US00RE44946E

(19) **United States**

(12) **Reissued Patent**

Shiohara et al.

(10) **Patent Number: US RE44,946 E**

(45) **Date of Reissued Patent: Jun. 17, 2014**

(54) **SHEET FEEDING DEVICES AND IMAGE RECORDING APPARATUS INCLUDING THE SAME**

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(21) Appl. No.: **13/660,937**

(22) Filed: **Oct. 25, 2012**

Related U.S. Patent Documents

Reissue of:

(64) Patent No.: **7,819,394**
Issued: **Oct. 26, 2010**
Appl. No.: **12/363,539**
Filed: **Jan. 30, 2009**

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Jan. 31, 2008 (JP) 2008-020608

(51) **Int. Cl.**
B65H 3/44 (2006.01)
B65H 5/26 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **271/9.12**; 271/9.13; 271/9.11

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC 271/9.11, 9.12, 9.13
See application file for complete search history.

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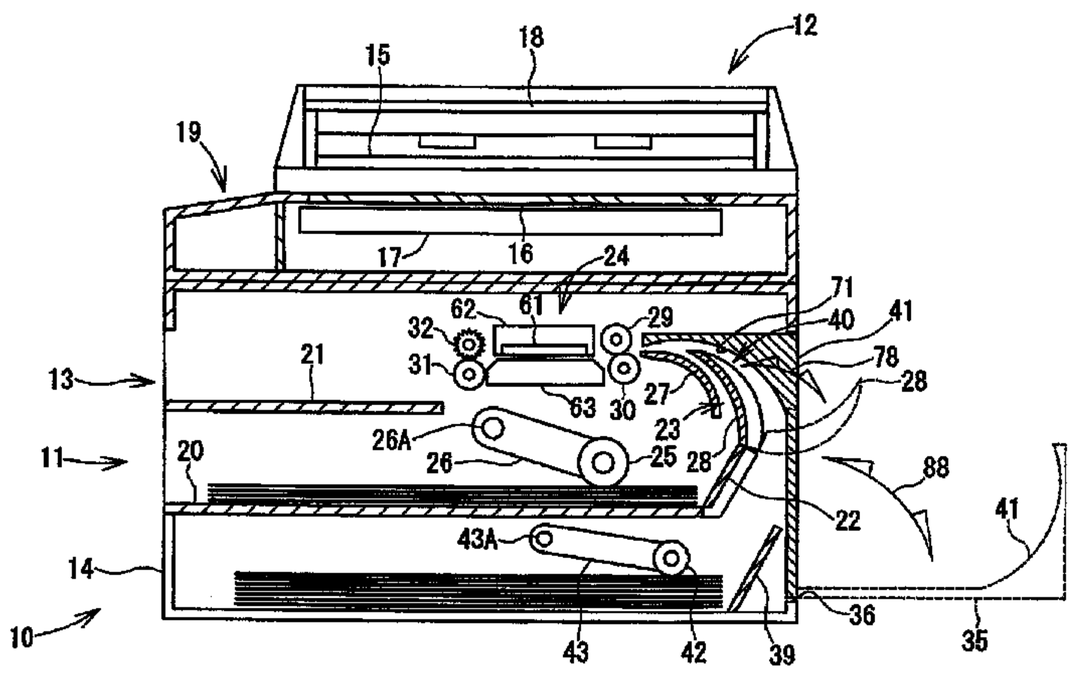
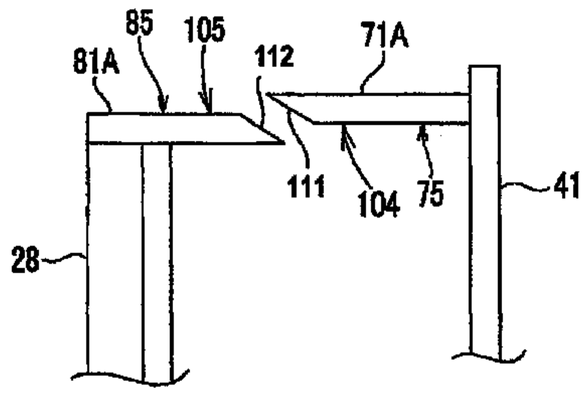
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A sheet feeding device having a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed. A first sheet-guiding member is disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path. The first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position. A second sheet-guiding member is disposed opposite the first sheet feeding path. The second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position. A connecting member is configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member.

22 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets





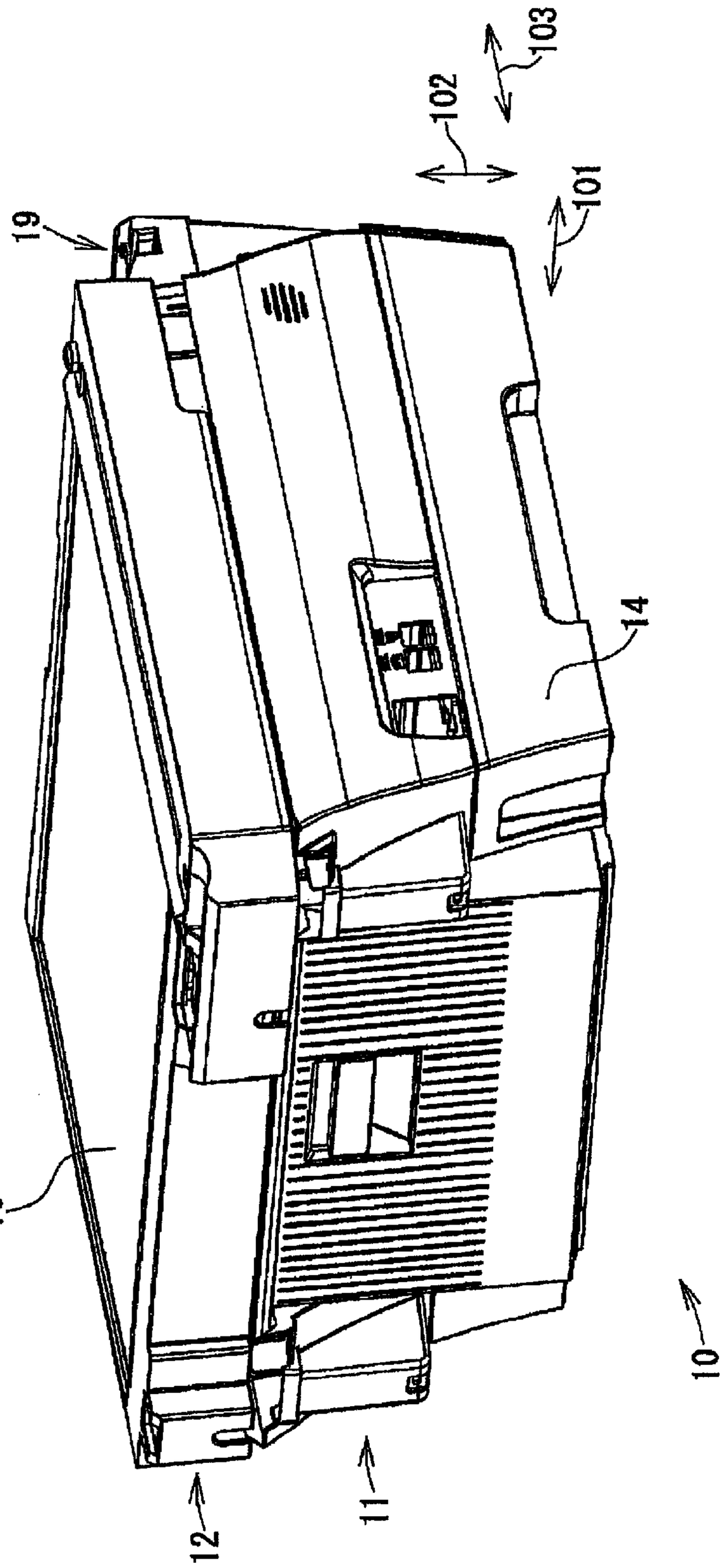
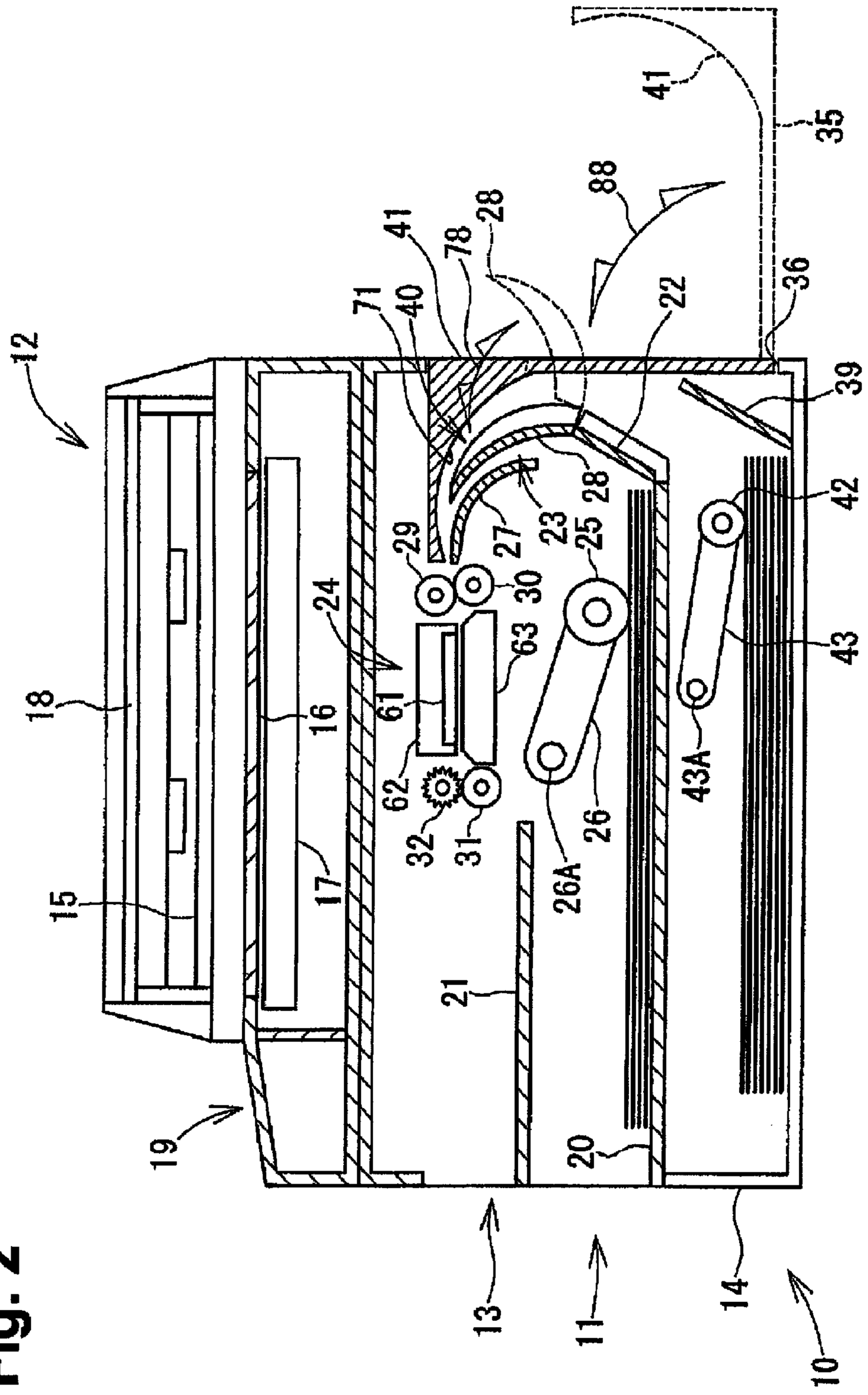


Fig. 1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31
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26
26A
21
71
40
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43A
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13
11
14
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Fig. 2

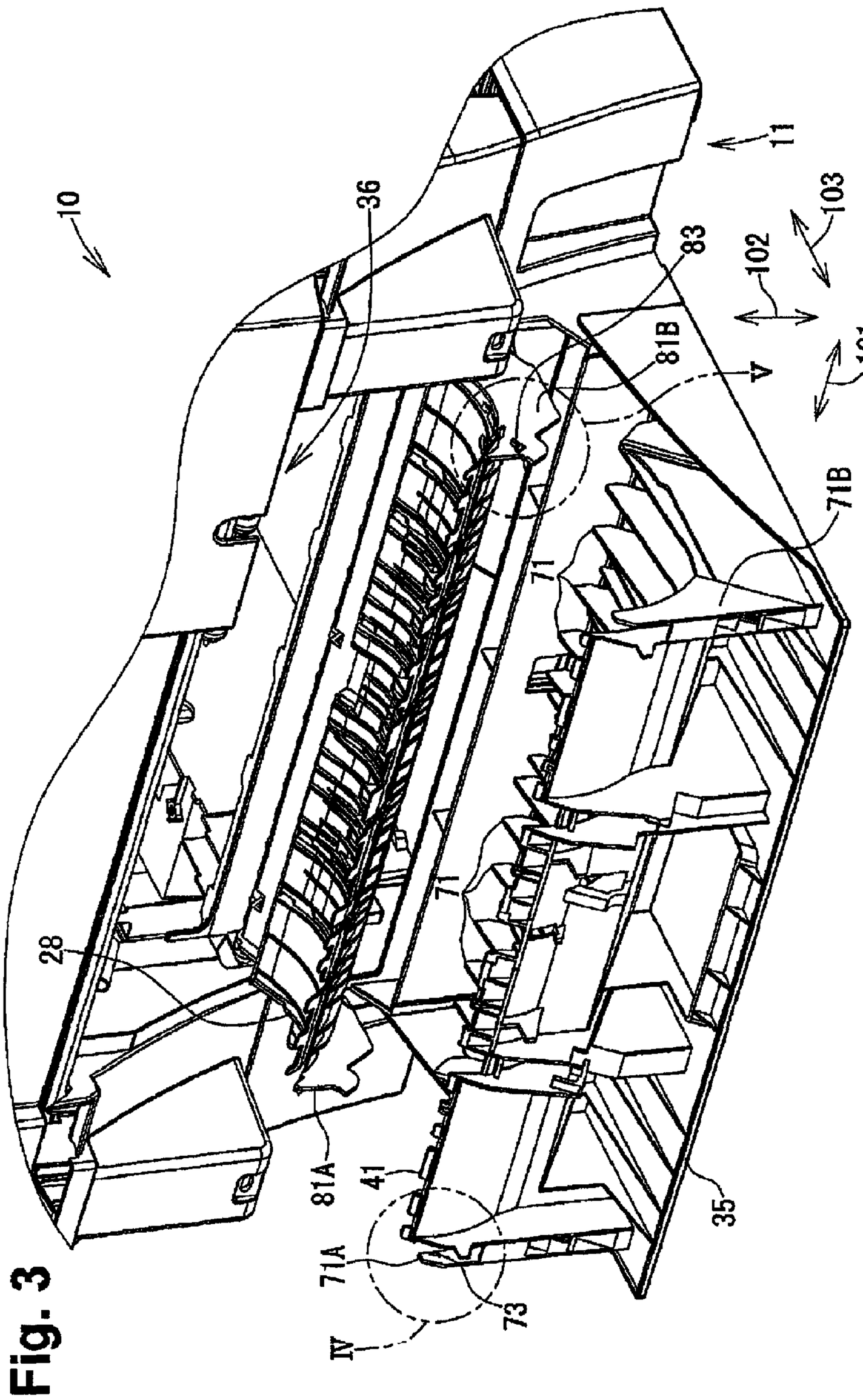


Fig. 3

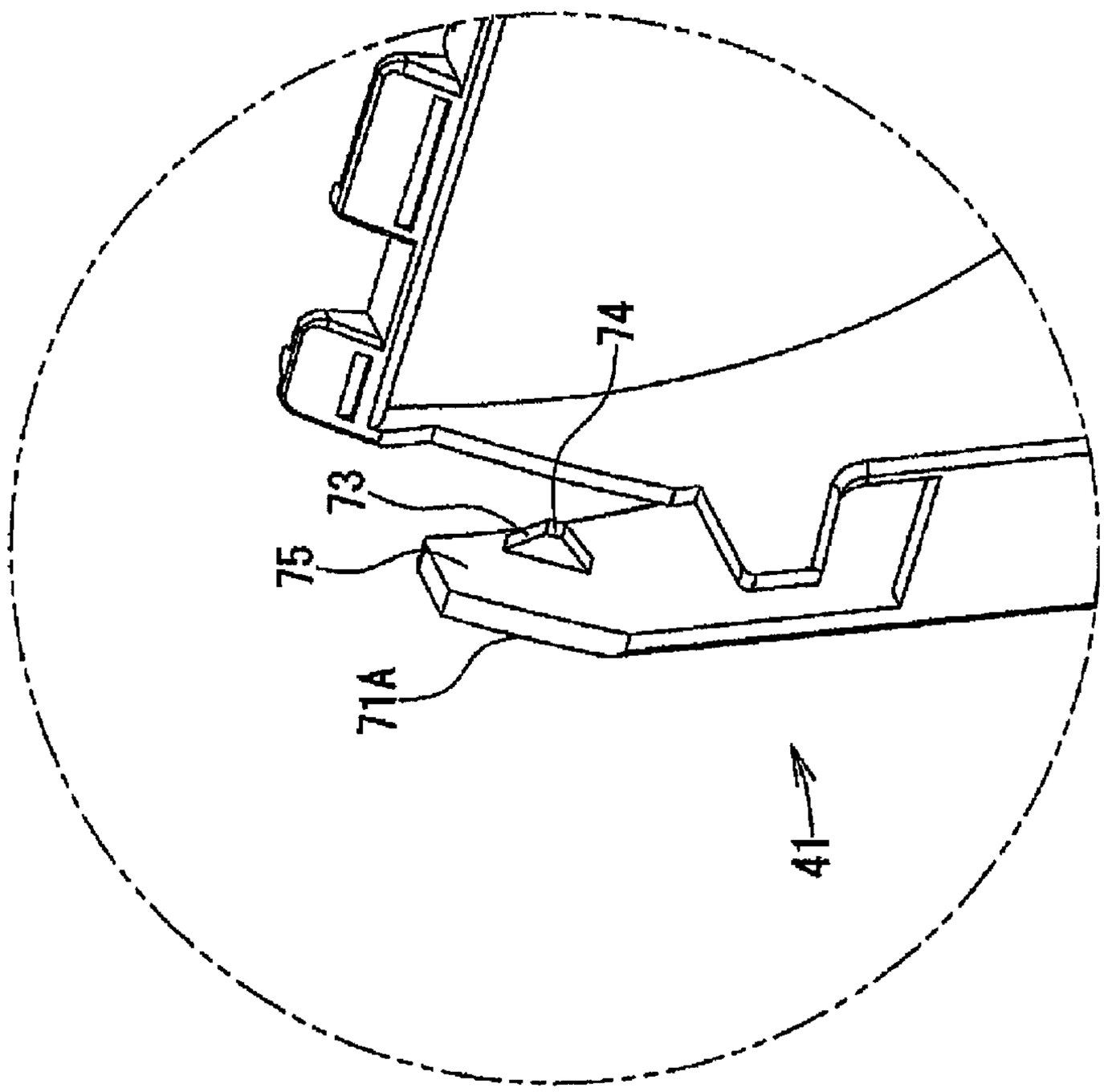


Fig. 4

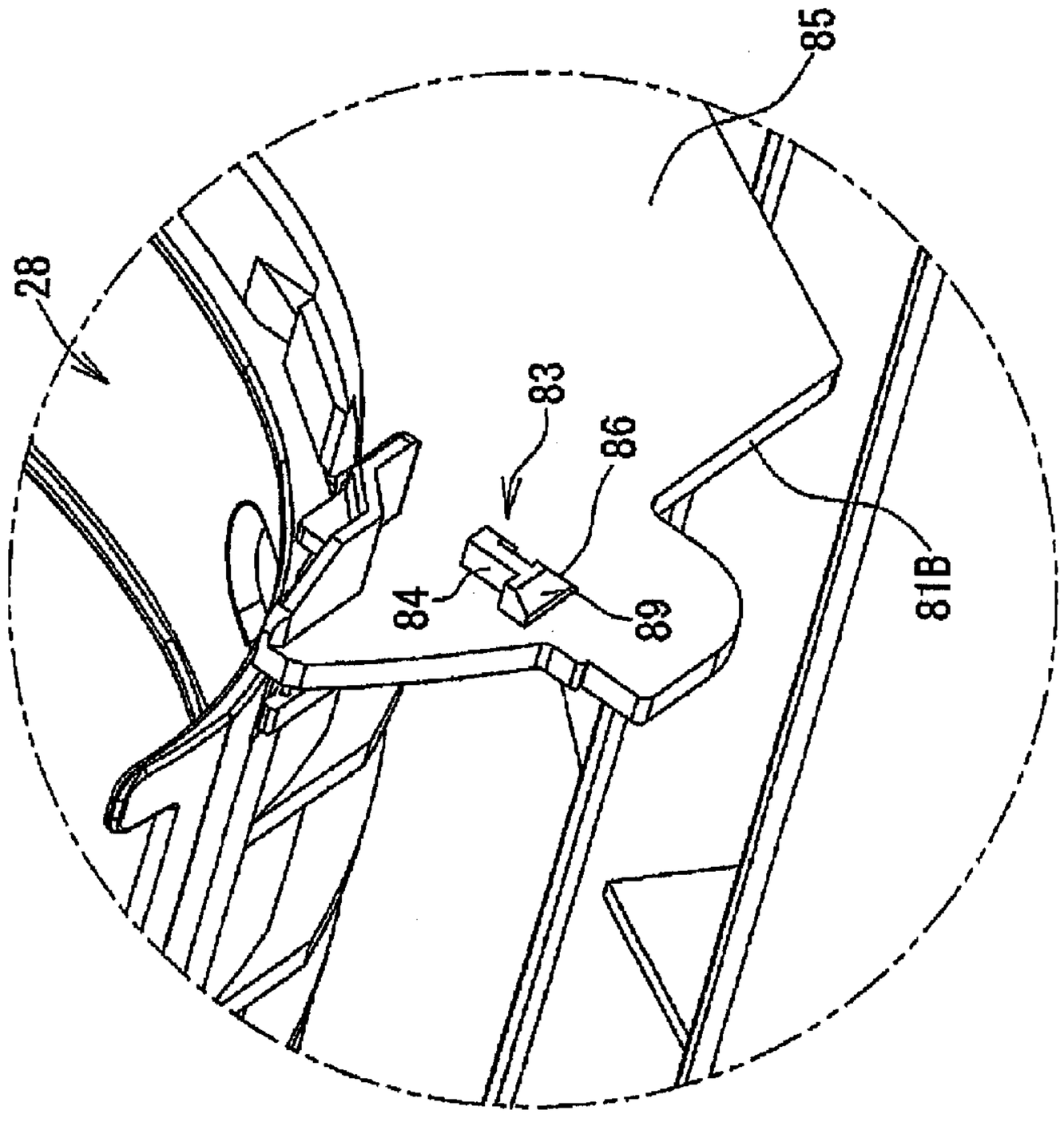


Fig. 5

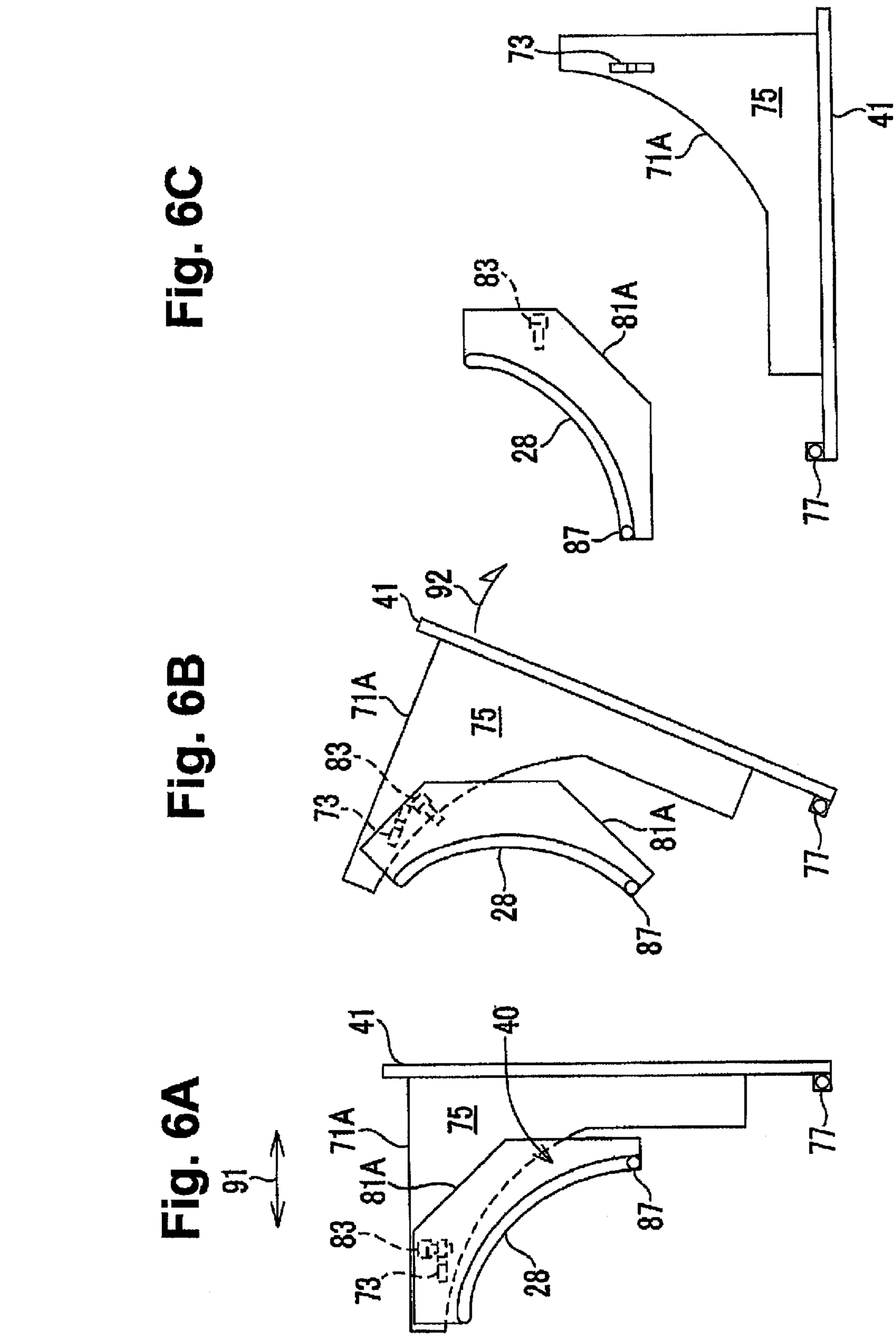
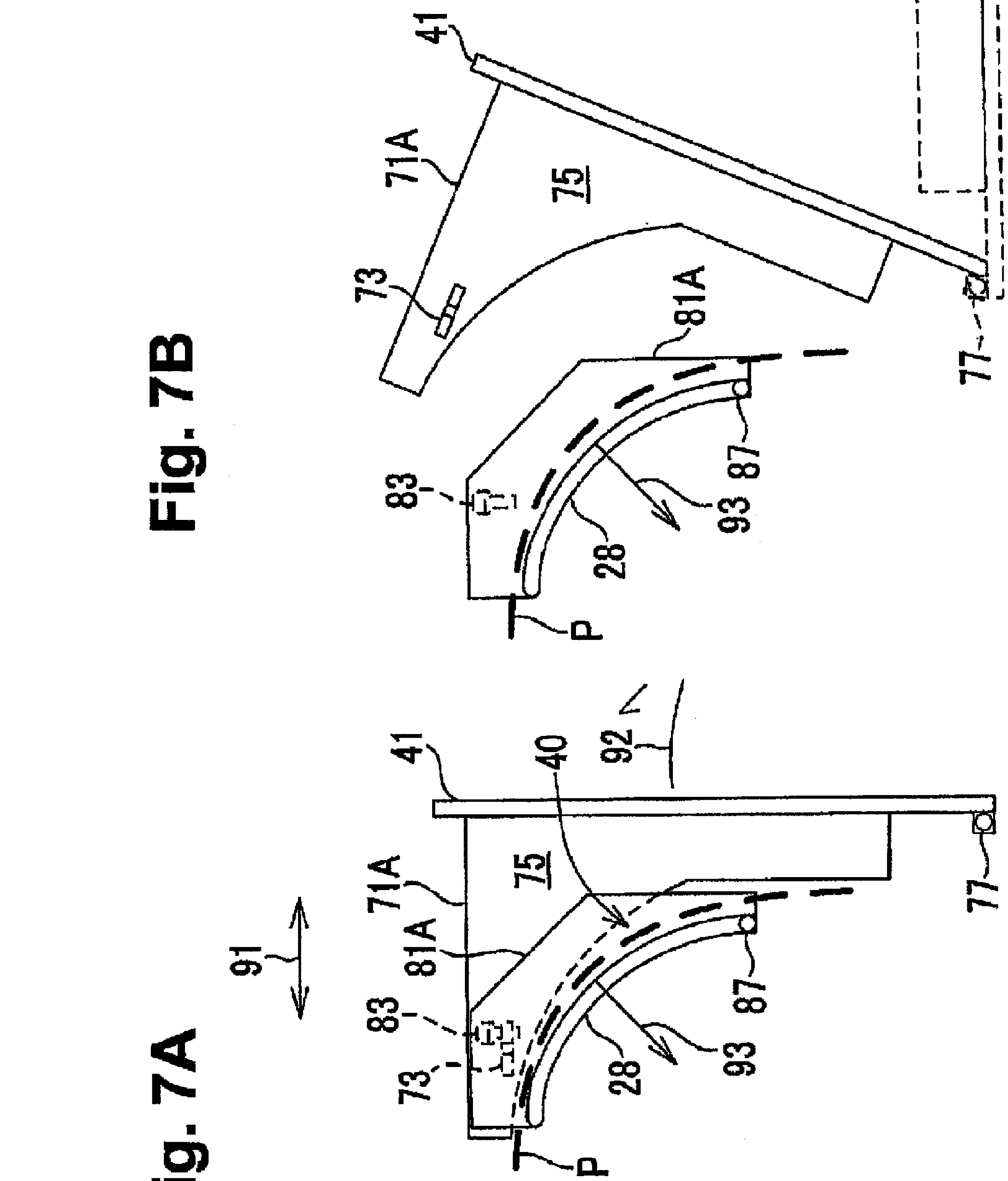


Fig. 6A
91
41
40
71A
75
81A
83
73
28
87
77
Fig. 6B
41
92
71A
75
83
73
81A
28
87
77
Fig. 6C
73
75
41
71A
83
81A
28
87
77

Fig. 7A


91
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71A
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Fig. 7B

73
75
71A
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81A
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87
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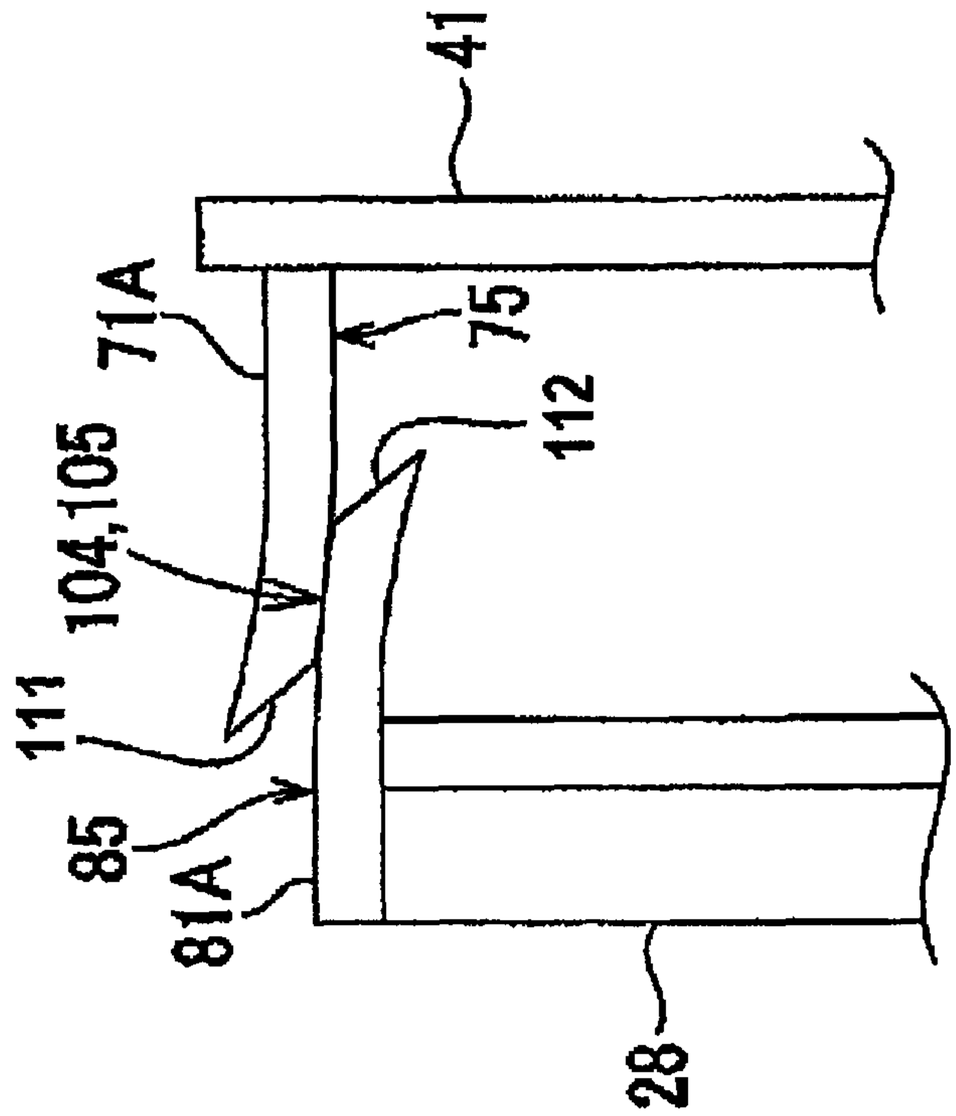
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71A
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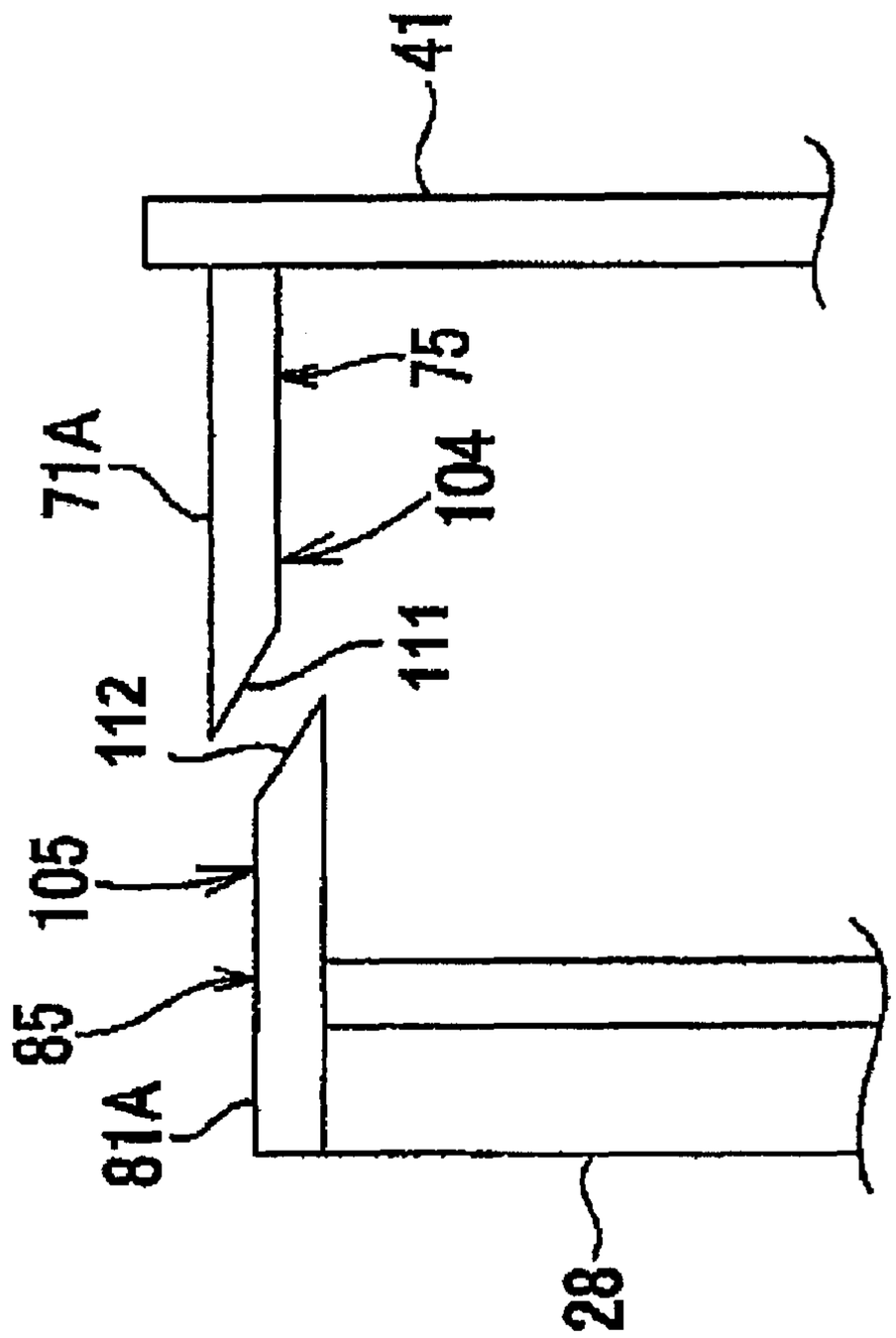
112
104,105
111
85
81A
28

Fig. 8B


41
75
71A
104
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105
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81A
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Fig. 8A

SHEET FEEDING DEVICES AND IMAGE RECORDING APPARATUS INCLUDING THE SAME

Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [ ] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue.

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application *is a reissue application of U.S. Pat. No. 7,819,394 B2, which is issued from U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/363,539 and which* claims the benefit of Japanese Patent Application No. 2008-020608, filed Jan. 31, 2008, the [disclosure] *disclosures* of which [is] *are* incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to a sheet feeding device that has a sheet feeding path. In particular, the invention relates to mechanisms for opening sheet feeding paths in a sheet feeding device.

2. Description of the Related Art

A known image recording apparatus, e.g., a printer, a copier, and the like, is provided with a sheet feeding device that feeds a plurality of sheets of recording medium, e.g., paper. The plurality of recording mediums are set in a sheet-feeding cassette and fed to a recording position at which an image is recorded on each of the recording medium. An example of such an image recording apparatus is described in Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication No. 2006-64727.

The known image forming apparatus, e.g., the one described in Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication No. 2006-64727, has a two-sided unit mounted thereon. The two-sided unit has a switchback carrying path and a paper re-feeding path. The two-sided unit is disposed on the main body of the image forming apparatus. The two-sided unit can be turned in a unit-opening direction. A paper-carrying path is formed at a space between the main body of the image forming apparatus and the two-sided unit. A sub-rotating unit is disposed at the inner-surface side of the two-sided unit. The sub-rotating unit can rotate. The paper re-feeding path is formed between the two-sided unit and the sub-rotating unit. The sub-rotating unit is urged to open the paper re-feeding path. When the two-sided unit opens the paper-carrying path, the sub-rotating unit simultaneously opens the paper re-feeding path. Thus, it is possible for a user to remove a jammed sheet of recording paper from either the paper-carrying path or the paper re-feeding path.

Nevertheless, the mechanism described in the known sheet feeding apparatus can not be adopted in a sheet feeding device with a dual path configuration. A dual path configuration has a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path with a sheet-guiding member disposed therebetween. The first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path do not simultaneously feed sheets of recording mediums. In order to open both of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, it is necessary to detach the sheet-guiding member from the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path. If both of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path are opened when a sheet of recording medium is jammed in the second sheet feeding path, the sheet-guiding member collides with the sheet of recording medium that is jammed in the second sheet feeding path, and thereby causes damage to the jammed sheet of recording medium.

Moreover, when no recording paper is present in the second sheet feeding path, it is preferable to open the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path at the same time. However, in a sheet feeding device with each of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path opened independently, it is practically impossible to remove a sheet of recording paper that is jammed on the inner first sheet feeding path unless a user opens both the outer second sheet feeding path and the inner first sheet feeding path. If a user is not aware of the existence of a plurality of paper feeding paths, the user may have difficulty finding the paper which is jammed on the inner first paper feeding path even though the user has opened the outer second paper feeding path. Without removing the jammed paper, the attempt to restart paper feeding results in a failure because the sheet of recording paper remains jammed in the first paper feeding path.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An advantage of an embodiment of the invention is to provide a sheet feeding device that has sheet feeding paths which allow for a user to easily open the sheet feeding paths in which a sheet of recording medium is jammed.

According to an embodiment of the invention, a sheet feeding device comprises a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed. A first sheet-guiding member is disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path. The first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position. When the first sheet-guiding member is in the first position, the first sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along at least one of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, and when the first sheet-guiding member is in the second position, the first sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet feeding path on a second-sheet-feeding-path side. A second sheet-guiding member is disposed opposite the first sheet feeding path. The second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position. When the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, the second sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along the second sheet feeding path, and when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the second sheet feeding path. A connecting member is configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member.

According to another embodiment of the invention, an image recording apparatus comprises a sheet feeding device. The sheet feeding device comprises a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed. A first sheet-guiding member is disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path. The first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position. When the first sheet-guiding member is in the first position, the first sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along at least one of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, and when the first sheet-guiding member is in the second position, the first sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet feeding path on a second-sheet-feeding-path side. A second sheet-guiding member is disposed opposite the first

sheet feeding path. The second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position. When the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, the second sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along the second sheet feeding path, and when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the second sheet feeding path. A connecting member is configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member.

Other objects, features, and advantages of embodiments of the present invention will be apparent to persons of ordinary skill in the art from the following description of preferred embodiments with reference to the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. **1** is a rear perspective view of a multi-function machine according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. **2** is a cross-sectional view of the multi-function machine;

FIG. **3** is a perspective view of feeding paths in an open state where a first paper feeding path and a second paper feeding path are opened according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. **4** is an enlarged view of a portion IV of the multi-function machine shown in FIG. **3**;

FIG. **5** is an enlarged view of a portion V of the multi-function machine shown in FIG. **3**;

FIG. **6**A is a schematic showing a connection operation of a projection and a engagement member in paper-absent state.

FIG. **6**B is another schematic showing the connection operation of the projection and the engagement member in paper-absent state.

FIG. **6**C is yet another schematic showing the connection operation of the projection and the engagement member in paper-absent state.

FIG. **7**A is a schematic showing the connection operation of the projection and the engagement member in paper-present state.

FIG. **7**B is another schematic showing a connection operation of a projection and a engagement member in paper-present state.

FIG. **8**A is a schematic view of the operation of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **8**B is a schematic view of the operation of an embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

Embodiments of the present invention and their features and technical advantages may be understood by referring to FIGS. **1**-**8**B, like reference numerals being used for like corresponding portions in the various drawings.

Referring to FIGS. **1** and **2**, a multi-function machine **10** according to an embodiment of the invention may comprise a printer unit **11** and a scanner unit **12** which form an integrated multi-function device ("MFD"). Printer unit **11** may be disposed at a lower portion of the MFD. Scanner unit **12** may be disposed at a upper portion of the MFD. Multi-function machine **10** may perform one or more of a printing function, a scanning function, a copying function, and a facsimile function.

Printer unit **11** may be connected to an external information equipment, e.g., a computer or the like. According to information, e.g., image data or document data, received from the external information equipment, printer unit **11** may print an image, text information, and the like on a sheet of recording medium, e.g., printing paper or resin paper.

The exterior of multi-function machine **10** may have a substantially rectangular parallelepiped shape, which has widths and depths that may be greater than its heights. As shown in FIG. **1**, a double-headed arrow **102** may indicate a height direction, a double-headed arrow **101** may indicate a width direction, and a double-headed arrow **103** may indicate a depth direction. As shown in FIG. **2**, a front opening **13** may be disposed at the front portion of printer unit **11**. A paper-feeding tray **20** may be disposed inside the front opening **13**. A paper ejection tray **21** may be disposed over paper-feeding tray **20** inside front opening **13**. Sheets of recording medium may be set on paper-feeding tray **20**. The sizes of recording medium which may be set on paper-feeding tray **20** may comprise a variety of regular sheet sizes, e.g., A3, A4, B5, and postcard size. The recording medium set on paper-feeding tray **20** may be fed to an image recording part of printer unit **11** at which a desired image may be recorded on the recording medium. The recorded medium may then be ejected to paper ejection tray **21**.

A paper-feeding cassette **14** may be disposed below opening **13**. Sheets of recording medium with various sizes, e.g., legal size, A4 size, B5 size, may be set on paper-feeding cassette **14**. The number of recording mediums which are set on paper-feeding cassette **14** may be several times, e.g., approximately ten times, greater than the number of recording mediums which are set on paper-feeding tray **20**. Therefore, a more frequently used size of recording medium, e.g., A4 paper, may be set on paper-feeding cassette **14**.

Scanner unit **12** may be a flatbed scanner. As shown in FIG. **2**, an original document cover **15** may be disposed on the upper surface of multi-function machine **10** and may be opened and closed freely. When original document cover **15** is opened, a platen glass **16** may become accessible. An image sensor **17** may be disposed under platen glass **16**. Image sensor **17** may move under platen glass **16** to perform image scanning on a sheet of original document placed on platen glass **16**. An automatic document feeder ("ADF") **18** may be disposed in original document cover **15**. ADF **18** may automatically feed a sheet of original document.

A user operation panel **19** may be disposed at the upper front part of multi-function machine **10**. User operation panel **19** may comprise a plurality of manual operation buttons and a liquid crystal display unit. The manual operation buttons may comprise, for example, a power button for turning the power of multi-function machine **10** ON/OFF, a start button for starting image reading operation or image recording operation, a stop button for stopping the operation, a mode button for setting a copy mode, a scan mode, a facsimile mode, ten keys for inputting various setting conditions e.g., image reading conditions or image recording conditions and inputting a facsimile number. Multi-function machine **10** may operate in accordance with operation instructions given through user operation panel **19**. If multi-function machine **10** is connected to an external computer, multi-function machine **10** may operate according to instructions received from the external computer via a printer driver or a scanner driver.

Referring to FIG. **2**, an inclined paper separation plate **22** may be disposed at a downstream end of paper-feeding tray **20** in a sheet feeding direction. Inclined paper separation plate **22** may separate an uppermost sheet of recording mediums from the other sheets of recording medium placed in paper-feeding tray **20**. Inclined paper separation plate **22** may separate the recording mediums placed in paper feeding tray **20** one at a time. As such, inclined paper separation plate **22**

selectively may guide the uppermost sheet of recording mediums upward in a successive manner. A first paper-feeding roller **25** may be disposed over paper-feeding tray **20**. First paper-feeding roller **25** may feed recording mediums set in paper-feeding tray **20** toward inclined paper separation plate **22**. First paper-feeding roller **25** may be disposed at the front end of a first arm **26**. First arm **26** may support first paper-feeding roller **25** in a rotatable manner. Driving power outputted from an automatic sheet-feeding ("ASF") motor (not shown) may be communicated to first paper-feeding roller **25** via a driving force communication mechanism. The motor power communication mechanism may comprise a plurality of gears which engage one another. First paper-feeding roller **25** may rotate according to the motor power received from the driving force communication mechanism.

First arm **26** may be pivotably attached to a supporting shaft **26**A. Accordingly, first arm **26** may pivot downward to contact the inner bottom surface of paper-feeding tray **20**. In addition, first arm **26** may pivot up and away from paper-feeding tray **20**. An urging member, e.g., a mechanical spring or the like, may apply a downward urging force to first arm **26** such that first arm **26** is urged toward paper-feeding tray **20**. Alternatively, first arm **26** may be urged toward paper-feeding tray **20** due to the weight of first arm **26**. When paper-feeding tray **20** is being inserted into printer unit **11** or being removed from printer unit **11**, first arm **26** may be retracted upward away from paper-feeding tray **20**. With first arm **26** being urged downward, first paper-feeding roller **25** may be in contact with the uppermost sheet of recording medium set in paper-feeding tray **20**. With first paper-feeding roller **25** being in contact with the uppermost sheet of recording paper, first paper-feeding roller **25** may rotate and feed the uppermost sheet of recording medium to inclined paper separation plate **22** because of a frictional force between the surface of first paper-feeding roller **25** and the surface of the uppermost sheet of recording medium.

A first paper feeding path **23** may be formed inside printer unit **11**. First paper feeding path **23** may extend from inclined paper separation plate **22** in an upward direction. First paper feeding path **23** may comprise a portion that curves downstream from inclined paper separation plate **22** in the sheet-feeding direction. The curved portion may curve toward the front of multi-function machine **10**. First paper feeding path **23** may guide a recording medium to paper ejection tray **21** through an image-recording unit **24**, which is disposed downstream from the curved portion in the sheet-feeding direction. A sheet of recording medium fed from paper-feeding tray **20** may travel in first paper feeding path **23** upward and may turn around at the curved portion. The sheet of recording medium which is guided along the curved portion may reach image-recording unit **24**. At image-recording unit **24**, image recording may be performed on the sheet of recording medium. The sheet of recording medium may then be ejected to paper ejection tray **21**.

First paper feeding path **23** may comprise a pair of paper-guiding surfaces which are formed opposite to each other with a predetermined clearance therebetween. As illustrated in FIG. **2**, according to an embodiment of the invention, the curved portion of first paper feeding path **23** may comprise an inner paper-guiding member **27** and a first paper-guiding member **28**. Inner paper-guiding member **27** may be disposed at an inner side, e.g., left and lower side of first paper feeding path **23**, as shown in FIG. **2**. First paper-guiding member **28** may be disposed at an outer side, e.g., right side of first paper feeding path **23**, as shown in FIG. **2**. First paper-guiding member **28** may comprise an inner surface and an outer surface opposite the inner surface. The inner surface of first paper-guiding member **28** may face toward the inside of multi-function machine **10** and the outer surface of first paper-guiding member **28** may face toward the outside of multi-function machine **10**. The inner surface of first paper-guiding member **28** may form the outer paper-guiding surface of first paper feeding path **23**. The outer surface of first paper-guiding member **28** may form the inner paper-guiding surface of second paper feeding path **40**. Accordingly, a sheet of recording paper fed in first paper feeding path **23** or in second paper feeding path **40** may be guided in the sheet feeding direction by first paper-guiding member **28**.

First paper-guiding member **28** may be disposed between first paper feeding path **23** and second paper feeding path **40**. First paper-guiding member **28** may function as a divider between first paper feeding path **23** and second paper feeding path **40**. First paper-guiding member **28** may be pivotably supported on a frame of multi-function machine **10**. First paper-guiding member **28** may pivot between a first position and a second position. When first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position, first paper feeding path **23** may be closed and first paper-guiding member **28** may guide a sheet of recording medium along first paper feeding path **23** or second paper feeding path **40** in the sheet feeding direction. The first position of first paper-guiding member **28** is indicated with solid lines, as shown in FIG. **2**. When first paper-guiding member **28** is in the second position, first paper feeding path **23** may be opened. The second position of first paper-guiding member **28** is indicated with broken lines, as shown in FIG. **2**. As shown in FIG. **6**, first paper-guiding member **28** may comprise a turn shaft **87** at its lower end. First paper-guiding member **28** may be pivotally attached to the frame of multi-function machine **10** at turn shaft **87**. First paper-guiding member **28** may pivot about turn shaft **87** in a direction indicated by a double-headed arrow **78**, as shown in FIG. **2**.

Image-recording unit **24** may be disposed downstream from the curved portion of first paper feeding path **23** in the sheet-feeding direction. Image-recording unit **24** may be disposed adjacent to a carriage **62** on which a recording head **61** is mounted. Carriage **62** may move in a forward direction and a reverse direction alternately for performing recording on a recording medium. Ink-supplying units, e.g., ink cartridges, may be disposed inside multi-function machine **10**, separate from recording head **61**. Each ink-supplying unit may contain ink of one of corresponding colors, e.g., cyan (C), magenta (M), yellow (Y), and black (Bk). Ink of each color may be supplied to recording head **61** through each of the corresponding one of ink tubes. Recording head **61** may selectively discharge ink drops while carriage **62** move over a recording medium. Thus, an image may be recorded on a sheet of recording medium fed over a platen **63**.

A paper-feeding roller **29** and a pinch roller **30** may be disposed upstream from image-recording unit **24** and downstream from a second paper guiding member **41** in the sheet feeding direction. Pinch roller **30** may comprise a pair of rollers. Paper-feeding roller **29** and pinch roller **30** may pinch a sheet of recording medium fed in first paper feeding path **23** and may feed the sheet of recording medium onto platen **63**. The driving force of a line feed ("LF") motor may be transmitted to paper-feeding roller **29** to drive paper-feeding roller **29** at a predetermined line feed width. Pinch roller **30** may be configured to movably engage and disengage paper-feeding roller **29**. An elastic member, e.g., a coil spring, may urge pinch roller **30** to contact paper-feeding roller **29**. When a sheet of recording medium is fed between paper-feeding roller **29** and pinch roller **30**, pinch roller **30** may be slightly retracted by the thickness of the sheet of recording medium against the urging force applied by the elastic member. The

retracted pinch roller **30** may apply pressure to the sheet of recording medium such that the sheet of recording medium is pressed against paper-feeding roller **29** when paper-feeding roller **29** and pinch roller **30** pinches the sheet of recording medium. As such, the rotational force of paper-feeding roller **29** efficiently may be transmitted to the sheet of recording medium. In another embodiment, a friction pad that is pressed against paper-feeding roller **29** may be used in place of pinch roller **30**.

A paper ejection roller **31** and a spur **32** may be disposed downstream from image-recording unit **24** in the sheet feeding direction. Paper ejection roller **31** and spur **32** may pinch a sheet of recorded medium, on which image recording has been performed, and may feed the sheet of recorded medium onto paper ejection tray **21**. The driving force of the LF motor may be communicated to paper-ejecting roller **31** to drive paper-ejecting roller **31** at a predetermined line feed width. Paper-feeding roller **29** may rotate in synchronization with the rotation of paper-ejecting roller **31**. A rotary encoder (not shown) may be disposed on paper-feeding roller **29**. An optical sensor may detect a disc pattern of the encoder, which rotates with paper-feeding roller **29**. The LF motor may rotate according to a detection signal of the optical sensor.

As shown in FIG. **2**, paper-feeding cassette **14** may be disposed under paper-feeding tray **20**. Paper-feeding cassette **14** may have a shape of an open-top box. A plurality of sheets of recording medium may be stacked in paper-feeding cassette **14**. An inclined paper separation plate **39** may be disposed at a downstream side of paper-feeding cassette **14** in the sheet feeding direction. Inclined paper separation plate **39** may feed the uppermost one of sheets of recording medium set in paper-feeding cassette **14** for separation. The uppermost sheet of recording medium may be separated from the other sheets of recording medium one at a time. As such, inclined paper separation plate **39** selectively may guide the uppermost sheet of recording medium upward in a successive manner.

Referring to FIG. **2**, second paper feeding path **40** may extend from inclined paper separation plate **39** in an upward direction. Second paper feeding path **40** may be adjacent to first paper feeding path **23**. Second paper feeding path **40** may be opposite to first paper feeding path **23** such that a surface of a sheet of recording medium fed in first paper feeding path **23** is parallel with a surface of a sheet of recording medium fed in second paper feeding path **40**. Second paper feeding path **40** may extend from inclined paper separation plate **39** in an upward direction. Second paper feeding path **40** may comprise a curved portion disposed downstream from inclined paper separation plate **39** in the sheet-feeding direction. The curved portion may curve toward the front of multi-function machine **10**. Second paper feeding path **40** and first paper feeding path **23** may merge at a point upstream from paper-feeding roller **29** in the sheet-feeding direction. First paper-guiding member **28** may form the outer sheet-guiding surface of first paper feeding path **23** and the inner sheet-guiding surface of second paper feeding path **40**. The inner sheet-guiding surface of second paper feeding path **40** may correspond to the rear surface of first paper-guiding member **28**.

Second paper-guiding member **41** may be disposed outside first paper-guiding member **28** with a predetermined clearance between first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41**. Second paper-guiding member **41** may form the outer sheet-guiding surface of second paper feeding path **40**. First paper-guiding member **28** may be disposed between first paper feeding path **23** and second paper feeding path **40**. A sheet of recording medium fed from paper-feeding cassette **14** may travel in second paper feeding path **40** upward and make a U-turn at the curved portion of second paper feeding path **40**. Second paper feeding path **40** and first paper feeding path **23** may merge at a point upstream of paper-feeding roller **29** in the sheet-feeding direction. At image-recording unit **24**, image recording may be performed on the sheet of recording medium. The recording medium may then be ejected to paper ejection tray **21**.

As shown in FIGS. **2** and **3**, second paper-guiding member **41** may be pivotably supported at the rear of printer unit **11** on the machine frame. Second paper-guiding member **41** may pivot between a third position and a fourth position. When second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position, second paper feeding path **40** is closed such that second paper-guiding member **41** may guide a sheet of recording medium along second paper feeding path **40**. The third position of second paper-guiding member **41** is indicated with solid lines in FIG. **2**. When second paper-guiding member **41** is in the fourth position, second paper feeding path **40** is opened. The fourth position of second paper-guiding member **41** is indicated with broken lines in FIG. **2**. As shown in FIG. **6**, second paper-guiding member **41** may comprise a turn shaft **77** at its lower end. Turn shaft **77** of second paper-guiding member **41** may be pivotably attached to the machine frame. Second paper-guiding member **41** may pivot about turn shaft **77**, which is the fulcrum, in the direction shown by a double-headed arrow **88**.

An opening **36** may be formed at the rear part of printer unit **11**. Opening **36** may be in communication with second paper feeding path **40**. Second paper-guiding member **41** may cover opening **36** when it is in the third position, and may separate from opening **36** when it is in the fourth position. Second paper-guiding member **41** may comprise an engagement member (not shown). When opening **36** is covered, second paper-guiding member **41** may engage the frame of multi-function machine **10**. The outer surface of second paper-guiding member **41** may comprise the rear cover surface of printer unit **11** when second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position. When second paper-guiding member **41** pivots from the fourth position to the third position and first paper-guiding member **28** is in the second position, second paper-guiding member **41** may push first paper-guiding member **28** inward. As such, when second paper-guiding member **41** pivots from the fourth position to the third position, first paper-guiding member **28** also may pivot from the second position to the first position.

As shown in FIG. **2**, a fulcrum of first paper-guiding member **28** may differ from a fulcrum of second paper-guiding member **41**. Although turn shaft **87** of first paper-guiding member **28** is disposed in parallel with turn shaft **77** of second paper-guiding member **41**, turn shaft **87** of the first paper-guiding member **28** may be disposed at a predetermined distance from turn shaft **77** of second paper-guiding member **41**. Thus, a pivoting path of first paper-guiding member **28** may differ from a pivoting path of second paper-guiding member **41**, as shown in FIGS. **6** and **7**. A pivoting path is defined as the path that the center point of an object travels when the object pivots about a fulcrum.

A connecting member may comprise a projection **73** and an engagement member **83**. Projection **73** may be disposed on second paper-guiding member **41** and engagement member **83** may be disposed on first paper-guiding member **28**. Projection **73** and engagement member **83** may be engagement parts which may engage or disengage from each other. The state of the connecting member may be switched between a connected state, in which first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** are connected to each other, and a disconnected state, in which the connection of first

paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** is released. The connecting member may connect first paper-guiding member **28** with second paper-guiding member **41** when second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position. The connecting member may maintain the connection of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** when second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position. When an external force with a magnitude greater than that of a connection-maintaining force required for maintaining the connection of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** is applied in a direction of separating first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41**, the connecting member may release the connection of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41**. The connection-maintaining force that is required for maintaining the connection of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** may be a force of a predetermined magnitude.

A second paper-feeding roller **42** may be disposed over paper-feeding cassette **14** upstream from second paper-guiding member **41** in the sheet feeding direction. Second paper-feeding roller **42** may feed sheets of recording medium stacked on paper-feeding cassette **14** to second paper feeding path **40**. Second paper-feeding roller **42** may be disposed at the front end of a second arm **43**. Second arm **43** may rotatably support second paper-feeding roller **42**. Driving power generated from a second driving source, e.g., an ASF motor, may be transmitted to second paper-feeding roller **42** via a driving force communication mechanism. The motor power communication mechanism may comprise a plurality of gears which engage one another. Second paper-feeding roller **42** may rotate by the motor power transmitted from the driving force communication mechanism.

Second arm **43** may be movably coupled to a supporting shaft **43**A. As such, second arm **43** may move downward to approach the inner bottom face of the paper-feeding cassette **14**. Second arm **43** may move up and away from paper-feeding cassette **14**. An urging member, e.g., a mechanical spring or the like, may apply a downward urging force to second arm **43** to urge second arm **43** toward paper-feeding cassette **14**. Moreover, second arm **43** may move toward paper-feeding cassette **14** due to its own weight. When paper-feeding cassette **14** is being inserted into or removed from printer unit **11**, second arm **43** may be retracted upward and away from paper-feeding cassette **14**. As second arm **43** is urged downward, second paper-feeding roller **42** that is supported at the front end of second arm **43** may contact the uppermost sheet of recording medium set in paper-feeding cassette **14**, and second paper-feeding roller **42** may rotate. As a result of the rotation of second paper-feeding roller **42**, the uppermost sheet of recording paper may be fed to inclined paper separation plate **39**. The front edge of the uppermost sheet of recording medium may be brought into contact with inclined paper separation plate **39**. Then, the sheet of recording medium may be guided upward to be fed to second paper feeding path **40**.

As shown in FIG. **3**, second paper-guiding member **41** may comprise an elongated curved shape. The long sides of second paper-guiding member **41** may extend in the width direction of second paper feeding path **40**, as shown by arrow **101**. Second paper-guiding member **41** may comprise a plurality of ribs **71**. The plurality of ribs **71** may protrude from the inner surface of second paper-guiding member **41**. When second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position, the plurality of ribs **71** may extend toward first paper-guiding member **28**. Ribs **71** may be arranged adjacent to one another in the width direction of second paper feeding path **40**. Each of the plurality of ribs **71** may comprise a curved portion corresponding to the curved portion of second paper feeding path **40**. Projection **73** may be disposed on each of ribs **71**A and **71**B respectively formed at each of the ends of second paper-guiding member **41** in the width direction. Right projection **73** of second paper-guiding member **41** is hidden by right rib **71**B, and thus, is not shown in FIG. **3**.

FIG. **4** illustrates left projection **73** formed on left rib **71**A. Projection **73** may be formed on an inner surface **75** of rib **71**A. Projection **73** may comprise the shape of a triangle which protrudes in a direction perpendicular to inner surface **75** of rib **71**A. Projection **73** may extend in a direction substantially orthogonal to second paper feeding path **40** when second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position. Projection **73** may extend substantially in the height direction of multi-function machine **10**, as shown by arrow **102**, when second paper-guiding member **41** is in the fourth position. A right projection **73** with similar configuration as left projection **73** may be formed on an inner surface of the rib **71**B.

As shown in FIG. **3**, first paper-guiding member **28** may comprise an elongated curved shape. The long sides of first paper-guiding member **28** may extend in the width direction of second paper feeding path **40**, as shown by arrow **101**. First paper-guiding member **28** may comprise a curved portion corresponding to the curved portion of each of first paper feeding path **23** and second paper feeding path **40**. Ribs **81**A and **81**B may be formed at each of the ends of first paper-guiding member **28** respectively in the width direction. Each of ribs **81**A and **81**B may extend toward second paper-guiding member **41** from the corresponding end of first paper-guiding member **28**. Ribs **81**A and **81**B may determine the width of second paper feeding path **40** formed between first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41**. Engagement member **83** may be disposed on each of ribs **81**A and **81**B. Left engagement member is hidden by left rib **81**A, as viewed in the width direction of first paper-guiding member **28**, and thus, is not shown in FIG. **3**.

FIG. **5** illustrates right engagement member **83** formed on right rib **81**B. Engagement member **83** may be formed on an outer surface **85** of rib **81**B, and may protrude in a direction perpendicular to outer surface **85** of rib **81**B. Engagement member **83** may have a position or a shape, or both, which enable engagement member **83** to be engaged with projection **73** when second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position, and first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position, as shown by the solid lines in FIG. **2**. Engagement member **83** may comprise a body part **84** and a head part **86**. Body part **84** of engagement member **83** may extend substantially in the direction of the height of multi-function machine **10**, as shown by arrow **102**, when first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position. When first paper-guiding member **28** is in the second position, body part **84** of engagement member **83** may extend in a direction substantially orthogonal to first paper feeding path **23**. Head part **86** of engagement member **83** may be disposed adjacent to one end of body part **84**, and disposed at the upper-end side of body part **84** when first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position. A width of head part **86** of engagement member **83** may be larger than a width of body part **84**. A tapered plane **89** may be formed as a part of head part **86**. An engagement member having similar configuration as engagement member **83** may be formed on an outer surface of rib **81**A.

FIGS. **6** and **7** show connection and disconnection operations of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** according to an embodiment of the invention. FIGS. **6**A, **6**B, and **6**C illustrate the connection and the release of the connection of first paper-guiding member **28**

and second paper-guiding member **41** without the presence of a sheet of recording paper P in second paper feeding path **40**, according to an embodiment of the invention. FIGS. **7**A and **7**B illustrate the connection and the release of the connection of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** when there is a sheet of recording paper P present in second paper feeding path **40**, according to an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. **6**A illustrates a state in which first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position and second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position. As shown in FIG. **6**A, each of first paper feeding path **23** and second paper feeding path **40** may be configured as a paper conveyance passage through which a sheet of recording medium may be fed. When first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position and second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position, a portion of rib **71**A or **71**B may overlap a portion of rib **81**A or **81**B, respectively, such that inner surface **75** of rib **71**A or **71**B and outer surface **85** of rib **81**A or **81**B respectively face each other. As such, projection **73** may engage engagement member **83**. An apex portion **74** of projection **73** may engage body part **84** of engagement member **83** in the connection process and may be fitted into body part **84** of engagement member **83** in the connected state. Thus, projection **73** and engagement member **83** may engage each other with an engagement force in the direction shown by an arrow **91**.

Second paper-guiding member **41** may pivot about turn shaft **77** in a direction shown by an arrow **91**. Since projection **73** and engagement member **83** are engaged, first paper-guiding member **28** also may pivot about turn shaft **77** in the direction shown by arrow **92**. Consequently, first paper-guiding member **28** may start to pivot about shaft **87**. In the pivoting process, projection **73** and engagement member **83** gradually may separate from each other in the vertical direction, as shown by arrow **102**, because a pivoting radius of first paper-guiding member **28** is smaller than a pivoting radius of second paper-guiding member **41**, and further because a pivoting path of first paper-guiding member **28** is different from a pivoting path of second paper-guiding member **41**. A pivoting radius is defined as the distance between a fulcrum to an end of an pivoting object opposite the fulcrum.

When first paper-guiding member **28** pivots to a particular point in the direction shown by arrow **92**, engagement member **83** and projection **73** may disengage from each other in the vertical direction, as shown by arrow **102**. Thus, the connection of first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** may be released. First paper-guiding member **28** may transition into the second position and second paper-guiding member **41** may transition into the fourth position. As such, by opening second paper-guiding member **41**, both first paper feeding path **23** and second paper feeding path **40** may be opened substantially at the same time. Therefore, for example, when a paper jam occurs in first paper feeding path **23**, a user easily may remove the sheet of jammed recording paper in the first paper feeding path **23**.

FIG. **7**A illustrates a positional state in which first paper-guiding member **28** is in the first position and second paper-guiding member **41** is in the third position. Projection **73** and engagement member **83** are in engagement with each other with an engagement force in the direction, as shown by arrow **91**. A paper feeding operation may be stopped due to a sheet of recording paper P jammed in second paper feeding path **40**. The front edge of the sheet of jammed recording paper P may be pinched between paper-feeding roller **29** and pinch roller **30** and the rear edge of the sheet of jammed recording paper P may be held by second paper-feeding roller **42**.

As shown in FIG. **7**A, second paper-guiding member **41** may pivot about turn shaft **77** in a direction shown by arrow **91**. Since projection **73** and engagement member **83** are engaged, an engagement force may be exerted on first paper-guiding member **28** in the direction of arrow **92**. The sheet of jammed recording paper P in second paper feeding path **40** may apply a pressing force, which may be applied in a direction shown by arrow **93**, to first paper-guiding member **28**. In an embodiment of the invention, the pressing force may be a tensile force on the jammed sheet of recording paper P, whose front edge may be pinched between paper-feeding roller **29** and pinch roller **30** and whose rear edge may be held by second paper-feeding roller **42**. In another embodiment of the invention, the pressing force may be due to the stiffness of the jammed sheet of recording paper P. The engagement force, which maintains projection **73** and engagement member **83** in engagement with each other and which works in the direction shown by arrow **91**, may be smaller in magnitude than the pressing force. As such, when second paper-guiding member **41** is drawn in the direction shown by arrow **92**, apex part **74** of projection **73** may separate from body part **84**. Consequently, projection **73** and engagement member **83** may disengage from each other. Thus, when second paper-guiding member **41** pivots about turn shaft **77**, first paper-guiding member **28** may remain at the first position, as shown in FIG. **7**B. Therefore, when there is a sheet of jammed recording paper P in second paper feeding path **40**, only second paper feeding path **40** may be opened when second paper-guiding member **41** pivots from the third position to the fourth position. Accordingly, when a paper jam occurs in second paper feeding path **40**, a user easily may remove the sheet of jammed recording paper P from second paper feeding path **40**.

In another embodiment of the invention, the connection member may comprise rib **81**A of first paper-guiding member **28** and rib **71**A of second paper-guiding member **41**. As shown in FIGS. **8**A and **8**B, rib **81**A and rib **71**A may be configured to engage when first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** are in the first position and the third position, respectively. Rib **81**A of first paper-guiding member **28** and rib **71**A of second paper-guiding member **41** may bend slightly such that outer surface **85** of rib **81**A may contact inner surface **75** of rib **71**A. A connection force may be created by the friction between outer surface **85** of rib **81**A and inner surface **75** of rib **71**A to maintain connection between first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41**.

When second paper-guiding member **41** pivots open, first paper-guiding member **28** also may pivot open due to the connection force. When second paper feeding path **40** contains a sheet of jammed recording medium, the connection of rib **81**A of first paper-guiding member **28** and rib **71**A of second paper-guiding member **41** may be released, such that the opening of second paper-guiding member **41** does not open first paper-guiding member **28**.

Rib **81**A may comprise a slanted surface **112** inclined in an angle at its front end. The front end of Rib **71**A may comprise a slanted surface **111** inclined in another angle corresponding to the angle of slanted surface **112**. Slanted surface **112** of rib **81**A and slanted surface **111** of rib **71**A may slide against each other for a smooth connection. A friction member with a predetermined friction coefficient may be disposed on one or both of a contact surface **105** of rib **81**A and a contact surface **104** of rib **71**A. The predetermined friction coefficient may correspond to the magnitude of the connection force and may ensure good connection between rib **81**A rib **71**A.

In yet another embodiment of the invention, the connection member may comprise a magnet member. For example, a magnet may be disposed on inner surface **75** of rib **71**A and another magnet may be disposed on outer surface **85** of rib **81**A. As such, first paper-guiding member **28** and second paper-guiding member **41** may be connected to each other by magnetic attraction.

While the invention has been described in connection with various exemplary structures and illustrative embodiments, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that other variations and modifications of the structures and embodiments described above may be made without departing from the scope of the invention. Other structures and embodiments will be apparent to those skilled in the art from a consideration of the specification or practice of the invention disclosed herein. It is intended that the specification and the described examples are illustrative with the true scope of the invention being defined by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A sheet feeding device comprising:

a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed;

a first sheet-guiding member disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, wherein the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is in the first position, the first sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along at least one of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, and when the first sheet-guiding member is in the second position, the first sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet feeding path on a second-sheet-feeding-path side;

a second sheet-guiding member disposed opposite the first sheet feeding path, wherein the second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position, wherein when the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, the second sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along the second sheet feeding path, and when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the second sheet feeding path; and

a connecting member configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is coupled to the second sheet-guiding member, the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move from the first position to the second position when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position,

wherein when the sheet is in the second sheet feeding path, the sheet prevents the first sheet-guiding member from moving, and wherein when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position, the first sheet-guiding member remains in the first position.

2. The sheet feeding device according to claim **1**, wherein the connecting member is configured to allow the first sheet-guiding member and the second sheet-guiding member to be separated when a force equal to or greater than a predetermined force is applied to the connecting member, and the connecting member is configured to maintain the first sheet-guiding member coupled to the second sheet-guiding member when a force less than the predetermined force is applied to the connecting member.

3. The sheet feeding device of claim **2**, wherein the force equal to or greater than the predetermined force is applied in a direction which increases a separation of the first sheet-guiding member from the second sheet-guiding member.

4. The sheet feeding device according to claim **1**, wherein when the sheet is in the second sheet feeding path, the sheet prevents the first sheet-guiding member from moving, and wherein when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position, the first sheet-guiding member remains in the first position.

5. The sheet feeding device according to claim **1**, further comprising a sheet-feeding section disposed downstream of the second sheet-guiding member in a sheet feeding direction, wherein the sheet-feeding section is configured to feed and hold the sheet in the second sheet feeding path.

6. The sheet feeding device according to claim **1**, wherein the second sheet-guiding member covers an opening formed through a wall of a body of the sheet feeding device when the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, and the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the opening when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position.

7. The sheet feeding device according to claim **1**, wherein each of the first sheet-guiding member and the second sheet-guiding member is pivotably mounted on a body of the sheet feeding device.

8. The sheet feeding device according to claim **7**, wherein a fulcrum of the first sheet-guiding member is different from a fulcrum of the second sheet-guiding member, and when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member disconnects from the first sheet-guiding member at a predetermined position.

9. A sheet feeding device comprising:

a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed;

a first sheet-guiding member disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, wherein the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is in the first position, the first sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along at least one of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, and when the first sheet-guiding member is in the second position, the first sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet feeding path on a second-sheet-feeding-path side;

a second sheet-guiding member disposed opposite the first sheet feeding path, wherein the second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position, wherein when the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, the second sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along the second sheet feeding path, and when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the second sheet feeding path;

a connecting member configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member;

a first rib which is disposed on the first sheet-guiding member and extends toward the second sheet-guiding member; and

a second rib which is disposed on the second sheet-guiding member and extends toward the first sheet-guiding member, wherein the connecting member is disposed on each of the first rib and the second rib,

wherein a first portion of at least one of a connection surface of the first rib and a connection surface of the second rib comprises a friction member having a first friction coefficient which is greater than a second friction coefficient of a second portion of at least one of a connection surface of the first rib and a connection surface of the second rib.

[10. The sheet feeding device according to claim **9**, wherein the connecting member comprises:

a first projection disposed on a first end of the second sheet-guiding member in a width direction;

a second projection disposed on a second end of the second sheet-guiding member in a width direction;

a first engagement member disposed on a first end of the first sheet-guiding member in a width direction;

a second engagement member disposed on a second end of the first sheet-guiding member in a width direction and wherein the first engagement member is configured to engage with the first projection and the second engagement member is configured to engage with the second projection.**]**

[11. The sheet feeding device according to claim **9**, wherein a first portion of at least one of a connection surface of the first rib and a connection surface of the second rib comprises a friction member having a first friction coefficient which is greater than a second friction coefficient of a second portion of at least one of a connection surface of the first rib and a connection surface of the second rib.**]**

[12. The sheet feeding device according to claim **9**, wherein the connecting member comprises a magnet configured to attract the first sheet-guiding member toward the second sheet-guiding member.**]**

[13. An image recording apparatus comprising a sheet feeding device, the sheet feeding device comprises:

a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed;

a first sheet-guiding member disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, wherein the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is in the first position, the first sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along at least one of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, and when the first sheet-guiding member is in the second position, the first sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet feeding path on a second-sheet-feeding-path side;

a second sheet-guiding member disposed opposite the first sheet feeding path, wherein the second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position, wherein when the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, the second sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along the second sheet feeding path, and when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the second sheet feeding path; and

a connecting member configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is coupled to the second sheet-guiding member, the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move from the first position to the second position when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position.**]**

14. A sheet feeding device comprising:

a first sheet feeding path and a second sheet feeding path through which a sheet is configured to be fed;

a first sheet-guiding member disposed between the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, wherein the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a first position and a second position, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is in the first position, the first sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along at least one of the first sheet feeding path and the second sheet feeding path, and when the first sheet-guiding member is in the second position, the first sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet feeding path on a second-sheet-feeding-path side;

a second sheet-guiding member disposed opposite the first sheet feeding path with respect to the first sheet-guiding member, wherein the second sheet-guiding member is configured to move between a third position and a fourth position, wherein when the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, the second sheet-guiding member guides the sheet along the second sheet feeding path, and when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the first sheet-guiding member; and

a connecting member configured to selectively couple the first sheet-guiding member to the second sheet-guiding member, wherein when the first sheet-guiding member is coupled to the second sheet-guiding member, the first sheet-guiding member is configured to move from the first position to the second position when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position, the connecting member comprising an elastically-deforming portion configured to be elastically deformed, the elastically-deforming portion being deformed while the first sheet-guiding member is coupled to the second sheet-guiding member via the connecting member.

15. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, wherein elastically-deformation of the elastically-deforming portion is reduced when the second sheet-guiding member reaches a predetermined position.

16. The sheet feeding device according to claim 15, wherein when the elastically-deformation of the elastically-deforming portion is reduced, the second sheet-guiding member disconnects from the first sheet-guiding member.

17. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, wherein the connecting member comprises a first contacting portion and a second contacting portion which are configured to contact each other, and the first contacting portion is configured to be separated from the second contacting portion when the second sheet-guiding member reaches a predetermined position.

18. The sheet feeding device according to claim 17, wherein when the first contacting portion is separated from the second contacting portion, elastically-deformation of the elastically-deforming portion is reduced.

19. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, wherein when the elastically-deforming portion is plate-shaped.

20. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, wherein the connecting member is configured to allow the first sheet-guiding member and the second sheet-guiding member to be separated when a force equal to or greater than a predetermined force is applied to the connecting member, and the connecting member is configured to maintain the first sheet-guiding member coupled to the second sheet-guiding member when a force less than the predetermined force is applied to the connecting member.

21. The sheet feeding device of claim 20, wherein the force equal to or greater than the predetermined force is applied in a direction which increases a separation of the first sheet-guiding member from the second sheet-guiding member.

22. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, further comprising a sheet-feeding section disposed downstream of the second sheet-guiding member in a sheet feeding direction, wherein the sheet-feeding section is configured to feed and hold the sheet in the second sheet feeding path.

23. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, wherein the second sheet-guiding member covers an opening formed through a wall of a body of the sheet feeding device when the second sheet-guiding member is in the third position, and the second sheet-guiding member is separated from the opening when the second sheet-guiding member is in the fourth position.

24. The sheet feeding device according to claim 14, wherein each of the first sheet-guiding member and the second sheet-guiding member is pivotably mounted on a body of the sheet feeding device.

25. The sheet feeding device according to claim 24, wherein a fulcrum of the first sheet-guiding member is different from a fulcrum of the second sheet-guiding member, and when the second sheet-guiding member moves from the third position to the fourth position, the second sheet-guiding member disconnects from the first sheet-guiding member at a predetermined position.

26. The sheet feeding device according to claim 24, wherein a fulcrum of the first sheet-guiding member and a fulcrum of the second sheet-guiding member differ in height.

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