary Examiner — Minh Dieu Nguyen (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Dergosits & Noah LLP

ABSTRACT (57)

The invention is a system and method for identifying, assessing, and responding to vulnerabilities on a mobile communication device. Information about the mobile communication device, such as its operating system, firmware version, or software configuration, is transmitted to a server for assessment. The server accesses a data storage storing information about vulnerabilities. Based on the received information, the server may identify those vulnerabilities affecting the mobile communication device, and may transmit a notification to remediate those vulnerabilities. The server may also transmit result information about the vulnerabilities affecting the mobile communication device. The server may also store the received information about the device, so that in the event the server learns of new vulnerabilities, it may continue to assess whether the device is affected, and may accordingly notify or remediate the device. The server may provide an interface for an administrator to manage the system and respond to security issues.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

H04L 29/06	(2006.01)
H04L 12/46	(2006.01)
	(Continued)

U.S. Cl. (52)

CPC H04L 12/4641 (2013.01); H04W 12/069 (2021.01); H04L 63/0272 (2013.01); H04W 84/045 (2013.01)

Field of Classification Search (58)

CPC ... G06F 21/577; H04L 63/1433; H04W 12/12 See application file for complete search history.

20 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets



Page 2

Related U.S. Application Data

application for the reissue of Pat. No. 8,397,301, and a continuation of application No. 15/898,124, filed on Feb. 15, 2018, now Pat. No. Re. 47,757, which is an application for the reissue of Pat. No. 8,397,301, and a continuation of application No. 14/109,725, filed on Dec. 17, 2013, now Pat. No. Re. 46,768, which is an application for the reissue of Pat. No. 8,397,301.

(51) Int. Cl. *H04W 12/069*

(2021.01)(2022.01)

7 010 017 00	10/2010	
7,818,017 B2	10/2010	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
7,835,754 B2	11/2010	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
7,856,234 B2	12/2010	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
7,856,373 B2	12/2010	Ullah
7,861,303 B2	12/2010	Kouznetsov et al.
7,907,966 B1	3/2011	Mammen
7,916,661 B2	3/2011	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
7,999,742 B2	8/2011	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
8,014,788 B2	9/2011	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
8,019,357 B2	9/2011	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
8,031,657 B2	10/2011	Jones et al.
8,054,219 B2	11/2011	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
8,089,398 B2	1/2012	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
8,089,399 B2	1/2012	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
8,090,386 B2	1/2012	Alizadeh-Shabdiz

	H04L 9/40		(2022.01)	8,090,386	B2	1/2012	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
	H04W 84/04		(2009.01)	8,126,456	B2	2/2012	Lotter et al.
				8,127,358	B1	2/2012	Lee
(56)		Referen	ces Cited	2001/0044339	A1	11/2001	Cordero et al.
(50)		Itereren		2002/0042886	A1	4/2002	Lahti et al.
	US F	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2002/0087483	A1	7/2002	Harif
	0.5.1		DOCOMENTS	2002/0108058		8/2002	Iwamura
	5,319,776 A	6/100/	Hile et al.	2002/0183060			Ko et al.
	5,574,775 A		Miller, II et al.	2002/0191018			Broussard
	6,185,689 B1		Todd et al.	2003/0028803			Bunker et al.
	6,269,456 B1		Hodges et al.	2003/0046134			Frolick et al.
	6,272,353 B1		Dicker et al.	2003/0079145			Kouznetsov et al.
	6,301,668 B1		Gleichauf et al.	2003/0115485			Milliken
	/ /		Trcka et al.	2003/0120951			Gartside et al.
	6,529,143 B2		Mikkola et al.	2003/0131148			Kelley et al.
	6,792,543 B2		Pak et al.	2004/0022258			Tsukada et al.
	6,907,530 B2	6/2005		2004/0025042			Kouznetsov et al.
	6,959,184 B1		Byers et al.	2004/0133624		7/2004	
	/ /		Albrecht	2004/0158741			Schneider McElwoon
	7,023,383 B2		Stilp et al.	2004/0185900 2004/0225887			McElveen O'Neil et al.
	7,069,589 B2		Schmall et al.	2004/0223887			Isomaki et al.
	7,096,368 B2	8/2006	Kouznetsov	2004/0239332			Cooper et al.
	7,123,933 B2	10/2006	Poor et al.	2005/0015443			Levine et al.
	7,127,455 B2	10/2006	Carson et al.	2005/0013419			Orlamunder et al.
	/ /		Kouznetsov et al.	2005/0076246			Singhal
	7,178,166 B1		Taylor et al.	2005/0091308			Bookman et al.
	7 010 170 D0	A (0007	TT / 1				LOUVILLIUMI WU LUIV

7,170,100 DI	2/2007	Taylor of al.
7,210,168 B2	4/2007	Hursey et al.
7,228,566 B2	6/2007	Caceres et al.
7,236,598 B2	6/2007	Sheymov et al.
7,237,264 B1	6/2007	Graham et al.
7,266,810 B2	9/2007	Karkare et al.
7,290,276 B2	10/2007	Ogata
7,305,245 B2	12/2007	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
7,308,256 B2	12/2007	Morota et al.
7,308,712 B2	12/2007	Banzhof
7,325,249 B2	1/2008	Sutton et al.
7,356,835 B2	4/2008	Gancarcik et al.
7,376,969 B1	5/2008	Njemanze et al.
7,386,297 B2	6/2008	An
7,392,043 B2	6/2008	Kouznetsov et al.
7,392,543 B2	6/2008	Szor
7,397,424 B2	7/2008	Houri
7,397,434 B2	7/2008	Mun et al.
7,401,359 B2	7/2008	Gartside et al.
7,403,762 B2	7/2008	Morgan et al.
7,414,988 B2	8/2008	Jones et al.
7,415,270 B2	8/2008	Wilhelmsson et al.
7,433,694 B2	10/2008	Morgan et al.
7,467,206 B2	12/2008	Moore et al.
7,471,954 B2	12/2008	Brachet et al.
7,472,422 B1	12/2008	Agbabian
7,474,897 B2	1/2009	Morgan et al.
7,493,127 B2	2/2009	Morgan et al.
7,502,620 B2	3/2009	Morgan et al.
7,515,578 B2	4/2009	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
7,525,541 B2	4/2009	Chun et al.
7,551,579 B2	6/2009	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
7,551,929 B2	6/2009	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
7,634,800 B2	12/2009	Ide et al.
7,685,132 B2	3/2010	Hyman
7,696,923 B2	4/2010	Houri
7,768,963 B2	8/2010	Alizadeh-Shabdiz
7,769,396 B2	8/2010	Alizadeh-Shabdiz et al.
7,774,637 B1	8/2010	Beddoe et al.
7,809,353 B2	10/2010	Brown et al.

2005/0125779	Al	6/2005	Kelley et al.
2005/0130627	A1	6/2005	Calmels et al.
2005/0138395	A1	6/2005	Benco et al.
2005/0138413	A1	6/2005	Lippmann et al.
2005/0154796	A1	7/2005	Forsyth
2005/0197099	A1	9/2005	Nehushtan
2005/0227669	A1	10/2005	Haparnas
2005/0237970	A1	10/2005	Inoue
2005/0254654	A1	11/2005	Rockwell et al.
2005/0278777	A1	12/2005	Loza
2005/0282533	A1	12/2005	Draluk et al.
2006/0026283	A1	2/2006	Trueba
2006/0073820	A1	4/2006	Craswell et al.
2006/0075388	A1	4/2006	Kelley et al.
2006/0080680	Al	4/2006	Anwar et al.
2006/0095454	A1	5/2006	Shankar et al.
2006/0101518	A1*	5/2006	Schumaker et al 726/25
2006/0130145	A1	6/2006	Choi et al.
2006/0150238	A1	7/2006	D'Agostino
2006/0150256	A1	7/2006	Fanton et al.
2006/0179485	A1	8/2006	Longsine et al.
2006/0218482	A1	9/2006	Ralston et al.
2006/0224742	Al	10/2006	Shahbazi
2006/0253205	A1	11/2006	Gardiner
2006/0253584	A1	11/2006	Dixon et al.

2006/0272011 A1 11/2006 Ide et al. 2006/0277408 A1 12/2006 Bhat et al. 12/2006 Linsley-Hood et al. 2006/0294582 A1 1/2007 Ferris 2007/0005327 A1 2007/0011319 A1 1/2007 McClure et al. 1/2007 Casey 2007/0015519 A1 1/2007 Morris et al. 2007/0016953 A1 1/2007 Goldberg et al. 2007/0016955 A1 2007/0028095 A1 2/2007 Allen et al. 2/2007 Brennan 2007/0028303 A1 2007/0028304 A1 2/2007 Brennan 2007/0050471 A1 3/2007 Patel et al.

Page 3

References Cited (56)U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS 2007/0067847 A1* 3/2007 Wiemer G06F 21/577 726/25 2007/0086476 A1 4/2007 Iglesias et al. 2007/0088948 A1* 4/2007 Ji H04W 12/128 713/166 Aissi et al. 2007/0154014 A1 7/2007 2007/0174472 A1 7/2007 Kulakowski 2007/0186282 A1 8/2007 Jenkins 2007/0214504 A1 9/2007 Milani Comparetti et al. 9/2007 Lahti et al. 2007/0220608 A1

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

U.S. Appl. No. 12/255,632. Prosecution history available via USPTO (including Office Action dated Apr. 13, 2011). U.S. Appl. No. 12/255,626. Prosecution history available via USPTO (including Office Action dated Feb. 1, 2011). U.S. Appl. No. 12/255,621. Prosecution history available via USPTO (including Office Action dated Apr. 13, 2011). McAfee, Internet Archive, Way Back Machine, available at http:// web.archive.org/web/20080517102505/www.mcafeesecure.com/us/ technology-intro.jsp<, retrieved Feb. 23, 2011, 2 pages. Qualys, "Executive Dashbard," Internet Archive, Way Back Machine, available at <http://web.archive.org/web/20080507161417/ www. qualys.com/products/screens/?screen=Executive + Dashboard>, retrieved Feb. 23, 2011, 1 page. Qualys, "Vulnerability Management," Internet Archive, Way Back Machine, available at http://web.archive.org/web/20080611095201/ www.qualys.com/solutions/vulnerability_management> retrieved Feb. 24, 2011, 1 page. Ten, Joe, "Norton 360 Version 3.0 Review," Mar. 9, 2009, available at <http://techielobang.com/blog/2009/03/09/norton-360-version-30review/> retrieved Feb. 23, 2011, 12 pages. Windows Update, Internet Archive, Way Back Machine, available at http://web.archive.org/web/20071022193017/http://en.wikipedia. org/wiki/Windows_Update> retrieved Feb. 23, 2011, 3 pages. U.S. Appl. No. 12/255,514. Prosecution history available via USPTO (including Office Action dated Apr. 14, 2011). Richardson, Alexis "Introduction to RabbitMQ," Google UK, Sep. 25, 2008, available at http://www.rabbitmq.com/resources/google- tech-talk-final/alexis-google-rabbitmq-talk.pdf>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 33 pages. Fisher, Oliver "Malware? We Don't Need No Stinking Malwarel," Google, Oct. 24, 2008, available at http://googlewebmastercentral. blogspot.com/2008/10/malware-we-dont-need-no-stinking.html>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 11 pages.

2007/0240218	A1	10/2007	Tuvell et al.
2007/0240221	A1	10/2007	Tuvell et al.
2007/0240222	A1	10/2007	Tuvell et al.
2007/0248047	A1	10/2007	Shorty et al.
2007/0250627	A1	10/2007	May et al.
2007/0293263	A1	12/2007	Eslambolchi et al.
2007/0297610	A1	12/2007	Chen et al.
2008/0028470	A1	1/2008	Remington et al.
2008/0046557	A1	2/2008	Cheng
2008/0047007		2/2008	Satkunanathan et al.
2008/0065507	A1	3/2008	Morrison et al.
2008/0070495	A1	3/2008	Stricklen et al.
2008/0072329	A1	3/2008	Herschaft
2008/0086773	A1	4/2008	Tuvell et al.
2008/0086776	A1	4/2008	Tuvell et al.
2008/0092237	A1*	4/2008	Yoon H04L 63/1433
			726/25
2008/0109871	A1	5/2008	Jacobs
2008/0127171	A1	5/2008	Tarassov
2008/0127179	A1	5/2008	Moss et al.
2008/0127334		5/2008	Gassoway
2008/0127336			Sun et al.
2008/0132218			Samson et al.
2008/0132210			Shinde et al.
2008/0131201			Rao et al.
2008/0148381		6/2008	
2008/0172746			Lotter et al.
2008/0172740			Hu et al.
2008/01/8294			Kavanaugh et al.
2008/0196104			Tuvell et al.
2008/0190104			
2008/0200100			Fitzpatrick et al. Kim et al.
2008/0208930			
			Herley et al.
2008/0209567	AI '	8/2008	Lockhart G06F 11/3612
2000/0225001	A 1	0/2009	726/25 Sadarbara et al
2008/0235801			Soderberg et al.
2008/0276111			Jacoby et al.
2008/0293396			Barnes et al.
			Featherstone et al.
2009/0199298			Miliefsky
2009/0205047			Podjarny 726/25
2009/0248623			Adelman et al.
2009/0293125			
2010/0064341		3/2010	
2010/0100939			Mahaffey et al.
2010/0100963			Mahaffey
2010/0154032			Ollmann
2010/0242114	A1*	9/2010	Bunker H04L 63/20
			709/224
2010/0281248	A1*	11/2010	Lockhart G06F 11/3612
			713/150

Reardon, Marguerite "Mobile Phones That Track Your Buddies," Cnet, Nov. 14, 2006, available at http://news.cnet.com/Mobile- phones-that-track-your-buddies/2100-1039_3-6135209.html>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 4 pages. Fette, Ian "Understanding Phishing and Malware Protection in Google Chrome," the Chromium Blog, Nov. 14, 2008, available at http://blog_chrounium_org/2008/11/understanding-phishing-and- malware.htm>, retrieved May 17, 2011, 6 pages. Kincaid, Jason "Urban Airship Brings Easy Push Notifications to Android," TechCrunch, Aug. 10, 2010, available at.< http://techcrunch. com/2010/08/10/urban-airship-brings-easy-push-notifications-toandroid/>, retrieved Jun. 16, 2011, 5 pages. Keane, Justin K. "Using the Google Safe Browsing API from PHP," Mad Irish, Aug. 7, 2009, available at http://www.madirish.net/ node/245>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 5 pages. Jefferies, Charles P. "Webroot AntiVirus 2010 With Spy Sweeper Review," Notebook Review, Jun. 22, 2010, available at http:// http://www_notebookreview.com/default.asp?newsID=5700&review= Webroot+AntiVirus+2010+With+Spy+Sweeper+Review>, retrieved May 18, 2011, 3 pages.

"Berry Locaior", 2007, Mobireport LLC, 1 page.

"Firefox", Wikipedia, Jul. 20, 2011, available at http://cn.wikidpedia.org/wiki/firefox Retrieved Aug. 10, 2011, 37 Pages.

"F-Secure Mobile Security for S60 Users Guide", F-Secure Corporation 2009, pp. 1-34.

"Java Vxrtual Machine", Wikipedia, Aug. 7, 2011, Available at <RetrievedAug.10, 2011, 7 pages.">http://en.wikipedia.org/wikilJava_Virtual_Machine>RetrievedAug.10, 2011, 7 pages.
"Kaspersky Mobile Security", Kaspersky Lab 1997-2007, 1 page.
"Kaspersky Mobile Security", Kaspersky Lab 2008, available at RetrievedSep.11, 2008, 2 Pages.">http://www.kaspersky.com/kaspersky_mobile_security>RetrievedSep.11, 2008, 2 Pages.
"Norton Smartphone Security", Symantec, 2007, Available at RetrievedOct.21, 2008, 2 pages.">http://www.symantec.com/norton/smartphone-security>RetrievedOct.21, 2008, 2 pages.

713/150

2010/0313270 A1 12/2010 Kim et al. 2010/0332593 A1 12/2010 Barash et al. 2011/0093786 A1* 4/2011 McConnell H04L 12/6418 715/736

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

WO	2005101789	10/2005
WO	2006110181	10/2006
WO	2008007111	1/2008
WO	2008057737	5/2008

"PhoncBak PDA Phone Anti-theft software for your PDA phone", 2007, Bak2u Pte Ltd (Singapore) pp. 1-4.

Page 4

(56) **References Cited**

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

"PhoneBak: Mobile Phone Theft Recovery Software", 2007, Westin Tech.

"Symantec Endpoint Protection", Symantec, 2008, Available at http://www.symantec.com/business/products/family.jsp?familyid=

"Symantec Mobile Security Suite for Windows Mobile", Symantec, 2008 Available at http://www.symantec.com/ business/products/ sysreq.jsp?pcid=2241&pvid=mobile_security_suite_1>, 5 pages. "TippingPoint Security Management System (SMS)", TippingPoint, Available at http://www.tippingpoint.com/ products____ sms.html>, 2 pages. Surmmerson, Cameron "5 Android Antivirus Apps Compared, Find Out Which Ones Are Worth Having!," Android Headlines, Mar. 8, 2011, available at http://androidheadlines.com/2011/03/5-android- antivirus-apps-comapred-findout-which-ones-are-worth-having. html>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 9 pages. "Android Cloud to Device Messaging Framework," Google Code Labs, available at http://code.google.com/android/c2dm/, retrieved Sep. 14, 2011, 9 pages. "BlackBerry Push Service Overview," Dec. 16, 2009, available at http://us.blackberry.com/developers/platform/.pushapi.jsp#tab_tab_ resources>, retrieved Sep. 14, 2011, 21 pages. "eSoft unveils SiteFiller 3.0 for OEMs," Infosecurity, Mar. 23, 2010, available at http://www.infosecurity-magazine.com/view/ 82731esoft-unveils-sitefilter-30-for-oems/>. "Get the Physical Location of Wireless Router From its MAC Address (BSSID)," Coderrr, Sep. 10, 2008, available at<http:// codermwordpress.com/2008/09/10/get-the-physical-location-ofwireless-router-from-its-mac-address-bssidt>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 13 pages. "Hooking—Wikipedia, the Free Encyclopedia," Internet Archive Wayback Machine, Apr. 13, 2010, available at http://web.archive. org/web/20100415154752/http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hooking>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 6 pages.

"Twilio Cloud Communications Web Service Api for Building Voice and Sms Applications," Twilio available at <http://.www. twilio.com>, retrieved Sep. 14, 2011, 12 pages. "Understanding Direct Push," Microsoft, Feb. 18, 2009, available at <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/.aa997252(v=exchg.80). aspx>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 3 pages. "Urban Airship: Powering Modern Mobile." available at <http://

urbanairship.com/products/>, retrieved Sep. 16, 2011, 14 pages. "zVeloDB URL Database," zVelo, available at <https://zvelo.com/ technology/zvelodb-url-database>, retrieved Mar. 30, 2012, 2 pages. U.S. Appl. No. 11/397,521. U.S. Appl. No. 13/284,248. U.S. Appl. No. 13/284,248.

U.S. Appl. No. 13/314,032.

U.S. Appl. No. 13/333,654.

U.S. Appl. No. 13/335,779.

U.S. Appl. No. 13/410,979.

Amazon.com: Mining the Web Discovering Knowledge from Hypertext Data (9781558607545): Soumen Chakrabarti: Books, Amazon available at http://www.amazon.com/exec/obidos/Asin/1558607544/, retrieved Jun. 7, 2012, pp. 1-7.

Clickatell, available at http://www.clickatell.com, retrieved Sep. 14, 2011, 11 pages.

Dolcourt. Jessica; Dashwire: Manage Your Cell Phone on the Web, News Blog, with Jessica Dolocourt, Oct. 29, 2007, 5:00am PDT <http://news.cnet.com/8301-10784_3-9805657-7.html> retrieved Jun. 15, 2009; pp. 1-3.

Diligenti, M., et al., Focused Crawling Using Context Graphs:, Proceedings of the 26th VLDB Conference, Cairo, Egypt, 2000, pp. 1-8.

Grafio "Stay Secure", Opera Software, Sep. 29, 2008, Available at http://widgets.opera.com/widget/4495> Retrieved Oct. 21, 2008, 4 pages.

MobileWipe web page, pp. 1-4.

PagerDuty, available at http://www.pagerduty.com, retrieved Sep. 14, 2011, 23 pages.

PCT International Search Report and Written Opinion of the International Searching Authority for PCT/US2009/061370; Mailed on Dec. 14, 2009; pp. 1-12.

Mytton, David "How to Build an Apple Push Notification Provider Server (Tutorial)," Server Density, Jul. 10, 2009, available at http://blog.serverdensity.com/2009/07/10/how-to-build-an-apple-push-notification-provider-server-tutorial/ , retrieved Apr. 2, 2012, 33 pages.

"Pidgin the Universal Chat Client," Pidign, available at http://www.pidgin.im/, retrieved Sep. 14, 2011, 14 pages.

Pogue, David "Simplifying the Lives of Web Users," the New York Times, Aug. 18, 2010, available at http://www.nytimes.com/2010108/19/technology/personaltech119pogue.html, retrieved May 17, 2011, 5 pages. PCT International Search Report and Written Opinion of the International Searching Authority for PCT/US2009/061372; Mailed on Mar. 24, 2010; pp. 1-16.

PCT International Search Report and Written Opinion of the International Searching Authority for PCT/US2011/049182; Mailed on Dec. 23, 2011; pp. 1-11.

Prey, available at ">http://preyproject.com/>, retrieved Jan. 10, 2012, 4 pages.

* cited by examiner

U.S. Patent Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 1 of 11 US RE49,634 E



U.S. Patent Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 2 of 11 US RE49,634 E



Store Cu nfor Cu

U.S. Patent US RE49,634 E Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 3 of 11





info 20 Store

Receive

Conservation and the second

identification

77 information to

Correlate

Transi info

U.S. Patent Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 4 of 11 US RE49,634 E



U.S. Patent US RE49,634 E Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 5 of 11



LÔ

U.S. Patent US RE49,634 E Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 6 of 11



Receive

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • <u>• • • • • • • • •</u>



...... 000000

information

vuinerability Correlate

......

Request

U.S. Patent US RE49,634 E Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 7 of 11



identification Transmit

80000

U.S. Patent Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 8 of 11 US RE49,634 E



\$\$



Recei

Transmit vulnerability

Several second s

Receive request for ad identification

Transmit identificati

U.S. Patent Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 9 of 11 US RE49,634 E



U.S. Patent US RE49,634 E Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 10 of 11



Correlate vulnerability N Ç information

vulnerability

Receive

U.S. Patent Aug. 29, 2023 Sheet 11 of 11 US RE49,634 E



1

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DETERMINING THE RISK OF VULNERABILITIES ON A MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE

Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue; a claim printed with strikethrough 10 indicates that the claim was canceled, disclaimed, or held invalid by a prior post-patent action or proceeding.

2

restricted application environments than a mobile communication device. As such, these computing devices can often include local monitoring services that can run in the background without overly taxing valuable computing resources. In addition, conventional computing devices are often consistently tethered to a particular local network, such that devices can be remotely scanned over the local network for security weaknesses. Mobile communication devices, on the other hand, are often connected to public networks and switch between networks and network types, making remote, network-based security scans undesirable.

What is therefore needed is a way to provide similar protective services for mobile communication devices in a manner that does not overly tax resources on the mobile communication device, and that extends protective services ¹⁵ even when the mobile communication device is not connected to a particular network or is not connected to any network.

FIELD

NOTICE: More than one reissue application has been filed for the reissue of U.S. Pat. No. 8,397,301 B2. This is an application for reissue of U.S. Pat. No. 8,397,301 B2 and this application is a continuation of application Ser. No. 16/670,488, which is also an application for reissue of U.S. ²⁰ Pat. No. 8,397,301 B2 and a continuation of application Ser. No. 15/898,124, now U.S. Pat. No. RE47,757, which is also an application for reissue of U.S. Pat. No. 8,397,301 B2 and a continuation of application Ser. No. 14/109,725, now U.S. Pat. No. RE46,768, which is also an application for reissue ²⁵ of U.S. Pat. No. 8,397,301 B2.

The invention relates generally to mobile security, and specifically, to assessing the vulnerability of a mobile communication device.

BACKGROUND

Mobile communication devices or mobile devices, such as cellular telephones, smartphones, wireless-enabled personal data assistants, and the like, are becoming more 35

There are many differences between mobile communication devices (e.g. operating systems, hardware capabilities, software configurations) that make it difficult to have a single system for accurately assessing the vulnerability of multiple types of devices. Additionally, many mobile communication devices are able to accept installation of various third-party software applications or "apps" that have been developed to extend the capabilities of the device. The installation of apps can alter the vulnerability state of a device, since each app may alter how and with which networks the mobile device communicates. What is therefore needed is a way to assess vulnerabilities of a mobile communication device that accounts for differences such as 30 the operating system, the make, model, configuration, or any installed software on the mobile device. Also needed is a way for a user or administrator to view the security status of, remediate, and otherwise assess and manage the security of multiple different mobile communication devices.

popular as cellular and wireless network providers are able to expand coverage and increase bandwidth. Mobile devices have evolved beyond providing simple telephone functionality and are now highly complex multifunctional devices with capabilities rivaling those of desktop or laptop com- 40 puters. In addition to voice communications, many mobile devices are capable of text messaging, e-mail communications, internet access, and the ability to run full-featured application software. Mobile devices can use these capabilities to perform online transactions such as banking, stock 45 trading, payments, and other financial activities. Furthermore, a mobile device used by an individual, a business, or a government agency can often store confidential or private information in forms such as electronic documents, text messages, access codes, passwords, account numbers, 50 e-mail addresses, personal communications, phone numbers, and financial information.

In turn, it is more important to protect those devices against malware, malicious attacks and other exploits. Specifically, it would be helpful to be able to identify vulner-55 abilities for a mobile communication device, so that the user of the mobile communication device can be alerted if his or her device suffers from any exploitable weaknesses. It is also important for an organization that relies on mobile devices to understand the state of their security and be able to 60 respond to vulnerabilities on mobile devices in an efficient and effective manner. Presently, current solutions for assessing the vulnerabilities of a computer on a network focus on a conventional desktop, laptop, server, or other computing devices that 65 often enjoy more processing power and memory than a mobile communication device and generally have less

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

The invention is illustrated by way of example and not limitation in the figures of the accompanying drawings, in which like references indicate similar elements, and in which:

FIG. 1 is an exemplary block diagram depicting an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **2** is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **3** is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **4** is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **5** is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **6** is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 7 is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **8** is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 9 is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.
FIG. 10 is an exemplary flow diagram illustrating the steps of an embodiment of the invention.
FIG. 11 is an exemplary screenshot illustrating an embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The invention is a system and a method for identifying, assessing, and responding to vulnerabilities on or affecting

3

a mobile communication device. As will be discussed further below, a mobile communication device may transmit certain information to a server, and the server may transmit certain result information to the device that contains an assessment or identifies known or potential vulnerabilities 5 affecting the device. Additionally or alternatively, the server may transmit notifications about possible or actual vulnerabilities affecting a mobile communication device, which may include instructions for remediating any vulnerabilities identified as affecting the mobile communication device. 10 Furthermore, the server may host a management console that allows an administrator to view the security status of multiple mobile communication devices and take action to secure them if necessary. It should be appreciated that the invention can be imple- 15 mented in numerous ways, including as a process, an apparatus, a system, a device, a method, a computer readable medium such as a computer readable storage medium containing computer readable instructions or computer program code, or as a computer program product comprising a 20 computer usable medium having a computer readable program code embodied therein. One will appreciate that the mobile communication device described herein may include any computer or computing device running an operating system for use on handheld or mobile devices, such as 25 smartphones, PDAs, mobile phones and the like. For example, a mobile communication device may include devices such as the Apple iPhone[®], the Palm PreTM, or any device running the AndroidTM OS, Symbian OS[®], Windows Mobile[®] OS, Palm OS[®] or Palm Web OS[™]. In the context of this document, a computer usable medium or computer readable medium may be any medium that can contain or store the program for use by or in connection with the instruction execution system, apparatus or device. For example, the computer readable storage 35 medium or computer usable medium may be, but is not limited to, a random access memory (RAM), read-only memory (ROM), or a persistent store, such as a mass storage device, hard drives, CDROM, DVDROM, tape, erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM or flash 40 memory), or any magnetic, electromagnetic, infrared, optical, or electrical system, apparatus or device for storing information. Alternatively or additionally, the computer readable storage medium or computer usable medium may be any combination of these devices or even paper or 45 another suitable medium upon which the program code is printed, as the program code can be electronically captured, via, for instance, optical scanning of the paper or other medium, then compiled, interpreted, or otherwise processed in a suitable manner, if necessary, and then stored in a 50 computer memory. Applications, software programs or computer readable instructions may be referred to as components or modules. Applications may be hardwired or hard coded in hardware or take the form of software executing on a general purpose 55 computer such that when the software is loaded into and/or executed by the computer, the computer becomes an apparatus for practicing the invention. Applications may also be downloaded in whole or in part through the use of a software development kit or toolkit that enables the creation and 60 implementation of the invention. In this specification, these implementations, or any other form that the invention may take, may be referred to as techniques. In general, the order of the steps of disclosed processes may be altered within the scope of the invention. FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of a system for identifying and assessing vulnerabilities on a

4

mobile communication device. In an embodiment, the system may include one or more mobile communication devices 101 connected on a cellular, wireless Internet or other network **121**. One or more servers **151** may also have access to network 121. The one or more servers 151 may receive one or more sets of vulnerability identification information from the one or more mobile communication devices 101, and/or may transmit one or more sets of result information to the one or more mobile communication devices 101. In addition, the one or more servers 151 may have access to a data storage 111 that stores information about mobile communication device vulnerabilities. One will appreciate that data storage **111** may be a database, data table, file system or other memory store. Data storage 111 may be hosted on any of the one or more servers 151, or may exist externally from the one or more servers 151, so long as the one or more servers 151 have access to data storage 111. One will also appreciate that the configuration of the system illustrated in FIG. 1 is merely exemplary, and that other configurations are possible without departing from this disclosure or the scope of the invention. For example, servers 151 or data storage 111 may be singular or plural, or may be physical or virtualized. One will appreciate that communication between mobile communication device 101 and server 151 may utilize a variety of networking protocols and security measures. In an embodiment, server 151 operates as an HTTP server and the device **101** operates as an HTTP client. To secure the data in transit, mobile communication device 101 and server 151 30 may use Transaction Layer Security ("TLS"). Additionally, to ensure that mobile communication device 101 has authority to access server 151, and/or to verify the identity of mobile communication device 101, device 101 may send one or more authentication credentials to server 151. For example, authentication credentials may include a username and password or any other data that identifies mobile communication device 101 to server 151. Authentication may allow server 151 to store specific information, such as vulnerability identification information, about mobile communication device 101, and may also provide a persistent view of the security status of mobile communication device 101. As previously mentioned, data storage **111** may be used to store sets of information about mobile communication device vulnerabilities ("vulnerability information"), which may be transmitted in whole or in part to one or more mobile communication devices in the form of "result information." As used herein, a vulnerability may include an exploitable weakness on a mobile communication device that may result from the device hardware or software. Vulnerabilities may arise due to weaknesses in the device's operating system, other software or hardware flaws in the device, protocol implementation or specification flaws, misconfiguration of the device, software applications installed or stored on the device, or services provided through, to or by the device. Vulnerabilities may arise form the features of the device, such as from the presence of Bluetooth, infrared or Internet capabilities on the device, or other communication interfaces and protocols available on the device. Vulnerabilities may arise from weaknesses in the device's interaction with, flaws in, or misconfiguration of other services and systems such as text messaging, voice mail, telephony, or other services and systems accessed through a mobile communication device. Information about a vulnerability, i.e., vul-65 nerability information, may be stored in data storage **111** and accessed by server 151 or mobile communication device 101. Data storage 111 may store general information about

5

mobile communication device vulnerabilities, or may store information about vulnerabilities specific to a mobile communication device. As will be discussed further below, sets of vulnerability information corresponding to vulnerabilities that could affect or actually affect the mobile communication 5 device may be transmitted in the form of result information, notifications, or both.

One will appreciate that as used herein, vulnerability information may include the name, description, severity rating, security impact summary and remediation instruc- 10 tions for a vulnerability. Vulnerability information may be included in the result information server 151 transmits to mobile communication device 101 or may be stored in data storage **111**. Result information may include a list of vulnerabilities that are known to affect mobile communication 15 device 101, a list of potential vulnerabilities that may affect mobile communication device 101, and a list of vulnerabilities that are known not to affect mobile communication device 101. Each entry in a list of vulnerabilities may include some or all of the set of vulnerability information for 20 a vulnerability. As will be discussed in more detail below, the result information may also include a binary assessment of mobile communication device 101 (e.g., good or bad, "okay" or "not okay"), a threat score, remediation instructions for known or potential vulnerabilities, or may instruct 25 display of a graduated icon that changes depending upon state (a sad face for a vulnerable mobile communication device, to a happy face for a "safe" mobile communication device). Vulnerability information may include criteria for determining if a mobile communication device 101 is 30 affected. In an embodiment, vulnerability information may include information about a vulnerability such as a title, a description, a security impact summary, human or computer readable remediation instructions or a severity rating for the vulnerability. As used herein, "vulnerability identification information" or "identification information" includes data that server 151 may use to determine if mobile communication device 101 is susceptible to any vulnerabilities. Such vulnerability identification information may include the operating system 40 and version for mobile communication device 101; the firmware version of the mobile communication device 101, the device model for mobile communication device 101; carrier information for mobile communication device 101; authentication information; and/or user information for the 45 user of mobile communication device 101. Vulnerability identification information may also include a list of files, software components, libraries and/or a list of the applications or other software installed on mobile communication device 101, as well as other information related to these 50 applications and software such as version and configuration information, configuration information about the mobile communication device 101, communications interfaces and protocols in use by mobile communication device 101 (e.g., WiFi, Bluetooth, IR, SMS, MMS), cellular network infor- 55 mation, cellular carrier information, the make and model of mobile communication device 101, and the like.

0

matches the firmware version criteria for any vulnerabilities. If any vulnerabilities match, server 151 may determine that mobile communication device 101 is vulnerable. Server 151 may then transmit result information to the mobile communication device 101, as described herein and shown in the Figures. In an embodiment, server **151** only transmits result information corresponding to vulnerabilities that affect mobile communication device 101. In an embodiment, server **151** transmits result information for all vulnerabilities that may affect device 101. In an embodiment, server 151 transmits result information which contains all vulnerabilities that may affect device 101 and which of those vulnerabilities actually do affect device 101. In an embodiment, the firmware version criteria for being affected by a vulnerability includes the version of the firmware in which the vulnerability was fixed. One will appreciate that some vulnerabilities may only affect certain firmware versions, and that once firmware has been updated to a new version, some vulnerabilities which affected previous versions may no longer be of issue. In order to account for variations in firmware, server 151 may detect and transmit information for vulnerabilities regardless of the firmware version on mobile communication device 101, thereby adding extra precautions. Alternatively, server 151 may only send result information for those vulnerabilities that affect the version of firmware installed on mobile communication device 101, thereby being more specific. For example, a certain vulnerability may affect a mobile communication device having firmware version 1.0, but not a mobile communication device with firmware version 2.0. Server 151 may receive information about the firmware version of mobile communication device 101, and if the firmware version is earlier than version 2.0, then mobile communication device 101 is determined to be susceptible 35 to the certain vulnerability. However, if the firmware version for mobile communication device **101** is 2.0 or higher, then mobile communication device 101 may not be susceptible to the certain vulnerability. One will appreciate that other variations are possible, and that the determination of whether to send more or less result information may be a setting specified by an administrator, or may involve the application of logic depending upon the severity of the vulnerability and the risks or benefits of transmitting an overabundance of result information to mobile communication device **101**. One will also appreciate that the amount of result information to transmit to mobile communication device 101 may also depend upon the capabilities of mobile communication device 101 or the bandwidth of the network. In an embodiment, data storage 111 stores vulnerability information for at least two types of mobile devices 101. The two mobile device types may have different operating systems, firmware versions, model numbers, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration information, states, software applications, and the like. As a result, the vulnerability identification information for each of the at least two mobile devices will differ in some aspect. As such, in an embodiment, data storage 111 may store vulnerability information for vulnerabilities that may affect both of the two device types, including vulnerabilities that may affect one device type but not the other. One will appreciate that data storage 111 may store vulnerability information for a variety of mobile communication devices, and will be able to provide information that will help identify, assess and remediate vulnerabilities for a variety of mobile communication devices. When data storage 111 stores information about vulnerabilities that may affect multiple types of mobile commu-

In an embodiment, vulnerability information stored in data storage 111 may have associated information that includes a description, a title, an overview of the security 60 impact, remediation instructions, and criteria for affected firmware versions. In an embodiment, mobile communication device **101** sends vulnerability identification information to server 151 that includes the device's firmware version. Server 151 may utilize data storage 111 to examine 65 the vulnerability information stored therein and determine if the firmware version for mobile communication device **101**

7

nication devices, it is important that the transmitted result information not include information regarding vulnerabilities that a user may perceive as irrelevant to a particular device. As such it is important that the list of vulnerabilities that may affect a device not simply include all vulnerabilities 5 stored by data storage **111**. In an embodiment, a vulnerability may affect a device if the device's vulnerability identification information at least partially matches the vulnerability's criteria for affecting a device. Providing partially matching result information provides a conservative, or 10 safer approach to detecting and identifying potential vulnerabilities, as it may provide a opportunity for further assessment and action (e.g. further analysis conducted by software on a device), rather than only providing full criteria matches. In an embodiment, the partial match includes criteria 15 related to a device that does not change, is unlikely to change, or is irrespective of particular software versions, firmware versions, updates, and configuration. Such criteria may include the device's operating system, model, carrier, software applications installed, hardware capabilities, and 20 the like. For example, data storage **111** may store information about a vulnerability that affects a particular range of firmware versions of the Apple iPhone® OS. This vulnerability information may include criteria that it affects the Apple iPhone® OS and criteria that it affects specific 25 firmware ranges of various device models. In an embodiment, the server 151 determines that the vulnerability does affect all devices running Apple iPhone® OS that match the vulnerability information's firmware version criteria, the vulnerability may affect devices running any firmware ver- 30 sion containing Apple iPhone® OS, and the vulnerability may not affect any devices running AndroidTM, Windows Mobile®, Symbian OS®, or other operating systems. One will appreciate that other methods of determining what vulnerabilities stored by data storage **111** may affect a device 35

8

cation device 101 over network 121. One will appreciate that the transmission of vulnerability information to the at least one mobile communication device 101 may be controlled by server 151 having access to data storage 111. One will also appreciate that in block 202, the transmitted vulnerability information may also be termed result information.

FIG. 3 depicts an embodiment in which result information is transmitted to mobile communication device 101 after server 151 receives vulnerability identification information from mobile communication device 101. One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 3 and described herein may be performed in addition to any of the processes disclosed herein, or may be performed separately from any of the processes disclosed herein. In block 201, data storage **111** stores a plurality of sets of vulnerability information related to one or more mobile communication devices 101. In block **301**, server **151** receives vulnerability identification information from at least one mobile communication device 101. In block 302, server 151 correlates the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a set of result information which contains information about vulnerabilities that affect or may affect the at least one mobile communication device 101. This may include accessing data storage 111 by server 151. In block 202, result information is transmitted to at least one mobile communication device 101 over network 121. In an embodiment, the scope or type of result information transmitted by server 151 may be general information, or may be specific information about vulnerabilities that may specifically affect mobile communication device 101. As such, the result information transmitted to device 101 may include all of the vulnerability information stored in data storage 111, or may include a subset of all of the vulnerability information stored in data storage **111**. The option to transmit general or specific result information may be an option set by an administrator, may depend upon the hardware or software constraints of the mobile communication device, or may depend upon the bandwidth of the network connecting server 151 to mobile communication device 101. In an embodiment, determining which vulnerabilities specifically affect mobile communication device 101 may involve correlating the vulnerability identification information provided by mobile communication device 101 to the vulnerability information available to server 151. As used herein, "correlating" vulnerability identification information to vulnerability information may involve determining whether the vulnerability described by the vulnerability information affects a device, whether it may affect a device, or whether it does not affect a device. Determinations may be made through a variety of methods, including matching vulnerability identification information with vulnerability information and determining whether identification information satisfies one or more criteria for vulnerability. Correlating may be performed by server 151 and/or data storage 111, and may include applying logic, comparing operating systems, comparing version identifiers, checking for the presence of specific software or other data on the mobile communication device, and the like. In an embodiment, correlating may utilize an identification of the hardware or specifications of the mobile communication device. In an embodiment, correlating may also be performed by mobile device 101.

may be performed without departing from the scope of this disclosure.

FIGS. 2-10 are exemplary flow diagrams depicting various process embodiments. One will appreciate that the following figures and processes are merely exemplary, and 40 that the invention may perform other processes without departing from the scope of this disclosure. One will also appreciate that unless otherwise stated, the performance of the steps in the disclosed processes are not constrained by time. The time between two successive steps may differ 45 from the time between two other successive steps. Additionally, the time to perform each step may differ each time a step is performed. One will also appreciate that the amount of information as described herein is referred to as a "set of information" or a plurality of sets of information. A set of 50 information may include at least one quanta, data point or other quantifiable amount of information, but is not designed to limit or constrain the amount of information discussed herein. In an embodiment, a set of vulnerability information may include multiple pieces of information that relate to a 55 given vulnerability, such as a title, a description, a threat rating, and criteria for the vulnerability to affect a device. In an embodiment, a set of result information may include a security status for a device, and a list of vulnerabilities that the device is vulnerable to, each entry in the list comprising 60 a set of vulnerability information. FIG. 2 depicts and embodiment in which vulnerability information is transmitted to mobile communication device **101**. In block **201**, data storage **111** stores a plurality of sets of vulnerability information related to one or more mobile 65 communication devices 101. In block 202, vulnerability information is transmitted to at least one mobile communi-

FIG. **4** is directed to a process in which data storage **111** 5 is updated with new vulnerability information that may be transmitted as a new or second set of result information to affected mobile communication devices **101**. As will dis-

9

cussed in more detail below, this process may include the transmission of one or more notifications. One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 4 and described herein may be performed in addition to any of the processes disclosed herein, or may be performed separately from any 5 of the processes disclosed herein. In block 201 of FIG. 4, data storage **111** stores a plurality of sets of vulnerability information related to one or more mobile communication devices 101. In block 301 of FIG. 4, server 151 receives identification information for one of the one or more mobile communication devices 101. In an embodiment, server 151 stores this identification information in data storage 111. This stored information may be used in block 402 (discussed below) to determine if a newly received vulnerability affects devices 101. In an embodiment, the data is used to present 1a status or administrative interface for the device. One will appreciate that storing vulnerability identification received by server 151 may apply to the other processes as well. For example, any time server 151 receives vulnerability identification information, the server 151 may store the informa- 20 tion for use in generating and transmitting user interfaces (e.g. web interfaces) or identifying whether a vulnerability affects a device 101 while the device 101 is not connected to server 151. In block **302** of FIG. **4**, server **151** performs a correlating 25 step to identify vulnerabilities that affect or may affect the mobile communication device 101, which may include accessing data storage 111 by server 151. As a result of correlating step in block 302, server 151 may generate a set of result information. In block **202** of FIG. **4**, the set of result 30 information is transmitted to the affected mobile communication device 101 over network 121. In block 401, server 151 or data storage 111 waits for and receives new vulnerability information. One will appreciate that there may not be a set time interval as to when block 401 is performed. After new vulnerability information is received, server 151 makes a determination whether the newly received vulnerability information affects any known mobile communication device 101 having access to server 151 or data storage 111 (block 402). In an embodiment, the determination in 40 block 402 may use the same method for determining if a vulnerability affects a device 101 as in the correlating block **302**; however, instead of identifying which vulnerabilities affect a given device 101, the server 151 may identify which devices **101** are affected by the newly received vulnerability. 45 In an embodiment, the server 151 determines which devices are vulnerable to the newly received vulnerability by correlating vulnerability identification information for each device stored in data storage 111 to the vulnerability criteria for the newly received vulnerability. If the new vulnerability 50 information does affect any of the mobile communication devices 101 having access to server 151 or data storage 111, then in block 403, server 151 transmits a notification of the new vulnerability or transmits information about the new vulnerability to the affected mobile communication devices 55 **101**. If the new vulnerability information does not affect any of the mobile communication devices 101 having access to server 151 or data storage 111, then server 151 or data storage **111** will wait until new relevant vulnerability information is received (block **401**). Server 151 may transmit a notification to mobile communication device 101 via a variety of mechanisms. A notification may be sent via email, text messaging, or through a client-server communication system as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/372,719, entitled, 65 "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR REMOTELY SECUR-ING OR RECOVERING A MOBILE DEVICE," and incor-

10

porated in full herein. A notification may provide information about a vulnerability, information about a potential vulnerability, the status of a mobile communication device, information about remediation instructions, or may request that the user of an affected mobile communication device perform some action to update the vulnerability information on the mobile communication device, or perform some action to remediate the mobile communication device.

In an embodiment, a notification may contain information or an instruction indicating that the mobile communication device 101 needs to connect to server 151 in order to receive new vulnerability information. The notification may be directed to software resident on the mobile communication device 101, may include software readable remediation instructions, and may be in the form of an SMS or may be sent via a push notification service, such as that provided by Apple Computer Inc. to its iPhone® devices. For example, mobile communication device 101 may receive a notification with instructions that the device should be updated to protect against a new security risk. A specific application on the device may require an update, in which case the notification may also cause mobile communication device 101 to update the specific application without user intervention. In an embodiment, a notification may be directed to the user of the mobile communication device. This may include a text message, push notification, or e-mail message containing human-readable information, or a voicemail or other verbal communication directed to the user of mobile communication device **101**. Notifying a mobile communication device 101 allows for rapid response to new vulnerabilities, thereby greatly increasing the effectiveness of systems that would otherwise rely on a scheduled or manually-initiated check for security vulnerabilities. FIG. 5 illustrates an embodiment in which server 151 may 35 require additional information about a mobile communication device 101 in order to confirm whether a vulnerability affects mobile communication device 101. One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 5 and described herein may build upon any of the processes discussed herein, or may be performed independently of any of the other processes discussed herein. In block 201 of FIG. 5, data storage **111** stores a plurality of sets of vulnerability information related to one or more mobile communication devices 101. One will appreciate that data storage 111 may be accessed by server 151. In block 301 of FIG. 5, server 151 receives identification information for a mobile communication device 101. In block 302 of FIG. 5, server 151 correlates the received identification information to the stored plurality of sets of vulnerability information to determine which vulnerabilities affect or may affect the mobile communication device 101, which may include accessing data storage 111 by server 151. Server 151 generates a set of result information that in block 202 of FIG. 5 is transmitted to the mobile communication device 101 over network 121. In block 401 of FIG. 5, server 151 or data storage 111 waits for and receives new vulnerability information. In block 501, server 151 assess whether there is enough information to determine which mobile communication devices may be affected by the newly received vulnerability infor-60 mation. If there is not enough information, then in block 502, server 151 will request additional vulnerability identification information from one or more mobile communication devices 101, and will then receive the additional information from the one or more mobile communication devices 101 in block 503. One will appreciate that the request in block **502** may utilize notification mechanisms such as those described above or may be performed the next time the

11

mobile communication device 101 connects to the server **151**. Once the additional information is received, server **151** may make a determination whether the newly received vulnerability information affects any of the one or more mobile communication devices 101 having access to server 5 151 or data storage 111 (block 402). If the new vulnerability information does affect any of the one or more mobile communication devices 101 having access to server 151 or data storage 111, then in block 403 of FIG. 5, the server 151 will transmit a notification of the new vulnerability to the 10 affected mobile communication devices 101, or may transmit an updated, new or second set of result information regarding the new vulnerability. If the new vulnerability information does not affect any of the mobile communication devices 101 having access to server 151 or data storage 15 111, then server 151 or data storage 111 may wait until new relevant vulnerability information is received (block 401 of FIG. **5**). One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 5 includes a situation in which server 151 receives operating 20 system information from a mobile communication device **101**. In an embodiment, this information is stored by server 151 in data storage 111 or other accessible storage. Later, after receiving new vulnerability information, server 151 may determine that based on the stored operating system 25 information for mobile communication device 101, the vulnerability could affect mobile communication device **101**. However, server **151** may require additional identification information from mobile communication device 101 in order to determine whether the device is actually affected. 30 Server 151 may request additional configuration information from mobile communication device 101. Server 151 will receive the requested identification information and then sends accurate vulnerability information to the device 101. FIG. 6 is directed to a process in which a mobile com- 35 a server 151. Mobile communication device 101 may then munication device 101 having access to server 151 or data storage **111** requests vulnerability information from server **151**. In block **601**, mobile communication device **101** transmits a request to server 151 for vulnerability information over network 121. In block 602, mobile communication 40 device 101 receives vulnerability information from server 151. One will appreciate that server 151 may access data storage **111** in order to gather and transmit the vulnerability information. In block 603, mobile communication device 101 correlates the received vulnerability information to its 45 own identification information, and makes a determination whether any of the received vulnerability information is relevant to the mobile communication device 101. In this embodiment, vulnerability information processing may thereby be performed by the mobile communication device 50 **101**. In an embodiment, both mobile communication device 101 and server 151 perform processing on vulnerability information. For example, the server **151** may send vulnerability information to mobile communication device 101 based on the operating system of mobile communication 55 device 101. In an embodiment, server 151 may use information sent by device **101** (e.g. HTTP header information) in the request 601 or information stored in data storage 111 to determine the operating system of the device 101. The mobile communication device may then use additional 60 information such as the applications installed on the device, configuration information, and the versions of software libraries to perform additional processing, correlating or analysis on the received vulnerability information. One will appreciate that a vulnerability may be rated as severe if the 65 device's configuration makes the vulnerability exploitable by remote parties; however, the vulnerability may be rated

12

as less severe if the device's configuration leaves the vulnerability as not remotely exploitable.

FIG. 7 is any exemplary flowchart of a process in which a mobile communication device **101** transmits vulnerability identification information to server 151 (block 701), and in response, received result information on (block 702). One will appreciate that this may require access to data storage 111 by server 151. One will also appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 7 and described herein may be performed as part of any of the other processes described or illustrated herein, or may be performed independently of the other processes described or illustrated herein.

FIG. 8 is directed to a process in which a mobile communication device 101 transmits additional vulnerability identification information to server 151 in order to receive additional result information relevant to the mobile communication device 101. One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 8 and disclosed herein may augment any of the other disclosed or illustrated processes. In block 701 of FIG. 8, mobile communication device 101 transmits vulnerability identification information to server 151. In block 801, mobile communication device 101 receives a request for additional identification information from server 151. In block 802, mobile communication device 101 transmits additional vulnerability identification information to server 151. In response, mobile communication device 101 receives correlated result information from server 151 in block 702 of FIG. 8. One will appreciate that server 151 may access data storage **111** in order to provide the relevant result information for transmission to mobile communication device **101**. One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 8 contemplates a situation in which a mobile communication device 101 first transmits its operating system information to receive a request from server 151 for version information pertaining to software libraries installed on the device 101. Mobile communication device 101 may then send the requested information to server 151 and may receive result information correlated to the device's vulnerability given its specific software library version information. If the software library versions installed on mobile communication device 101 are not affected by a specific vulnerability, the result information received by mobile communication device 101 may indicate that the device 101 is not vulnerable to that vulnerability. If, however, the software library versions are affected by a specific vulnerability, then the result information received by mobile communication device 101 may indicate that mobile communication device 101 is vulnerable and may contain instructions for how to remediate the issue. FIG. 9 illustrates a process in which vulnerabilities on a mobile communication device **101** are remediated. One will appreciate that the process illustrated in FIG. 9 and described herein may be combined with any of the processes discussed herein, or may be performed independently of any of the other processes discussed herein. In block 201 of FIG. 9, data storage 111 stores a plurality of sets of vulnerability information related to one or more mobile communication devices 101. In block 301 of FIG. 9, server 151 receives vulnerability identification information for a mobile communication device 101. In block 302 of FIG. 9, server 151 correlates the received vulnerability identification information to vulnerability information in order to generate a set of result information about vulnerabilities affecting the mobile communication device 101. This step may include accessing data storage 111 by server 151. In block 202 of FIG. 9, result

13

information is transmitted to the mobile communication device 101 over network 121. In an embodiment, the result information may include instructions for the user to remediate vulnerabilities that affect the device 101.

In block 901 of FIG. 9, a determination is made as to 5 whether mobile communication device 101 is vulnerable. This determination may be made using logic resident on mobile communication device 101, or server 151 may perform the analysis. In an embodiment, a device is only vulnerable if it is affected by vulnerabilities that have a 10 certain level of severity. For example, if a device is only susceptible to locally-exploitable vulnerabilities, it may not be considered vulnerable in block 901; however, if the device is vulnerable to remotely-exploitable vulnerabilities or has a virus installed, it may be considered vulnerable in 15 block 901. If mobile communication device 101 is vulnerable, then in block 902, server 151 may be set to wait for confirmation that the mobile communication device 101 has been remediated. Server 151 may be conditioned to wait for confirmation for a certain period of time (block 903). If the time limit for receiving a remediation confirmation has been exceeded, then in block 904, an action may be taken. For example, server 151 may notify an administrator about the vulnerable mobile communication device and that the user has not taken action in the specified period of time. 25 In this example, an administrator may take manual action such as sending a personal email or otherwise notifying the user to secure the device 101. In an embodiment, server 151 may automatically disable mobile communication device 101 in some fashion to prevent affecting other devices on the 30 network 121 or to prevent further damage. For example, server 151 may prevent mobile communication device 101 from connecting to a specific network, email system, document repository, or other system. Alternatively, server 151 may disable mobile communication device 101 such that an 35 portions of the process for remediating vulnerabilities presadministrator must verify that the device is safe before it is can be used again. Some mechanisms by which the disablement can take place are disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/372,719, entitled, "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR REMOTELY SECURING OR RECOVERING A 40 MOBILE DEVICE," and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/255,632, entitled, "SECURE MOBILE PLATFORM SYSTEM," both of which are incorporated in full herein. In an embodiment, the user of mobile communication device 101 may be notified by server 151 via email, text message 45 or other means of communication that the mobile communication device is vulnerable and that corrective action was not taken within the prescribed time. The notification may serve as a reminder to help the user take action and secure the device. In this fashion, the invention goes beyond simply 50 updating a mobile communication device to ensure security, or periodically scanning mobile communication devices on the network for potential vulnerabilities. As described herein, the invention may provide a customized vulnerability assessment based upon the unique state and configuration 55 of each mobile communication device on the network, and may provide notifications and remediation instructions

14

VPN service. Once the device is remediated, the administrator may be notified and access to email and VPN may be automatically restored. Other examples are also possible without departing from this disclosure or the scope of the invention.

If in block 903 of FIG. 9, server 151 received confirmation that a vulnerability affecting mobile communication device 101 has been remediated, or if in block 901, mobile communication device 101 is not vulnerable, then in block 401 of FIG. 9, server 151 may wait for receipt of new vulnerability information. In block **501** of FIG. **9**, server **151** may assess whether there is enough information to determine if mobile communication device 101 is affected by the newly received vulnerability information. If there is not enough information, then in block 502 of FIG. 9, server 151 will request additional vulnerability identification information from mobile communication device 101, and will then receive the additional vulnerability identification information from mobile communication device 101 in block 503 of 20 FIG. 9. Once the additional vulnerability identification information is received, server 151 may make a determination whether the newly received vulnerability information affects mobile communication device 101 (block 402 of FIG. 9), thereby generating a new, updated or second set of result information. If the new vulnerability information does affect mobile communication device 101, then in block 403 of FIG. 9, server 151 may send a notification of the new vulnerability information to the affected mobile communication device 101, or may send information relating to the new vulnerability to mobile communication device 101. If the new vulnerability information does not affect mobile communication device 101, then server 151 or data storage **111** will wait until new relevant vulnerability information is received (block 401 of FIG. 9). One will appreciate that the

ent on the mobile communication device 101 may be performed in conjunction with any of the other processes disclosed herein.

FIG. 10 is directed to a process for generating data for display, e.g. on a web interface. In an embodiment, a user of the mobile communication device 101, administrator for a group of mobile communication devices 101, administrator for server 151, or other party may wish to check the security status of mobile communication devices 101 connected to the network **121**. This may be helpful for identifying which mobile communication devices are vulnerable, identifying which need manual remediation or intervention from an administrator, determining the risk posed by a new vulnerability, and performing other actions relevant to securing a group of mobile communication devices. It may also be helpful to provide a single graphical user interface that displays information on mobile communication devices having access to server 151.

In block **201** of FIG. **10**, data storage **111** stores a plurality of sets of vulnerability information that may be accessed by server 151. In block 301 of FIG. 10, server 151 receives vulnerability identification information for one or more mobile communication devices 101 connected to network 121. In block 1001, server 151 receives a request for the status of vulnerabilities for the one or more mobile communication devices 101. This request may originate from one of the one or more mobile communication devices 101, or from a web interface. In block **302** of FIG. **10**, server **151** correlates the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information to identify vulnerabilities that affect or may affect any of the one or more mobile commu-

based upon this unique state and configuration.

One will appreciate that other actions may be performed in order to optimally secure a mobile device once it is known 60 to be vulnerable. The embodiments described herein may be combined as part of a security response process. In an example, a user may receive a direct reminder after one day if his or her device is determined to be vulnerable and is not yet remediated. After two additional days, if the device is 65 still vulnerable, an administrator may be notified and the device disallowed access to email and the organization's

15

nication devices 101 connected to server 151 on network 121. In block 1002, server 151 transmits the status of vulnerabilities for any of the one or more mobile communication devices 101 for display on a web page or other interface. One will appreciate that the status may include whether any of the vulnerabilities have been remediated, and if not, which mobile communication device 101 still suffers from vulnerabilities that have not been remediated. The actions in block 302 may be performed before server 151 receives a request for vulnerability status. The result of the correlation may be stored by the server **151** so that when the server receives a request for vulnerability status, the server 151 recalls the previous results. The storage may be in a database, in-memory cache, or other method of storing and recalling data available to server 151. In an embodiment, the data transmitted by server 151 in block 1002 of FIG. 10 may pertain to an individual mobile communication device, multiple devices, or a group of devices. The data may include information about specific 20 individual devices or aggregated information relating to multiple devices. The information about an individual device may include the device's security status (e.g. vulnerable/not vulnerable, severity of vulnerability, number of unremediated vulnerabilities), software version information, 25 phone number, count of security events in a time period, or last time communicating with server 151. Aggregated information relating to a group of devices may include the percentage of devices in the group that are vulnerable, the number of devices in the group that are vulnerable, the 30 overall risk level of the group, or other information that can be combined between specific devices in the group. Server 151 may automatically group devices using criteria such as common characteristics (e.g. operating system type, operating system version, having the presence of certain software, 35 having a certain configuration, etc.), or common security statuses (e.g. being vulnerable, being not vulnerable, being affected by a specific vulnerability, being out of compliance, awaiting remediation, etc.). In an embodiment, the data transmitted by server 151 in 40 block 1002 of FIG. 10 may be selected by receiving searching or sorting information in the request **1001**. The search or sort may reference any information stored by the server relating to specific devices. For example, a user may search for all devices with a specific piece of software installed or 45 may sort devices based on highest severity. In an embodiment, the data transmitted by server 151 in block 1002 includes a prioritized list of current security issues. This list may also include recommended actions to remediate the issues and the ability to initiate such actions. For example, 50 in a large mobile device deployment, the list of current issues may include iPhone[®] vulnerability that is severe and affects 1000 devices, an AndroidTM vulnerability that is of moderate severity and affects 1200 devices, a Windows Mobile vulnerability that is severe and affects 100 devices, 55 and a Blackberry vulnerability that is of low severity and affects 3000 devices. The prioritization in this case takes into account both the severity of the vulnerability and the number of devices that are part of the deployment and affected by the vulnerability. In an embodiment, server 151 may transmit reports based on security status information available at the server. The reports may show changes in security status over time or show a current summary. Some example reports include the number of vulnerable of devices with respect to time, the 65 current number of vulnerable devices with each severity level, the current number of vulnerable devices broken down

16

by operating system type, and a list of contact information for users with the most severely vulnerable devices.

In an embodiment, server **151** may transmit security related events that are generated both by clients and by 5 server **151** due to automatic or administrative action. The events may be displayed, gathered, processed, or otherwise interacted with as disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/255,635, entitled, "SECURITY STATUS AND INFORMATION DISPLAY SYSTEM," which is incorpo-10 rated in full herein.

In an embodiment, server 151 allows an administrator to perform actions related to a device or group of devices. Actions that may be performed include notifying the user of the device via a push notification, text message, email, or 15 another messaging system; disabling the device; disabling the device's access to a service, potentially using a mechanism disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/255, 632, entitled, "SECURE MOBILE PLATFORM SYSTEM"; or those disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/372, 719, entitled, "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR REMOTELY SECURING OR RECOVERING A MOBILE DEVICE," both of which are incorporated in full herein. In an embodiment, server 151 allows an administrator to configure how the server operates. One such configuration may include custom triggers or alerts on certain events (e.g. devices not remediating in a period of time) that will result in logging and administrator notification via email, text message, or other messaging medium. Other examples of configuration options include: the time period the server waits before notifying an administrator of an un-remediated vulnerable device, the email address or addresses administrators should be notified at, how often to remind users of vulnerable devices that they need to take remediation actions, what method of contact server 151 should use to remind users (e.g. SMS, E-mail, push notification service),

how the server interacts with e-mail or VPN services to disable access for a specific vulnerable device, and other ways of controlling the functionality disclosed herein.

In an embodiment, vulnerability identification information is stored by server 151 so that, in the case of a new vulnerability, server 151 can determine whether the device is vulnerable, not vulnerable, or potentially vulnerable based on the information is has. In an embodiment, the server stores vulnerability identification information on data storage 111. This allows an IT admin to get an instant picture of the security risk of their device deployment in the case of a new emerging vulnerability. Such rapid understanding is critical to prioritize response effort in the case of a rapidly spreading worm or severe vulnerability.

FIG. 11 is an exemplary screenshot of result information being displayed on a mobile communication device 101. As shown, two vulnerabilities have been identified as affecting the mobile communication device. One will appreciate that these vulnerabilities may have been identified by server 151 after receipt of vulnerability identification information from mobile communication device 101, as described above and illustrated in the Figures. As previously discussed, the identified vulnerabilities may specifically affect mobile communication device 101 because of its particular operat-60 ing system version, firmware version, or software, or may be a general vulnerability that affects all similar makes and models of mobile communication device 101. As shown, multiple vulnerabilities are shown to not affect the mobile communication device 101. In an embodiment, these vulnerabilities are vulnerabilities that may affect similar makes and models of mobile device but do not affect the specific device 101. In an embodiment, result information display

30

17

1101 may link to another screen or to a website with more information on a vulnerability, including instructions on how to remediate the vulnerability. In an embodiment, the result information display 1101 may occur due to the result of the device 101 receiving result information sent by the 5 server in response to a request from the device 101. In an embodiment, the result information display 1101 may occur due to the device receiving a notification that the device 101 is vulnerable. One will appreciate that other situations may prompt the display of result information on device 101 10 without departing from this disclosure. One will appreciate that other screen layouts are possible, and that the screen depicted in FIG. 11 is not meant to limit the invention in any fashion. In the description above and throughout, numerous spe-15 cific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the invention. It will be evident, however, to one of ordinary skill in the art, that the invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known structures and devices are shown in block 20 diagram form to facilitate explanation. The description of the preferred embodiments is not intended to limit the scope of the claims appended hereto. Further, in the methods disclosed herein, various steps are disclosed illustrating some of the functions of the invention. One will appreciate 25 that these steps are merely exemplary and are not meant to be limiting in any way. Other steps and functions may be contemplated without departing from this disclosure or the scope of the invention.

18

f) after the step of transmitting, by the at least one server, the first set of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the plurality of updated sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,

- g) transmitting, by the at least one server, the second set of result information.
- [7. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
 e) updating at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information on the data storage to form a plurality of updated sets of vulnerability information;
 f) after the step of transmitting, by the at least one server, the first set of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the plurality of updated sets of vulnerability information; and,
 g) transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communication device, a notification about the second set of result information.]

What is claimed is:

[1. A method comprising:

a) providing at least one server that accesses a data storage storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information;b) receiving, at the at least one server, a set of vulnerability identification information about a mobile com- 35 [8. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;

- f) after the step of transmitting, by the at least one server, the first set of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,
- g) transmitting, by the at least one server, the second set of result information.]
- [9. The method of claim $\overline{1}$, further comprising the steps of:

munication device;

c) correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a first set of result information; and, 40
d) transmitting, by the at least one server, the first set of result information.

[2. The method of claim 1, wherein the vulnerability identification information is information selected from the group consisting of an operating system type, an operating 45 system version, a firmware version, a device model, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration information for the mobile communication device, hardware information, a list of files, a list of software components, a list of libraries, and a list of software appli- 50 cations on the mobile communication device.]

[3. The method of claim 1, wherein vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of a name, a description, a remediation instruction, a severity rating, a security impact summary, and a criterion for being 55 vulnerable.]

[4. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
e) transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communication device, a notification about the first set of result information.]
[5. The method of claim 4, wherein the notification includes an instruction related to the first set of result information.]
[6. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
e) updating at least one of the plurality of sets of vulner- 65 ability information on the data storage to form a plurality of updated sets of vulnerability information;

- e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;
- f) after the step of transmitting, by the at least one server, the first set of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,
- g) transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communication device, a notification about the second set of result information.]

[10. A method comprising:

- a) transmitting, from a mobile communication device, a set of vulnerability identification information to at least one server that accesses a data storage storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information; and,
 b) receiving at the mobile communication device from
- b) receiving, at the mobile communication device from the at least one server, a first set of result information that correlates to the transmitted set of vulnerability identification information.]
- [11. The method of claim 10, wherein the vulnerability

identification information is information selected from the group consisting of an operating system type, an operating system version, a firmware version, a device model, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration information for the mobile communication device, hardware information, a list of files, a list of software components, a list of libraries, and a list of software applications on the mobile communication device.]
[12. The method of claim 10, wherein vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of

20

of:

19

a name, a description, a remediation instruction, a severity rating, a security impact summary, and a criterion for being vulnerable.

[13. The method of claim 10, further comprising the step of:

c) receiving, at the mobile communication device from the at least one server, a notification about the first set of result information.]

14. The method of claim **13**, wherein the notification includes an instruction related to the first set of result 10 information.

[15. The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of:

20

the one or more sets of result information, and for transmitting one or more notifications about the one or more sets of result information; and, a network connecting the at least one server, data storage, and the plurality of mobile communication devices. **[21**. The system of claim **20**, further comprising a user interface for monitoring the plurality of mobile communication devices to identify which of the plurality of mobile communication devices is vulnerable.

[22. The system of claim 20, wherein vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of a name, a description, one or more remediation instructions, a severity rating, a security impact summary, and one or more criteria for being vulnerable.]

- d) displaying, on the mobile communication device, at least a portion of the received notification. **16**. The method of claim **10**, further comprising the step of:
 - c) receiving, at the mobile communication device from the at least one server, a notification about a second set of result information.
 - **17**. A method comprising:
 - a) providing at least one server that accesses a data storage storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information; b) receiving, at the at least one server, a first set of vulnerability identification information about a first 25 mobile communication device;
 - c) correlating, by the at least one server, the first set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a first set of result information; and, d) transmitting, by the at least one server, the first set of result information;
 - e) receiving, at the at least one server, a second set of vulnerability identification information about a second mobile communication device, wherein the second set 35

[23. A method comprising:

- a) providing at least one server that accesses a data storage storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information; b) receiving, at the at least one server, a set of vulnerability identification information about a mobile communication device;
- c) correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a first set of result information; and, d) transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communication device, a notification about the first set

of result information.

[24. The method of claim **23**, wherein the vulnerability identification information is information selected from the group consisting of an operating system type, an operating system version, a firmware version, a device model, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration information for the mobile communication

of vulnerability identification information differs from the first set of vulnerability identification information; f) correlating, by the at least one server, the second set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information to 40 generate a second set of result information; and, g) transmitting, by the at least one server, the second set of result information.

18. The method of claim **17**, wherein the vulnerability identification information is information selected from the 45 of: group consisting of an operating system type, an operating system version, a firmware version, a device model, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration information for the mobile communication device, hardware information, a list of files, a list of software 50 components, a list of libraries, and a list of software applications on the mobile communication device.

[19. The method of claim **17**, wherein vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of a name, a description, a remediation instruction, a severity 55 rating, a security impact summary, and a criterion for being vulnerable. **[20**. A system comprising: a data storage storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information; 60 a server for accessing the data storage, for receiving one or more sets of vulnerability identification information about one or more mobile communication devices, for correlating the one or more sets of received vulnerability identification information to at least one of the 65 plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate one or more sets of result information, for transmitting

device, hardware information, a list of files, a list of software components, a list of libraries, and a list of software applications on the mobile communication device.

[25. The method of claim 23, wherein vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of a name, a description, a remediation instruction, a severity rating, a security impact summary, and a criterion for being vulnerable.

[26. The method of claim **23**, further comprising the steps

- e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;
- f) correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and, g) transmitting, by the at least one server, the second set of result information.]

[27. The method of claim 23, further comprising the steps

e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;

f) correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and, g) transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communication device, a notification about the second set of result information.

21

28. A method comprising:

- a) storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information on a data storage accessible by at least one server, the vulnerability information including descriptions of known vulnerabilities;
- b) receiving, at the at least one server, a set of vulnerability identification information about a mobile com*munications device;*
- c) correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least 10 one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information from the data storage to generate a first set of result information; and

22

f) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and, g) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a notification about the second set of result information. 33. The method of claim 28, further comprising the steps of: e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability

information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;

d) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a first subset of 15 the first set of result information, the first subset of result information being selected from the first set of result information based on a determined vulnerability risk of each item of the result information, and the first subset of result information including instructions for 20 remediating at least one vulnerability of the mobile communications device.

29. The method of claim 28, wherein:

the vulnerability identification information is information selected from the group consisting of: an operating 25 system type, an operating system version, a firmware version, a device model, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration information for the mobile communications device, hardware information, a list of files, a list of software 30 components, a list of libraries, and a list of software applications on the mobile communications device; and

the vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of: a name, a description, a 35 remediation instruction, a severity rating, a security impact summary, and a criterion for being vulnerable. 30. The method of claim 28, further comprising the step of:

- f) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and, g) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the second set of result information. 34. The method of claim 28, further comprising the steps of:
 - e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;
- f) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and, g) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a notification

e) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to 40 the mobile communications device, of a notification about the first set of result information, wherein the notification includes an instruction related to the first set of result information.

31. The method of claim 28, further comprising the steps 45 of:

e) updating at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information on the data storage to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information; f) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at 50 least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and, 55 g) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a second subset of the second set of result information, an amount of the second set of result information included in the second subset of result information being determined by the 60 setting provided to the server by the input from the administrator.

about the second set of result information. 35. A system comprising: a mobile communications device; a network-enabled data storage; and at least one network-enabled server, the system performing steps comprising:

a) storing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information on the data storage, the vulnerability information including descriptions of known vulnerabilities;

b) receiving, at the at least one server, a set of vulnerability identification information about a mobile com*munications device;*

c) correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information from the data storage to generate a first set of result information; and

d) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a first subset of the first set of result information, the first subset of result information being selected from the first set of result information based on a determined vulnerability risk of each item of the result information, and the first subset of result information including instructions for remediating at least one vulnerability of the mobile communications device. 36. The system of claim 35, wherein: the vulnerability identification information is information selected from the group consisting of: an operating system type, an operating system version, a firmware version, a device model, carrier information, authentication information, user information, configuration

32. The method of claim 28, further comprising the steps of:

e) updating at least one of the plurality of sets of vulner- 65 ability information on the data storage to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;

23

information for the mobile communications device, hardware information, a list of files, a list of software components, a list of libraries, and a list of software applications on the mobile communications device; and

the vulnerability information is information selected from the group consisting of: a name, a description, a remediation instruction, a severity rating, a security impact summary, and a criterion for being vulnerable.
37. The system of claim 35, the steps further comprising:
e) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a notification about the first set of result information, wherein the

24

42. A non-transitory, computer-readable storage medium having stored thereon a plurality of instructions, which, when executed by a processor of a server, cause the server to perform steps comprising:

a) accessing a plurality of sets of vulnerability information stored on a data storage, the vulnerability information including descriptions of known vulnerabilities; b) receiving a set of vulnerability identification information about a mobile communications device; c) correlating the received set of vulnerability identification information to at least one of the plurality of sets of vulnerability information from the data storage to generate a first set of result information; and d) initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of a first subset of the first set of result information, the first subset of result information being selected from the first set of result information based on a determined vulnerability risk of each item of the result information, and the first subset of result information including instructions for remediating at least one vulnerability of the mobile communications device. 43. The non-transitory, computer-readable storage medium of claim 42, the steps further comprising:

- notification includes an instruction related to the first 15 set of result information.
- 38. The system of claim 35, the steps further comprising:
 e) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set 20 of vulnerability identification information to an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,
 f) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a second subset 25 of the second set of result information, an amount of the second set of result information included in the second subset of result information included in the second subset of result information being determined by the setting provided to the server by the input from the administrator.
- 39. The system of claim 35, the steps further comprising:
 e) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to an
- e) initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of a notification about the first set of result information, wherein the notification includes an instruction related to the first set of result information.
 44. The non-transitory, computer-readable storage 30 medium of claim 42, the steps further comprising:
 - e) after the step of initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of the first subset of result information, correlating the received set of vulnerability identification information to an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information stored on the

of vulnerability identification information to an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,
f) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to the mobile communications device, of a notification 40 about the second set of result information.
40. The system of claim 35, the steps further comprising:
e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information;

f) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to ⁵⁰ generate a second set of result information; and,
g) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the second set of result information.

41. The system of claim 35, the steps further comprising: 55
e) receiving, at the data storage, a new set of vulnerability information to form an updated plurality of sets of

data storage to generate a second set of result information; and,

f) initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of a second subset of the second set of result information, an amount of the second set of result information included in the second subset of result information being determined by the setting provided to the server by the input from the administrator.

45. The non-transitory, computer-readable storage 45 medium of claim 42, the steps further comprising:

e) after the step of initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of the first subset of result information, correlating the received set of vulnerability identification information to an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information stored on the data storage to generate a second set of result information; and,

f) initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of a notification about the second set of result information.

46. The non-transitory, computer-readable storage medium of claim 42, the steps further comprising:
e) after the step of initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of the first subset of result information, correlating the received set of vulnerability identification information to an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,
f) initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of the second set of result information.
47. The non-transitory, computer-readable storage medium of claim 42, the steps further comprising:

vulnerability information;

f) after the step of initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server, of the first subset of result information, 60 correlating, by the at least one server, the received set of vulnerability identification information to the updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a second set of result information; and,
g) initiating the transmitting, by the at least one server to 65 the mobile communications device, of a notification about the second set of result information.

26

25

e) after the step of initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of the first subset of result information, correlating the received set of vulnerability identification information to an updated plurality of sets of vulnerability information to generate a 5 second set of result information; and,
f) initiating the transmitting, to the mobile communications device, of a notification about the second set of result information.

* * * * *