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(54) **METHOD FOR TREATING BACTERIAL INFECTION WITH NOVEL 7-SUBSTITUTED-9-SUBSTITUTED AMINO 6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES**

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(60) Division of application No. 08/286,096, filed on Aug. 4, 1994, now Pat. No. 5,494,903, which is a continuation of application No. 07/926,091, filed on Aug. 13, 1992, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/771,576, filed on Oct. 4, 1991, now abandoned.

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**A61K 31/65** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **514/152**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... **514/152**  
 See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The disclosure is drawn to a method of using novel 7-substituted-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline compounds to treat infections caused by a wide spectrum of bacterial organisms, including those which are resistant to tetracycline.

**12 Claims, No Drawings**

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**METHOD FOR TREATING BACTERIAL  
INFECTION WITH NOVEL 7-SUBSTITUTED-  
9-SUBSTITUTED AMINO 6-DEMETHYL-6-  
DEOXYTETRACYCLINES**

**Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [ ] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue.**

[This is a divisional of application Ser. No. 08/286,096 filed on Aug. 4, 1994 which is a continuation of Ser. No. 07/926,091 filed Aug. 13, 1992 now abandoned which is a continuation in part of Ser. No. 07/771,576, filed on Oct. 4, 1991 now abandoned for NOVEL 7-SUBSTITUTED-9-SUBSTITUTED AMINO-6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES.] *This application is a reissue of 08/455,446, filed May 31, 1995, now Pat. No. 5,529,990, which is a divisional of application Ser. No. 08/286,096, filed on Aug. 4, 1994, now Pat. No. 5,494,903, which is a continuation of Ser. No. 07/926,091, filed Aug. 13, 1992, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 07/771,576, filed on Oct. 4, 1991, now abandoned for NOVEL 7-SUBSTITUTED-9-SUBSTITUTED AMINO-6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES.*

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

**1. Field of the Invention**

The invention relates to novel [4S-(4,12a $\alpha$ )]-4-(dimethylamino)-7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamides hereinafter called 7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracyclines, which exhibit antibiotic activity against a wide spectrum of organisms including organisms which are resistant to tetracyclines and are useful as antibiotic agents. The invention also relates to novel 7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline intermediates useful for making the novel compounds of the present invention and to novel methods for producing the novel compounds and intermediate compounds.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART**

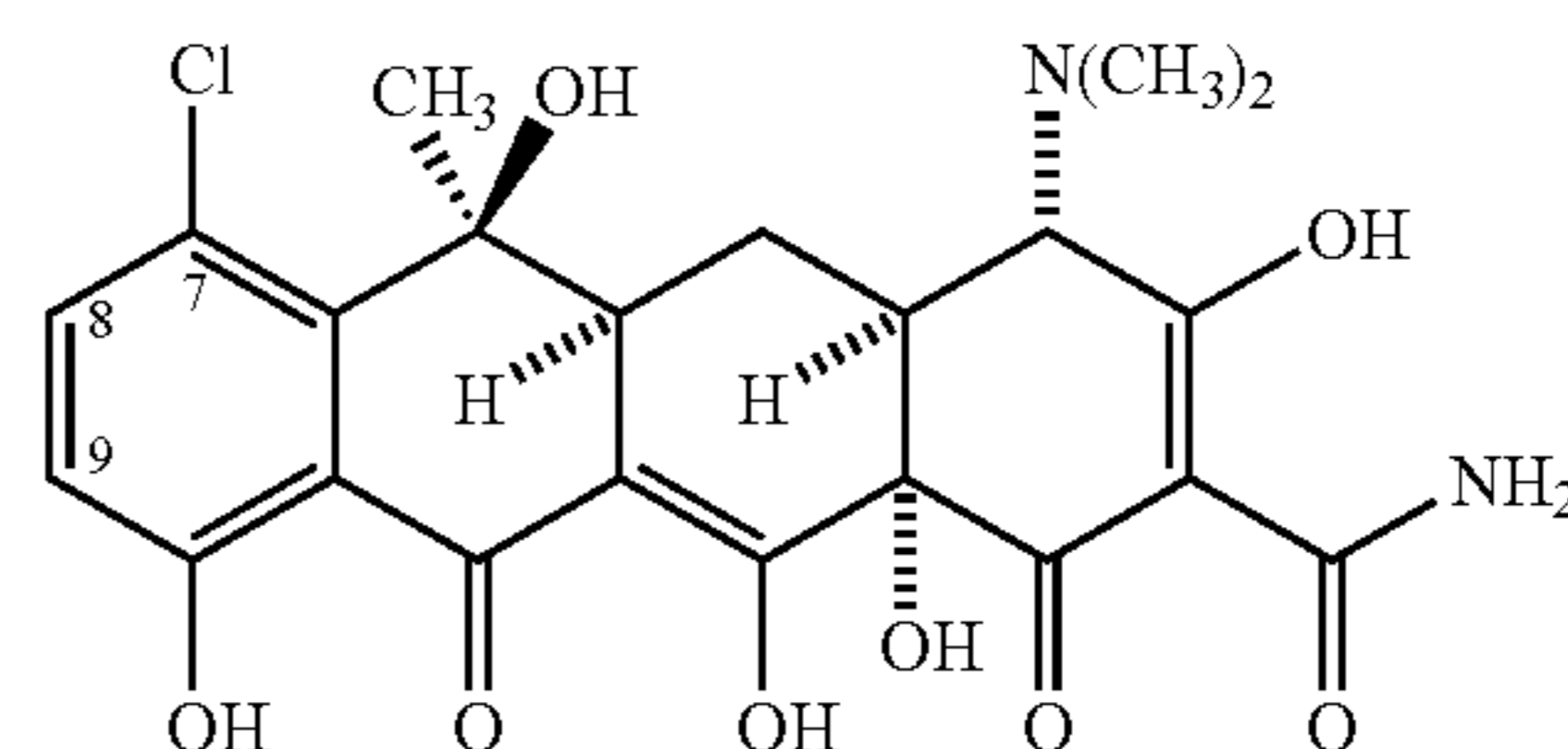
A variety of tetracycline antibiotics have been synthesized and described for the treatment of infectious diseases in man and animals since 1947. Tetracyclines inhibit protein synthesis by binding to the 30S subunit of the bacterial ribosome preventing binding of aminoacyl RNA (Chopra, Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, Vol. 78, 317-392, Springer-Verlag, 1985). Resistance to tetracyclines has emerged among many clinically important microorganisms which limit the utility of these antibiotics. There are two major mechanisms of bacterial resistance to tetracyclines: a) energy-dependent efflux of the antibiotic mediated by proteins located in the cytoplasmic membrane which prevents intracellular accumulation of tetracycline (S. B. Levy, et al., Antimicrob. Agents Chemotherapy 33, 1373-1374 (1989); and b) ribosomal protection mediated by a cytoplasmic protein which interacts with the ribosome such that tetracycline no longer binds or inhibits protein synthesis (A. A. Salyers, B. S. Speers and N. B. Shoemaker, Mol. Microbiol, 4:151-156, 1990). The efflux mechanism of resistance is encoded by resistance determinants designated tetA-tetL. They are common in many Gram-negative bacteria (resistance genes Class A-E), such as Enterbacteriaceae, Pseudomonas, Haemophilus and Aeromonas, and in Gram-

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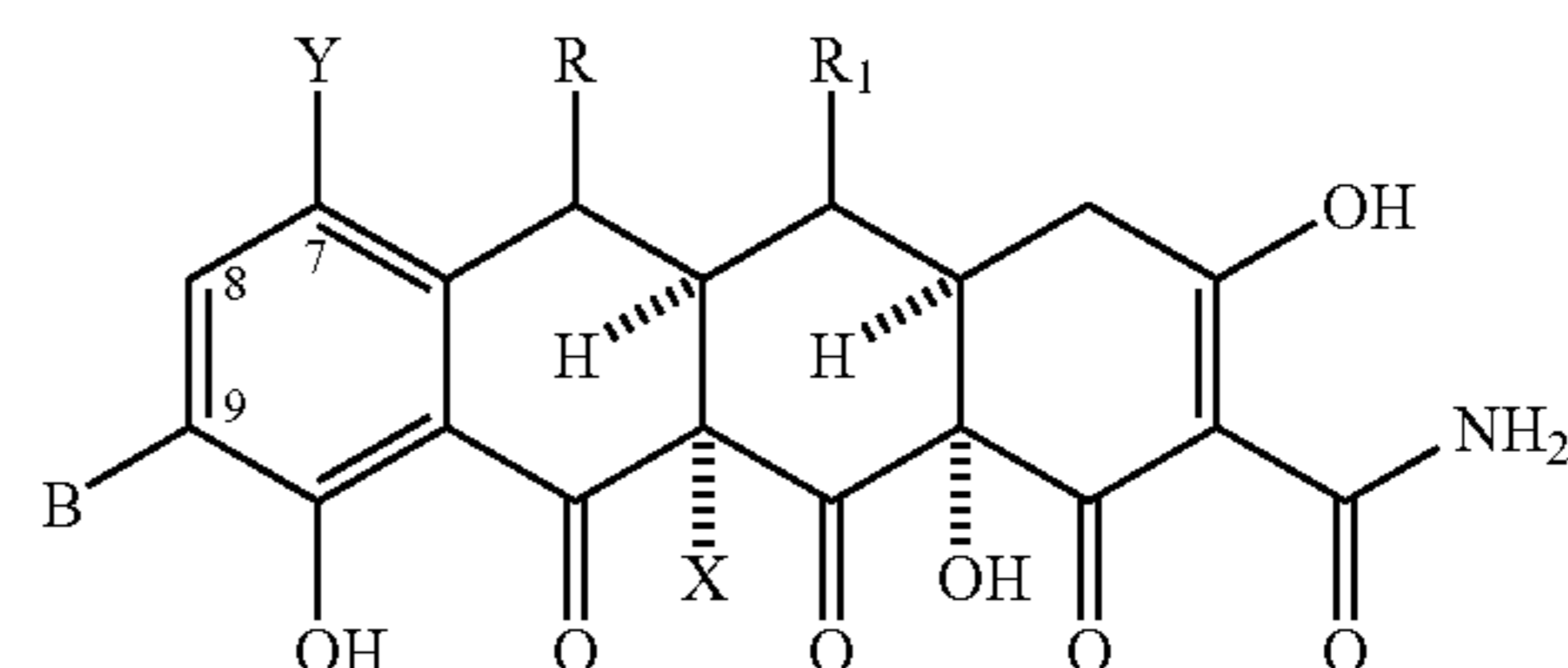
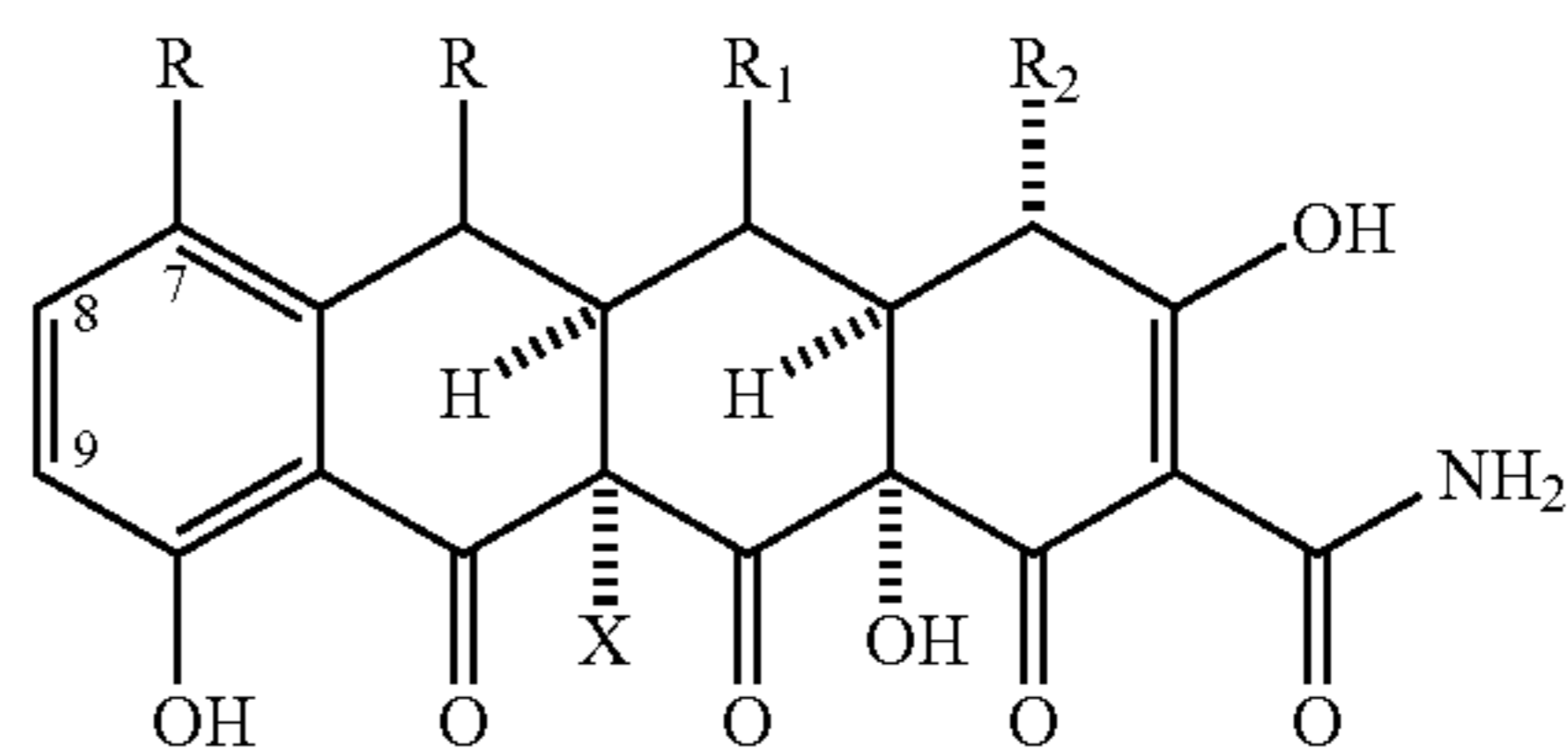
positive bacteria (resistance genes Class K and L), such as Staphylococcus, Bacillus and Streptococcus. The ribosomal protection mechanism of resistance is encoded by resistance determinants designated TetM, N and O and is common in Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Campylobacter, Gardnerella, Haemophilus and Mycoplasma (A. A. Salyers, B. S. Speers and N. B. Shoemaker, Mol. Microbiol, 4:151-156 1990).

A particularly useful tetracycline compound is 7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, known as minocycline (see U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,148,212, Re. 26,253 and 3,226,436 discussed below). However, strains harboring the tetB (efflux in gram-negative bacteria) mechanism, but not tetK (efflux in Staphylococcus) are resistant to minocycline. Also, strains carrying tetM (ribosomal protection) are resistant to minocycline. This invention describes the synthesis of novel tetracycline compounds which demonstrate significant in vitro and in vivo activity vs. tetracycline and minocycline susceptible strains and some tetracycline and minocycline resistant strains, that is, those harboring the tetM (ribosomal protection) resistance determinants.

Duggar, U.S. Pat. No. 2,482,055, discloses the preparation of Aureomycin®(I) by fermentation which have antibacterial activity. Growich et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,007,965, disclose improvements to the fermentation preparation of I. Neither of these patents teaches or suggests the 6-demethyl-6-deoxy-tetracyclines.



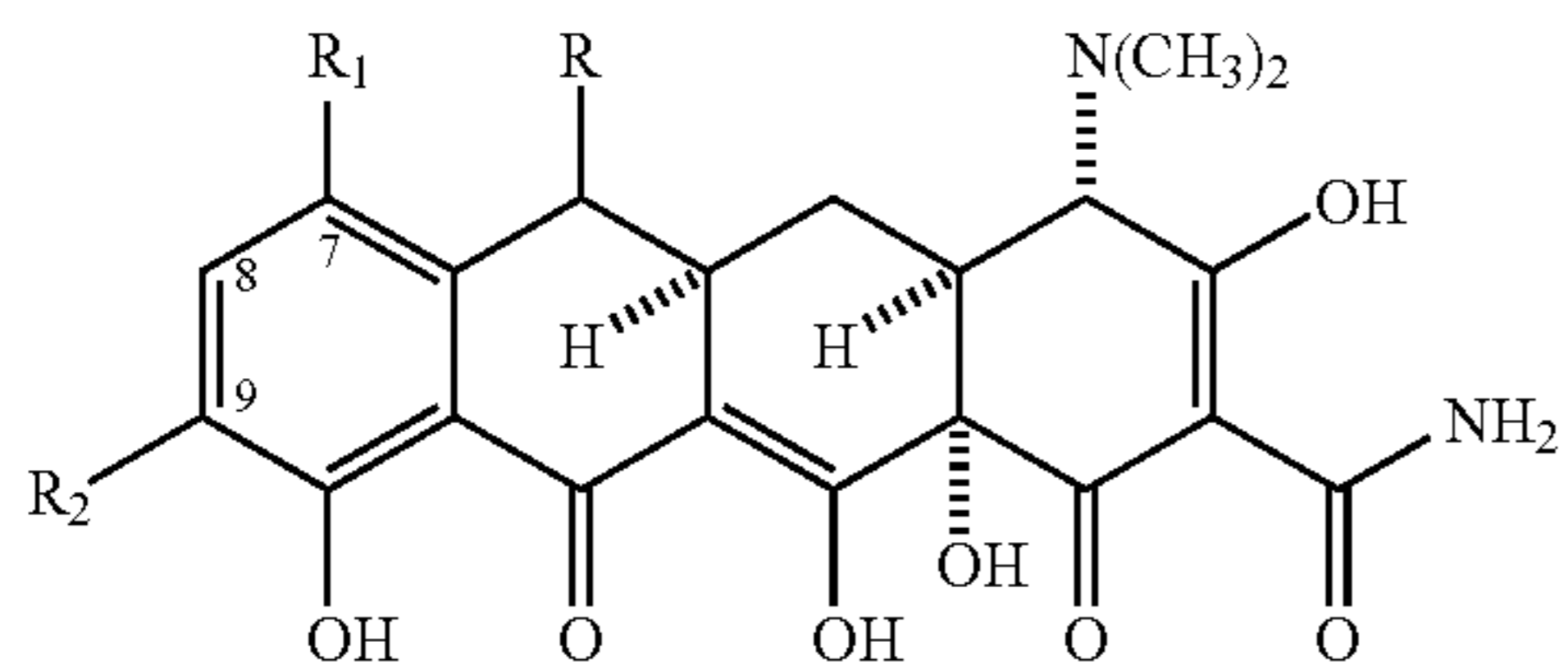
Beereboom et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,043,875 discloses tetracycline derivatives of the formulae (II) and (III) where R is H or CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>1</sub> is H and when R is CH<sub>3</sub>, OH; R<sub>2</sub> is H and N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; X and Y are halogen; Z is H and halogen and B is bromo, chloro and iodo, which have anti-bacterial activity. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of both di(lower alkyl) amino or mono(lower alkyl)amino substituents (at Y or Z) and an amino function (at B).



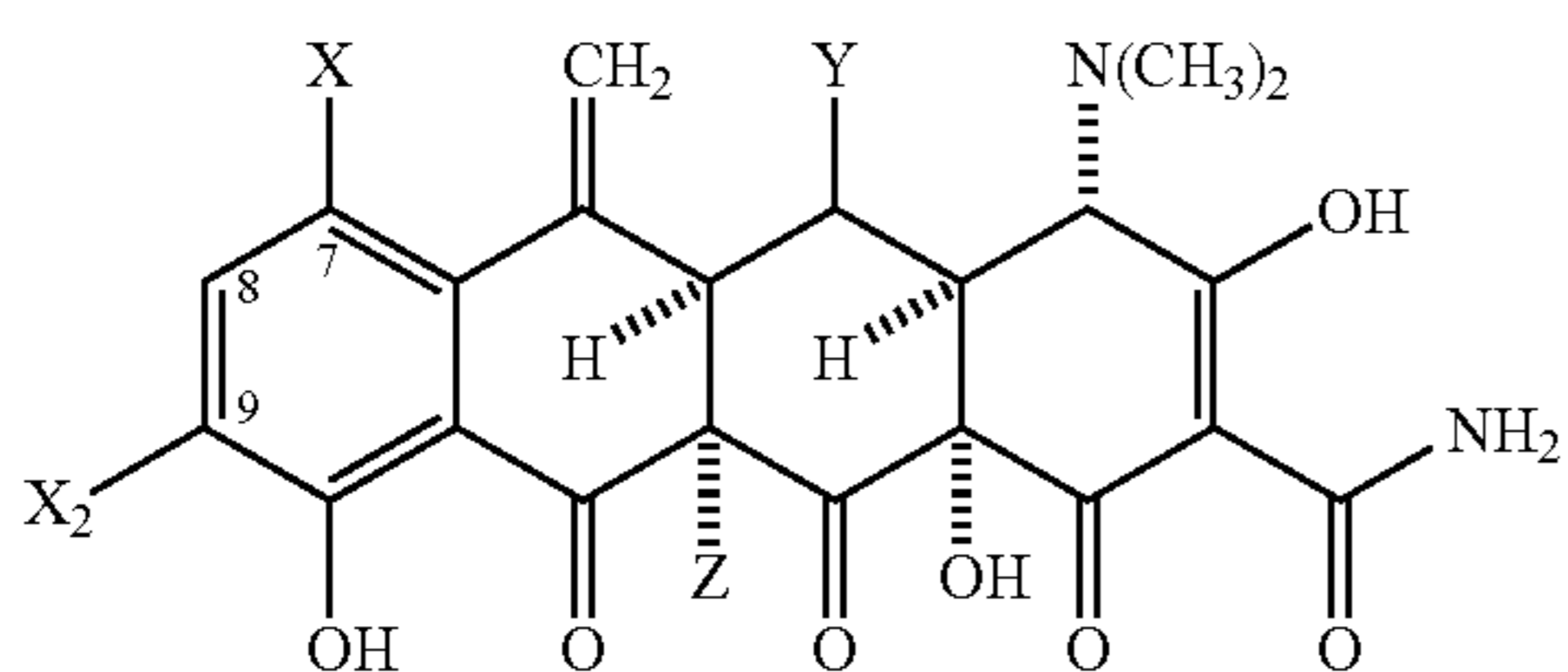
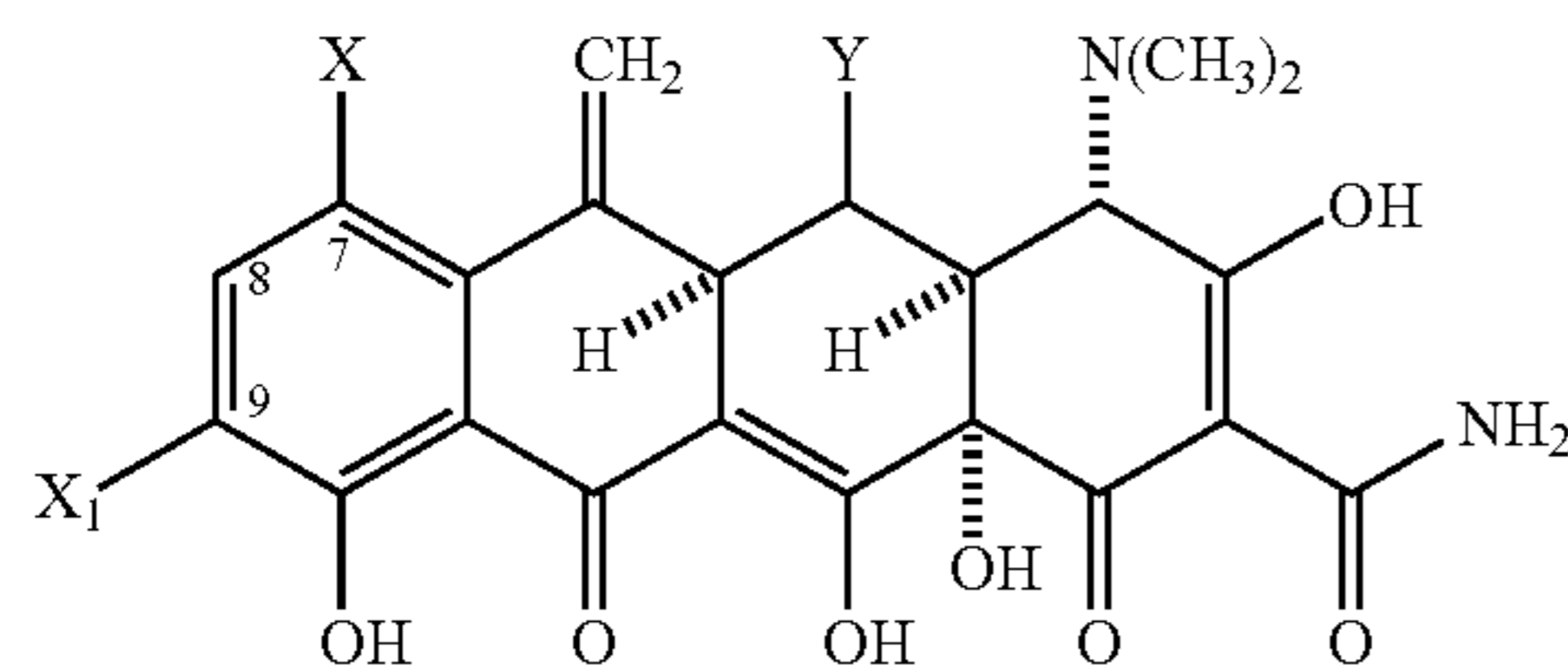
Boothe et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,148,212, reissued as Re. 26,253, and Petisi et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,226,436, discloses tetracycline derivatives of the formula (IV) wherein R is hydrogen or methyl and R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, mono(lower

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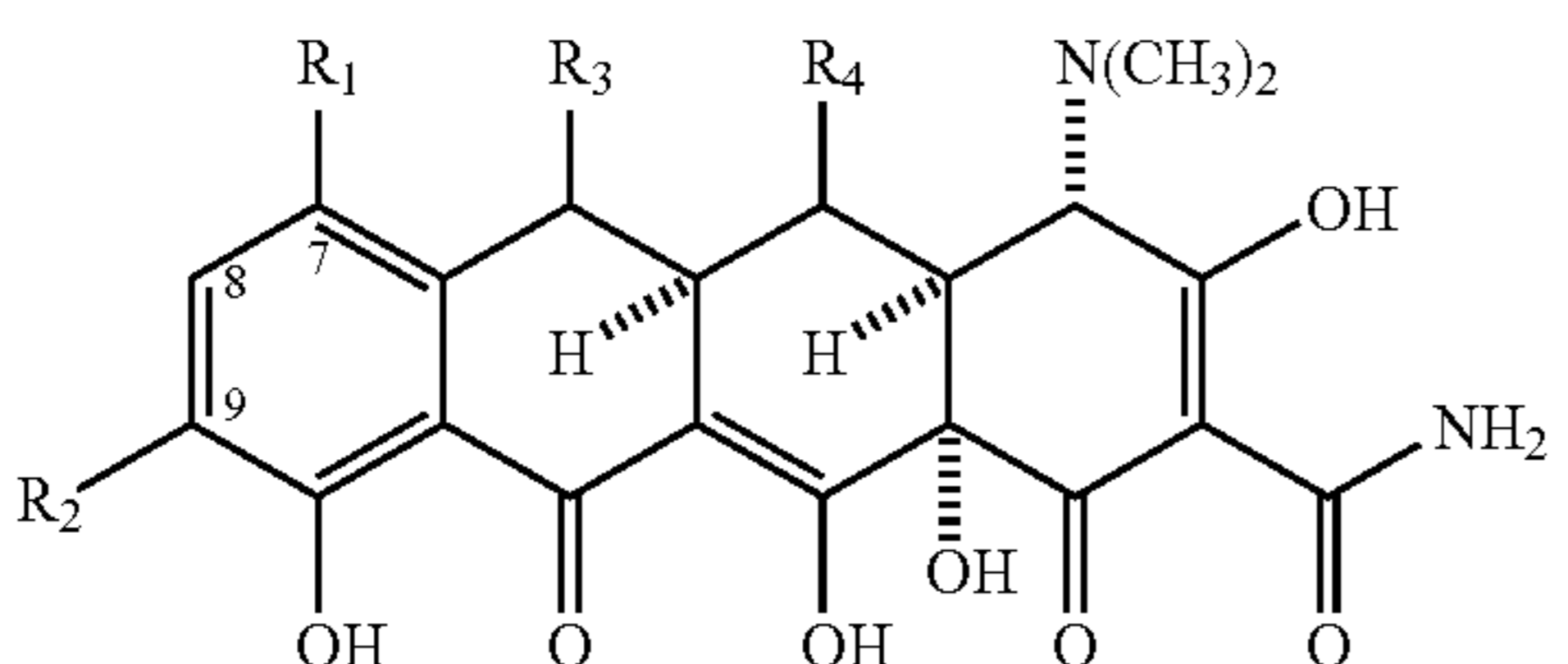
alkyl)amino or di(lower alkyl)amino with the proviso that  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  cannot both be hydrogen, which are useful for treating bacterial infections. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of a 9-amino functionality (at  $R_2$ ).



Blackwood et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,200,149 discloses tetracycline derivatives of the formulae (V) and (VI) and reduction products thereof wherein Y may be hydrogen or hydroxyl, X may be hydrogen, chloro, iodo, or bromo,  $X_1$  may be hydrogen, amino, and lower alkanoyl-amino,  $X_2$  may be hydrogen or nitro and Z is chloro or fluoro which possess microbiological activity. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of both a di(lower alkyl)amino group (at X) and another nitrogen functionality (at  $X_1$ ) on the 6-demethyl-6-deoxy-tetracycline nucleus.



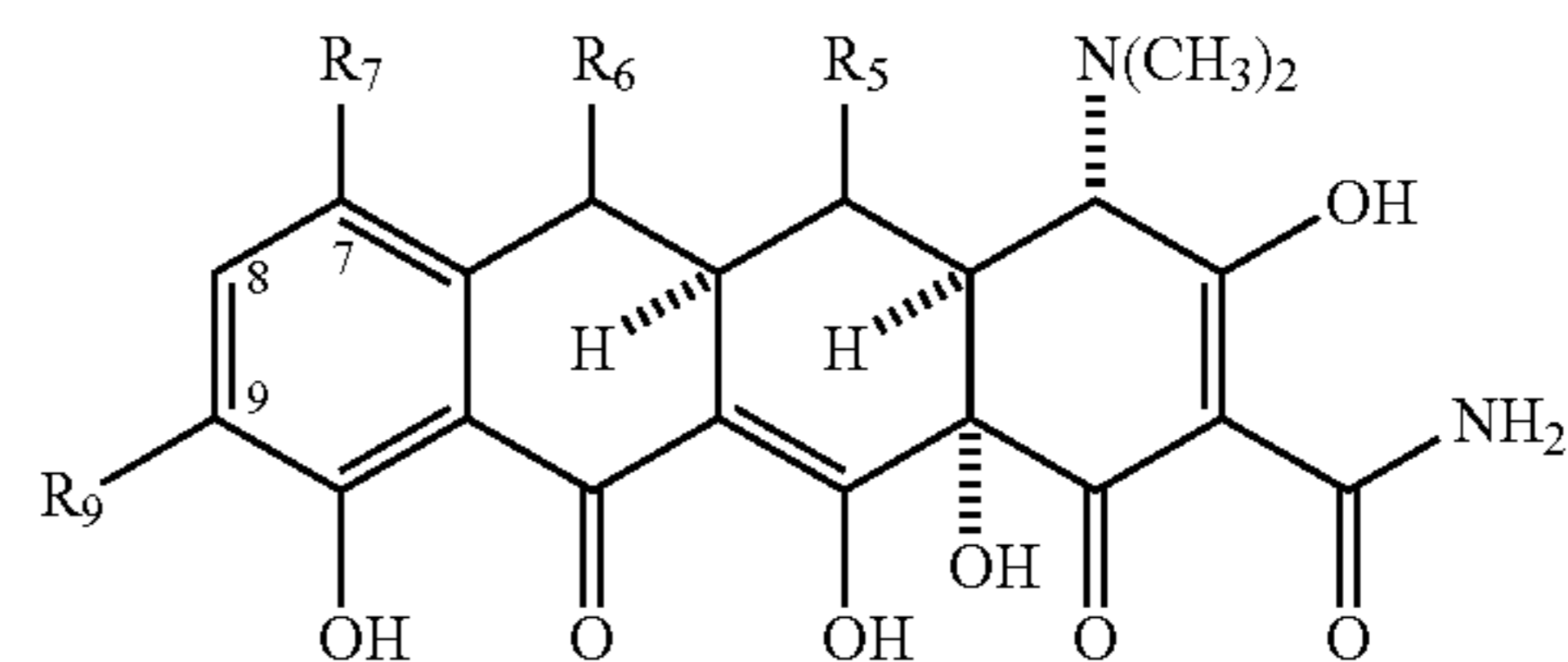
Petisi et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,338,963 discloses tetracycline compounds of the formula (VII) wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are hydrogen, nitro, amino, formyl-amino, acetyl-amino, p-(dihydroxyboryl)benzoylamino, p-(aminobenzene-sulfonyl) amino, chlorine, bromine or diazonium with the proviso that  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  may not both be hydrogen and with the further proviso that when  $R_1$  is chlorine or bromine,  $R_2$  may not be hydrogen and vice versa,  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl and  $R_4$  is hydrogen or hydroxy, which have broad-spectrum anti-bacterial activity. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of both di(lower alkyl)amino or mono(lower alkyl) amino substituents (at  $R_1$ ) and amino substituents (at  $R_2$ ).



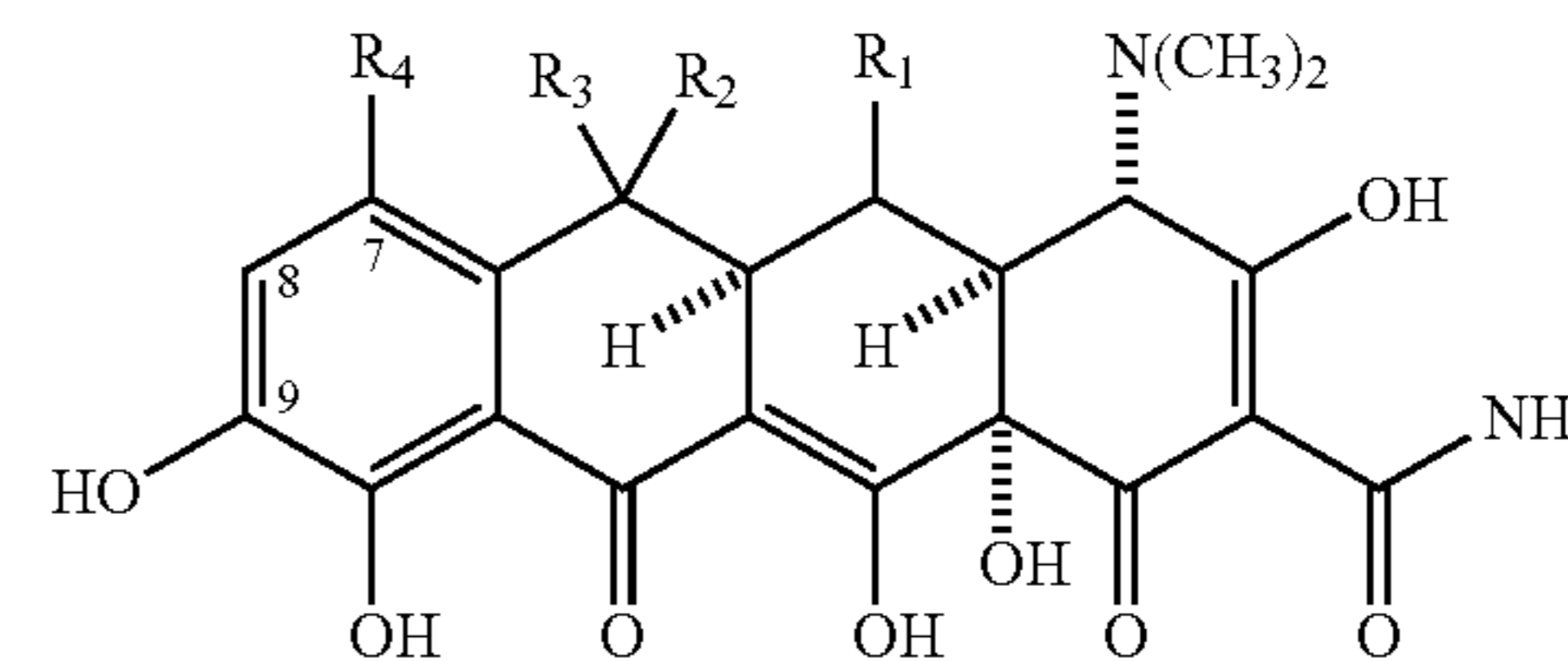
Bitha et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,341,585 discloses tetracycline compounds of the formula (VIII) wherein  $R_5$  is hydrogen,

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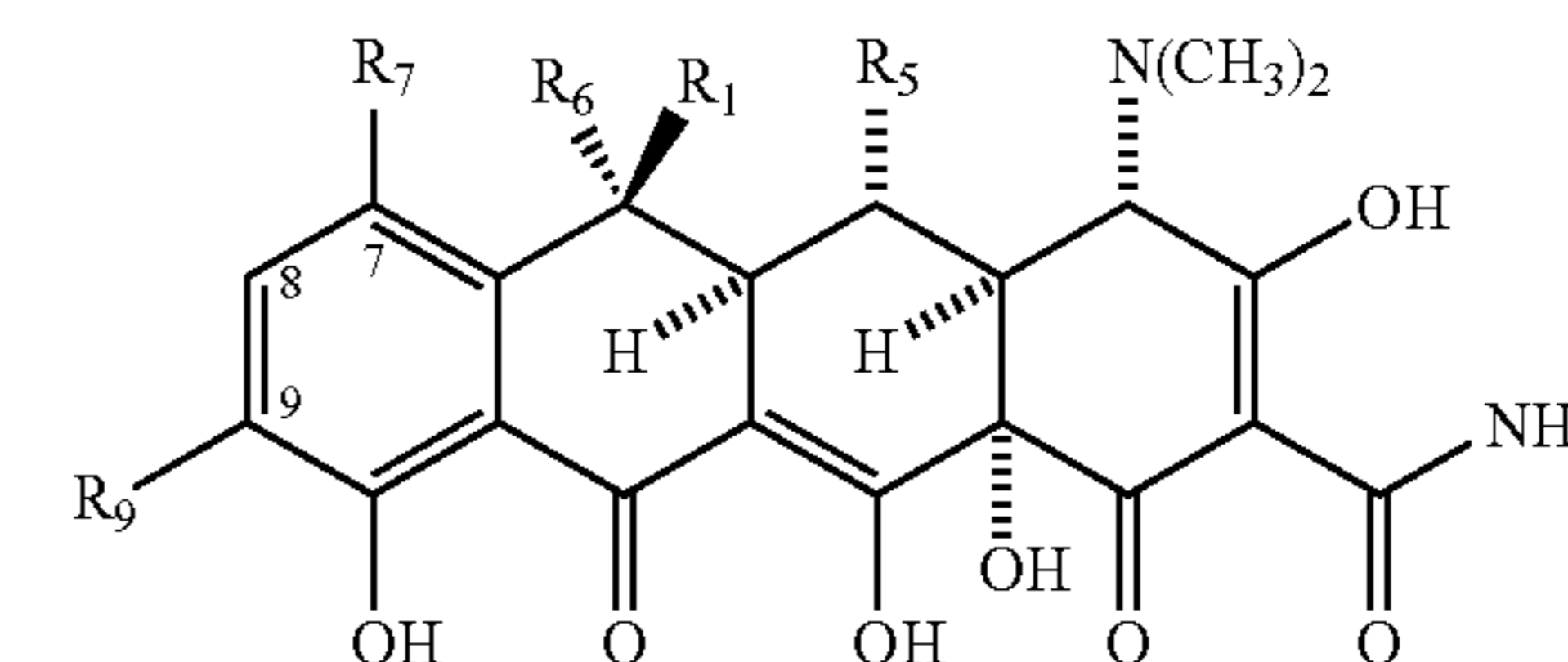
$\alpha$ -hydroxy or  $\beta$ -hydroxy,  $R_6$  is  $\alpha$ -methyl or  $\beta$ -methyl, and  $R_7$  and  $R_9$  are each hydrogen, mono(lower alkyl)amino or di(lower alkyl)amino with the proviso that  $R_7$  and  $R_9$  cannot both be hydrogen and with the further proviso that when  $R_5$  is hydrogen then  $R_6$  is  $\alpha$ -methyl. A preferred embodiment of the general formula (VIII) is when  $R_5$  is  $\alpha$ -hydroxy or  $\beta$ -hydroxy,  $R_6$  is  $\alpha$ -methyl or  $\beta$ -methyl,  $R_7$  is di(lower alkyl)amino and  $R_9$  is hydrogen, which have broad-spectrum antibacterial activity. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of both di(lower alkyl)amino or mono(lower alkyl)amino substituents (at  $R_7$ ) and amino substituents (at  $R_9$ ).



Shu, U.S. Pat. No. 3,360,557 discloses 9-hydroxy-tetracyclines of the formula (IX) wherein  $R_1$  is hydrogen or hydroxy,  $R_2$  is hydrogen or hydroxy,  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  taken together is methylene, and  $R_4$  is hydrogen, halogen, nitro, amino, mono(lower alkyl)amino or di(lower alkyl)amino, which have been found to possess antibacterial activity. This patent is restricted to 9-hydroxytetracyclines and does not teach or suggest the presently claimed compounds.

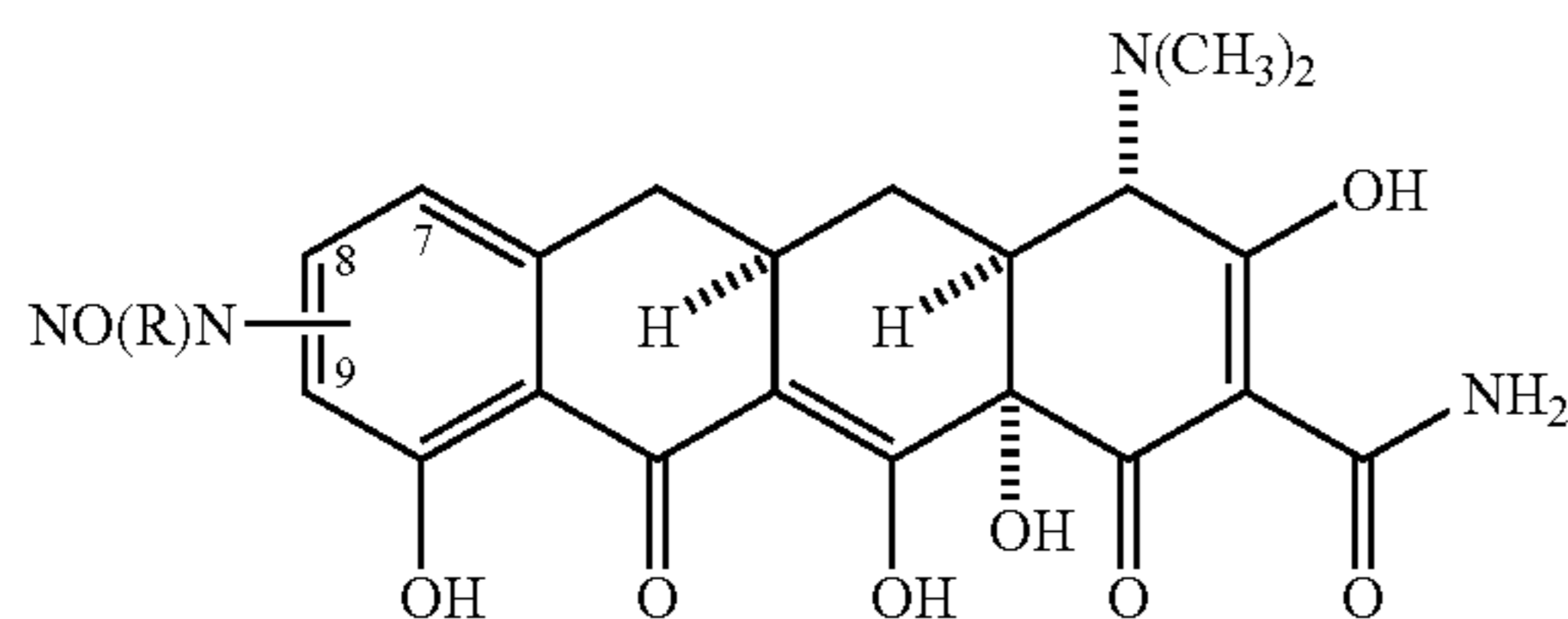


Zambrano, U.S. Pat. No. 3,360,561 discloses a process for preparing 9-nitrotetracyclines of the formula (X) wherein  $R_5$  is hydrogen or hydroxy,  $R_1$  is hydrogen or hydroxy,  $R_6$  is hydrogen or methyl,  $R_1$  and  $R_6$  taken together is methylene,  $R_7$  is hydrogen, chloro or nitro and  $R_9$  is hydrogen or nitro with the proviso that  $R_7$  and  $R_9$  cannot both be hydrogen. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of both a di(lower alkyl)amino or mono(lower alkyl)amino substituent (at  $R_7$ ) and an amino functionality (at  $R_9$ ).



Martell et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,518,306 discloses 7-and/or 9-(N-nitrosoalkylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxy-tetracyclines of the formula (XI) which possess in vivo antibacterial activity. This patent does not teach or suggest the inclusion of both a di(lower alkyl)amino or mono(lower alkyl)amino substituent at (C-7) and an amino functionality (at C-9).

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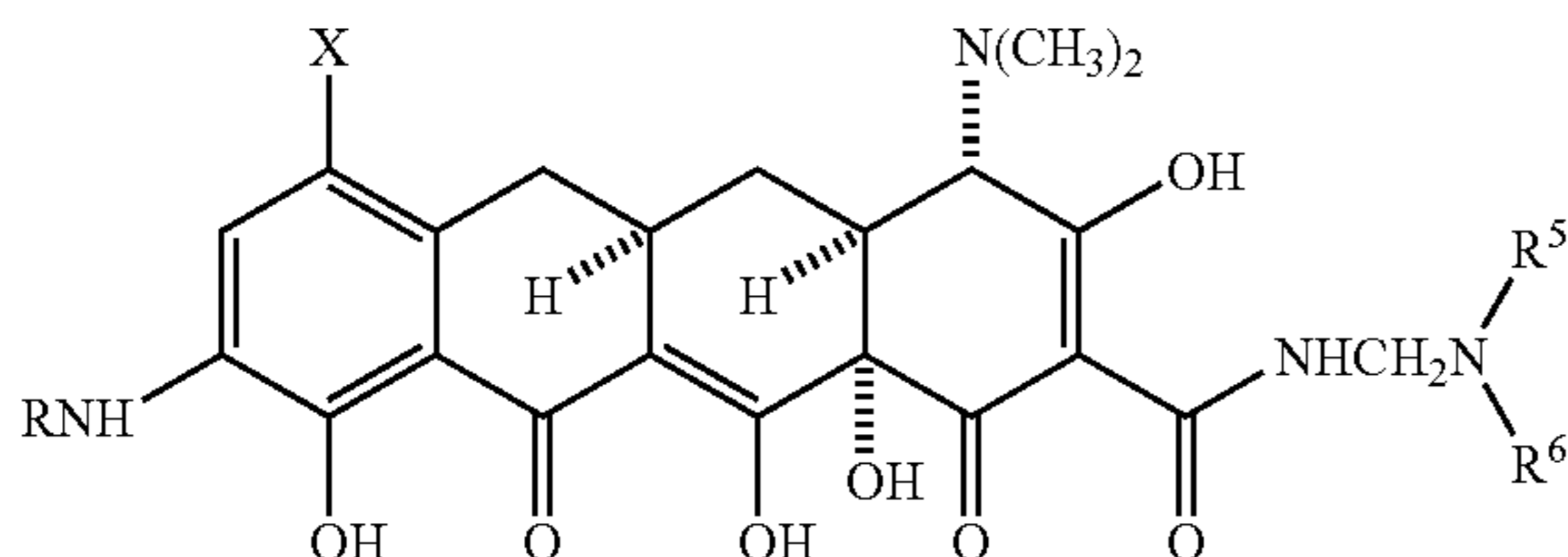
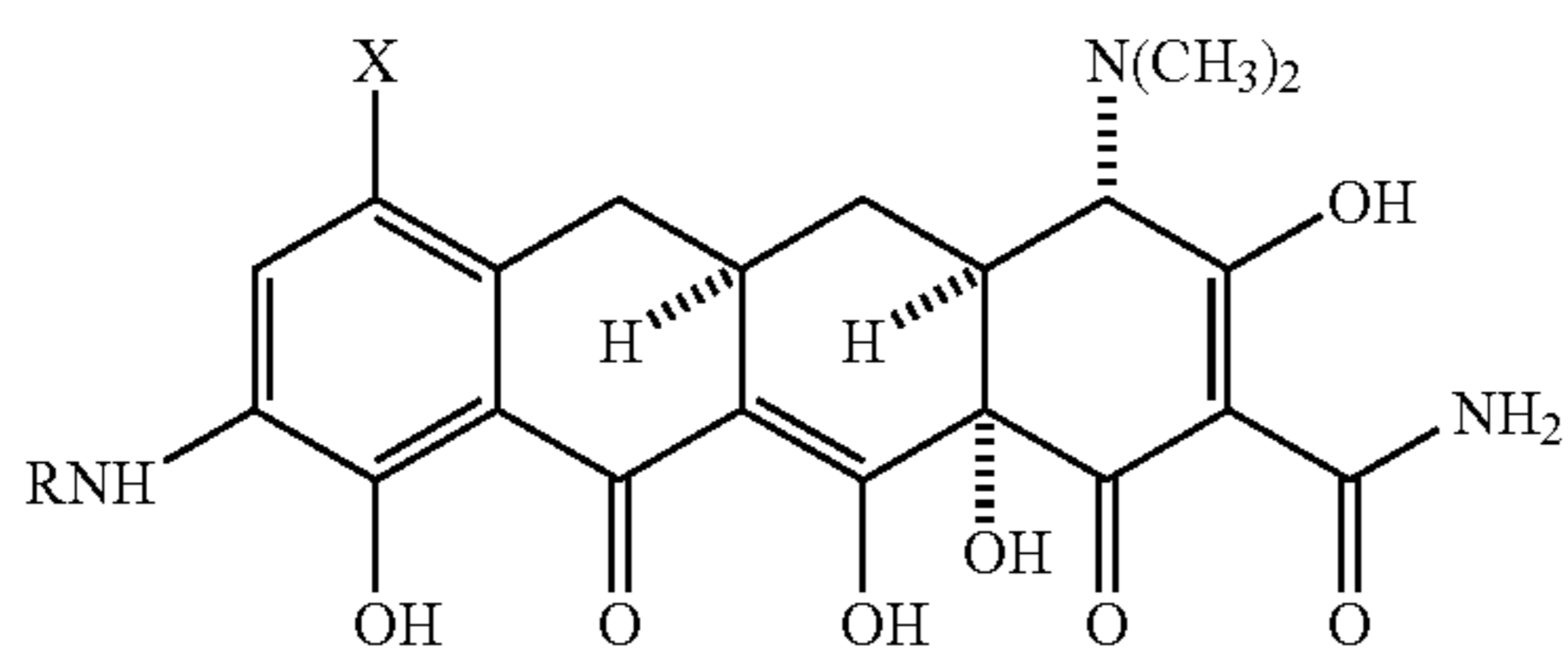


In U.S. Pat. No. 5,021,407, a method of overcoming the resistance of tetracycline resistant bacteria is disclosed. The method involves utilizing a blocking agent compound in conjunction with a tetracycline type antibiotic. This patent does not disclose novel tetracycline compounds which themselves have activity against resistant organisms.

In summary, none of the above patents teach or suggest the novel compounds of this application. In addition, none of the above patents teach or suggest novel tetracycline compounds having activity against tetracycline and minocycline resistant strains as well as strains which are normally susceptible to tetracyclines.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention is concerned with novel 7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracyclines, represented by formula I and II, which have antibacterial activity; with method of treating infectious diseases in warm blooded animals employing these new compound; with methods of treating or controlling veterinary diseases; with pharmaceutical preparations containing these compounds; with novel intermediate compounds and processes for the production of these compounds. More particularly, this invention is concerned with compounds of formula I and II which have enhanced in vitro and in vivo antibiotic activity against tetracycline resistant strains as well as a high level of activity against strains which are normally susceptible to tetracyclines.



In formula I and II, X is selected from amino,  $\text{NR}^1\text{R}^2$  or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine; and when  $\text{X}=\text{NR}^1\text{R}^2$  and  $\text{R}^1=\text{hydrogen}$ ,

$\text{R}^2=\text{methyl}$ , ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when  $\text{R}^1=\text{methyl}$  or ethyl,

$\text{R}^2=\text{methyl}$ , ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

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and when  $\text{R}^1=\text{n-propyl}$ ,

XI  $\text{R}^2=\text{n-propyl}$ , 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $\text{R}^1=1\text{-methylethyl}$ ,

5  $\text{R}_2=\text{n-butyl}$ , 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $\text{R}^1=\text{n-butyl}$ ,

$\text{R}_2=\text{n-butyl}$ , 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $\text{R}^1=1\text{-methylpropyl}$ ,

$\text{R}_2=2\text{-methylpropyl}$ ;

10  $\text{R}$  is selected from  $\text{R}^4(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}-$  or  $\text{R}^4(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{SO}_2-$ ;

and when  $\text{R}=\text{R}^4(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}-$  and  $n=0$ ,

$\text{R}^4$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted

amino selected from straight or branched ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_6$ )

alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected

from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-

methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino,

piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl,

1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or

branched ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$ )alkyl group selected from methyl,

ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl,

1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl;

( $\text{C}_3-\text{C}_6$ )cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl,

cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted

( $\text{C}_3-\text{C}_6$ )cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from

( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )alkyl, cyano, amino or ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )acyl); ( $\text{C}_6-\text{C}_{10}$ )

aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or

$\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted ( $\text{C}_6-\text{C}_{10}$ )aryl group

(substitution selected from halo, ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$ )alkoxy, trihalo

( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$ )

alkoxycarbonyl, ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy);

( $\text{C}_7-\text{C}_9$ )aralkyl group selected from benzyl,

1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl;

$\alpha$ -amino-( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$ )alkyl group selected from

aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -amino-ethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or

$\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy( $\text{C}_2-\text{C}_4$ )alkylamino group

selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or

$\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers;

( $\text{C}_7-\text{C}_9$ )aralkylamino group such as phenylglycyl;

( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$ )alkoxycarbonylamino substituted ( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$ )

alkyl group, substitution selected from phenyl or

p-hydroxyphenyl;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )alkyl group

selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or

$\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl;

$\alpha$ -mercapto( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )alkyl group selected from

mercaptomethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercaptoethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercapto-1-

methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -mercaptoethyl; halo( $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_3$ )alkyl

group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl,

difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,

dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-

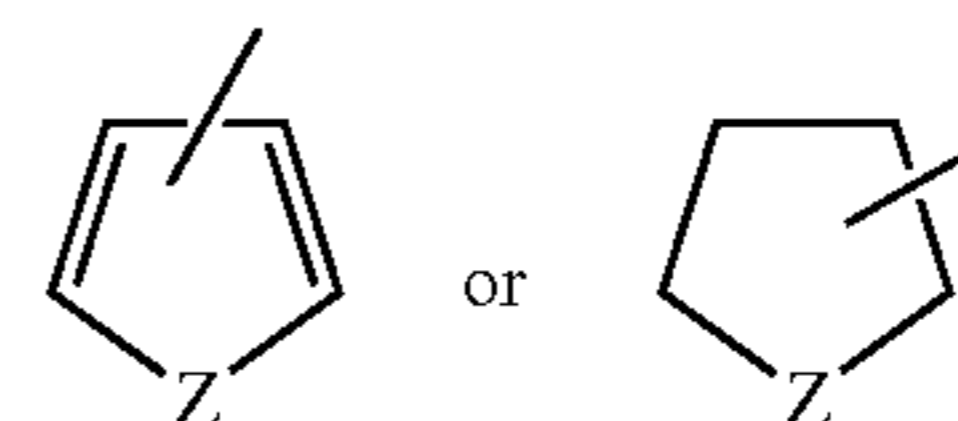
difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or

2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five

membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S

or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido

ring fused thereto:

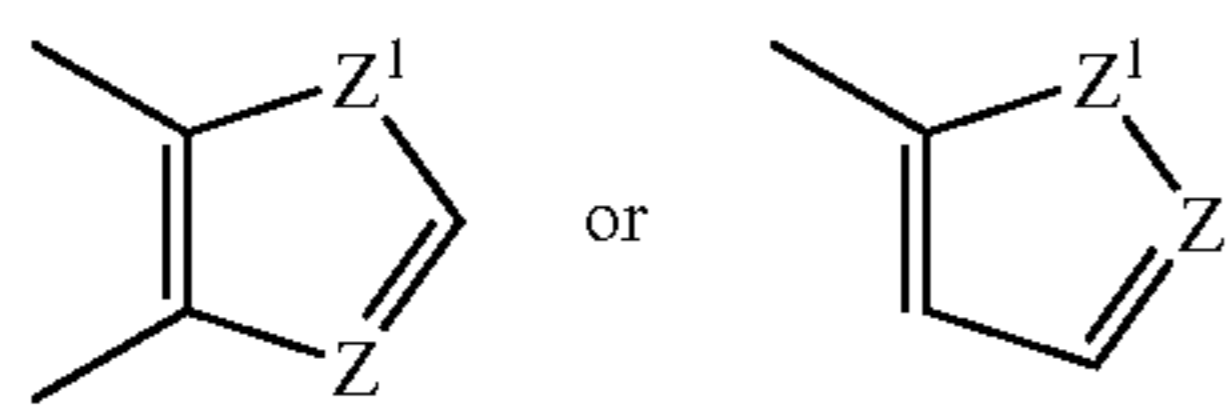


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl,

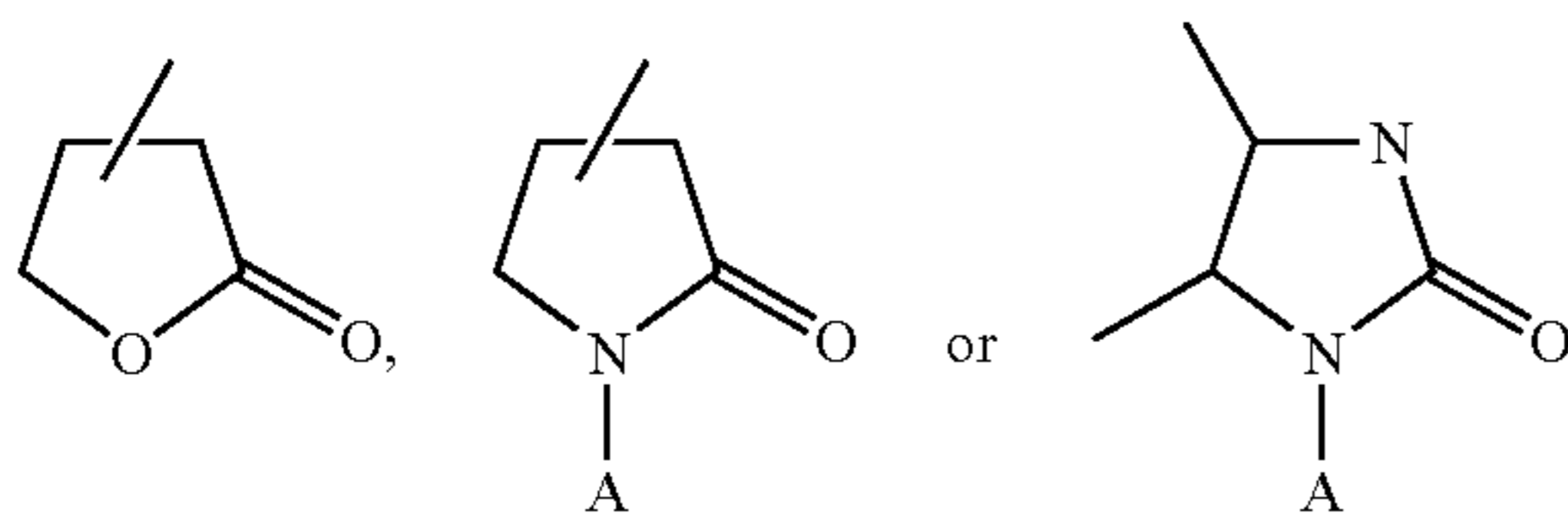
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or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

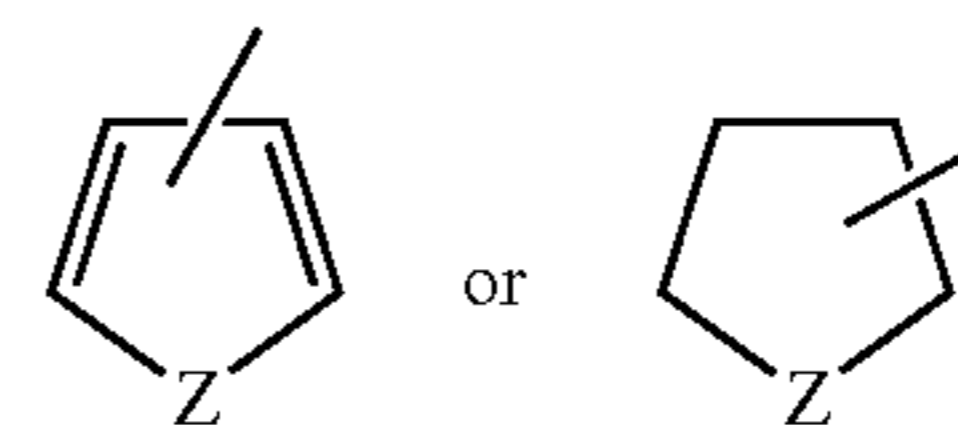
such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

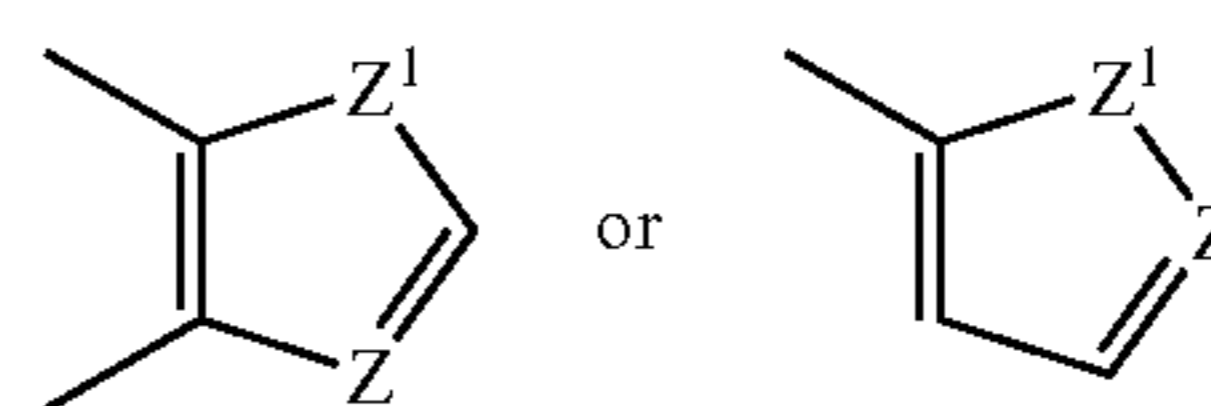
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; acyl or haloacyl group or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl such as cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, (2,3-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (1,2-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-ethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-methylcyclopentyl)carbonyl or (3-ethylcyclobutyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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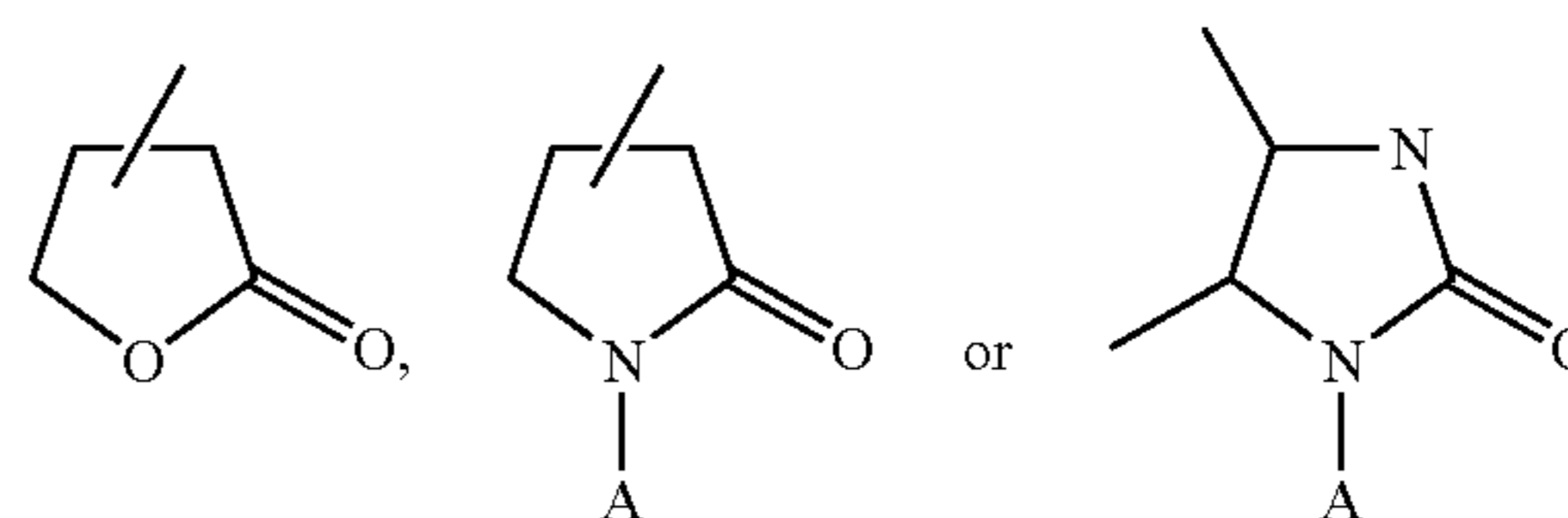
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

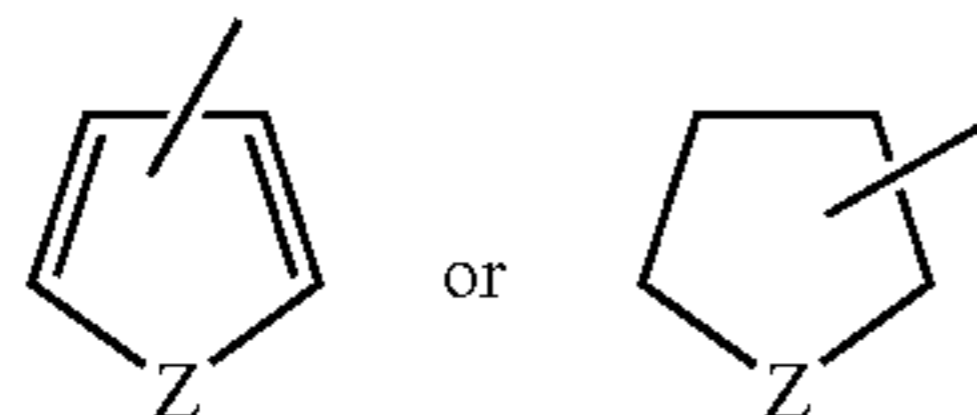


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched [propoxycarbonyl] propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl-group [substituted selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substituted selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)

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alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

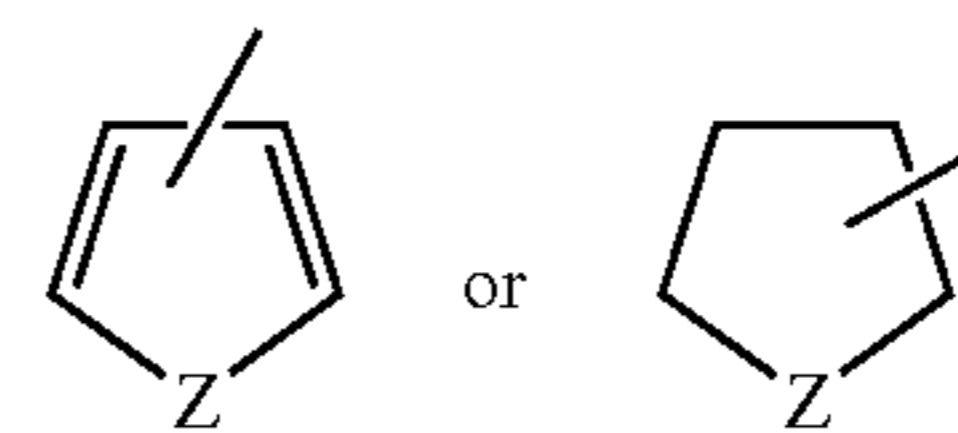
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (C<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sub>4</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl,

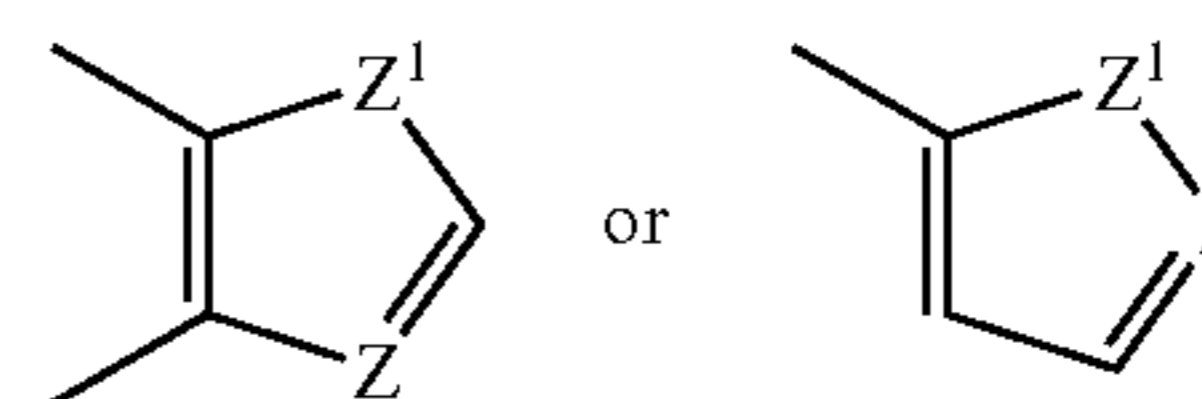
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4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

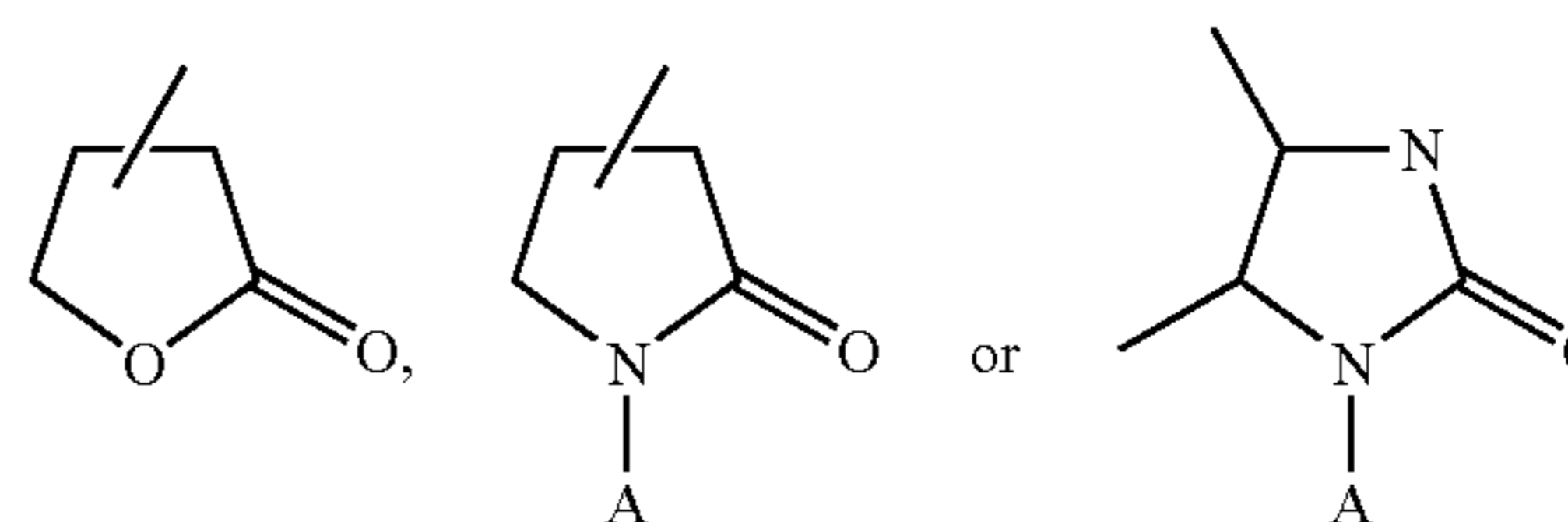


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



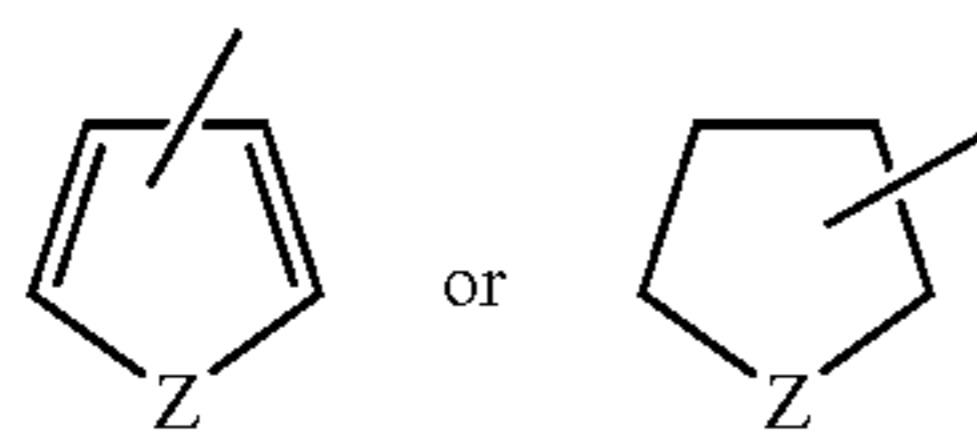
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo,



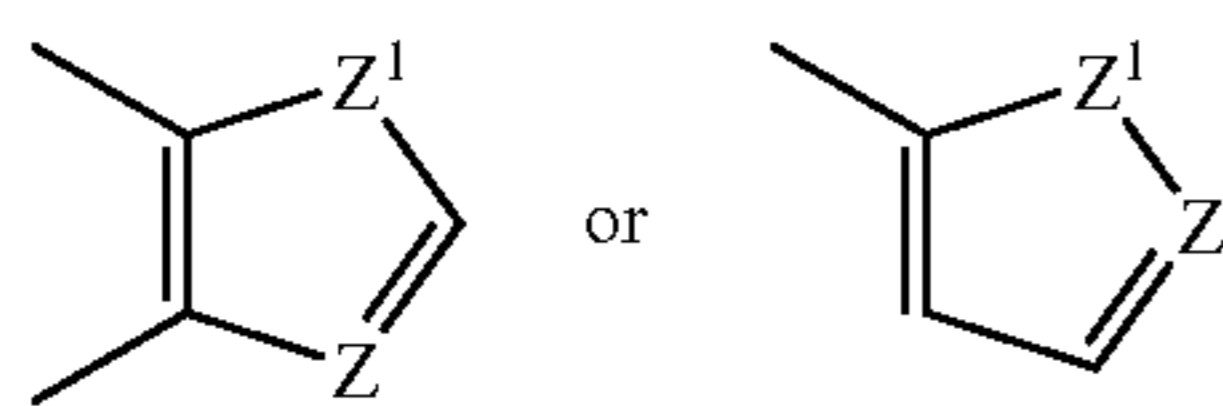
## 11

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio group such as benzylthio, 1-phenylethylthio or 2-phenylethylthio; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



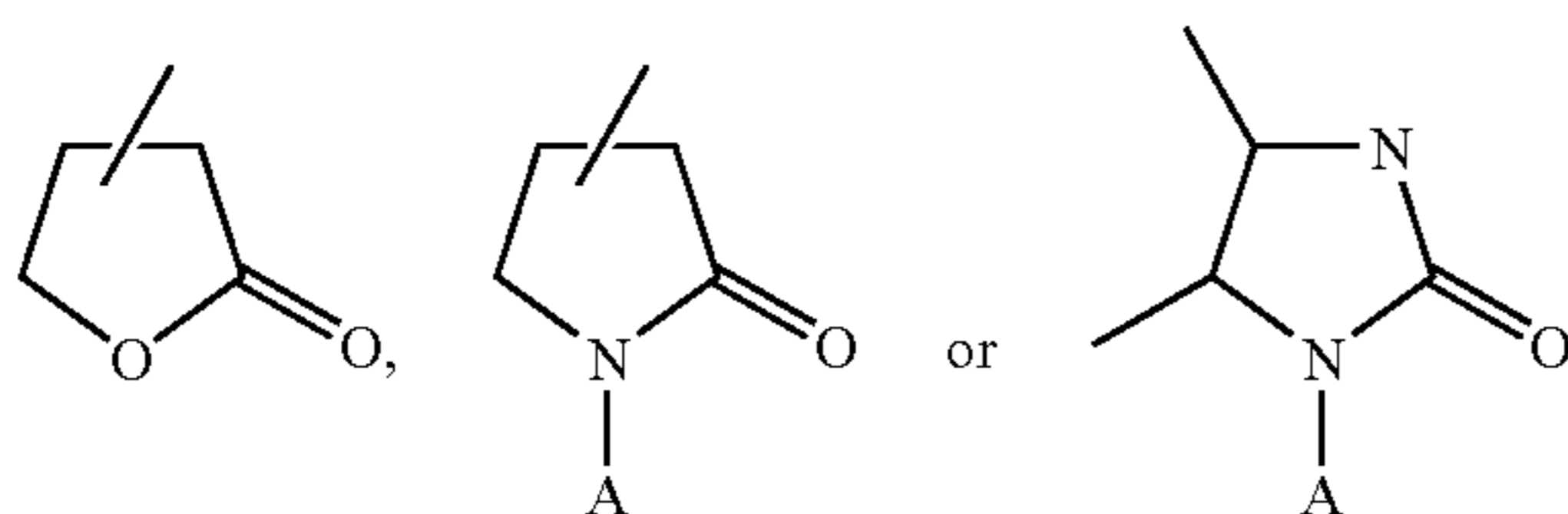
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

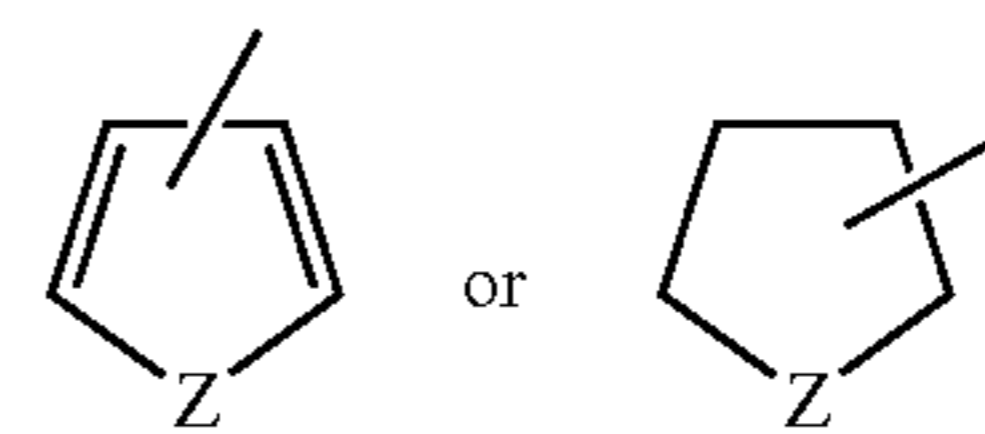


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)

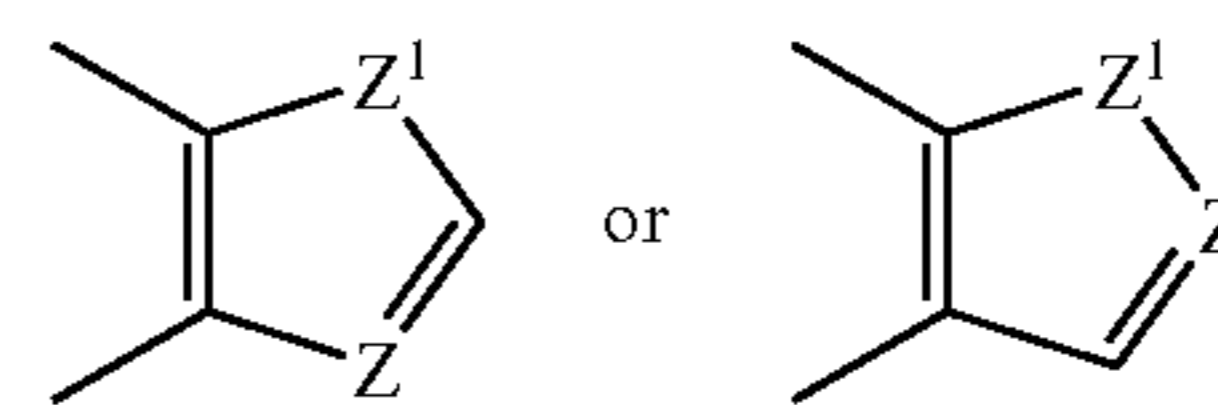
## 12

alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiormorpholinyl; hydroxy group; mercapto group; mono- or di-straight or branched chain (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, n-pentyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 3-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropylamino; (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)azacycloalkyl group such as aziridinyl, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl or 2-methylpyrrolidinyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid and their optional isomers;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoromethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl, 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl; or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

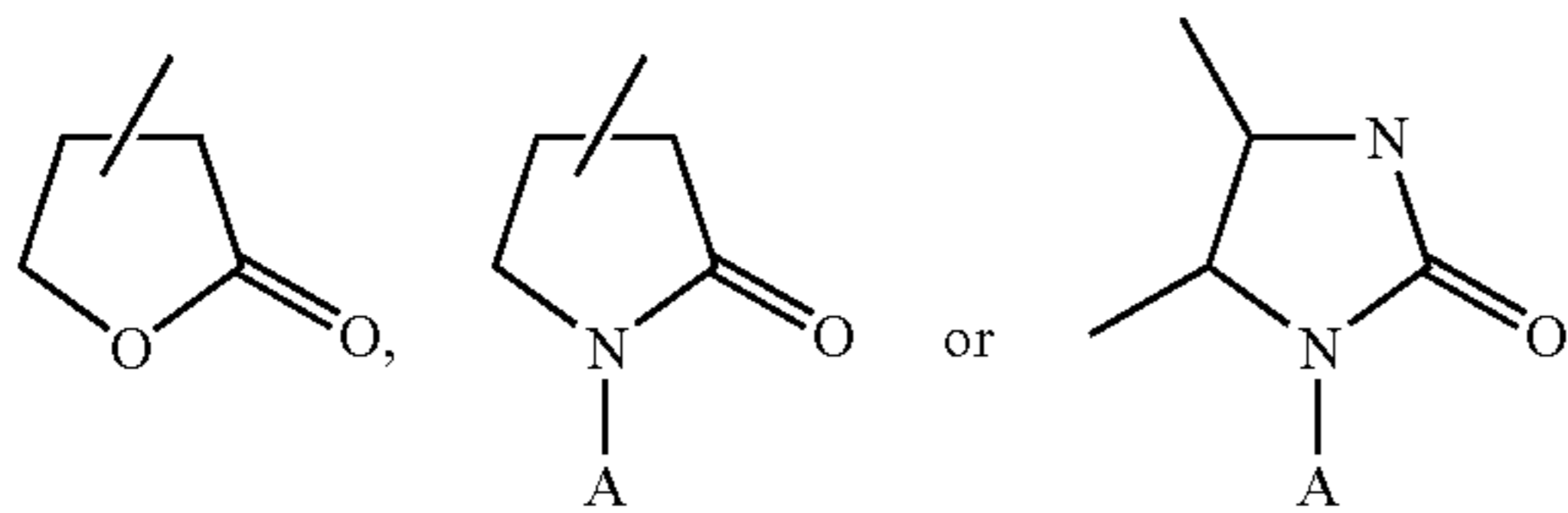


Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring

## 13

with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

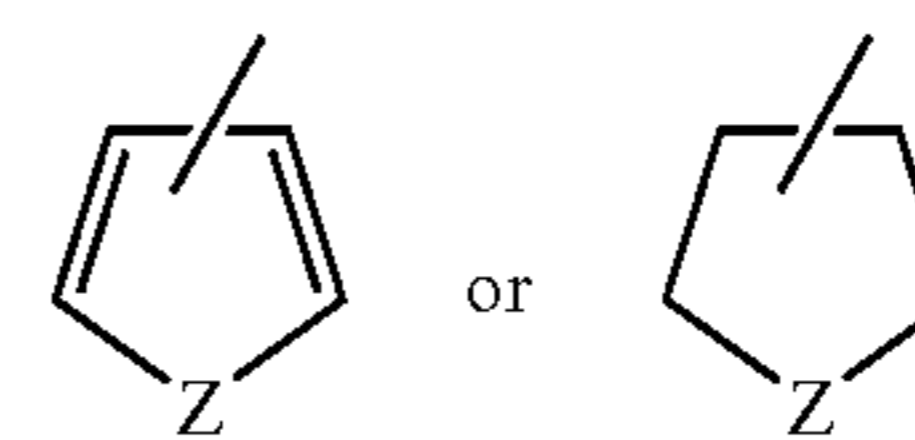
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R-R(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from

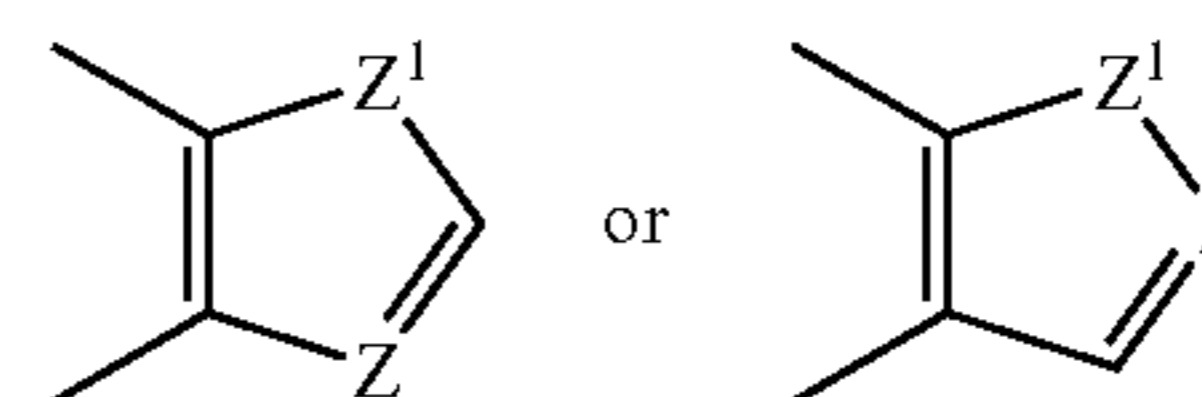
## 14

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2,2-dichloroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



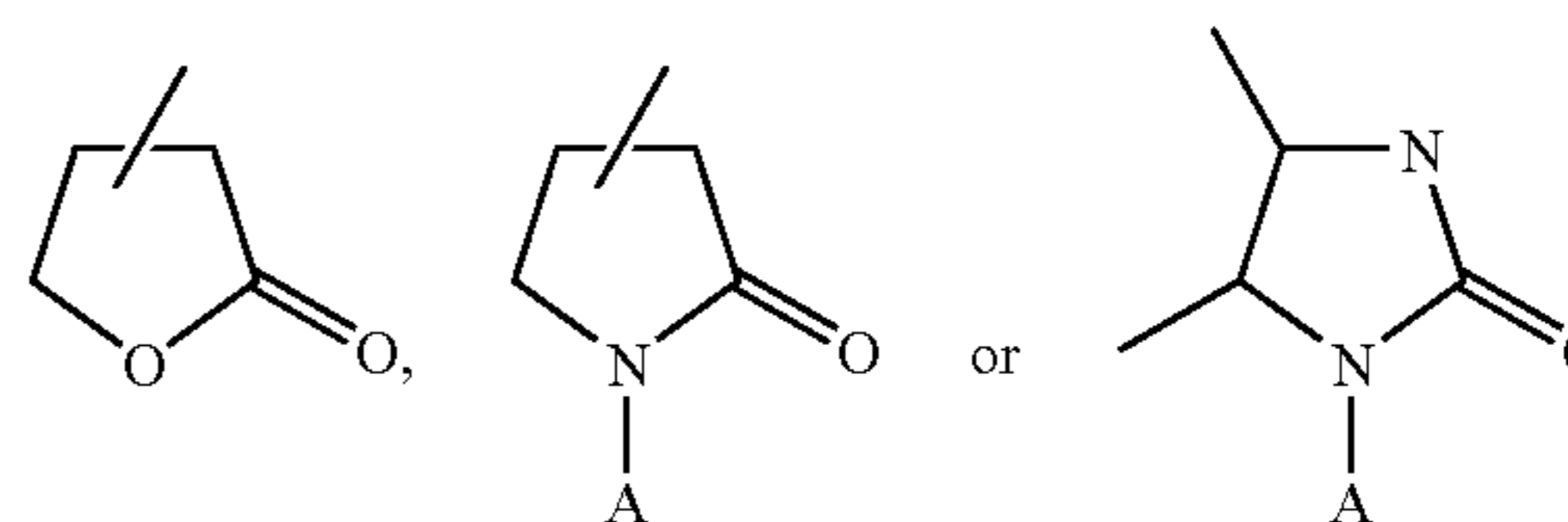
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)

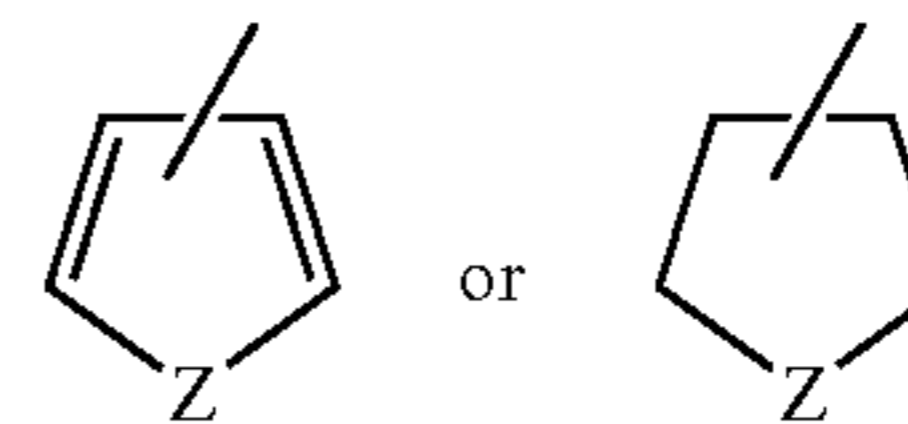
## 15

alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophorinyl;  $R^aR^b$  amino( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or  $R^aR^b$  is  $(CH_2)_n$ ,  $n=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)-$ alkyl [straight or branched],  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  [B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl], O or S; or  $R^aR^b$  aminoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^aR^b$  is  $(CH_2)_n$ ,  $n=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W-(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl [straight or branched],  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  [B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl], O or S; and when  $R=R_4$   $(CH_2)_nSO_2-$  and  $n=1-4$ ,

$R^4$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) carboxyalkyl group; ( $C_3-C_6$ )cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted ( $C_3-C_6$ )cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl, cyano, amino or ( $C_1-C_3$ )acyl); ( $C_6-C_{10}$ )aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl group (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy); ( $C_7-C_9$ )aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy or tert-butoxy;  $C_6$ -aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylamino); ( $C_7-C_{10}$ ) aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy;  $R^aR^b$  amino ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^aR^b$  is  $(CH_2)_n$ ,  $n=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl [straight or branched],  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  [B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl], O or S; or  $R^aR^b$  aminoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^aR^b$  is  $(CH_2)_n$ ,  $n=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl [straight or branched],  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  [B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl], O or S; ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio or n-propylthio;  $C_6$ -arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino); ( $C_7-C_8$ )aralkylthio group such as benzylthio, 1-phenylethylthio or 2-phenylethylthio; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

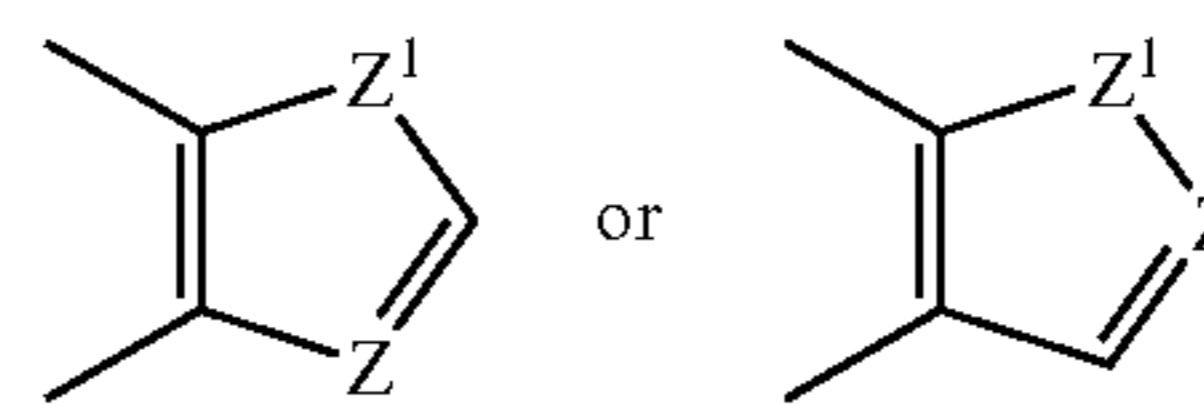
## 16

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



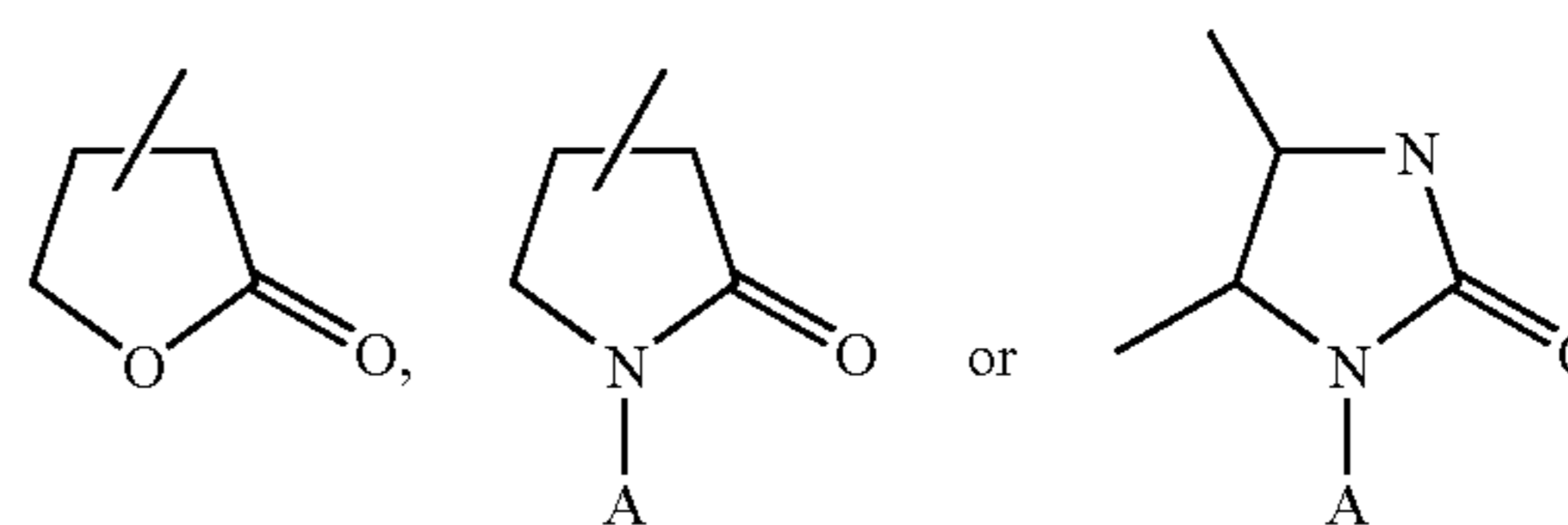
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

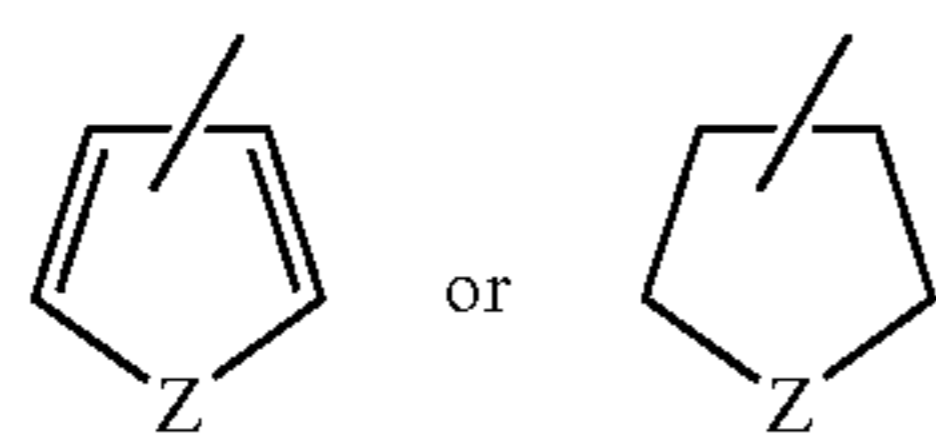
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy); ( $C_7-C_9$ )aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)



such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophorinyl; hydroxy group; mercapto group; mono- or di-straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ ) alkylamino group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-

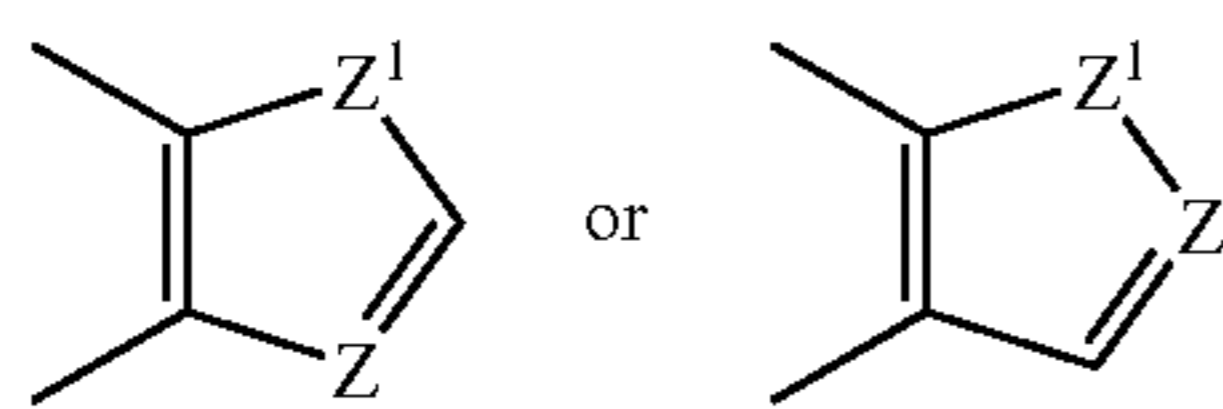
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dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl amino; halo ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoromethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2,2-dichloroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, ( $C_3-C_6$ )cycloalkylcarbonyl, ( $C_6-C_{10}$ )-aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ )aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



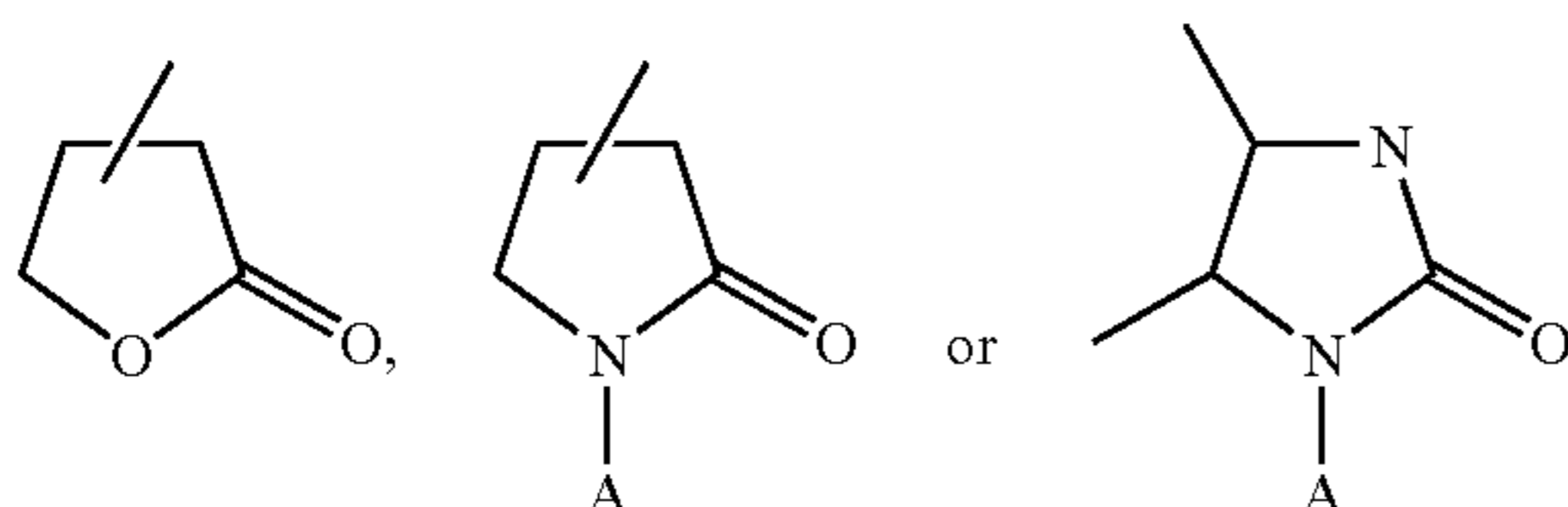
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methyl indolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



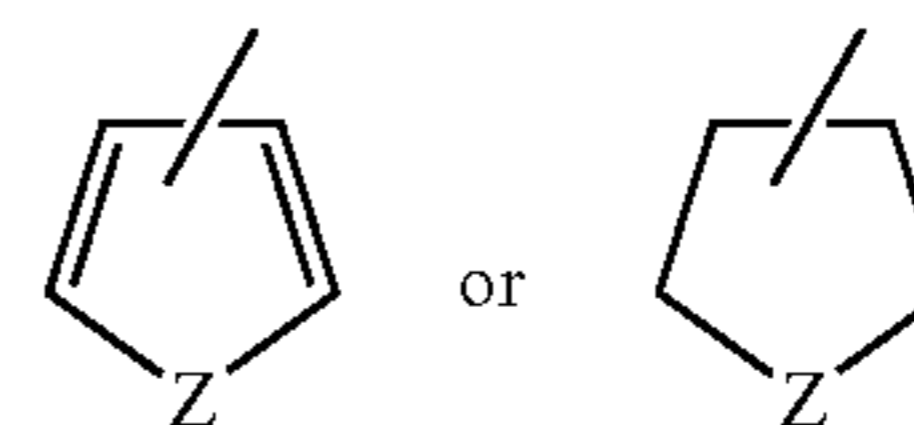
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy); ( $C_7-C_9$ )aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl,

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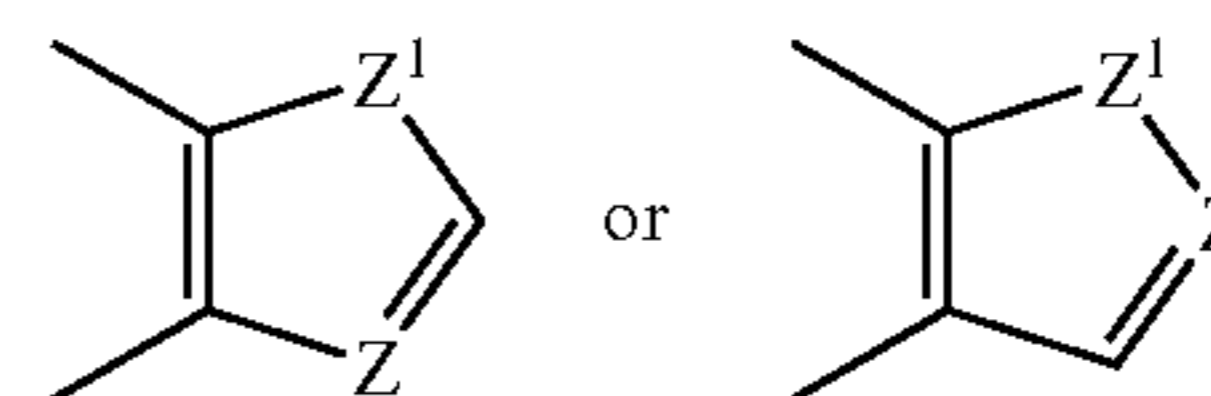
unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl;

$R^5$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; ( $C_6-C_{10}$ )aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; ( $C_7-C_9$ )aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



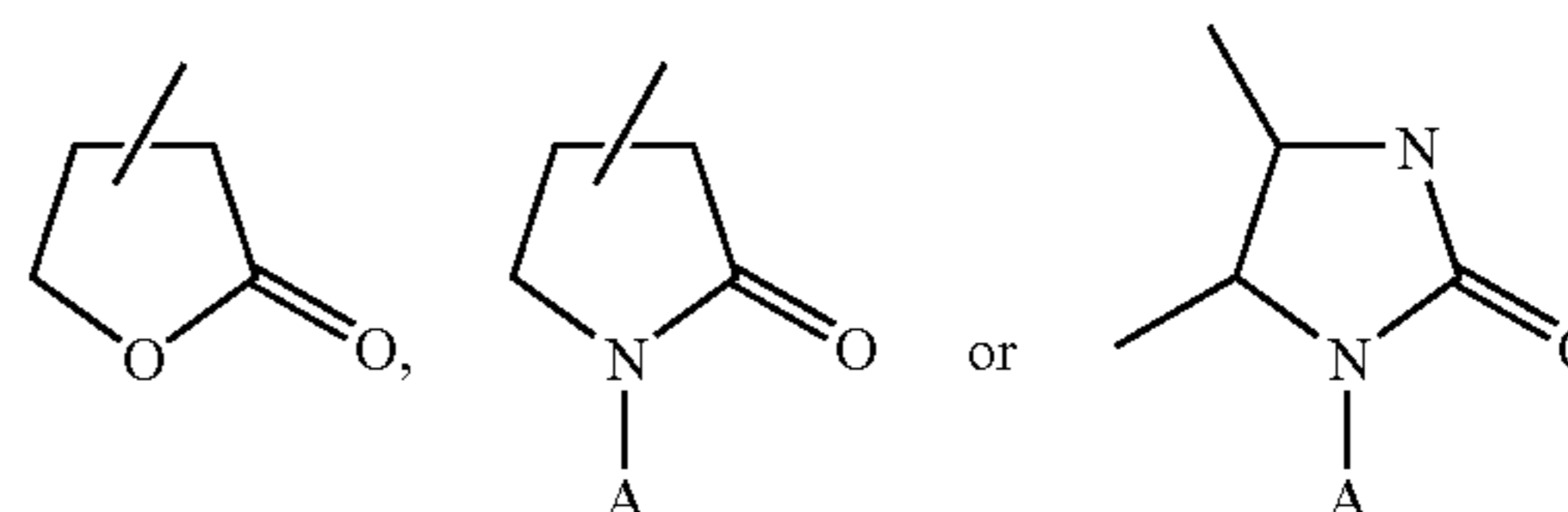
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

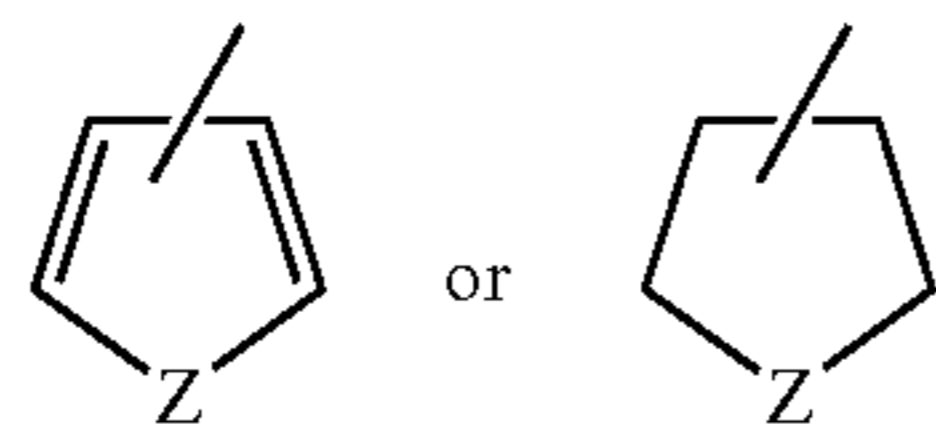


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1-C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy); ( $C_7-C_9$ )aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl,

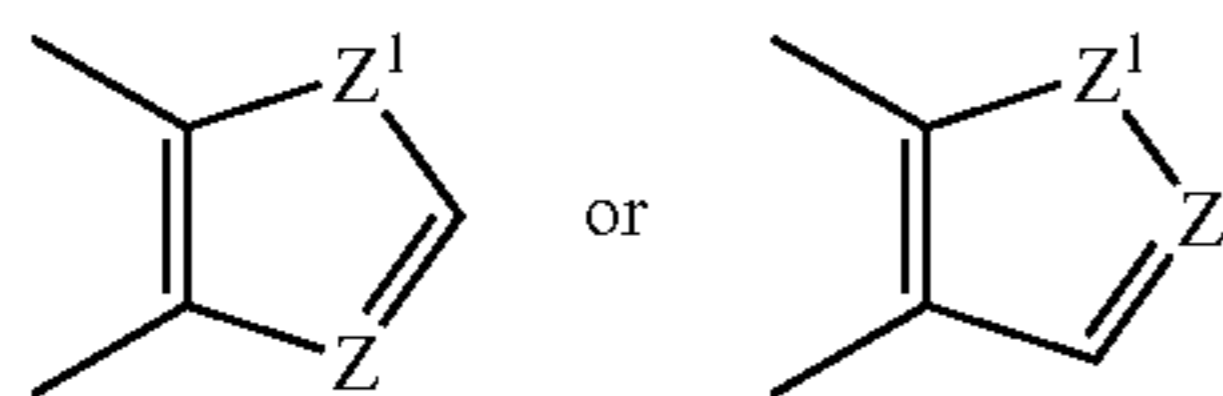
## 19

matic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl β-naphthyl; R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



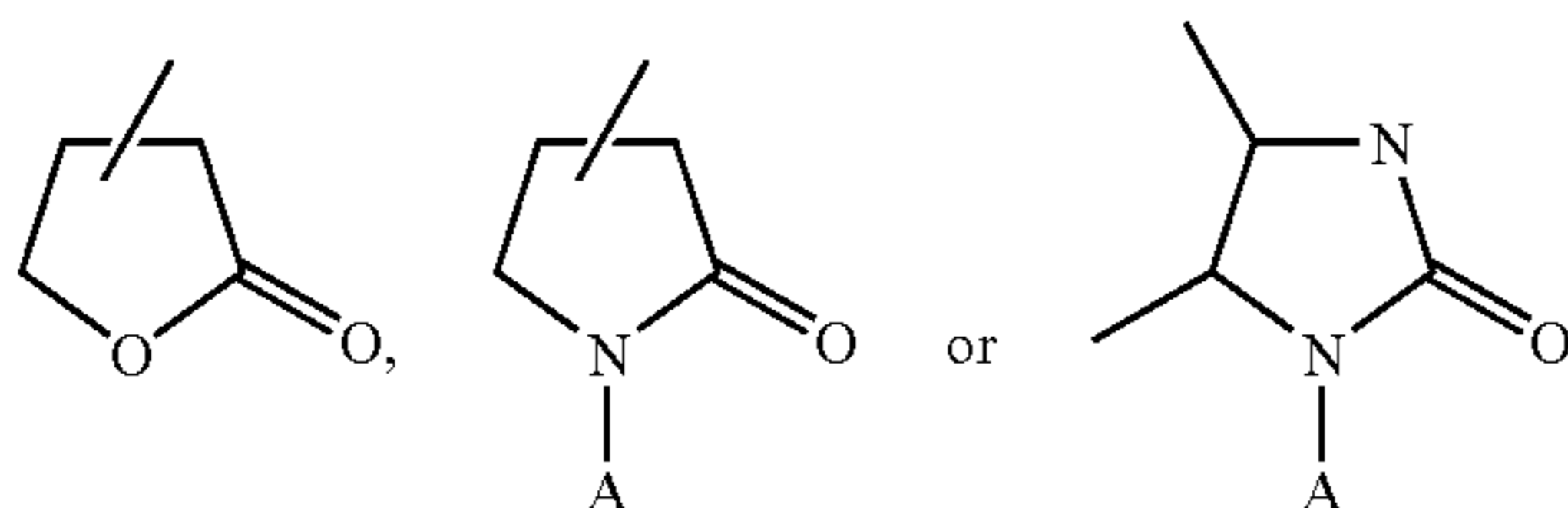
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

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such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen; or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$ , wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, -NH, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)proline, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

Preferred compounds are compounds according to the above formula I and II in which X is selected from amino, NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine;

and when X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=hydrogen,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when R<sup>1</sup>=methyl or ethyl,

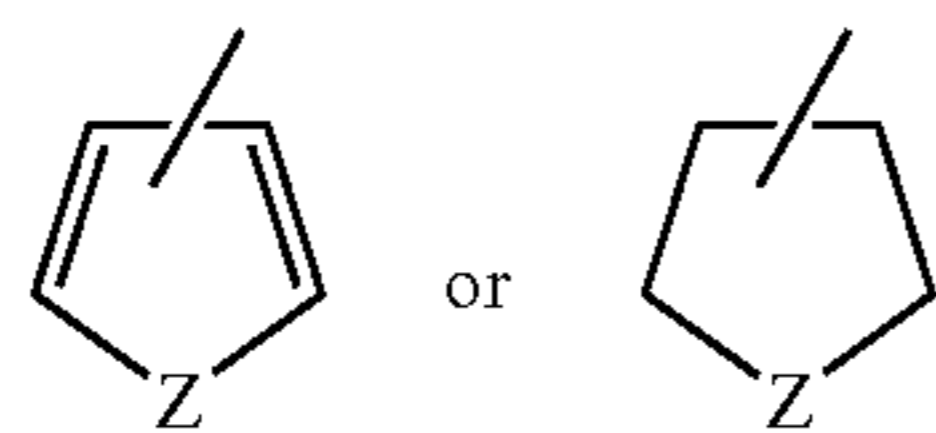
R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); α-amino-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from aminomethyl, α-aminoethyl, α-aminopropyl or α-aminobutyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid, α-aminobutyric acid or α-aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino group such as phenylglycyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group, substitution selected from phenyl or p-hydroxyphenyl; α-hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl, α-hydroxyethyl or α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl or α-hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl,

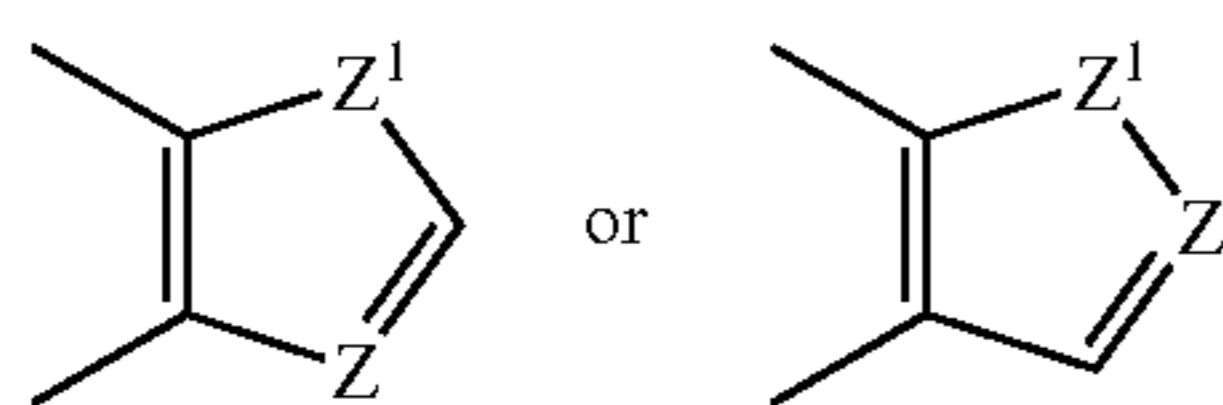
## 21

fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



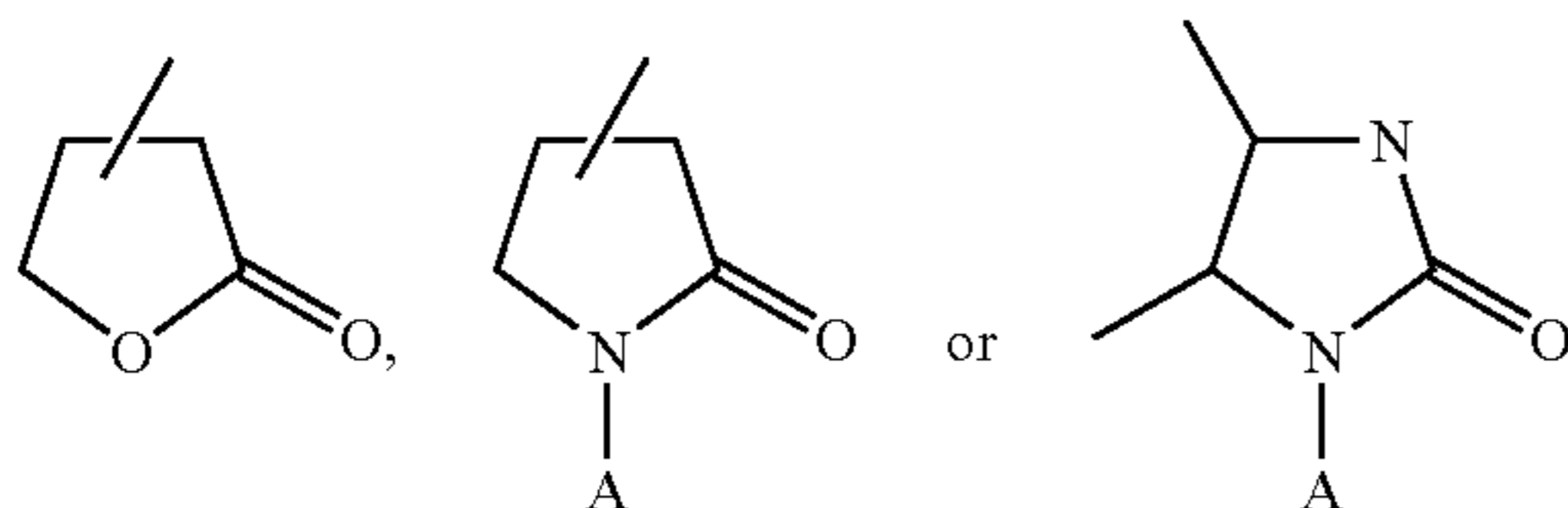
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

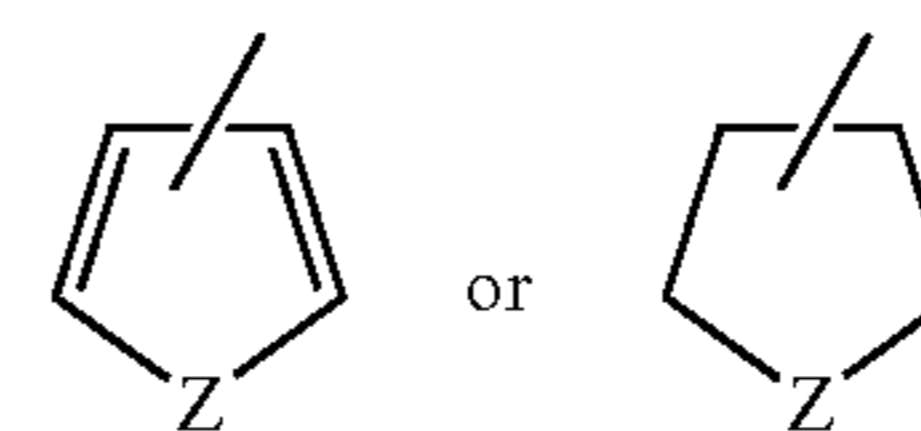


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl such as cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl,

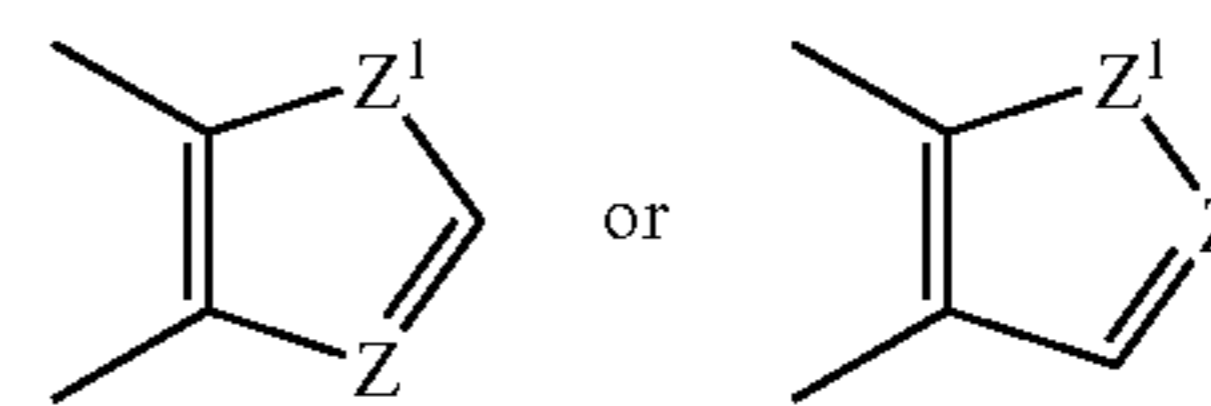
## 22

cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, (2,3-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (1,2-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-ethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-methylcyclopentyl)carbonyl or (3-ethylcyclobutyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-methyltoluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



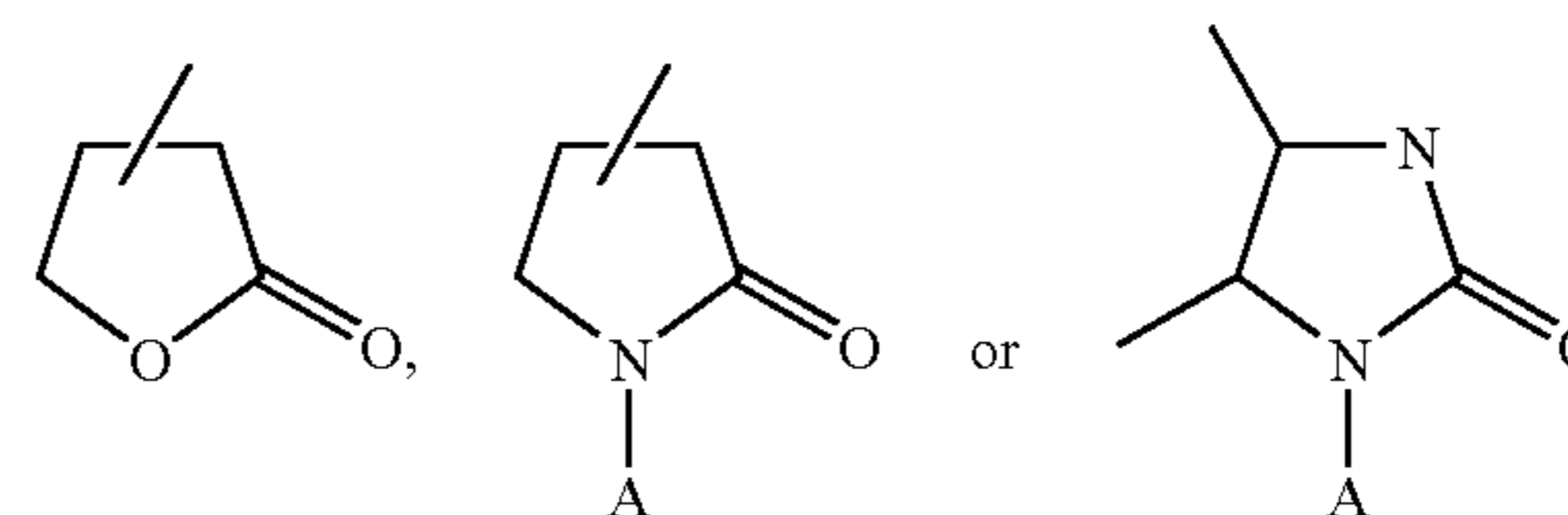
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

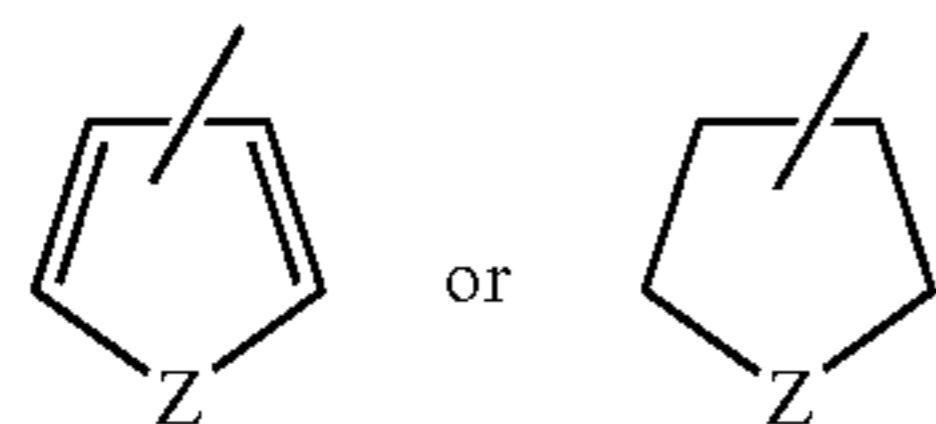
such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl) such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-

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dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substituted selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl, β-naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substituted selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

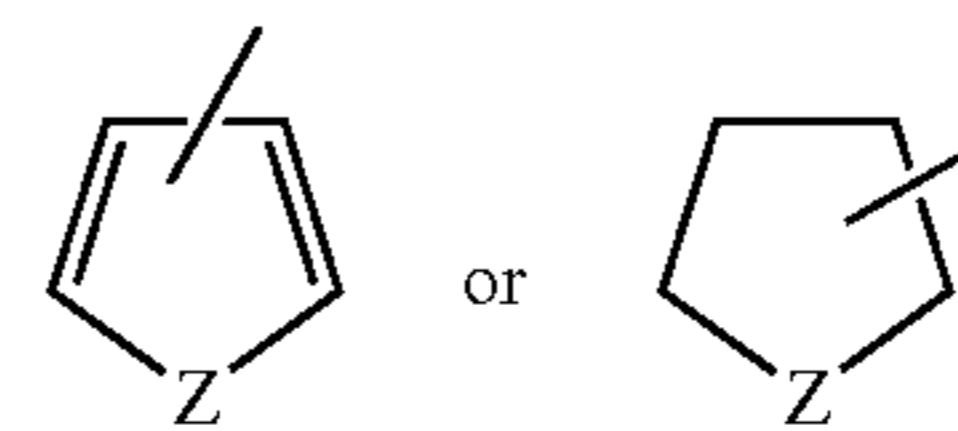
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (C<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sub>4</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl,

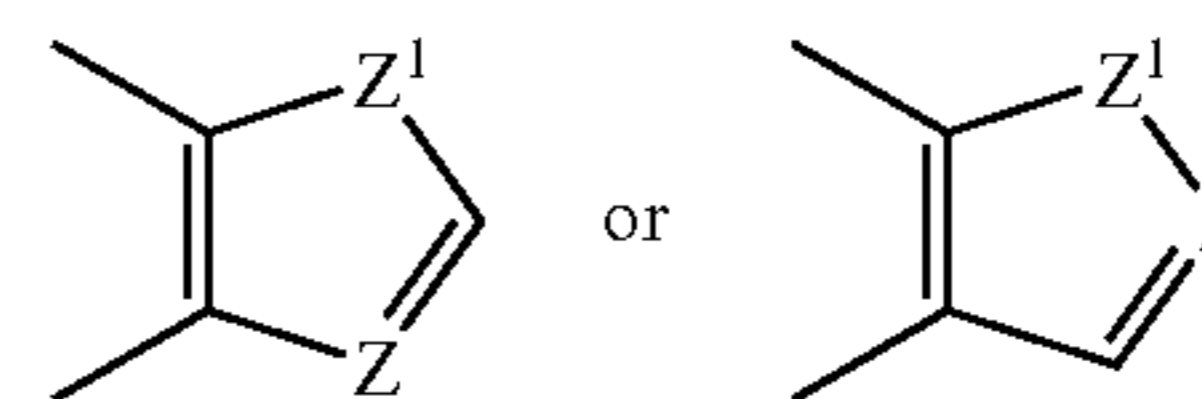
## 24

1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



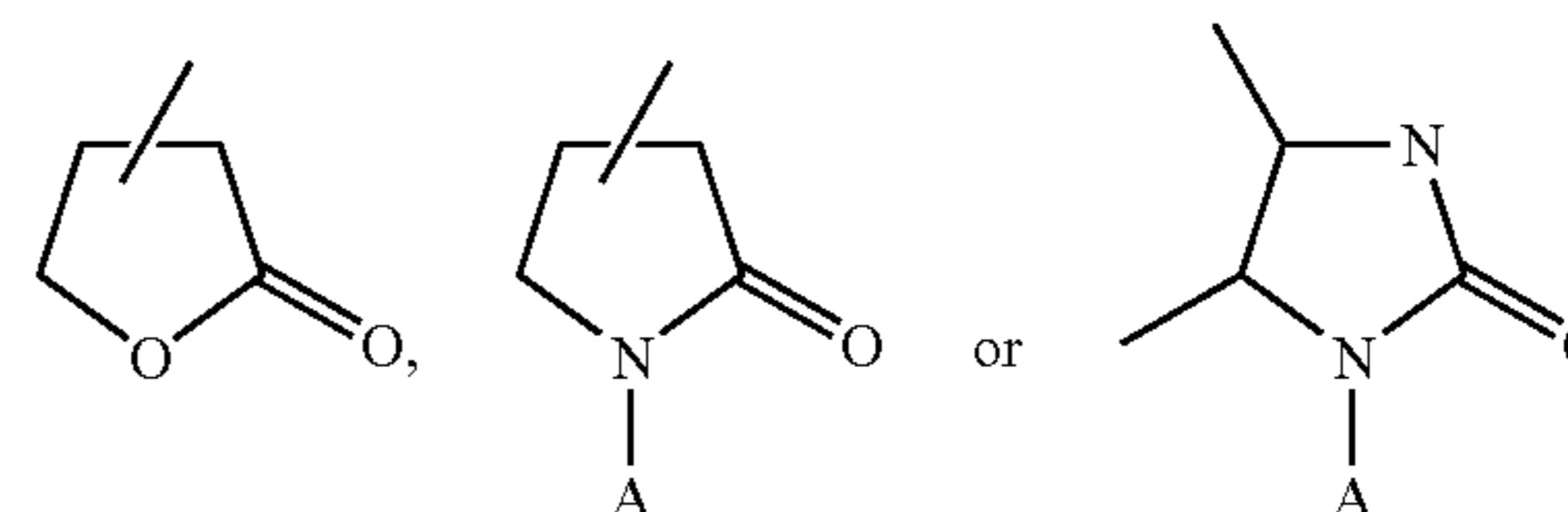
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

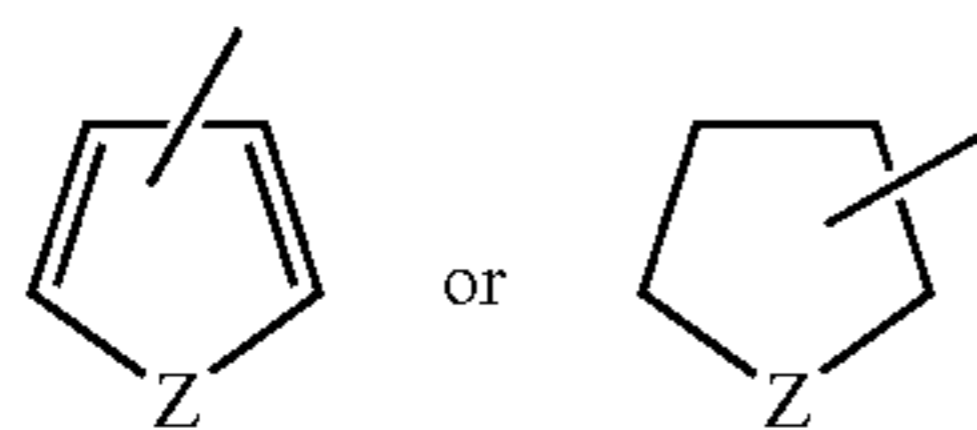


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl,

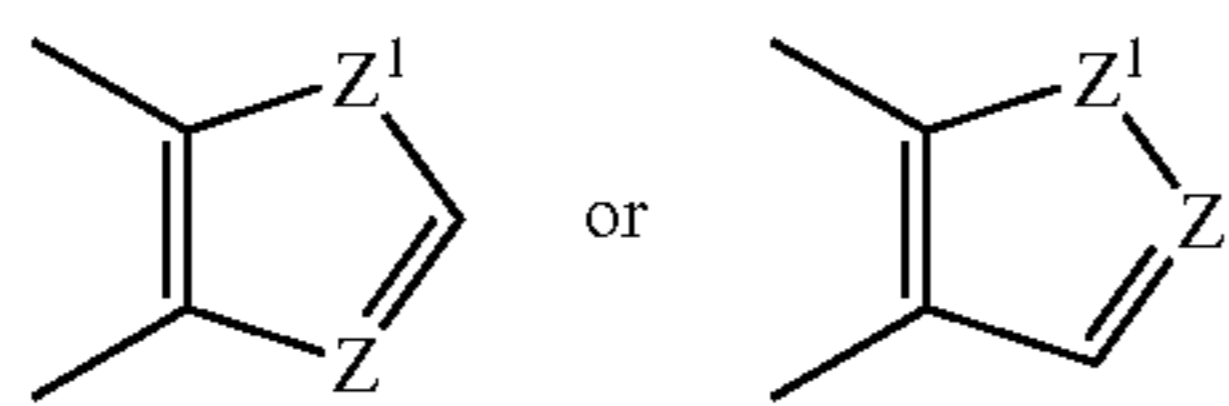
## 25

unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (C<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

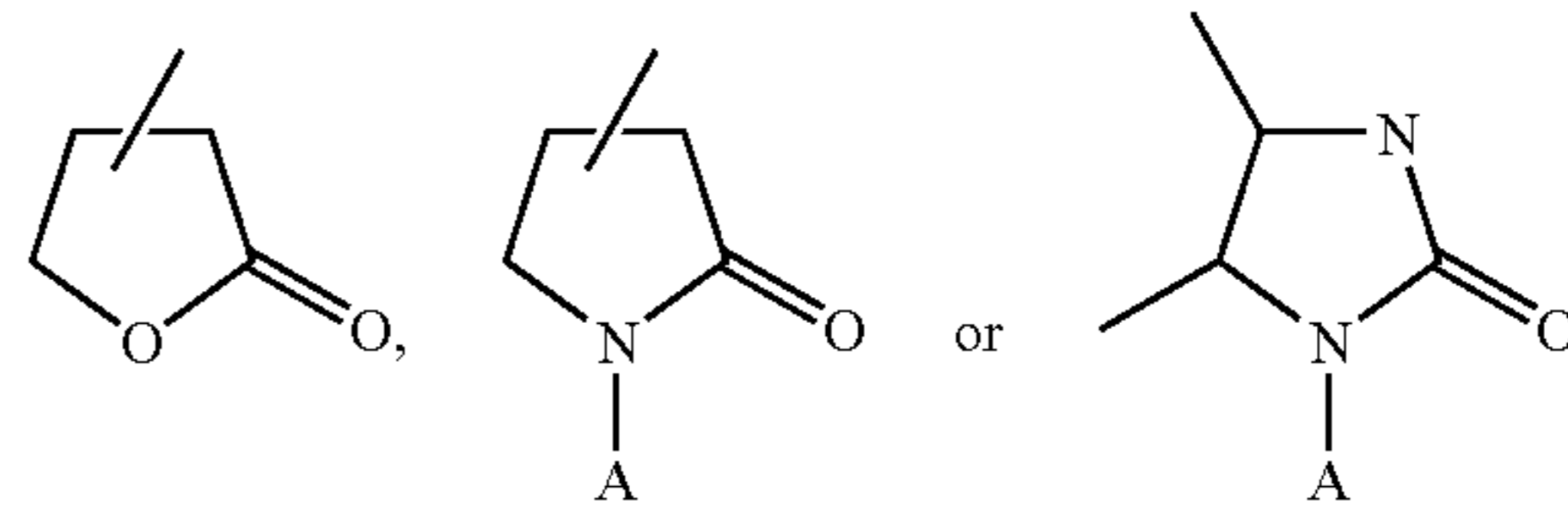


Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring

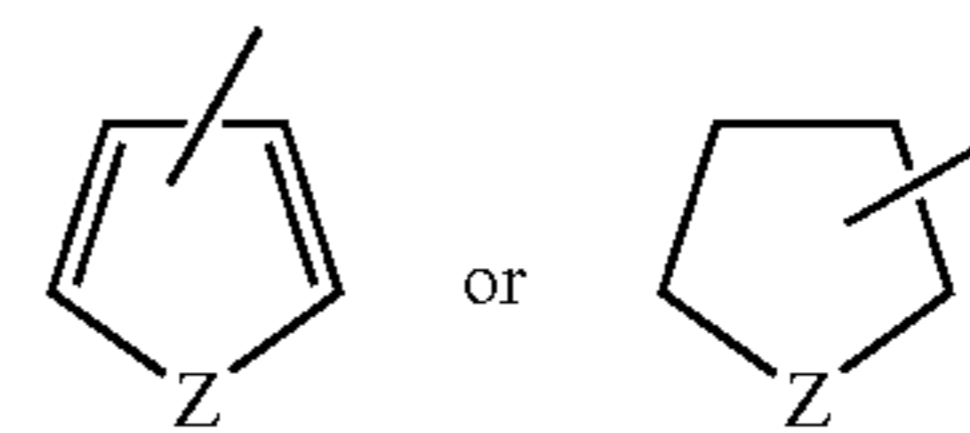
## 26

with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; hydroxy group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

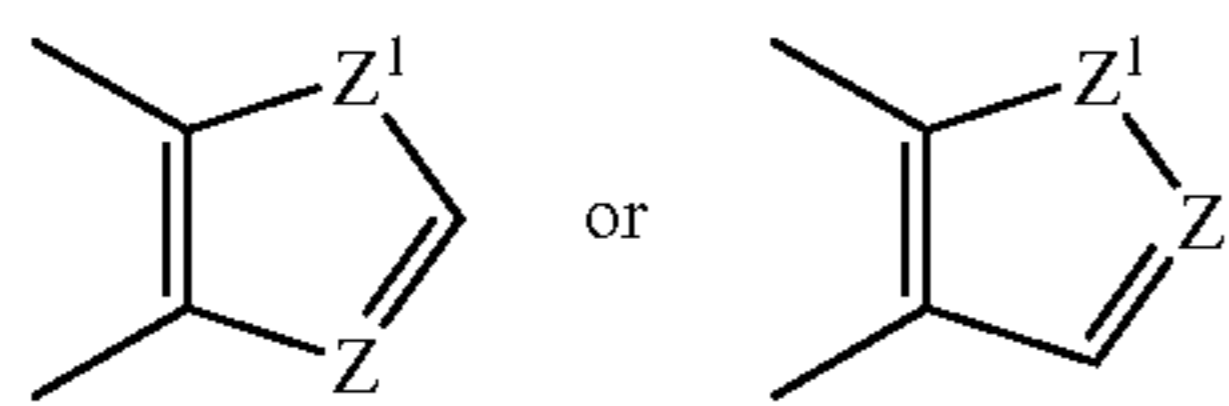


Z = N, O, S or Se

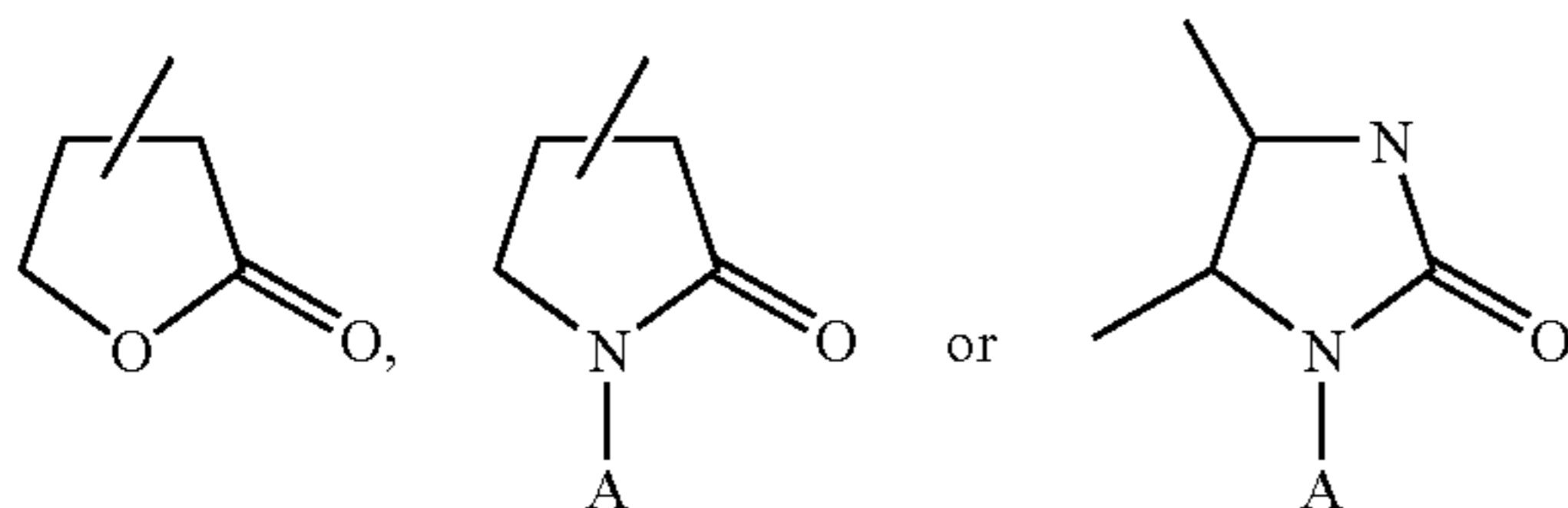
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



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Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



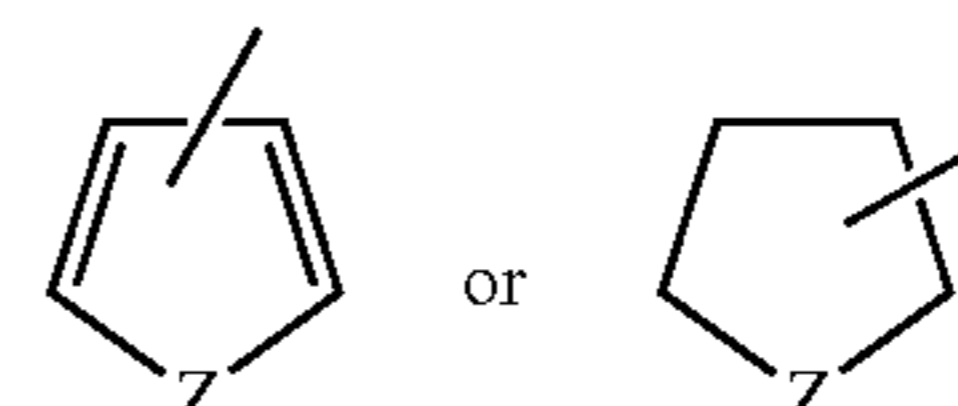
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 3-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tertbutoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino;

and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

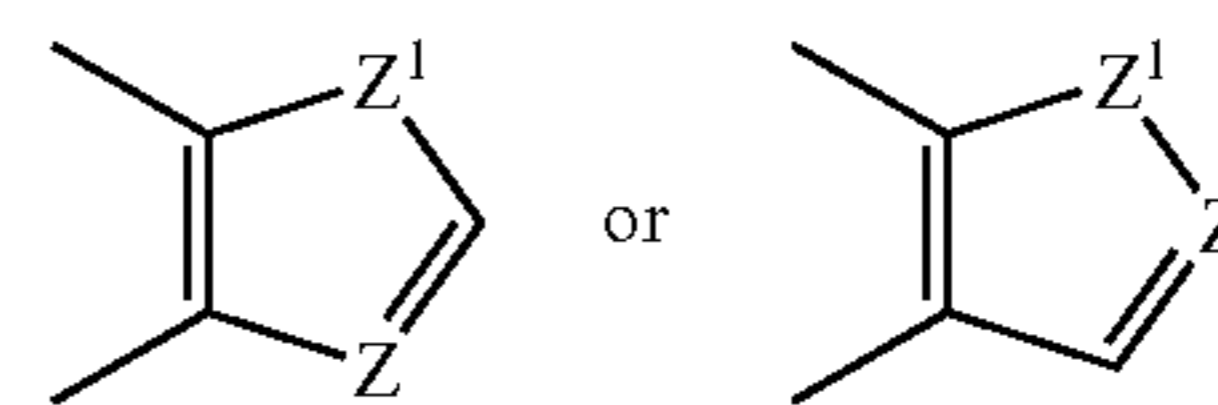
R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from the amino; monosubstituted amino selected from as straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocyclic group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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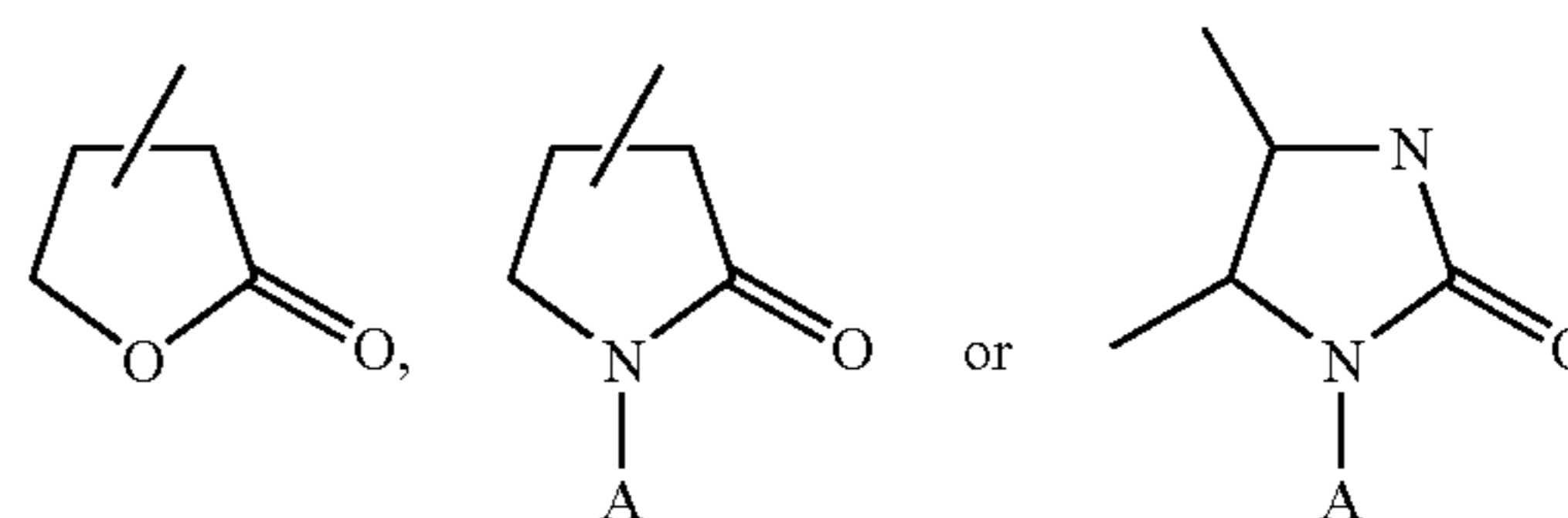


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl;

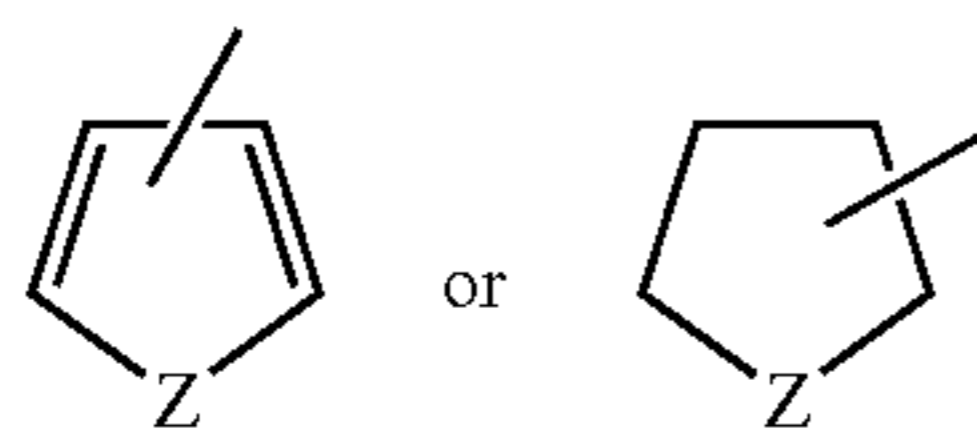
and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or

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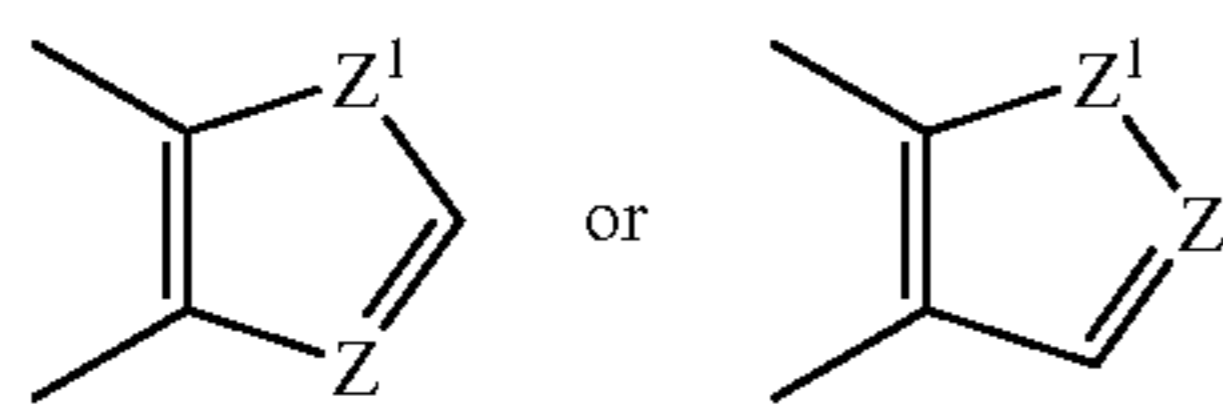
branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)carboxyalkyl group;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocyclic group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



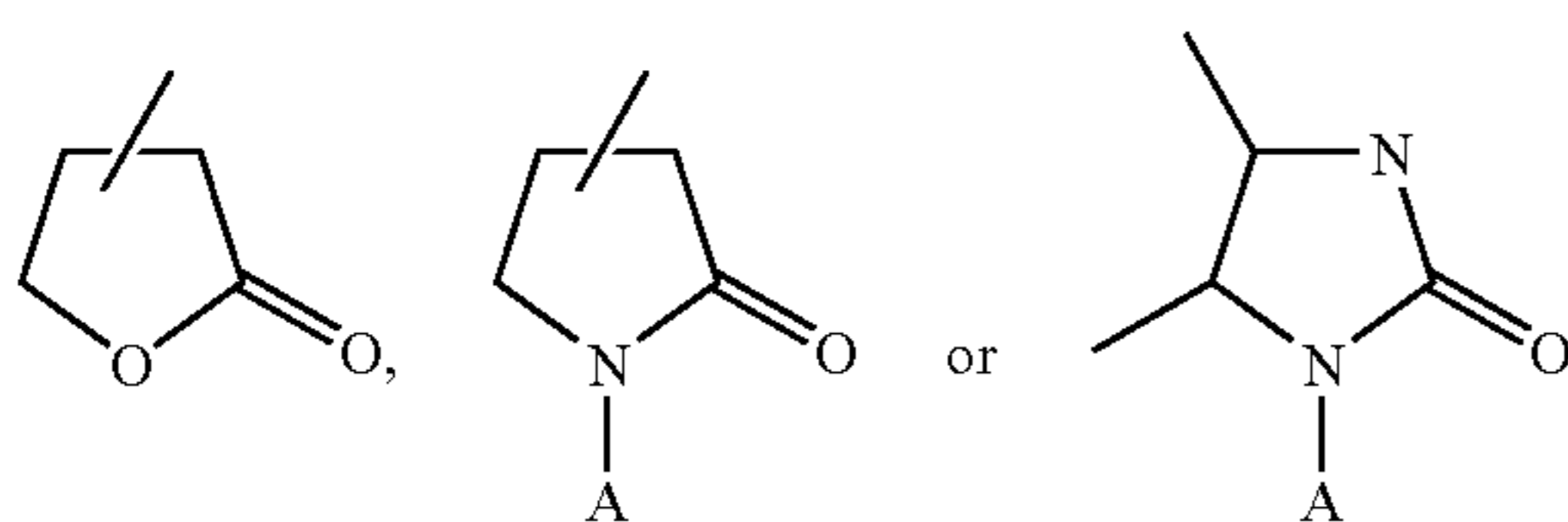
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl-2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom:



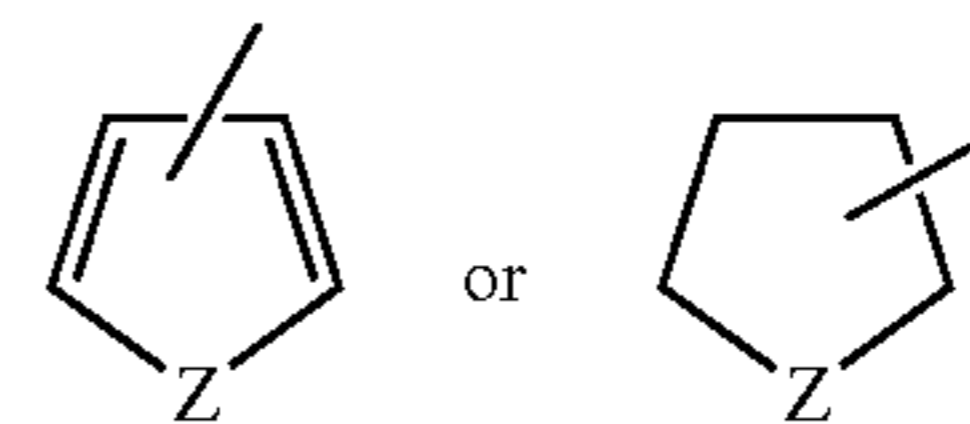
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group

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selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

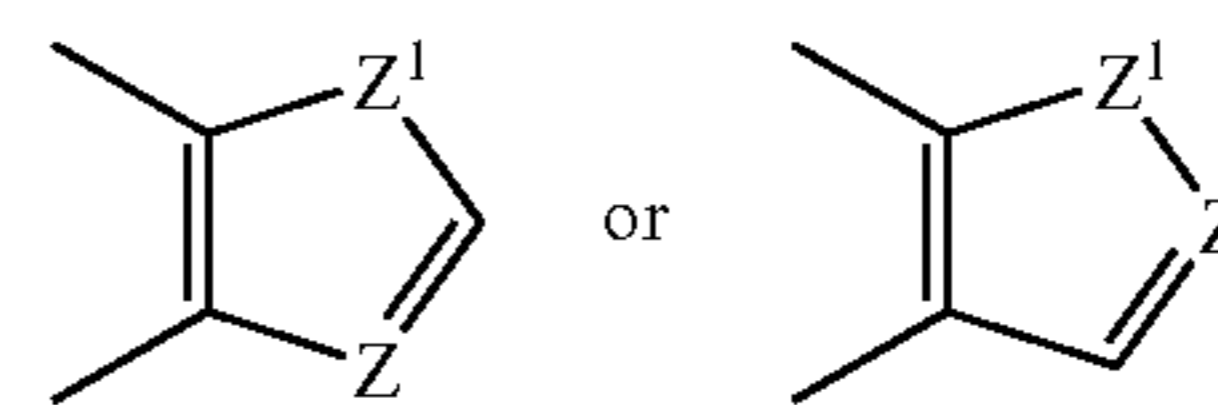
such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiophosphorinyl; or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocyclic group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



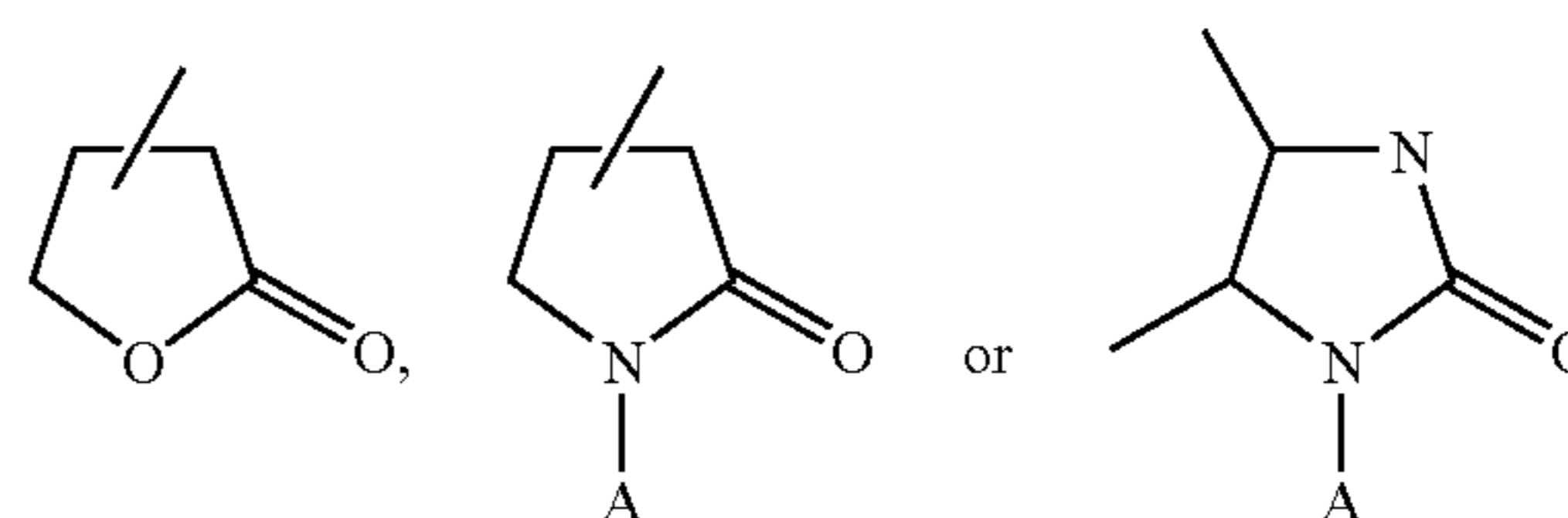
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution

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selected from halo,(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiopholinyl; or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen; or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, -NH-, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl [straight or branched], -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

Particularly preferred compounds are compounds according to the above formula I and II in which X is selected from amino, NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine;

and when X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=hydrogen,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when R<sup>1</sup>=methyl or ethyl,

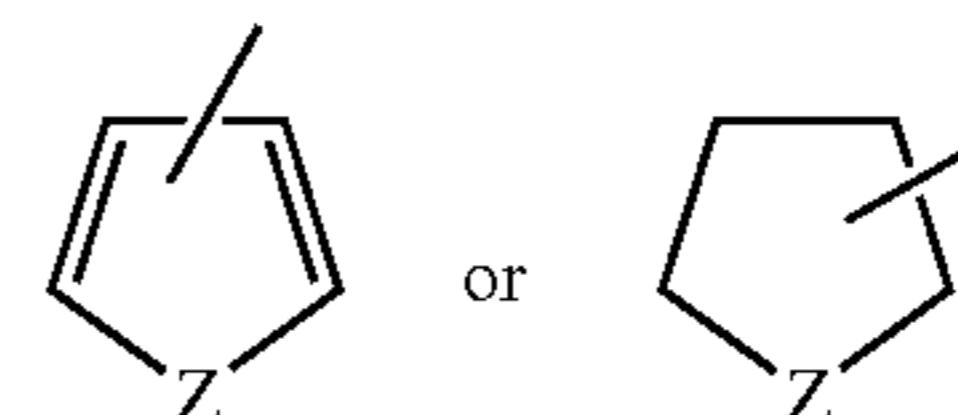
R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

R is selected from R<sub>4</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- or R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy);  $\alpha$ -amino-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or  $\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino group such as phenylglycyl;

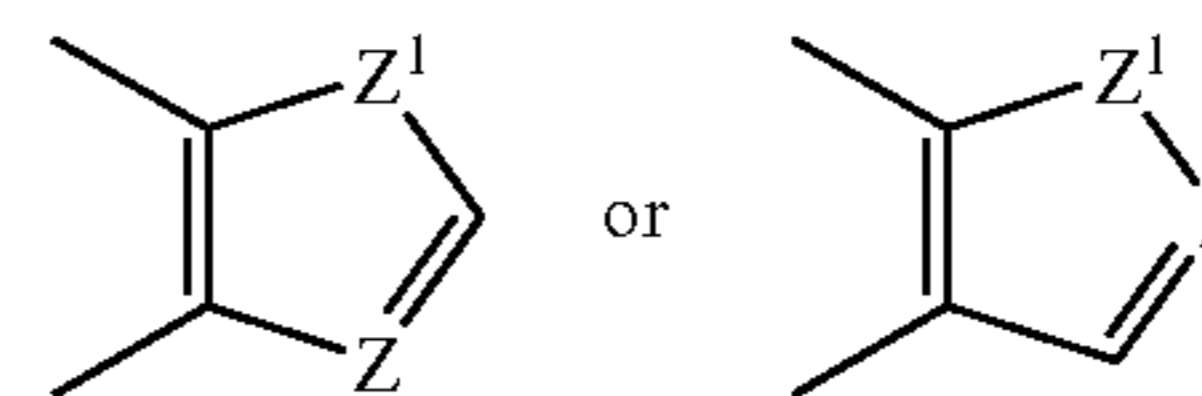
## 32

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group, substitution selected from phenyl or p-hydroxyphenyl;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



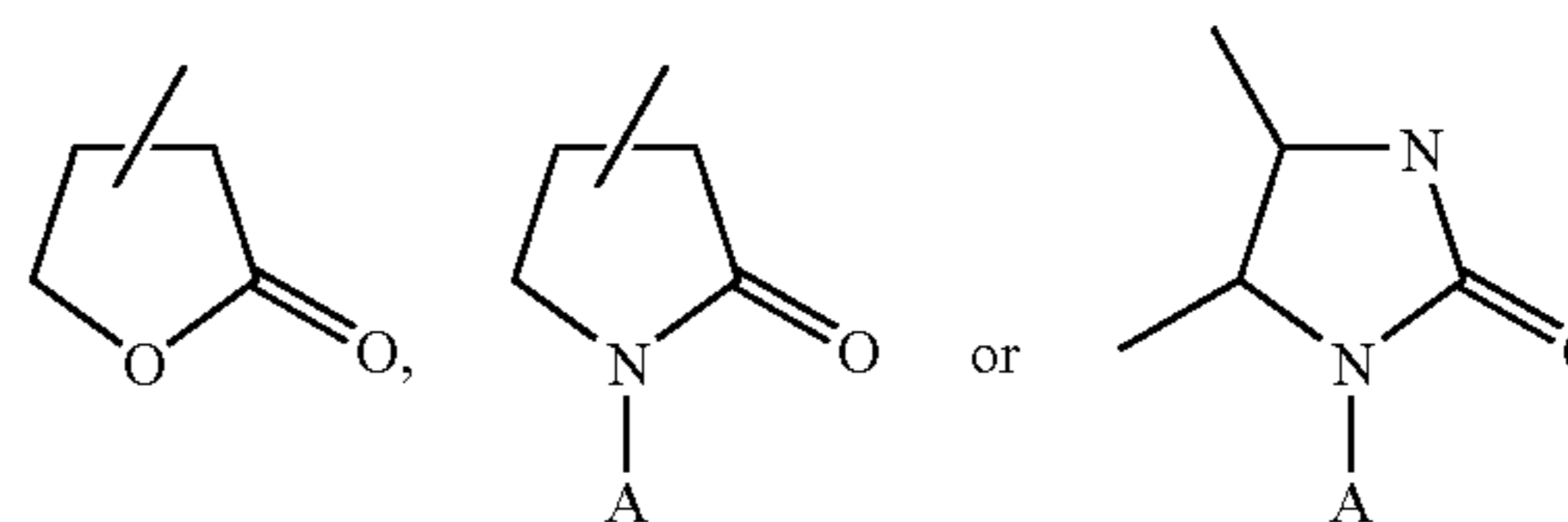
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five-membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused therein:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

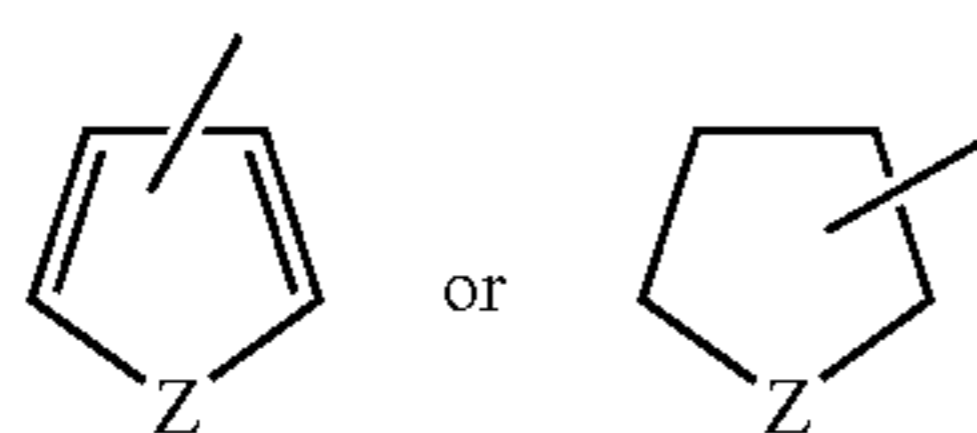


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo,(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-

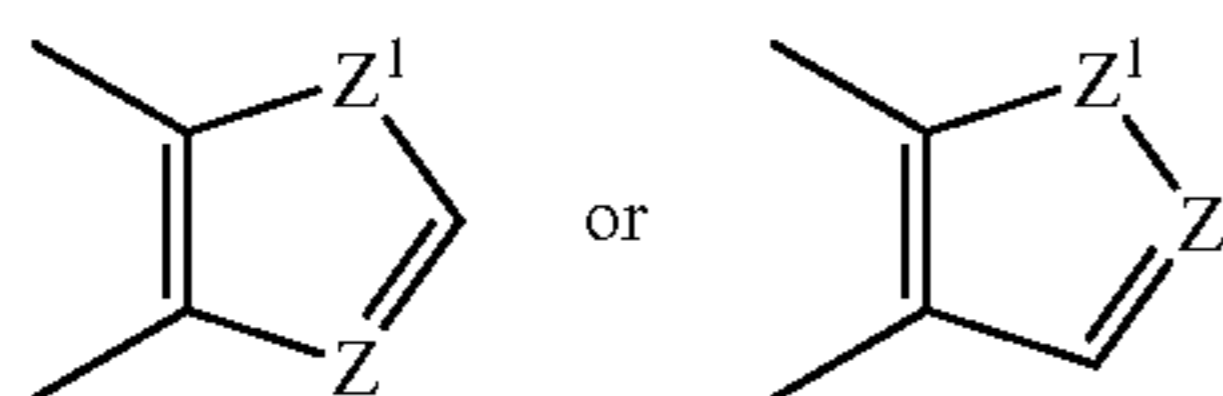
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piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl such as cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, (2,3-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (1,2-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-ethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-methylcyclopentyl)carbonyl or (3-ethylcyclobutyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-methylbenzoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



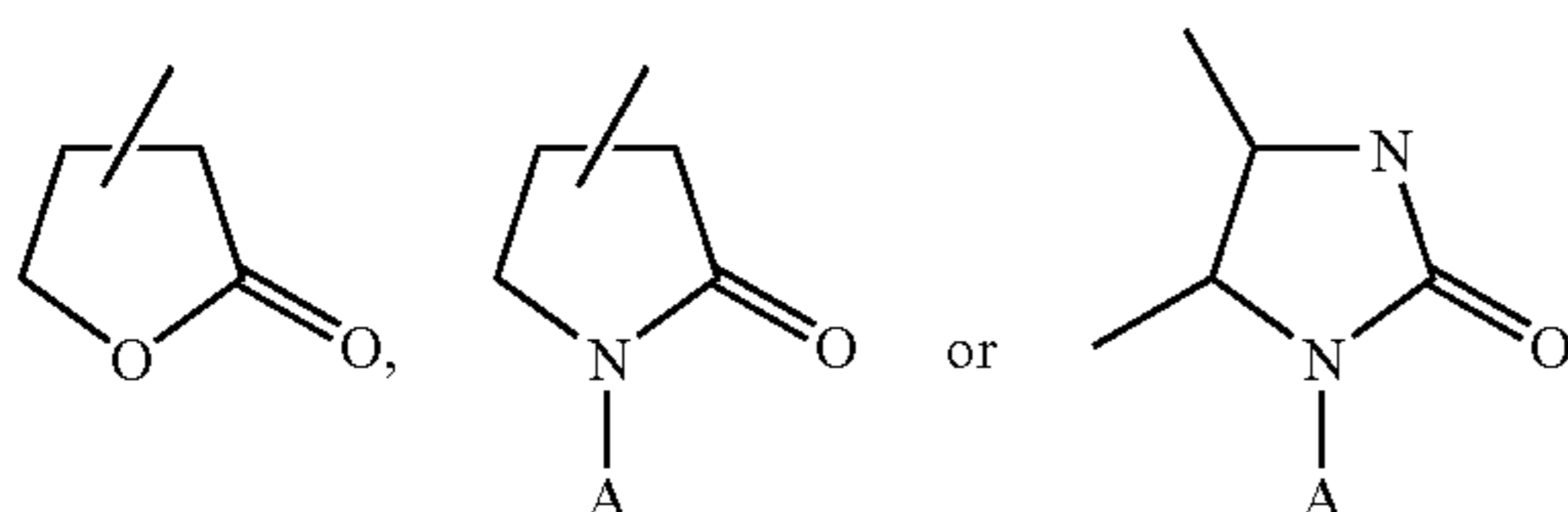
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

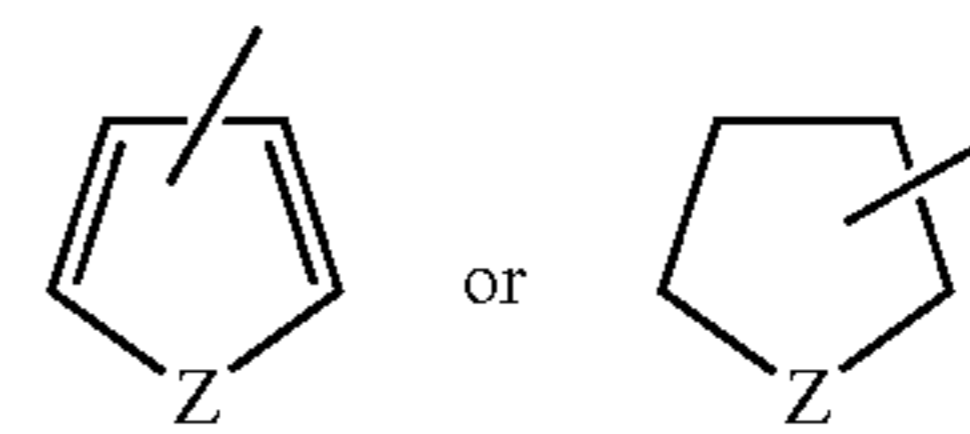


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aro-

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matic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



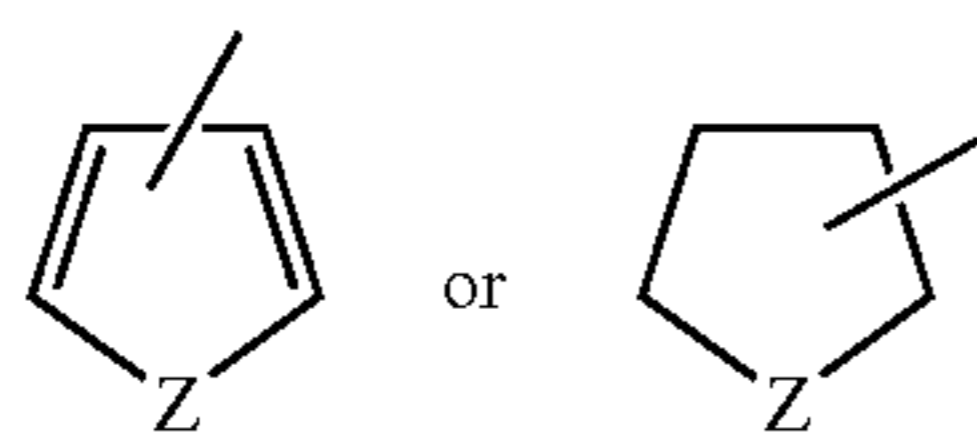
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O is S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl;

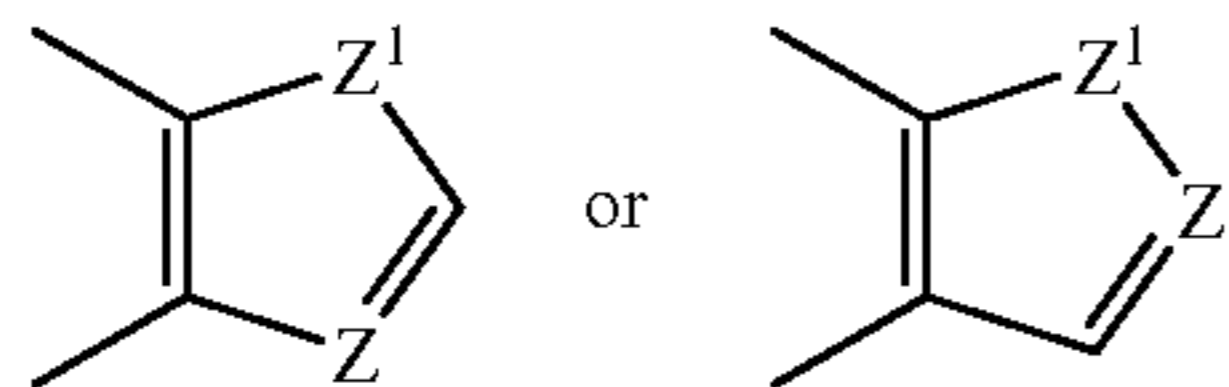
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amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-tolyl, 2-toluoyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

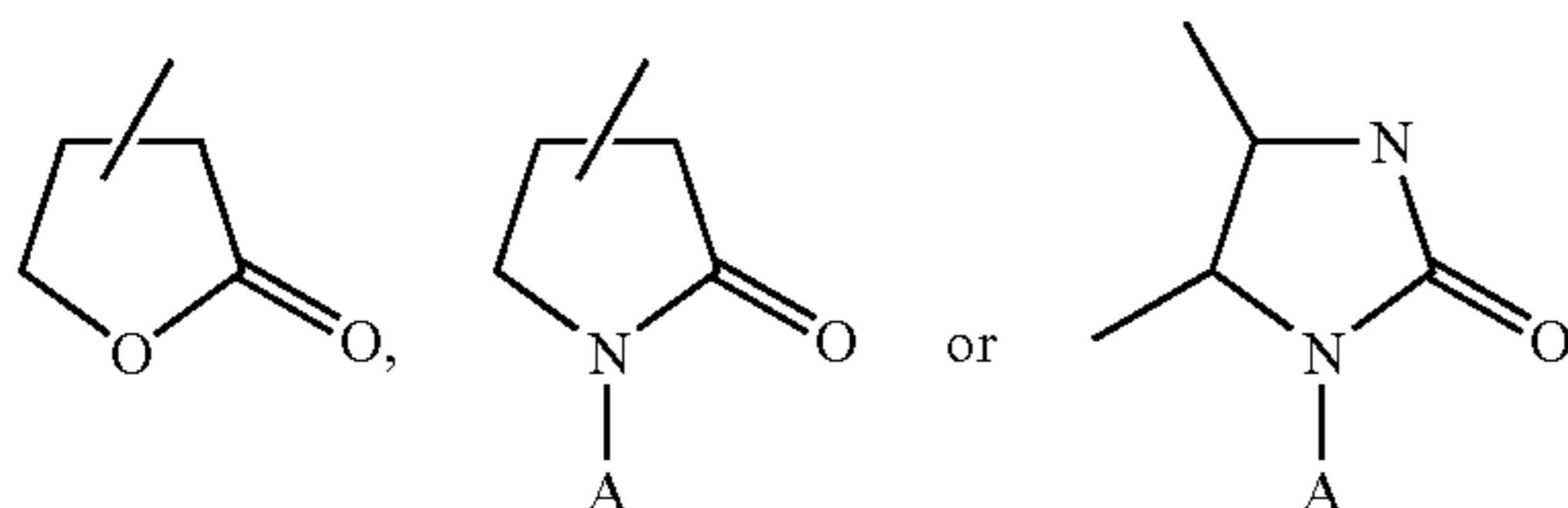


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

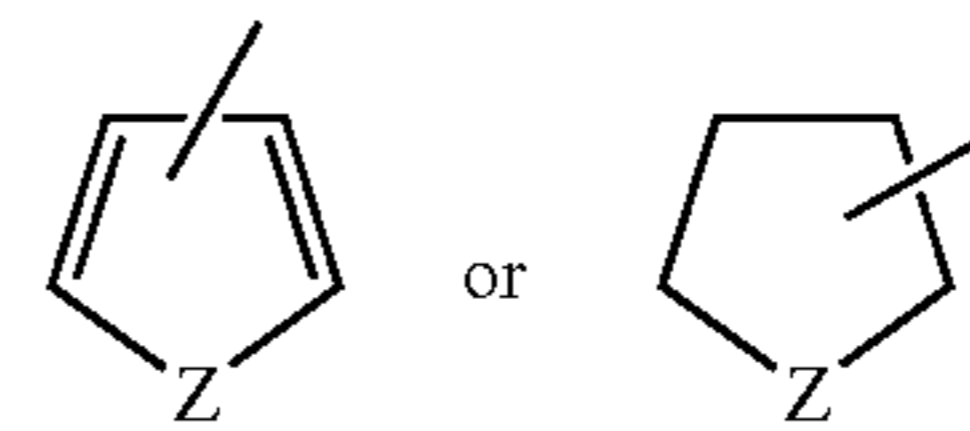
such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

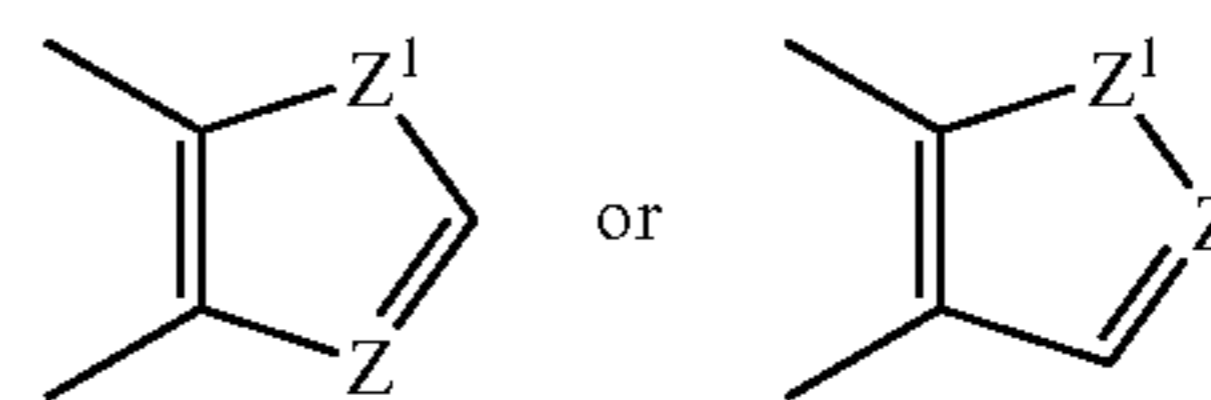
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such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophorinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O is S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

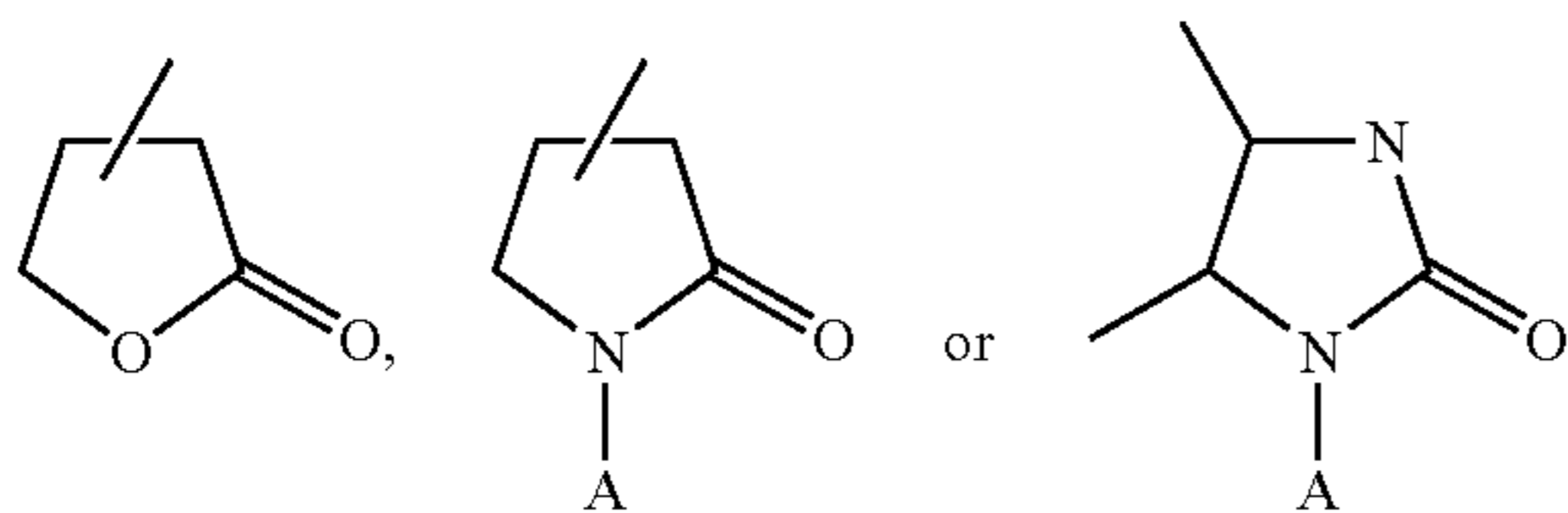
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl,

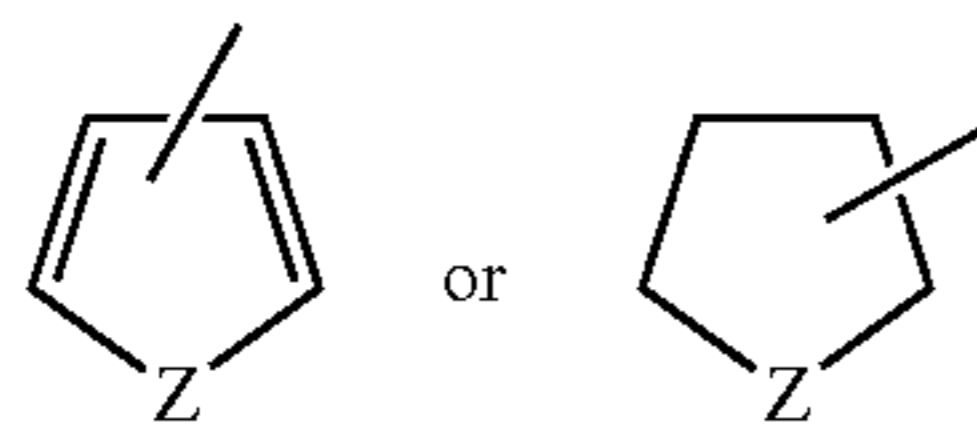
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benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

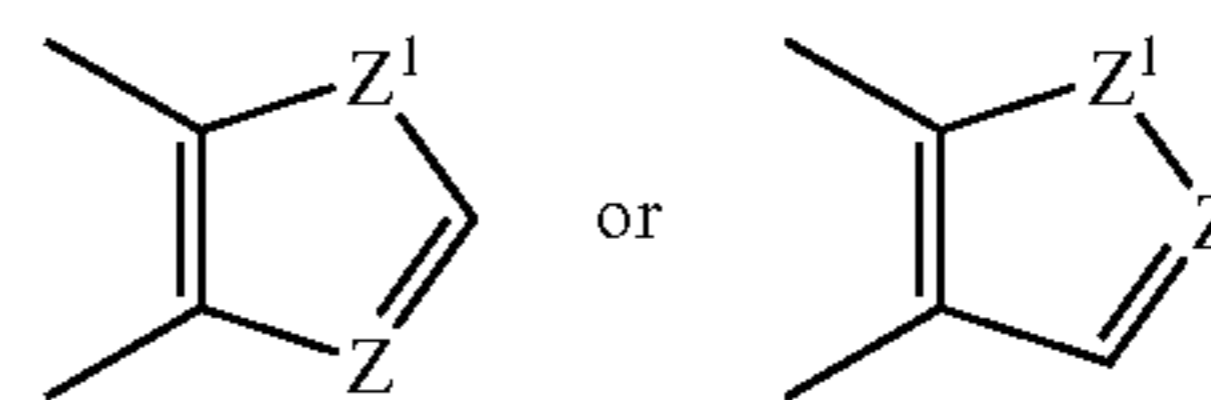
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; hydroxy group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromophenylcarbonyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as from 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one, N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

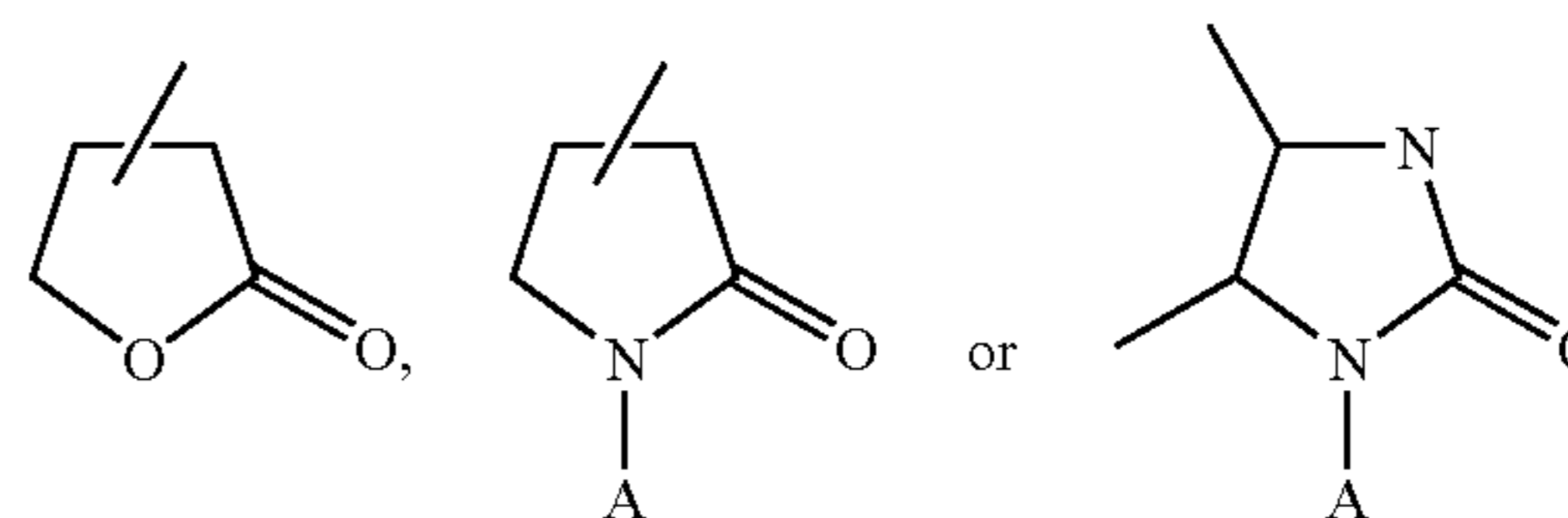
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



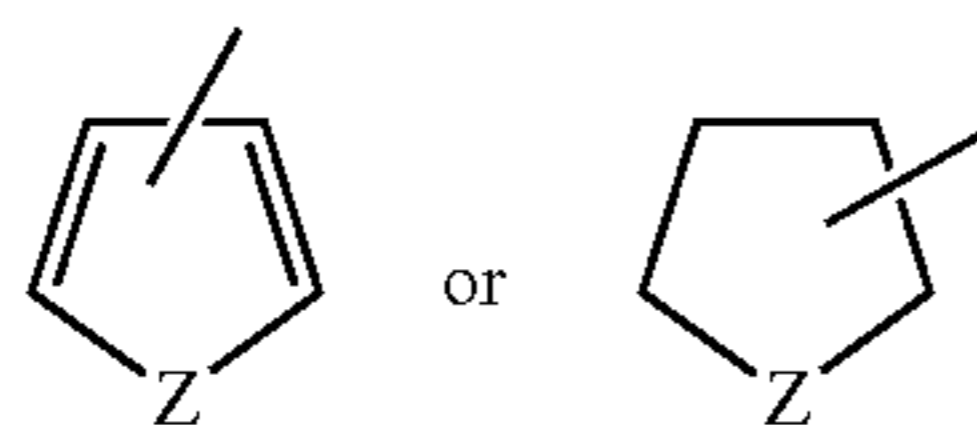
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino;

and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

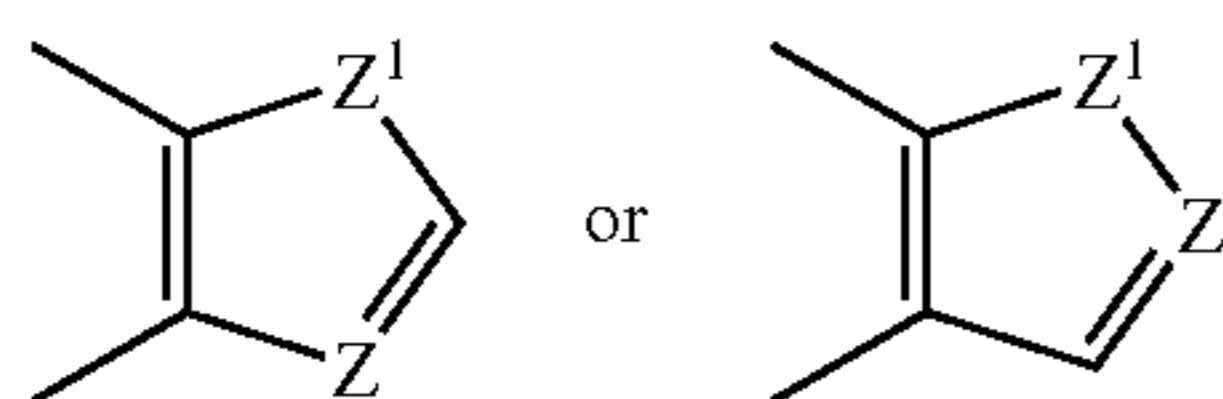
R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from the amino; monosubstituted amino selected from as straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocyclic group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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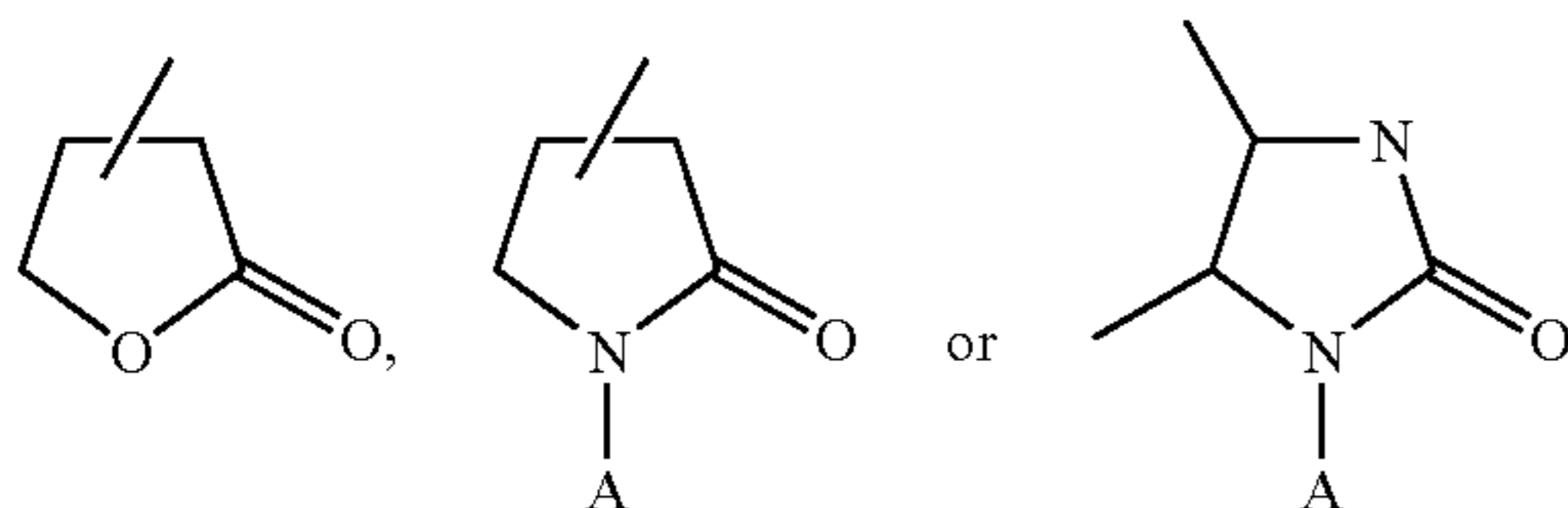


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo,(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl;

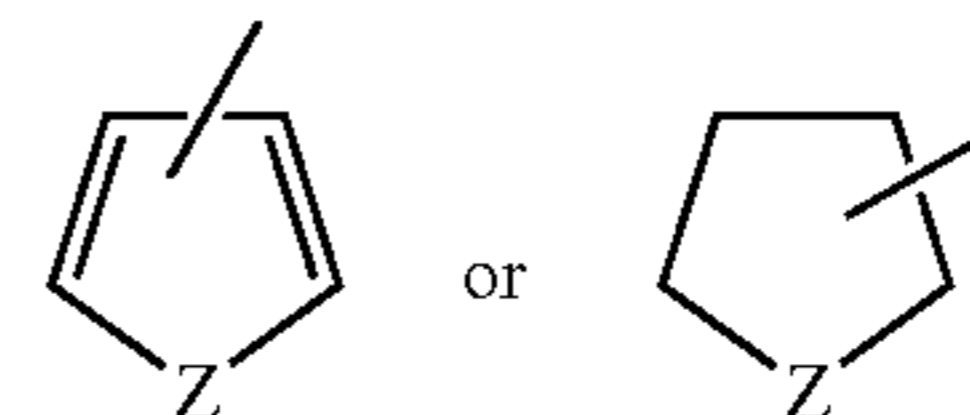
and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or

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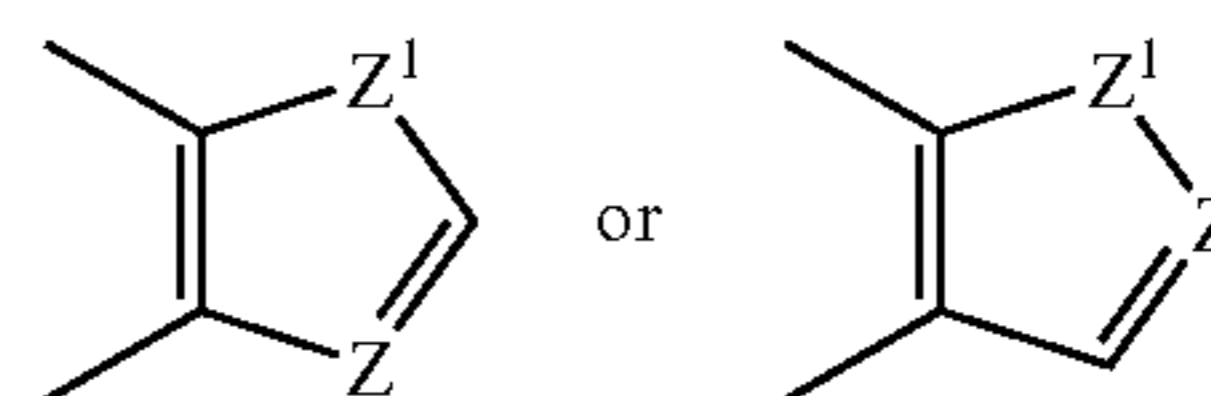
branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O is S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

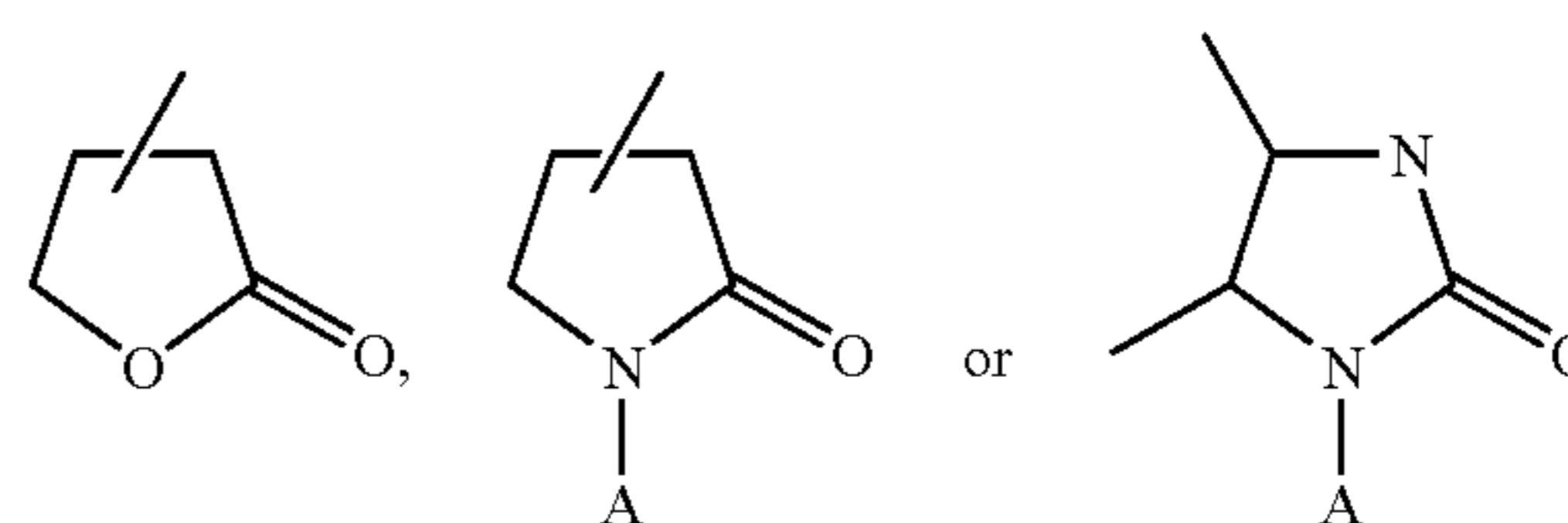


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



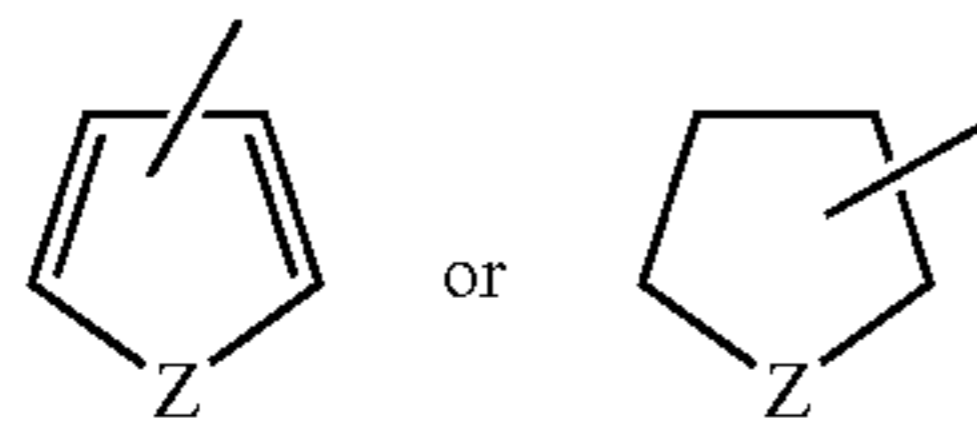
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo,(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>))

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alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

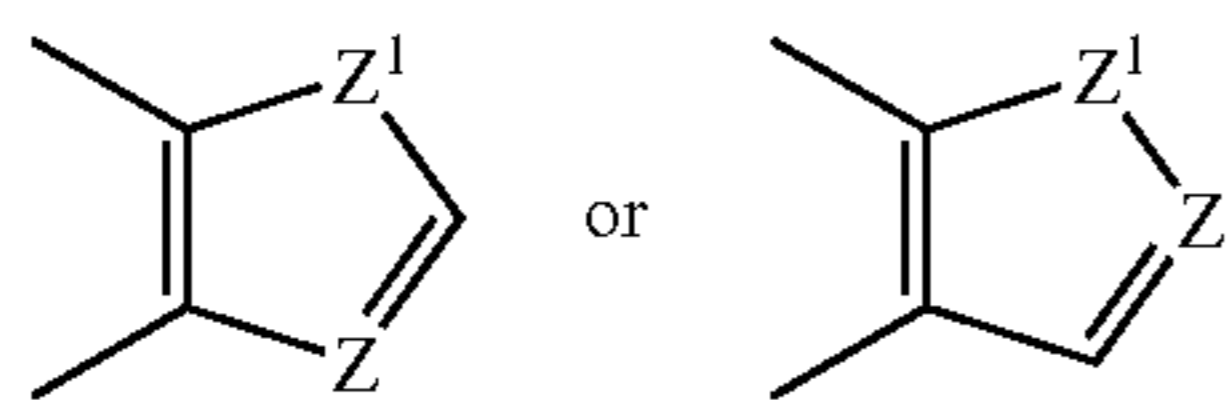
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl; 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiopholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



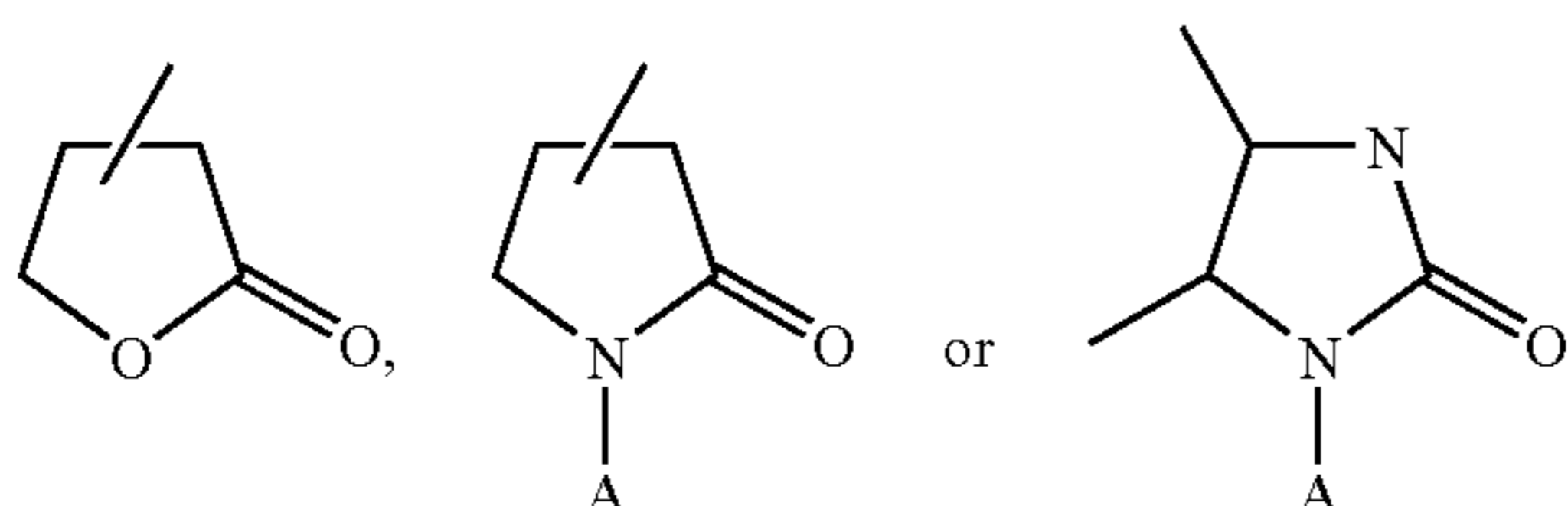
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution

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selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl )

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; or  $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{7'}$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen; or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together as  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$ , wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, -NH, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)proline, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

Most particularly preferred compounds are compounds according to the above formula I and II in which X is selected from amino, NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine; and when X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=hydrogen,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when R<sup>1</sup>=methyl or ethyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

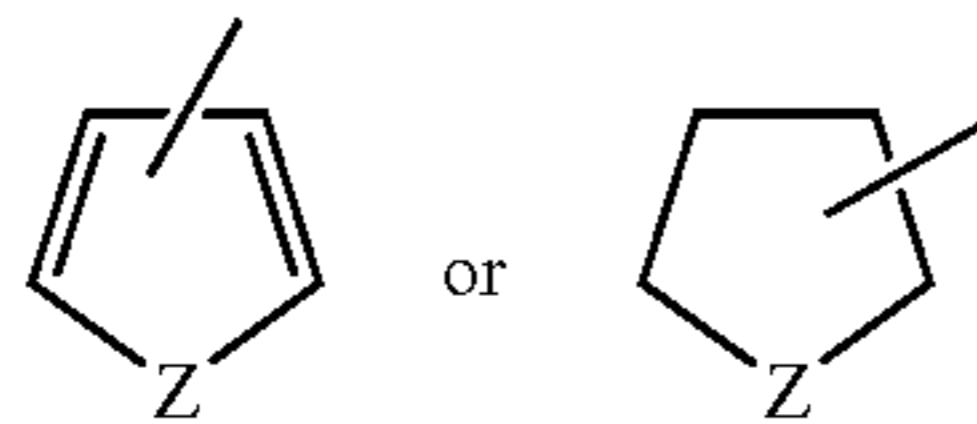
R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4'</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S



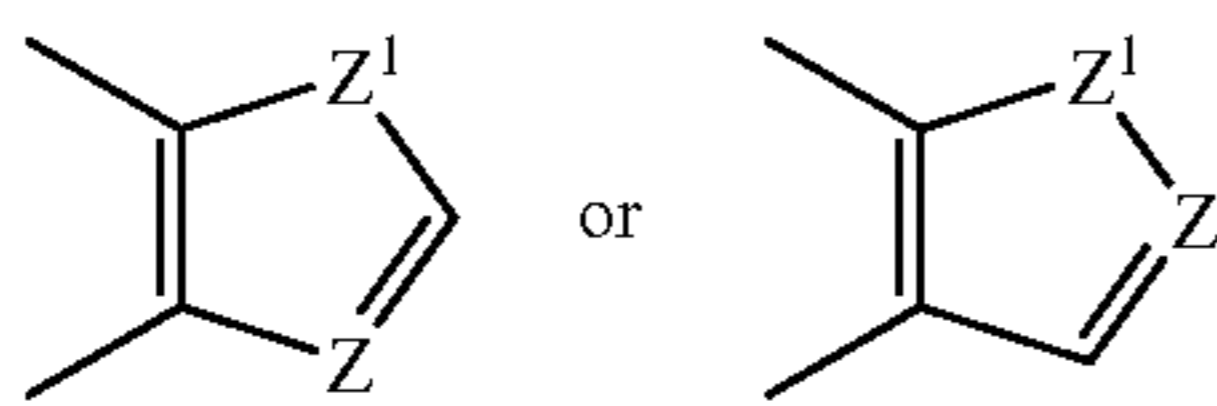
## 43

or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



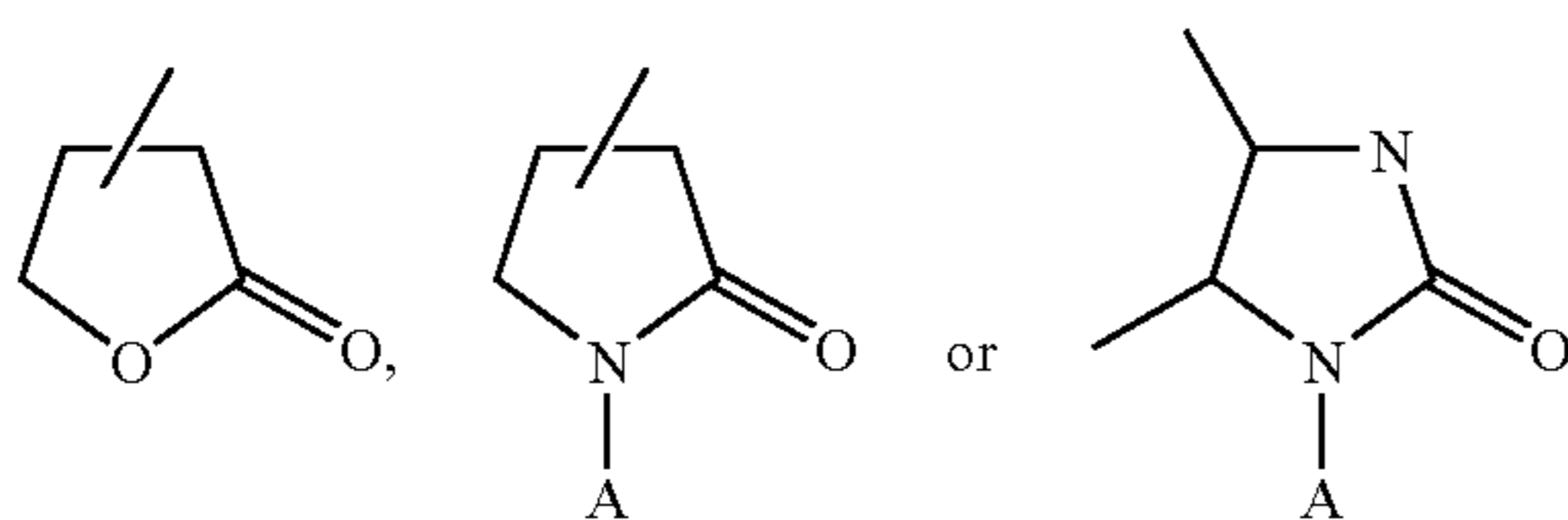
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

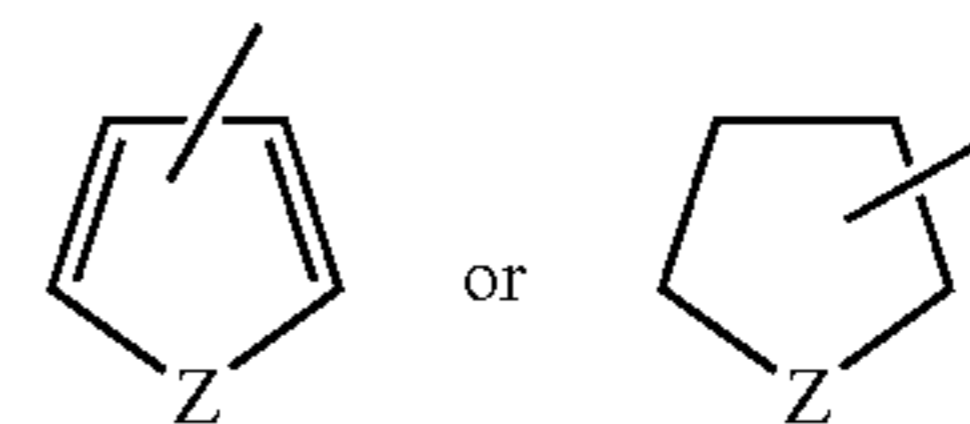


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiormorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)

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aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



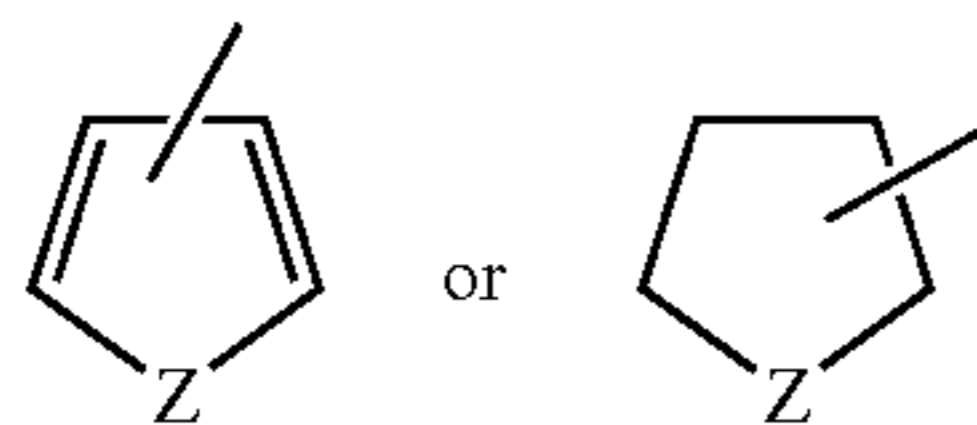
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkylxoy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethoxy or 2-phenylethoxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O is S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl,

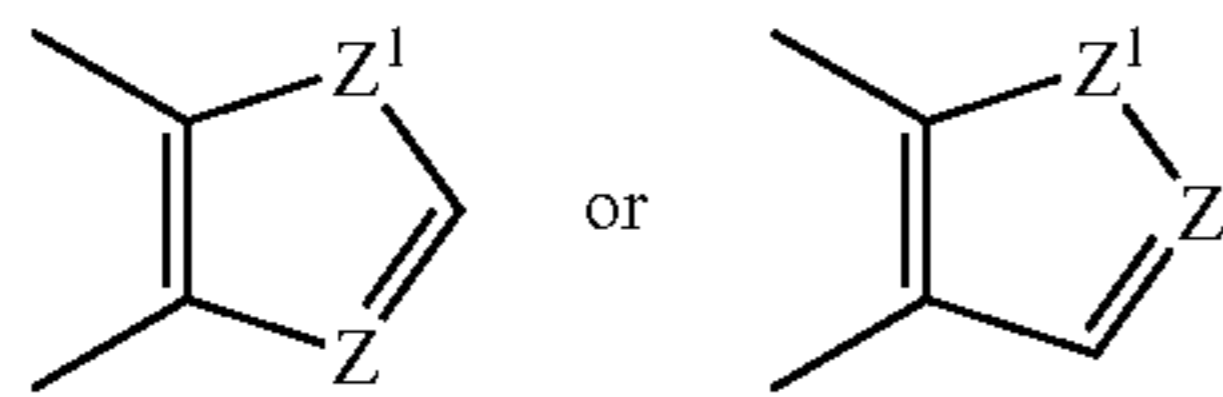
## 45

3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto;



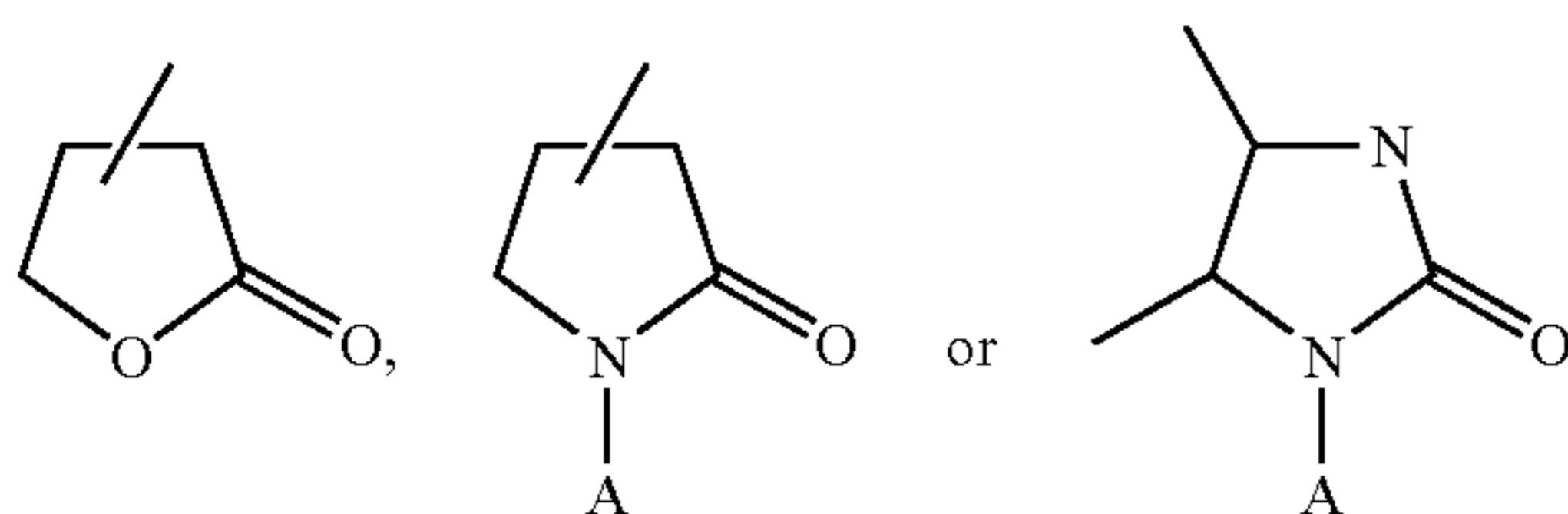
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



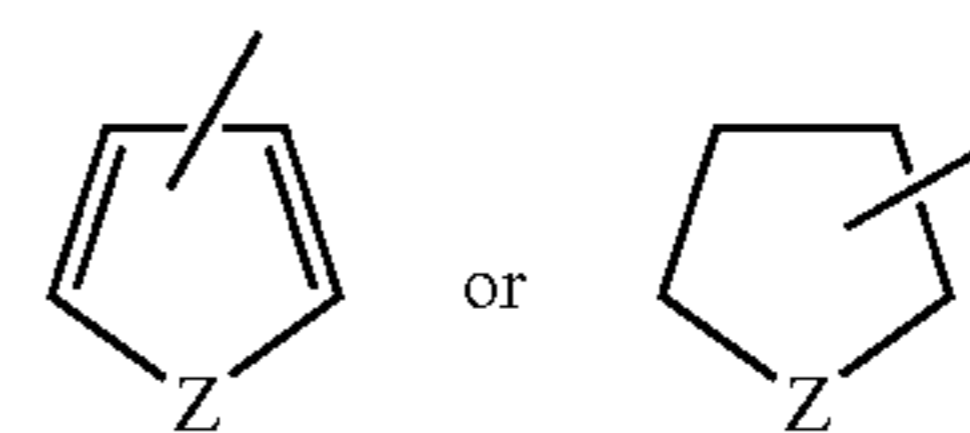
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aryl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to two N, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected

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from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methoxypropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tertbutoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from as straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocyclic group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto: ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

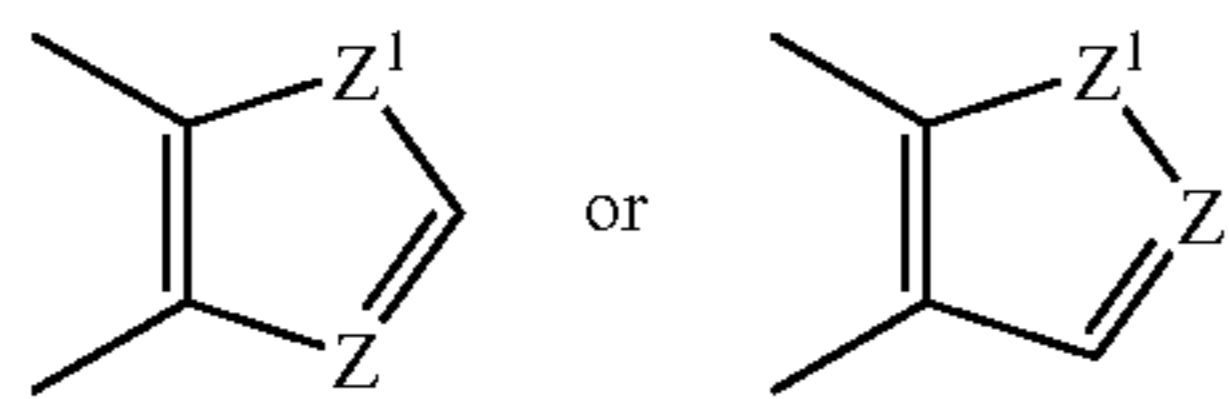


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl,

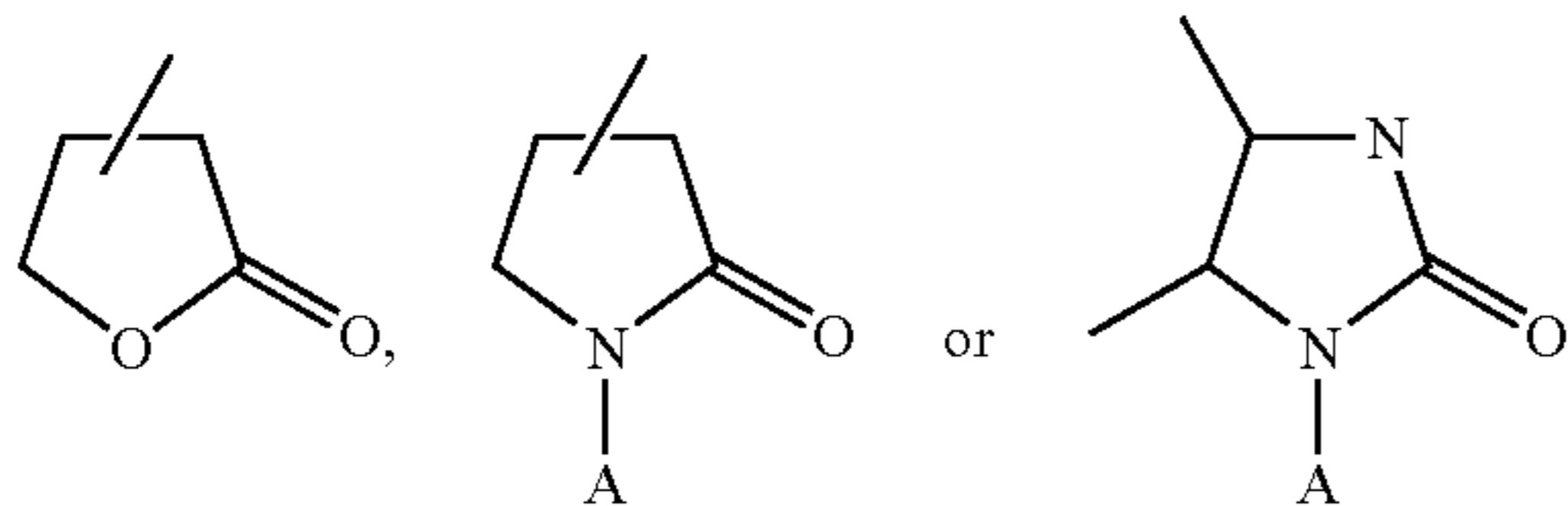
47

or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



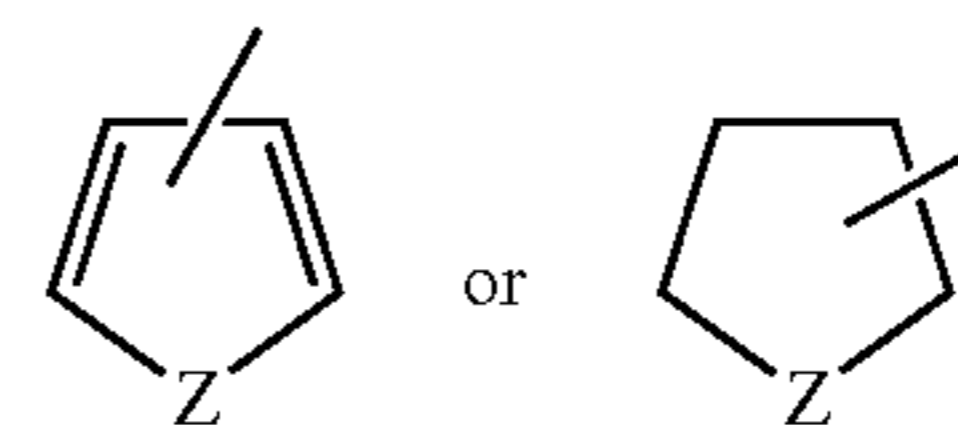
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

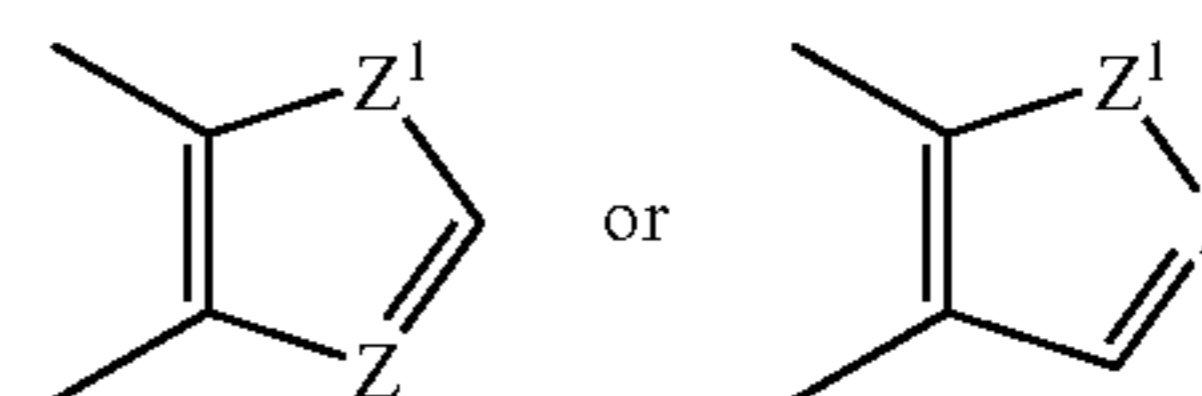
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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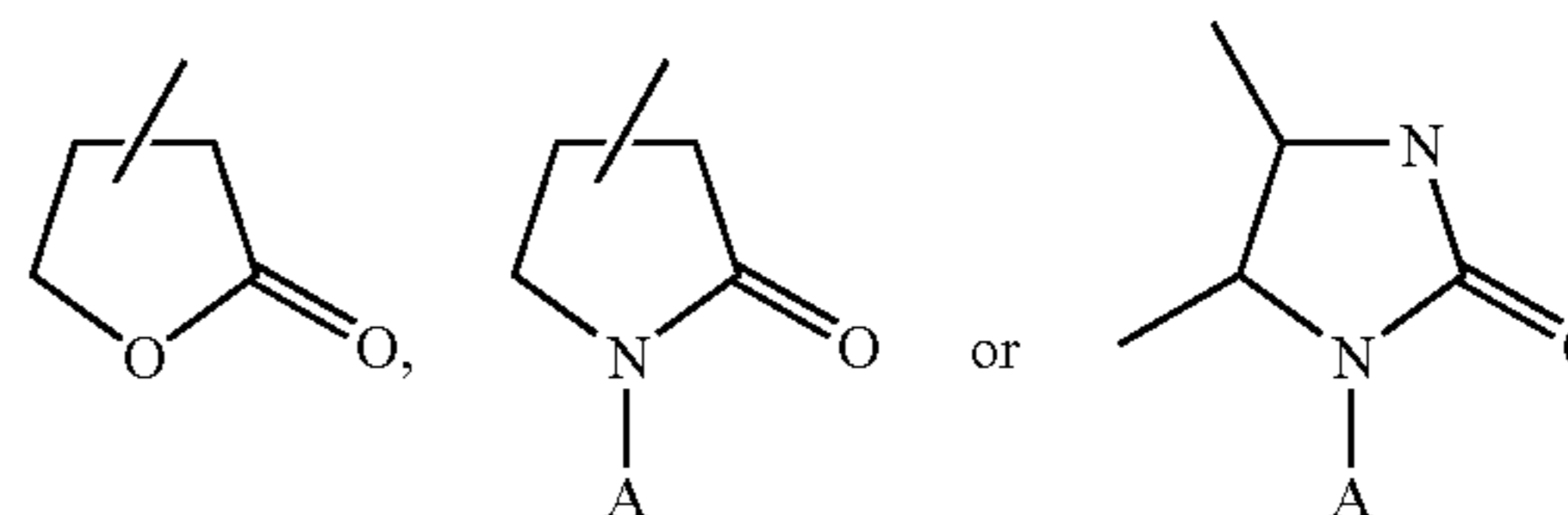
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

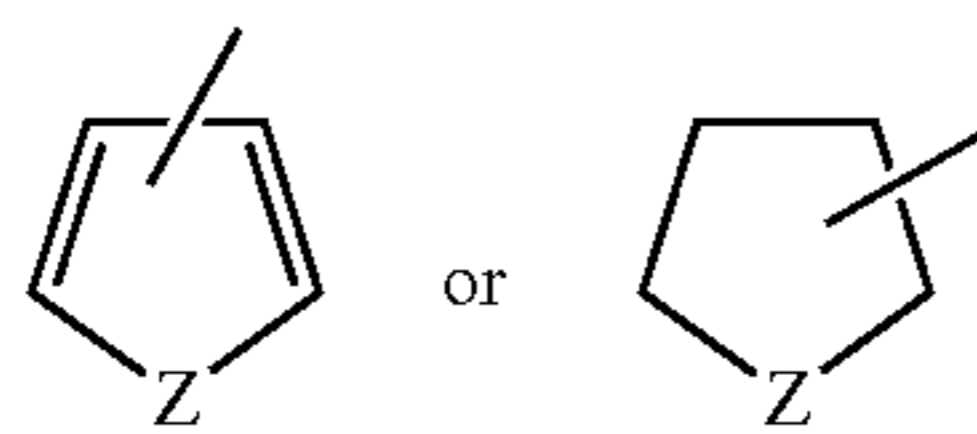
such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

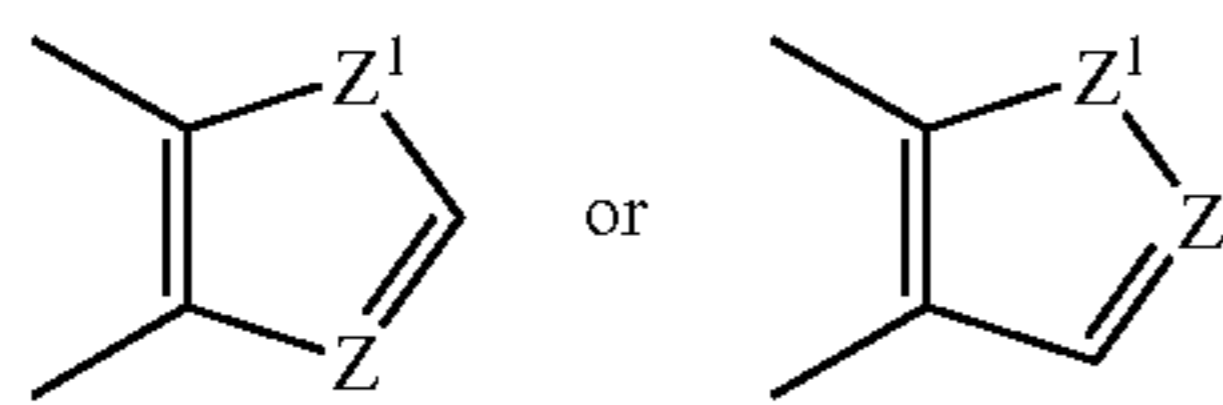
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholino; or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl, or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto;

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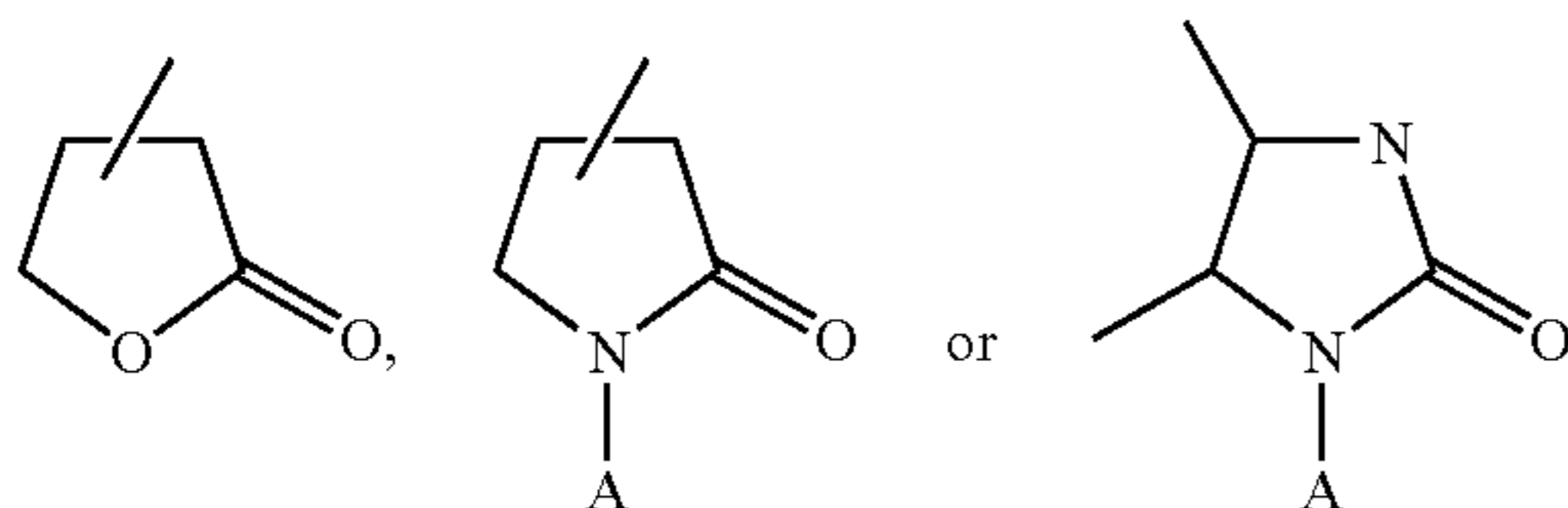
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiopholinyl; or (C<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen:

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, -NH-, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or unsubstituted congeners

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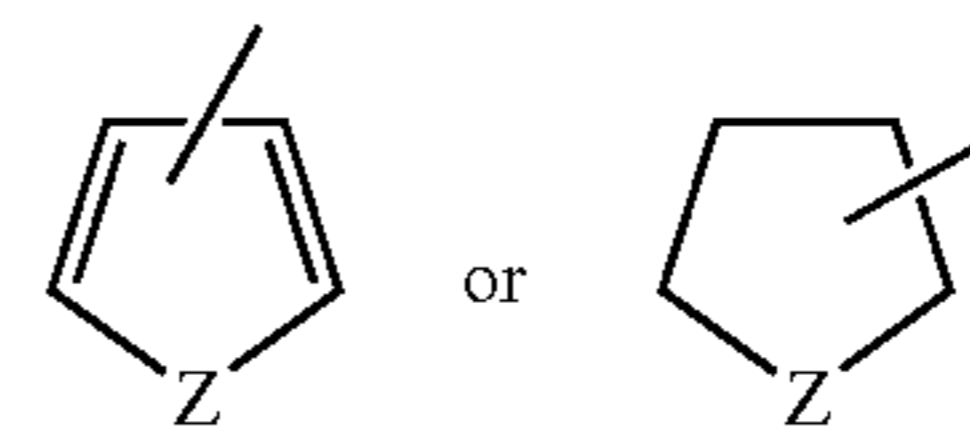
selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

5 Compounds of special interest are compounds according to the above formula I and II in which X is selected from amino, NR<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub> or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine chlorine, fluorine or iodine; and when X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=methyl or ethyl;

10 R<sup>2</sup>=methyl or ethyl, R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- or R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-;

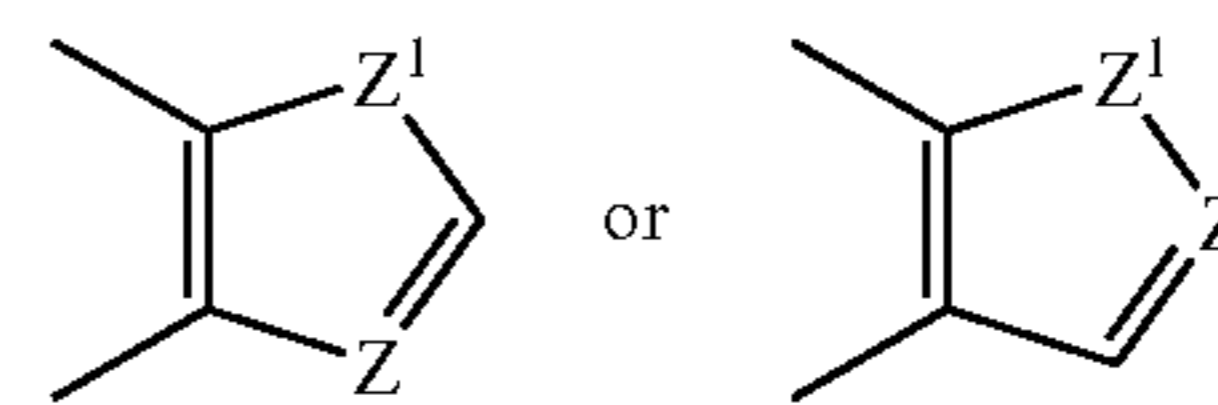
and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=0,

15 R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, or S heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



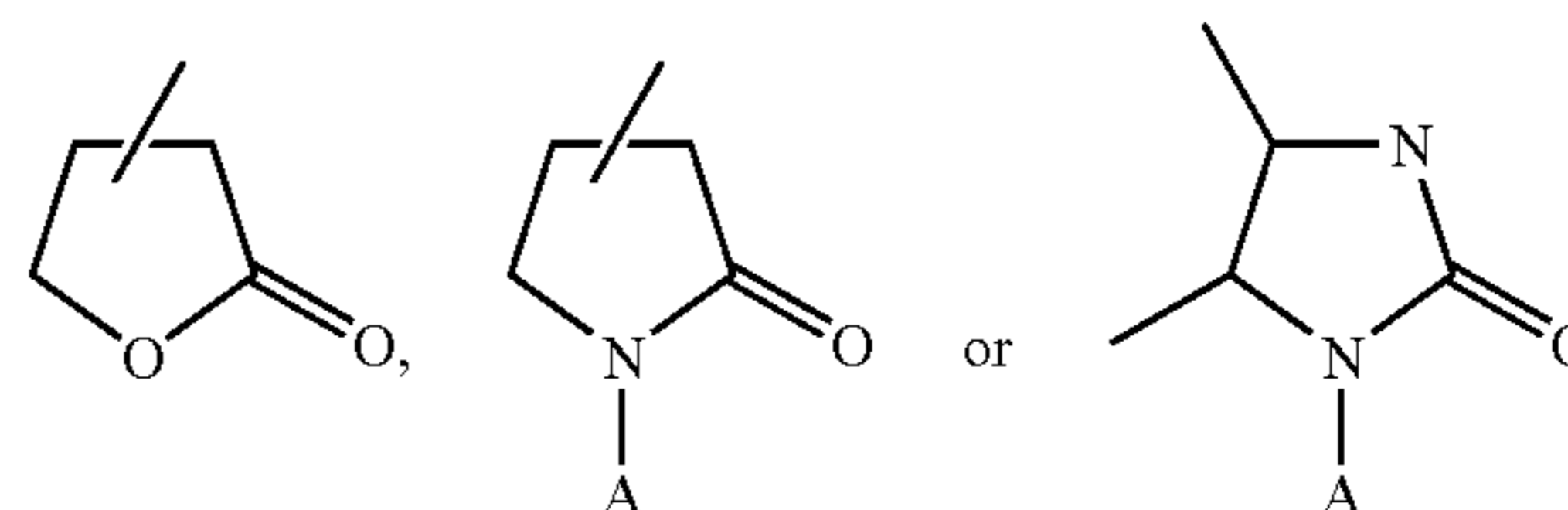
Z = N, O or S

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O or S

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl), halo

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(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl;

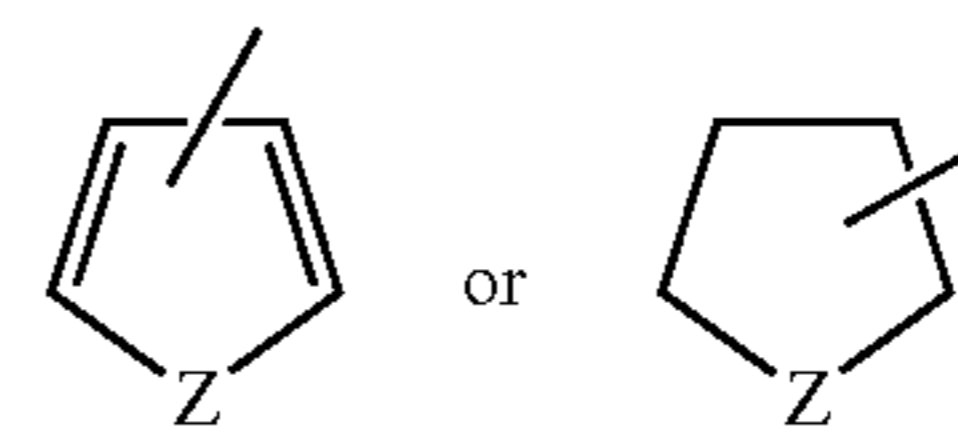
and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, or 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, nitro, amino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl); acryloxy or haloacyloxy group selected from acetyl, propionyl or chloroacetyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methoxypropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoromethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

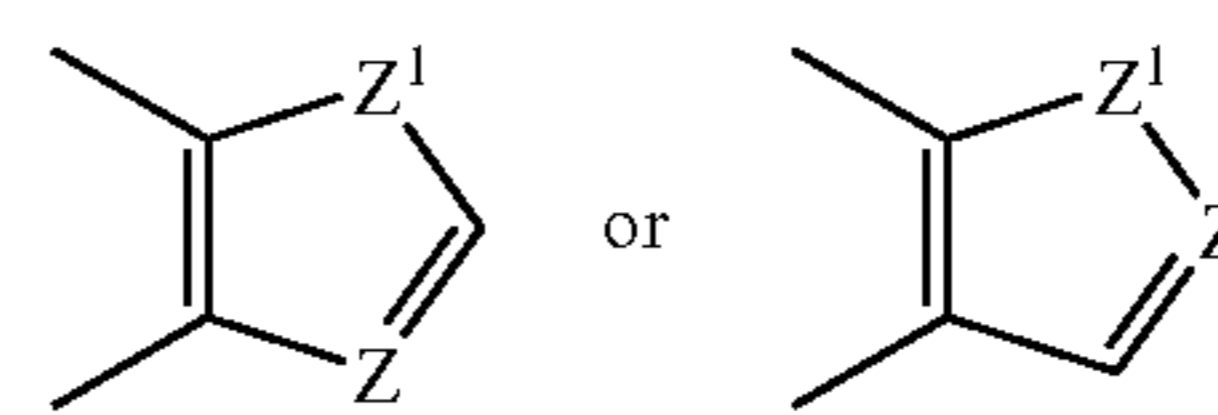
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O or S heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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Z = N, O or S

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O or S

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

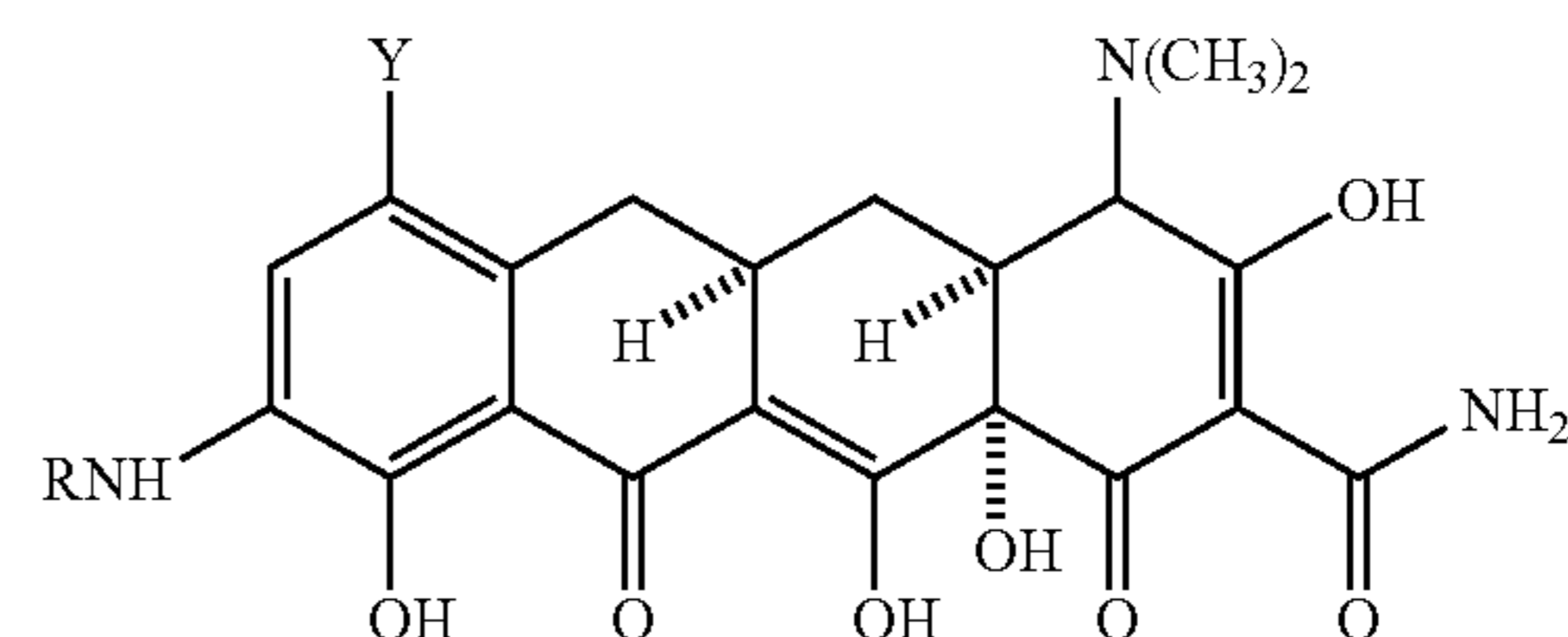
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>—, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, -NH, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

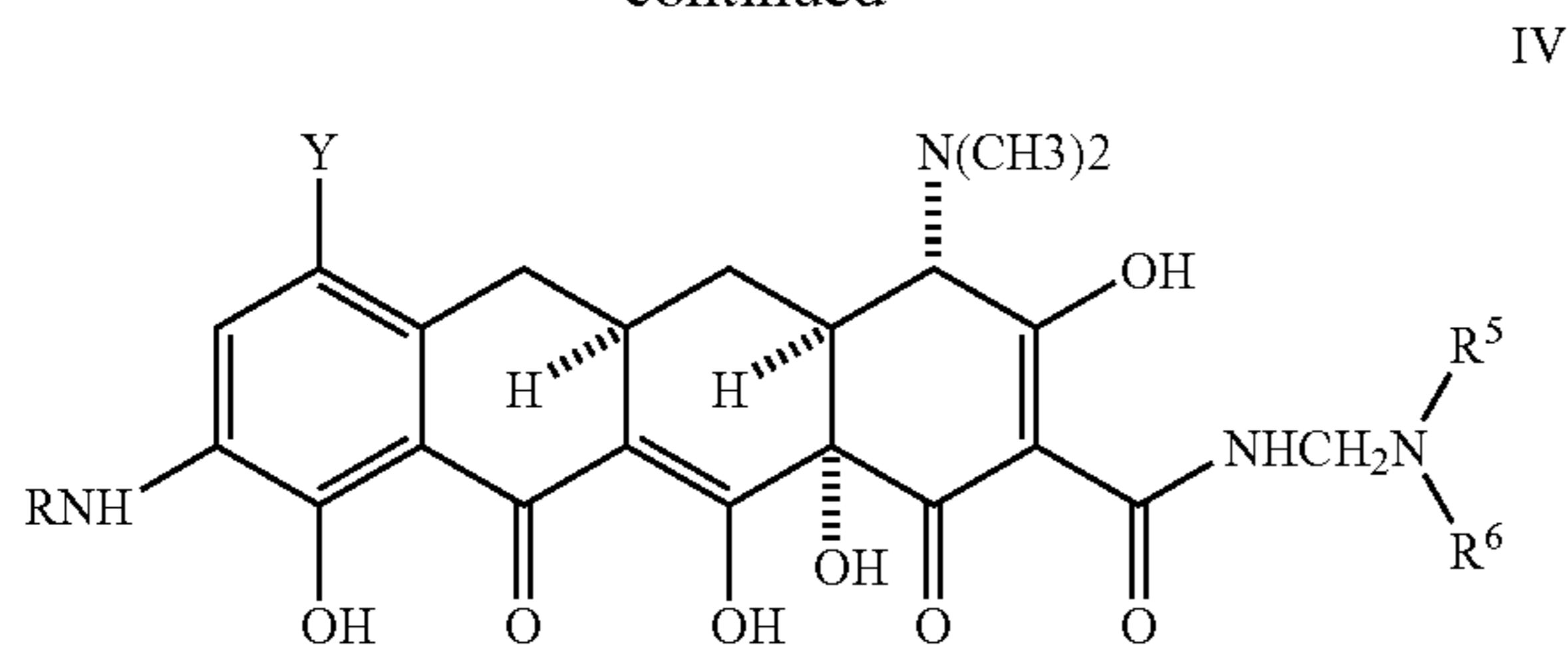
Also included in the present invention are compounds useful as intermediate for producing the above compounds of formula I and II. Such intermediate compounds include those having the formula:



III

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-continued



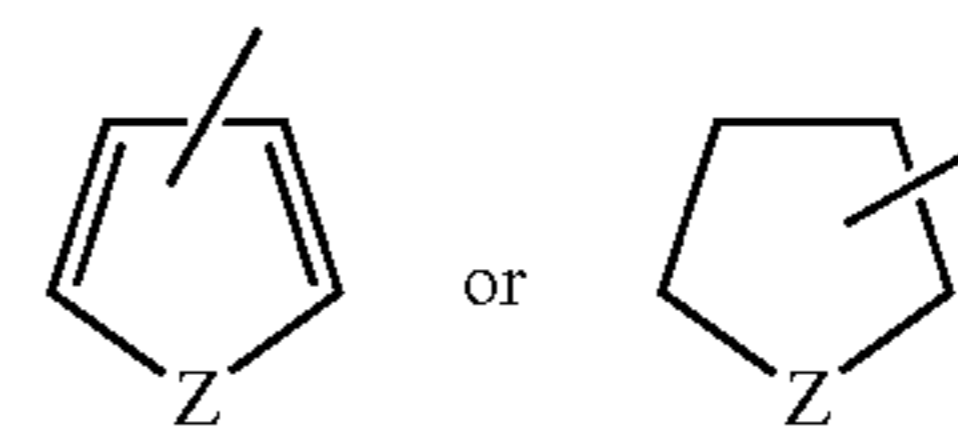
wherein formula III and IV, Y is NO<sub>2</sub>;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

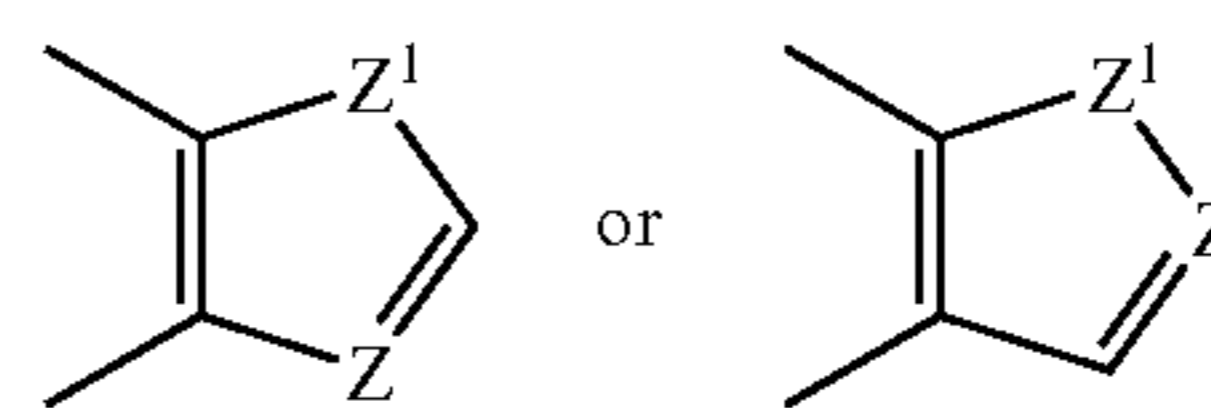
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>6</sub>) alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>–C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>–C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>–C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>–C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>–C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; α-amino(C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from aminomethyl, α-aminoethyl, α-aminopropyl or α-aminobutyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid, α-aminobutyric acid or α-aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers; (C<sub>7</sub>–C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino group such as phenylglycyl; (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group, substitution selected from phenyl or p-hydroxyphenyl; α-hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl, α-hydroxyethyl or α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl or α-hydroxypropyl; α-mercapto(C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from mercaptomethyl, α-mercaptoethyl, α-mercapto-1-methylethyl or α-mercaptopropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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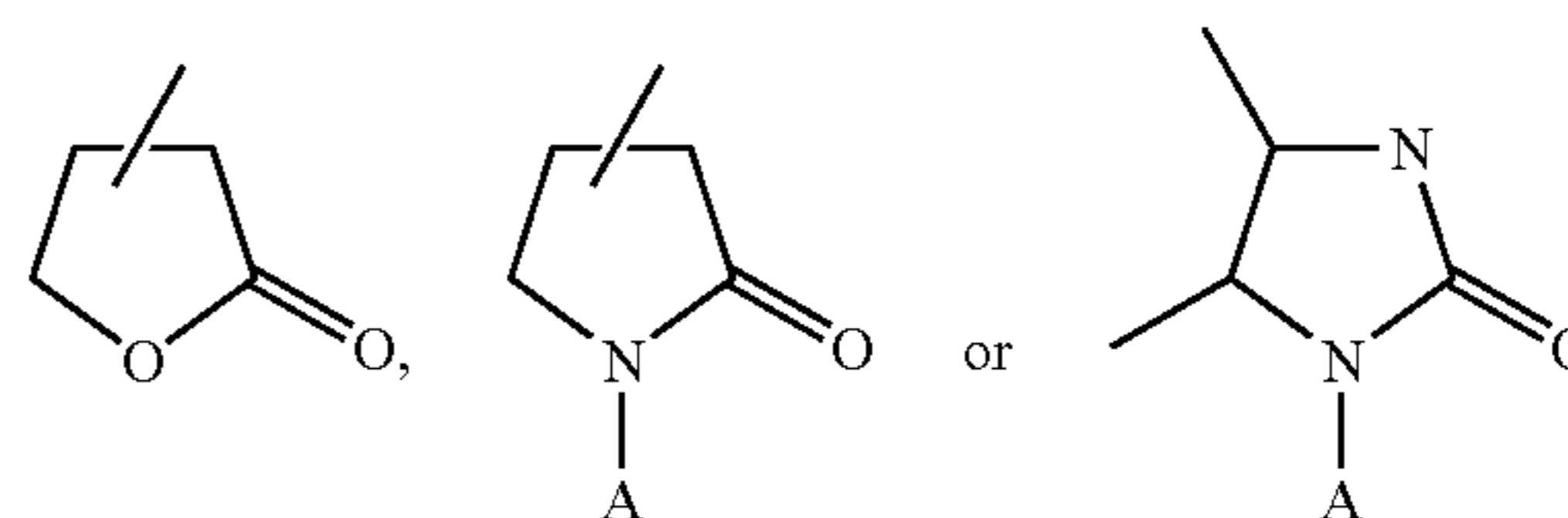
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

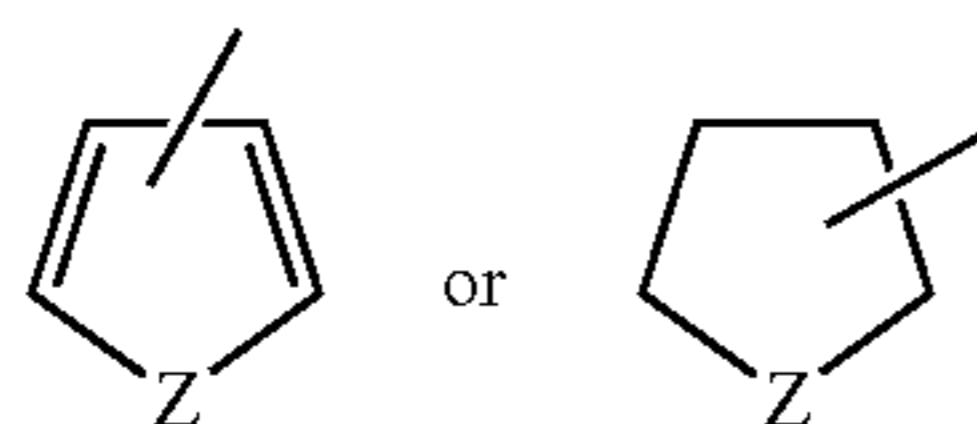


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>–C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiormorpholinyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>–C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl such as cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, (2,3-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (1,2-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-ethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-methylcyclopentyl)carbonyl or (3-ethylcyclobutyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>–C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>–C<sub>10</sub>)

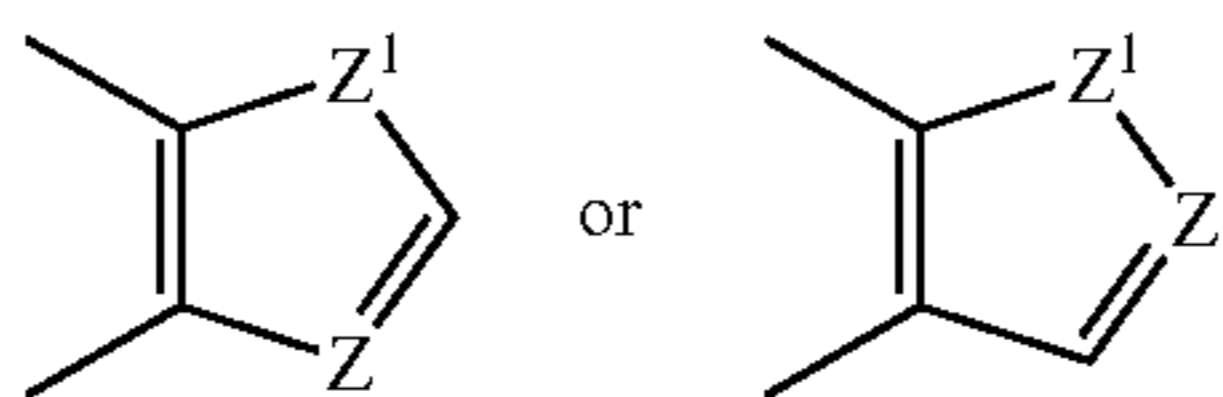
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aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl) benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated

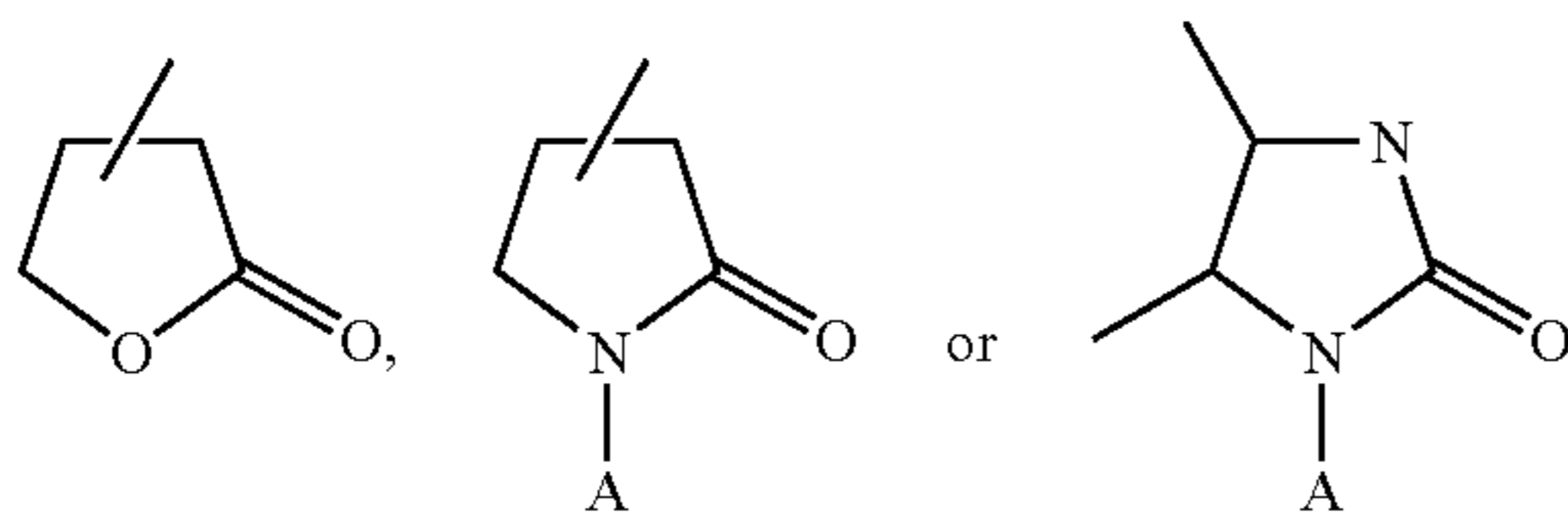


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, inidazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazolyl[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two, N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

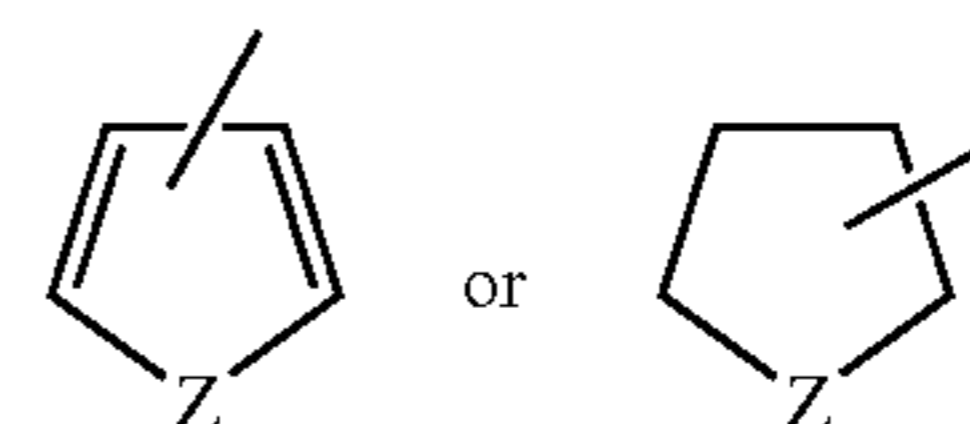


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl,

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straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl];

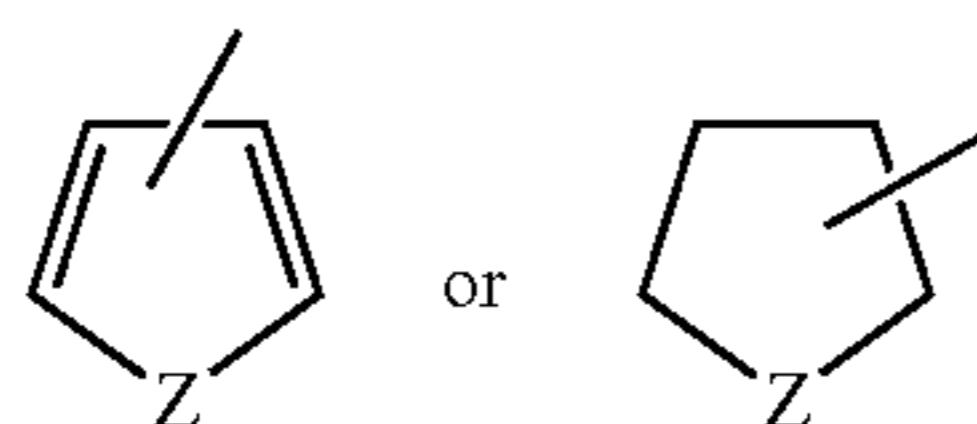
(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O is S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)

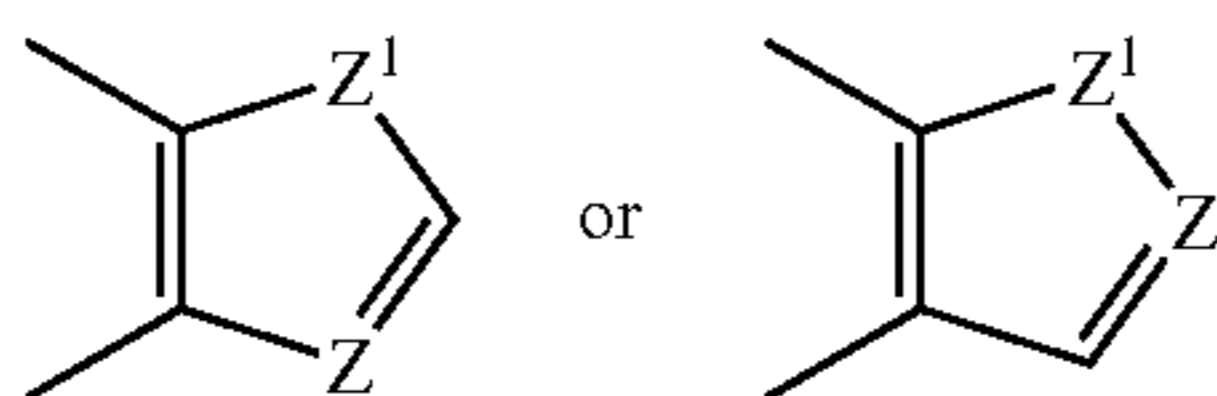
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alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

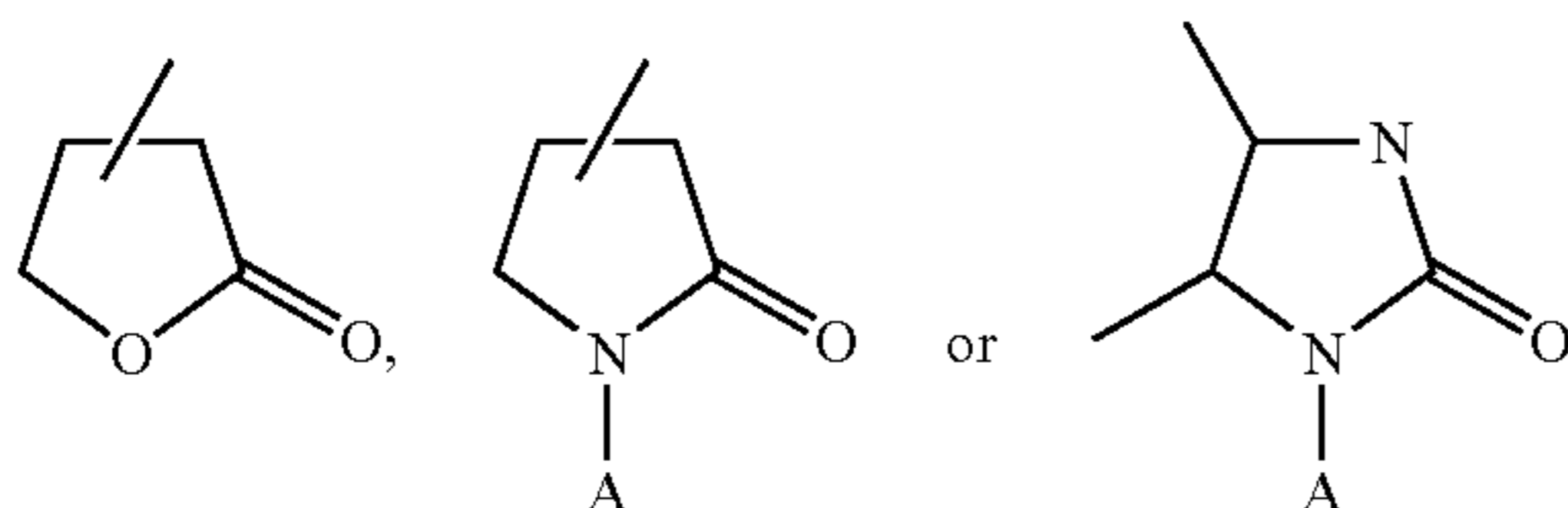


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

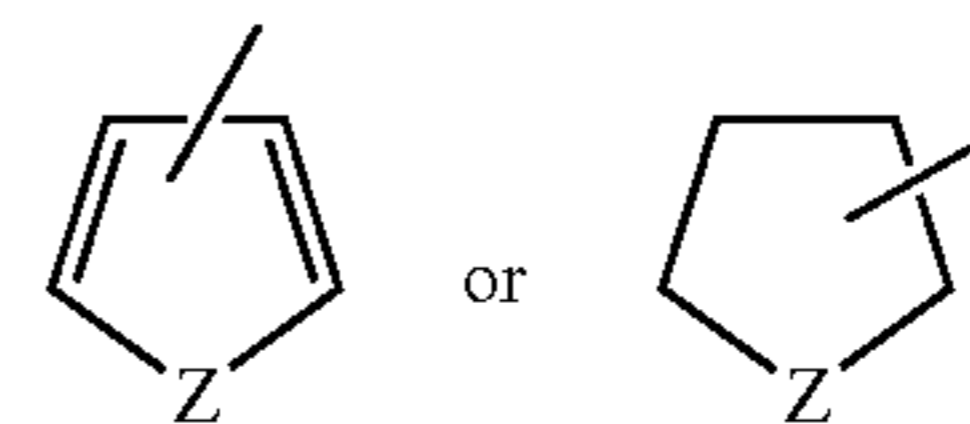


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an

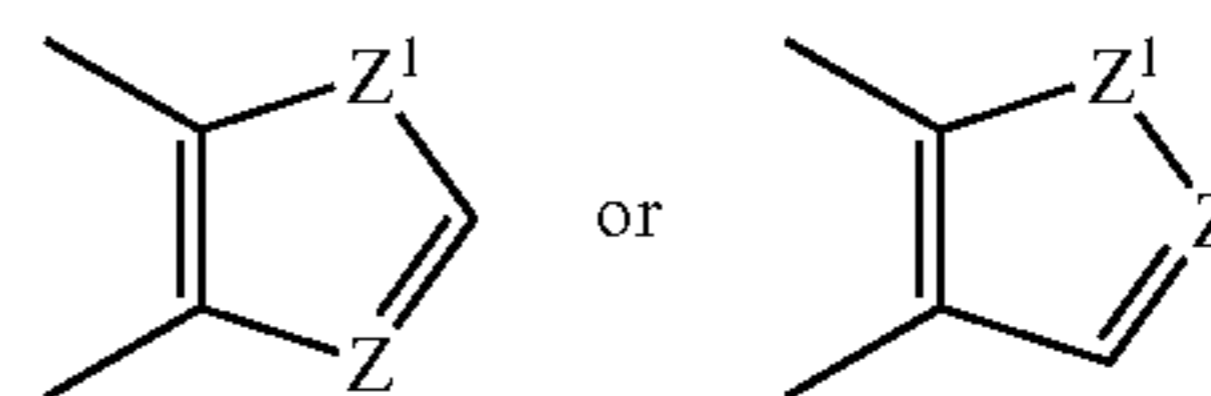
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adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio group such as benzylthio, 1-phenylethylthio or 2-phenylethylthio; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

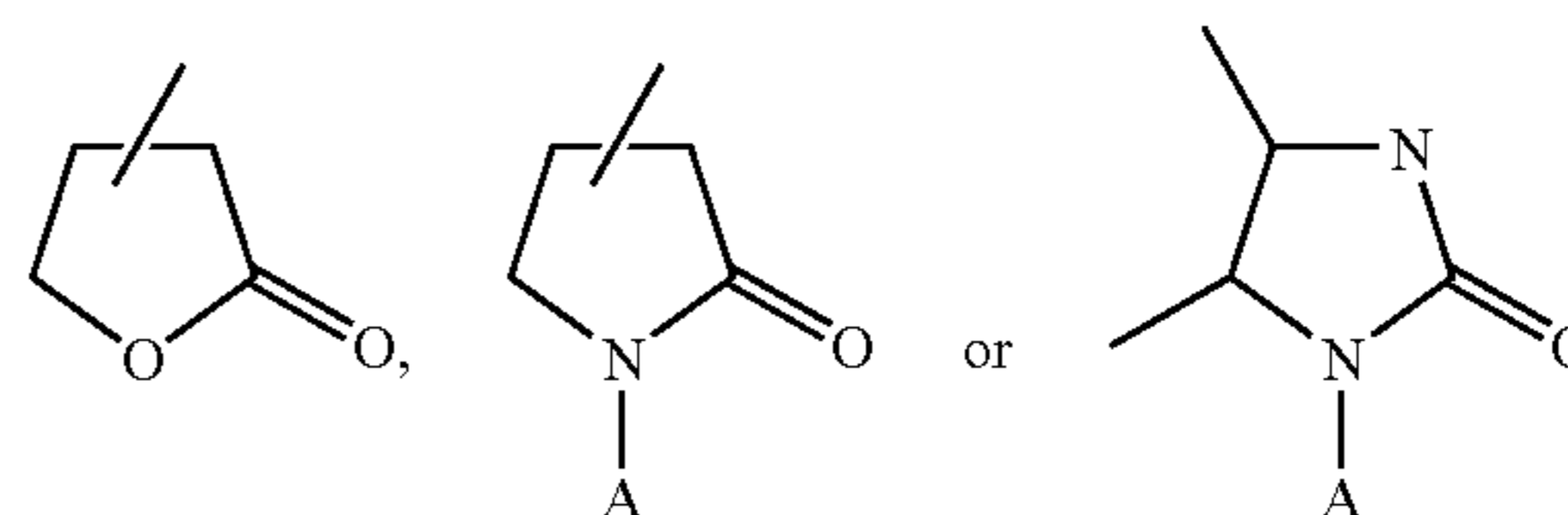


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



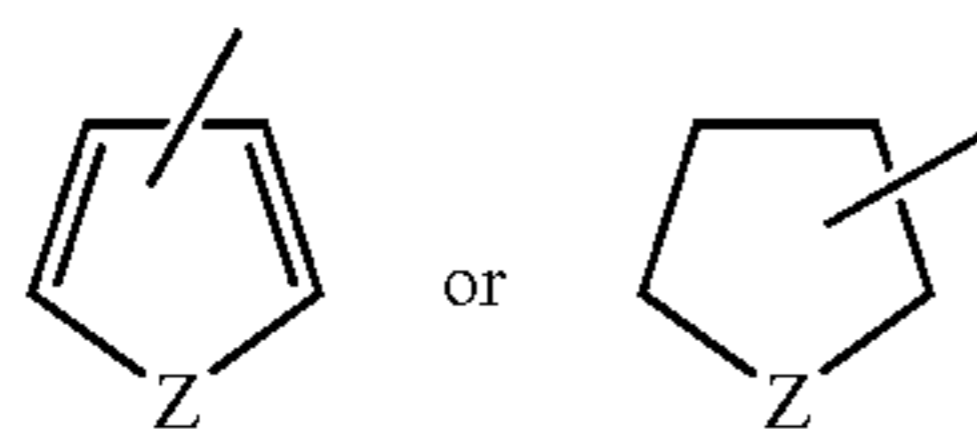
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl,



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(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

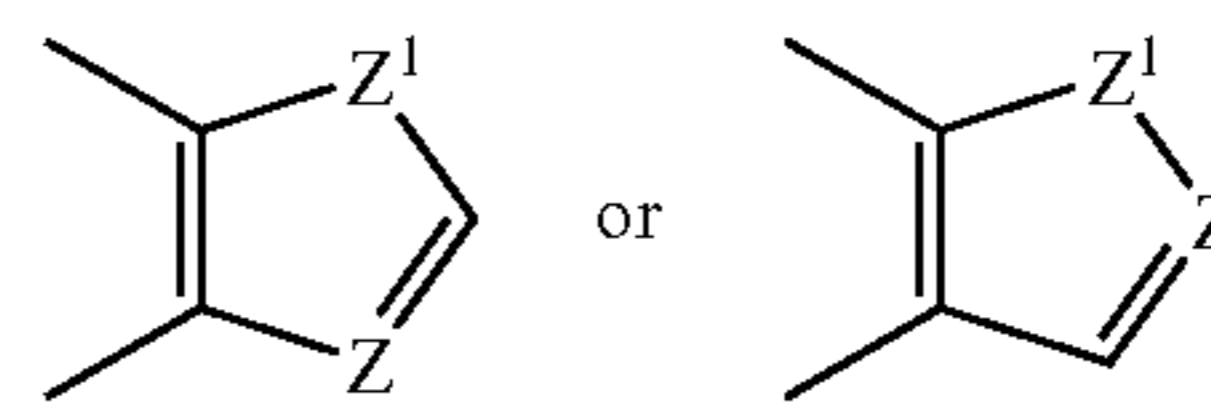
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophomorpholinyl; hydroxy group; mercapto group; mono- or di-straight or branched chain (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkylamino group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl amino; (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)azacycloalkyl group such as aziridinyl, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl or 2-methylpyrrolidinyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid and their optical isomers;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoromethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl, 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

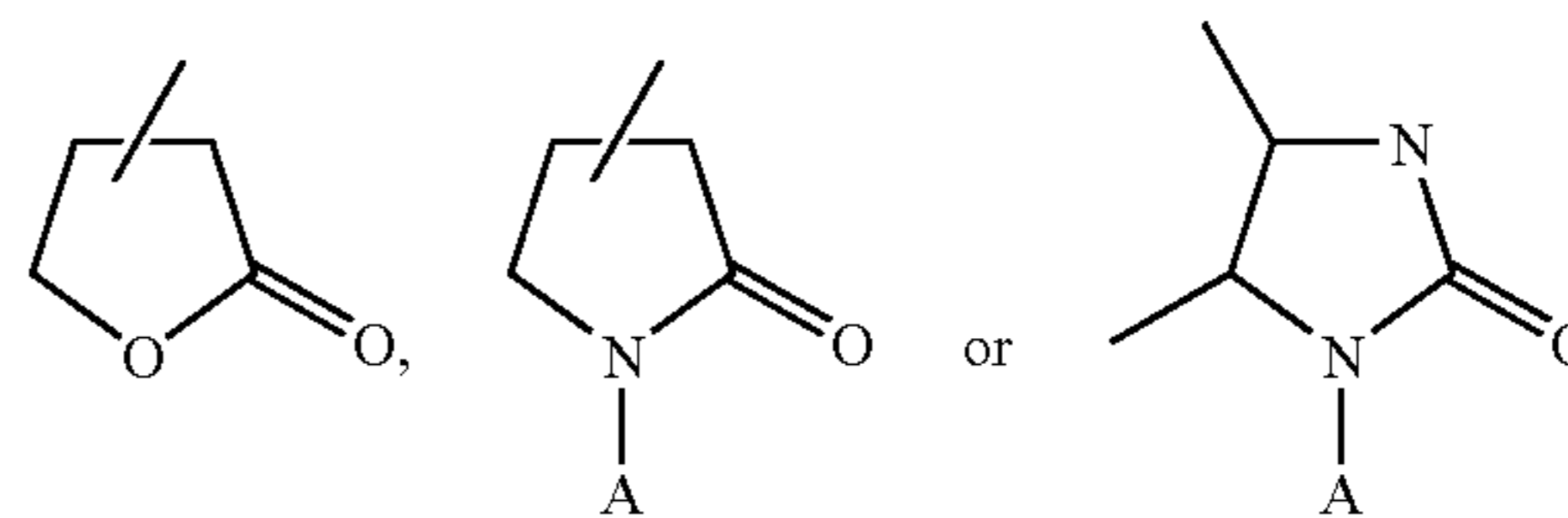
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

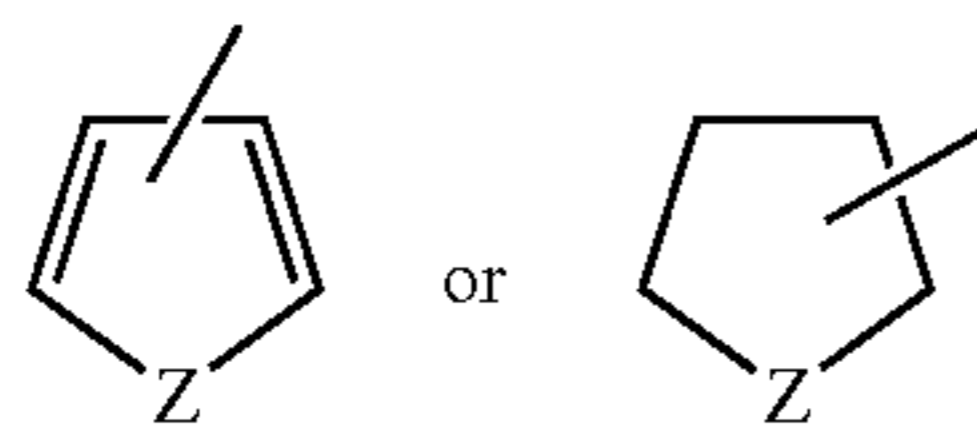
such a  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino,

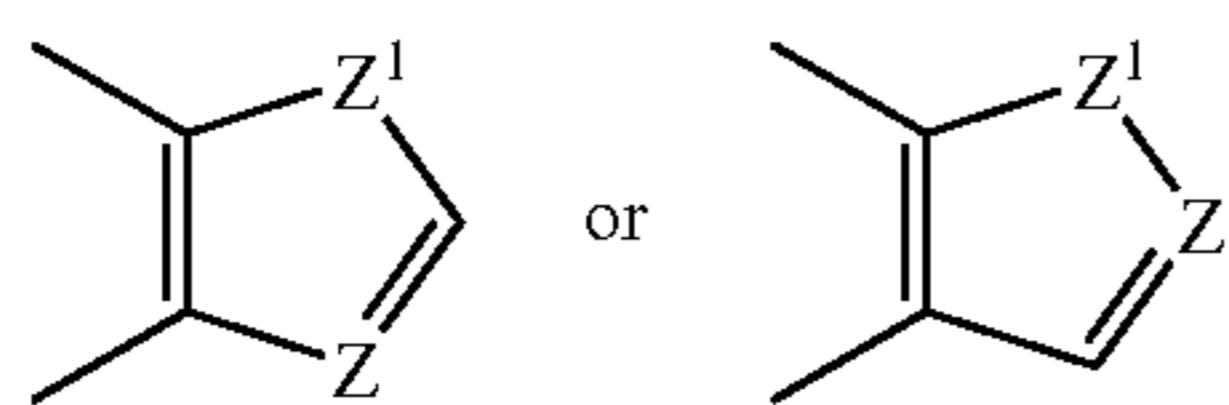
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cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl) amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-  
5 triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)  
10 cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)  
15 aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)  
20 alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-  
25 difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2,2-dichloroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido  
30 ring fused thereto:



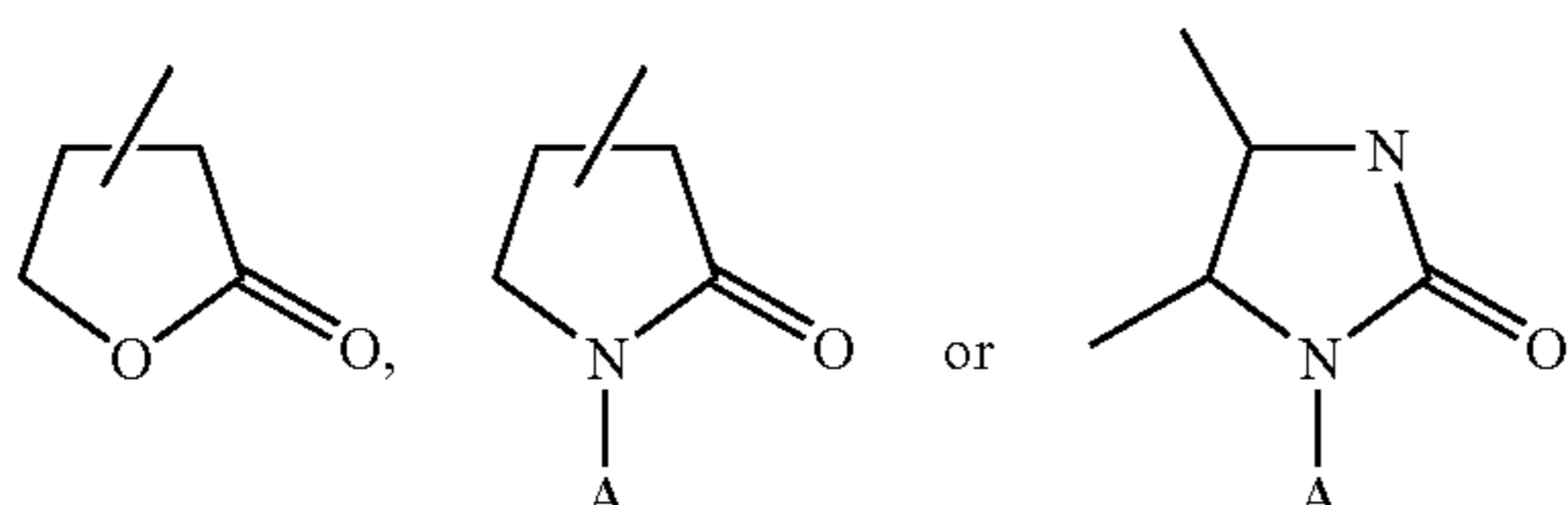
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl,  
40 or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring  
55 with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution

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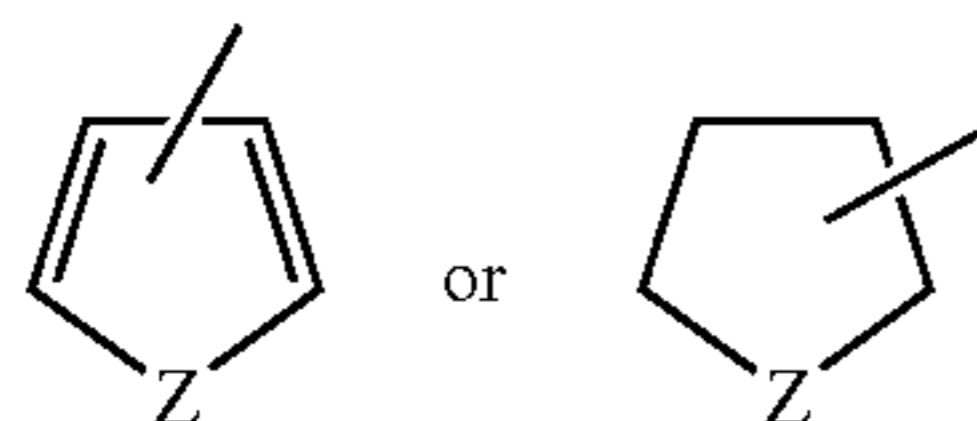
selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;  
30 and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)carboxyalkyl group; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl],  
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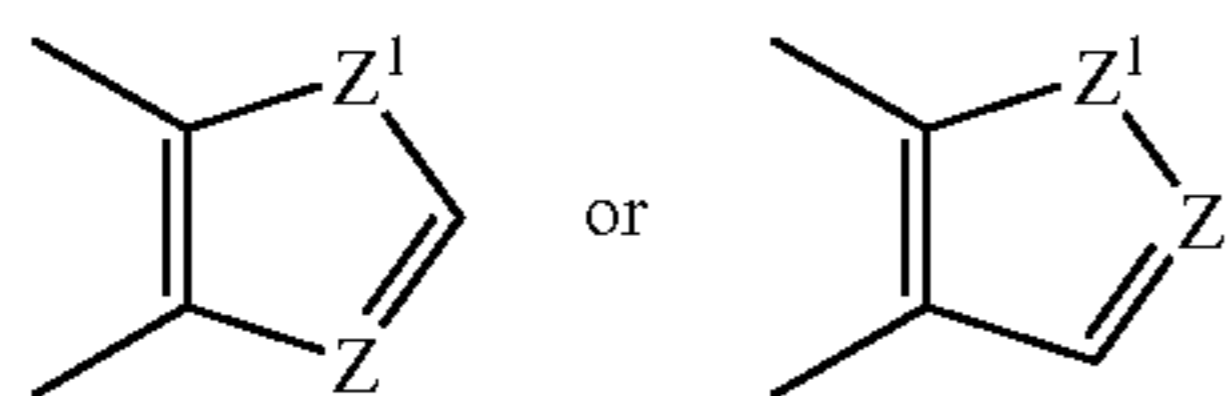
## 63

O or S; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio or n-propylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio group such as benzylthio, 1-phenylethylthio or 2-phenylethylthio; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



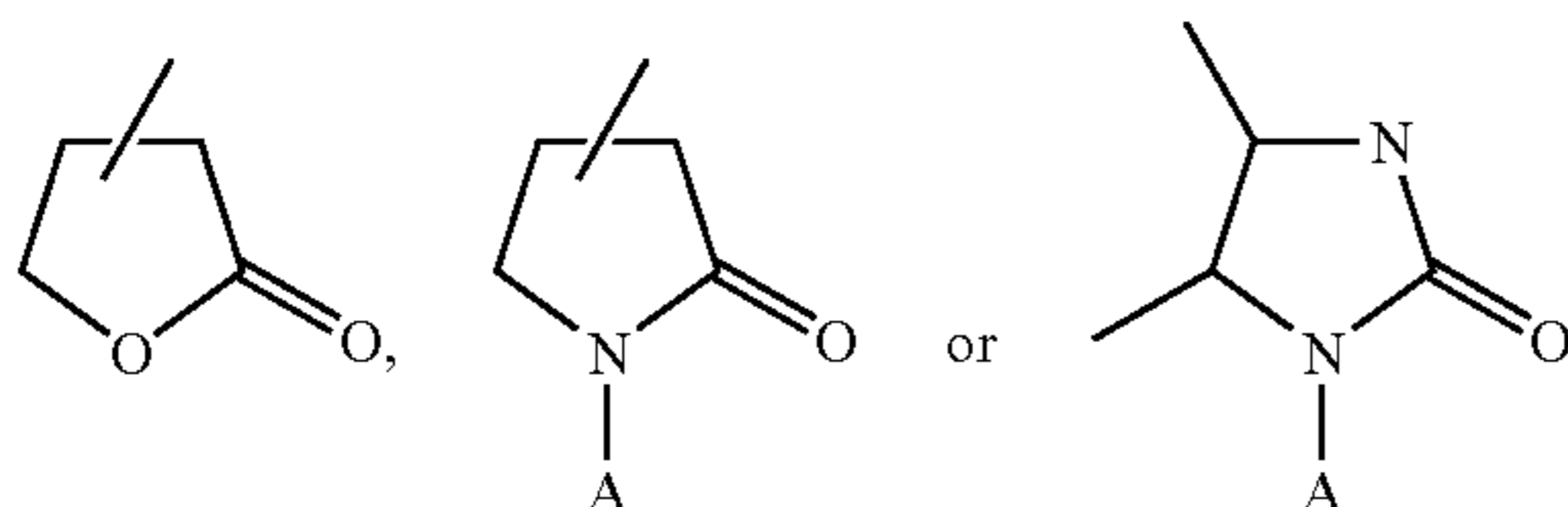
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

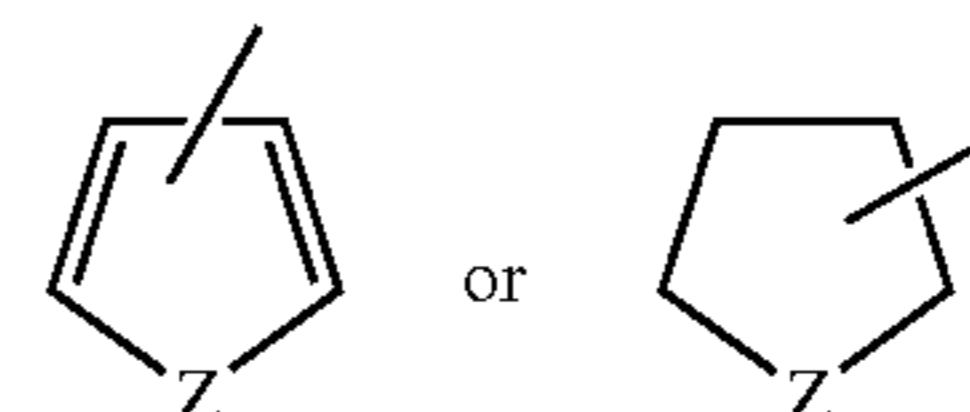


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; hydroxy group, mercapto

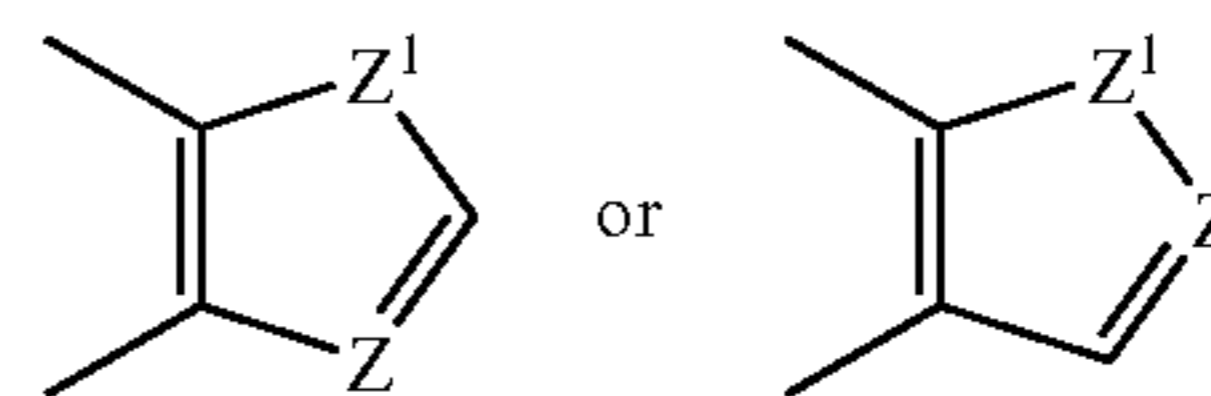
## 64

group; mono- or di- straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl amino; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2,2-dichloroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



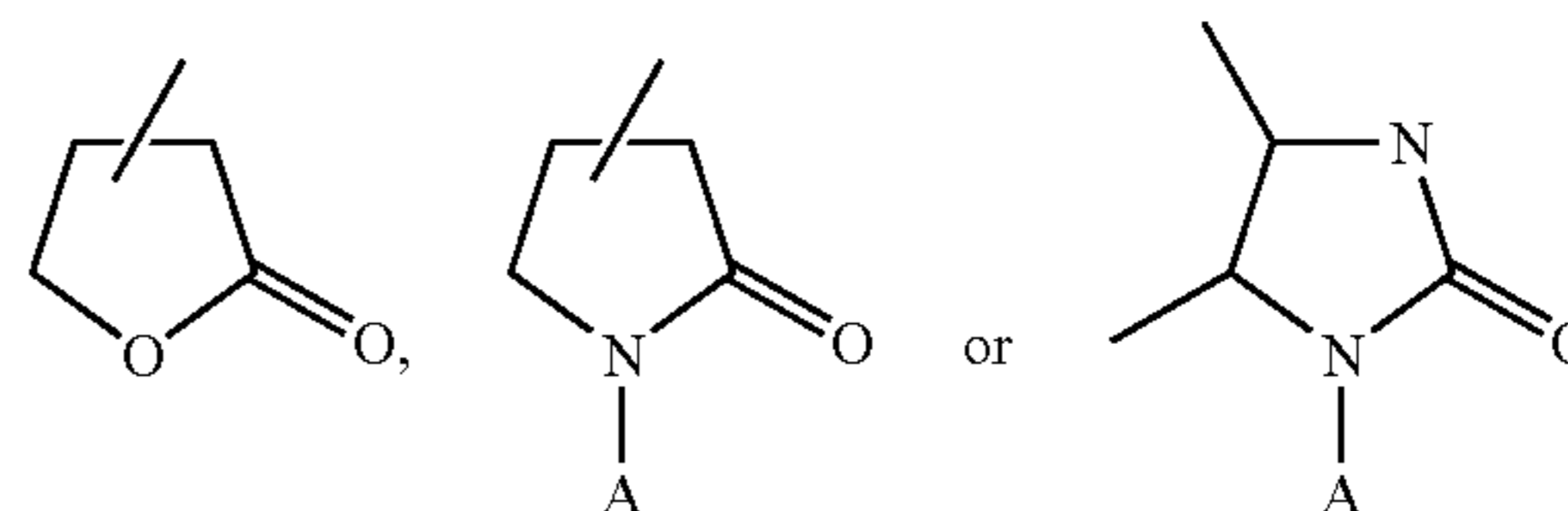
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom:

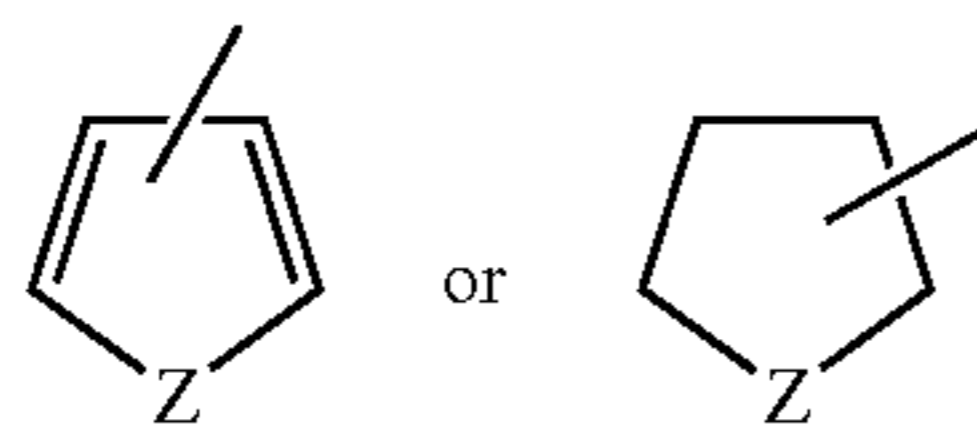


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

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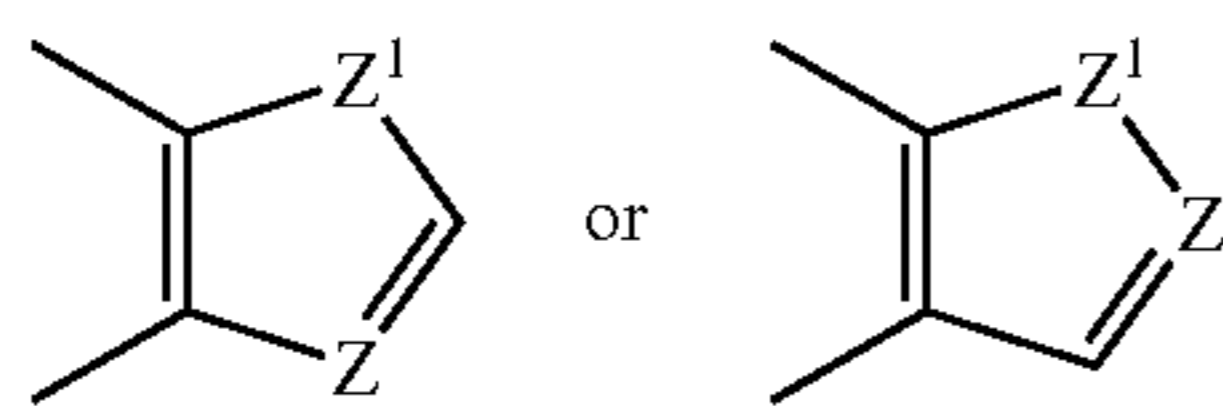
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or  $(C_1-C_3)$  alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiormorpholinyl;  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl;

$R^5$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched  $(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl;  $(C_6-C_{10})$ aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;  $(C_7-C_9)$ aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



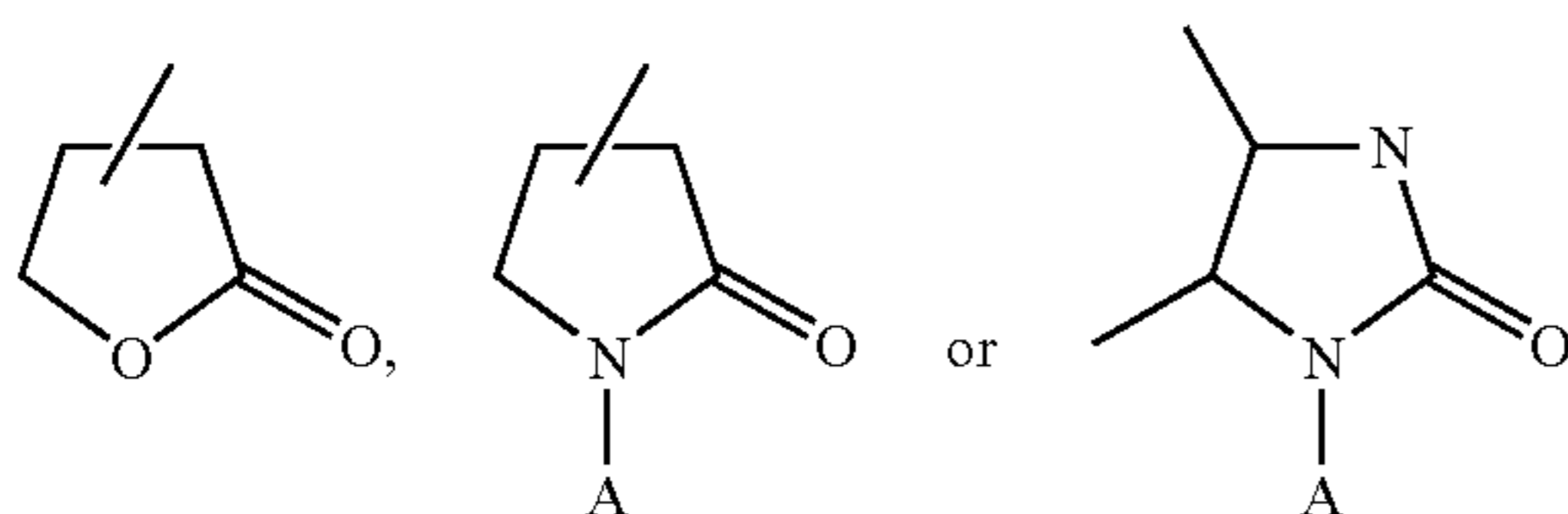
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or  $Z^1$  = N, O, S or Se

such a imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

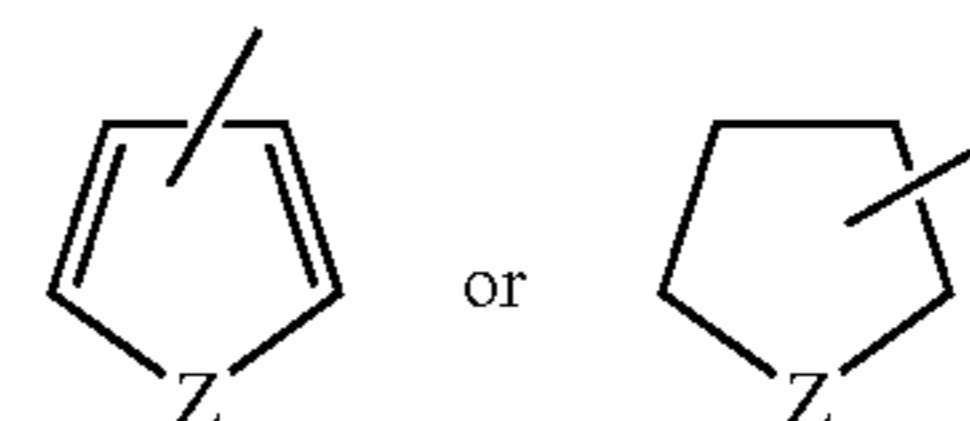


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution selected from halo,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy, trihalo  $(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $(C_1-C_3)$ alkylamino or carboxy);  $(C_7-C_9)$ aralkyl group

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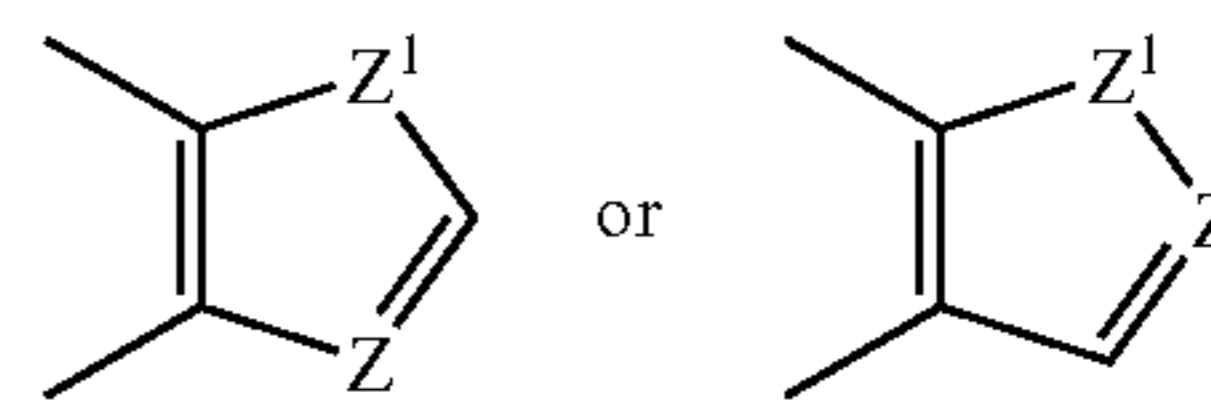
selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or  $(C_1-C_3)$  alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiormorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where  $n=0-4$  and  $R^7$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched  $(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or  $(C_6-C_{10})$ aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl;  $R^6$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched  $(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl;  $(C_6-C_{10})$ aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;  $(C_7-C_9)$ aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



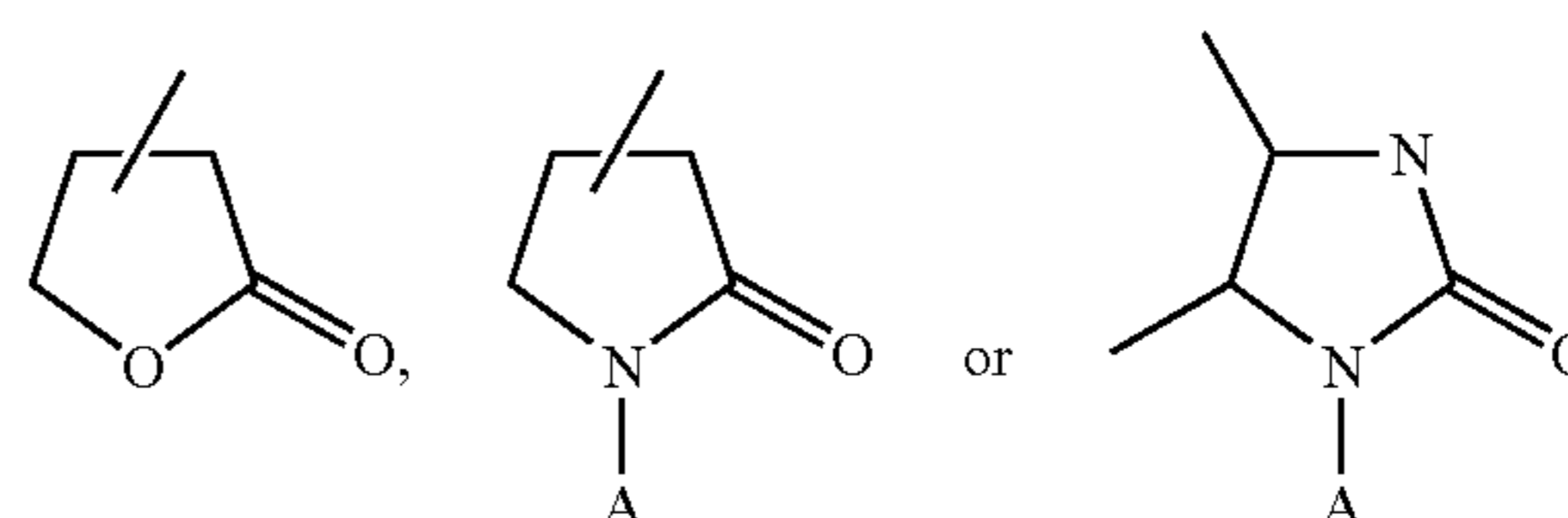
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or  $Z^1$  = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution selected from halo,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy, trihalo  $(C_1-C_3)$

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alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxo-thiomorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where  $n=0-4$  and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$ , wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and  $n=0-1$ ,  $-NH$ ,  $-N(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl [straight or branched],  $-N(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

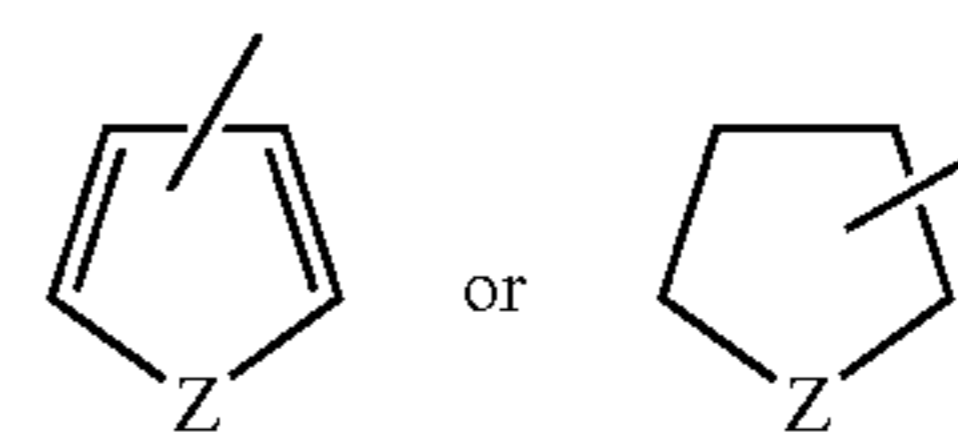
Preferred compounds are compounds according to the above formula III and IV in which Y is NO<sub>2</sub>;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and when  $R=R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  and  $n=0$ ,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy);  $\alpha$ -amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or  $\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino group such as phenylglycyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group, substitution selected from phenyl or p-hydroxyphenyl;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group

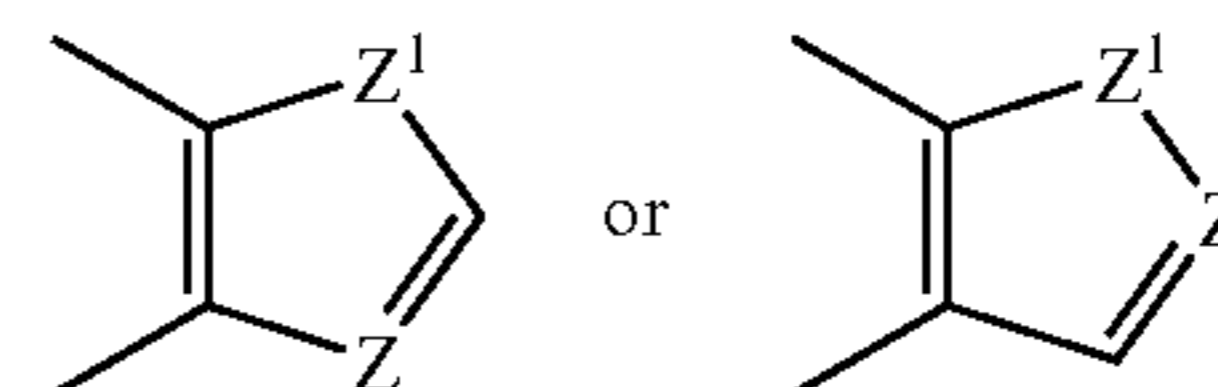
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selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



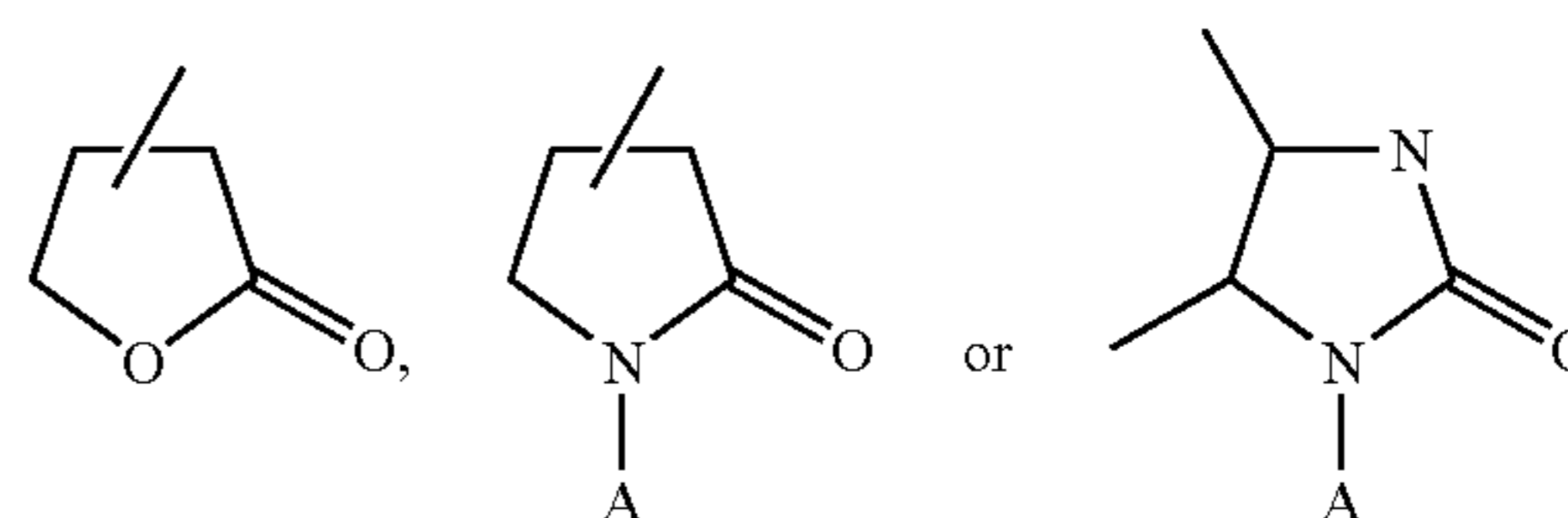
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

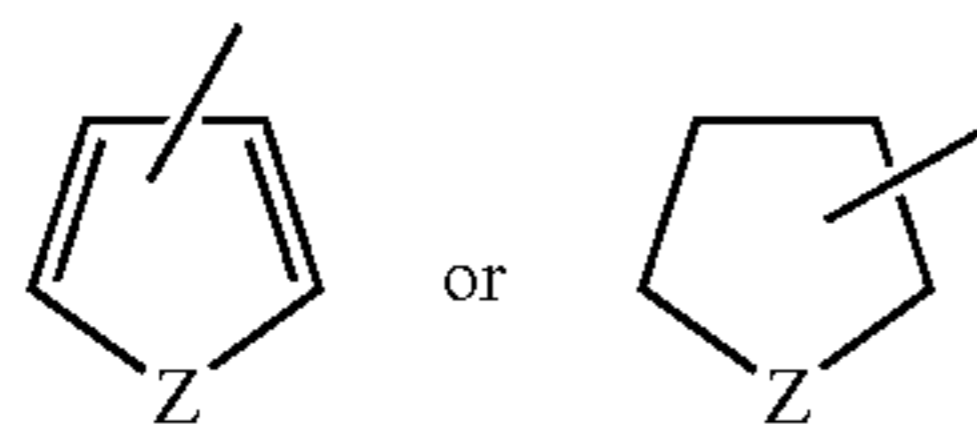


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl such as cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, (2,3-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (1,2-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-ethylcyclopropyl)

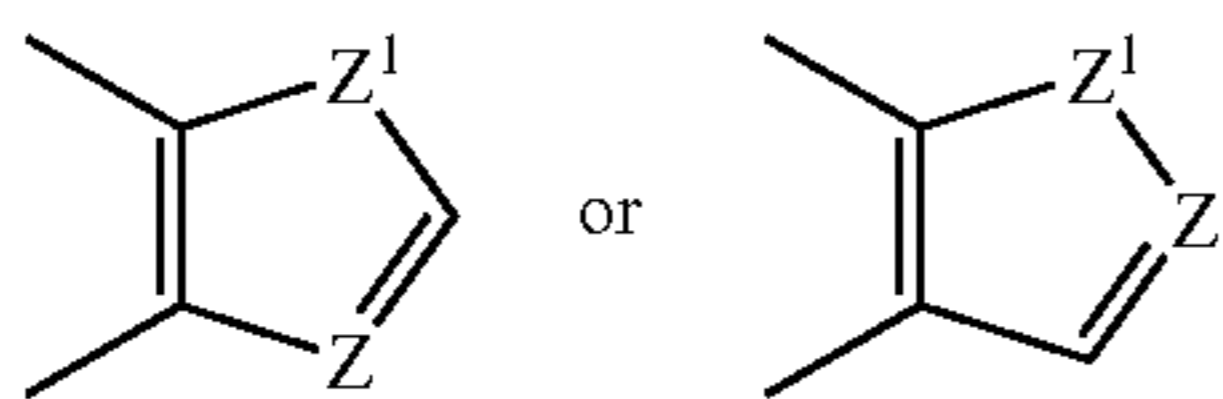
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carbonyl, (2-methylcyclopentyl)carbonyl or (3-ethylcyclobutyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-methyltoluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

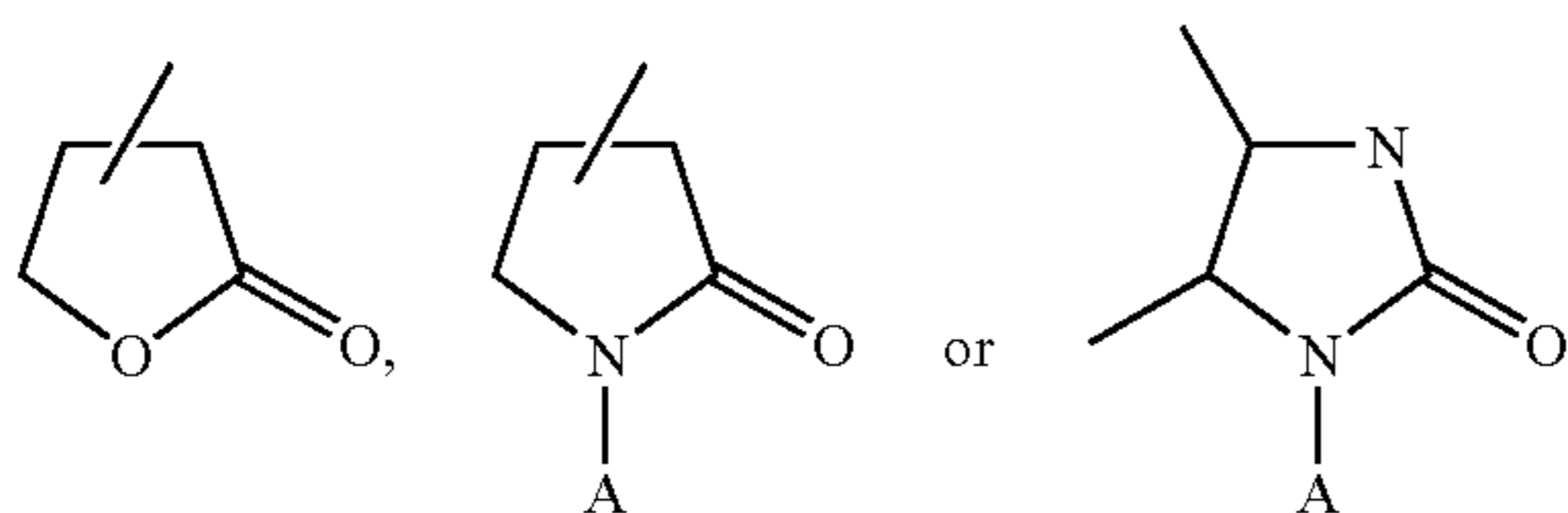


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

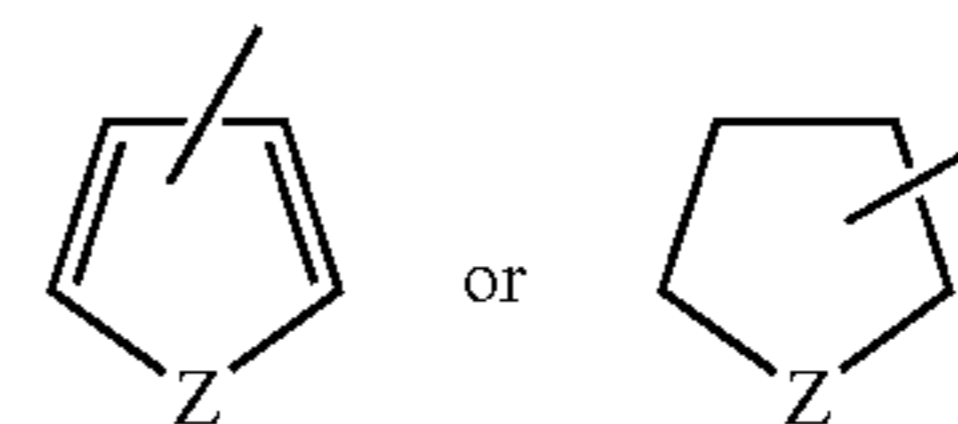


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-

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dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

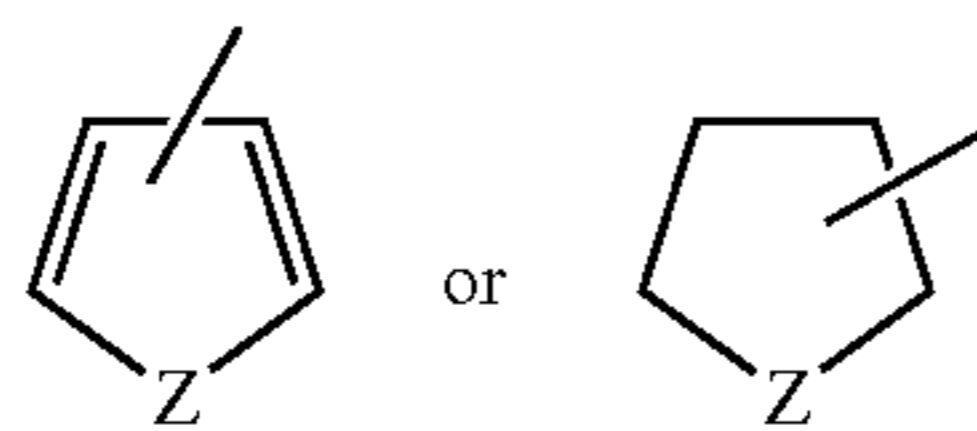
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl,

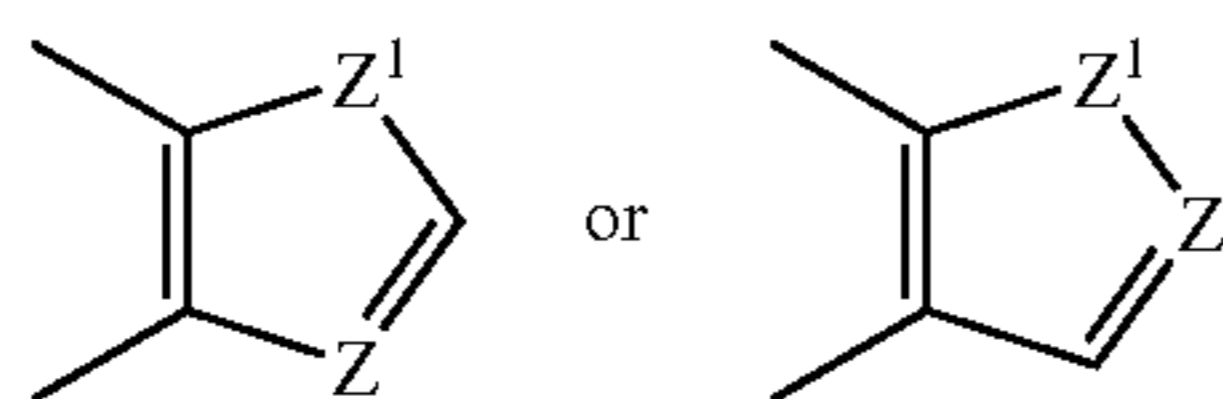
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1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



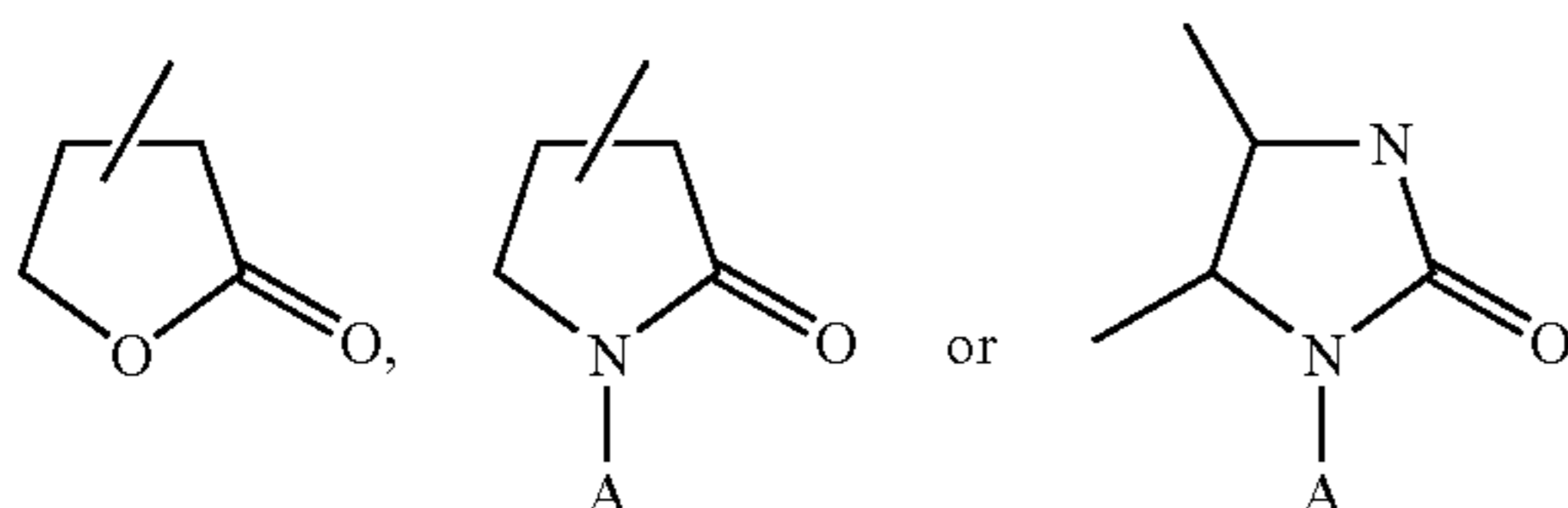
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

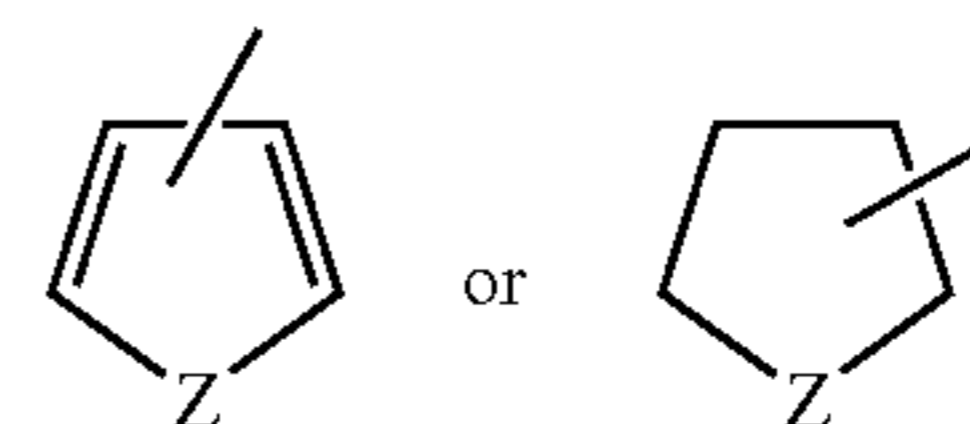


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl,

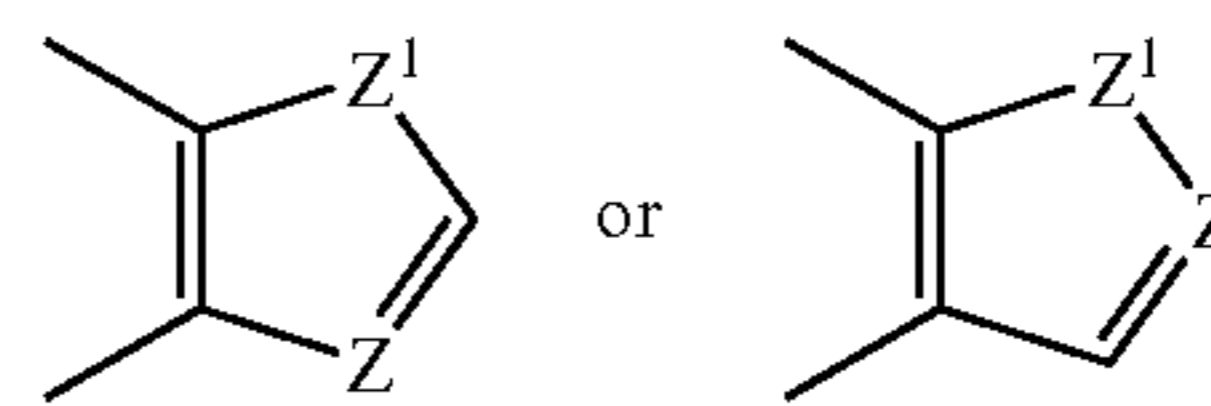
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unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

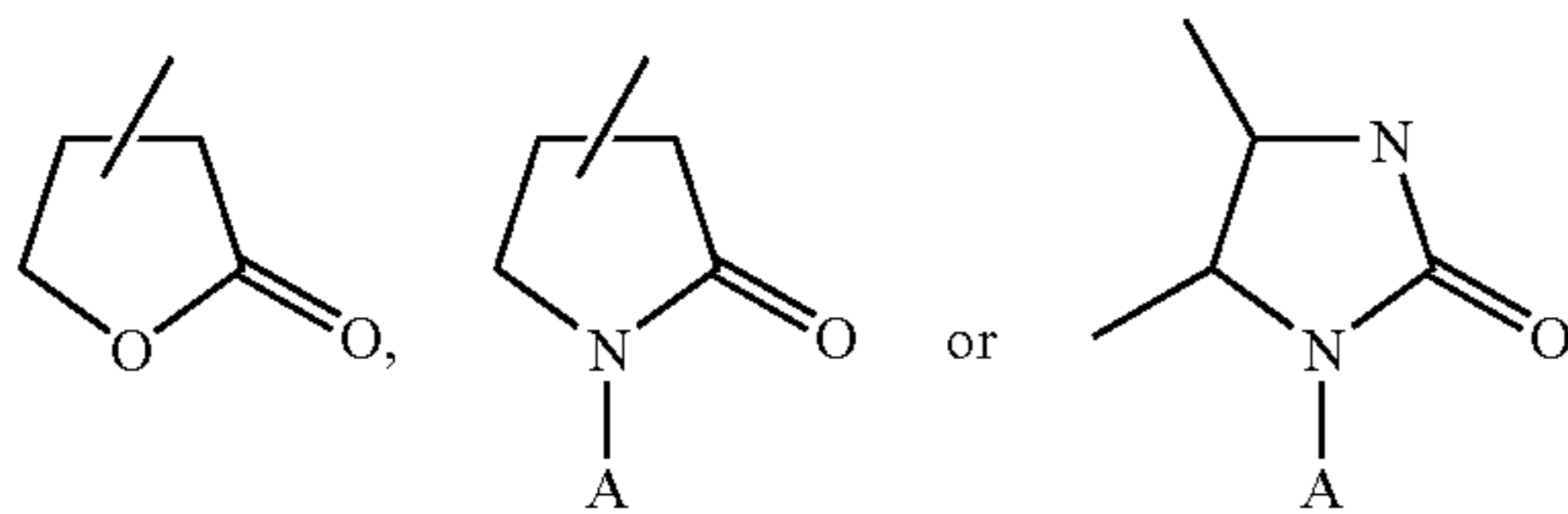


Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl; pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring

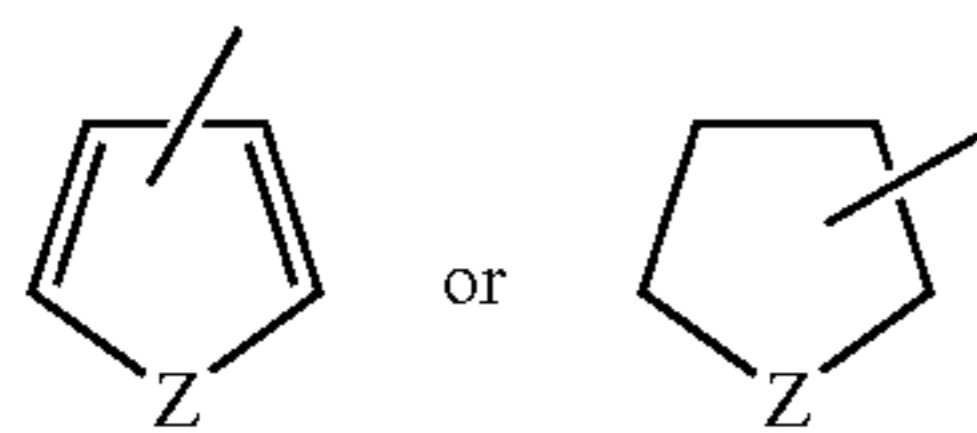
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with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

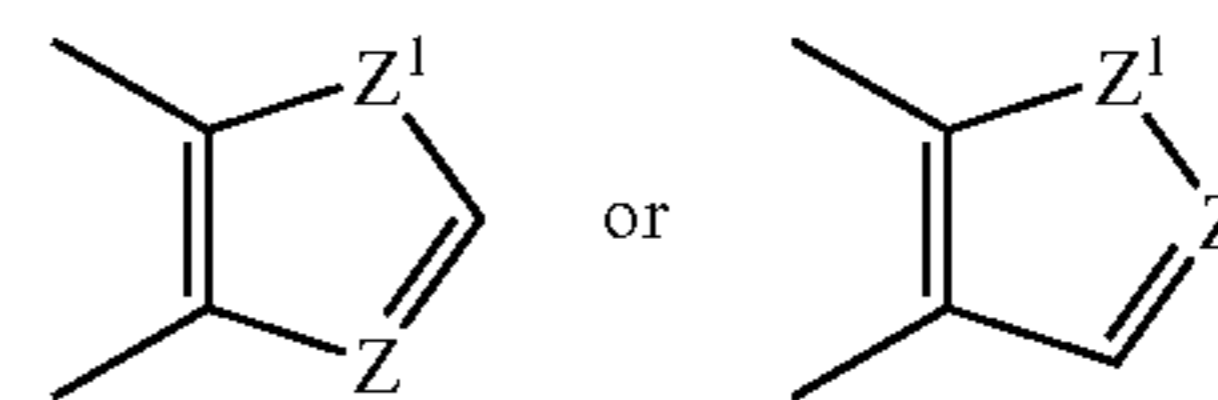
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; hydroxy group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

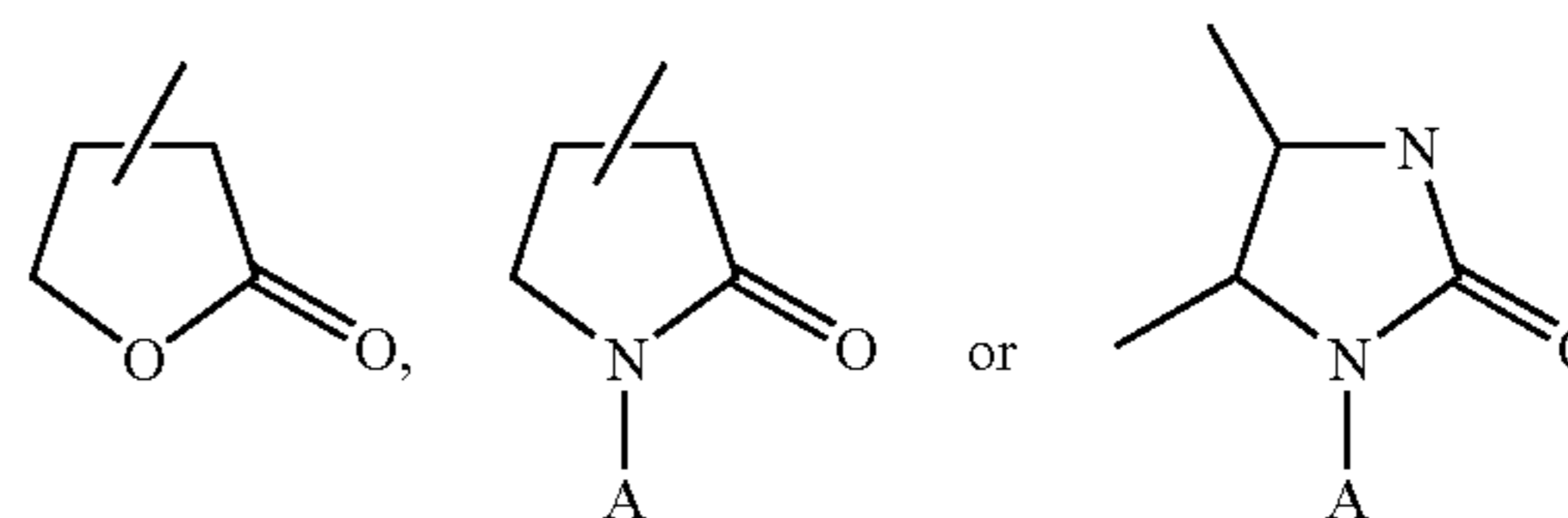
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

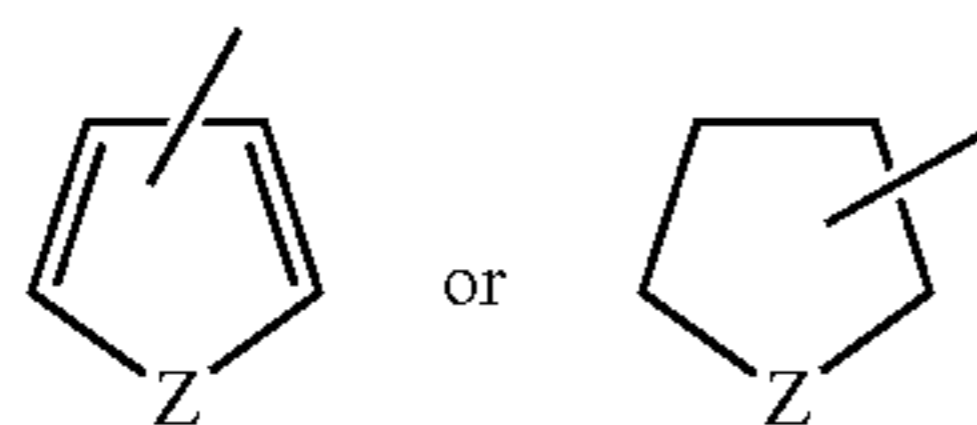
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyloxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino;

and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from as straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

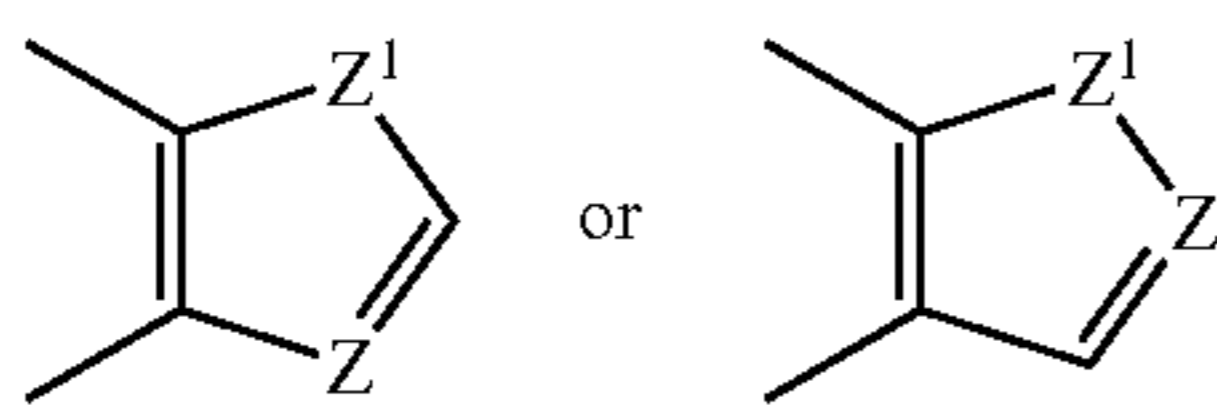


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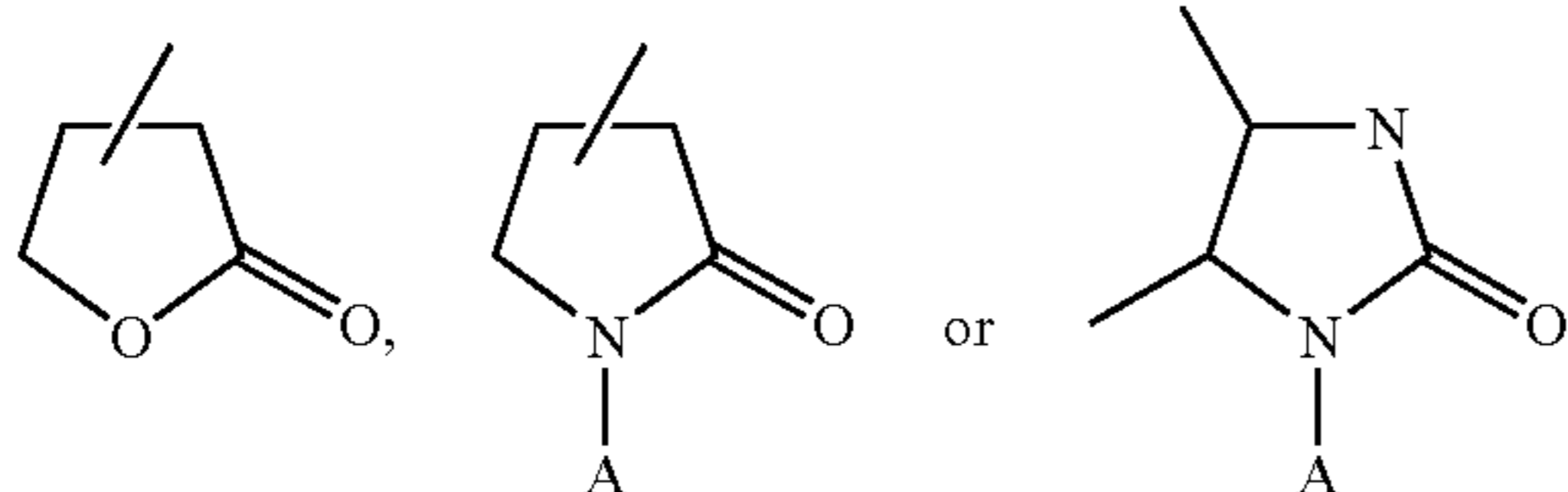


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl;

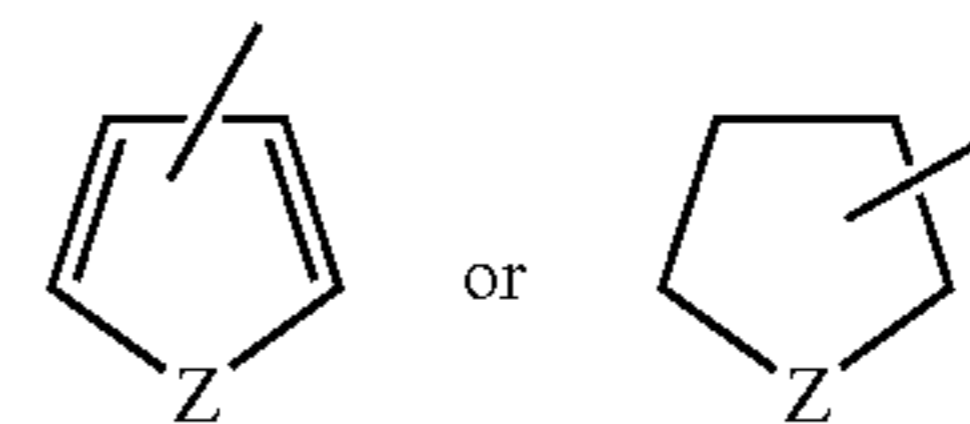
and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or

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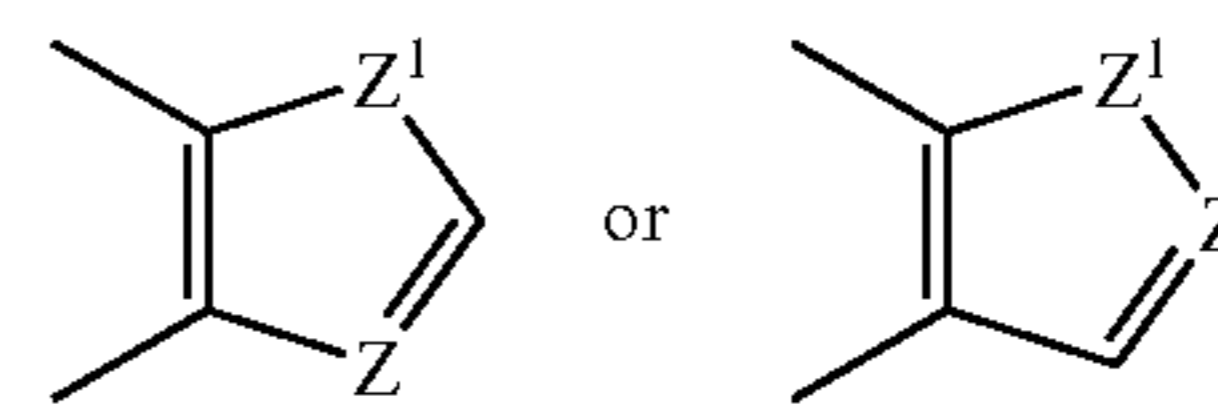
branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)carboxyalkyl group;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

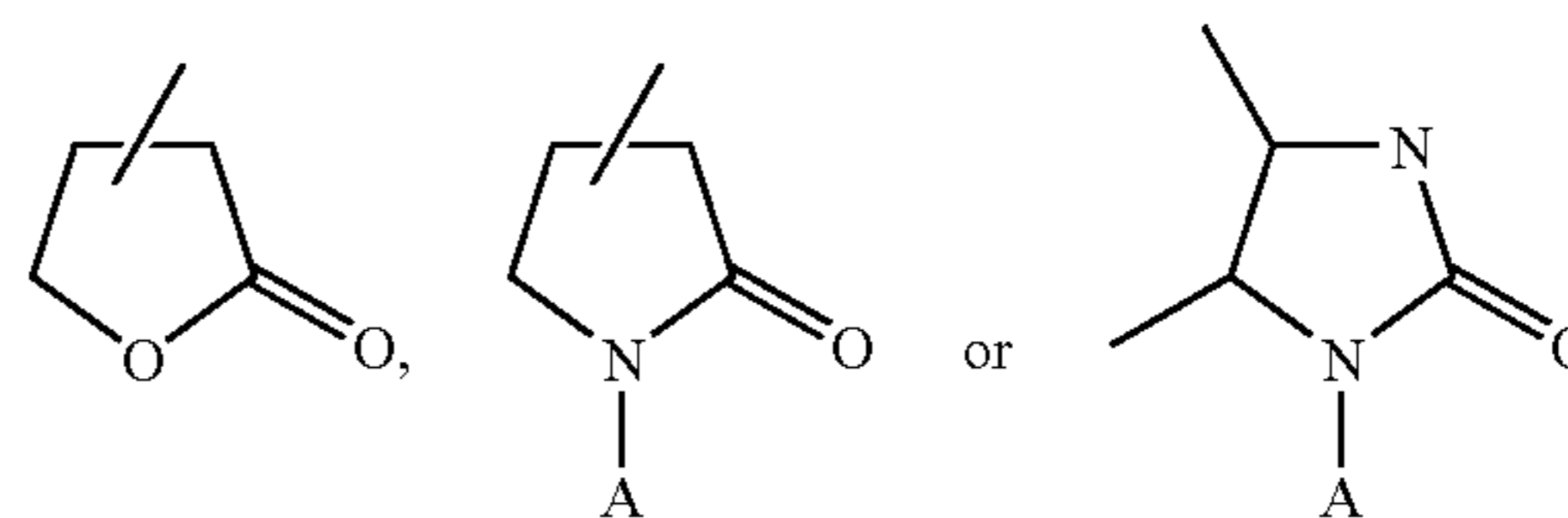


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



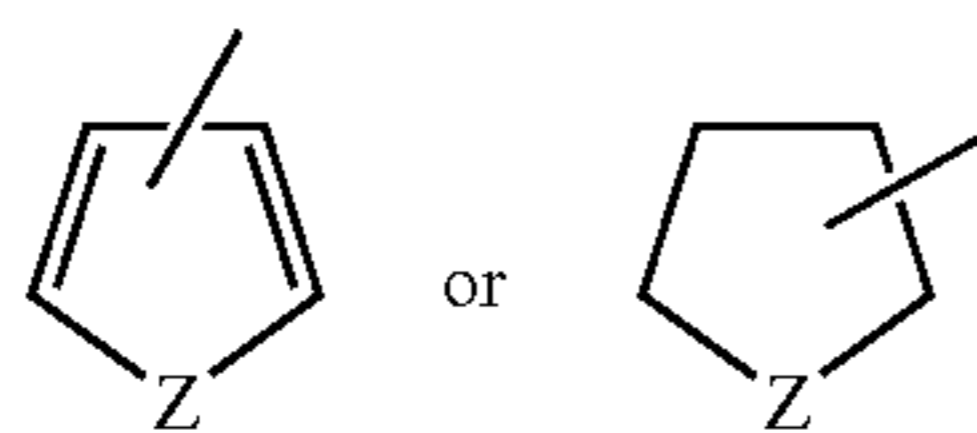
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group

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selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

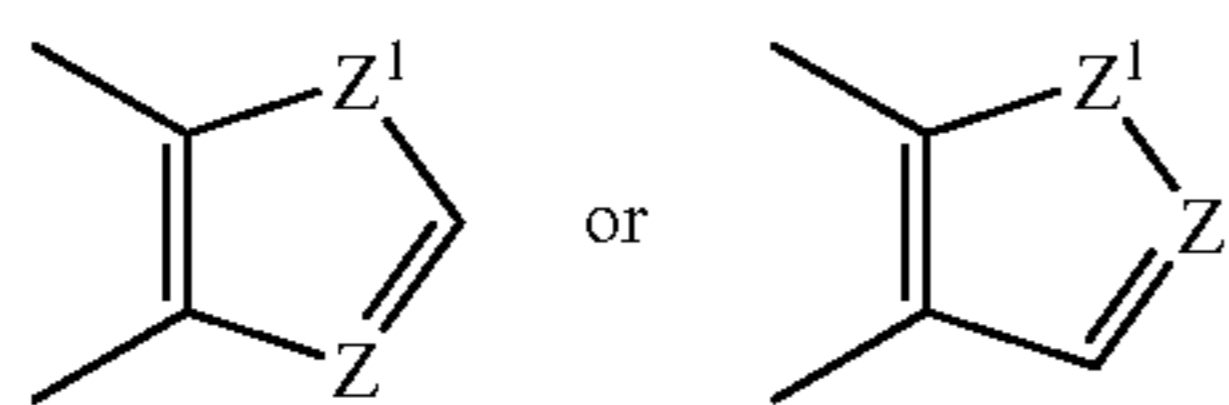
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



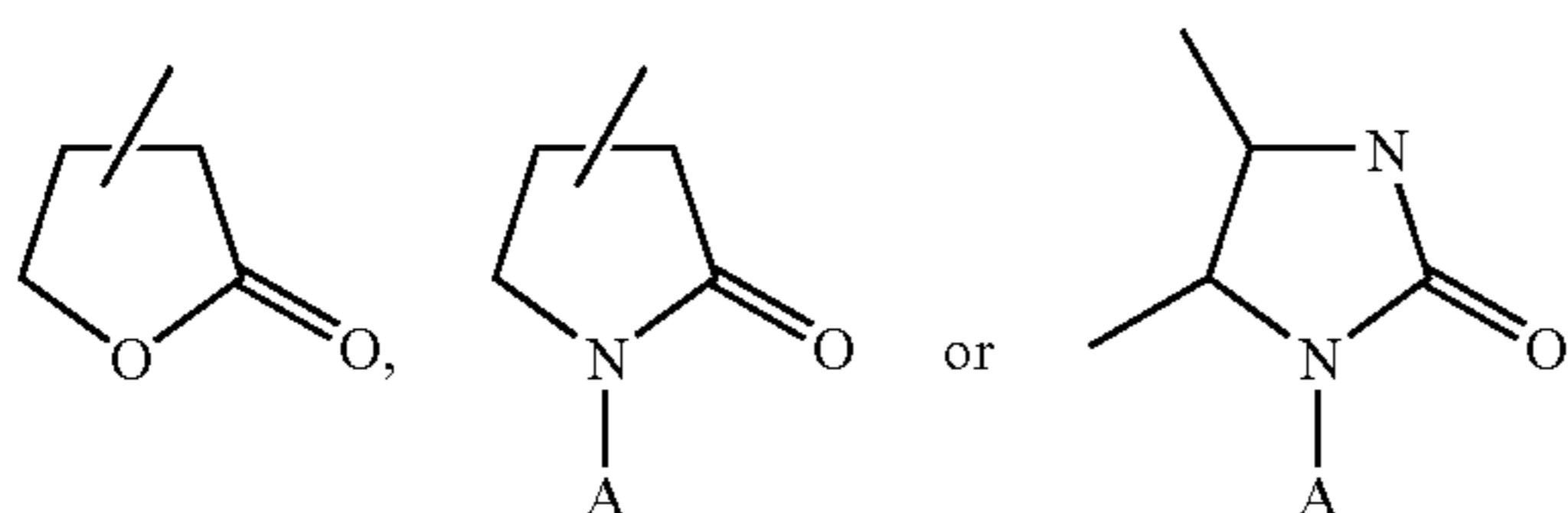
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution

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selected from halo,(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $C(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$ , wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1,  $-NH-$ ,  $-N(C_1-C_3)alkyl$  [straight or branched],  $-N(C_1-C_4)alkoxy$ , oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

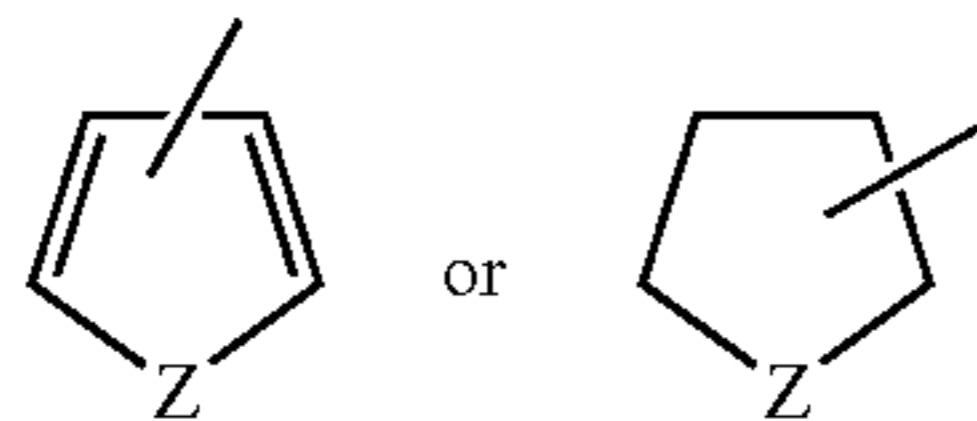
Particularly preferred compounds are compounds according to the above formula III and IV in which Y is NO<sub>2</sub>;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4'</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy);  $\alpha$ -amino-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group selected from aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or  $\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino group such as phenylglycyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl group, substitution selected from phenyl or p-hydroxyphenyl;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl,

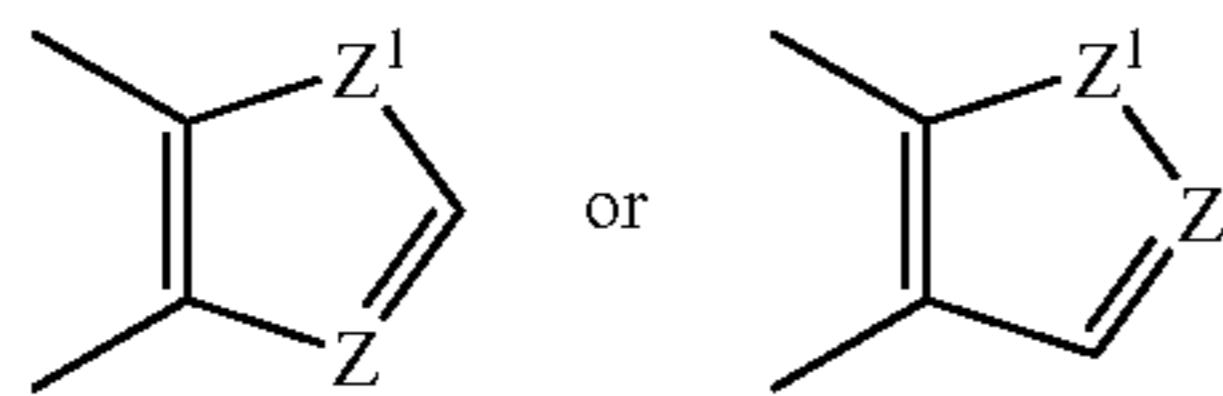
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2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



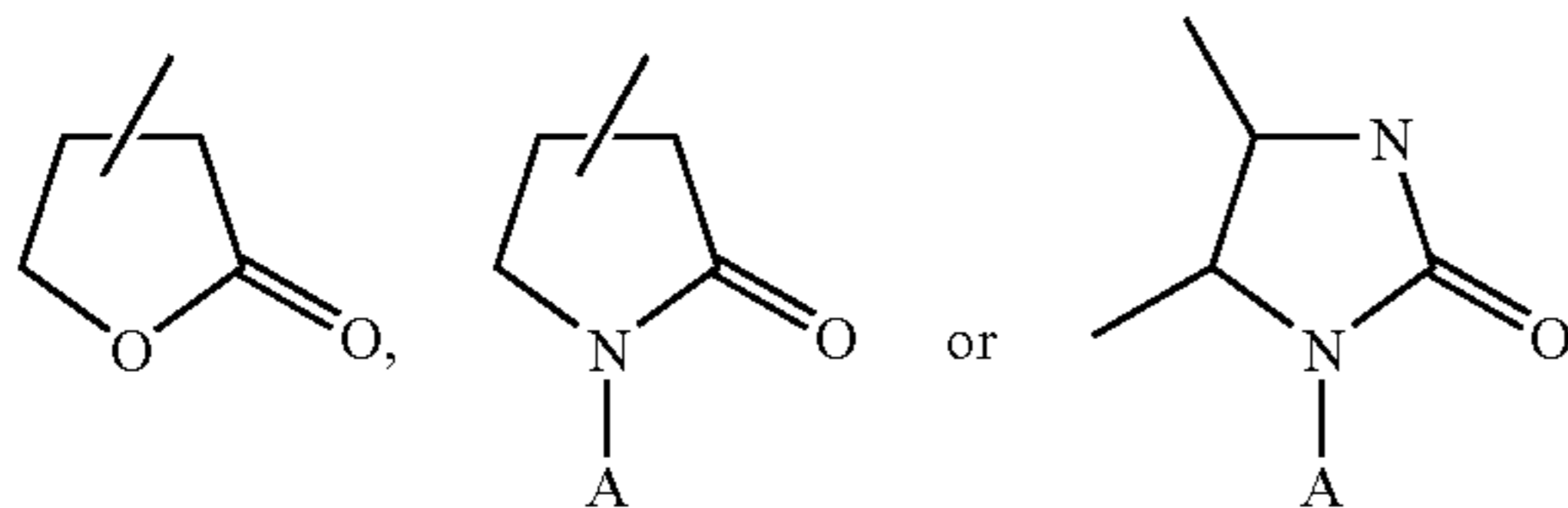
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

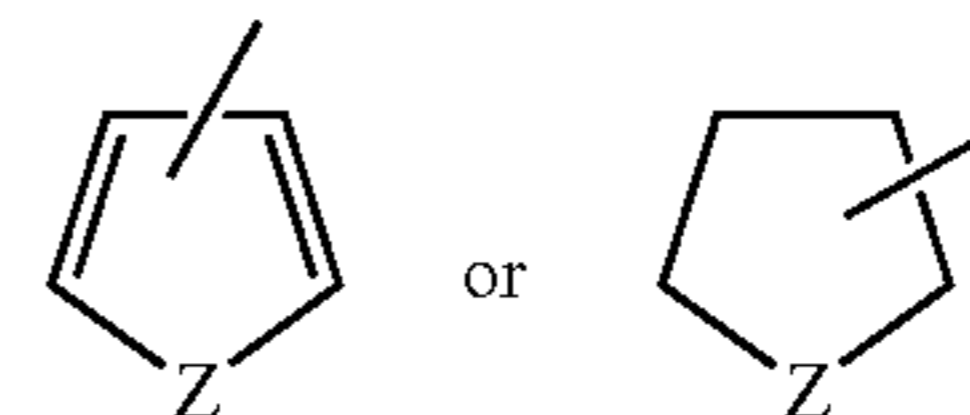


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclo-propyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl such as cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, (2,3-dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (1,2-

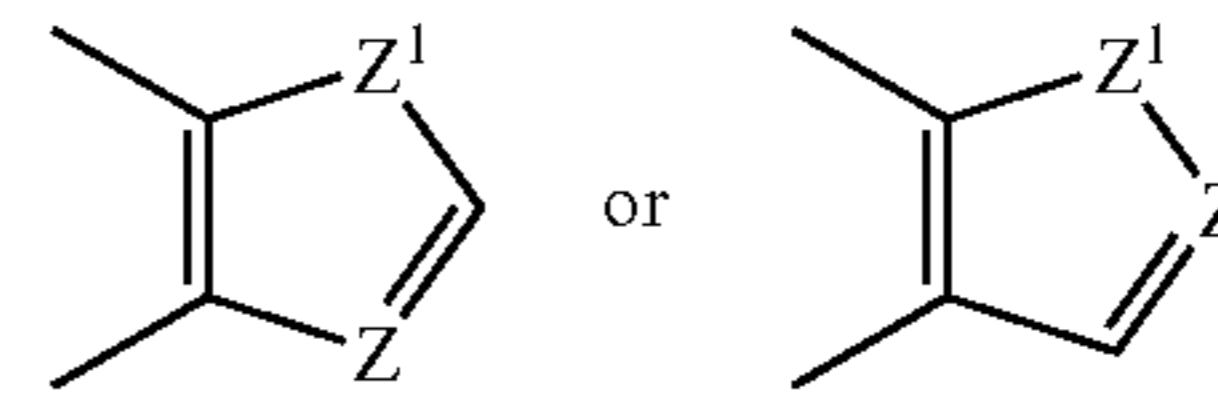
80

dimethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-ethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl, (2-methylcyclopentyl)carbonyl or (3-ethylcyclobutyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-methylbenzoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



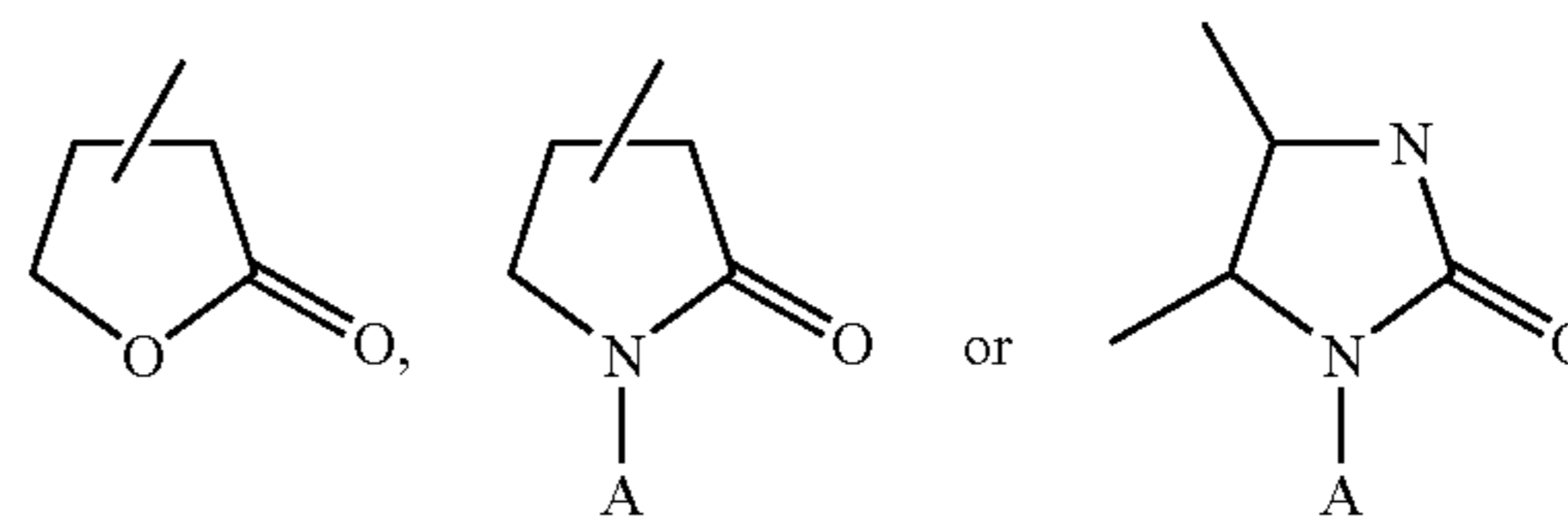
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom:

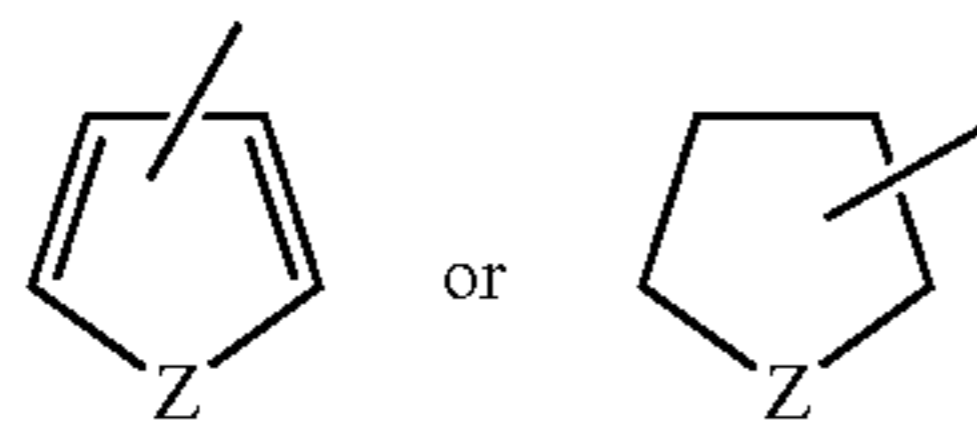


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl,

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4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl, β-naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

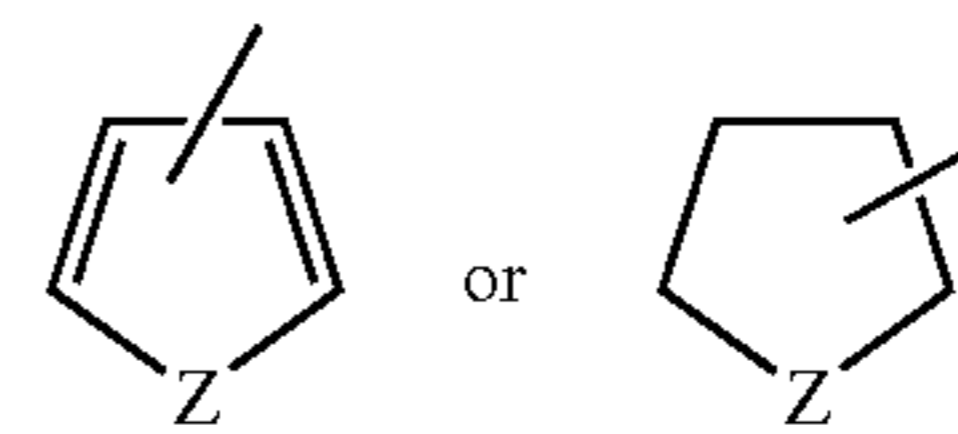
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino,

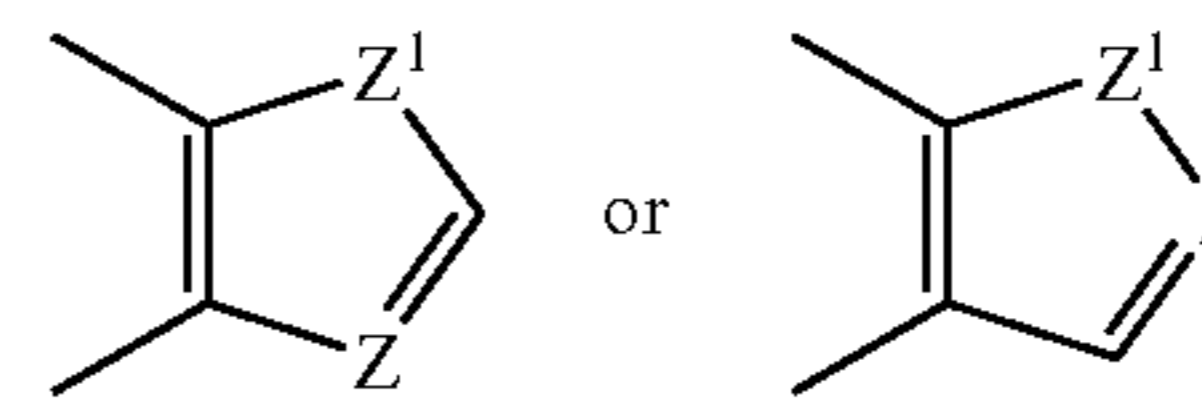
82

monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

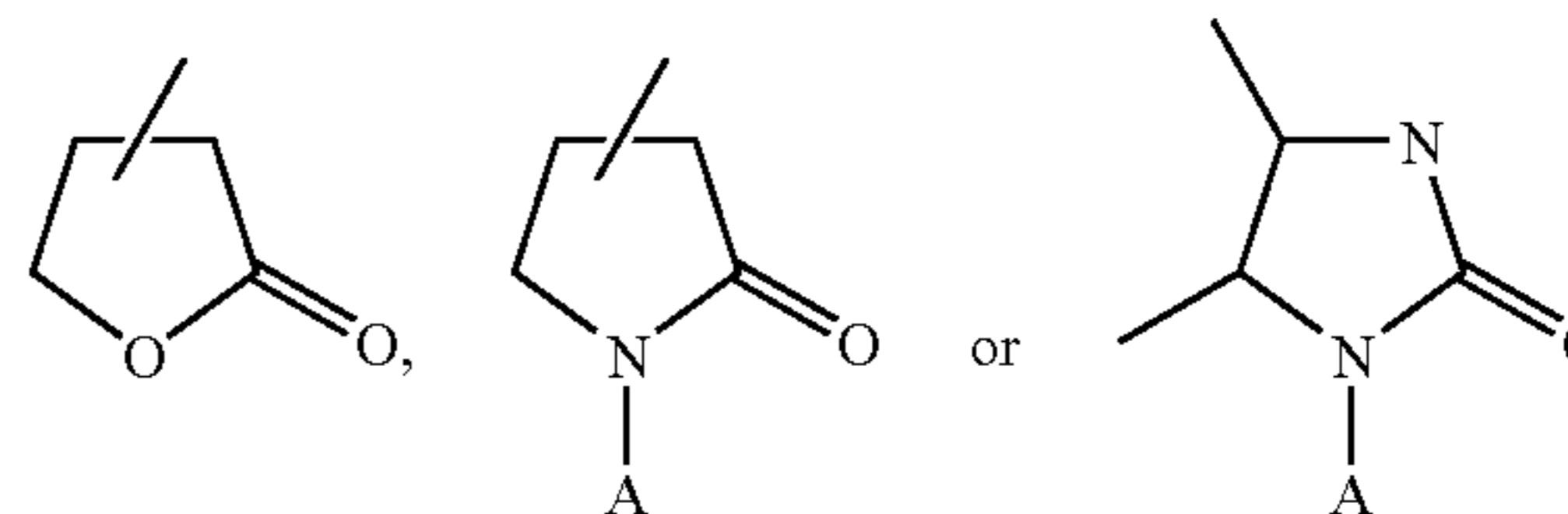


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:

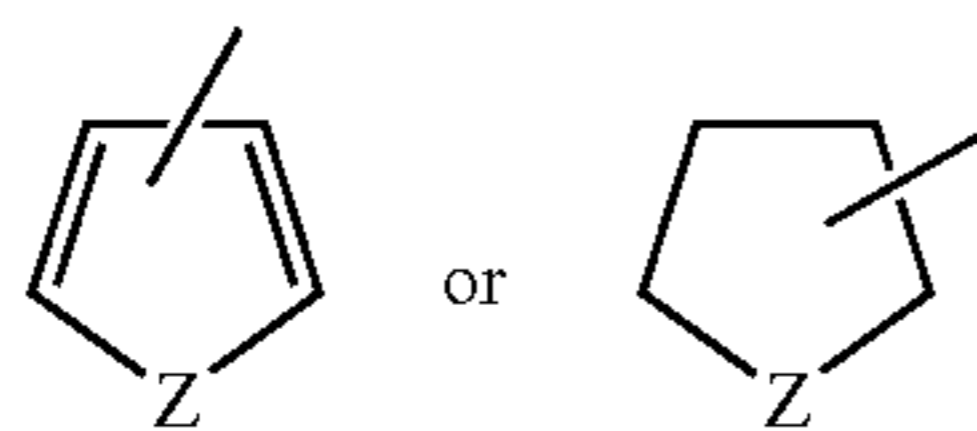


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms

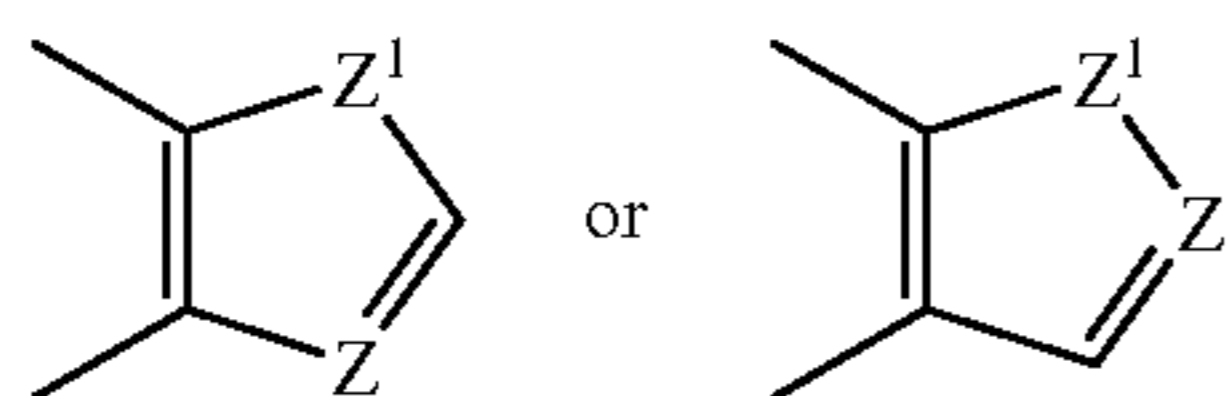
83

such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -NH, -NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

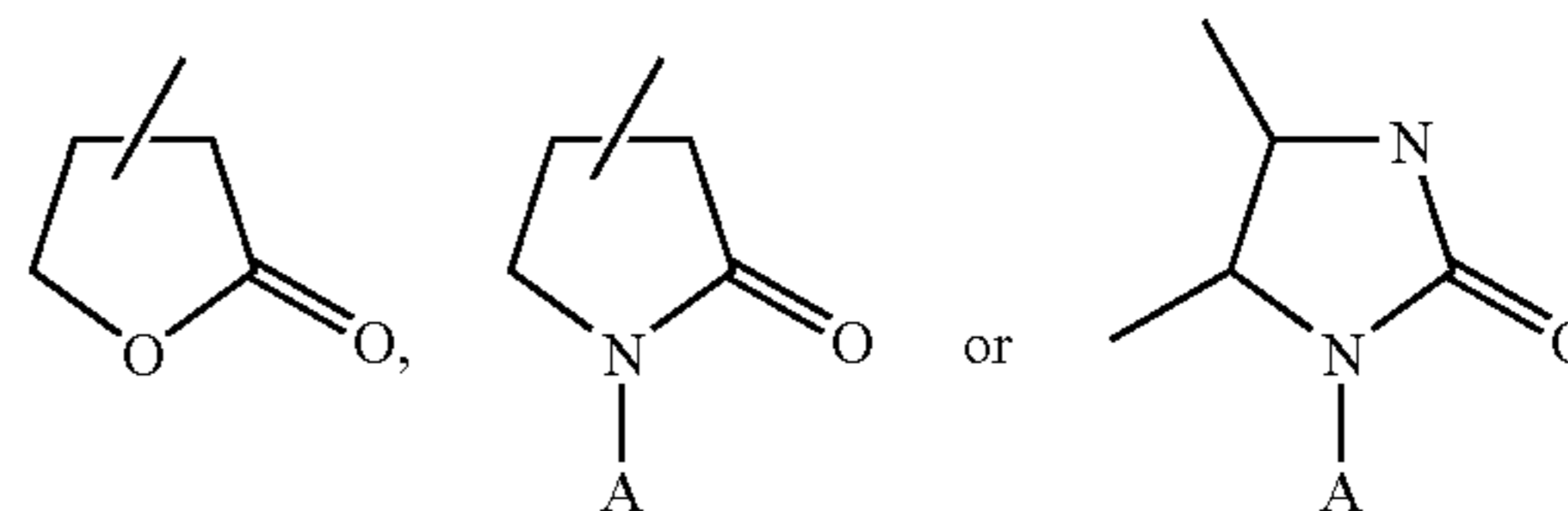
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl,

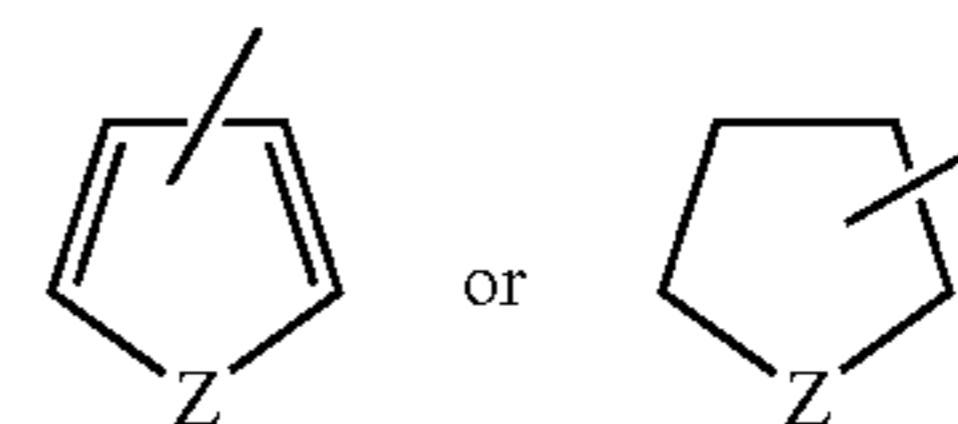
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benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

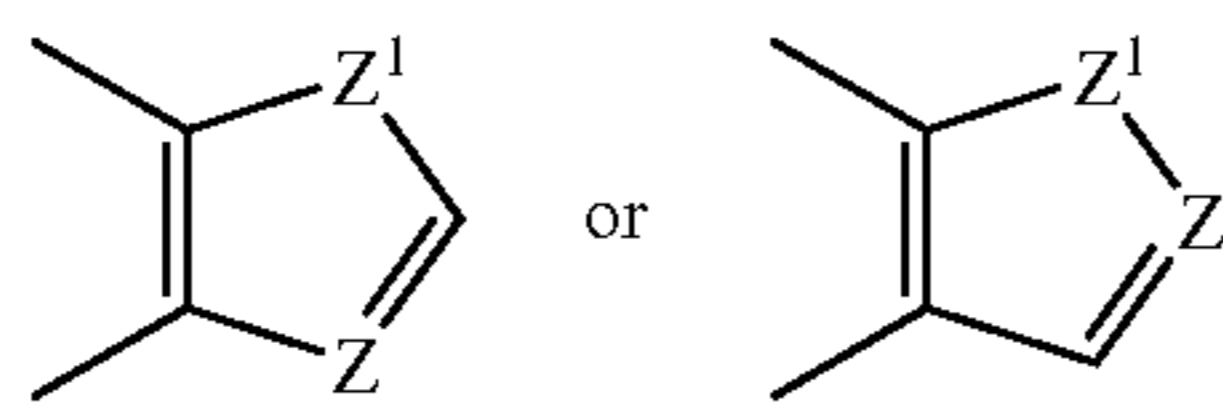
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as-pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; hydroxy group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromophenylcarbonyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as from 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl or 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



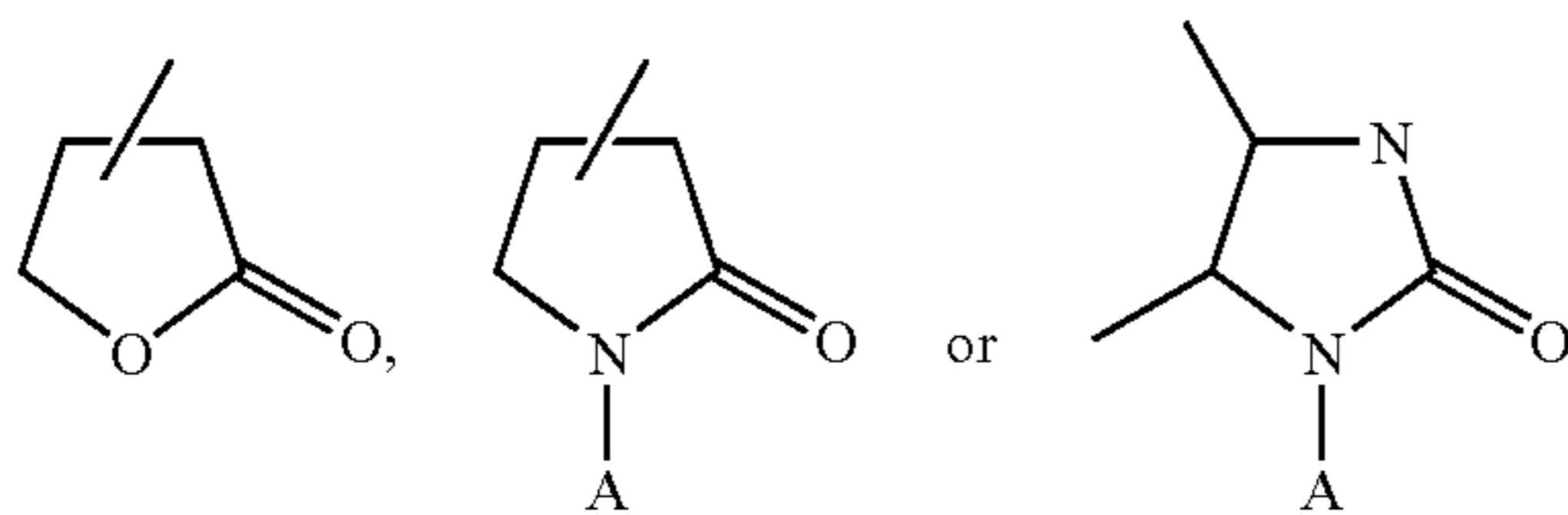
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;

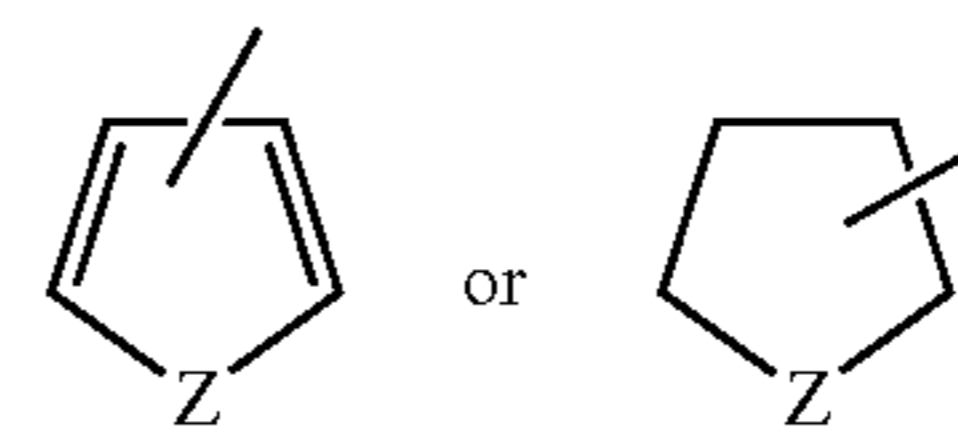


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophomorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

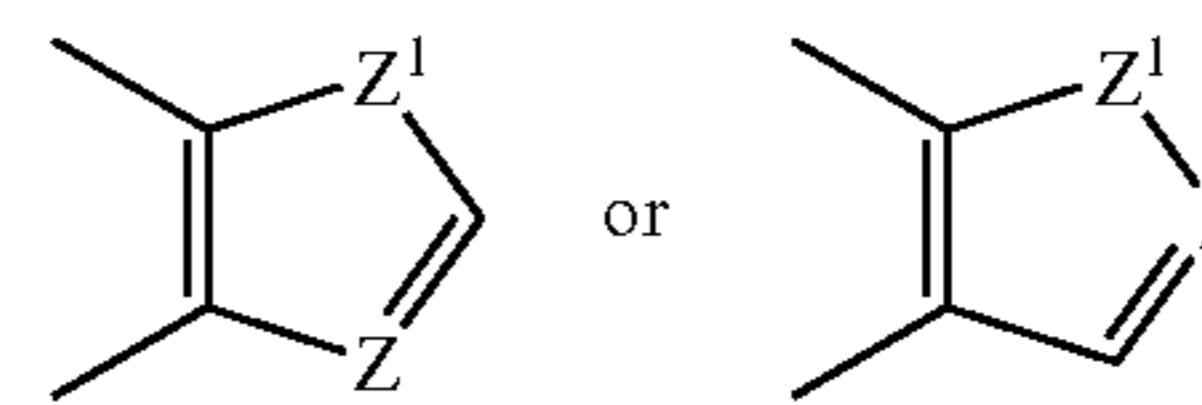
R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from as straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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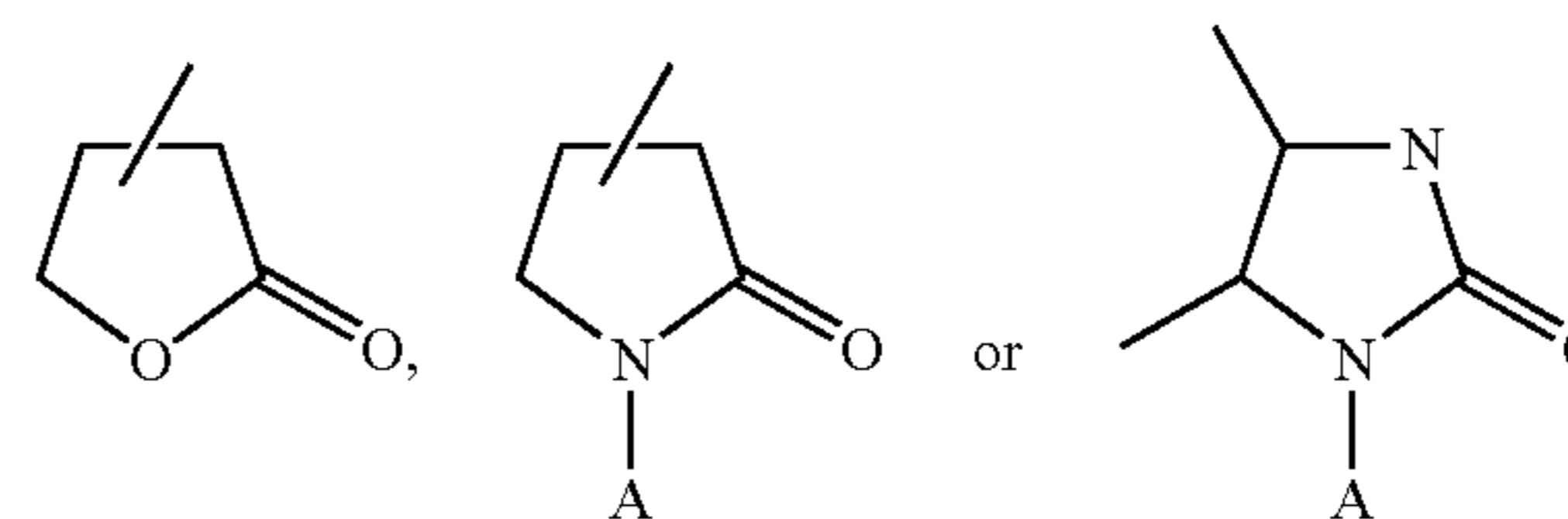


Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiophomorpholinyl;

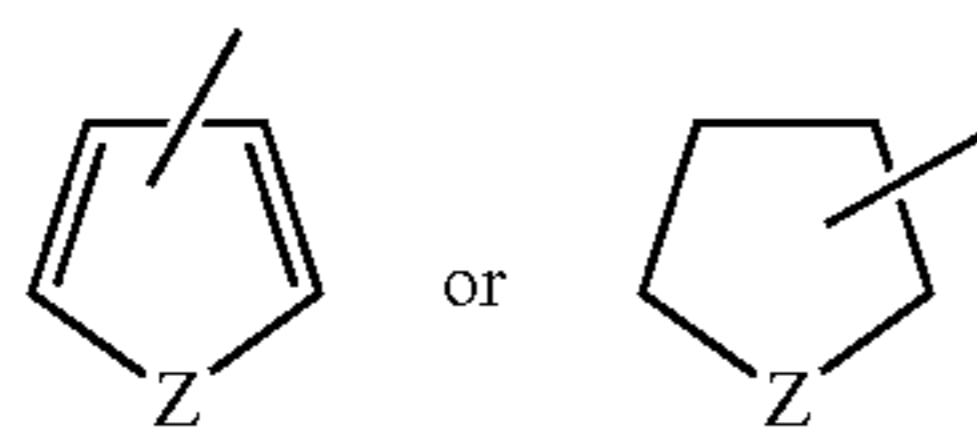
and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl,

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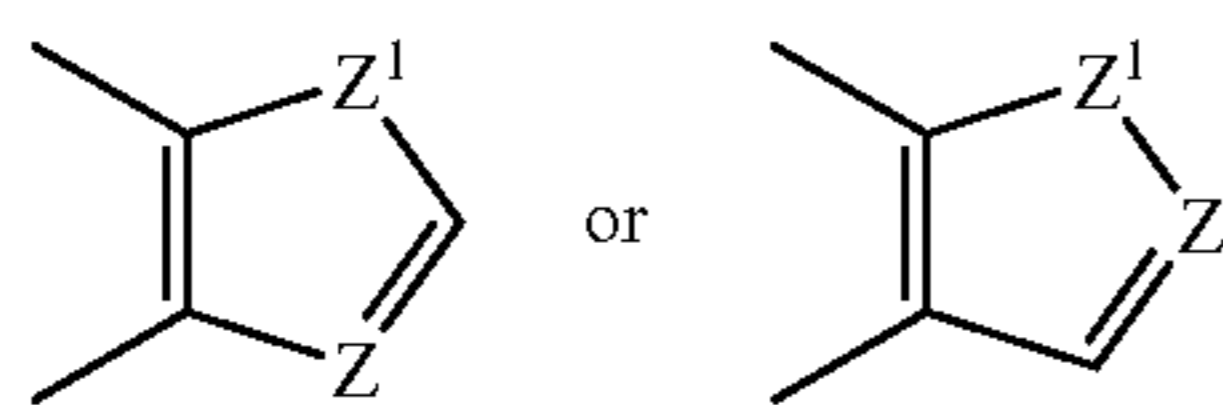
ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl;  $R^a R^b$ amino( $C_1$ - $C_4$ ) alkoxy group, wherein  $R^a R^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^a R^b$  is  $(CH_2)_n$ ,  $n=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W$   $-(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl [straight or branched],  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  [B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl], O or S;  $R^a R^b$ aminoxy group, wherein  $R^a R^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^a R^b$  is  $(CH_2)_n$ ,  $n=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W$   $-(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$ alkyl [straight or branched],  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  [B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl], O or S;

$R^5$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; ( $C_7$ - $C_9$ )aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



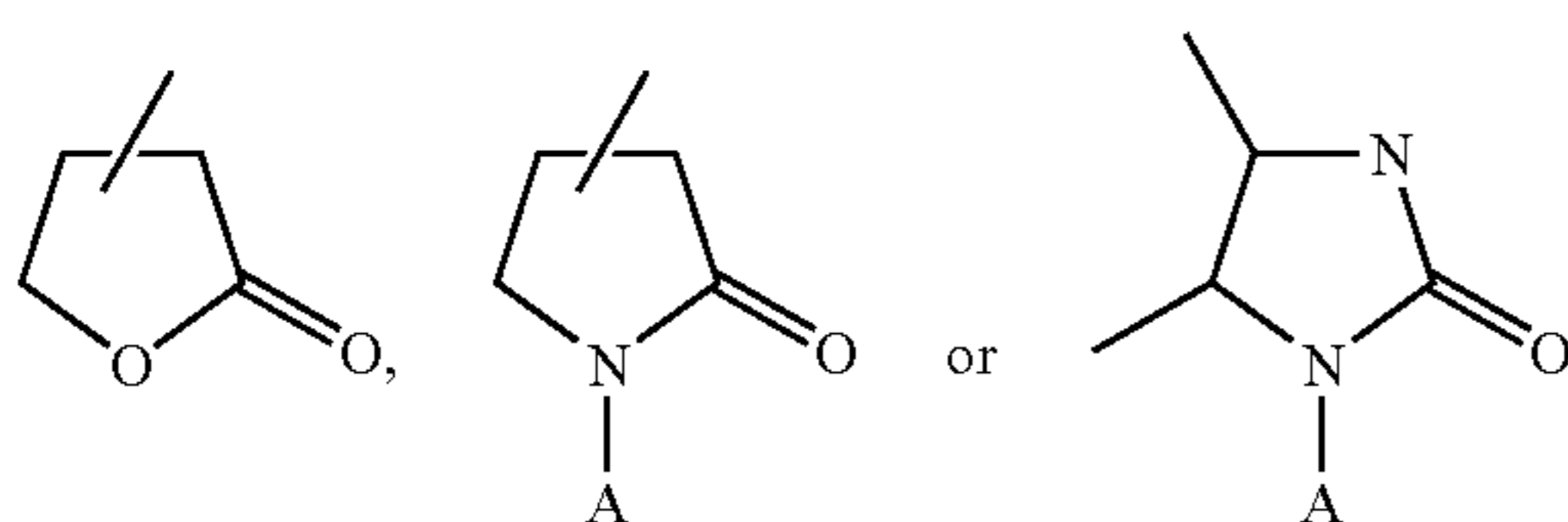
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methyl indolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or  $Z^1$  = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



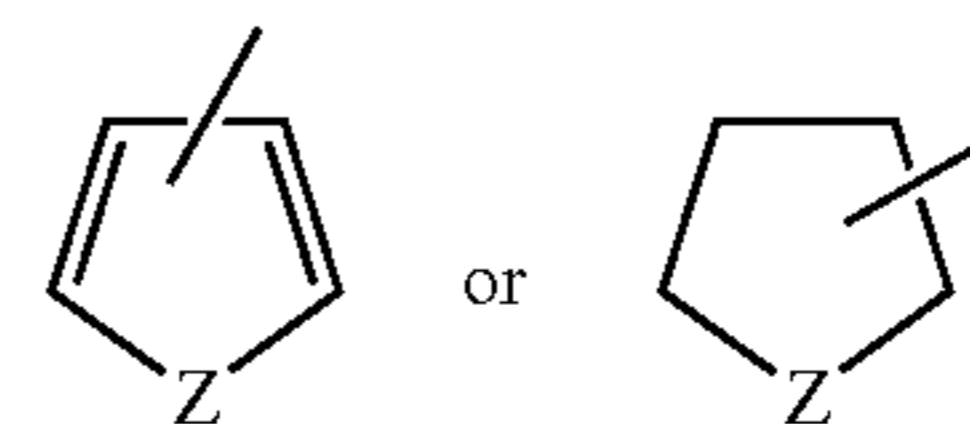
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy); ( $C_7$ - $C_9$ )aralkyl group selected

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from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

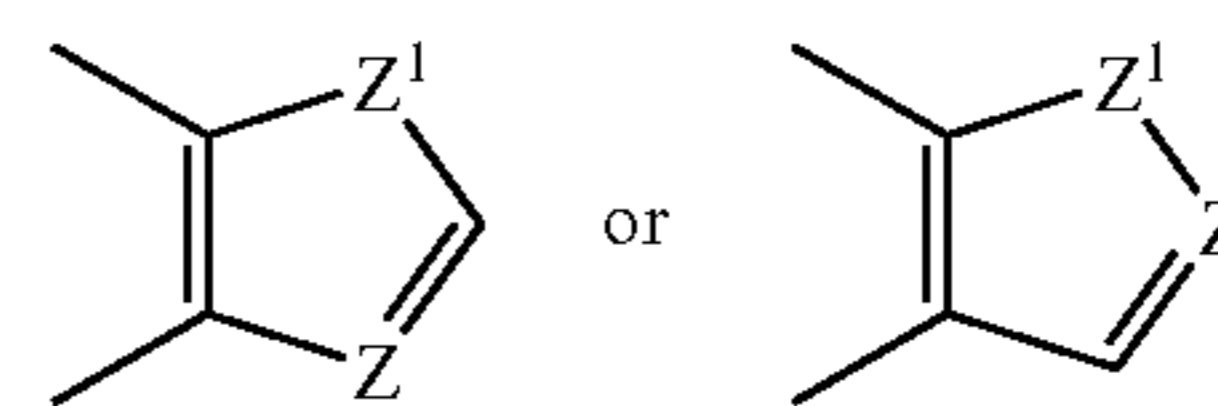
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ ) alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where  $n=0-4$  and  $R^7$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;

$R^6$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; ( $C_7$ - $C_9$ )aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



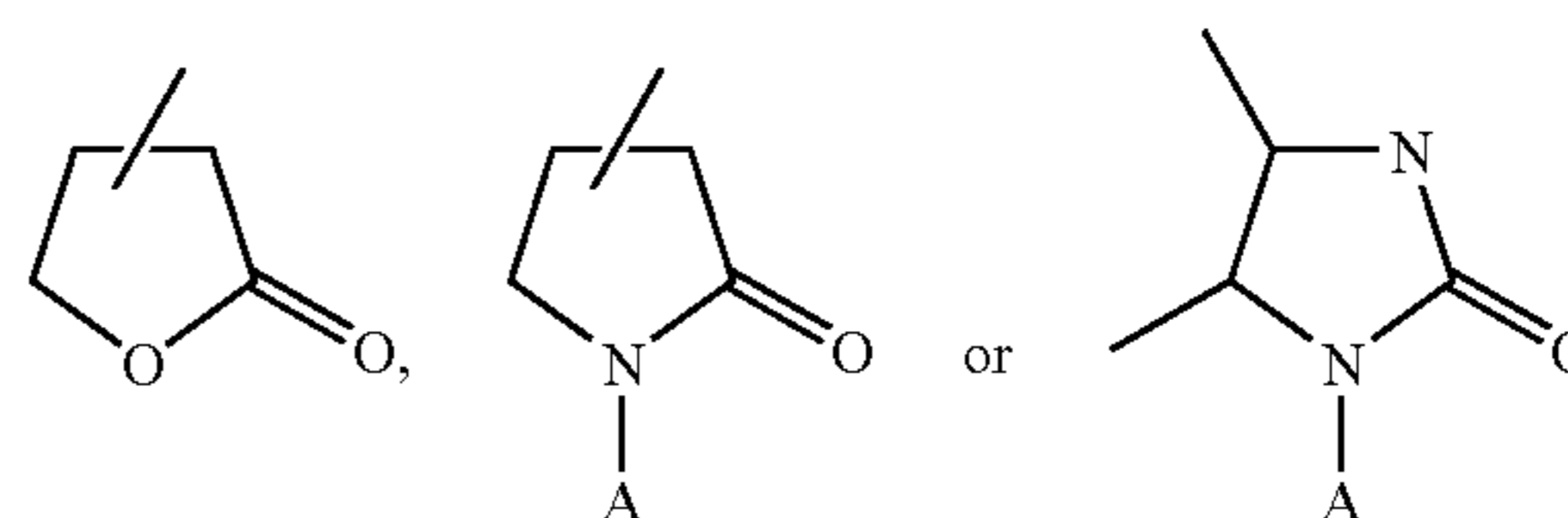
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or  $Z^1$  = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl;  $C_6$ -aryl; substituted  $C_6$ -aryl (substitution

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selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiopholinyl; or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

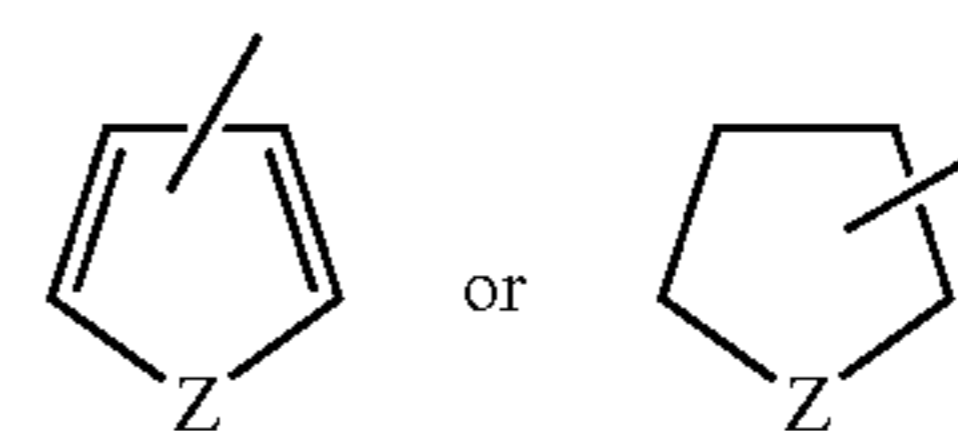
or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>—, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, —NH, —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

Most particularly preferred compounds are compounds according to the above formula III and IV in which Y is NO<sub>2</sub>;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4'</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

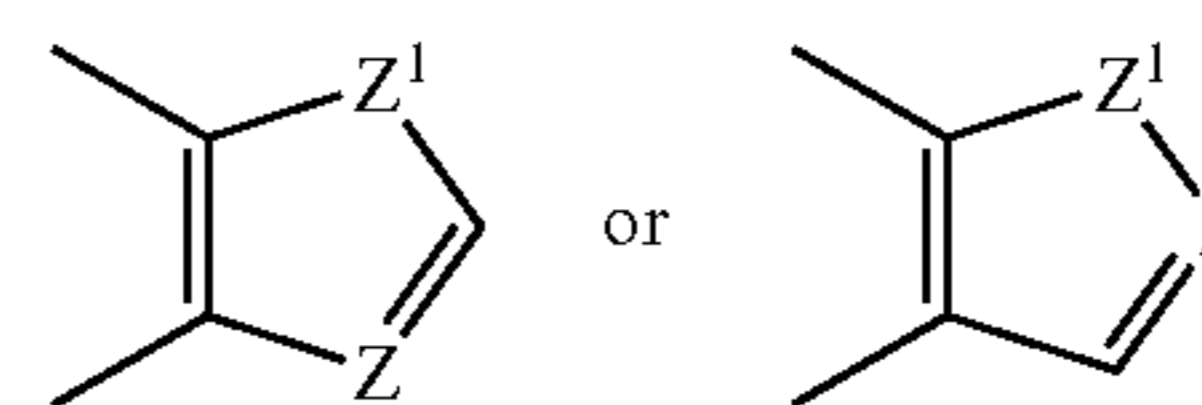
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrollyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and their optical isomers;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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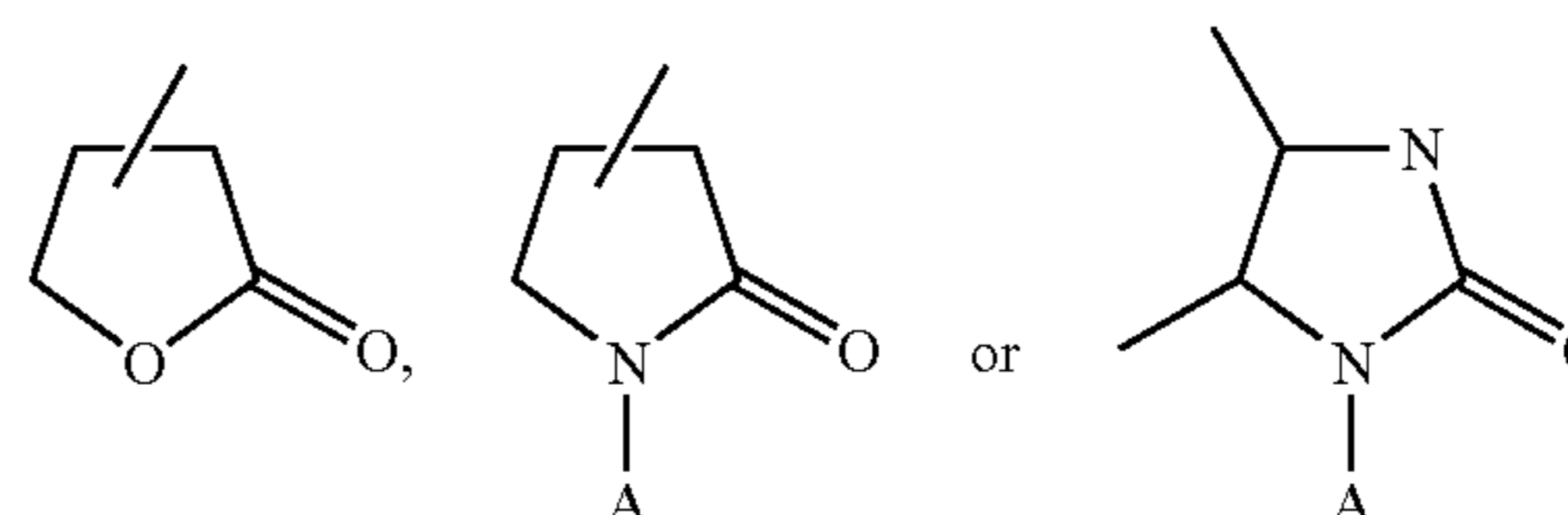
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z' = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



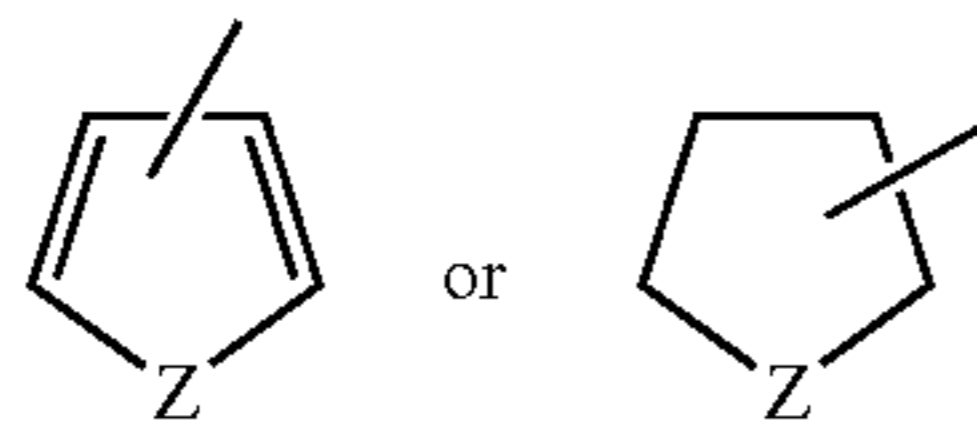
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy), halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as



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bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, a hetero-



Z = N, O, S or Se

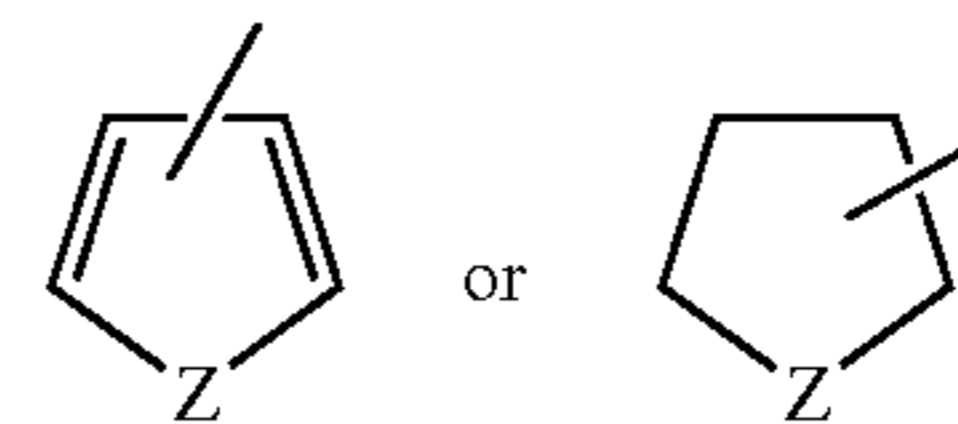
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl]; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl) amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); acyloxy or haloacyloxy group, selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl such as pentafluorobenzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 3-bromobenzoyl or 3,4-difluorobenzoyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl such as 4-toluoyl, 2-toluoyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)benzoyl or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle selected from a

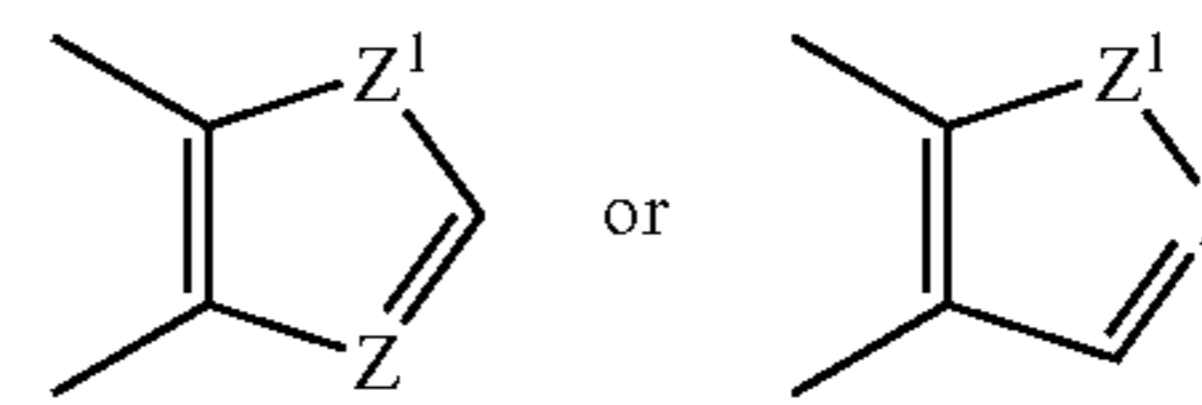
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five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



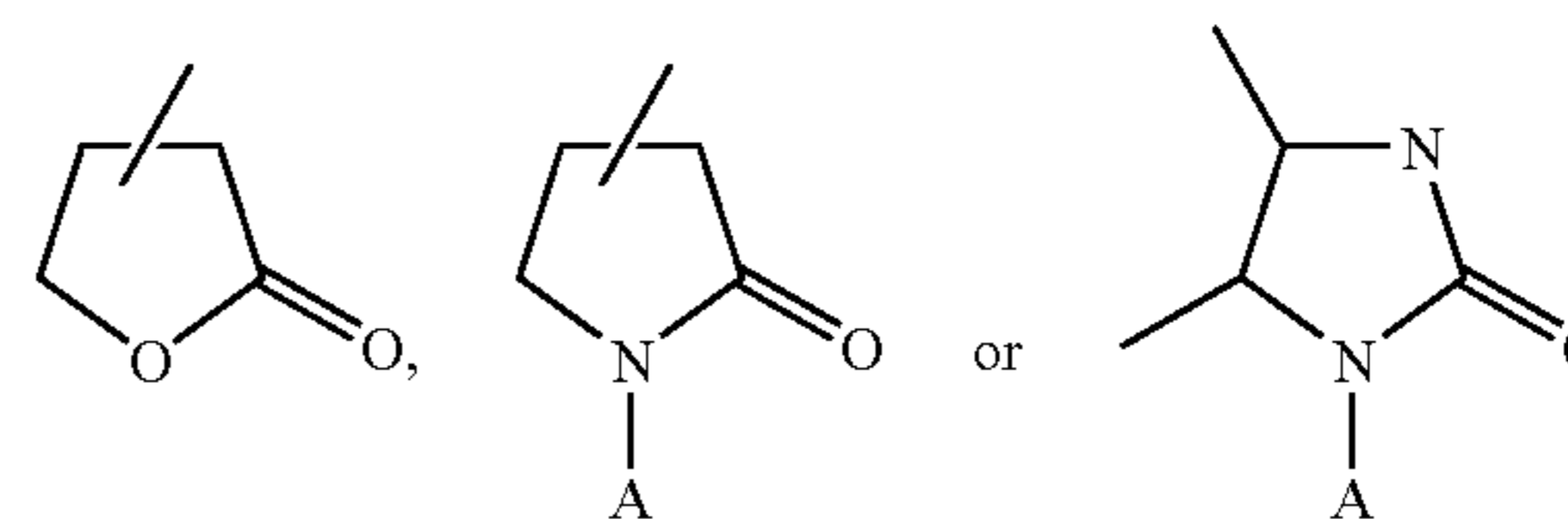
Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



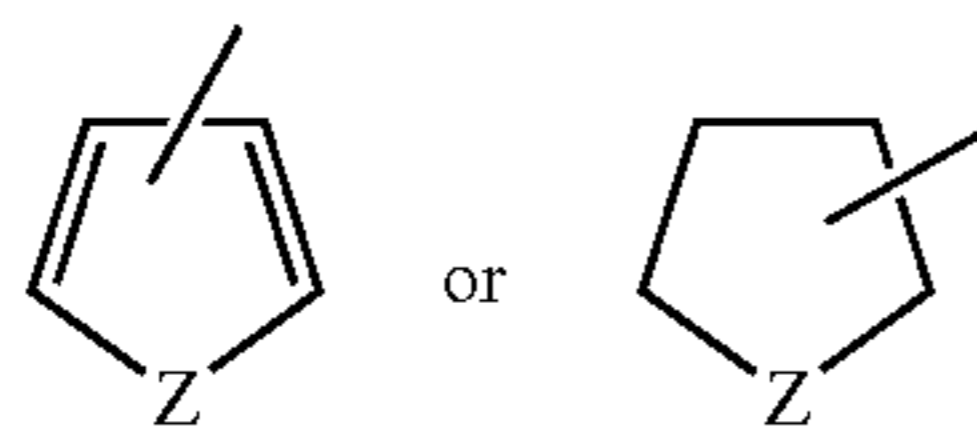
(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiormorpholinyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH,

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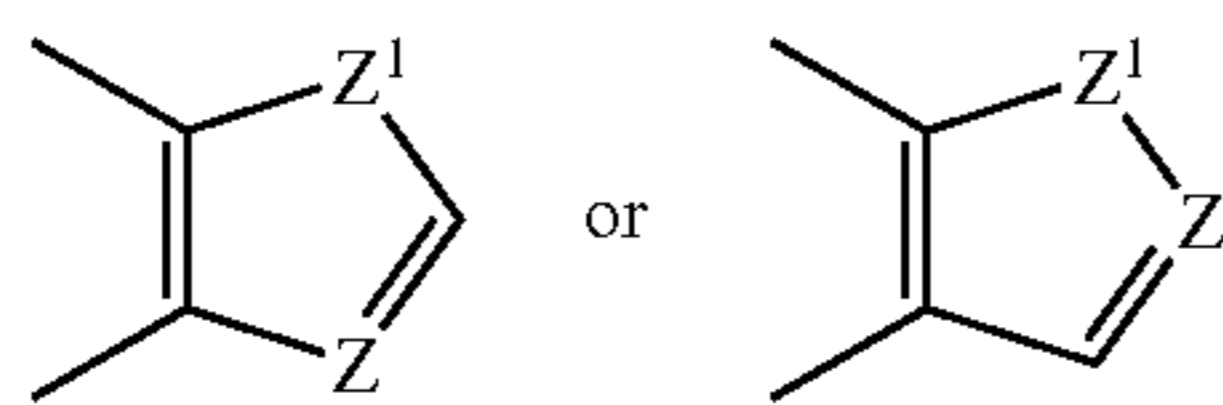
—NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; α-hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from hydroxymethyl, α-hydroxyethyl or α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl or α-hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoromethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from as straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

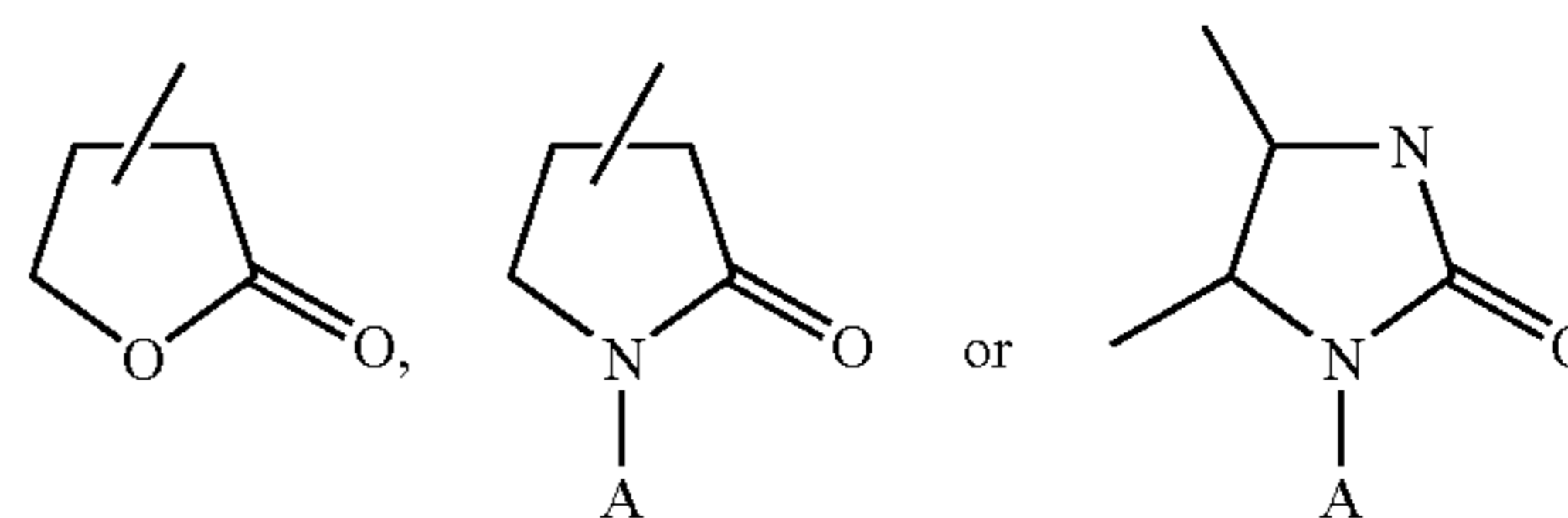
such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;

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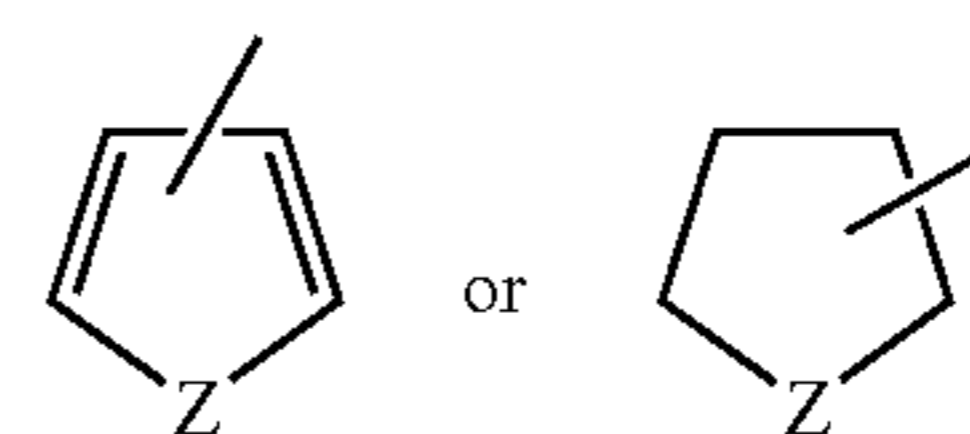


(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

such as γ-butyrolactam, γ-butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl or 2-dioxothiopholinyl;

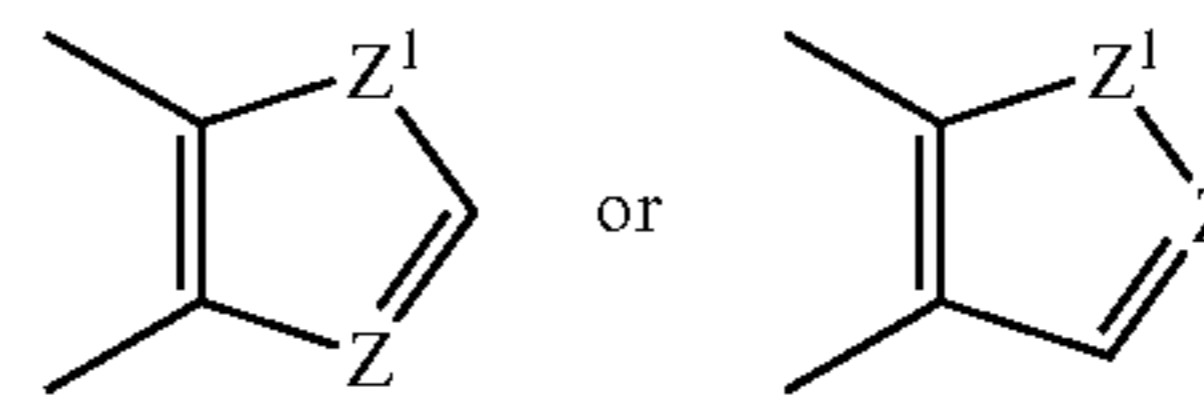
and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

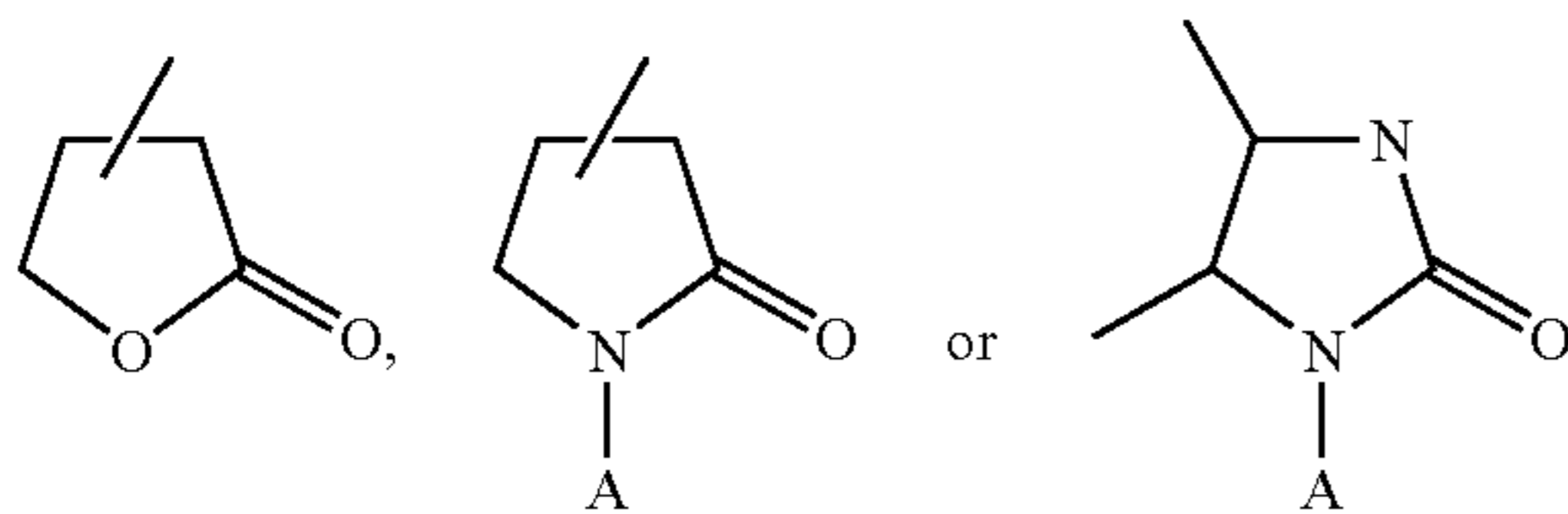


Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring

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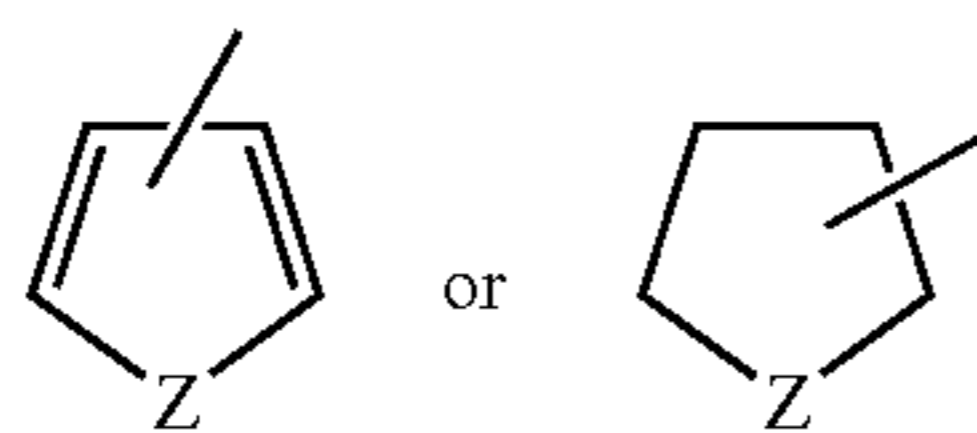
with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom;



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

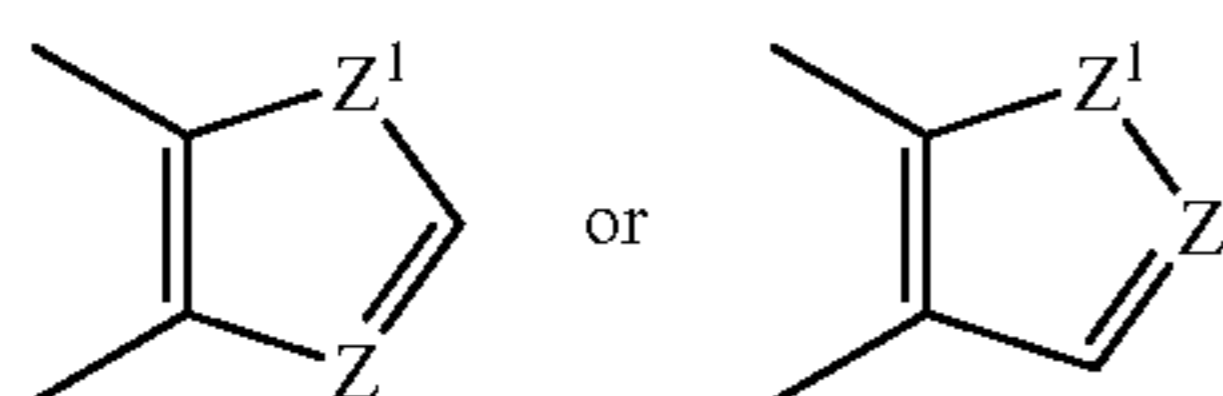
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group such as benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O, S or Se

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

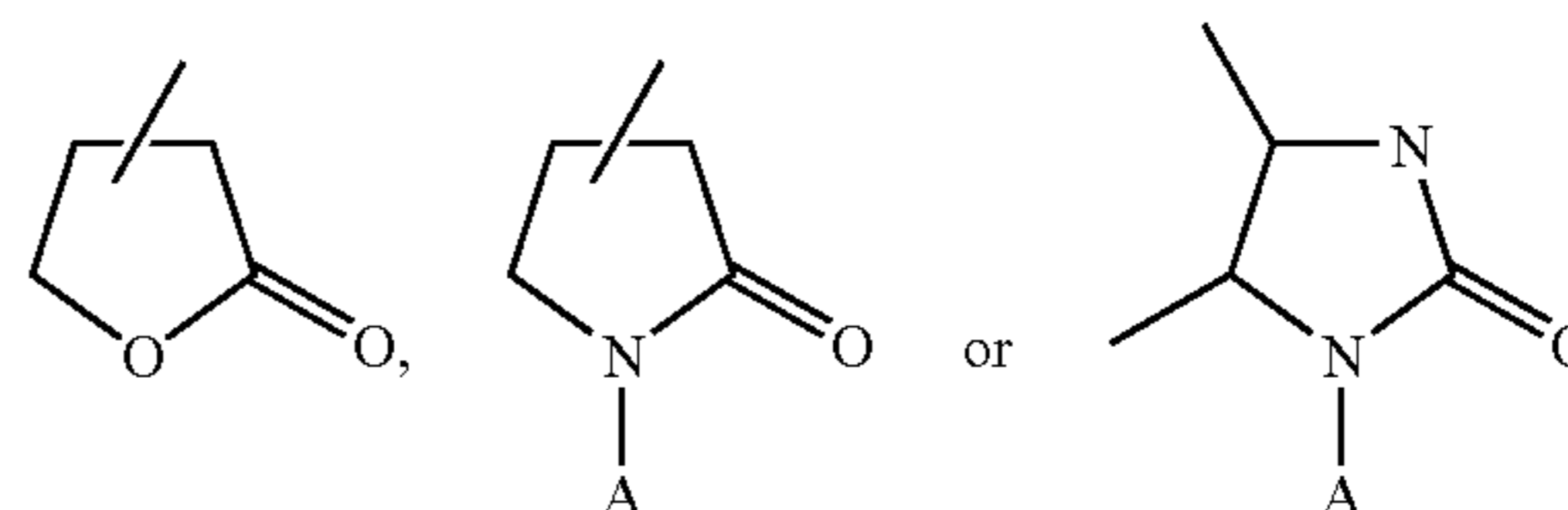


Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O, S or Se

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or

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pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended heteroatom;



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl; substituted C<sub>6</sub>-aryl (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl group selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl)

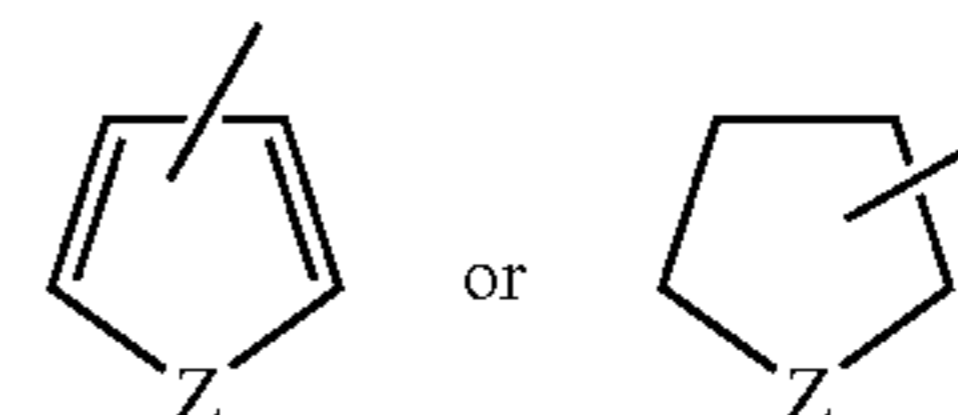
such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, or a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms such as pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, sym-triazinyl, unsym-triazinyl, pyrimidinyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthiopyridazinyl, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom such as 2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 4-cyclopropyl-2-dioxo-1-piperazinyl, 2-dioxomorpholinyl, 2-dioxothiomorpholinyl; or  $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{7'}$  where n=0-4 and R<sup>7'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$ , wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1,  $-NH-$ ,  $-N(C_1-C_3)alkyl$  [straight or branched],  $-N(C_1-C_4)alkoxy$ , oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

Compounds of special interest are compounds according to the above formula III and IV in which Y is NO<sub>2</sub>;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4'</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

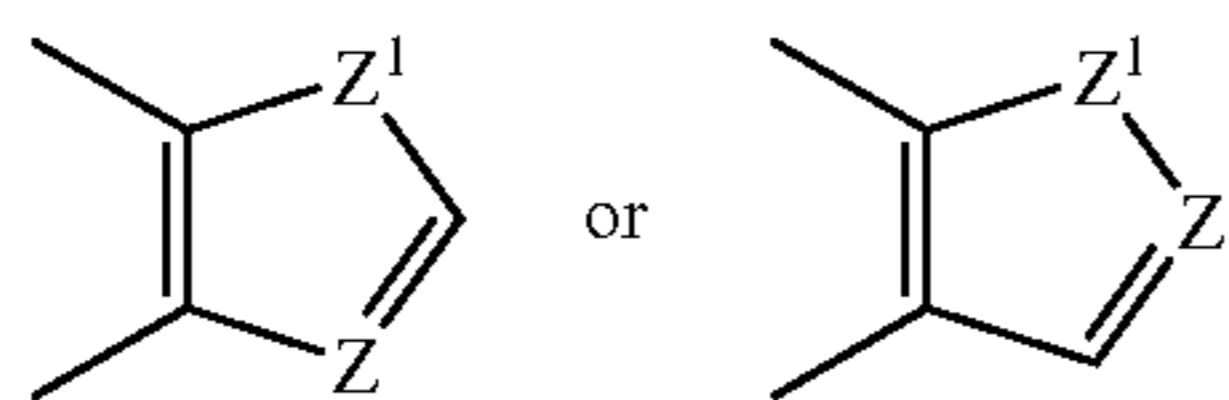
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, or S heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



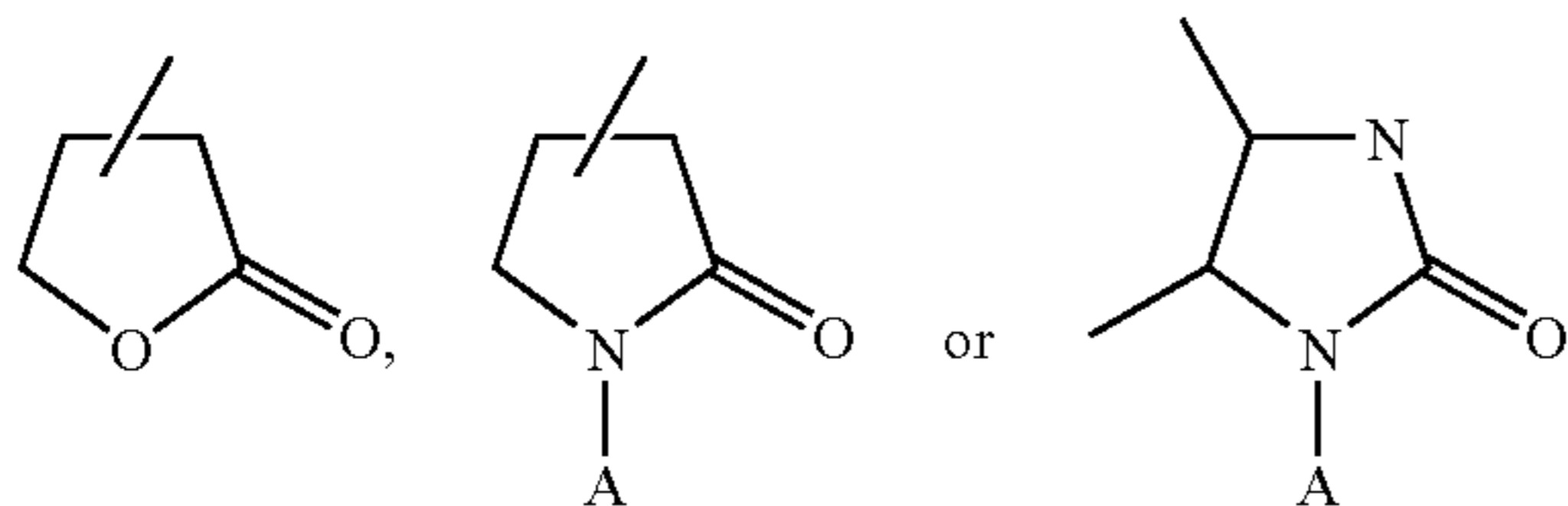
Z = N, O or S

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O or S heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

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Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O or S

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl, or a five membered saturated ring with one or two N, O or S heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom:



(A is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl; C<sub>6</sub>-aryl)

such as  $\gamma$ -butyrolactam,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, imidazolidinone or N-aminoimidazolidinone, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or substituted vinyl group [substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl), halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy group selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl); (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy group such as benzyloxy, 1-phenylethyloxy or 2-phenylethyloxy; vinyloxy or substituted vinyloxy group (substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl); R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=1-4,

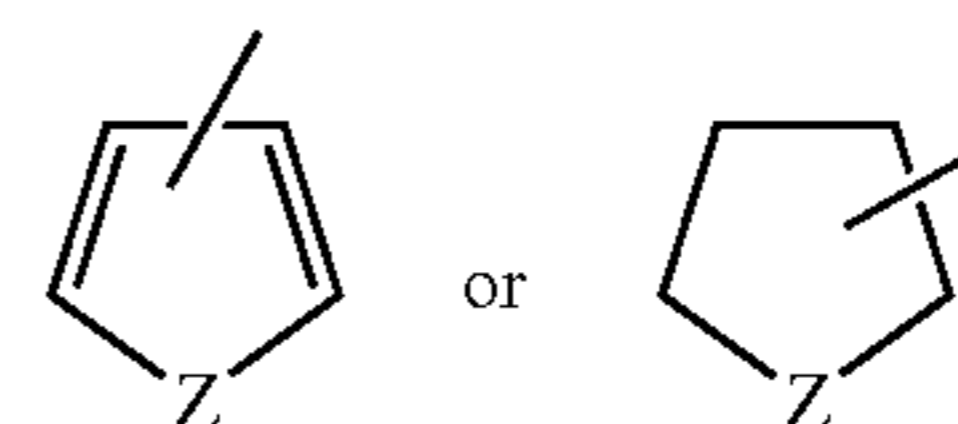
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl) amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, or 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl); (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, nitro, amino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl); acyloxy or

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haloacyloxy group selected from acetyl, propionyl or chloroacetyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group such as allyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, n-butoxy or tert-butoxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (3)alkyl], O or S; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], —NH, —NOB [B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl], O or S; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group such as bromomethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-bromoethyl or 2-iodoethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino;

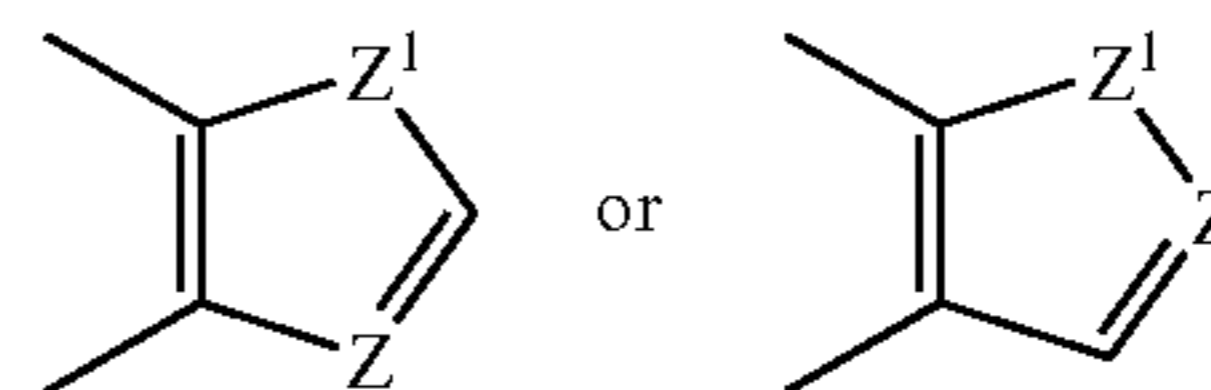
and when R=R<sup>4'</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group (substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl); a heterocycle group selected from a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O or S heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:



Z = N, O or S

such as pyrrolyl, N-methylindolyl, indolyl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or selenazolyl, or a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O or S heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto:

Z or Z<sup>1</sup> = N, O or S

such as imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, oxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, indazolyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 3-alkyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl or pyridylimidazolyl;

and when R=R<sup>4'</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl or ethyl; R<sup>5</sup> is

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selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl;

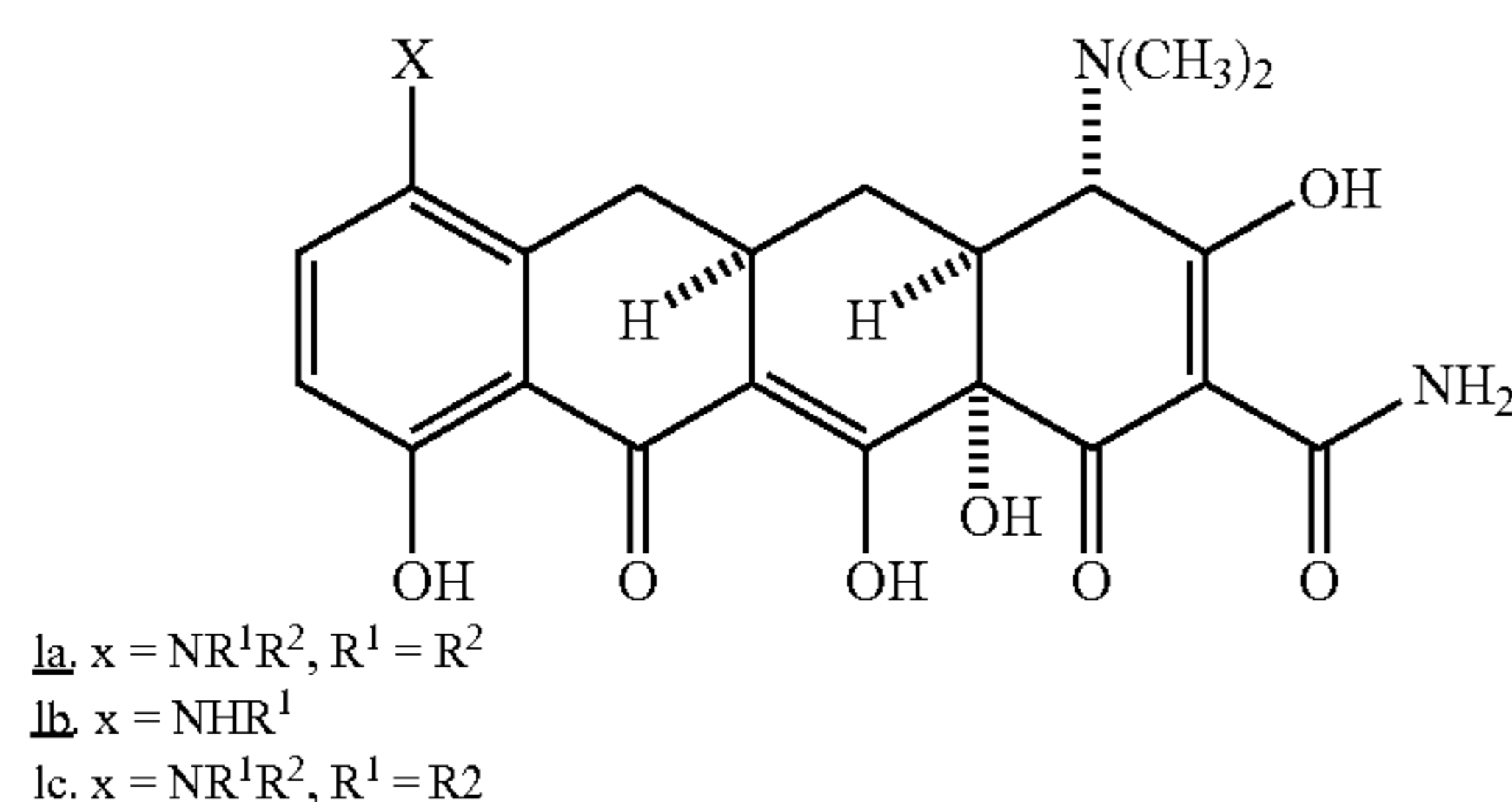
R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$ , wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> and n=0-1, -NH, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl [straight or branched], -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

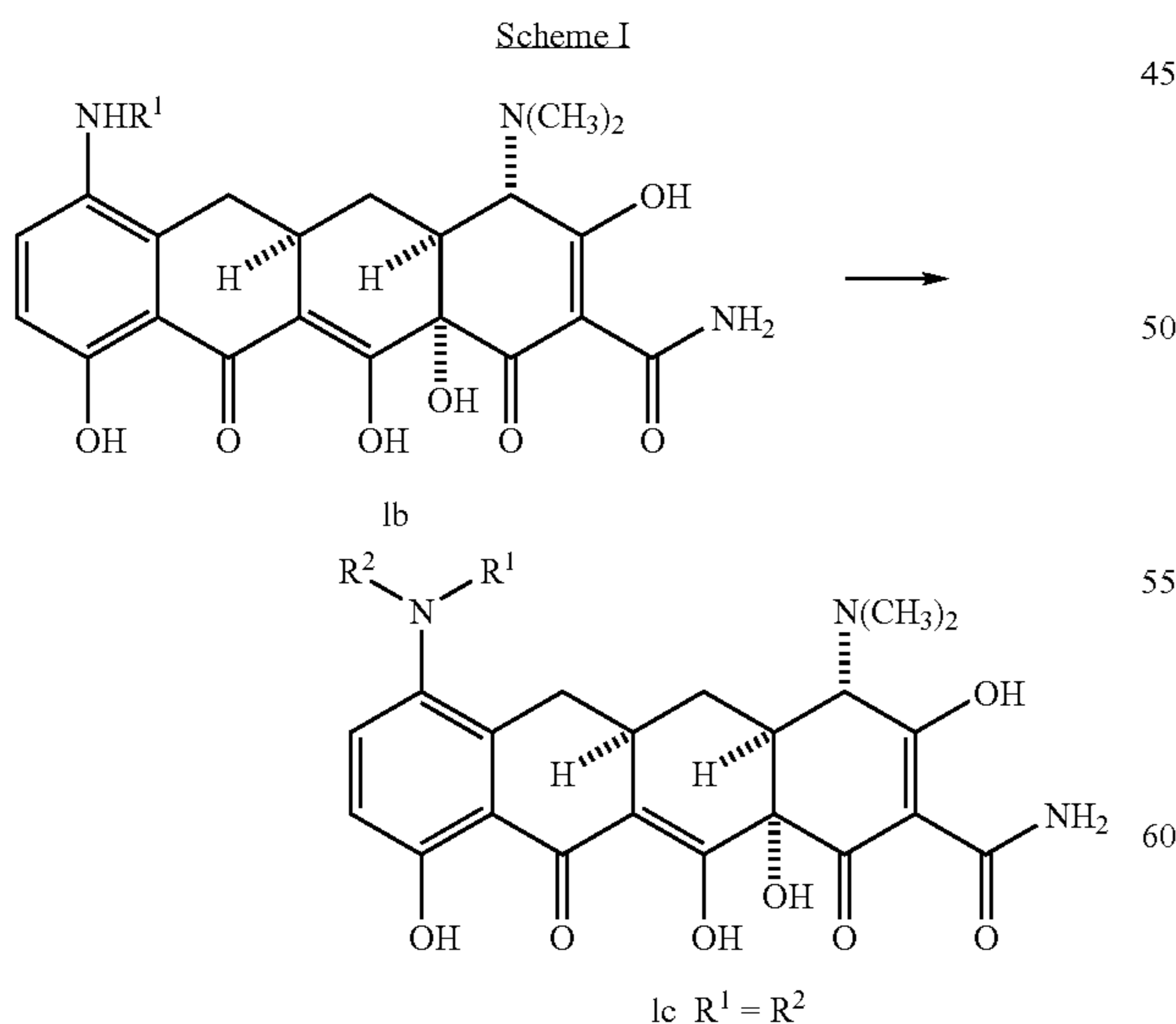
#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The novel compounds of the present invention may be readily prepared in accordance with the following schemes.

The starting 7-(substituted amino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracyclines described in formula 1, wherein X=NR<sup>1</sup>NR<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=R<sup>2</sup> (1a) and X=NHR<sup>1</sup> (1b) or the salts thereof are prepared by procedures known to those skilled in the art including those described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,226,436 and 3,518,306.



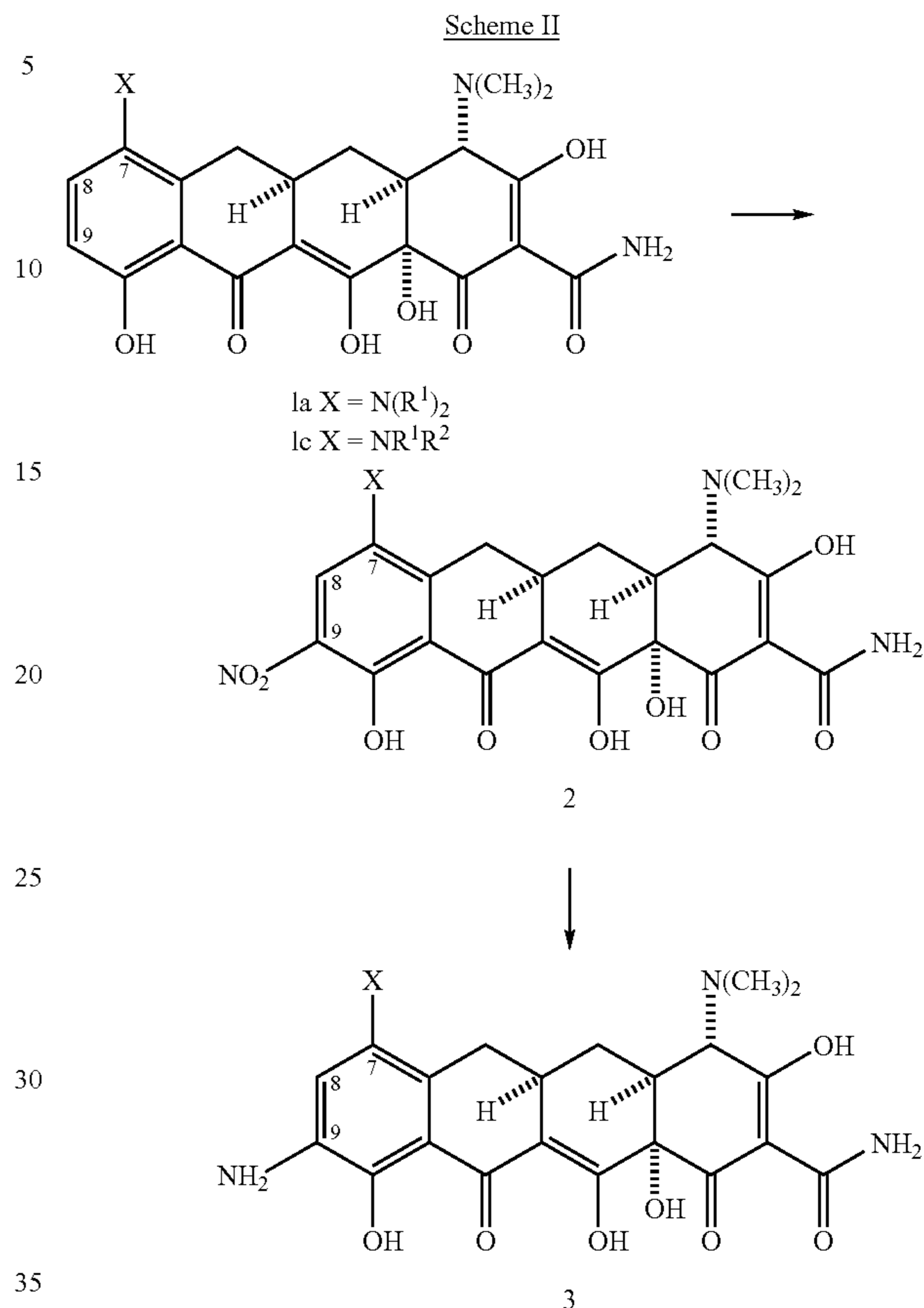
The starting 7-(substituted amino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracyclines described in formula 1 wherein X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=R<sup>2</sup> (1c) are prepared according to Scheme 1.



In accordance with Scheme 1, a 7-(monoalkylamino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 1b in which X=NHR<sup>1</sup>, is

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reductively alkylated with an aldehyde to give an unsymmetrical dialkylamino, 1c.



In accordance with Scheme II, a 7-(substituted amino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracycline or its salts, 1a or 1c, is treated with

- a metal nitrate salt; such as calcium, potassium or sodium; and a strong acid; such as sulfuric acid, trifluoroacetic acid, methanesulfonic acid or perchloric acid or
- nitric acid and a strong acid; such as sulfuric acid, trifluoroacetic acid, methanesulfonic acid or perchloric acid; to form the corresponding 7-(substituted amino)-9-nitro-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracycline 2.

To produce the 9-(amino)-7-(substituted amino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracyclines, 3, compound 2 or its salts is treated with hydrogen in an acidic alcohol solvent, in the presence of a suitable catalyst such as, for example:

- any supported catalyst; such as 0.5-23% palladium-on-carbon, 0.5-25% palladium-on-barium, 0.5-25% platinum-on-carbon or 0.5-25% rhodium-on-carbon;
- any reducible supported catalyst; such as Raney nickel or platinum oxide; or
- a homogeneous hydrogenation catalyst; such as tris (triphenylphosphine)rhodium (I) chloride; to obtain the 9-amino-7-(substituted amino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 3.

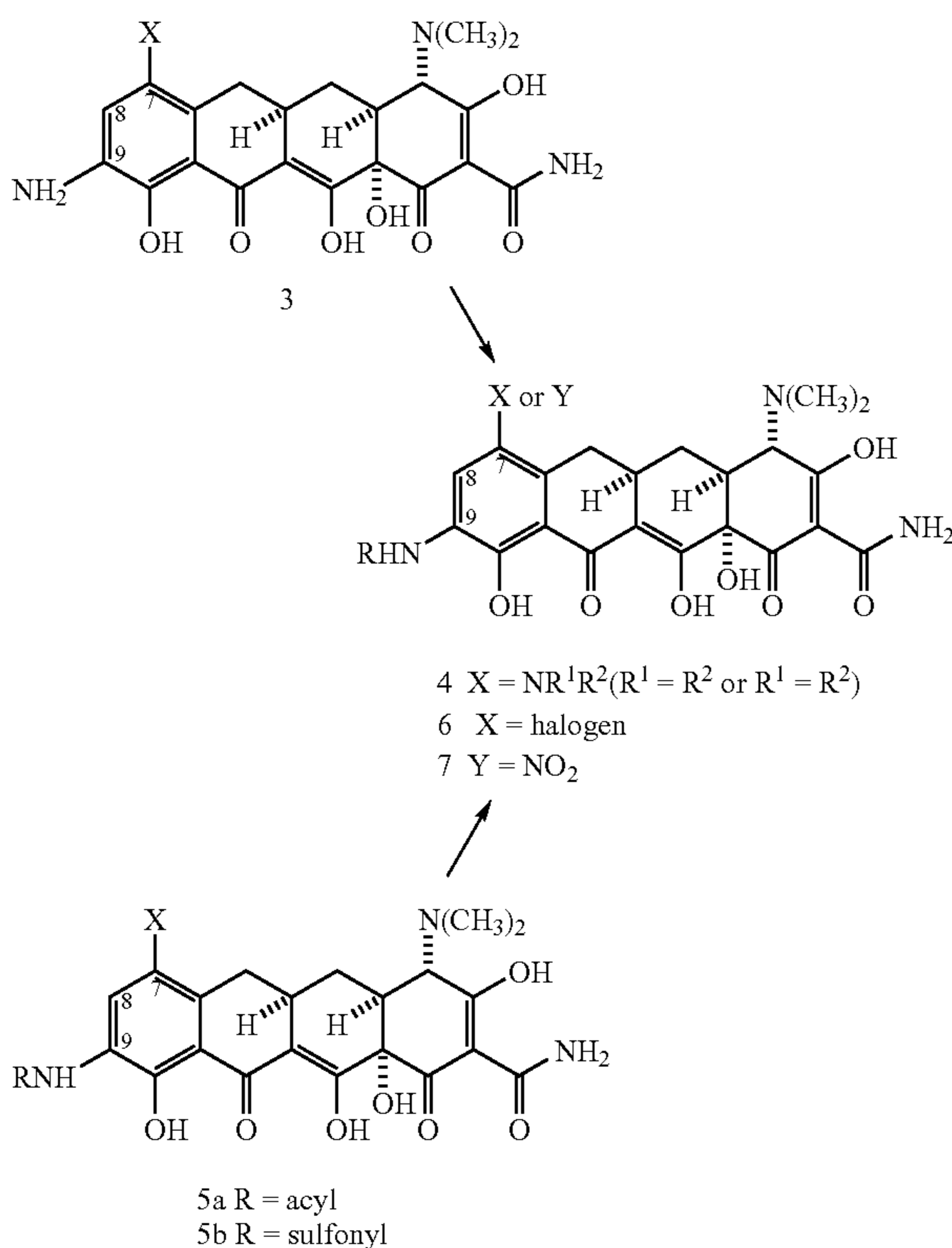
Alternatively, the 9-(amino)-7-(substituted amino)-6-de-methyl-6-deoxytetracyclines, 3, are obtained by treating with:

- stannous chloride dihydrate as described by R. B. Woodward, Org. Syn., Coll. Vol. 3, 453 (1955);

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- b) a soluble metal sulfide, preferably sodium sulfide, in alcoholic solvents as described by G. R. Robertson, *Org. Syn.*, Coll. Vol. 1, 52 (1941);
- c) an active metal in mineral acid; such as iron, tin or zinc in dilute hydrochloric acid;
- d) active metal couples; such as copper-zinc, tin-mercury or aluminum amalgam in dilute acid; or
- e) transfer hydrogenation using triethylammonium formate and a supported catalyst as described by I. D. Entwistle et al., *J. Chem. Soc.*, Perkin 1, 443 (1977).
- Preferably, the 9-(amino)-7-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracyclines, 3, are obtained as inorganic salts such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, phosphoric, nitric or sulfate.

SCHEME III



SCHEME III

In accordance with Scheme III, a 9-(amino)-7-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline or its salts, 3, is treated with an acyl chloride, acyl anhydride, mixed acyl anhydride, sulfonyl chloride or sulfonyl anhydride in the presence of a suitable acid scavenger in a variety of solvents to form the corresponding 9-(acyl or sulfonyl amino)-7-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 4. The acid scavenger is selected from sodium bicarbonate, sodium acetate, pyridine, triethylamine, N,O-bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide, N,O-bis(trimethylsilyl)trifluoroacetamide or a basic ion-exchange resin. The solvents are selected from water-tetrahydrofuran, N-methylpyrrolidone, 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidone, hexamethylphosphoramide, 1,3-dimethyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2(1H)-pyrimidinone or 1,2-dimethoxyethane.

Alternatively, in accordance with Scheme III, a 9-(acylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 5a, prepared by the procedures described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,239,

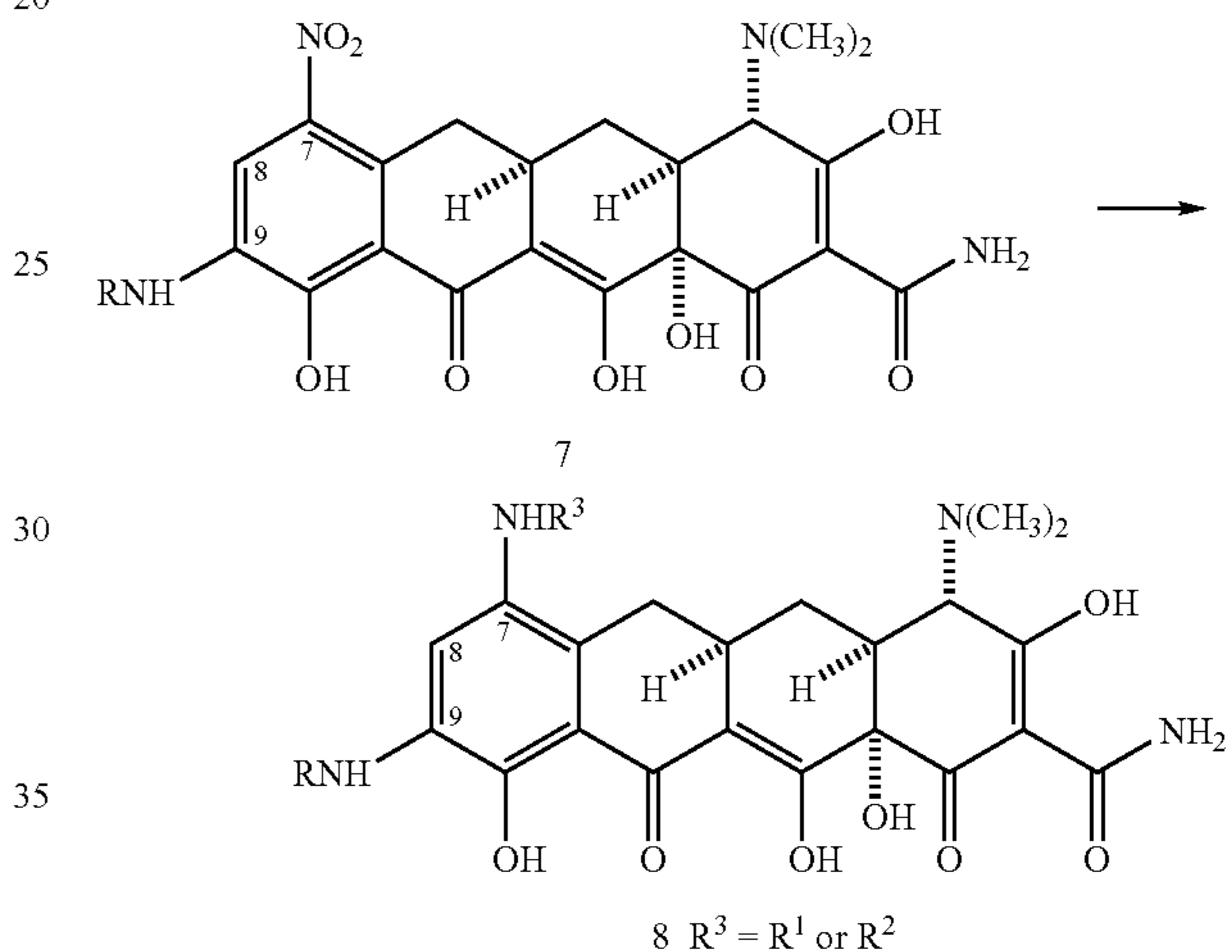
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499, or a 9-(sulfonylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 5b, prepared by the procedures described in this invention, is treated with a halogenation agent such a bromine, N-bromoacetamide, N-bromosuccinimide, iodine monochloride, benzyltrimethylammonium chloride iodine monochloride complex or N-iodosuccinimide to give the corresponding 9-(acyl or sulfonylamino)-7-halo-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 6.

Similarly, compound 5a or 5b can be treated with:

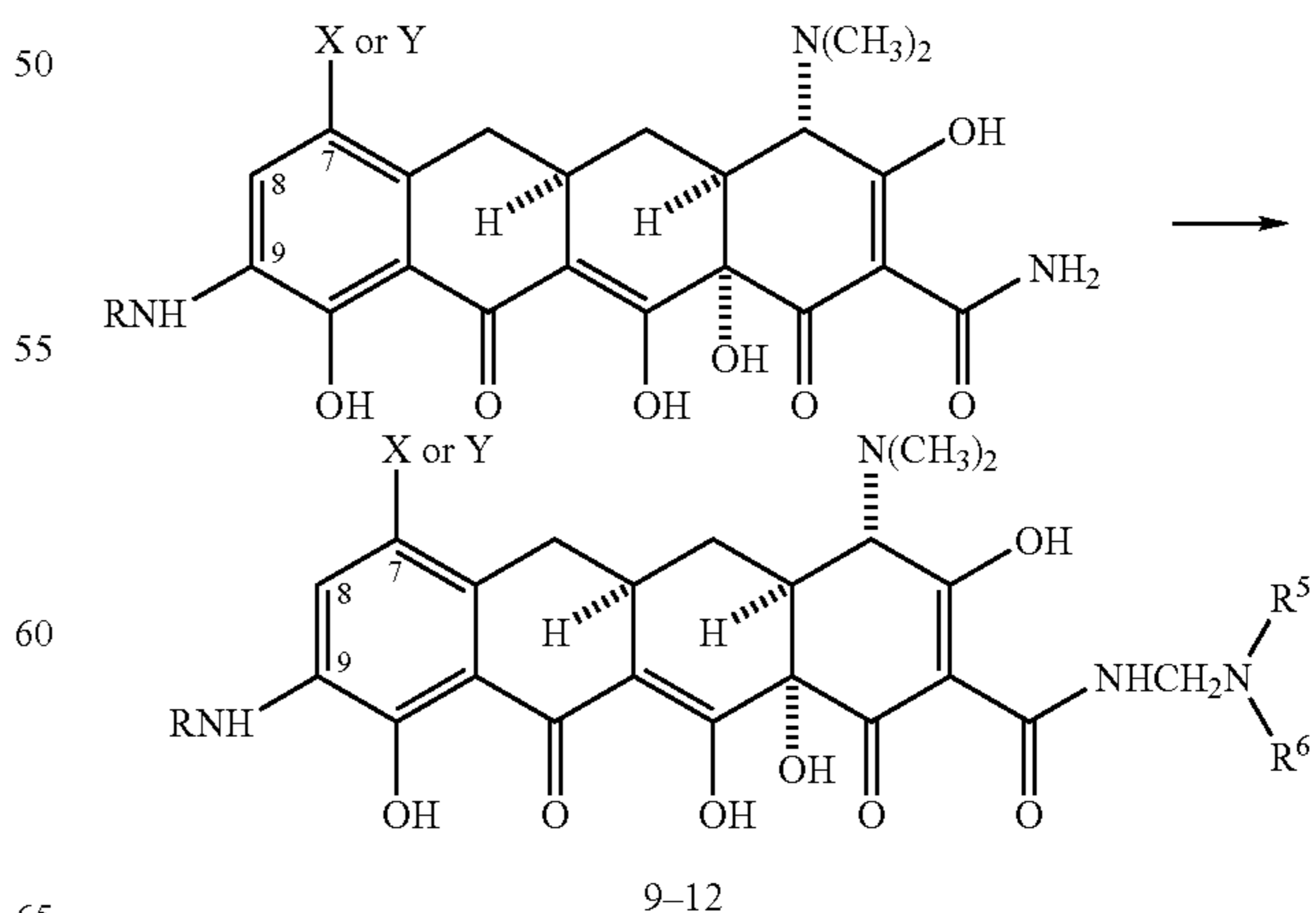
- a) a metal nitrate such as calcium, potassium or sodium; and a strong acid such as sulfuric, trifluoroacetic, methanesulfonic acid or trifluoromethanesulfonic; or
- b) nitric acid and a strong acid such as sulfuric, trifluoroacetic, methanesulfonic, trifluoromethanesulfonic or perchloric acid to give the corresponding 9-(acyl or sulfonyl amino)-7-nitro-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 7.

SCHEME IV



In accordance with Scheme IV, 9-(acyl or sulfonyl amino)-7-nitro-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 7, is selectively N-alkylated with aldehydes or ketones in the presence of acid and hydrogen to the corresponding 7,9-di(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 8, by methodology known to those skilled in the art (U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,226,436 and 3,518,306).

SCHEME V



4  $X=NR^1R^2(R^1=R^2 \text{ or } R^1 \neq R^2)$

6  $X=\text{halogen}$

7  $Y=NO_2$

8  $X=NHR^3(R^3=R^1 \text{ or } R^2)$

In accordance with Scheme V, Compounds 4,6,7 or 8 are selectively N-alkylated in the presence of formaldehyde and either a primary amine such as methylamine, ethylamine, benzylamine, methyl glycinate, (L or D)lysine, (L or D)alanine or their substituted congeners; or a secondary amine such morpholine, pyrrolidine, piperidine or their substituted congeners to give the corresponding Mannich base adduct, 9,10,11 or 12, or the desired intermediate or of the biologically active 7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracyclines. Contemplated equivalents include those substituted morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine moieties wherein the substituents are chosen to provide the requisite increase in solubility without adversely affecting antibacterial activity.

The 7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracyclines may be obtained as metal complexes such as aluminum, calcium, iron, magnesium, manganese and complex salts; inorganic and organic salts and corresponding Mannich base adducts using methods known to those skilled in the art (Richard C. Larock, Comprehensive Organic Transformations, VCH Publishers, 411-415, 1989). Preferably, the 7-(substituted)-9-(substituted amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracyclines are obtained as inorganic salts such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, phosphoric, nitric or sulfate; or organic salts such as acetate, benzoate, citrate, cysteine or other amino acids, fumarate, glycolate, maleate, succinate, tartrate alkylsulfonate or aryl-sulfonate. In all cases, the salt formation occurs with the C(4)-dimethylamino group. The salts are preferred for oral and parenteral administration.

#### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Methods for in Vitro antibacterial evaluation (Tables I-V)

The minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC), the lowest concentration of the antibiotic which inhibits growth of the test organism, is determined by the agar dilution method using 0.1 ml Muller-Hinton II agar (Baltimore Biological Laboratories) per well. An inoculum level of  $1-5 \times 10^5$  CFU/ml, and a range of antibiotic concentrations (32-0.004  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) is used. MIC is determined after the plates are incubated for 18 hours at  $35^\circ \text{C}$ . in a forced air incubator. The test organisms comprise genetically defined strains that are sensitive to tetracycline and resistant strains that are insensitive to tetracycline, either by preventing the antibiotic from interacting with bacterial ribosomes (tetM) or by a tetK encoded membrane protein which confers tetracycline resistance by energy-dependent efflux of the antibiotic from the cell.

*E. coli* in Vitro Protein translation System (Table VI)

An in vitro, cell free, protein translation system using extracts from *E. coli* strain MRE 600 (tetracycline-sensitive) and a derivative of MRE 600 containing the tetM determinant has been developed based on literature methods. [J. M. Prutt, Coupled Transcription-translation in Prokaryotic Cell-free Systems, Transcription and Translation, a Practical Approach, (B. D. Hames and S. J. Higgins, eds.) p. 179-209, IRL Press, Oxford-Washington, 1984]

The antibiotics are added to exponentially growing cultures of tetracycline-susceptible *E. coli* at growth inhibitory concentrations. After 30 minutes, excess antibiotic is removed from the bacteria by centrifugation and the organism is resuspended in fresh growth medium. The ability of bacteria to resume growth is monitored. Washing of inhib-

ited cells alleviates growth inhibition due to chlortetracycline, but not that caused by polymyxin. This reflects the different binding characteristics of the drugs. Chlortetracycline binds reversibly to bacterial ribosomes, while polymyxin remains tightly associated with its target, the cytoplasmic membrane, and continues to prevent bacterial growth even when excess antibiotic is removed.

In Vivo Antibacterial Evaluation (Table VII)

The therapeutic effects of tetracyclines are determined against acute lethal infections with various staphylococcal and *E. coli* strains. Female mice, strain CD-1 (Charles River Laboratories),  $20 \pm 2$  grams, are challenged by an intraperitoneal injection of sufficient bacteria (suspended in broth or hog mucin) to kill non-treated controls within 24-48 hours. Antibacterial agents, contained in 0.5 ml of 0.2% aqueous agar, are administered subcutaneously or orally 30 minutes after infection. When an oral dosing schedule is used, animals are deprived of food for 5 hours before and 2 hours after infection. Five mice are treated at each dose level. The 7 day survival ratios from 3 separate tests are pooled for calculation of median effective dose ( $ED_{50}$ ).

*E. coli* in Vitro Protein Translation System (Table VIII)

An in vitro, cell free, protein translation system using extracts from *E. coli* strain MRE600 (tetracycline sensitive) and a derivative of MRE600 containing the tetM determinant has been developed based on literature methods [J. M. Pratt, Coupled Transcription-translation in Prokaryotic Cell-free Systems, Transcription and Translation, a Practical Approach, (B. D. Hames and S. J. Higgins, eds) p. 179-209, IRL Press, Oxford-Washington, 1984].

Using the systems described above, the novel tetracycline compounds of the present invention are tested for their ability to inhibit protein synthesis in vitro. Briefly, each 10  $\mu\text{l}$  reaction contains S30 extract (a whole extract) made from either tetracycline sensitive cells or an isogenic tetracycline resistant (tetM) strain, low molecular weight components necessary for transcription and translation (i.e. ATP and GTP), a mix of 19 amino acids (no methionine),  $^{35}\text{S}$  labeled methionine, DNA template (either pBR322 or pUC119), and either DMSO (control) or the novel tetracycline compound to be tested ("Novel Tc") dissolved in DMSO.

The reactions are incubated for 20 minutes at  $37^\circ \text{C}$ . Timing is initiated with the addition of the S30 extract, the last component to be added. After 30 minutes, 2.5  $\mu\text{l}$  of the reaction is removed and mixed with 0.5 ml of 1N NaOH to destroy RNA and tRNA. Two ml of 25% trichloroacetic acid is added and the mixture incubated at room temperature for 15 minutes. The trichloroacetic acid precipitated material is collected on Whatman GF/C filters and washed with a solution of 10% trichloroacetic acid. The filters are dried and the retained radioactivity, representing incorporation of  $^{35}\text{S}$ -methionine into polypeptides, is counted using standard liquid scintillation methods.

The percent inhibition (P.I.) of protein synthesis is determined to be:

P.I. =

$$100 - \left[ \frac{\text{Retained radioactivity of Novel TC containing sample}}{\text{Retained radioactivity of the DMSO control reaction}} \right] \times 100$$

#### Testing Results

The claimed compounds exhibit antibacterial activity against a spectrum of tetracycline sensitive and resistant Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria, especially, strains of *E. coli*, *S. aureus* and *E. faecalis*, containing the tetM resistance determinants (Table I). Notable is

7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, as shown in Tables I and IV, which has good in vitro activity against tetracycline resistant strains containing the tetM resistance determinant (such as *S. aureus* UBMS 88-5, *S. aureus* UBMS 90-1 and 90-2, *E. coli* UBMS 89-1 and 90-4) and is equally as effective as minocycline against susceptible strains.

7-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline demonstrates effective activity against minocycline susceptible strains including a variety of recently isolated bacteria from clinical sources (Table V). With the exception of some *Proteus* spp., 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline's activity is superior to that of minocycline against other isolates.

Protein synthesis, directed by cell-free extracts from the tetracycline susceptible strain MRE-600, are inhibited by tetracycline, minocycline and the 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline of this invention (Table 6). Protein synthesis, directed by cell-free extracts from strain MRE 600 (tetM), is resistant to tetracycline and minocycline, since 50% inhibition of protein synthesis required addition of approximately 5-fold more antibiotic than in extracts prepared from strain MRE 600 (Table VI). However, in contrast, 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline effectively inhibited protein synthesis in extracts prepared from either MRE 600 or MRE 600 (tetM) (Table VI). The evidence presented indicates that 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxy-tetracycline is an inhibitor of protein synthesis at the ribosome level. The ability of 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline to inhibit bacterial growth almost certainly reflects directed inhibition of bacterial synthesis. If so, then it is expected, like other tetracyclines, to exhibit a bacteriostatic effect against susceptible bacteria.

7-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline binds reversibly to its target (the ribosome) since bacterial growth resumed when the compound was removed from the cultures by washing of the organism. Therefore, the ability of 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline to inhibit bacterial growth appears to be a direct consequence of its ability to inhibit protein synthesis at the ribosome level.

The enhanced activity (Table VII) of 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline against tetracycline susceptible and resistant organisms (tetM) is also demonstrated in vivo in animals infected with *S. aureus* UBMS 90-1 and 90-2. The ED<sub>50</sub>'s (Table VII) obtained for 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline are lower than those of minocycline.

The improved efficacy of 7-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline is demonstrated by the in-vitro activity against isogenic strains into which the resistance determinants, such as tetM, were cloned (Tables I-IV); the inhibition of protein synthesis by tetM ribosomes (Table VI); and the in vivo activity against experimental infections caused by strains resistant to the tetracyclines, due to the presence of resistance determinants, such as tetM (Table VII).

As can be seen from Tables I-V, compounds of the invention may be used to prevent or control important veterinary diseases such as mastitis, diarrhea, urinary tract infections, skin infections, ear infections, wound infections and the like.

## LEGEND FOR COMPOUNDS

LETTER	NAME
A	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
B	9-(Acetylamino)-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
C	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
D	7-(Diethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline disulfate
E	9-(Acetylamino)-7-(diethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline disulfate
F	9-(Acetylamino)-7-(diethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
G	9-(Formylamino)-7-iodo-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate
H	9-(Acetylamino)-7-iodo-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate
I	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-((trifluoroacetyl)amino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate
J	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-((phenylmethoxy)acetyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
K	9-[[Acetyloxy]acetyl]amino)-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
L	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(hydroxyacetyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
M	9-[(Aminoacetyl)amino]-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline mono(trifluoroacetate)
N	[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-C(9-(Aminocarbonyl)-7-(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenyl]amino]-oxoacetic acid ethyl ester
O	7-(Dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline hydrochloride (minocycline hydrochloride)
P	9-(Benzoylamino)-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
Q	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(4-methoxybenzoyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
R	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(2-methylbenzoyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
S	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(2-fluorobenzoyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
T	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(pentafluorobenzoyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
U	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
V	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(4-nitrobenzoyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
W	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[4-(dimethylamino)benzoyl]amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
X	9-[(4-Aminobenzoyl)amino]-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate
Y	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(2-furanylcarbonyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
Z	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(2-thienylcarbonyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
AA	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[4-(nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
BB	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(3-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
CC	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
DD	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(2-thienylsulfonyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
EE	9-[[4-Chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
FF	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
GG	9-[[[(2-Acetylamino)-4-methyl-5-thiazolyl]sulfonyl]amino]-7-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline
HH	[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenyl]carbamate methyl ester
II	7-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[dimethylamino]acetyl]amino]-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate



-continued

LEGEND FOR COMPOUNDS	
LETTER	NAME
TC	Tetracycline hydrochloride
JJ	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,- 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide disulfate
KK	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,- 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-di- oxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
LL	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,- 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide
MM	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1, 4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetra- hydroxy-9-[[methylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
NN	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octa- hydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naph- thaceny]-4-morpholineacetamide dihydrochloride
OO	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- CC(ethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a- octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
PP	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[butylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a- octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2- naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
QQ	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[[Cyclopropylamino)acet- yl]amino]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,- 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
RR	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[(Diethylamino)acetyl]- amino]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,- 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
SS	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro- 1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]- 1-pyrrolidineacetamide dihydrochloride
TT	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4, 4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahy- droxy-9-[[[(2-methylpropyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-1,11- dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
UU	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octa- hydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphtha- ceny]-1-piperidineacetamide dihydrochloride
VV	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octa- hydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naph- thaceny]-1H-imidazole-1-acetamide dihydrochloride
WW	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4, 4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy- 1,11-dioxo-9-[[propylamino)acetyl]amino]-2- naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
XX	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[2-(dimethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5, 5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1, 11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
YY	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4, 4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahy- droxy-9-[[2-(methylamino)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-1,11- dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
ZZ	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[4-(dimethylamino)-1-oxobutyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5, 5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1, 11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride

-continued

LEGEND FOR COMPOUNDS	
LETTER	NAME
AAA	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahy- dro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naph- thaceny]-alpha-methyl-1-pyrrolidineacetamide dihydrochloride
BBB	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[hexylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a- octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2- naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
CCC	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[[Butylmethylamino)- acetyl]amino]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a, 6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10-12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11- dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
DDD	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4 4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10-12,12a-tetrahy- droxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[pentylamino)acetyl]amino]-2- naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
EEE	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4, 4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahy- droxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[[phenylmethyl]amino]acetyl]- amino]-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
FFF	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11, 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- N-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-2-naphthacene-carboxamide
GGG	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [[[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11, 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- N-(4-morpholinylmethyl)-2-naphthacene-carboxamide
HHH	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9- [(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11, 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- N-(1-piperidinylmethyl)-2-naphthacene-carboxamide
III	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[(Bromoacetyl)amino]-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahy- dro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naph- thacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride
JJJ	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[(2-Bromo-1-oxopropyl)- amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11, 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide hydrobromide
KKK	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[2-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahy- dro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphtha- ceny]amino]-2-oxoethyl]glycine
LLL	(7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7- bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahy- dro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphtha- ceny]-1-azetidineacetamide
MMM	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-g-[[Cyclobutylamino)acet- yl]amino]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11, 12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo- 2-naphthacene-carboxamide

TABLE I

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY OF 9-(ACYLAMINO)-7-(SUBSTITUTED)-6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES									
ORGANISM	MIC ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) COMPOUND								
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 (tetM)	0.06	0.12	0.12	0.25	4	0.5	1	1	16
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4 (Sensitive)	0.015	$\leq 0.06$	0.03	0.12	0.5	0.25	<0.015	0.25	8
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 (tetM)	0.06	ND	0.5	0.5	8	2	4	1	16
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 (tetM)	0.03	ND	0.12	0.12	2	0.5	0.5	0.5	16
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3 (Sensitive)	$\leq 0.015$	ND	0.03	0.06	0.5	0.12	0.03	0.12	4
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 (tetK)	2	4	0.25	2	4	2	16	16	16
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943 (meth. resistant)	4	64	1	4	8	2	32	32	ND
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983 (meth. resistant)	8	ND	1	4	16	4	32	32	32
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213 (Sensitive)	$\leq 0.015$	0.12	$\leq 0.015$	$\leq 0.015$	$\leq 0.015$	$\leq 0.015$	ND	0.22	1
<i>S. aureus</i> Smith (Sensitive)	$\leq 0.015$	0.12	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.12	0.03	0.12	8
<i>S. haemolyticus</i> AVAH 88-3	0.03	ND	0.12	ND	8	2	0.06	2	0.5
<i>E. faecalis</i> 12201	0.12	0.5	0.5	1	16	4	16	2	16
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	$\leq 0.015$	0.12	0.06	0.12	2.0	0.25	0.25	0.25	8
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 (tetB)	32	>128	16	>32	>32	>32	>32	>128	>32
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-2 (Sensitive)	0.12	2	0.25	0.5	>32	32	1	>128	32
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 (tetM)	0.12	ND	1	ND	32	4	1	128	32
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 (Sensitive)	0.12	ND	0.5	0.5	>32	32	1	16	32
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	0.06	2	0.25	0.5	32	4	0.5	16	32

ORGGANISM	MIC ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) COMPOUND								
	J	K	L	M	N	O	HH	II	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 (tetM)	4	0.25	4	1	32	2	0.25	0.12	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4 (Sensitive)	2	0.12	4	1	2	$\leq 0.015$	0.03	0.06	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 (tetM)	4	0.25	8	2	>32	4	1	0.25	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 (tetM)	2	0.06	2	0.5	32	2	0.25	0.06	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3 (Sensitive)	0.5	0.03	1	0.5	1	$\leq 0.015$	0.03	0.06	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 (tetK)	2	32	>32	>32	8	0.06	0.5	0.06	
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943 (meth. resistant)	4	32	>32	>32	32	1	2	1	
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983 (meth. resistant)	4	32	>32	>32	>32	1	2	1	
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213 (Sensitive)	0.06	$\leq 0.015$	0.5	0.5	0.25	$\leq 0.015$	$\leq 0.015$	0.03	
<i>S. aureus</i> Smith (Sensitive)	0.5	$\leq 0.015$	0.5	1	2	$\leq 0.015$	0.03	0.12	
<i>S. haemolyticus</i> AVAH 88-3	4	0.5	16	1	4	0.03	0.25	0.25	
<i>E. faecalis</i> 12201	2	0.25	4	0.25	32	4	2	0.12	
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	4	0.06	2	0.25	32	0.5	0.25	0.03	
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 (tetB)	>32	16	>32	2	>32	8	16	0.25	
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-2 (Sensitive)	>32	4	>32	2	>32	0.5	ND	ND	
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 (tetM)	>32	1	>32	2	>32	16	4	0.12	
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 (Sensitive)	>32	8	>32	2	>32	0.5	4	0.25	
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	32	4	32	2	32	0.25	2	0.12	

TABLE II

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY OF 9-(AROYLAMINO) AND 9-(HETEROYLAMINO)-7-(SUBSTITUTED)-6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES												
ORGANISM	MIC ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) COMPOUND											
	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	O
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 (tetM)	4	8	4	2	4	1	2	32	8	16	8	2
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4 (Sensitive)	4	8	2	2	4	0.5	2	8	1	4	8	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 (tetM)	4	8	8	4	4	1	2	16	16	32	4	4
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 (tetM)	4	8	2	1	2	1	1	8	8	8	4	2
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3 (Sensitive)	1	4	1	1	2	0.5	0.5	8	1	2	2	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 (tetK)	8	16	4	8	4	1	4	16	8	>32	32	0.06
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943 (meth. resistant)	16	8	4	8	4	1	4	8	>32	>32	32	4
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983 (meth. resistant)	8	16	8	4	4	1	8	8	>32	>32	32	4
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213 (Sensitive)	0.25	1	0.12	0.5	1	0.5	0.25	2	0.5	0.5	0.5	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. aureus</i> Smith (Sensitive)	1	4	1	1	4	1	0.5	4	1	2	2	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. haemolyticus</i> AVAH 88-3	4	8	8	4	4	1	4	16	8	>32	8	0.03

TABLE II-continued

ORGANISM	MIC ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) COMPOUND											
	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	O
<i>E. faecalis</i> 12201	8	8	8	4	4	1	4	16	32	32	8	4
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	4	8	2	4	4	1	4	8	8	8	8	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 (tetB)	>32	>32	2	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	8
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-2 (Sensitive)	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 (tetM)	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	16
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 (Sensitive)	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	$\geq 32$	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	>32	>32	>32	>32	>32	$\geq 32$	>32	>32	>32	>32	32	0.25

TABLE III

ORGANISM	MIC ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) COMPOUND							
	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	GG	O
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 (tetM)	0.12	ND	4	0.5	0.12	0.25	16	4
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4 (Sensitive)	0.12	1	0.03	0.5	0.12	0.25	4	0.03
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 (tetM)	0.5	2	4	1	0.25	0.25	32	2
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 (tetM)	0.12	0.5	0.06	0.25	0.12	0.06	4	1
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3 (Sensitive)	0.06	0.12	4	0.25	0.12	0.12	2	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 (tetK)	2	4	4	2	1	8	32	0.06
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943 (meth. resistant)	4	4	4	4	0.5	16	>32	2
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983 (meth. resistant)	8	8	4	4	1	16	32	1
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213 (Sensitive)	0.12	0.06	$\leq 0.015$	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.5	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. aureus</i> Smith (Sensitive)	0.12	0.25	4	0.03	0.12	0.12	2	$\leq 0.015$
<i>S. haemolyticus</i> AVAH 88-3	2	4	4	2	ND	ND	ND	0.06
<i>E. faecalis</i> 12201	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	0.12	0.12	0.06	0.25	0.06	0.06	1	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 (tetB)	16	>32	16	32	>32	8	>32	16
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-2 (Sensitive)	8	4	8	8	>32	2	>32	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 (tetM)	4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	32	16
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 (Sensitive)	16	16	16	16	>32	2	>32	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	4	2	2	4	>32	2	>32	0.5

TABLE IA

ORGANISM	ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY OF 9-(ACYLAMINO)-7-(SUBSTITUTED)- 6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES									
	JJ	KK	LL	MM	NN	OO	PP	QQ	RR	SS
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 TetB	0.25	0.25	0.25	1	>32	1	0.5	4	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 Tet sens.	0.25	0.12	0.12	1	>32	1	0.5	2	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> MC4100 Tet sens.	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
<i>E. coli</i> MC4100 TetB	0.25	0.25	0.25	1	>32	1	0.5	2	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> PRP1 TetA	2	1	1	16	>32	2	1	32	2	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 TetC	1	1	0.5	8	>32	2	0.5	8	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 TetM	0.25	0.12	0.12	1	32	1	0.25	1	0.25	0.12
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 Tet Sens.	0.25	0.25	0.12	1	>32	1	0.5	2	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> J2175	0.25	0.25	0.12	1	>32	1	0.25	2	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> BAJ9003	0.03	0.03	NG	0.25	0.5	0.12	0.12	0.25	0.06	$\leq 0.015$
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-4 TetM	0.25	0.25	0.25	CONT	CONT	0.5	0.25	2	0.5	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-5	0.25	0.25	0.12	1	>32	1	0.5	2	1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> #311 (MP)	0.25	0.25	0.12	1	>32	1	0.25	2	0.5	0.12
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	0.25	0.25	0.12	1	>32	1	0.25	2	0.5	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 TetD	0.12	0.12	0.06	0.05	32	0.5	0.25	2	0.25	0.12
<i>S. mariescens</i> FDOR 8733	4	2	2	16	>32	8	2	>32	4	2
<i>X. maltophilia</i> NEMC 87210	0.5	0.25	0.25	8	32	2	0.5	2	0.25	0.5
<i>Ps. aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853	8	4	4	16	>32	16	16	>32	32	16
<i>S. aureus</i> NEMC 8769/89-4	0.06	0.06	$\leq 0.015$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.12	0.12	0.06	0.03
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4	0.25	0.12	0.06	0.5	2	1	0.25	0.5	0.25	0.12
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 TetM	0.25	0.25	0.12	0.5	4	1	0.5	0.5	0.25	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 TetK	1	0.25	0.5	16	32	8	2	4	0.5	0.5

TABLE IA-continued

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY OF 9-(ACYLAMINO)-7-(SUBSTITUTED)- 6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES											
	TT	UU	VV	WW	XX	YY	ZZ	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 TetM	0.25	0.25	0.12	1	4	1	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.12	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3	0.12	0.03	0.06	0.5	2	0.5	0.25	0.5	0.25	0.12	
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 TetM	0.25	0.12	0.12	0.5	2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.12	
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943	2	1	1	32	>32	8	2	16	1	1	
<i>S. aureus</i> ROSE (MP)	2	1	1	32	>32	8	2	16	1	1	
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (MP)	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.5	2	0.5	0.12	0.25	0.25	0.12	
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983	2	1	1	16	>32	8	2	8	0.25	0.5	
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213	0.03	≤0.015	0.06	1	2	1	0.25	0.5	0.12	0.12	
<i>S. hemolyticus</i> AVHAH 88-3	0.25	0.12	0.12	1	32	1	0.25	2	0.5	0.25	
<i>Enterococcus</i> 12201	0.12	0.12	0.06	0.25	2	0.25	0.12	0.5	0.12	0.12	
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.25	2	0.25	0.12	0.25	0.12	0.12	
	TT	UU	VV	WW	XX	YY	ZZ	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 TetB	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	>32	0.5	0.5	1	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 Tet sens.	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
<i>E. coli</i> MC4100 Tet sens.	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	2	0.12	0.25	0.25	0.12
<i>E. coli</i> MC4100 TetB	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	1	0.5	>32	0.5	0.5	2	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> PRP1 TetA	2	1	>32	1	1	2	>32	0.5	0.5	2	1
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 TetC	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	1	1	32	0.5	0.5	1	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 TetM	0.25	0.12	>32	0.25	0.12	0.5	32	0.12	0.25	0.25	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 Tet Sens.	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	16	0.5	0.25	2	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> J2175	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	16	0.5	0.25	2	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> BAJ9003	0.06	0.06	1	0.06	0.06	0.06	1	0.06	0.06	0.12	0.12
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-4 TetM	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	16	0.5	0.25	1	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-5	0.5	0.5	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	16	0.5	0.25	2	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> #311 (MP)	0.5	0.25	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	16	0.25	0.5	1	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	0.5	0.25	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	8	0.25	0.12	1	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 TetD	0.12	0.25	>32	0.12	0.25	0.25	4	0.12	0.12	0.5	0.25
<i>S. mariescens</i> FDOR 8733	4	4	>32	2	4	8	>32	4	4	16	8
<i>X. maltophilia</i> NEMC 87210	0.5	0.12	>32	0.5	0.5	4	32	0.5	4	0.25	0.5
<i>Ps. aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853	16	32	>32	8	32	16	>32	>32	16	>32	32
<i>S. aureus</i> NEMC 8769/89-4	0.03	0.06	4	0.06	0.12	0.12	1	0.12	0.06	0.12	0.25
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4	0.25	0.25	8	0.25	0.25	0.5	2	0.25	0.25	0.5	0.5
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 TetM	0.25	0.25	32	0.25	0.25	0.5	8	0.25	0.5	0.5	0.5
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 TetK	2	0.25	32	1	1	4	16	0.5	2	1	2
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 TetM	0.25	0.25	32	0.12	0.25	0.25	8	0.5	0.25	1	1
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3	0.12	0.12	4	0.12	0.25	0.12	2	0.25	0.06	0.25	0.5
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 TetM	0.25	0.12	16	0.25	0.25	0.25	4	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.5
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943	2	0.25	>32	2	1	8	>32	0.5	4	1	4
<i>S. aureus</i> ROSE (MP)	2	0.5	>32	2	1	8	>32	2	16	2	4
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (MP)	0.12	0.12	4	0.12	0.25	0.25	2	0.25	0.12	0.5	0.25
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983	2	0.5	>32	2	1	4	>32	0.5	4	1	4
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213	0.25	0.12	8	0.25	0.25	0.5	2	0.25	0.25	0.5	1
<i>S. hemolyticus</i> AVHAH 88-3	0.5	0.12	>32	0.25	0.5	0.5	8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
<i>Enterococcus</i> 12201	0.25	0.12	4	0.12	0.12	0.25	8	0.12	0.25	0.25	0.25
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	0.25	0.06	4	0.25	0.12	0.12	4	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.25
			EEE	FFF	GGG	HHH	III	JJJ	KKK	LLL	MMM
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-1 TetB			2	0.25	0.25	0.25	>32	>32	>32	0.5	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 Tet sens.			NT	NT	NT	NT	16	>32	>32	0.25	0.06
<i>E. coli</i> MC4100 Tet sens.			0.5	0.06	0.06	0.12	NT	NT	32	NT	NT
<i>E. coli</i> MC4100 TetB			4	0.25	0.25	0.25	>32	>32	>32	0.5	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> PRP1 TetA			4	2	1	2	>32	>32	>32	1	4
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 TetC			2	1	1	0.5	>32	>32	>32	0.5	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-1 TetM			0.5	0.12	0.12	0.25	4	32	>32	0.25	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 89-2 Tet Sens.			4	0.25	0.25	0.25	32	>32	>32	0.5	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> J2175			4	0.25	0.25	0.25	32	>32	>32	0.25	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> BAJ9003			0.25	≥0.015	0.03	0.03	0.25	4	16	0.06	0.03
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-4 TetM			0.5	0.12	0.25	0.25	—	>32	>32	0.25	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-5			0.5	0.25	0.25	0.25	16	>32	>32	0.25	0.5
<i>E. coli</i> #311 (MP)			0.5	0.25	0.25	0.25	8	>32	>32	0.25	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922			0.5	0.12	0.12	0.25	16	>32	>32	0.25	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> J3272 TetD			0.5	0.12	0.12	0.12	32	>32	>32	0.12	0.12
<i>S. mariescens</i> FDOR 8733			4	4	4	4	>32	>32	>32	2	8
<i>X. maltophilia</i> NEMC 87210			1	0.25	0.5	0.5	4	16	>32	1	0.5
<i>Ps. aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853			32	8	8	8	>32	>32	>32	8	32
<i>S. aureus</i> NEMC 8769/89-4			0.12	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.12	4	32	0.12	0.5
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4			0.25	0.12	0.12	0.25	0.5	8	32	0.25	0.25
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 TetM			0.5	0.12	0.12	0.25	1	8	>32	0.25	0.25
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-7 TetK			2	1	1	0.5	2	16	>32	2	4
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 TetM			0.5	0.12	0.25	0.25	1	16	>32	0.25	0.5
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3			0.25	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.5	2	16	0.12	0.12
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2 TetM			0.25	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.5	8	32	0.25	0.25
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 2943			2	2	2	2	4	32	>32	2	4

TABLE IA-continued

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY OF 9-(ACYLAMINO)-7-(SUBSTITUTED)-6-DEMETHYL-6-DEOXYTETRACYCLINES									
<i>S. aureus</i> ROSE (MP)	8	2	2	2	8	>32	>32	2	8
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (MP)	0.25	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.5	4	16	0.25	0.25
<i>S. aureus</i> IVES 1983	2	2	2	2	4	32	>32	2	4
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213	0.5	0.12	0.25	0.25	0.5	4	32	0.25	0.25
<i>S. hemolyticus</i> AVHAH 88-3	2	0.25	0.5	0.5	2	16	>32	0.25	0.24
<i>Enterococcus</i> 12201	0.25	0.12	0.12	0.12	1	16	>32	0.25	0.24
<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	0.25	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.5	16	16	0.25	0.25

NG = No Growth  
CONT = Contaminated  
NT = Not Tested

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TABLE IV

Susceptibility of Sensitive and Resistant (tetM) Organisms to Tetracyclines			
Organisms	MIC (µg/ml)		
	A	O	TC
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 88-2 (Sensitive)	0.12	0.5	ND
<i>E. coli</i> UBMS 90-4 (tetM)	1	64	64
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-4 (Sensitive)	<0.015	0.03	0.12
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 88-5 (tetM)	0.03	2	32
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-3 (Sensitive)	<0.015	0.03	0.12
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1 (tetM)	0.12	4	32
<i>N. gonorrhoeae</i> IL 611 (Sensitive)	0.06	0.5	ND
<i>N. gonorrhoeae</i> 6418 (tetM)	1	>32	>32
<i>E. faecalis</i> UBMS 90-6 (tetM)	0.12	8	32
<i>E. faecalis</i> UBMS 90-7 (tetM)	0.5	8	32

TABLE V

In vitro Activity of Compounds A and O Against Clinical Isolates				
Organism	No. Tested	Anti-biotic Range	MIC (µg/ml) <sup>+</sup>	
			MIC <sub>50</sub>	MIC <sub>90</sub>
<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>	(9)	A 0.015-1.00	0.03	1.00
		O 0.03->32.00	0.25	>32.00
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	(18)	A <0.008-0.06	0.06	0.06
		O 0.06-0.25	0.12	0.25
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	(14)	A <0.015-2.00	0.12	1.00
		O <0.015-16.00	4.00	16.00
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	(11)	A <0.015-2.00	0.06	2.00
		O <0.015-16.00	8.00	16.00
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	(10)	A 0.06->32.00	0.25	>32.00
		O 0.12-32.00	0.25	16.00
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	(10)	A 0.25->32.00	0.50	0.50
		O 1.00->32.00	1.00	4.00
<i>Proteus</i> spp. indole+	(9)	A 0.50->32.00	2.00	>32.00
		O 1.00->32.00	16.00	>32.00
<i>Bacteroides</i> spp.	(15)	A >0.15-4.00	0.25	2.00
		O >0.15-16.00	1.00	4.00

In Vitro Activity of KK and Comparative Antibiotics vs Recent Clinical and Agricultural Isolates				
Organism	[No. Tested]	MIC (µg/ml)		
		KK	O	TC
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , methicillin-resistant	[15]	0.12-2	0.06-4	0.25->64
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , methicillin-susceptible	[15]	0.12-0.25	0.03-0.12	0.12-1

TABLE V-continued

<i>Staphylococcus</i>	[16]	0.12-8	0.03-1	0.12->64
20 Coagulase-negative, methicillin-susceptible				
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	[10]	0.015-0.12	0.03-16	0.12-64
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	[10]	0.03-0.12	0.03-16	0.12-64
<i>Enterococcus</i> spp. Vancomycin-resistant	[8]	0.015-0.06	0.03-16	0.12->64
25 <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	[10]	0.06-0.12	0.03-2	0.12-16
<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>	[10]	0.06-0.25	0.12-16	0.25-64
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	[10]	0.03-0.25	0.06-0.5	0.12-2
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	[8]	0.06-0.12	0.015-0.03	0.12-0.5
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (Clinical)	[30]	0.12-4	0.25-32	0.5->64
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (Agricultural)	[15]	0.12-4	1-16	2->64
<i>Shigella</i> spp.	[14]	0.06-0.5	0.25-8	0.25->64
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	[10]	0.25-8	0.5-8	0.5->64
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	[10]	0.5-1	0.5-4	0.5-1
35 <i>Citrobacter freundii</i>	[10]	0.25-8	0.03-32	0.5-16
<i>Citrobacter diversus</i>	[10]	0.25-1	0.25-4	0.5-4
<i>Salmonella</i> spp. (Clinical)	[11]	0.25-0.5	0.5-16	0.5->64
<i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> (Agricultural)	[15]	0.5-16	2->64	1->64
40 <i>Serratia mercersensis</i>	[10]	2-8	1-8	8->64
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	[10]	0.5-1	0.25-4	0.5-2
<i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i>	[10]	0.5-1	0.5-1	0.5-1
<i>Providencia</i> spp.	[13]	2-8	4->64	1->64
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	[26]	1-32	1-32	0.5-64
45 <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>	[18]	0.5-4	0.5-16	0.25-64
<i>Morganella morganii</i>	[16]	0.5-4	0.25-32	0.25->64
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	[10]	1-16	1-16	2-32
<i>Xanthomonas maltophilia</i>	[10]	0.5-2	0.12-1	8-16
<i>Moraxella catarrhalis</i>	[18]	0.06-0.12	0.03-0.12	0.06-0.5
<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>	[14]	0.25-1	0.5-64	1->64
50 <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	[15]	0.5-2	0.5-2	1-32
<i>Pasturella multocida</i> (Agricultural & Clinical)	[17]	0.03-0.25	0.015-4	0.06-16
<i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> (Agricultural)	[10]	0.12	0.06-0.12	0.12-0.25
55 <i>Bacteroides fragilis</i>	[11]	0.06-0.2	<0.008-16	0.25->64
<i>Bacteroides fragilis</i> group	[10]	0.06-2	<0.008-4	0.25-32
<i>Bacteroides</i> spp.	[9]	0.03-1	0.03-16	0.25->64
<i>Clostridium difficile</i>	[12]	0.03	0.015-16	0.12-32
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	[16]	0.03-1	>0.008-16	0.015-16
60 <i>Clostridium</i> spp. Anaerobic Gram (+) Cocci	[9]	0.015-0.12	<0.008-16	0.015-64
	[15]	0.015-0.06	0.05-8	4->64

<sup>+</sup>MIC<sub>50</sub> = minimum concentration required to inhibit 50% of strains tested.  
MIC<sub>90</sub> = minimum concentration required to inhibit 90% of strains tested

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TABLE VI

Inhibition of Protein Synthesis Directed by <i>E. coli</i> Cell-free Ribosomes with Tetracyclines		
Antibiotic	IC <sub>50</sub> (µg/ml) <sup>+</sup>	
	TC Sensitive Host	Tet M Host
Tetracycline	0.6	2.0
Compound O	0.4	2.0
Compound A	<0.3	0.4

<sup>+</sup>Concentration of antibiotic required to inhibit protein synthesis by 50% compared to a drug-free control

TABLE VII

In vivo Protective Activity of Compounds A and O in Mice Infected with <i>Staphylococci</i> Containing the tetM Determinant		
Organism	Compound	ED <sub>50</sub> (mg/kg) <sup>+</sup>
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-1	A	0.22
	O	1.7
<i>S. aureus</i> UBMS 90-2	A	0.49
	O	3.0

In Vitro Protective Activity in Mice Compounds (ED <sub>50</sub> (mg/kg))								
Organism	Route of Antibiotic Administration	Route of Antibiotic Administration						
		JJ	KK	LL	PP	RR	SS	TT
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (sens)	Oral	9.6	8-16	4-8	>16	8-16	8-16	8-16
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (sens)	Intravenous	0.61	0.68	0.25-0.5	1-2	—	1-2	1-2
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (sens)	Subcutaneous	0.66	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Escherichia coli</i> UBMS 90-4 (Tet-M)	Intravenous	—	2.49	—	—	—	—	—

Organism	Route of Antibiotic Administration	Route of Antibiotic Administration							
		BBB	WW	XX	YY	AAA	DDD	EEE	O
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (sens)	Oral	4-8	>16	8-16	>16	>16	8-16	8-16	0.74
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (sens)	Intravenous	1.8	0.82	0.5-1	0.5-1	—	—	—	0.37
<i>S. aureus</i> SMITH (sens)	Subcutaneous	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Escherichia coli</i> UBMS 90-4 (Tet-M)	Intravenous	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	>32

<sup>+</sup>Median effective dose protecting 50% of the infected mice, single subcutaneous dosing.

TABLE VIII

InVitro Transcription and Protein Translation Sensitivity to Tetracycline Compounds			
COMPOUND		% INHIBITION	
Organism	Concentration	Wild Type S30	TetM S30
KK	1.0 mg/ml	92	95
	0.5 mg/ml	90	96
	0.25 mg/ml	89	93
	0.12 mg/ml	84	93
	0.06 mg/ml	82	89
MM	0.03 mg/ml	81	75
	1.0 mg/ml	99	99
	0.2 mg/ml	98	97
OO	0.06 mg/ml	95	92
	1.0 mg/ml	99	99
	0.2 mg/ml	97	95
	0.06 mg/ml	94	87

TABLE VIII-continued

InVitro Transcription and Protein Translation Sensitivity to Tetracycline Compounds			
COMPOUND		% INHIBITION	
Organism	Concentration	Wild Type S30	TetM S30
QQ	1.0 mg/ml	99	99
	0.2 mg/ml	97	95
	0.06 mg/ml	92	85
RR	1.0 mg/ml	99	99
	0.2 mg/ml	97	97

TABLE VIII-continued

InVitro Transcription and Protein Translation Sensitivity to Tetracycline Compounds			
COMPOUND		% INHIBITION	
Organism	Concentration	Wild Type S30	TetM S30
VV	0.06 mg/ml	93	90
	1.0 mg/ml	99	98
	0.2 mg/ml	93	92
WW	0.06 mg/ml	91	79
	1.0 mg/ml	99	98
	0.2 mg/ml	99	97
XX	0.06 mg/ml	93	88
	1.0 mg/ml	98	97
	0.2 mg/ml	96	89
Minocycline	0.06 mg/ml	85	78
	1.0 mg/ml	98	68
	0.2 mg/ml	89	43
	0.06 mg/ml	78	0

When the compounds are employed as antibacterials, they can be combined with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, for example, solvents, diluents and the like, and may be administered orally in such forms as tablets, capsules, dispersible powders, granules, or suspensions containing, for example, from about 0.05 to 5% of suspending agent, syrups containing, for example, from about 10 to 50% of sugar, and elixirs containing, for example, from about 20 to 50% ethanol, and the like, or parenterally in the form of sterile injectable solutions or suspensions containing from about 0.05 to 5% suspending agent in an isotonic medium. Such pharmaceutical preparations may contain, for example, from about 25 to about 90% of the active ingredient in combination with the carrier, more usually between about 5% and 60% by weight.

An effective amount of compound from 2.0 mg/kg of body weight to 100.0 mg/kg of body weight should be administered one to five times per day via any typical route of administration including but not limited to oral, parenteral, (including subcutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, intrasternal injection or infusion techniques), topical or rectal, in dosage unit formulations containing conventional non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, adjuvants and vehicles. It will be understood, however, that the specific dose level and frequency of dosage for any particular patient may be varied and will depend upon a variety of factors including the activity of the specific compound employed, the metabolic stability and length of action of that compound, the age, body weight, general health, sex, diet, mode and time of administration, rate of excretion, drug combination, the severity of the particular condition, and the host undergoing therapy.

These active compounds may be administered orally as well as by intravenous, intramuscular, or subcutaneous routes. Solid carriers include starch, lactose, dicalcium phosphate, microcrystalline cellulose, sucrose and kaolin, while liquid carriers include sterile water, polyethylene glycols, non-ionic surfactants and edible oils such as corn, peanut and sesame oils, as are appropriate to the nature of the active ingredient and the particular form of administration desired. Adjuvants customarily employed in the preparation of pharmaceutical compositions may be advantageously included, such as flavoring agents, coloring agents, preserving agents, and antioxidants, for example, vitamin E, ascorbic acid, BHT and BHA.

The preferred pharmaceutical compositions from the standpoint of ease of preparation and administration are solid compositions, particularly tablets and hard-filled or liquid-filled capsules. Oral administration of the compounds is preferred.

These active compounds may also be administered parenterally or intraperitoneally. Solutions or suspensions of these active compounds as a free base or pharmacologically acceptable salt can be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant such as hydroxypropylcellulose. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid, polyethylene glycols and mixtures thereof in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

The pharmaceutical forms suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. In all cases, the form must be sterile and must be fluid to the extent that easy syringability exists. It must be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms such as bacterial

and fungi. The carrier can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (e.g. glycerol, propylene glycol and liquid polyethylene glycol), suitable mixtures thereof, and vegetable oil.

The invention will be more fully described in conjunction with the following specific examples which are not to be construed as limiting the scope of the invention.

## EXAMPLE 1

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-nitro-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide sulfate (1:1)

To a stirred ice bath cooled solution of 0.444 g of [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,-6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide hydrochloride, prepared by the procedure described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,226,436, dissolved in 15 ml of sulfuric acid is added 0.101 g of sodium nitrate. The mixture is stirred in the cold for 45 minutes followed by the dropwise addition to 500 ml of diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 0.6 g of the desired product as a solid.

MS(FAB): m/z 503(M+H) and 601(M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+H).

## EXAMPLE 2

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-Amino-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4a,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide sulfate (1:1)

A mixture of 2.0 g of product from Example 1 in 20 ml of 2-methoxyethanol is stirred for 10 minutes and filtered. The filtrate is shaken, in a pressure bottle, with 1.0 g of 10% palladium-on-carbon and 5 ml of 2N sulfuric acid, under 30 lbs. of hydrogen pressure, for 1 hour. The reaction mixture is filtered and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo to half volume. The solution is poured into 100 ml of diethyl ether, the solid collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 1.6 g of the desired product as a solid.

MS(FAB): m/z 473 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 3

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide

To a stirring 0° C. solution of 3.0 g of product from Example 2, 0.451 g of anhydrous sodium acetate and ml of 98% formic acid is added, dropwise, 7.4 ml of acetic anhydride. The reaction is stirred at 0° C. for 10 minutes followed by stirring at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture is poured into 500 ml of diethyl ether and the precipitate collected. The solid is washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 2.9 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 501 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 4

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide sulfate

To a solution of 3.5 g of product from Example 3 in 150 ml of distilled water is added sufficient 0.75N sulfuric acid

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to bring the reaction solution of pH 3.6. The solution is lyophilized to give 3.6 g of the desired salt.

MS(FAB): m/z 501 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 5

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacencarboxamide mono-hydrochloride

To a solution of 3.5 g of product from Example 3 in 150 ml of distilled water is added sufficient 0.75N hydrochloric acid to bring the reaction solution of pH 3.6. The solution is lyophilized to give 3.6 g of the desired salt.

MS(FAB): m/z 501 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 6

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-(Acetylamino)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacencarboxamide

To a stirring solution of 0.468 g of product from Example 2 in 5 ml of water is added 0.50 g of sodium acetate and 0.2 ml of acetic anhydride. The reaction is stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes followed by the addition of 0.2 ml of concentrated ammonium hydroxide. After stirring 5 hours at room temperature, the reaction is treated with 0.5 ml of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction solution is extracted with 4 portions of n-butyl alcohol and the aqueous layer is concentrated in vacuo to dryness. The residue is triturated with 20 ml of methyl alcohol, filtered and the organic layer is concentrated in vacuo to give 0.35 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 515 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 7

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-2-naphthacencarboxamide sulfate

A mixture of 0.20 g of product from Example 2 and 3.0 ml of trifluoroacetic anhydride is stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The reaction liquid is decanted from the solid residue. The solid is dried, dissolved in 10 ml of methyl alcohol, stirred for 20 minutes and the mixture is poured into 100 ml of diethyl ether. The solid is collected and dried to give 0.16 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 569 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 8

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-7-(Diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-nitro-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate (1:2)

To a stirred ice cooled solution of 0.660 g of [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-7-(diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacencarboxamide hydrochloride, prepared by the procedure described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,226,436, dissolved in 15 ml of sulfuric acid is added 0.151 g of sodium nitrate. The mixture is stirred in the cold followed by dropwise addition to 500 ml of diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected,

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washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 0.8 g of the desired product as a solid.

MS(FAB): m/z 531(M+H) and 629(M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+H).

## EXAMPLE 9

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-Amino-7-(diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12 a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacencarboxamide sulfate (1:2)

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 2, using 0.82 g of product from Example 8, to give 0.65 g of the desired product as a solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>SOCD<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  4.25(s,1H,4-H) and 7.27(s,1H,8-H).

MS(FAB): m/z 501(M+H) and 599 (M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+H).

## EXAMPLE 10

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-7-(Diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacencarboxamide sulfate (1:2)

To a solution of 0.238 g of product from Example 9 in 6 ml of formic acid is added 0.035 g of sodium acetate and 0.75 ml of acetic anhydride. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours then poured into 200 ml of diethyl ether. The solid is collected and dried at 50° C. to give 0.125 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 529 (M+H) and 627 (M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+H).

## EXAMPLE 11

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-(Acetylamino)-7-(diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacencarboxamide sulfate (1:2)

To a solution of 0.16 g of product from Example 9 in 0.6 ml of water is added 0.125 g of sodium acetate. After stirring for 5 minutes, 0.05 ml of acetic anhydride is added. The reaction is stirred for 15 minutes, 0.025 ml of ammonium hydroxide is added and the stirring continued for an additional 5 minutes. The mixture is acidified with 0.125 ml of sulfuric acid, extracted with n-butyl alcohol and concentrated in vacuo. The residue is dissolved in methyl alcohol and added to diethyl ether. The solid is collected and dried to give 0.10 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 543 (M+H) and 641 (M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+H).

## EXAMPLE 12

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-7-(Diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene carboxamide

A solution of 0.2 g of product from Example 10 in 10 ml of water is treated with sodium acetate to achieve pH 5-6. The mixture is extracted with chloroform. The organic extracts are dried with sodium acetate, concentrated in vacuo and the solid triturated with diethyl ether/hexane to give 0.11 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 529 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 13

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-(Acetylamino)-7-(diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide

A solution of 0.25 g of product from Example 11 in ml of water is treated with sodium acetate to achieve pH 6. The



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mixture is extracted with chloroform. The organic extracts are dried with sodium acetate, concentrated in vacuo and the solid triturated with diethyl ether/hexane to give 0.090 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 543 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 14

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-7-(ethylmethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide hydrochloride

A solution of 0.460 g of [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(dimethylamino)-7-(ethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide hydrochloride, prepared by the procedure described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,226,436, in 0.5 ml of 97% formic acid and 0.75 ml of 40% aqueous formaldehyde is heated at reflux temperature for 2 hours, concentrated to 1/2 volume and poured into diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 0.30 g of the desired product.

## EXAMPLE 15

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-7-(ethylmethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-nitro-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 8, using 0.460 g of product from Example 14, 15 ml of sulfuric acid and 0.101 g of sodium nitrate to give 0.5 g of the desired product.

## EXAMPLE 16

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-Amino-4-(dimethylamino)-7-(ethylmethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 2, using 1.0 g of product from Example 15, 20 ml of 2-methoxyethanol, 1.0 g of 10% palladium-on-carbon and 5 ml of 2N sulfuric acid to give 0.8 g of the desired product.

## EXAMPLE 17

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-7-(ethylmethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 3, using 1.5 g of product from Example 16, 0.235 g of anhydrous sodium acetate, 25 ml of 98% formic acid and 3.7 ml of acetic anhydride to give 1.35 g of the desired product.

## EXAMPLE 18

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-(Acetylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

To a solution of 3.2 g of [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-amino-4-dimethylamino-1, 2,3,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,11a,12,12

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a-dodecahydro-10,12 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-1, 3,11,12-tetraoxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide, prepared by the procedure described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,239,499, in 50 ml of water is added a solution of 2.5 g of sodium acetate in 12 ml of water.

The mixture is cooled to 0° C. and 1 ml of acetic anhydride is added with stirring. The reaction is stirred for 20 minutes, 0.5 ml of ammonium hydroxide is added and stirred for 5 minutes. Two and one half ml of sulfuric acid is added, the reaction is extracted twice with n-butyl alcohol, the combined organic layers are washed with water and concentrated in vacuo. The residue is dissolved in methyl alcohol and added dropwise to 500 ml of diethyl ether. The solid is collected and dried to give 2.3 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 472 (M+H) and 570 (M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>H).

## EXAMPLE 19

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide monohydrochloride

To a 0° C. solution of 1.06 g of [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-amino-4-dimethylamino-1, 2,3,4,5a, 6,11,11a,12,12a-dodecahydro-10,12 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-1,3,11,12-tetraoxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide, prepared by the procedures described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,239,499, in 50 ml of formic acid is added 2.4 ml of acetic anhydride. After stirring for 5 minutes, the cooling bath is removed and the reaction is stirred for 55 minutes. The mixture is added to 400 ml of diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 1.1 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 458 (M+H).

This procedure is a modification of U.S. Pat. No. 3,239,499.

## EXAMPLE 20

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-iodo-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

To a well stirred 0° C. solution of 0.278 g of product from Example 19 in 10 ml of sulfuric acid is added, in portions, 0.1344 g of N-iodosuccinimide. The reaction is stirred at 0° C. for 20 minutes then poured into 500 ml of diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 0.251 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 584 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-nitro-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

To a well stirred 0° C. solution of 0.278 g of product from Example 19 in 10 ml of sulfuric acid is added 0.3 ml of 10% nitric acid in sulfuric acid. The reaction is stirred at 0° C. for 20 minutes then poured into 500 ml of diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 0.26 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 503 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 22

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-7-(1-methylethyl)amino-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

A solution of 0.2 g of product from Example 21 (1:2 salt), 0.5 ml of acetone, 0.5 ml of 0.5N sulfuric acid and 10 ml of

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2-methoxyethanol is shaken under 35 lbs. of hydrogen, in the presence of platinum oxide, for 2 hours. The catalyst is removed by filtration, the filtrate concentrated in vacuo to ½ volume and poured into diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected and dried to give 0.135 g of the desired product. 5

## EXAMPLE 23

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-(4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,-6,11,12 a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(methoxyacetyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 10

To a well stirred solution of 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.200 g of sodium bicarbonate and 1 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone is added a solution of 0.011 g of methoxyacetyl chloride in 0.5 ml of acetonitrile. After 5 minutes, the suspension is filtered and the filtrate diluted with 50 ml of tert-butyl methyl ether. The resulting solid is collected and dried to give 0.040 g of the desired product. 15

MS (FAB): m/z 545 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 24

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(cyclopropylcarbonylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide 25

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g-of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.010 g of cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.030 g of the desired product. 30

## EXAMPLE 25

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(chloroacetyl)amino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 35

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.013 g of chloroacetyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.035 g of the desired product. 40

## EXAMPLE 26

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(4-Bromo-1-oxobutyl)amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide 45

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.025 g of 4-bromobutyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.050 g of the desired product. 50

MS(FAB): m/z 622 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 27

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 55

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20

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g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.011 g of acryloyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.040 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): 513 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 28

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[[Acetyloxy)acetyl]amino]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide 10

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.013 g of acetoxyacetyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.040 g of the desired product. 15

MS(FAB): m/z 573 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 29

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(phenylthio-acetyl)amino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 20

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.110 g of product from Example 2, 0.40 g of sodium bicarbonate, 4.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.035 g of phenylthioacetyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.075 g of the desired product. 25

## EXAMPLE 30

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(pyruvyl)amino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 30

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.110 g of product from Example 2, 0.40 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.018 g of pyruvyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.060 g of the desired product. 35

## EXAMPLE 31

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(ethoxy-carbonylacetyl)amino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 40

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.013 g of ethyl malonyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.035 g of the desired product. 45

## EXAMPLE 32

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(4-bromo-phenylacetyl)amino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide 50

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.018 g of 4-bromophenylacetyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.040 g of the desired product. 55

## EXAMPLE 33

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-(Benzoylamino)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide 60

To a vigorously stirring solution of 0.066 g of product from Example 2, 0.085 g of sodium acetate and 3 ml of

tetrahydrofuran is added 0.015 ml of benzoyl chloride and 0.25 ml of water. The reaction is stirred for 1 hour. The organic layer is decanted, washed with saturated sodium chloride, dried and concentrated in vacuo. The residue is chromatographed on acid-washed diatomaceous earth using a two phase system of hexane-ethyl acetate:2-methoxyethanol:water (50:50:17:6) to give in the second void volume 0.030 g of the desired product as an orange solid.

MS (FAB): m/z 577 (M+H). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): δ 2.45 (s, 6H, C(4)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.57 (s, 6H, C(7)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 7.5-7.6 (m, 3H, benzoyl), 7.86 (s, 1H, H-8), 7.96 (d, J=7Hz, 2H, benzoyl).

(Table I)

Substantially following the method described in detail hereinabove in Example 33 using [4S-(4α,12α)]-9-amino-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a, 5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate (product from Example 2), the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 34-41 are prepared.

TABLE I

Ex.	Acid Chloride	Product	Spectra
34	4-Methoxybenzoyl chloride	[4S-(α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(4-methoxybenzoyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 607(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.45(s, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.57(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.06(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-methoxybenzoyl), 7.84(s, 1H, H-8), 7.97(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-methoxybenzoyl)
35	2-Methylbenzoyl chloride	[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(2-methylbenzoyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 591(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.52(m, 12H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> , & C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.25-7.56(m, 4H from 2-methylbenzoyl), 7.98(s, 1H, H-8)
36	2-Fluorobenzoyl chloride	[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[(2-fluorobenzoyl)amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 595(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.47-2.51 (m, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.57(bs, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.39(m, 2H from 2-fluorobenzoyl), 7.63(m, 1H from 2-fluorobenzoyl), (m, 1H from 2-fluorobenzoyl), 8.24(s, 1H, H-8)
37	Pentafluorobenzoyl chloride	[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(pentafluorobenzoyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 667(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.5(m, 12H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> & C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 8.08 (s, 1H, H-8)
38	3-Trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride	[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 645(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 250(m, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.57(m, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.85(m, 2H of 3-trifluoromethylbenzoyl), 7.99 (m, 1H or 3-trifluoromethylbenzoyl), 8.28(1H of 3-trifluoromethylbenzoyl), 8.33 (s, 1H, H-8), 8.31-8.42(m, 2H)
39	2-Furoyl chloride	[4S-(α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[(2-furanylcarbonyl)amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 567(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.47(m, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.56(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 6.73(s, 1H of furanyl), 7.31(s, 1H of furanyl), 7.95 (s, 1H of furanyl), 8.00(s, 1H, H-8)
40	2-Thiophene-carbonyl chloride	[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[(2-thienylcarbonyl)amino]-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 583(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.49(m, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.56(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.21(m, 1H of thienyl), 7.70(s, 1H, H-8), 7.85(m, 1H of thienyl), 8.01 (m, 1H of thienyl)
41	4-Nitrobenzoyl chloride	[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(4-nitrobenzoyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 622(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.50(m, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.57(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.76(s, 1H, H-8), 8.20 (d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-nitrobenzoyl), 8.36(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-nitrobenzoyl)

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## EXAMPLE 42

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(4-Aminobenzoyl)amino]-4,7-Bis-dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

A mixture of 0.030 g of product from Example 41, 0.010 g of 10% palladium-carbon, 1.5 ml of 2-methoxyethanol and 0.175 ml of 2N sulfuric acid, in a pressure bottle, is shaken under 30 lbs. of hydrogen pressure for 40 minutes. The catalyst is removed by filtration and the filtrate is concentrated in vacuo and codistilled with benzene. The oily residue is dissolved in 0.5 ml of 2-methoxyethanol, precipitated with diethyl ether and the solid collected to give 0.018 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 592 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 43

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[4-dimethylamino)benzoyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide

A mixture of 0.065 g of product from Example 41, 2.0 ml of 2-methoxyethanol, 0.025 g of 10% palladium-on-carbon, 0.4 ml of 2N sulfuric acid and 0.3 ml of 37% aqueous formaldehyde, in a pressure bottle, is shaken under 30 lbs. of hydrogen pressure for 50 minutes. The catalyst is removed by filtration and the filtrate is concentrated in vacuo and codistilled with heptane. The oily residue is dissolved in 1.0 ml of 2-methoxyethanol, precipitated with diethyl ether to give 0.085 g of the desired product as the sulfate salt. The sulfate salt is dissolved in 0.5 ml of water and 6 ml of tetrahydrofuran followed by the addition of 0.10 g of sodium acetate. The organic layer is washed with saturated sodium chloride, dried and concentrated in vacuo. The residue is triturated with ethyl acetate/heptane to give 0.035 g of the desired product as the free base.

MS (FAB): m/z 620 (M+H).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO):  $\delta$  2.50(m,6H,C(4)NMe<sub>2</sub>), 2.57(s, 6H, C(7) NMe<sub>2</sub>), 3.33 (s,6H, NMe<sub>2</sub> of 4-dimethylaminobenzoyl), 7.76(s,1H,H-8), 8.20(d,J=9Hz, 2H of 4-dimethylaminobenzoyl), 8.37(d,J=9Hz,2H of 4-dimethylaminobenzoyl).

## EXAMPLE 44

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[2-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-Bis-(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo- $\beta$ -naphthaceny]-amino]-2-oxoethyl]carbamic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester

A mixture of 0.850 g of product from Example 2 (as the disulfate), 0.680 g of sodium acetate in 25 ml of tetrahydrofuran and 5 ml of water is stirred at 25° C. for 5 minutes. The solution is treated with 0.359 g of (succinimylloxycarbonyl)methyl carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, stirred for 2 hours and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer is concentrated in vacuo to give 0.50 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 630 (M+H).

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## EXAMPLE 45

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(Aminoacetyl)amino]-4,7-Bis-dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide mono(trifluoroacetate).

A solution of 0.030 g of product from Example 44 and 1.0 ml of trifluoroacetic acid is maintained at 24° C. for 24 hours followed by concentrating in vacuo. The residue is triturated with methyl alcohol and the solid collected to give 0.024 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 530 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 46

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[[(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

A mixture of 0.030 g of product from Example 45, 0.020 g of 10% palladium-on-carbon, 0.5 ml of 37% formaldehyde, 1.5 ml of 2-methoxyethanol and 0.175 ml of 2N sulfuric acid, in a pressure bottle, is shaken under 30 lbs. of hydrogen pressure for 40 minutes. The catalyst is removed by filtration and the filtrate is concentrated in vacuo and codistilled with benzene. The oily residue is dissolved in 0.5 ml of 2-methoxyethanol, precipitated with diethyl ether and the precipitate collected to give 0.025 g of the desired product.

## EXAMPLE 47

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-2-naphthacene-carboxamide

A mixture of 0.30 g of product from Example 2, 0.40 g of sodium acetate in 10 ml of tetrahydrofuran and 1.5 ml of water is stirred for 10 minutes under argon. The organic layer is separated, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and treated with 0.125 ml of benzenesulfonyl chloride and 0.60 g of sodium bicarbonate. The reaction is stirred vigorously for 1.5 hours. The organic layer is decanted and codistilled with heptane. The residue is dissolved in ethyl acetate, dried and concentrated in vacuo. The residue is chromatographed on diatomaceous earth using hexane:ethyl acetate:2-methoxyethanol:water (35:65:15:5) to give 0.036 g of the desired product as a yellow solid.

MS(FAB): m/z 613 (M+H).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  2.44(bs,6H,C(4)NMe<sub>2</sub>), 2.55(s,6H, C(7)NMe<sub>2</sub>), 7.38-7.45(m,2H,m-H's from benzenesulfonyl), 7.52-7.56(m, 1H,p-H from benzenesulfonyl), 7.58(s,1H,H-8), 7.78(dj=7Hz,2H,o-H's from benzenesulfonyl).

## EXAMPLES 48-53

(Table II)

Substantially following the method described in detail hereinabove in Example 47 using [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-amino-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12 a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate (product from Example 2) and the appropriate alkyl, aryl or heteroarylsulfonyl chloride, the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 48-53 are prepared.

TABLE II

Ex. Sulfonyl Chloride	Product	Spectra
48 4-Chlorobenzene-sulfonyl chloride	[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[[4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 622(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.48(m, 12H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> & C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.16(s, 1H, H-8), 7.62(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl), 7.75(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)
49 3-Nitrobenzene-sulfonyl chloride	[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(3-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 658(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta 2.44-2.45(m, 12H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ) & C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ) 7.51-7.62(m, 3H of 3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl), 7.74-7.78(m, 1H or 3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl), 7.75(s, 1H, H-8)
50 4-Nitrobenzene-sulfonyl chloride	[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[[4-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 658(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): delta 2.46(s, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.58(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.59(s, 1H, H-8), 7.96(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl), 8.25(d, J=9Hz, 2H of 4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl).
51 2-Thiophene sulfonyl chloride	[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[(2-thienylsulfonyl)amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 619(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (d <sub>6</sub> -DMSO): delta, 2.50(m, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.54(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.14(m, 1H or thienyl), 7.20(m, 1H or thienyl), 7.51(s, 1H of thienyl), 7.91(s, 1H, H-8)
52 2-Acetamido-4-methyl-5-thiazole sulfonyl chloride	[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[[2-(Acetylamino)-4-methyl-5-thiazoyl]sulfonyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 691(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) delta 2.21(s, 3H thiazoyl H <sub>3</sub> CCONH), 2.40(s, 3H, thiazoyl H <sub>3</sub> C), 2.54(s, 6H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 2.57(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.65(s, 6H, C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 7.65(s, 1H, H-8)
53 Ethane sulfonyl chloride	[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[(ethylsulfonyl)amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide	MS(FAB): m/z 565(M+H); <sup>1</sup> H NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): delta 0.88(t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> ), 2,4-2.6(m, 12H, C(4)NMe <sub>2</sub> & C(7)NMe <sub>2</sub> ), 3.34(q, 2H, CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> ), 7.61(s, 1H, H-8)

## EXAMPLE 54

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-(formylamino)-1,4,4a,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-N-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-2-naphthacenecarboxamide

A solution of 0.30 g of product from Example 3 and 1.2 equivalents of 30% aqueous formaldehyde in 6.0 ml of 2-methoxyethanol is treated with 5.0 equivalents of pyrrolidine. The reaction is stirred vigorously at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The crystalline solid is collected and dried to give 0.25 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 584 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 55

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,-6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide

A mixture of 0.30 g of product from Example 2, 0.40 g of sodium acetate in 10 ml of tetrahydrofuran and 1.5 ml of water is stirred for 10 minutes at room temperature under argon. The organic layer is separated, dried over sodium

sulfate, filtered and treated with 0.10 ml of methanesulfonyl chloride and 0.60 g of sodium bicarbonate. The reaction is stirred vigorously for 1.5 hours. The organic layer is decanted and codistilled with heptane. The residue is dissolved in ethyl acetate, dried and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product is chromatographed on diatomaceous earth using hexane:ethyl acetate:2-methoxyethanol:water (35:65:15:5) to give 0.016 g of the desired product as a yellow solid.

MS (FAB): m/z 551 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 56

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-N-(pyrrolidinylmethyl)-2-naphthacenecarboxamide

A solution of 0.30 g of product from Example 55 and 1.2 equivalents of 30% aqueous formaldehyde in 6.0 ml of 2-methoxyethanol is treated with 5.0 equivalents of pyrrolidine. The reaction is stirred vigorously at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The crystalline solid is collected and dried to give 0.250 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 634 (M+H).

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## EXAMPLE 57

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[phenylmethoxyacetyl]amino]-2-naphthacenicarboxamide

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidine, 0.018 g of benzyloxyacetyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.060 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 622 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 58

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]amino]oxoacetic acid ethyl ester

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 23, using 0.055 g of product from Example 2, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 ml of N-methylpyrrolidone, 0.015 g of ethyl oxalyl chloride and 0.5 ml of acetonitrile to give 0.030 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 574 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 59

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[(hydroxyacetyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide

A mixture of 0.048 g of product from Example 28 and 0.6 ml of concentrated sulfuric acid is stirred at room temperature for 2 hours, poured into diethyl ether and the precipitated salt collected. The salt is dissolved in 10 ml of tetrahydrofuran, 0.250 g of sodium acetate is added and the mixture stirred for 1 hour. The reaction is filtered and the filtrate is concentrated in vacuo. The residue is chromatographed on a poly(styrene-vinyl benzene)copolymer column with water:acetonitrile (1:1) to give 0.018 g of the desired product as a light yellow solid.

MS (FAB): m/z 532 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 60

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-(Acetylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide sulfate

To a 0° C. solution of 1.06 g of [4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-amino-4-(dimethylamino)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,11a,12,12a-dodecahydro-10,12 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-1,3,11,12-tetraoxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide, prepared by the procedures described in U.S. Pat. No. 3,239,499, in 50 ml of acetic acid is added 2.4 ml of acetic anhydride. After 5 minutes, the reaction is allowed to warm to room temperature. The reaction mixture is poured into 500 ml of diethyl ether and the resulting precipitate is collected. The precipitate is washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 1.1 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 472 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 61

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-(acetylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-iodo-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenicarboxamide sulfate

To a stirring 0° C. solution of 0.278 g of product from Example 60 in 10 ml of sulfuric acid is added, portionwise,

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0.1344 g of N-iodosuccinimide. After stirring at 0° C. for 20 minutes, the reaction mixture is poured into 400 ml of diethyl ether. The resultant precipitate is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 1.1 g of the desired product as a solid.

MS(FAB): m/z 598 (M+H) and 696 (M+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+H).

## EXAMPLE 62

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]carbamic acid methyl ester

To a room temperature mixture of 0.60 g of product from Example 2 in 2 ml of 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone is added 0.60 g of sodium bicarbonate. The mixture is stirred for 5 minutes followed by the addition of 0.12 ml of methyl chloroformate. The reaction is stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and filtered into 200 ml of t-butyl methyl ether. The resulting solid is collected and dried to give 0.370 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 531 (M+H).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>DMSO):  $\delta$  2.6(s,12H,C(4)NMe<sub>2</sub> and C(7)NMe<sub>2</sub>), 3.7(m,3H,o-CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.8(s,1H,H-3), 8.7(s,1H,aromatic NH), 9.1 (d,2H, CONH<sub>2</sub>).

## EXAMPLE 63

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]carbamic acid (2-diethylamino)ethyl ester

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 62, using 0.443 g of product from Example 2, 2 ml of 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, 0.165 g of  $\beta$ -diethylaminoethyl chlorocarbonate hydrochloride and 0.443 g of sodium bicarbonate to give 0.350 g of the desired product.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>DMSO):  $\delta$  1.2(m,6H,—N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.5(s,6H, C(7)NMe<sub>2</sub>), 2.7(s,6H,C(4)NMe<sub>2</sub>), 3.4(m,2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 3.51(m,4H,—N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.0(m,2H,—OC H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 6.8(s,1H,H-3), 9.0(d,2H,CONH<sub>2</sub>).

## EXAMPLE 64

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]carbamic acid ethenyl ester

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 62, using 0.189 g of product from Example 2, 1 ml of 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, 0.75 ml of acetonitrile, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate and 0.037 g of vinyl chloroformate to give 0.133 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 548 (M+H).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>DMSO+TFA):  $\delta$  4.35(s,1H,H-7), 4.6(d,1H, CH=CH<sub>2</sub>cis), 4.9(d,1H,CH=CH<sub>2</sub>,trans), 7.2(m,2H,—O—CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 8.1(s,1H,H-3), 9.6 & 9.1(s,2H,CONH<sub>2</sub>), 9.61(s,H,aromatic NH)

## EXAMPLE 65

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]carbamic acid 2-propenyl ester

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 62, using 0.213 g of product from Example 2, 1 ml

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of 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, 0.75 ml of acetonitrile, 0.20 g of sodium bicarbonate and 0.054 g of allyl chloroformate to give 0.143 g of the desired product.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>DMSO+TFA): δ 4.65(d,2H,=CHCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.25 (d,1H,CH=CH<sub>2</sub>cis), 5.4(d,1H,CH=CH<sub>2</sub>trans), 6.0(m, 1H,CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-CH<sub>2</sub>), 8.1(s,1H,H-3), 9.1(s,1H,aromatic NH), 9.6 & 9.0(s,2H,CONH<sub>2</sub>).

Substantially following the methods described in detail hereinabove in Example 23, the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 66-82 are prepared. Example 72 uses the appropriate anhydride rather than the acid chloride.

## EXAMPLE 66

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[4-fluorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12 a-tetrahydroxy-7-iodo-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 67

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-2-thiopheneacetamide.

## EXAMPLE 68

[4S-(4α,12α)]-9-[[Diethylamino)acetyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 69

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-iodo-9-[[methylthio)acetyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 70

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-[(1-methyl-ethyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-9-[(3,3,3-trichloro-1-oxopropyl)amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 71

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[(1,3-dioxo-3-Phenylpropyl)amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 72

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[4-(dimethylamino)-1-oxobutyl]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 73

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[phenylsulfonyl)acetyl]amino]-2-naphthacene-carboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 74

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-7-(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-4-iodo-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-5-methyl-2-furanacetamide.

## EXAMPLE 75

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12 -dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-2-thiazoleacetamide.

## EXAMPLE 76

[7S-(7α,10α)]-2-[[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny] amino]-carbonyl]benzoic acid.

## EXAMPLE 77

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-3-methyl-2-oxo-1-imidazolidineacetamide.

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## EXAMPLE 78

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-5,6-dimethylpyrazinecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 79

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-3-methyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine-2-acetamide.

## EXAMPLE 80

[4S-(4α,12α)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[pentafluorophenyl)acetyl]amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 81

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-4-iodo-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 82

[7S-(7α,10α)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-4-ethyl-2,3-dioxo-1-piperazinecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLES 83-86

Substantially following the methods described in detail hereinabove in Example 44, the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 83-86 are prepared.

## EXAMPLE 83

[7S-(7α,10α)]-[2-[[9-Aminocarbonyl-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-[1,12]10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]amino]-2-oxoethyl]carbamic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester.

## EXAMPLE 84

[7S-[2(S\*), (7α,10α)]]-[2-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4-(diethylamino)-7-(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]amino]-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl] carbamic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester.

## EXAMPLE 85

[7S-[2(S\*), (7α,10α)]]-[2-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]amino]-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl] carbamic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester.

## EXAMPLE 86

[7S-[2(S\*), (7α,10α)]]-[4-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]amino]-3-[[1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]amino]-4-oxobutanoic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester.

## EXAMPLES 87-91

Substantially following the methods described in detail hereinabove in Example 45, the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 87-91 are prepared.

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## EXAMPLE 87

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(Aminoacetyl)amino]-7-(diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 88

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,9(S\*),12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(2-Amino-1-oxopropyl)amino]-7-(diethylamino)-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 89

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,9(S\*),12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(Aminophenylacetyl)amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacence-carboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 90

[7S-[2(S\*),7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ ]]-3-Amino-4-[[9-(aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacetyl]amino]-4-oxobutanoic acid.

## EXAMPLE 91

[7S-[2(S\*),7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ ]]-4-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10,10a-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacetyl]-amino]-3-(dimethylamino)-4-oxobutanoic acid.

## EXAMPLES 92-94

Substantially following the methods described in detail hereinabove in Example 47, the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 92-94 are prepared.

## EXAMPLE 92

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[2,2-dimethylpropyl)sulfonyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 93

[7S-(7 $\alpha$ ,10 $\alpha$ )]-4-[[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacetyl]amino]-sulfonyl]butanoic acid.

## EXAMPLE 94

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4-(Dimethylamino)-9-[[1,1-dimethylethyl)sulfonyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-7-iodo-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

## EXAMPLE 95

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[diethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide sulfate

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 46, using 0.030 g of product from Example 45,

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0.020 g of 10% palladium-on-carbon, 2.5 equivalents of acetaldehyde, 1.5 ml of 2-methoxyethanol and 0.175 ml of 2N sulfuric acid to give the desired product as a solid.

## EXAMPLE 96

Dimethylaminoacetyl chloride hydrochloride

A mixture of 15 g of N,N-dimethylglycine hydrochloride (pulverized and dried in a vacuum oven at 45°-50° C. for 24 hours) and 13.85 ml of thionyl chloride is heated, very slowly, in a sand bath to 78° C. and kept at this temperature for 1½ hours. Toluene is added to the mixture and the excess liquid is removed by pipette. This step is repeated several times. The solid is then transferred to a Buchner funnel, washed with methylene chloride and dried under vacuum at 50° C. for 24 hours to yield 14.2 g of the desired intermediate.

## EXAMPLE 97

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride

To a mixture of 6.68 g of 9-amino-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline in 120 ml of DMPU and acetonitrile is added 6.57 g of sodium carbonate. The mixture is stirred for 5 minutes, followed by the addition of 2.83 g of product from Example 96. The reaction is stirred for 1 hour, filtered and the filtrate is added slowly to a mixture of methylene chloride/diethyl ether (1200 ml/400 ml). The solid is collected, dissolved in 250 ml methyl alcohol and added slowly to 1600 ml of methylene chloride. The precipitate is collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 5.75 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 558 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 98

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(Chloroacetyl)amino]-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,1-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride

To a room temperature solution of 0.334 g of 9-amino-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate, 6 ml of 1,3-dimethyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2(1H)pyrimidinone, hereinafter called DMPU, and 2 ml of acetonitrile is added 0.318 g of sodium carbonate. The mixture is stirred for 5 minutes followed by the addition of 0.068 g of chloroacetyl chloride. The reaction is stirred for 30 minutes, filtered, and the filtrate added dropwise to 100 ml of diethyl ether, containing 1 ml of 1M hydrochloric acid in diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected and dried to give 0.340 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 549 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 99

[4S-(4 $\alpha$ ,12 $\alpha$ )]-9-[(Bromoacetyl)amino]-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 98, using 0.668 g of 9-amino-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate, 6 ml of DMPU, 2 ml of acetonitrile, 0.636 g of sodium



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carbonate and 0.215 g of bromoacetyl chloride. Seven tenths of a gram of the desired product is obtained.

MS (FAB): m/z 593 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 100

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-9-[(Bromoacetyl)amino]-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide (free base)

To 0.20 g of product from Example 99 in 3 ml of 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidenone is added 0.30 g of sodium bicarbonate. The reaction is stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes and filtered. The filtrate is added to 15 ml of diethyl ether and the resulting precipitate is collected to give 0.150 g of the desired product as the free base.

## EXAMPLE 101

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-9-[(Bromoacetyl)amino]-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,10,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide monohydrobromide

To a solution of 5.01 g of 9-amino-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 100 ml of DMPU and 25 ml of acetonitrile is added 5.0 g of sodium carbonate. The reaction is stirred, under argon, at room temperature for 5 minutes, followed by the addition of 3.03 g of bromoacetyl bromide. The stirring is continued for an additional hour. The solid is collected and the filtrate is added slowly to isopropyl alcohol/diethyl ether (200 ml/750 ml). The yellow solid is collected, washed with isopropanol and diethyl ether to give 5.77 g of the desired intermediate.

MS (FAB) :m/z 593 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 102

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-9-[(2-Bromo-1-oxopropyl)-amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide hydrobromide

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 98, using 1.00 g of 9-amino-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline, 1.0 g of sodium carbonate and 0.648 g of 2-bromopropionyl bromide to give 0.981 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 607 (M+H).

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## EXAMPLE 103

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-9-[(4-Bromo-1-oxobutyl)amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 98, using 1.34 g of 9-amino-4,7-bis-(dimethylamino)-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline sulfate, 1.3 g of sodium carbonate, 24 ml of DMPU, 8 ml of acetonitrile and 0.389 g of 4-bromobutyl chloride to give 1.45 g of the desired product.

## EXAMPLE 104

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[[(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride

To a solution of 0.15 g of product from Example 99 in 4 ml of DMPU is added 0.85 g of dimethylamine (40% in water). The reaction is stirred for 20 minutes followed by concentration in vacuo to remove any excess dimethylamine. The mixture is filtered and the filtrate added, dropwise, to 70 ml of isopropyl alcohol/diethyl ether (1:1). To this solution is added 1 ml of 1M hydrochloric acid/diethyl ether. The resulting precipitate is collected, washed with isopropyl alcohol and diethyl ether, and dried to give 0.11 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 558 (M+H).

## EXAMPLE 105

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[[[(methylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride (331,256)

A mixture of 0.1258 g of product from Example 99, 5 ml of 40% methylamine in water and 5 ml of methyl alcohol, under Argon, is stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The excess methylamine is removed in vacuo and the residue diluted with a small volume of methyl alcohol. The diluted reaction solution is added dropwise to 100 ml of diethyl ether containing 1 ml of 1M hydrochloric acid in diethyl ether and 10 ml of isopropyl alcohol. The resulting solid is collected and dried to give 0.106 g of the desired product.

MS (FAB): m/z 544 (M+H).

Substantially following the methods described in detail herein above in Example 105, the compounds of this invention listed below in Examples 106-125 are prepared.

Example #	Name	Starting Material Prod. of Exp.	Reactant	Rx Time	MS(FAB): m/z
106	[7S-(7alpha,10alpha)]-N-[(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenyl]-4-morpholineacetamide dihydrochloride.	99	Morpholine	0.5 hr.	600(M+H)
107	[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[[(ethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Ethylamine (70% in water)	2 hr.	558(M+H)
108	[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-9-[[[(Cyclopropylamino)acetyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacene-carboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Cyclopropylamine	2 hr.	570(M+H)

-continued

Example #	Name	Starting Material Prod. of Exp.	Reactant	Rx Time	MS(FAB): m/z
109	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[butylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,-12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Butylamine	2 hr.	586(M+H)
110	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[[Diethylamino)acetyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,12,12,-12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Diethylamine	2 hr.	586(M+H)
111	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-1-pyrrolidineacetamide dihydrochloride.	99	Pyrrolidine	0.5 hr.	584(M+H)
112	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a-6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[[[(2-methylpropyl)amino)acetyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Isobutylamine	2 hr.	586(M+H)
113	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-1-piperidineacetamide dihydrochloride.	99	Piperidine	1 hr.	598(M+H)
114	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-1H-imidazole-1-acetamide dihydrochloride.	99	Imidazole	1 hr.	579(M+H)
115	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a-6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[propylamino)acetyl]amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Propylamine	0.75 hr.	570(M+H)
116	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide disulfate.	99	Dimethylamine	0.5 hr.	558(M+H)
117	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.	99	Dimethylamine	0.5 hr.	558(M+H)
118	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[hexylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,-12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	n-Hexylamine	2 hr.	614(M+H)
119	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[dimethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	102	Dimethylamine (40% in water)	2.5 hr.	572(M+H)
120	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-9-[[2-methylamino)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	102	Methylamine (40% in water)	2 hr.	558(M+H)
121	[7S-(7alpha,10aalpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthaceny]-alpha-methyl-1-pyrrolidineacetamide dihydrochloride.	102	Pyrrolidine	1 hr.	598(M+H)
122	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[4-dimethylamino)-1-oxobutyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	103	Dimethylamine (40% in water)	2 hr.	586(M+H)
123	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-9-[[Butylmethylamino)acetyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	N-Methylbutylamine	2 hr.	600(M+H)
124	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a-6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[[(pentylamino)acetyl]amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Amylamine	2 hr.	600(M+H)
125	[4S-(4alpha,12aalpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a-6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-9-[[[phenylmethyl]amino)acetyl]amino]-2-naphthacenecarboxamide dihydrochloride.	99	Benzylamine	1 hr.	620(M+H)

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## EXAMPLE 126

[7S-(7alpha,10alpha)]-N-[2-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenyl]-amino]-2-oxoethyl]glycine phenylmethyl ester

To 0.30 g of benzylglycine hydrochloride in 3 ml of 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidinone is added 0.60 g of sodium bicarbonate. The mixture is stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes and filtered. To the filtrate is added 0.20 g of product from Example 100. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and then added to diethyl ether. The resulting solid is collected.

## EXAMPLE 127

[7S-(7alpha,10alpha)]-N-[2-[[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenyl]-amino]-2-oxoethyl]glycine

One-tenth of a gram of product from Example 126 in 10 ml of monomethyl ethylene glycol is reduced catalytically, in a Parr shaker, with 0.10 g of 10% palladium on carbon, at 30 psi of hydrogen, for 2 hours. The reaction mixture is filtered and the filtrate concentrated to give 0.050 g of the desired product.

CI-MS: m/z 588 (M+H).

General Procedure for the Preparation of Mannich Bases

A mixture of 0.5 g of product from Example 117, 3 ml of t-butyl alcohol, 0.55 ml of 37% formaldehyde, and 0.55 ml of pyrrolidine, morpholine or piperidine is stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes followed by heating at 100° C. for 15 minutes. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and triturated with diethyl ether and hexane. The solid is collected, washed with diethyl ether and hexane, and dried to give the desired product.

In this manner the following compounds are made:

## EXAMPLE 128

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[[(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-N-(1-pyrrolidinyl-methyl)-2-naphthacenecarboxamide

## EXAMPLE 129

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[[(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-N-(4-morpholinyl-methyl)-2-naphthacenecarboxamide

## EXAMPLE 130

[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-4,7-Bis(dimethylamino)-9-[[[(dimethylamino)acetyl]amino]-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-N-(1-piperidinylmethyl)-2-naphthacenecarboxamide

## EXAMPLE 131

[7S-(7alpha,10alpha)]-N-[9-(Aminocarbonyl)-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-5,5a,6,6a,7,10,10a,12-octahydro-1,8,10a,11-tetrahydroxy-10,12-dioxo-2-naphthacenyl]-1-azetidinetamide

The title compound is prepared by the procedure of Example 105 using 0.20 g of product from Example 99, 0.50

## 144

g of azetidine and 5 ml of DMPU to give 0.126 g of the desired product.

MS(FAB): m/z 570(M+H).

## EXAMPLE 132

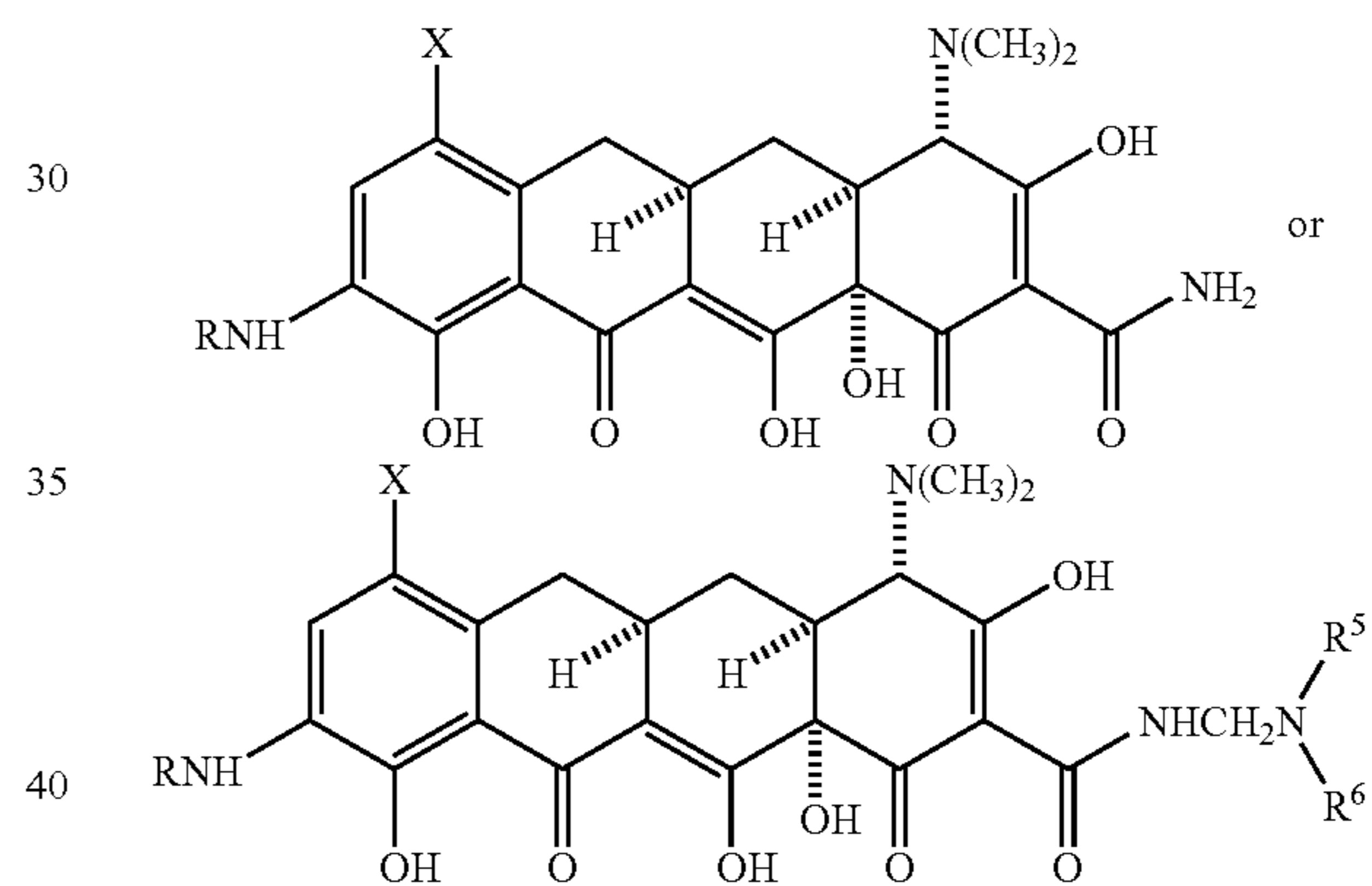
[4S-(4alpha,12alpha)]-9-[[[(Cyclobutylamino)acetyl]amino]-4,7-bis(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,10,12,12a-tetrahydroxy-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide hydrochloride

To a solution of 0.200 g of 9-(bromoacetyl)amino)-7-dimethylamino-6-demethyl-6-deoxytetracycline in 2 ml of 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidinone is added 0.1 ml of cyclobutylamine. The resulting solution is stirred at room temperature for 45 minutes and then added to 50 ml of diethyl ether. An oil layer is formed and the diethyl ether layer is decanted and the oil is dissolved in 5 ml of 0.1N methanolic hydrogen chloride. The resulting solution is added to 50 ml of diethyl ether, yielding 0.050 g of solid.

MS(FAB): m/z 584(M+H)

We claim:

1. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of the formula:



wherein:

X is selected from amino, NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine; R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl and 1-methylpropyl; R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, and 1,1-dimethylethyl such that when X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=hydrogen,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when R<sup>1</sup>=methyl or ethyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=n-propyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=1-methylethyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=n-butyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=1-methylpropyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=2-methylpropyl;

R is selected from  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  or  $R^4(CH_2)_nSO_2-$ ; and  $n=0-4$ ;  
and when  $R=R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  and  $[n-0] n=0$ ,

$R^4$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ ) alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or [4-(1,2,4-triazolyl)] 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; ( $C_3-C_6$ ) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted ( $C_3-C_6$ ) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, cyano, amino or ( $C_1-C_3$ ) acyl; ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; a substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl group with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy, trihalo ( $C_1-C_3$ )-alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, [( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino] ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino or carboxy; ( $C_7-C_9$ ) aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl;  $\alpha$ -amino- ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl selected from aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or  $\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy ( $C_2-C_4$ )-alkylamino selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and the optical isomers thereof; ( $C_7-C_9$ ) aralklamino; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl amino substituted ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl;  $\alpha$ -mercapto ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl selected from mercaptomethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercaptoethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercapto-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -mercaptopropyl; halo ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl group; a heterocycle selected from the group consisting of a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S, or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; ( $C_3-C_6$ ) [cycloalkyl carbonyl] cycloalkyl carbonyl, ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aroyl; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl benzoyl, or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched [propoxycarbonyl] propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or a substituted vinyl group with substitution selected from ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, halogen, ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, halo ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, or a substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl group with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkoxy, trihalo ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino or carboxy; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy group;  $C_6$ -aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino; ( $C_7-C_{10}$ )

aralkyloxy; vinyloxy or a substituted vinyloxy group with substitution selected from ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;  $R^aR^b$  amino ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, [1-methylethyl] 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^aR^b$  is  $(CH_2)_m$ ,  $m=2-6$ , or [( $CH_2$ )<sub>2</sub> W( $CH_2$ )<sub>2</sub>-]  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl, O, S,  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  and B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl; or  $R^aR^b$  aminoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, or 1,1-dimethylethyl or  $R^aR^b$  is  $(CH_2)_m$ ,  $m=2-6$ , or  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl, O, S,  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  and B is selected from hydrogen or ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl; and when  $R=R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  and  $[n-1-4] n=1-4$ ,  
 $R^4$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; ( $C_3-C_6$ ) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted ( $C_3-C_6$ ) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, cyano, amino or ( $C_1-C_3$ ) acyl; ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; a substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ )-aryl group with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy, trihalo ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino or carboxy; ( $C_7-C_{10}$ ) aralkyl; acyloxy or haloacyloxy group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, ( $C_3-C_6$ ) cycloalkyl carbonyl, ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted ( $C_6-C_{10}$ ) aroyl, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl benzoyl, or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy;  $C_6$ -aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino; ( $C_7-C_{10}$ ) aralkyloxy; ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio;  $C_6$ -arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino;  $C_6$ -arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy, trihalo ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1-C_4$ ) alkoxy carbonyl, ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkylamino or carboxy; ( $C_7-C_8$ ) aralkylthio group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched chain ( $C_1-C_6$ )-alkylamino with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; ( $C_2-C_5$ ) azacycloalkyl group; a carboxy ( $C_2-C_4$ ) alkylamino group with the carboxy alkyl selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid and the optical isomers thereof;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy ( $C_1-C_3$ ) alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; [(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino, group] (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>-amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is [(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>] (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6 or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB, and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=0

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl) amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove;

R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methyl-ethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methyl-propyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; and when R=R<sup>4'</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl,

1-methylethyl, n-butyl, [1 methylpropyl] 1-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-propyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) carboxyalkyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, tri-halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy-carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, or [NOB]-NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio selected from methylthio, ethylthio or n-propylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di- straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl- amino group with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloro-acetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle) carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl selected from methyl, [ethyl n-propyl] ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl;

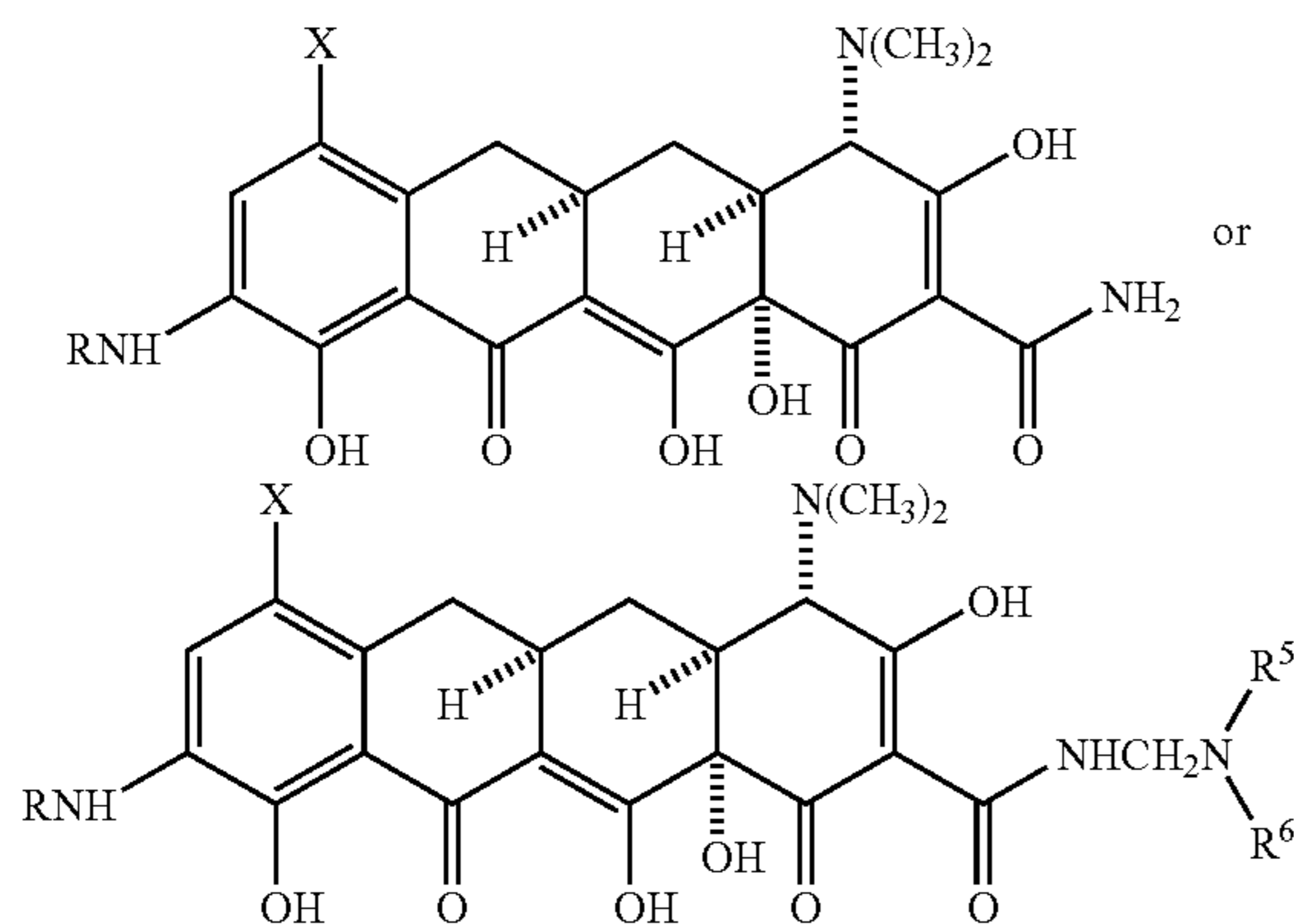
R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected [form] from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected

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from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; ( $C_7$ - $C_9$ )-aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or  $-(CH_2)_nCOOR^7$  where  $n=0-4$  and  $R^7$  is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; with the proviso that  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  cannot both be hydrogen;

or  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  taken together are  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein  $W$  is selected from  $(CH_2)_q$  and  $q=0-1$ ,  $-NH$ ,  $[-N(C_1-C_3)-alkyl]$   $-N(C_1-C_3)alkyl$ ,  $-N(C_1-C_4)alkoxy$ , oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

2. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals caused by bacteria having the TetM and TetK resistant determinants which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of the formula:



wherein:

$X$  is selected from amino,  $NR^1R^2$  or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine;  $R^1$  is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl and 1-methylpropyl;  $R^2$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, and 1,1-dimethylethyl such that when  $X=NR^1R^2$  and  $R^1=hydrogen$ ,  $R^2=methyl$ , ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when  $R^1=methyl$  or ethyl,  $R^2=methyl$ , ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl; and when  $R^1=n-propyl$ ,  $R^2=n-propyl$ , 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl; and when  $R^1=1-methylethyl$ ,  $R^2=n-butyl$ , 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl; and when  $R^1=n-butyl$ ,  $R^2=n-butyl$ , 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl; and when  $R^1=1-methylpropyl$ ,  $R^2=2-methylpropyl$ ;  $R$  is selected from  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  or  $R^4(CH_2)_nSO_2-$ ; and  $n=0-4$ ; and when  $R=R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  and  $n=0$ ,  $R^4$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )

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alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; ( $C_3$ - $C_6$ ) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted ( $C_3$ - $C_6$ ) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, cyano, amino or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )acyl; ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ ) aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; a substituted ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl group with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, trihalo( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, [( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkylamino] ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy; ( $C_7$ - $C_9$ ) aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl;  $\alpha$ -amino-( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl selected from aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or  $\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy ( $C_2$ - $C_4$ )-alkylamino selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and the optical isomers thereof; ( $C_7$ - $C_9$ )aralkylamino; ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxycarbonylamino substituted ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl selected from hydromethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl;  $\alpha$ -mercapto ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl selected from mercaptomethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercaptoethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercapto-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -mercaptopropyl; halo( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl group; a heterocycle selected from the group consisting of a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S, or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; [( $C_3$ - $C_6$ ) cycloalkylcarbonyl] ( $C_3$ - $C_6$ ) cycloalkylcarbonyl, ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryloxy selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryloxy; ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or a substituted vinyl group with substitution selected from ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, halogen, ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, halo( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, or a substituted ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl group with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )-alkoxy, trihalo( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkylamino or carboxy; ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxy group;  $C_6$ -aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di( $C_1$ - $C_3$ )alkylamino; ( $C_7$ - $C_{10}$ )aralkyloxy; vinyloxy or a substituted vinyloxy group with substitution selected from ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or ( $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ )aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;  $R^aR^b$  amino ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or

branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, [1-methylethyl] 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or [(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>—]—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, or 1,1-dimethylethyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, [O,S,] O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and [n-1-4] n=1-4, R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, [1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or [β-naphthyl] β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, [(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy] (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyl; acyloxy or haloacyloxy group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzyl or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; [C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfinyl] C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched chain [(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylamino] (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)azacycloalkyl group; a carboxy(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group with the carboxy alkyl selected from aminoacetic acid, α-aminopropionic acid, α-aminobutyric acid and the optical isomers thereof; α-hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl, α-hydroxyethyl or α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl or α-hydroxypropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl;

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; [(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy]alkoxycarbonylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>-amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is [(CH)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6] (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6 or [—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-wherein] —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>—wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB, and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, [O,S,] O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl) amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl [β-naphthyl or B-naphthyl]; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methyl-ethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methyl-propyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl; and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

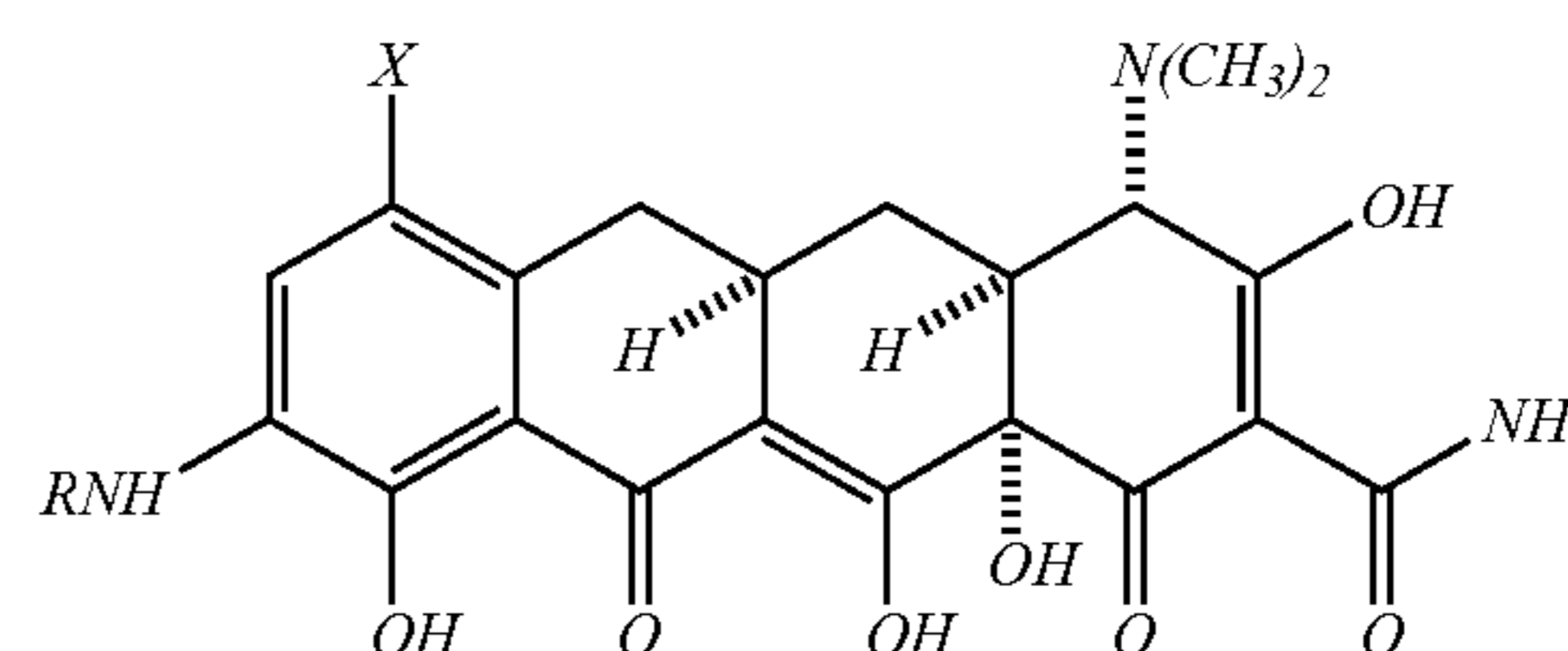
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) carboxyalkyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl,

cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, tri-halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy-carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, —NH, or [NOB]—NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthio selected from methylthio, ethylthio or n-propylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>) aralkylthio; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl- amino group with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloro-acetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle) carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy-carbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, [ethyl] ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected [form] from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)-aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is

selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>—, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub> and q=0-1, —NH, —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

3. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of the formula:



wherein:

X is selected from amino, NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine; R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl and 1-methylpropyl; R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, and 1,1-dimethylethyl such that when X=NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>1</sup>=hydrogen,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when R<sup>1</sup>=methyl or ethyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=n-propyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=1-methylethyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=n-butyl;

R<sup>2</sup>=n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when R<sup>1</sup>=1-methylpropyl,

R<sup>2</sup>=2-methylpropyl;

R is selected from R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— or R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>—; and n=0-4;

and when R=R<sup>4</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO— and n=0,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl,



cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; α-amino-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from aminomethyl, α-aminoethyl, α-aminopropyl or α-aminobutyl; carboxy (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkylamino selected from aminoacetic acid, α-aminobutyric acid or α-aminopropionic acid and the optical isomers thereof; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group; α-hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl, α-hydroxyethyl or α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl or α-hydroxypropyl; α-mercapto (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl selected from mercaptomethyl, α-mercaptoethyl, α-mercapto-1-methylethyl or α-mercaptopropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; a heterocycle selected from the group consisting of a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S, or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or a substituted vinyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl, β-naphthyl, halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, or a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy; vinyloxy or a substituted vinyloxy group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, or 1,1-dimethylethyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; and when R=R<sup>a</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO- and n=1-4, R<sup>a</sup> is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group selected from methyl,

ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyl; acyloxy or haloacyloxy group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzyl or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aralkyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched chain (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)azacycloalkyl group; a carboxy (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group with the carboxy alkyl selected from aminoacetic acid, α-aminopropionic acid, α-aminobutyric acid and the optical isomers thereof; α-hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl, α-hydroxyethyl or α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl or α-hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>-amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6 or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB, and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, and when R=R<sup>a</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=0

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl) amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)-aralkyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl group; a heterocycle as defined herein-above; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methyl-ethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methyl-ethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; and when R=R<sup>a</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>— and n=1-4,

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) carboxyalkyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, tri-halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)-aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-aralkyloxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, —NH, or —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> ami-

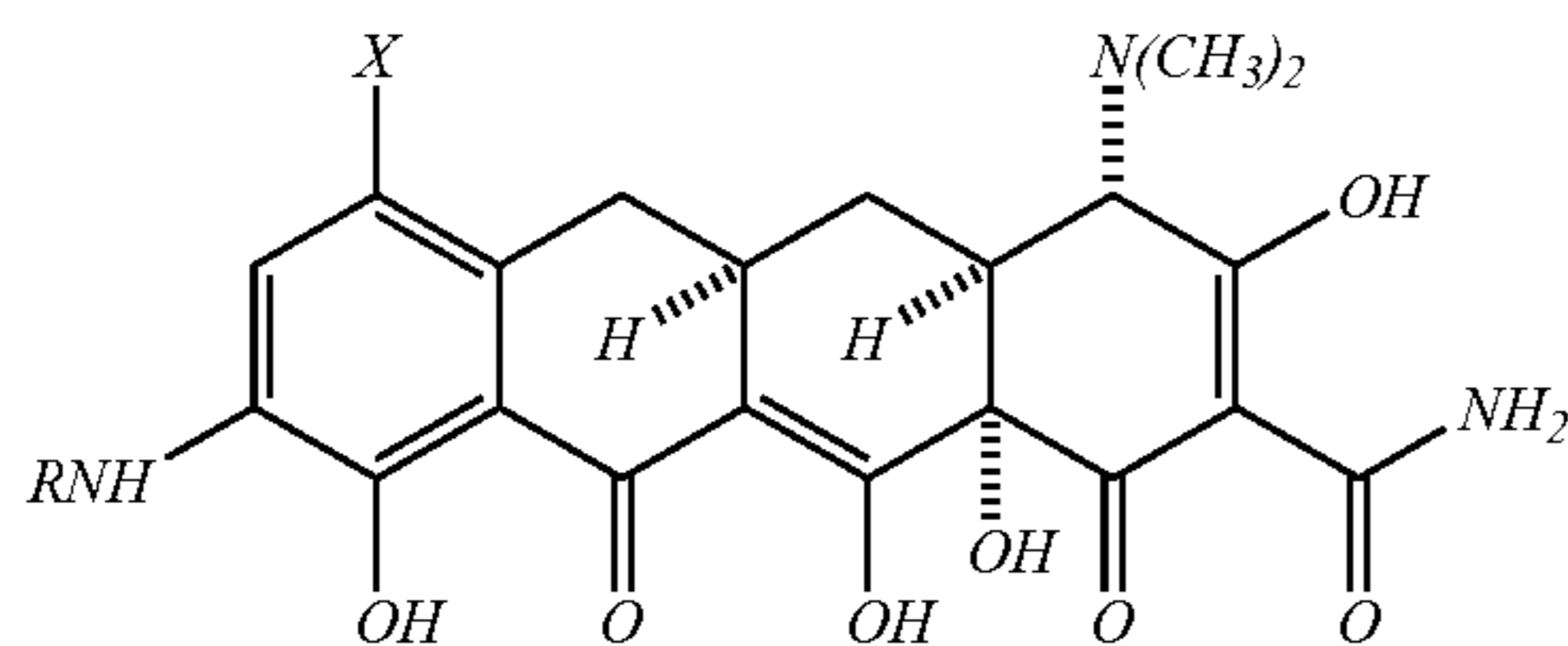
noxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>— wherein W is selected from —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, —NH, —NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkylthio selected from methylthio, ethylthio or n-propylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-aralkylthio; a heterocycle as defined herein-above; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl- amino group with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloro-acetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle) carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)-aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined herein-above; or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)-aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7'</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7'</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>—, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub> and q=0-1, —NH, —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, —N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

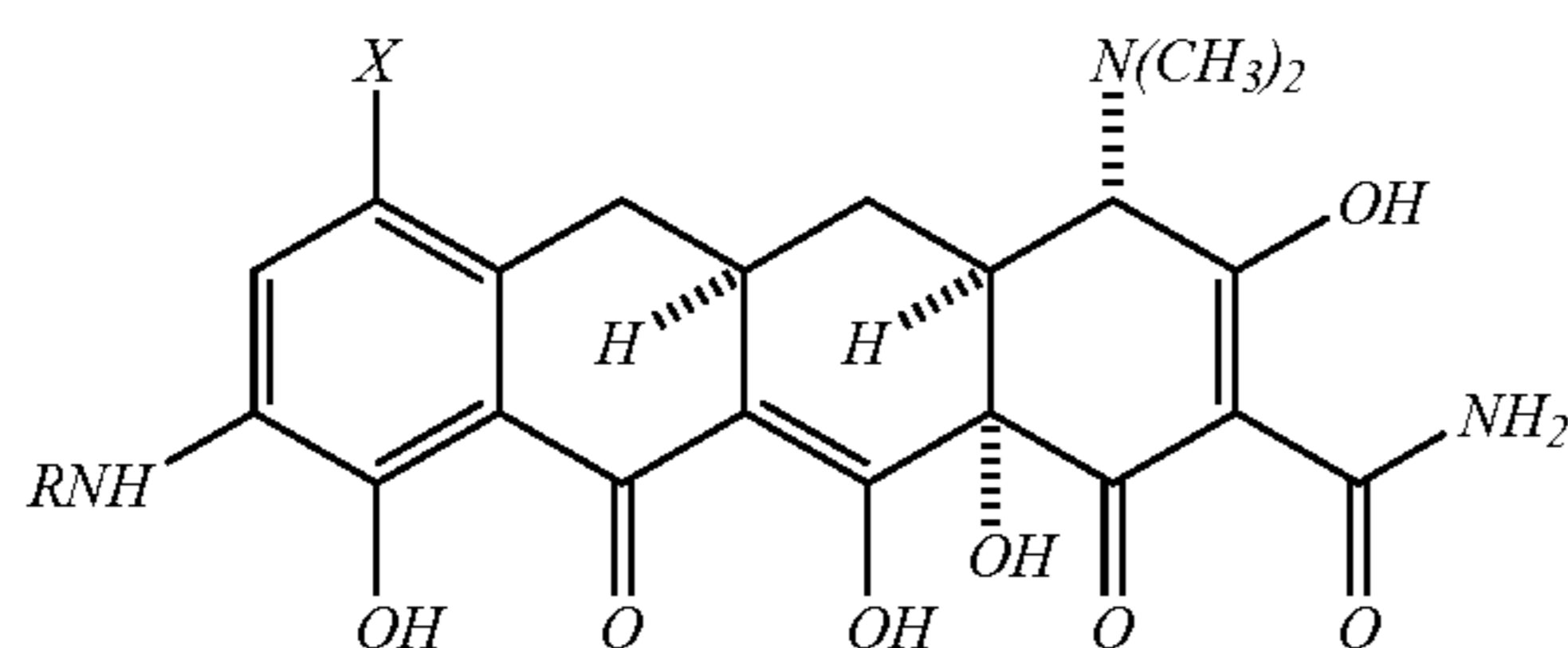
4. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals which comprises administering to said animal having a bacterial infection a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of formula I:

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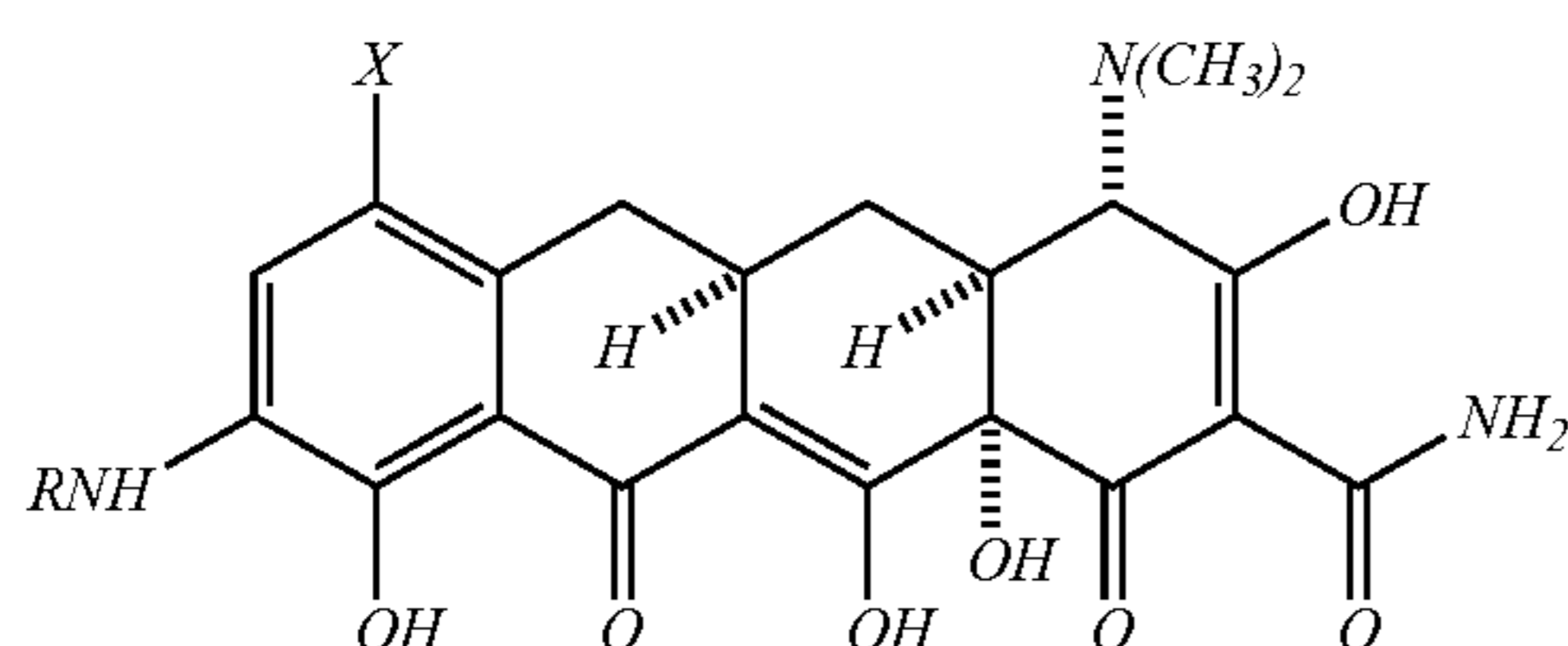
wherein  $X$  is selected from amino,  $NR^1R^2$ , or halogen, the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine, and when  $X$  is  $NR^1R^2$ ,  $R^1$  is methyl or ethyl and  $R^2$  is methyl or ethyl;  $R$  is  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$ ;  $n$  is 1-4; and  $R^4$  is monosubstituted or disubstituted amino selected from straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, *n*-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

5. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals which comprises administering to said animal having a bacterial infection a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of formula I:



wherein  $X$  is  $N(CH_3)_2$  and  $R$  is  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  where  $n=1-4$  and  $R^4$  is monosubstituted or disubstituted amino selected from straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino, with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, *n*-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

6. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals which comprises administering to said animal having a bacterial infection a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of formula I:

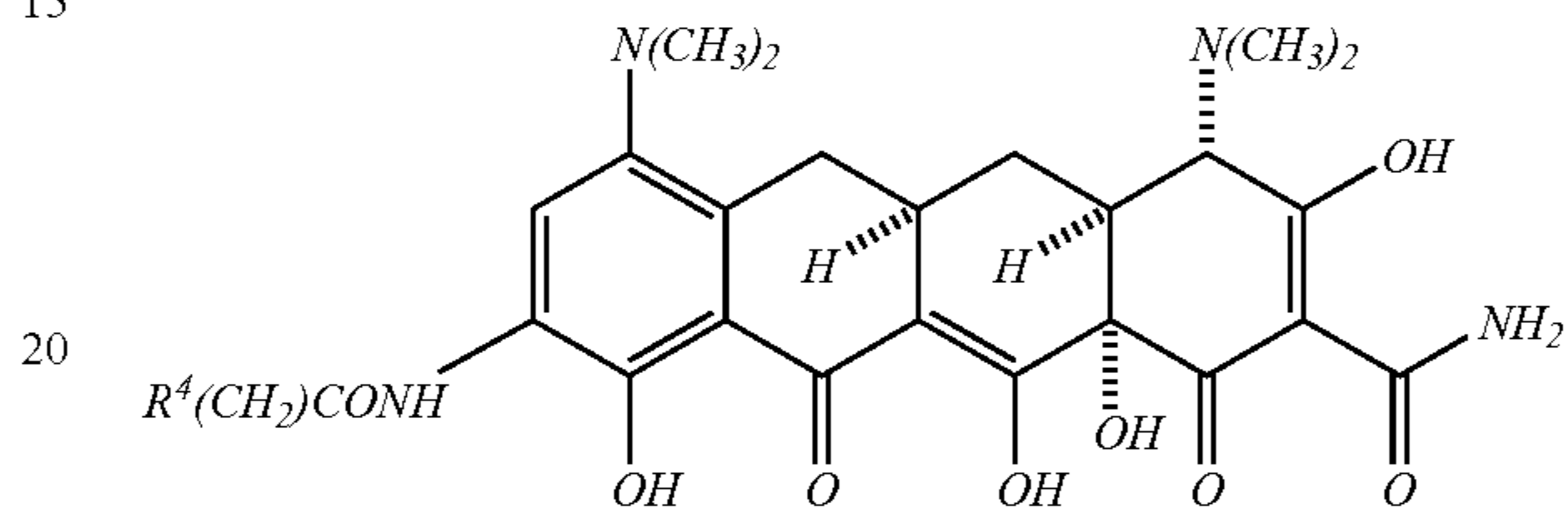


wherein  $X$  is  $N(CH_3)_2$  and  $R$  is  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  where  $n$  is 1 and  $R^4$  is monosubstituted or disubstituted amino selected

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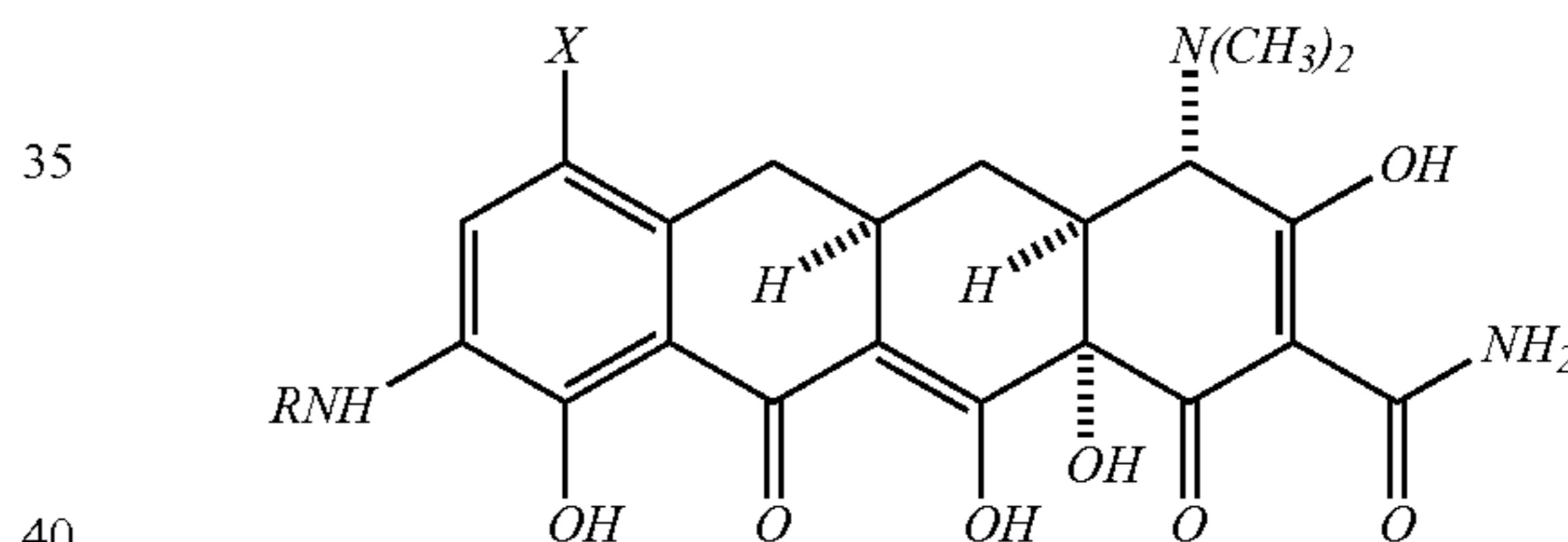
from straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino, with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, *n*-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

7. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals which comprises administering to said animal having a bacterial infection a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of formula I:



wherein  $R^4$  is a monosubstituted straight or branched  $C_4$ -alkylamino, and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

8. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals caused by bacteria having the TetM and TetK resistant determinants which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount of a compound of the formula:



wherein:

$X$  is selected from amino,  $NR^1R^2$  or halogen; the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine;  $R^1$  is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl and 1-methylpropyl;  $R^2$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, and 1,1-dimethylethyl such that when  $X=NR^1R^2$  and  $R^1$ =hydrogen,

$R^2$ =methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; and when  $R^1$ =methyl or ethyl,

$R^2$ =methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $R^1$ =*n*-propyl,

$R^2$ =*n*-propyl, 1-methylethyl, *n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $R^1$ =1-methylethyl,

$R^2$ =*n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $R^1$ =*n*-butyl,

$R^2$ =*n*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;

and when  $R^1$ =1-methylpropyl,

$R^2$ =2-methylpropyl;

$R$  is selected from  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  or  $R^4(CH_2)_nSO_2-$ ; and  $n=0-4$ ;

and when  $R=R^A(CH_2)_nCO-$  and  $n=0$ ,

$R^A$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl;  $\alpha$ -amino-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from aminomethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl,  $\alpha$ -aminopropyl or  $\alpha$ -aminobutyl; carboxy (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkylamino selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid or  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid and the optical isomers thereof; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl;  $\alpha$ -mercapto (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl selected from mercaptomethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercaptoethyl,  $\alpha$ -mercapto-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -mercaptopropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; a heterocycle selected from the group consisting of a five membered aromatic or saturated ring with one N, O, S or Se heteroatom optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a five membered aromatic ring with two N, O, S, or Se heteroatoms optionally having a benzo or pyrido ring fused thereto, a six membered aromatic ring with one to three N, O, S or Se heteroatoms, or a six membered saturated ring with one or two N, O, S or Se heteroatoms and an adjacent appended O heteroatom; acyl or haloacyl group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, straight or branched butoxycarbonyl or allyloxycarbonyl; vinyl or a substituted vinyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl,  $\beta$ -naphthyl, halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, or a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy; vinyloxy or a substituted vinyloxy group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, cyano, carboxy, or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl;  $R^aR^b$ amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or

branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or  $R^aR^b$  is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl, O, S,  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or  $R^aR^b$ aminoxy group, wherein  $R^aR^b$  is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, or 1,1-dimethylethyl or  $R^aR^b$  is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or  $-(CH_2)_2W(CH_2)_2-$  wherein W is selected from  $-N(C_1-C_3)$  alkyl, O, S,  $-NH$ ,  $-NOB$  and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl;

and when  $R=R^A(CH_2)_nCO-$  and  $n=1-4$ ,

$R^A$  is selected from hydrogen; amino; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl or  $\beta$ -naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyl; acyloxy or haloacyloxy group selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl, halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzyl or (heterocycle)-carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aralkyloxy; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylthio group selected from methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio or allylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio group selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; C<sub>6</sub>-arylsulfonyl group selected from phenylsulfonyl or substituted phenylsulfonyl with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)aralkylthio group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched chain (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)azacycloalkyl group; a carboxy (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino group with the carboxy alkyl selected from aminoacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminopropionic acid,  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid and the optical isomers thereof;  $\alpha$ -hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from hydroxymethyl,  $\alpha$ -hydroxyethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-1-methylethyl or  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropyl; halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloroacetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle)carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined

hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonylamino group selected from tert-butoxycarbonylamino, allyloxycarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino or propoxycarbonylamino; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl group selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>-amino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6 or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB, and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=0

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from amino; monosubstituted amino selected from straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylamino, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, benzylamino or phenylamino; disubstituted amino selected from dimethylamino, diethylamino, ethyl(1-methylethyl)amino, monomethylbenzylamino, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolyl, 1-(1,2,3-triazolyl) or 4-(1,2,4-triazolyl); straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, trihalo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methyl-ethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl; and when R=R<sup>4</sup> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>- and n=1-4,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) carboxyalkyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl; a substituted (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkyl group with substitution selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, cyano, amino or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-acyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; a substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group with sub-

stitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, tri-halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, nitro, amino, cyano, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino or carboxy; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl selected from benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl or phenylpropyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy; C<sub>6</sub>-aryloxy selected from phenoxy or substituted phenoxy with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aralkyloxy; R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> amino (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl, O, S, -NH, or -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> aminoxy group, wherein R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is a straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl or R<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, m=2-6, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- wherein W is selected from -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, O, S, -NH, -NOB and B is selected from hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkylthio selected from methylthio, ethylthio or n-propylthio; C<sub>6</sub>-arylthio selected from phenylthio or substituted phenylthio with substitution selected from halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, nitro, cyano, thiol, amino, carboxy, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkylamino; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>) aralkylthio; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; hydroxy; mercapto; mono- or di-straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl- amino group with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 1-methylethyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl; halo (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl; acyl or haloacyl selected from acetyl, propionyl, chloro-acetyl, trifluoroacetyl; (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) cycloalkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl selected from benzoyl or naphthoyl; halo substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aroyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylbenzoyl, or (heterocycle) carbonyl, the heterocycle as defined hereinabove; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl selected from methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, straight or branched propoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl or straight or branched butoxycarbonyl; R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>) aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl;

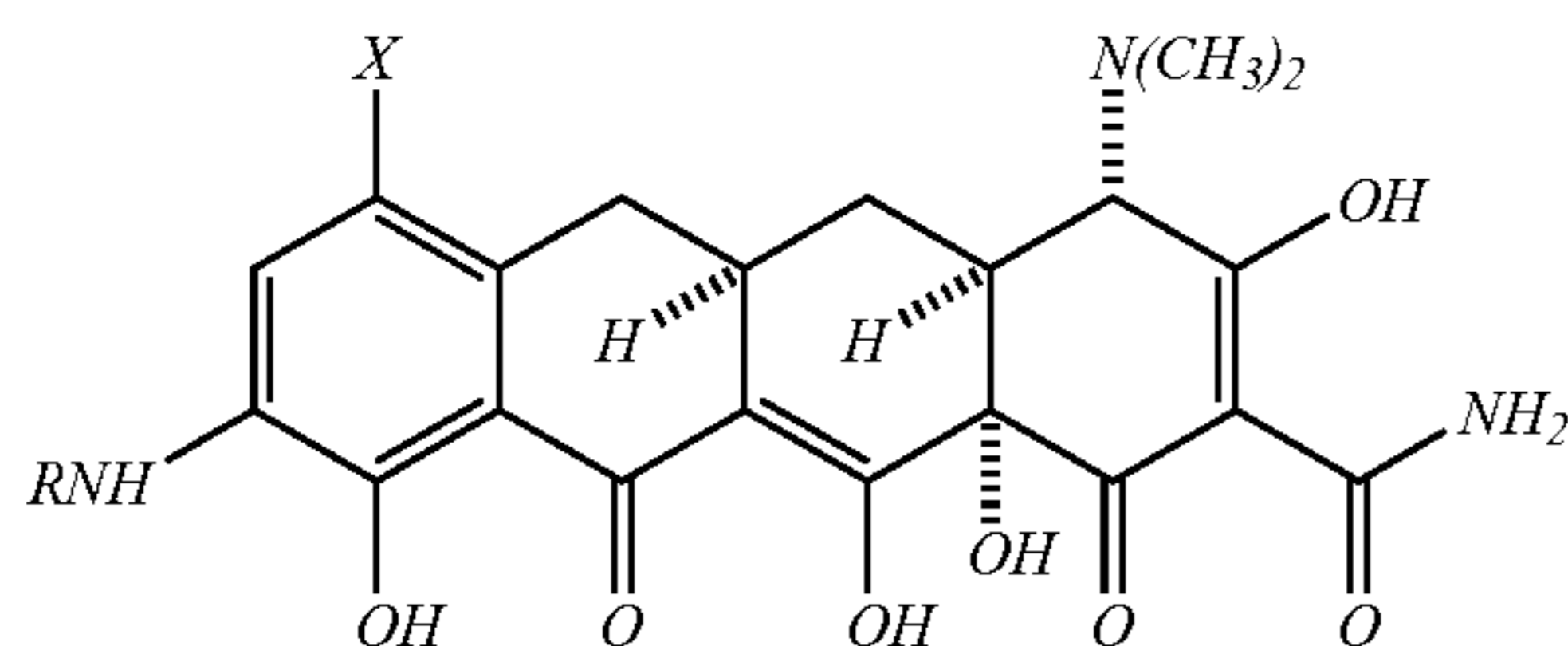
R<sup>6</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl group selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl group selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; (C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)-aralkyl group; a heterocycle as defined hereinabove; or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>7</sup> where n=0-4 and R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen; straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or 1-methylethyl; or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl selected from phenyl, α-naphthyl or β-naphthyl; with the proviso that R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> cannot both be hydrogen;

or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> taken together are -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>W(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, wherein W is selected from (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub> and q=0-1, -NH,

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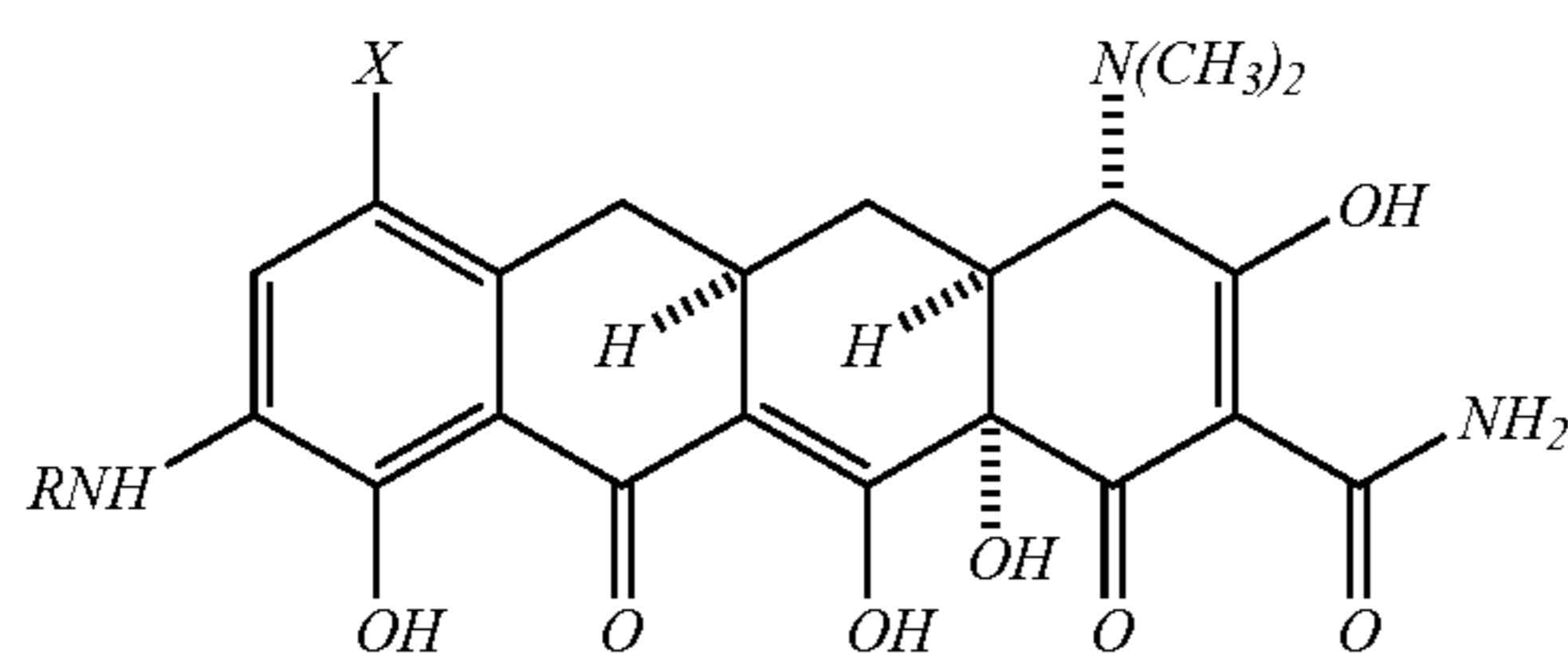
— $N(C_1-C_3)$ -alkyl, — $N(C_1-C_4)$  alkoxy, oxygen, sulfur or substituted congeners selected from (L or D)proline, ethyl(L or D)prolinate, morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine; and the pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

9. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals caused by bacteria having the TetM and TetK resistant determinants which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount as of compound of formula I:



wherein  $X$  is selected from amino,  $NR^1R^2$ , or halogen, the halogen is selected from bromine, chlorine, fluorine or iodine, and when  $X$  is  $NR^1R^2$ ,  $R^1$  is methyl or ethyl and  $R^2$  is methyl or ethyl;  $R$  is  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$ ;  $n$  is 1-4; and  $R^4$  is monosubstituted or disubstituted amino selected from straight or branched chain ( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl,  $n$ -propyl, 1-methylethyl,  $n$ -butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl,  $n$ -hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

10. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals caused by bacteria having the TetM and TetK resistant determinants which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount as of compound of formula I:

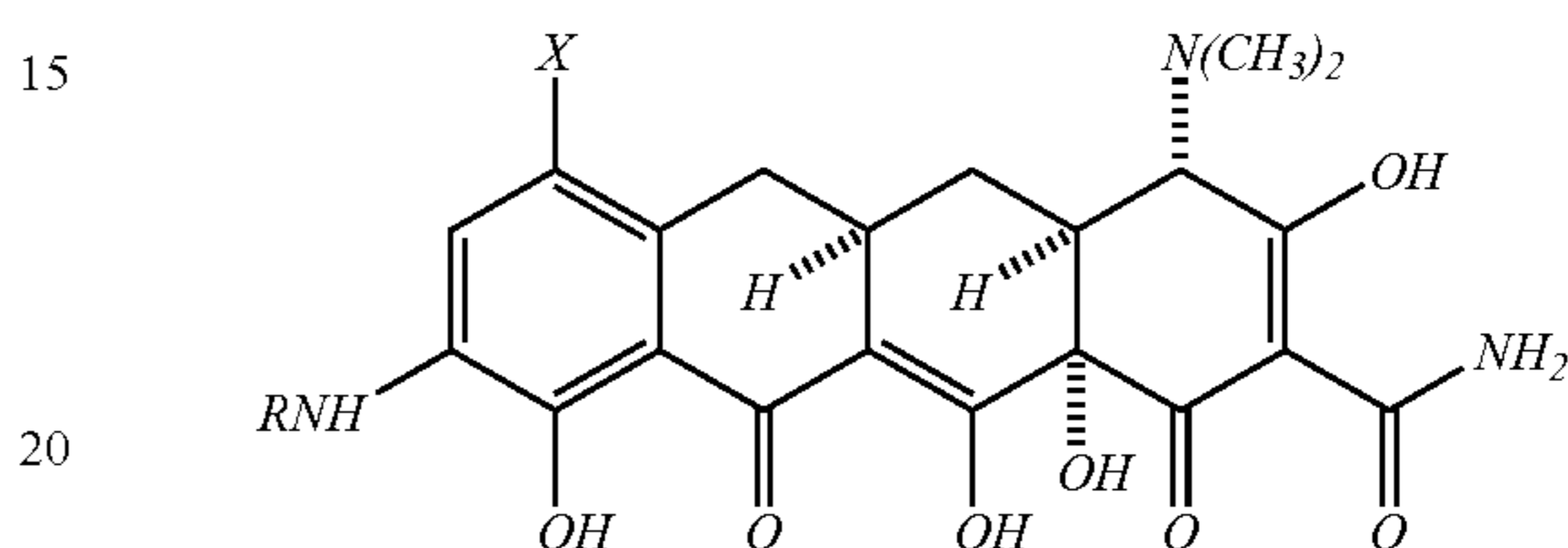


wherein  $X$  is  $N(CH_3)_2$  and  $R$  is  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  where  $n=1-4$  and  $R^4$  is monosubstituted or disubstituted amino selected from straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino, with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl,  $n$ -propyl, 1-methylethyl,  $n$ -butyl,

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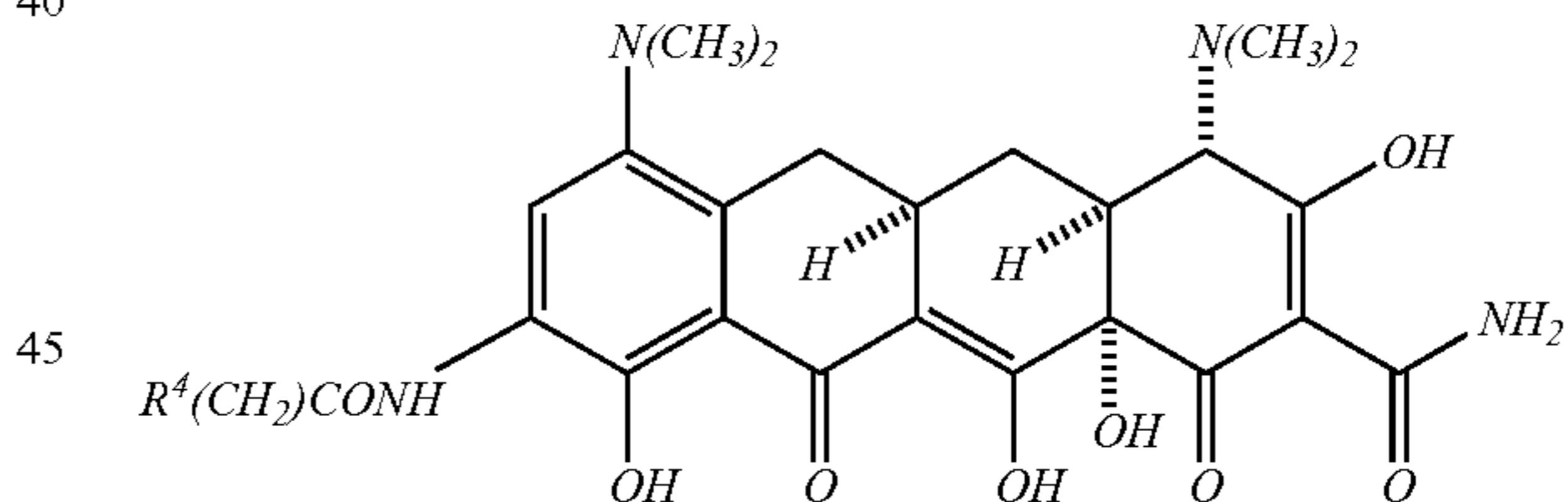
1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl,  $n$ -hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

11. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals caused by bacteria having the TetM and TetK resistant determinants which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount as of compound of formula I:



wherein  $X$  is  $N(CH_3)_2$  and  $R$  is  $R^4(CH_2)_nCO-$  where  $n$  is 1 and  $R^4$  is monosubstituted or disubstituted amino selected from straight or branched ( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino, with the alkyl selected from methyl, ethyl,  $n$ -propyl, 1-methylethyl,  $n$ -butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylethyl, 2-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 3-methylbutyl,  $n$ -hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl or 1-methyl-1-ethylpropyl and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metal complexes.

12. A method for the treatment or control of bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals caused by bacteria having the TetM and TetK resistant determinants which comprises administering to said animal a pharmacologically effective amount as of compound of formula I:



wherein  $R^4$  is a monosubstituted straight or branched  $C_4$ -alkylamino, and pharmacologically acceptable organic and inorganic salts or metals complexes.

\* \* \* \* \*

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : RE 40,086 E  
APPLICATION NO. : 11/318390  
DATED : February 19, 2008  
INVENTOR(S) : Joseph J. Hlavka et al.

Page 1 of 4

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

**In column 144, line 23, claim 1:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 145, line 31, claim 1:**

Change "(C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralklamino" to --(C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>)aralkylamino--.

**In column 145, line 51, claim 1:**

Change "naphthoyl" to --naphthoyl--.

**In column 145, line 59, claim 1:**

Change "α-naphthyl" to --α-naphthyl--.

**In column 145, line 62, claim 1:**

Change "(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkoxy," to --(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy,--.

**In column 146, line 56, claim 1:**

Change "1-methylethyl" to --1-methylethyl--.

**In column 146, line 67, claim 1:**

Change "α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl" to --α-hydroxy-1-methylethyl--.

**In column 147, line 2, claim 1:**

Change "trifluoroacetyl" to --trifluoroacetyl--.

**In column 147, line 17, claim 1:**

Change "methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl" to --or 2-methylpropyl--.

**In column 147, line 21, claim 1:**

Change "is straight" to --is a straight--.

**In column 148, line 18, claim 1:**

Change "alkoxy" to --alkoxy,--.

**In column 149, line 17, claim 2:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 150, line 28, claim 2:**

Change "hydromethyl" to --hydroxymethyl--.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : RE 40,086 E  
APPLICATION NO. : 11/318390  
DATED : February 19, 2008  
INVENTOR(S) : Joseph J. Hlavka et al.

Page 2 of 4

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

**In column 151, line 19, claim 2:**

Change "2-methylpropyl," to --2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl;  
(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl,--.

**In column 152, line 19, claim 2:**

Change "is straight" to --is a straight--.

**In column 153, line 33, claim 2:**

Change "(C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>) aralkythio" to --(C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>) aralkylthio--.

**In column 154, line 13, claim 3:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 154, line 39, claim 3:**

Change "n-methylpropyl" to --n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl--.

**In column 154, line 46, claim 3:**

Change "R<sup>1</sup>=n-butyl;" to --R<sup>1</sup>=n-butyl,--.

**In column 154, line 60, claim 3:**

Change "morphonlinyl" to --morpholinyl--.

**In column 158, lines 33-61, claim 3:**

Delete the recitation beginning with "R<sup>5</sup> is selected from..." on line 33 and ending with "morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine;" on lines 60-61.

**In column 158, line 63, claim 4:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 159, line 15, claim 4:**

Change "disubstitued" to --disubstituted--.

**In column 159, line 25, claim 5:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 159, line 51, claim 6:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : RE 40,086 E  
APPLICATION NO. : 11/318390  
DATED : February 19, 2008  
INVENTOR(S) : Joseph J. Hlavka et al.

Page 3 of 4

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

**In column 160, line 10, claim 7:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 160, line 28, claim 8:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 164, line 45 – col. 165, line 4, claim 8:**

Delete the recitation beginning with "R<sup>5</sup> is selected..." on line 45 in column 164 and ending with "morpholine, pyrrolidine or piperidine;" on lines 3-4 in column 165.

**In column 165, line 6, claim 9:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 165, line 10, claim 9:**

Change "as of" to --of a--.

**In column 165, line 35, claim 10:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 165, line 39, claim 10:**

Change "as of" to --of a--.

**In column 166, line 8, claim 11:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 166, line 12, claim 11:**

Change "as of" to --of a--.

**In column 166, line 23, claim 11:**

Change "N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>and" to --N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and--.

**In column 166, line 35, claim 12:**

Change "treatment or control" to --treatment--.

**In column 166, line 39, claim 12:**

Change "as of" to --of a--.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : RE 40,086 E  
APPLICATION NO. : 11/318390  
DATED : February 19, 2008  
INVENTOR(S) : Joseph J. Hlavka et al.

Page 4 of 4

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

**In column 166, line 52, claim 12:**  
Change "metals" to --metal--.

Signed and Sealed this

Thirtieth Day of June, 2009



JOHN DOLL  
*Acting Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office*