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**Park et al.**

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(54) **OPTICAL IMAGING SYSTEM**

(75) Inventors: **Seong-Ha Park**, Suwon-si (KR); **Ki-Tae Kim**, Seongnam-si (KR)

(73) Assignee: **Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.**, Suwon-si (KR)

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**G02B 5/20** (2006.01)  
**G02B 9/34** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

USPC ..... **359/715**; 359/723; 359/771; 359/772

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

USPC ..... 359/715, 723, 771-775, 779, 780  
See application file for complete search history.

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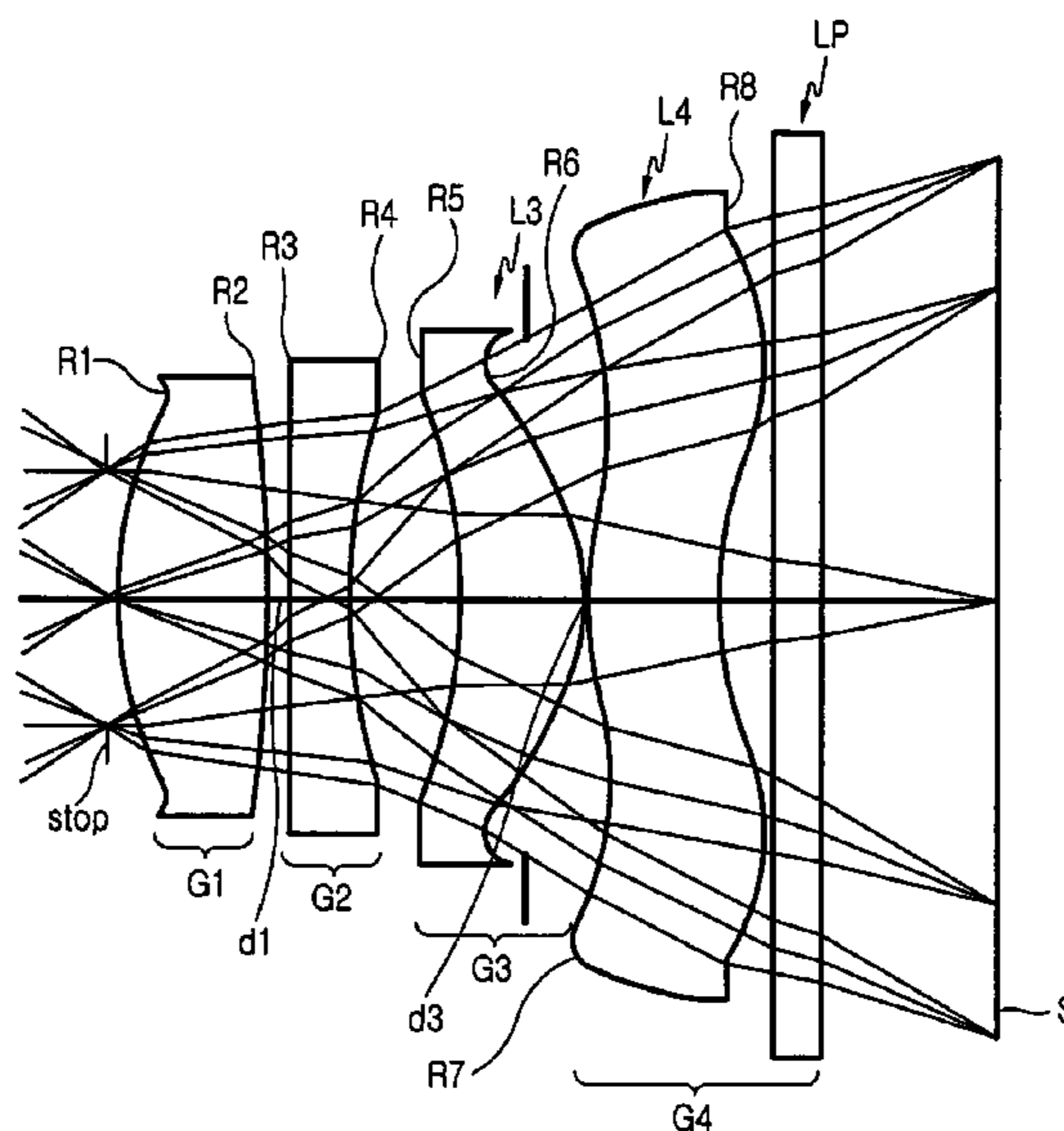
*Primary Examiner* — William Choi

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Drinker Biddle & Reath LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

An optical imaging system is provided comprising a first lens group having a positive refractive power; a second lens group having a negative refractive power; a third lens group having a positive or negative power; and a fourth lens group having a positive or negative power.

**32 Claims, 14 Drawing Sheets**





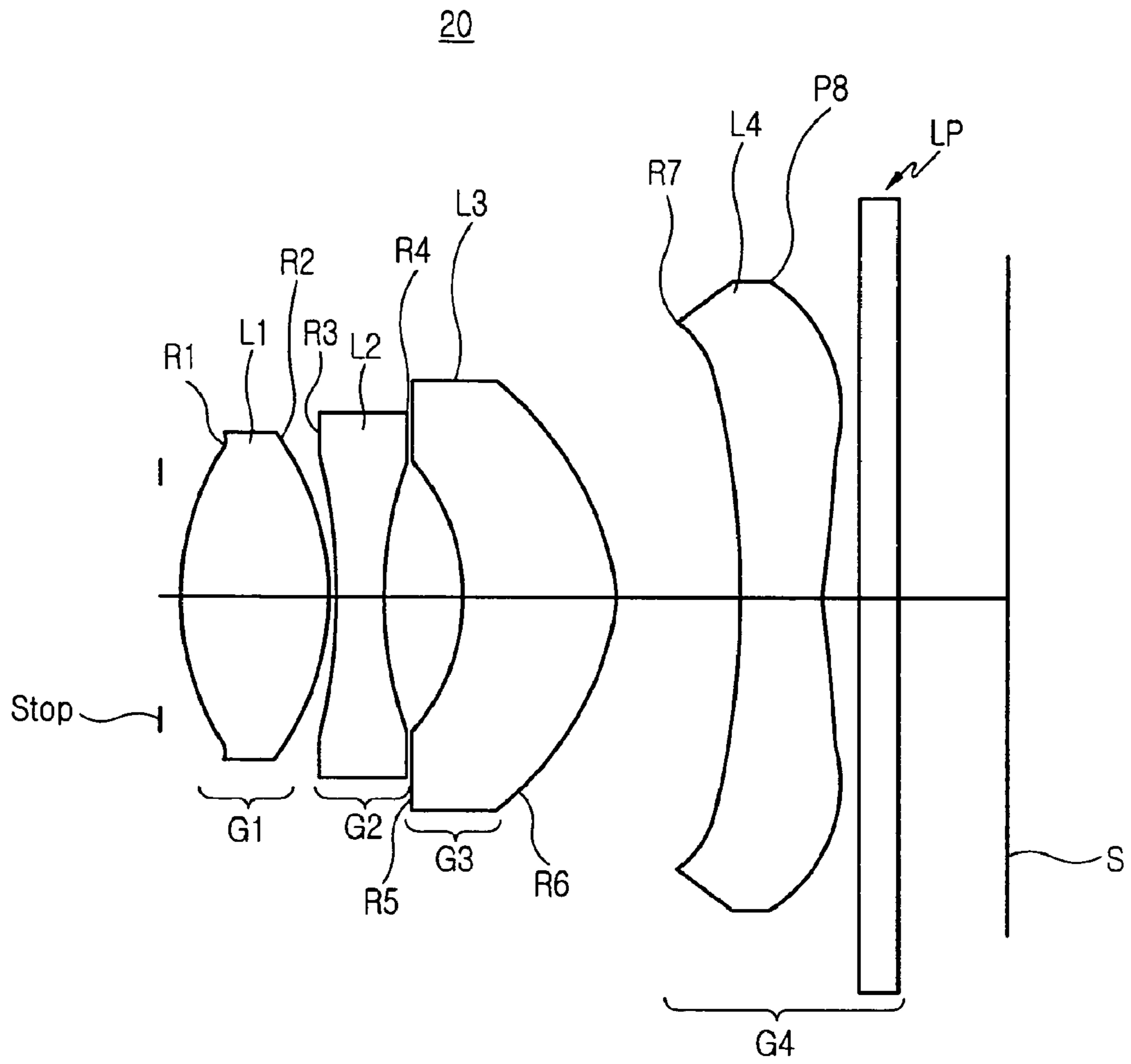


FIG.2

30

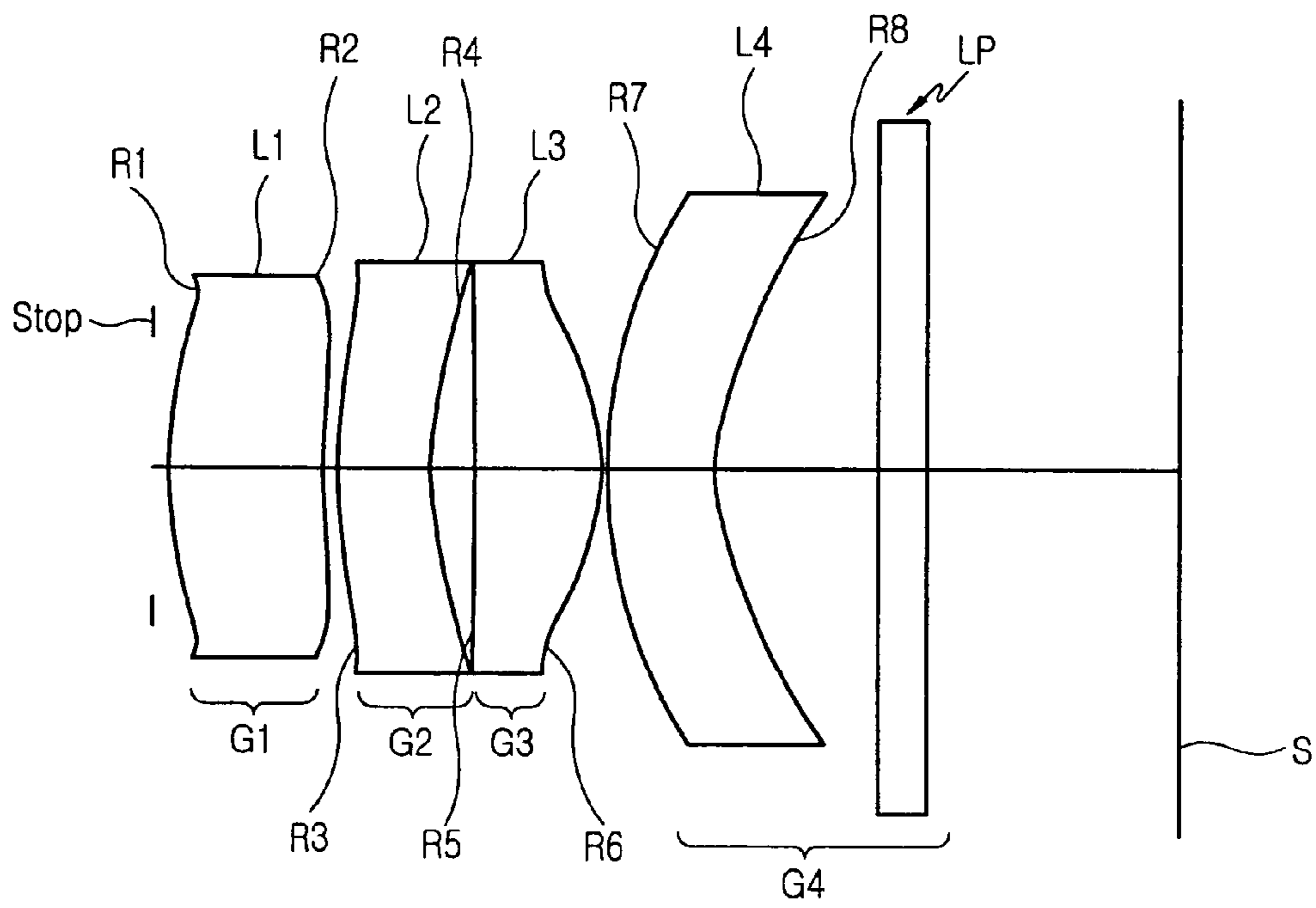


FIG.3

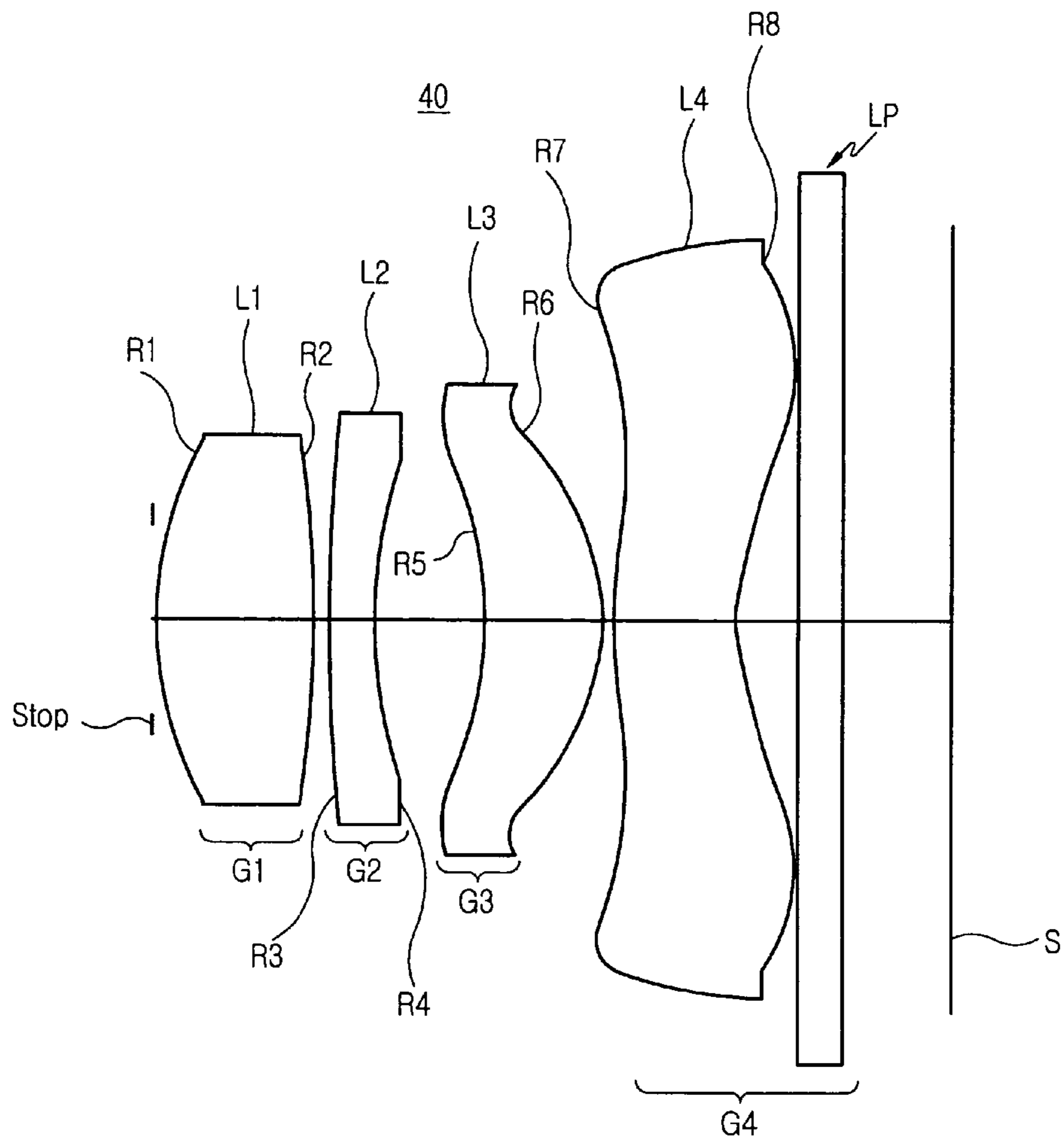


FIG.4

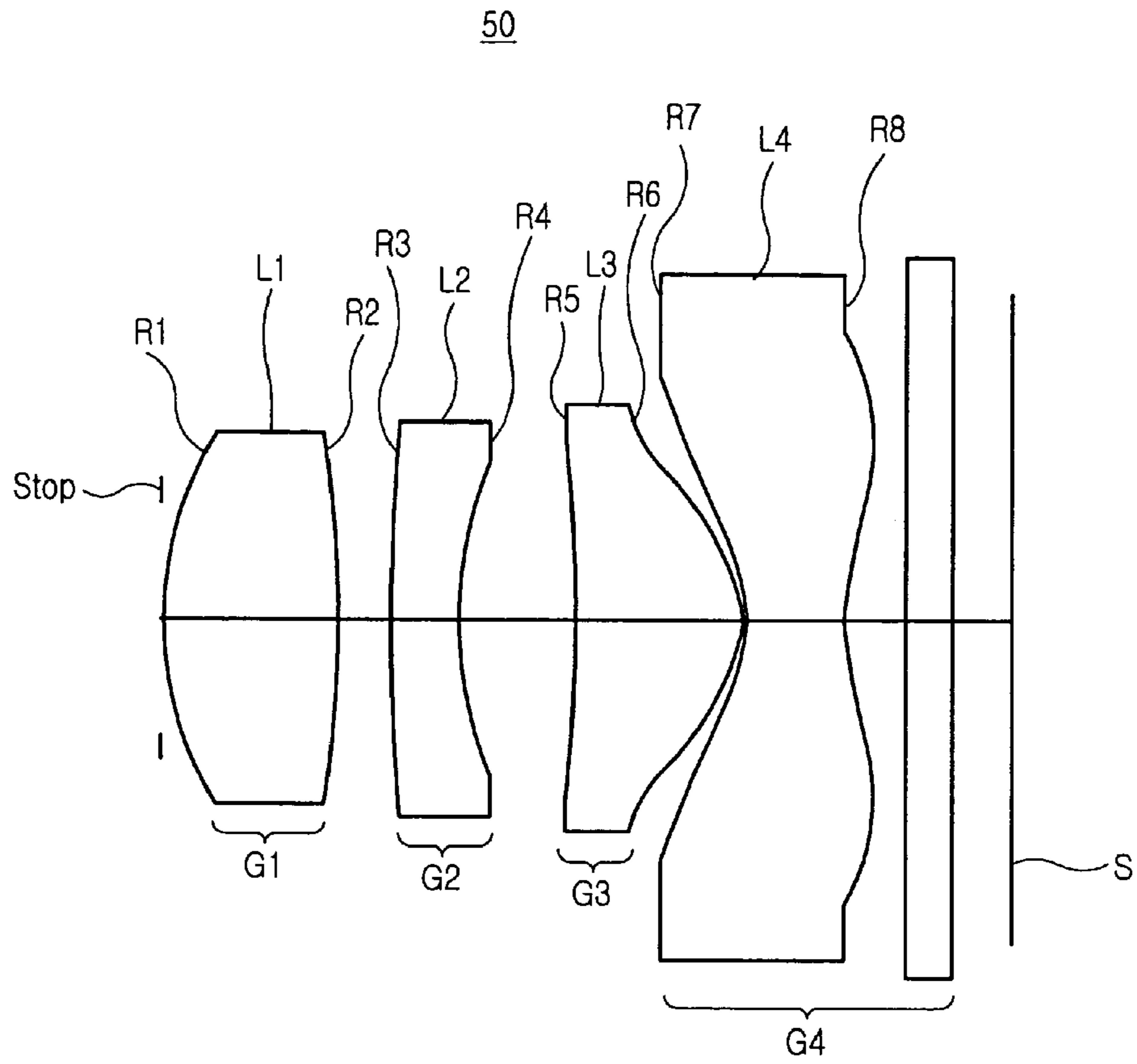


FIG.5

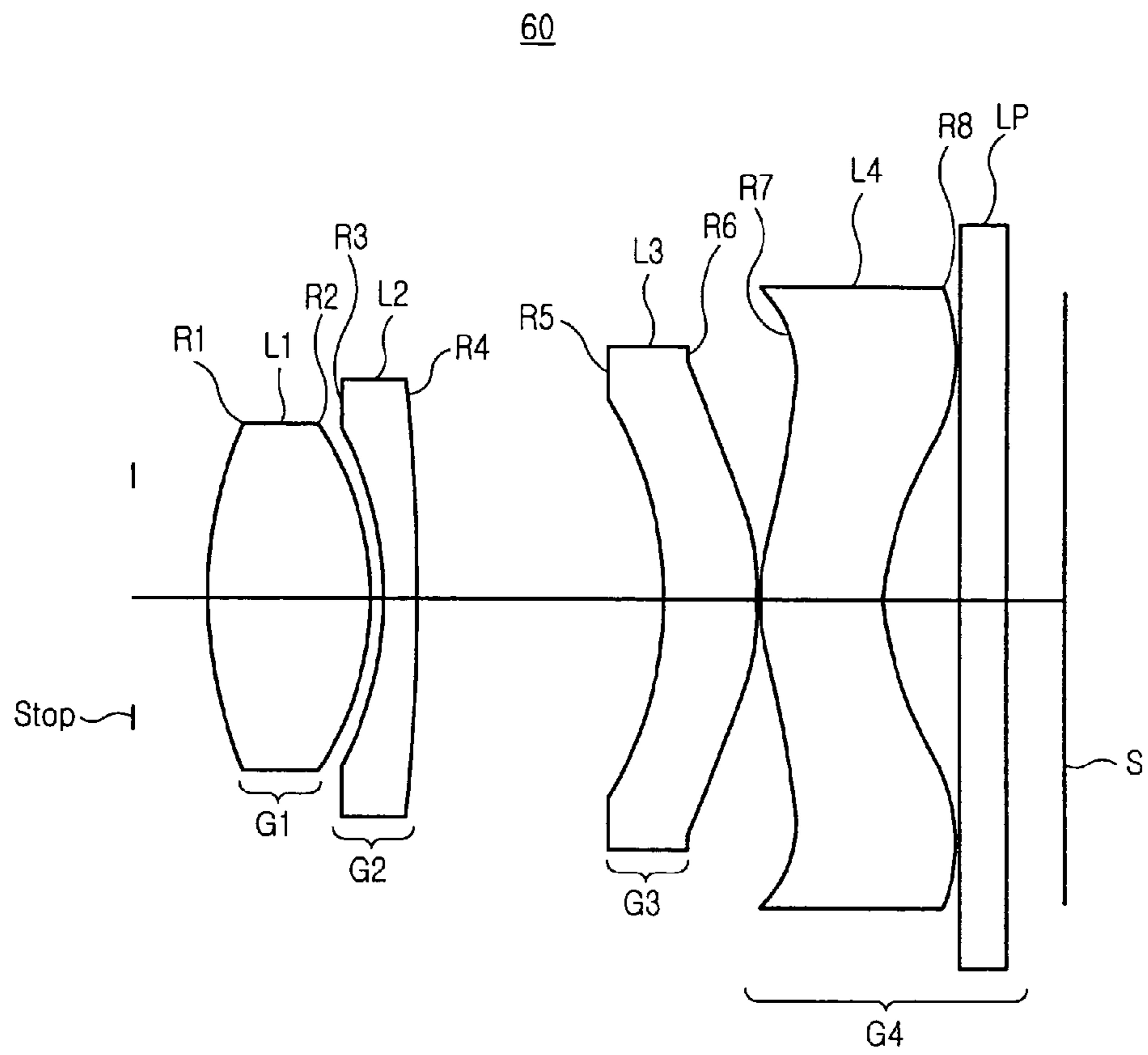


FIG.6

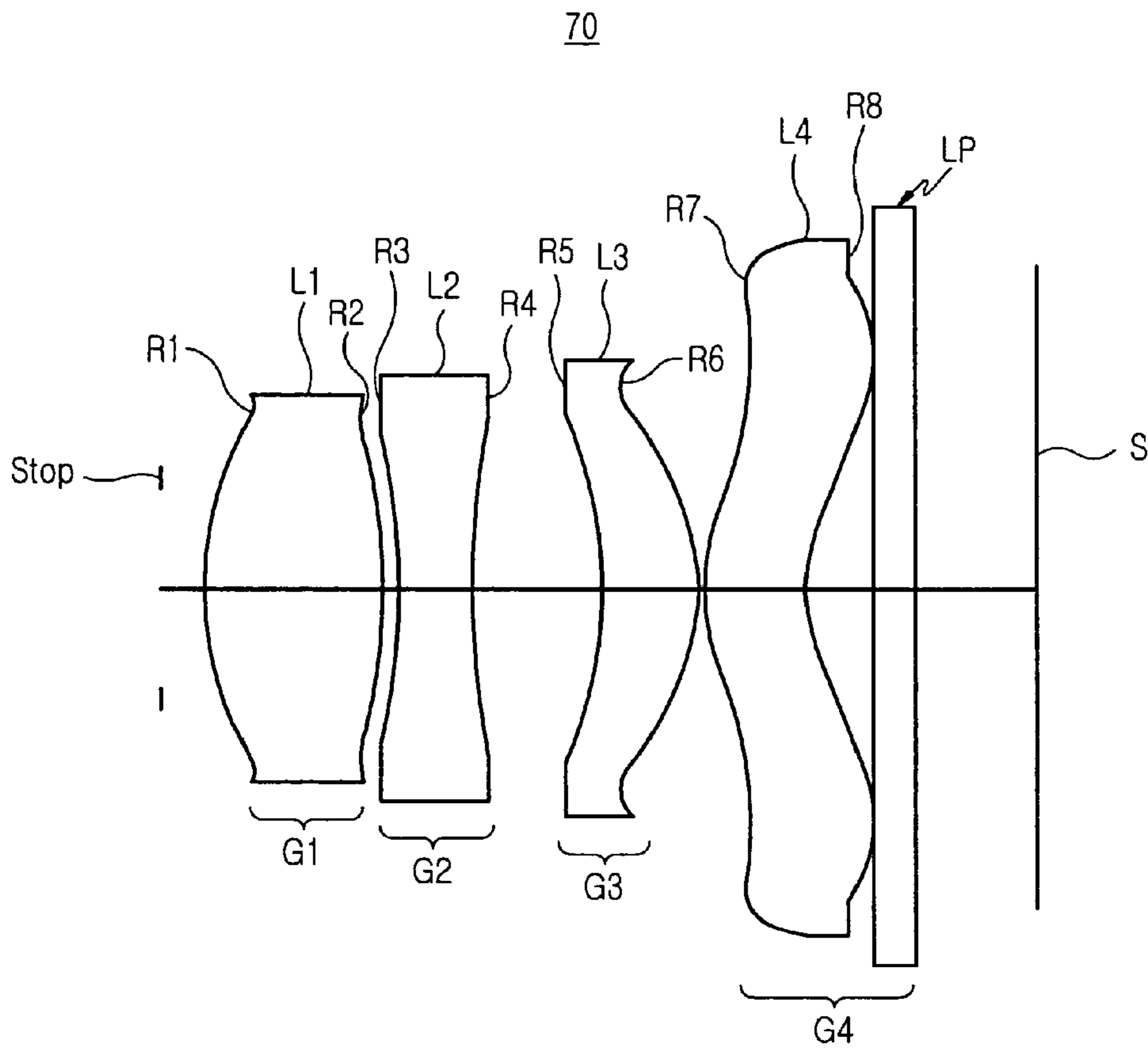


FIG.7



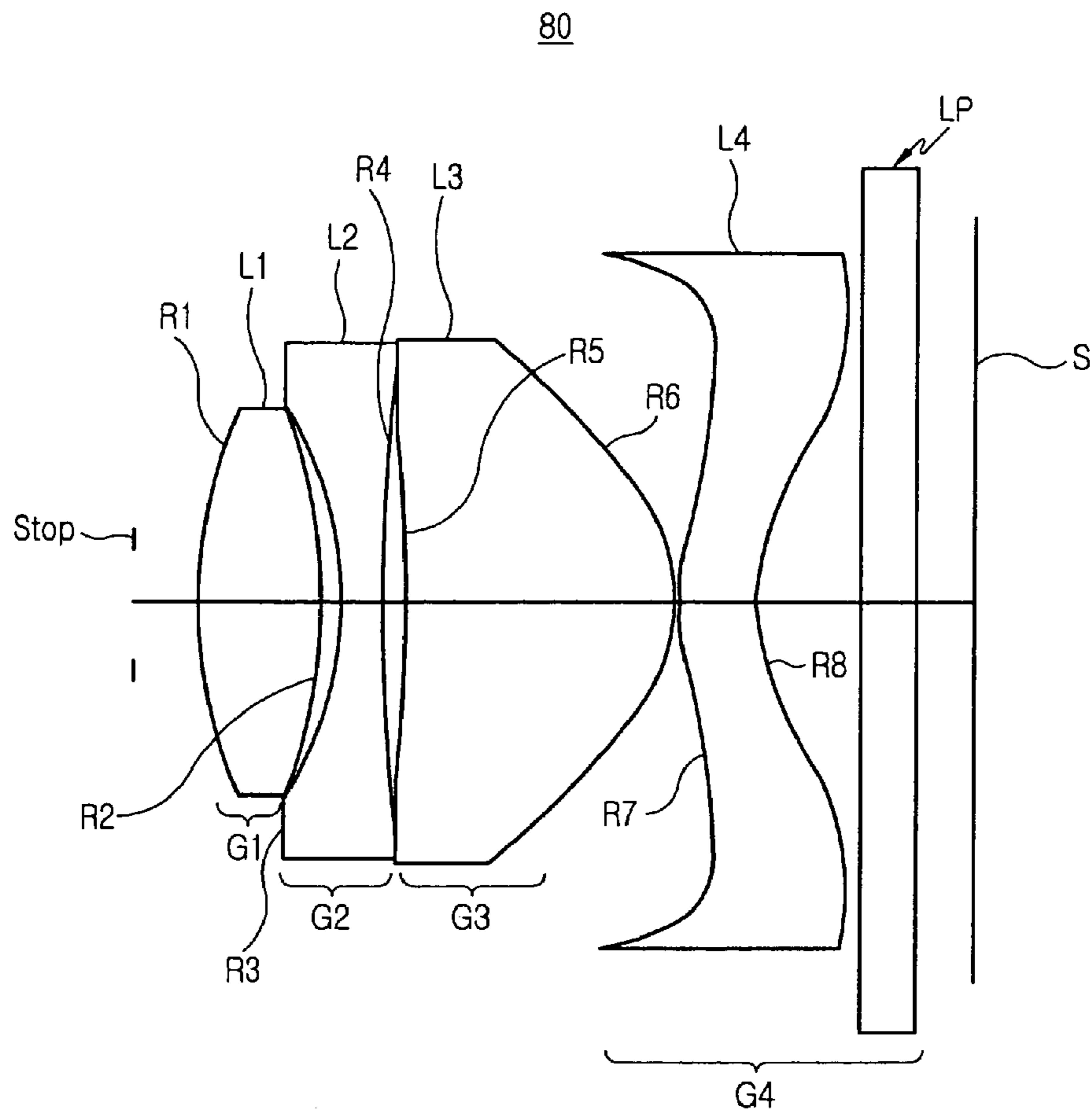


FIG.8

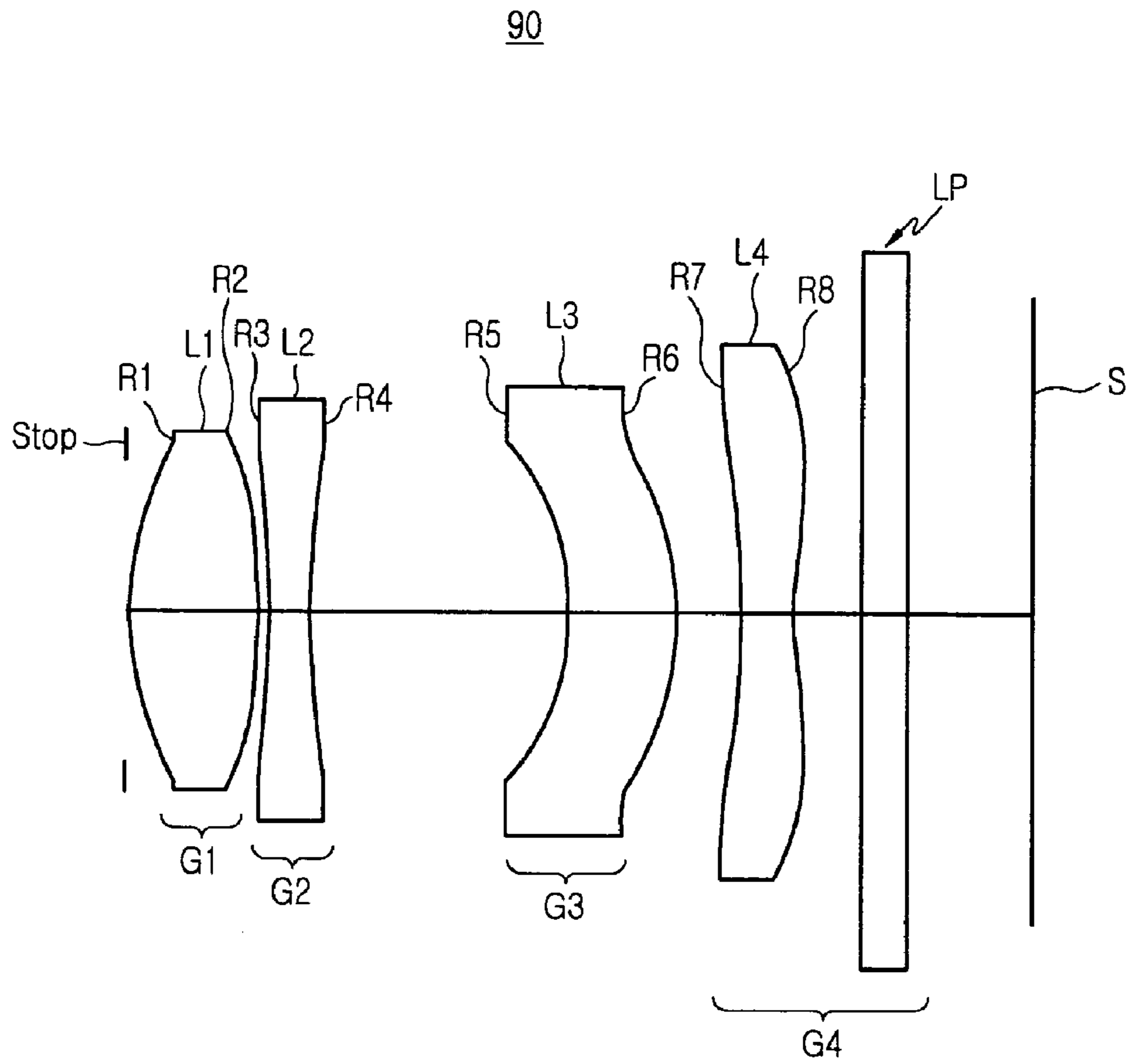


FIG.9

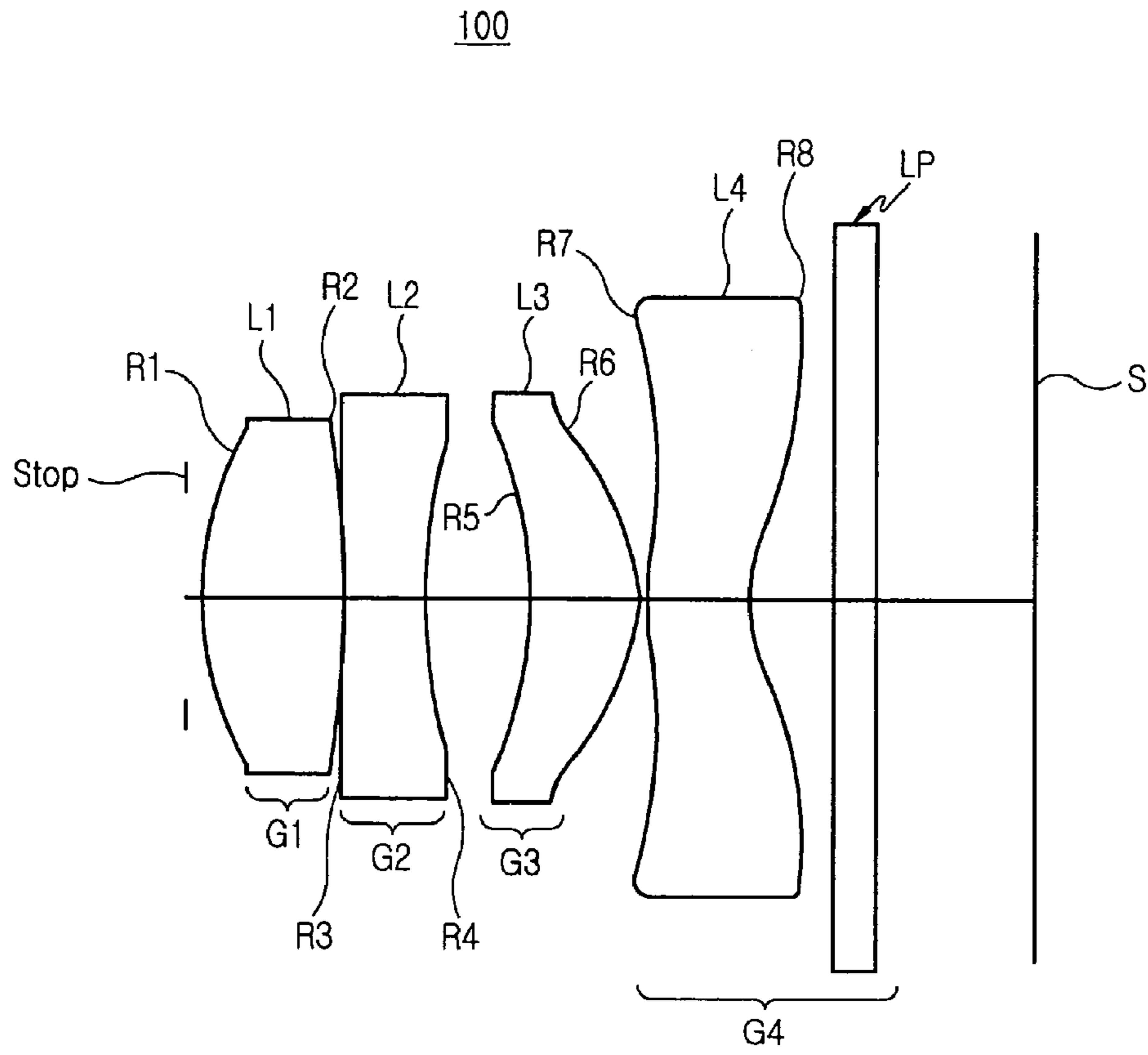


FIG.10

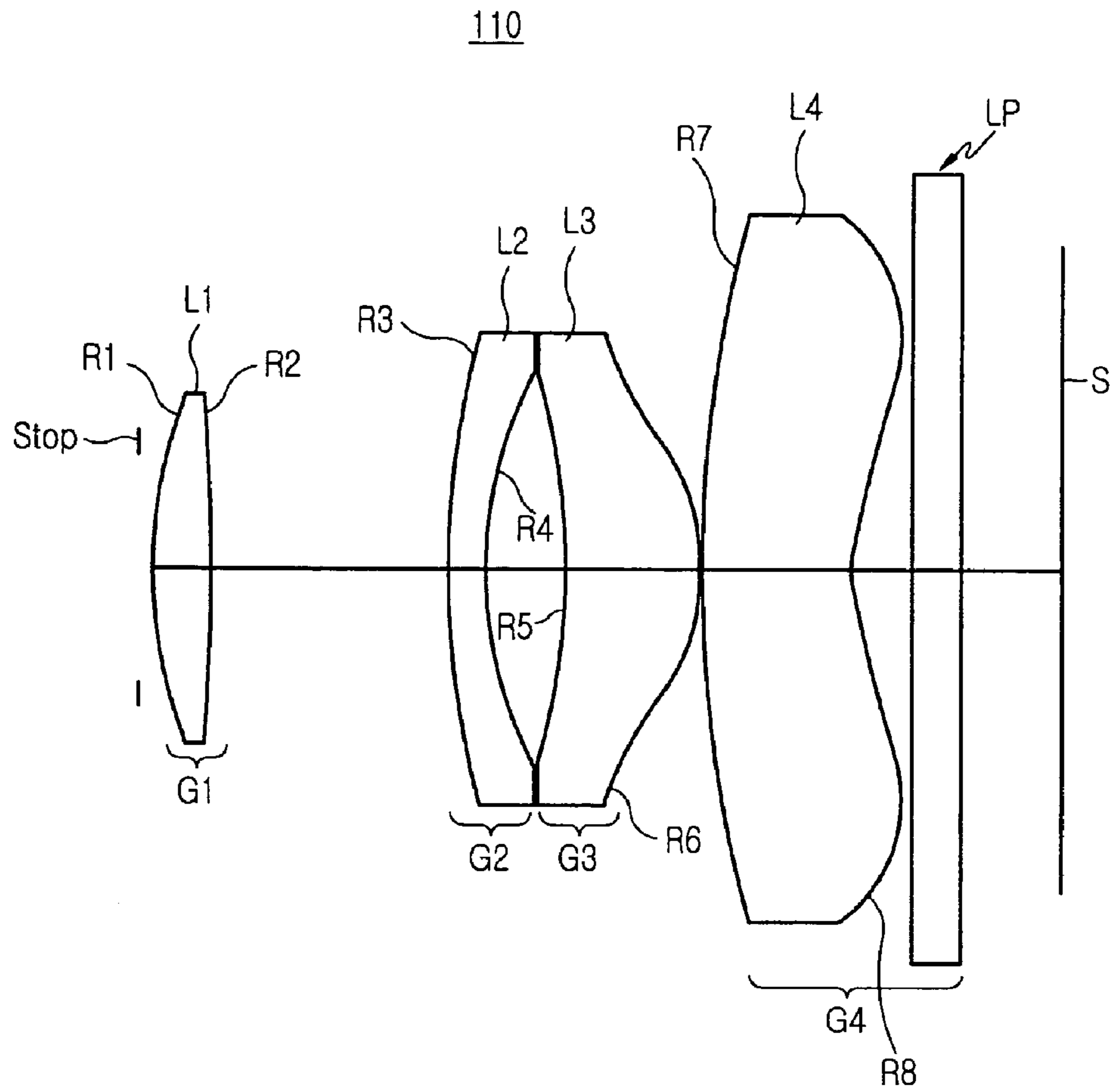


FIG. 11

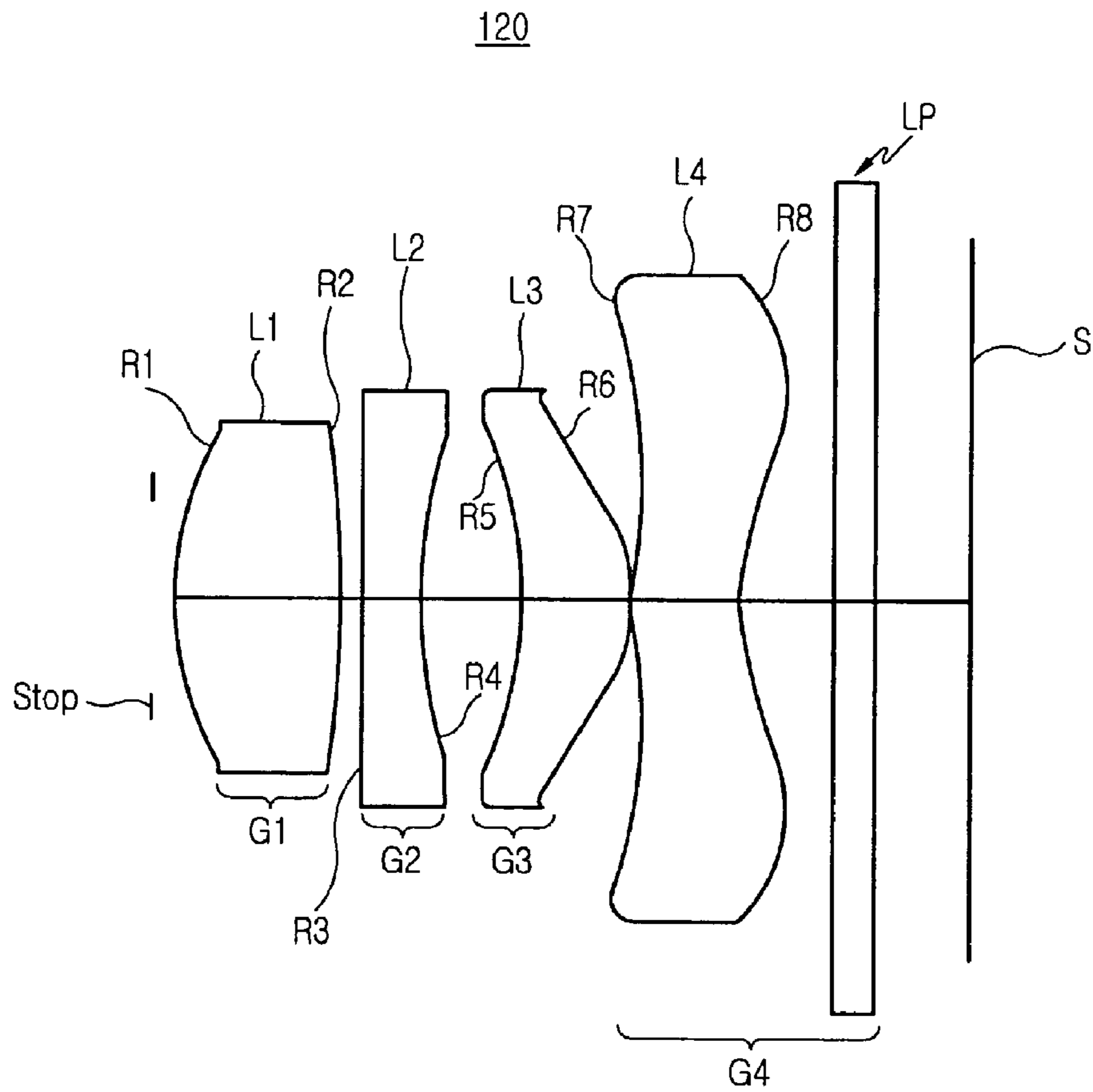


FIG.12

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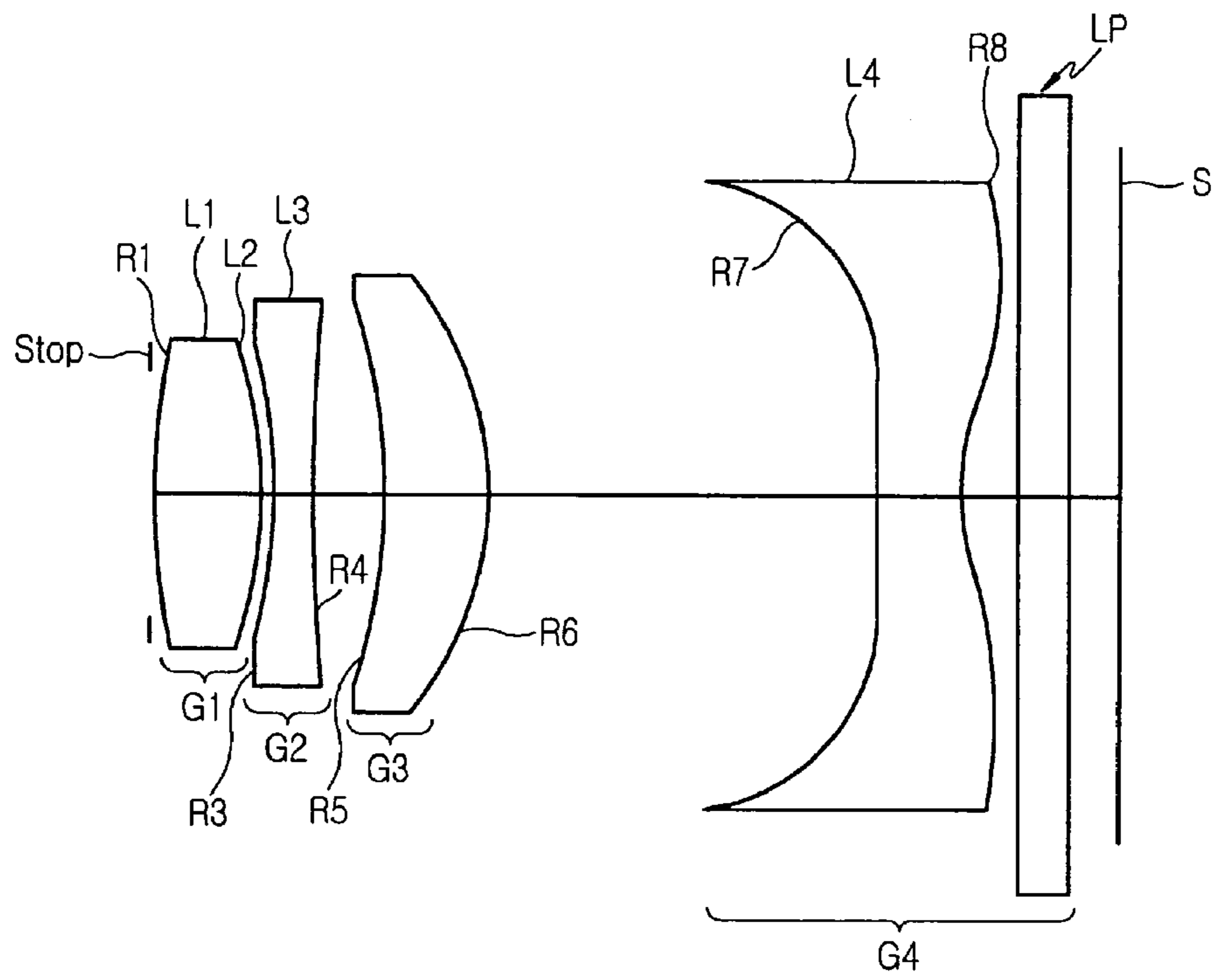


FIG.13

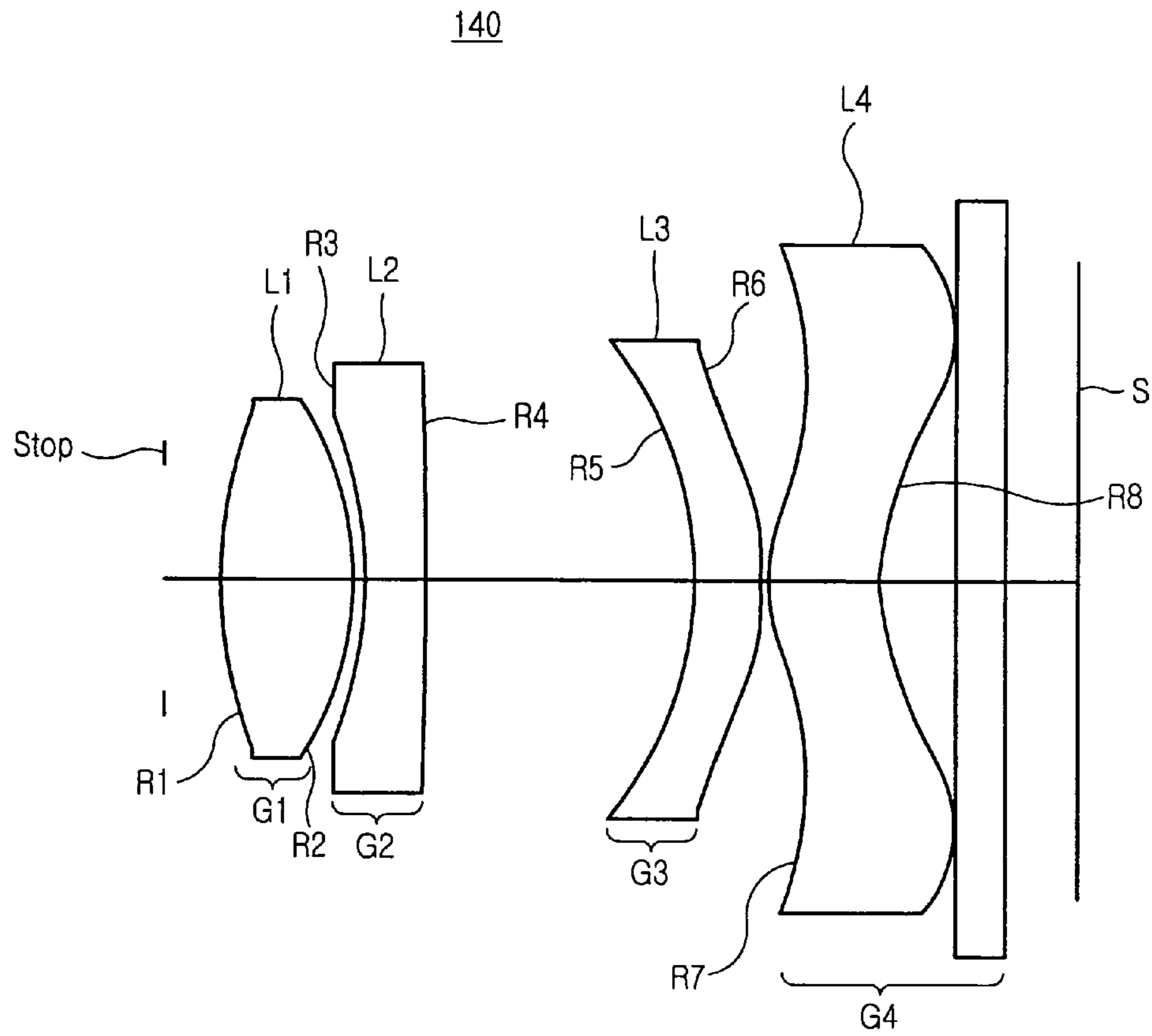


FIG.14

## OPTICAL IMAGING SYSTEM

Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [ ] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue.

## [CLAIM OF PRIORITY]

## CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to an application entitled "Optical Imaging System," filed with the Korean Intellectual Property Office on Jul. 7, 2005 and assigned Serial No. 2005-61174, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

*This application is a reissue application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/473,154, filed Jun. 21, 2006, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,466,497 on Dec. 16, 2008, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.*

## BACKGROUND [OF THE INVENTION]

## 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to an optical system, and more particularly to an optical system including multiple lens groups having a reduced volume.

## 2. Description of the Related Art

An optical imaging system includes imaging elements such as CCD imaging elements (charged coupled devices) or CMOS imaging elements (complimentary metal oxide semiconductors) and at least one lens group for use in various types of consumer products such as digital and monitoring cameras, personal computers, and the like.

The lens group typically includes at least one lens having undesirable aberration characteristics. These undesirable aberration characteristics are intrinsic to the lens and are generated due to the shape of the lens. The aberration characteristics can cause distortion of images in certain circumstances. Among the different type of aberrations, the spherical and coma aberrations, in particular, cannot be easily corrected and can cause image flares and other undesirable visual effects.

In order to solve problems caused by such lens aberrations, it has been previously proposed in the prior art to utilize a lens group including an aspheric lens for correcting the aberrations, or a thin film filter or an optical filter having a sharp surface which can restrict a portion of the light.

Further, recent developments in image devices for miniaturization and portability, for use in miniaturized optical imaging systems require mounting in the image devices.

Therefore, it would be desirable to have an improved optical imaging system that is miniaturized and whose optical characteristics exhibit minimal deterioration over time.

## SUMMARY [OF THE INVENTION]

Accordingly, the present invention has been made in view of the above-mentioned problems involved with the related art by providing an optical imaging system having a reduced volume and whose optical characteristics exhibit minimal deterioration over time.

One aspect of the present invention is to provide an optical imaging system including: a first lens group having a positive refractive power; a second lens group having a negative

refractive power; a third lens group having a positive or negative power; and a fourth lens group having a positive or negative power.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGS. 1 to 14 are views illustrating optical imaging systems according to particular embodiments of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Hereinafter, embodiments of the present invention will be described with reference to the accompanying drawings. In the following description of the present invention, a detailed description of known functions and configurations incorporated herein is omitted to avoid making the subject matter of the present invention unclear.

FIG. 1 is a view for illustrating an optical system according to one embodiment of the present invention. Referring to FIG. 1, an optical imaging system 10, according to the present embodiment includes an image sensor S capable of photoelectric conversion, a first lens group G1, closest to a subject and having a positive refractive power, a second lens group G2 having a negative refractive power, a third lens group G3 having a positive or negative refractive power, and a fourth lens group G4 having a positive or negative refractive power. The image sensor S is preferably embodied as a CCD or a CMOS imaging element, or the like.

Each of the first to fourth lens groups G1 to G4 can include an aspheric lens on at least one surface thereof. The fourth lens group G4 is located adjacently to the image sensor S, and a parallel flat glass LP can be disposed between the fourth lens group G4 and the image sensor S. The parallel flat glass LP is a thin film filter or an optical filter, and can function as an infrared absorption filter and the like.

The following formulas (1) to (5) illustrate the relationship between the [focus distances] *focal lengths* of the various lens groups G1 to G4 and the [focus distance] *focal length* of the optical imaging system 10.

The first lens group G1 includes at least one lens of a positive refractive power, and the optical imaging system 10 satisfies formula (1).

$$0.3 < \frac{f_1}{f} < 3.1 \quad (1)$$

In formula (1), f denotes the [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of the optical imaging system and  $f_1$  denotes the [focus distance] *focal length* of the first lens group.

The second lens group G2 includes at least one lens of a negative refractive power, and its [focus distance] *focal length* satisfies formula (2).

$$0.3 < \frac{|f_2|}{f} < 8.99 \quad (2)$$

In formula (2), f denotes the [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of the optical imaging system and  $f_2$  denotes the [focus distance] *focal length* of the second lens group.



The third lens group G3 includes at least one lens of a positive or negative refractive power, and its [focus distance] focal length can be set according to formula (3).

$$0.19 < \frac{|f_3|}{f} < \infty \quad (3)$$

In formula (3), f denotes the [synthetic focus distance] total focal length of the optical imaging system and  $f_3$  denotes the [focus distance] focal length of the third lens group.

The fourth lens group G4 includes at least one lens of a positive or negative refractive power, and its [focus distance] focal length can be set according to formula (4).

$$0.15 < \frac{|f_4|}{f} < \infty \quad (4)$$

In formula (4), f denotes the [synthetic focus distance] total focal length of the optical imaging system and  $f_4$  denotes the [focus distance] focal length of the second lens group.

The optical imaging system 10 satisfies formula (5).

$$0.45 < \frac{f}{\text{TTL}} < 1.01 \quad (5)$$

In formula (5), f denotes the [synthetic focus distance] total focal length of the optical imaging system and TTL denotes the distance from an iris surface to an imaging surface.

The optical imaging system 10 satisfies formula (6). The first and second lens groups G1 and G2 satisfy the optical axis direction size according to formula (6).

$$0 < \frac{d_1}{\text{TTL}} < 0.26 \quad (6)$$

In formula (6),  $d_1$  denotes a separated distance between the first lens group and the second lens group on the optical axis.

The third and fourth lens groups G3 and G4 satisfy the optical axis direction size according to formula (7).

$$0 < \frac{d_3}{\text{TTL}} < 0.40 \quad (7)$$

In formula (7),  $d_3$  denotes a separated distance between the third lens group and the fourth lens group on the optical axis.

The Abbe's numbers of the first and second lens groups G1 and G2 satisfy formula (8).

$$28.2 < v_1 - v_2 < 42.8 \quad (8)$$

In formula (8),  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  denote Abbe's numbers representing the [distribution] dispersion characteristics of the first and second lens groups respectively.

The aspheric definition equation can be defined by formula (9) below.

$$x = \frac{c^2 y^2}{1 + \sqrt{1 - (K+1)c^2 y^2}} + Ay^2 + By^6 + Cy^8 + Dy^{10} + Ey^{12} \quad (9)$$

In formula (9), x denotes the distance along the optical axis from the apex of the optical surface, y denotes the distance in the direction perpendicular to the optical axis, c denotes the curvature at the apex of the optical surface (the inverse of a curvature radius,  $c=1/r$ ), K denotes the conic coefficient, and A, B, C, D and E denote the aspheric coefficients.

The following Tables 1 to 3 represent the curvatures at the lens surfaces, the distances between the lenses, and the thicknesses of the lenses of the optical imaging systems according to embodiments of the present invention.

The distances indicated in the aperture rows represent the distance from the stops in each embodiment to the first lens group or the incidence surface of the first lens. Further, the distances of the [subject rows] objects are the distances from the [subjects] objects to the optical systems of the corresponding embodiments, and approach infinity in the curvature.

Further, the curvatures of the surfaces indicated in respective rows of Tables 1 to 3 represent the curvatures at the apices of the optical surfaces. In Tables 1 to 3, the second and third surfaces correspond to the surfaces of both the first lens of the first lens group, and the fourth and the fifth surfaces of the second lens. The sixth and seventh surfaces correspond to the third lens, and the eighth and ninth surfaces correspond to the fourth lens. The tenth and eleventh surfaces correspond to both surfaces of the thin film filter or the optical filter, and the [upper] image surface corresponds to the sensor.

TABLE 1

	Embodiment 1		Embodiment 2		Embodiment 3	
	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance
[Subject] Object	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
[Aperture] Stop	$\infty$	0.097	$\infty$	0.158	$\infty$	0.118
2;R1	2.308	1.17	1.90143	1.174	3.27233	1.100
3;R2	-6.369	0.14	-1.20746	0.050	4.67332	0.103
4;R3	-396.532	0.5357	-1.74939	0.363658	3.28408	0.671321
5;R4	3.85393	0.8800640	4.33678	0.626369	2.76273	0.32772
6;R5	-2.81024	0.801423	-2.16510	1.200	-9.54821	0.900
7;R6	-1.30844	0.108171	-1.54462	0.959357	-1.66438	0.035965
8;R7	2.78412	0.798390	22.78452	0.643246	2.38024	0.750438
9;R8	1.10058	0.6	2.80755	0.300	1.31748	1.200
10 <sup>th</sup> surface	$\infty$	0.3	$\infty$	0.300	$\infty$	0.345836
11 <sup>th</sup> surface	$\infty$	0.594705	$\infty$	0.78896	$\infty$	1.808969
[Upper] Image surface	$\infty$	-0.004867	$\infty$	-0.060517	$\infty$	-0.024762

TABLE 1-continued

	Embodiment 4		Embodiment 5	
	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance
[Subject] Object	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
[Aperture] Stop	$\infty$	0.030	$\infty$	0.0594
2;R1	2.31076	1.066	2.9744	1.500
3;R2	-7.4386	0.10	-8.7847	0.4669
4;R3	13.09940	0.300	19.62274	0.6000
5;R4	3.44803	0.74667	3.68254	1.020392
6;R5	-2.37523	0.797763	49.3243	1.500
7;R6	-1.17766	0.061159	-0.6061	0.3000
8;R7	2.7701	0.813576	-0.9404	0.8410
9;R8	1.10025	0.420	1.3115	0.5333
10 <sup>th</sup> surface	$\infty$	0.300	$\infty$	0.400
11 <sup>th</sup> surface	$\infty$	0.729	$\infty$	0.552
[Upper] Image surface	$\infty$	-0.001979	$\infty$	-0.0229

TABLE 2

	Embodiment 6		Embodiment 7		Embodiment 8		Embodiment 9		Embodiment 10	
	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance
[Subject] Object	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
[Aperture] Stop	$\infty$	0.6476	$\infty$	0.3463	$\infty$	0.4555	$\infty$	0.030	$\infty$	0.112
2 <sup>nd</sup> surface	3.13902	1.4131	2.66332	1.5000	3.25081	0.8732	2.68778	1.151	2.32028	1.0409
3 <sup>rd</sup> surface	-3.0951	0.1000	-3.9930	0.1323	-3.4043	0.1458	-6.9943	0.100	-6.2290	0.000
4 <sup>th</sup> surface	-3.2023	0.3000	-5.3522	0.6000	-2.6909	0.3000	-12.169	[0.339] 0.359	-40.0905	0.600
5 <sup>th</sup> surface	-17.430	2.1265	8.06170	1.0825	17.0230	0.1621	8.28938	2.268	4.30201	0.758760
6 <sup>th</sup> surface	-2.5800	0.8000	-1.9343	0.8000	-13.170	1.9366	-3.1380	0.958	-2.3804	0.800
7 <sup>th</sup> surface	-2.9025	0.0300	-1.6944	0.0300	-1.0714	0.0300	-2.2201	0.571	-1.18271	0.050
8 <sup>th</sup> surface	1.6766	1.0510	1.43882	0.8278	2.07137	0.5406	-46.094	0.439512	2.97821	0.759082
9 <sup>th</sup> surface	1.280758	0.6575	1.13450	0.5683	1.00140	0.7500	3.15688	0.635425	1.14396	0.60000
10 <sup>th</sup> surface	$\infty$	0.3999	$\infty$	0.3384	$\infty$	0.3999	$\infty$	0.400	$\infty$	0.300
11 <sup>th</sup> surface	$\infty$	0.5012	$\infty$	1.0033	$\infty$	0.3940	$\infty$	1.087873	$\infty$	1.15
[Upper] Image surface	$\infty$	-0.001	$\infty$	-0.0033	$\infty$	0.0115	$\infty$	-0.0026	$\infty$	+0.001717

TABLE 3

	Embodiment 11		Embodiment 12		Embodiment 13		Embodiment 14	
	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance
[Subject] Object	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
[Aperture] Stop	$\infty$	0.122343	$\infty$	0.172863	$\infty$	0.0300	$\infty$	0.480264
2 <sup>nd</sup> surface	3.87998	0.490300	2.31854	1.219838	4.41591	0.81255	3.01153	1.10000
3 <sup>rd</sup> surface	-20.7340	2.001108	-6.32101	0.159417	-5.0714	0.1000	-3.45345	0.10000
4 <sup>th</sup> surface	7.75795	0.300000	-302.670	0.427352	-4.568	0.3000	-3.57593	0.50000
5 <sup>th</sup> surface	3.60180	0.672147	3.93461	0.742239	17.81786	0.55615	-25.0277	2.23581
6 <sup>th</sup> surface	-5.48009	1.123412	-2.26332	0.80000	-10.2402	0.8000	-2.62654	0.54408
7 <sup>th</sup> surface	-1.75190	0.03000	-1.16737	0.000	-3.2556	2.9643	-2.8477	0.08336

TABLE 3-continued

	Embodiment 11		Embodiment 12		Embodiment 13		Embodiment 14	
	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance	Curvature radius ([c] r)	Distance
8 <sup>th</sup> surface	4.24622	1.243467	2.65978	0.796021	6.79551	0.7000	1.58235	0.88966
9 <sup>th</sup> surface	1.69995	0.53333	1.10575	0.70000	2.49781	0.4000	1.22608	0.63848
10 <sup>th</sup> surface	∞	0.399997	∞	0.3000	∞	0.4000	∞	0.39999
11 <sup>th</sup> surface	∞	0.85132	∞	0.69052	∞	0.3855	∞	0.60000
[Upper] Image surface	∞	-0.0126	∞	0.005756	∞	-0.0054	∞	-0.00001

## Embodiment 1

The aspheric surfaces of the lenses constituting the optical imaging system according to the first embodiment are as presented in Table 4. The spherical surfaces and other conditions are as indicated in Table 1. The aspheric surfaces can be determined according to formula (9). The optical imaging system 10 according to the first embodiment includes a first lens group G1 having a positive refractive power, a second

15 fourth lens L4 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.52996 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens L4. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is separated from the fourth lens L4 by 0.6 mm, and the thickness thereof is 0.3 mm.

TABLE 4

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.293462	-0.500119E-02	0.174440E-01	-0.454965E-01	0.46924E-01	-0.195854E-01
3(R2)	-9.260888	-0.800894E-02	-0.853100E-02	-0.490518E-02	-0.122591E-02	0.122831E-03
4(R3)	106224.0635	-0.120921E-01	-0.705929E-02	-0.207145E-02	-0.161995E-03	-0.210957E-03
5(R4)	0.365689	0.749905E-03	0.131150E-02	0.778014E-04	-0.121719E-03	0.572661E-03
6(R5)	-24.431171	-0.672890E-01	0.18948E-01	0.961734E-02	-0.435003E-02	0.806518E-03
7(R6)	-2.571360	-0.335648E-01	-0.109854E-01	0.181423E-01	-0.489429E-02	0.747733E-03
8(R7)	-17.862211	-0.795409E-01	0.310568E-01	-0.553846E-02	0.730076E-04	0.544935E-04
9(R8)	-4.629831	-0.533642E-01	0.17364E-01	-0.392400E-02	0.440467E-03	-0.212501E-04

lens group G2 having a negative refractive power, a third lens group G3 having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group G4 having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The stop is located on the incidence side of the optical imaging system 10, and the [introduced] incident light is output to the first lens group G1. The stop is used to regulate the amount of the light introduced into the optical imaging system 10, and is separated from the first lens group G1 by 0.097005 mm.

The first lens group G1 includes a first lens L1 which outputs the light [introduced] incident through the stop to the second lens group G2. The first lens L1 includes second and third surfaces R1 and R2 which are aspheric, formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8. The thickness of the first lens L1 is 1.170132 mm. Note that the first surface designates the [irisi] stop.

The second lens group G2 includes a second lens L2 having a refractive index of 1.7552 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.53. The second lens L2 has fourth and fifth surfaces R3 and R4 which are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the second lens group G2 is separated from the first lens L1 by 0.14 mm, and the center of the curvature is located on the optical axis.

The third lens group G3 includes a third lens L3. Both surfaces R5 and R6 of the third lens L3 are aspheric. The third lens L3 is separated from the second lens L2 by 0.088064 mm, and has a thickness of 0.801423 mm. The third lens L3 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.52996 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The fourth lens group G4 includes a fourth lens L4. Both surfaces R7 and R8 of the fourth lens L4 are aspheric. The

## Embodiment 2

The optical imaging system 20 according to the second embodiment includes a first lens group G1 having a positive refractive power, a second lens group G2 having a negative refractive power, a third lens group G3 having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group G4 having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter (LP).

The first lens group G1 includes a first lens L1, both surfaces R1 and R2 of which are aspheric. The thickness of the first lens L1 is 1.174399 mm. The first lens L1 is separated from the stop by 0.158423 mm.

The second lens group G2 includes a second lens L2 having a refractive index of 1.7552 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.53, and the second lens L2 has fourth and fifth surfaces R3 and R4 which are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the second lens L2 is separated from the first lens L1 by 0.05 mm, and has a thickness of 0.363658 mm.

The third lens group G3 includes a third lens L3. Both surfaces R5 and R6 of the third lens L3 are aspheric. The third lens L3 is separated from the second lens L2 by 0.626369 mm, and has a thickness of 1.200 mm. The third lens L3 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.52996 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The fourth lens group G4 includes a fourth lens L4. Both surfaces R7 and R8 of the fourth lens L4 are aspheric. The fourth lens L4 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.52996 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens L4.

The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is separated from the fourth lens L4 by 0.3 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first to fourth lenses according to the second embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 5 according to formula (9).

TABLE 5

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.257713	-0.515708E-02	0.209747E-01	-0.505970E-01	0.447308E-01	-0.188477E-01
3(R2)	-18.708087	-0.1032054E-01	-0.105518E-01	-0.865314E-02	-0.272928E-02	0.123342E-03
4(R3)	-43.346401	-0.181606E-01	-0.384568E-02	0.397337E-03	-0.676785E-03	-0.185398E-02
5(R4)	-0.927369	-0.184534E-02	0.328550E-01	0.145702E-01	-0.330705E-02	0.451156E-03
6(R5)	1.000662	-0.114554E+00	0.213009E-01	0.28671E-01	0.193745E-02	-0.723361E-02
7(R6)	-1.421093	-0.372122E-01	-0.953273E-02	0.172586E-01	-0.507483E-02	0.456643E-03
8(R7)	-2680755.274	-0.776437E-01	0.326426E-01	-0.516378E-02	0.139662E-03	0.354080E-05
9(R8)	-8.098312	-0.608029E-01	0.173038E-01	-0.354982E-02	0.459123E-03	-0.308217E-04

## Embodiment 3

The optical imaging system 30 according to the third embodiment includes a first lens group G1 having a positive refractive power, a second lens group G2 having a negative refractive power, a third lens group G3 having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group G4 having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group G1 includes a first lens L1, both surfaces R1 and R2 of which are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the thickness of the first lens L1 is 1.10000 mm. The first lens L1 is separated from the stop by [0.18539] 0.118 mm.

The second lens group G2 includes a second lens L2 having a refractive index of 1.7552 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.53. The second lens L2 has fourth and fifth surfaces R3 and R4 which are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the second lens L2 is separated from the first lens L1 by 0.103084 mm, and the thickness thereof is 0.671321 mm.

The third lens group G3 includes a third lens L3. Both surfaces R5 and R6 of the third lens L3 are aspheric. The third lens L3 is separated from the second lens L2 by 0.327722 mm, and has a thickness of 0.9 mm. The third lens L3 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.48749 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 70.4058.

The fourth lens group G4 includes a fourth lens L4. Both surfaces R7 and R8 of the fourth lens L4 are aspheric. The fourth lens L4 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.516799 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 56.3954. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens L4. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is separated from the fourth lens L4 by 1.2 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first to fourth lenses according to the third embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 6 according to formula (9).

TABLE 6

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-1.835982	-0.540163E-02	0.375499E-02	-0.142352E-01	0.131732E-01	-0.519886E-02
3(R2)	-41.048843	-0.229191E-02	-0.938832E-02	0.209185E-02	0.433396E-02	-0.111937E-02
4(R3)	-11.973390	-0.112168E-01	-0.268986E-02	-0.187660E-03	0.394245E-03	-0.289163E-03
5(R4)	-1.905279	-0.658295E-02	0.186594E-03	-0.748272E-03	-0.467662E-03	0.229792E-04
6(R5)	-276.330987	-0.708063E-2	0.914221E-02	0.288806E-02	-0.131006E-02	-0.158700E-03
7(R6)	-3.139053	-0.110843E-01	-0.336114E-02	0.786618E-02	-0.901802E-03	0.284397E-03
8(R7)	-1.570846	-0.495767E-01	0.157197E-01	-0.238177E-02	0.155217E-04	0.480583E-04
9(R8)	-3.484978	-0.155739E-01	0.599301E-01	-0.140844E-02	0.125464E-03	0.154242E-04

## Embodiment 4

The optical imaging system 40 according to the fourth embodiment includes a first lens group G1 having a positive refractive power, a second lens group G2 having a negative

refractive power, a third lens group G3 having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group G4 having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group G1 includes a first lens L1, both surfaces R1 and R2 of which are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the thickness of the first lens L1 is [1.16687] 1.066 mm. The first lens L1 is separated from the stop by 0.03 mm. The first lens L1 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.531449 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 66.1381.

The second lens group G2 includes a second lens L2 having a refractive index of 1.671174 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 32.0197. The fourth and fifth surfaces R3 and R4 of the second lens L2 are spherical. Referring to Table 1, the second lens L2 is separated from the first lens L1 by 0.102841 mm, and the thickness thereof is 0.3 mm.

The third lens group G3 includes a third lens L3. Both surfaces R5 and R6 of the third lens L3 are aspheric. The third lens L3 is separated from the second lens L2 by 0.746673 mm, and has a thickness of [0.9] 0.797763 mm. The third lens L3 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.532928 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 66.015.

The fourth lens group G4 includes a fourth lens L4. Eighth and ninth surfaces R7 and R8 of the fourth lens L4 are aspheric. The fourth lens L4 is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.545534 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 65.0098. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens L4. The thin film filter or the optical filter LP is separated from the fourth lens L4 by 0.420622 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the fourth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 7 according to formula (9).

TABLE 7

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.414786	-0.681554E-02	0.202808E-01	-0.458051E-01	0.486110E-01	-0.192443E-01
3(R2)	-47.977483	0.753038E-03	-0.494574E-03	-0.938500E-03	-0.477371E-03	0.427775E-03
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-15.896356	-0.668718E-1	0.195572E-01	0.949661E-02	-0.450552E-02	0.799452E-03
7(R6)	-2.447435	-0.355564E-01	-0.106736E-01	0.187415E-01	-0.453123E-02	0.913004E-03
8(R7)	-13.319650	-0.816238E-01	0.306218E-01	-0.557765E-02	0.732077E-04	0.574664E-04
9(R8)	-4.692781	-0.568388E-01	0.179127E-01	-0.392127E-02	0.437571E-03	-0.21894E-04

## Embodiment 5

The optical imaging system **50** according to the fifth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1** in which both surfaces **R1** and **R2** are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.5 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.059478 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.533230 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 65.9899.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.755201 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 27.5795. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 1, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.466939 mm, and the thickness thereof is 0.6 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 1.020392 mm, and has a thickness of 1.5 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.526846 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 53.030473.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.537416 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 50.1447. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.533392 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the fifth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 8 according to formula (9).

TABLE 8

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.394400	-0.272171E-02	0.416066E-02	-0.607051E-02	0.380128E-02	-0.863417E-03
3(R2)	-24.090048	-0.412473E-03	0.555552E-03	-0.275809E-03	-0.176666E-03	0.988739E-04
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	276.291590	-0.271502E-1	-0.329418E-02	0.106440E-02	-0.323744E-03	0.428169E-04
7(R6)	-3.116597	-0.205921E-01	-0.130529E-02	0.278790E-02	-0.318606E-03	0.358108E-04
8(R7)	-6.168567	-0.189375E-01	0.732132E-02	-0.780195E-03	0.685421E-05	0.328986E-05
9(R8)	-15.211827	-0.200112E-01	0.342095E-02	-0.566744E-03	0.330318E-04	-0.670599E-06

## Embodiment 6

The optical imaging system **60** according to the sixth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1** in which both surfaces **R1** and **R2** are aspheric. Referring to Table 2, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.413171 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.647673 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 55.8.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.755201 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 27.5795. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 2, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.1 mm. The second lens **L2** has a thickness of [0.6] 0.3 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 2.126507 mm, and has a thickness of 0.8 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.675133 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 49.8062.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.52996 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs the light passed through the fourth lens **L4**, with the light partially restricted. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.657592 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the sixth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 9 according to formula (9).

TABLE 9

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.519080	-0.306884E-02	0.210023E-02	-0.511064E-02	0.297608E-02	-0.933653E-03
3(R2)	-1.903494	-0.119853E-01	-0.166943E-02	-0.779414E-03	0.297154E-03	-0.211494E-03
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-23.161960	-0.342151E-01	0.297570E-02	0.127086E-02	-0.331654E-03	-0.115883E-05
7(R6)	-2.184987	-0.101073E-01	-0.928938E-03	0.229837E-02	-0.435484E-03	0.286609E-04
8(R7)	-6.252505	-0.387574E-01	0.750058E-02	-0.666702E-03	0.344665E-05	0.497617E-06
9(R8)	-3.730467	-0.209098E-01	0.387332E-02	-0.561418E-03	0.327093E-04	-0.126355E-05

## Embodiment 7

The optical imaging system **70** according to the seventh embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens **L1** are aspheric. Referring to Table 2, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.5 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.346363 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.755201 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.5795. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 2, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.132395 mm. The second lens has a thickness of 0.6 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 1.082514 mm, and has a thickness of 0.8 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.52996 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.581283 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 62.5343. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.568307 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the seventh preferred embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 10 according to formula (9).

## Embodiment 8

The optical imaging system **80** according to the eighth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens **L1** are aspheric. Referring to Table 2, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 0.873219 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.455563 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.618194 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 60.4374.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.755201 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.5795. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 2, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.145862 mm. The second lens has a thickness of 0.3 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 0.162161 mm, and has a thickness of 1.936693 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.62041 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 60.3236.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.755201 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.5795. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light passed through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.7553392 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the fifth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 11 according to formula (9).

TABLE 10

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.225057	-0.331040E-02	0.124863E-01	-0.182585E-01	0.133184E-01	-0.345182E-02
3(R2)	-8.046311	-0.167705E-02	0.328944E-02	-0.511098E-03	-0.598276E-04	0.289249E-03
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-16.247560	-0.465774E-01	0.113697E-01	0.484777E-02	-0.139992E-02	0.124383E-03
7(R6)	-1.681469	-0.201264E-01	-0.355531E-02	0.780629E-02	-0.305484E-04	0.221913E-03
8(R7)	-3.679745	-0.597223E-01	0.166450E-01	-0.222994E-02	0.305484E-04	0.102808E-04
9(R8)	-3.208375	-0.436003E-01	0.103498E-01	-0.174130E-02	0.143919E-03	-0.563246E-05

TABLE 11

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-1.191537	-0.688942E-02	0.45124E-02	-0.510228E-02	0.398074E-02	-0.101575E-02
3(R2)	-18.472343	-0.122184E-01	-0.263919E-03	0.484905E-03	-0.122042E-03	-0.255869E-03
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-131.77000	-0.157791E-01	0.64132E-02	0.126895E-02	-0.440931E-03	-0.131678E-04
7(R6)	-1.874970	-0.219439E-01	-0.444306E-02	0.215012E-02	-0.346726E-03	0.643482E-04
8(R7)	-2.843204	-0.606407E-01	0.869752E-02	0.885038E-04	0.256944E-04	-0.27499E-04
9(R8)	-2.494280	-0.463456E-01	0.597186E-02	-0.418213E-03	0.361972E-04	-0.371985E-05

## Embodiment 9

The optical imaging system **90** according to the ninth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** are aspheric. Referring to Table 2, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.151183 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.03 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.544806 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 65.0658.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.730603 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 29.7565. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 2, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.1 mm. The second lens has a thickness of 0.359346 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 2.268589 mm, and has a thickness of 0.958835 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.581703 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 41.1859.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.590309 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 61.9836. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.635425 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the ninth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 12 according to formula (9).

## Embodiment 10

The optical imaging system **100** according to the tenth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens are aspheric. Referring to Table 2, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.040923 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.112233 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 55.8.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.75520 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 27.5305. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 2, the center portion of the second lens **L2** makes contact with the center of the first lens **L1**, and the thickness thereof is 0.6 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 0.75876 mm, and has a thickness of 0.8 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 55.8.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] *dispersion constant* of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.6 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the tenth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 3 according to formula (9).

TABLE 12

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.430373	-0.390591E-02	0.392143E-02	-0.677606E-02	0.349668E-02	-0.844170E-03
3(R2)	-1.343031	-0.390591E-02	-0.221724E-02	-0.442053E-03	0.325453E-04	-0.124565E-03
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-7.614910	-0.468815E-01	0.861470E-03	0.504936E-03	-0.657574E-03	0.716095E-04
7(R6)	-4.320744	-0.814544E-02	-0.177486E-02	0.246353E-02	-0.378555E-03	0.360668E-04
8(R7)	-3006.0608	-0.313430E-01	0.768252E-02	-0.638911E-03	0.198217E-04	0.177158E-06
9(R8)	-14.736676	-0.325749E-01	0.463409E-02	-0.543938E-03	0.288680E-03	0.146074E-06

TABLE 13

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.243705	-0.472572E-02	0.208724E-01	-0.465959E-01	0.472830E-01	-0.179069E-01
3(R2)	-35.906408	-0.733648E-03	0.135638E-02	-0.206406E-03	-0.275201E-03	-0.584975E-04
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-15.792759	-0.660694E-01	0.201054E-01	0.975285E-02	-0.440095E-02	0.84255E-03
7(R6)	-2.490058	-0.354334E-01	-0.109024E-01	0.185847E-01	-0.460071E-02	0.887947E-03
8(R7)	-17.989764	-0.827253E-01	0.309534E-01	-0.550268E-02	0.881897E-04	0.596575E-04
9(R8)	-5.078902	-0.565618E-01	0.183829E-01	-0.389874E-02	0.438295E-03	-0.216645E-04

## Embodiment 11

The optical imaging system **50** according to the eleventh embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens **L1** are aspheric. Referring to Table 3, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is [1.4903] 0.4903 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.122343 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.75520 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.5305. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are aspheric. Referring to Table 3, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 2.001108 mm. The second lens has a thickness of 0.3 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 0.672147 mm, and has a thickness of 1.123412 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.53333 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the eleventh embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 14 according to formula (9).

TABLE 14

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.325702	-0.246211E-02	0.388533E-02	-0.604015E-02	0.380199E-02	-0.943180E-03
3(R2)	-41.631817	0.494266E-05	0.263179E-03	-0.354857E-03	-0.299644E-03	0.164888E-03
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	42.685665	-0.286127E-01	0.464775E-02	0.147457E-02	-0.275325E-03	0.261278E-04
7(R6)	-2.322289	-0.142459E-01	-0.222570E-02	0.252860E-01	-0.342195E-03	0.386791E-04
8(R7)	-5.810899	-0.278816E-01	0.765382E-02	-0.752745E-03	0.209383E-05	0.216703E-05
9(R8)	-4.064375	-0.271353E-01	0.394463E-02	-0.533443E-03	0.332976E-04	-0.893693E-06

## Embodiment 12

The optical imaging system **120** according to the twelfth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens **L1** are aspheric. Referring to Table 3, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.219838 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.172863 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.532889 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 66.0182.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.75520 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.5795. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 3, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by [0.0.159417] 0.159417 mm. The second lens has a thickness of 0.427352 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 0.742239 mm, and has a thickness of 0.8 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.5296 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.7 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the twelfth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 15 according to formula (9).



TABLE 15

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.293313	-0.542927E-02	0.212559E-01	-0.461572E-01	0.474595E-01	-0.180297E-01
3(R2)	-35.036564	0.831924E-03	0.133528E-02	0.317237E-03	0.719662E-05	0.460349E-05
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-15.407195	-0.672666E-1	0.193978E-01	0.951188E-02	-0.442031E-02	0.886980E-03
7(R6)	-2.475560	-0.356856E-01	-0.108935E-01	0.186240E-01	-0.459365E-02	0.878806E-03
8(R7)	-14.369332	-0.818601E-01	0.304820E-01	-0.560236E-02	0.815708E-04	0.625730E-04
9(R8)	-5.062053	-0.596198E-01	0.176196E-01	-0.390136E-02	0.437454E-03	-0.222993E-04

## Embodiment 13

The optical imaging system **130** according to the thirteenth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens **L1** are aspheric. Referring to Table 1, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 0.812558 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.03 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.602778 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 61.2648.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.742011 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 28.1334. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 3, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.1 mm. The second lens **L2** has a thickness of 0.3 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 0.556157 mm, and has a thickness of 0.8 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.743972 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 44.8504.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.719343 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 29.1913. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.4 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the thirteenth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 16 according to formula (9).

TABLE 16

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-3.105139	-0.765718E-02	-0.232543E-02	-0.548132E-02	0.355043E-02	-0.164865E-02
3(R2)	6.643484	-0.111248E-01	-0.189739E-02	-0.663328E-03	-0.291696E-03	0.148068E-04
4(R3)						
5(R4)						
6(R5)	-61.837170	-0.307620E-01	-0.299148E-03	0.881036E-04	-0.555307E-03	0.287414E-03
7(R6)	-1.252353	-0.165700E-01	-0.2082050E-02	0.832299E-03	-0.505810E-03	0.104507E-03
8(R7)	-4.091718	-0.559991E-01	0.354141E-02	-0.447725E-04	0.906043E-04	-0.235729E-04
9(R8)	-4.478957	-0.316105E-01	0.411904E-02	-0.364491E-03	0.274454E-04	-0.207865E-05

## Embodiment 14

The optical imaging system **140** according to the fourteenth embodiment includes a first lens group **G1** having a positive refractive power, a second lens group **G2** having a negative refractive power, a third lens group **G3** having a positive or negative refractive power, a fourth lens group **G4** having a positive or negative refractive power, a stop, and a thin film filter or an optical filter.

The first lens group **G1** includes a first lens **L1**. The second and third surfaces **R1** and **R2** of the first lens **L1** are aspheric. Referring to Table 3, the thickness of the first lens **L1** is 1.1 mm. The first lens **L1** is separated from the stop by 0.480264 mm. The first lens **L1** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8.

The second lens group **G2** includes a second lens **L2** having a refractive index of 1.75520 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 27.5795. The fourth and fifth surfaces **R3** and **R4** of the second lens **L2** are spherical. Referring to Table 3, the second lens **L2** is separated from the first lens **L1** by 0.1 mm. The second lens has a thickness of [0.1] 0.5 mm.

The third lens group **G3** includes a third lens **L3**. The third lens **L3** includes sixth and seventh surfaces **R5** and **R6** which are aspheric. The third lens **L3** is separated from the second lens **L2** by 2.235814 mm, and has a thickness of [0.5] 0.54408 mm. The third lens **L3** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.675133 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 40.8062.

The fourth lens group **G4** includes a fourth lens **L4**. The fourth lens **L4** includes eighth and ninth surfaces **R7** and **R8** which are aspheric. The fourth lens **L4** is formed of a material having a refractive index of 1.529960 and a [distribution value] dispersion constant of 55.8. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is formed on one surface of a BSC7-HOYA substrate by optical thin film deposition, and outputs partially restricted light through the fourth lens **L4**. The thin film filter or the optical filter **LP** is separated from the fourth lens **L4** by 0.63848 mm.

The aspheric specifications of the first, third, and fourth lenses according to the fourteenth embodiment can be calculated as shown in Table 17 according to formula (9).

TABLE 17

	K	A	B	C	D	E
2(R1)	-0.609678	-0.33651E-02	0.103994E-01	-0.531487E-02	0.265399E-02	-0.110303E-02
3(R2)	-2.046651	-0.118551E-01	-0.268572E-02	-0.121156E-02	0.310607E-03	-0.261769E-03
4(R3)	-0.023479	-0.621511E-05	0.506488E-03	0.302229E-03	0.613363E-04	0.105352E-03
5(R4)	-20.447531	0.207610E-03	0.4772207E-03	0.199399E-03	0.764266E-04	-0.296394E-04
6(R5)	-28.099749	-0.34538E-012	0.291077E-02	0.117431E-02	-0.344832E-03	0.114845E-05
7(R6)	-2.937952	-0.914876E-02	-0.914771E-03	0.232561E-02	-0.431406E-03	0.285117E-04
8(R7)	-7.164502	-0.397733E-01	0.765148E-02	-0.688572E-03	0.363819E-05	0.182078E-05
9(R8)	-3.704332	-0.236715E-01	0.386753E-02	-0.536289E-03	0.341922E-04	-0.149054E-05

In sum, the optical imaging system of the present invention reduces the volume and minimizes the deterioration of the optical characteristics, such as flares, with a high resolution. 15

While the invention has been shown and described with reference to certain preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims. 20

What is claimed is:

1. An optical imaging system comprising an image sensor for photoelectric conversion, the optical imaging system further comprising: 25

a first lens group having a positive refractive power closest to [a subject] *an object*;

a second lens group closest to the first lens group and having a negative refractive power; 30

a third lens group having one of a positive or negative power; and

a fourth lens group having one of a positive or negative power,

wherein *the first lens group comprises an aspheric lens having both surfaces aspheric and each of the [first] second to fourth lens groups comprises an aspheric lens having at least one aspheric surface thereof; and* 35

*one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the second and third lens groups or between the third and fourth lens groups,* 40

*wherein a first lens of the first lens group has an object side surface having a positive curvature, and a second lens of the second lens group has an image side surface having a positive curvature and a third lens of the third lens group has an object side surface having a negative curvature and an image side surface having a negative curvature.* 45

2. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the first lens group comprises at least one lens of a positive refractive power.* 50

3. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the second lens group comprises at least one lens of a negative refractive power.*

4. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the third lens group comprises at least one lens of a positive or negative refractive power.* 55

5. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein a fourth lens group comprises at least one lens of a positive or negative refractive power.*

6. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the optical imaging system satisfies* 60

$$0.3 < \frac{f_1}{f} < 3.1,$$

wherein *f* denotes [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of the optical imaging system and *f*<sub>1</sub> denotes [focus distance] *focal length* of the first lens group.

7. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the optical imaging system satisfies*

$$0.3 < \frac{|f_2|}{f} < 8.99,$$

wherein *f* denotes a [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of the optical imaging system and *f*<sub>2</sub> denotes a [focus distance] *focal length* of the second lens group.

8. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the optical imaging system satisfies*

$$0.19 < \frac{|f_3|}{f} < \infty,$$

$$\left[ 0.19 < \frac{|f_3|}{f} < \infty \right]$$

wherein *f* denotes a [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of the optical imaging system and *f*<sub>3</sub> denotes a [focus distance] *focal length* of the third lens group.

9. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the optical imaging system satisfies*

$$0.15 < \frac{|f_4|}{f} < \infty,$$

wherein *f* denotes a [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of the optical imaging system and *f*<sub>4</sub> denotes a [focus distance] *focal length* of the second lens group.

10. [An] *The optical imaging system [comprising an image sensor for photoelectric conversion, the optical imaging system further comprising:*

a first lens group having a positive refractive power;

a second lens group having a negative refractive power;

a third lens group having one of a positive or negative power; and

a fourth lens group having one of a positive or negative power.] *according to claim 1, wherein the optical imaging system satisfies*

$$0.45 < \frac{f}{\text{TTL}} < 1.01,$$

wherein *f* denotes a [synthetic focus distance] *total focal length* of [die] *the optical imaging system* and TTL denotes a distance from an iris surface to an imaging surface; 65

wherein a lens located in the first lens group and having at least one aspheric surface; and

one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the second and third lens groups or between the third and fourth lens groups].

11. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 10,* further comprising a parallel flat glass disposed between the image sensor and the fourth lens group.

12. [An] *The optical imaging system [comprising an image sensor for photoelectric conversion, the optical imaging system further comprising:*

a first lens group having a positive refractive power;  
a second lens group having a negative refractive power;  
a third lens group having one of a positive or negative power; and  
a fourth lens group having one of a positive or negative power,] *according to claim 1,* wherein the first and second lens groups satisfy an optical axis direction size according to

$$0 < \frac{d_1}{TTL} < 0.26,$$

wherein  $d_1$  denotes a separated distance between the first lens group and the second lens group on the optical axis and TTL denotes a distance from an iris surface to an imaging surface[;

wherein a lens located in the first lens group and having at least one aspheric surface; and

one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the second and third lens groups or between the third and fourth lens groups].

13. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 12,* further comprising a parallel flat glass disposed between the image sensor and the fourth lens group.

14. [An] *The optical imaging system [comprising an image sensor for photoelectric conversion, the optical imaging system further comprising:*

a first lens group having a positive refractive power;  
a second lens group having a negative refractive power;  
a third lens group having one of a positive or negative power; and  
a fourth lens group having one of a positive or negative power,] *according to claim 1,* wherein the third and fourth lens groups satisfy an optical axis direction size according to

$$0 < \frac{d_3}{TTL} < 0.40,$$

wherein  $d_3$  denotes a separated distance between the third lens group and the fourth lens group on the optical axis and [TIL] TTL denotes a distance from an iris surface to an imaging surface[;

wherein a lens located in the first lens group and having at least one aspheric surface; and

one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the second and third lens groups or between the third and fourth lens groups].

15. [An] *The optical imaging system according to claim 14,* further comprising a parallel flat glass disposed between the image sensor and the fourth lens group.

[16. An optical imaging system comprising an image sensor for photoelectric conversion, the optical imaging system further comprising:

a first lens group having a positive refractive power closest to a subject;

a second lens group closest to the first lens group and having a negative refractive power;

a third lens group having one of a positive or negative power; and

a fourth lens group having one of a positive or negative power,

wherein each of the first to fourth lens groups comprises an aspheric lens having at least one aspheric surface thereof, and

wherein the Abbe's numbers of the first and second lens groups G1 and G2 satisfy

$$28.2 < v_1 - v_2 < 42.8,$$

wherein  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  denote Abbe's numbers representing the distribution characteristics of the first and second lens groups respectively.]

17. *The optical imaging system according to claim 10, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light is between the second and third lens groups.*

18. *The optical imaging system according to claim 10, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the third and the fourth lens groups.*

19. *The optical imaging system according to claim 12, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light is between the second and third lens groups.*

20. *The optical imaging system according to claim 12, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the third and the fourth lens groups.*

21. *The optical imaging system according to claim 14, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light is between the second and third lens groups.*

22. *The optical imaging system according to claim 14, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the third and the fourth lens groups.*

23. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the fourth lens group comprises an aspheric lens having both surfaces aspheric.*

24. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the third lens group has a positive power and the fourth lens group has a negative power.*

25. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the third lens group has a negative power and the fourth lens group has a negative power.*

26. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the third lens group has a positive power and the fourth lens group has a positive power.*

27. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein the third lens group has a negative power and the fourth lens group has a positive power.*

28. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, further comprising an iris disposed at an object side of the first lens.*

29. *The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein a fourth lens of the fourth lens group comprises an image side surface having a positive curvature.*

30. The optical imaging system according to claim 29, wherein a sign of curvature is changed when the image side surface of the fourth lens is distant from an optical axis.

31. The optical imaging system according to claim 1, wherein a sign of a curvature is changed when an image side surface of a fourth lens of the fourth lens group is distant from an optical axis. 5

32. The optical imaging system according to claim 1, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light is between the second and third lens groups. 10

33. The optical imaging system according to claim 1, further comprising one of a thin film filter or an optical filter for restricting the transmission of a portion of light between the third and the fourth lens groups. 15

\* \* \* \* \*

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : RE44,773 E  
APPLICATION NO. : 12/970720  
DATED : February 25, 2014  
INVENTOR(S) : Seong-Ha Park et al.

Page 1 of 1

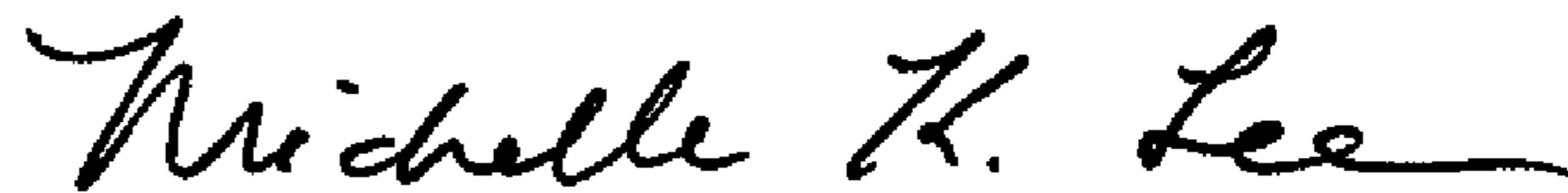
It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

At Column 1, line 13, add the following paragraph:

*--Notice: More than one reissue application has been filed for the reissue of Patent No. 7,466,497. The reissue applications are application numbers 12/970,720 (this application, a reissue application of Patent No. 7,466,497, reissued as RE44773), 14/153,566 (a divisional reissue of 12/970,720), and 14/153,710 (a continuation reissue of 12/970,720), all of which are reissues of Patent No. 7,466,497.--*

Signed and Sealed this  
Tenth Day of November, 2015



Michelle K. Lee  
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office