



US00PP34340P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Geibel

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP34,340 P2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jun. 14, 2022**

(54) **PELARGONIUM PLANT NAMED**
‘REGARWHITE’

(50) Latin Name: *Pelargonium grandiflorum*
Varietal Denomination: **Regarwhite**

(71) Applicant: **ELSNER pac JUNGPFANZEN**
GbR, Thiendorf (DE)

(72) Inventor: **Martin Geibel**, Dresden (DE)

(73) Assignee: **ELSNER pac JUNGPFANZEN**
GbR, Thiendorf (DE)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **17/475,043**

(22) Filed: **Sep. 14, 2021**

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/02 (2018.01)
A01H 6/42 (2018.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **Plt./331**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC Plt./263.1, 324, 331
See application file for complete search history.

Primary Examiner — Karen M Redden

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — C. Anne Whealy

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of Regal Geranium plant named
‘Regarwhite’, characterized by its upright, outwardly
spreading and uniformly mounded plant habit; moderately
vigorous growth habit; freely basal branching habit; early
and freely flowering habit; and white-colored flowers.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Pelargonium grandiflorum*.
Cultivar denomination: ‘REGARWHITE’.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of Regal Geranium plant, botanically known as *Pelargonium*
grandiflorum, and hereinafter referred to by the name
‘Regarwhite’.

The new Regal Geranium plant is a product of a planned
breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Dresden,
Germany. The objective of the breeding program is to
develop new early flowering Regal Geranium plants that do
not require a cooling treatment for flower development.

The new Regal Geranium plant originated from a cross-
pollination made by the Inventor of two unidentified pro-
prietary selections of *Pelargonium grandiflorum*, not pat-
ented, during the summer of 2015. Seed was collected from
a number of potential parent plants, combined and sown.
The new Regal Geranium plant was discovered and selected
by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the
progeny of the stated mass cross-pollination in a controlled
greenhouse environment in Dresden, Germany during the
spring of 2016.

Asexual reproduction of the new Regal Geranium plant
by vegetative terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse
environment in Dresden, Germany since October, 2016 has
shown that the unique features of this new Regal Geranium
plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive
generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new Regal Geranium have not been observed
under all possible combinations of environmental conditions
and cultural practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat
with various environmental conditions such as temperature
and light intensity without, however, any variance in geno-
type.

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The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
are determined to be the unique characteristics of ‘Regar-
white’. These characteristics in combination distinguish
‘Regarwhite’ as a new and distinct Regal Geranium plant:

1. Upright, outwardly spreading and uniformly mounded
plant habit.
2. Moderately vigorous growth habit.
3. Freely basal branching habit.
4. Early and freely flowering habit.
5. White-colored flowers.

Plants of the new Regal Geranium can be compared to
plants of the *Pelargonium grandiflorum* ‘Camwhimp’, not
patented. In side-by-side comparisons, plants of the new
Regal Geranium differ from plants of ‘Camwhimp’ in the
following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new Regal Geranium are larger than plants
of ‘Camwhimp’.
2. Plants of the new Regal Geranium have larger leaves
than plants of ‘Camwhimp’.
3. Plants of the new Regal Geranium have larger flowers
with larger petals than plants of ‘Camwhimp’.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the
overall appearance of the new Regal Geranium plant show-
ing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in
colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph
may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed
botanical description which accurately describe the colors of
the new Regal Geranium plant. The photograph is a side
perspective view of a typical flowering plant of ‘Regar-
white’ grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observa-
tions, measurements and values describe plants grown dur-

ing the winter, spring and summer in 19-cm containers in a glass-covered greenhouse in Thiendorf, Germany and under cultural practices typical of commercial Regal Geranium production. During the production of the plants, day temperatures averaged 18° C., night temperatures averaged 16° C. and light levels ranged from 15 kilolux to 100 kilolux. Plants were given a eight-week cooling treatment at 9° C. to enhance flower development. Plants were five months old when the photograph was taken and seven months old when the description was taken. In the detailed description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Pelargonium grandiflorum* 'Regar-white'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Unidentified proprietary selection of *Pelargonium grandiflorum*, not patented.

Male or pollen parent.—Unidentified proprietary selection of *Pelargonium grandiflorum*, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By vegetative terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About 18 days at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About 22 days at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About four weeks at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About four weeks at temperatures about 18° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; typically white in color, actual color of the roots is dependent on substrate composition, water quality, fertilizer type and formulation, substrate temperature and physiological age of roots.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; dense.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Upright, outwardly spreading and uniformly mounded plant habit; broad inverted triangle; densely foliated; moderately vigorous growth habit; medium growth rate; freely basal branching habit with about five primary lateral branches each with five secondary lateral branches developing per plant.

Plant height, to top of leaves.—About 28 cm.

Plant height, to top of umbels.—About 34 cm.

Plant width.—About 50 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 20 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm. Internode length: About 3.5 cm. Texture: Moderately pubescent; semi-glossy. Color: Close to 144A.

Leaf description:

Arrangement.—Alternate and opposite; simple.

Length.—About 6 cm.

Width.—About 6.7 cm.

Shape.—Rhomboid.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Cordate, open.

Margin.—Serrate with shallow and divergent indentations.

Venation pattern.—Palmate.

Texture and luster, upper and lower surfaces.—Sparsely pubescent; leathery; semi-glossy.

Color.—Developing and fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 137C; venation, close to 137C. Developing and fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 146B; venation, close to 146B. Zonation pattern: None discernible.

Petioles.—Length: About 3 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Moderate. Texture and luster, upper and lower surfaces: Moderately pubescent; medium glossiness. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement and flowering habit.—Single rotate flowers arranged in rounded hemispherical umbels arising from apical leaf axils; umbels displayed above the foliar plane on strong peduncles; flowers face mostly upright to outwardly depending on position on the inflorescence; freely flowering habit; about three flowers per umbel and numerous umbels developing per plant.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flowering season.—Early flowering habit, plants begin flowering about five months after planting; in outdoor gardens in Germany, plants flower during the spring and summer; plants do not require a cooling treatment for flower initiation and development, however a cooling period of eight weeks at 9° C. will enhance overall plant quality.

Flower longevity.—Flowers last about six to ten days on the plant; umbels last about three to four weeks on the plant; flowers not persistent.

Umbel height.—About 7.5 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 10 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 6 cm by 7 cm.

Flower depth (height).—About 3 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 1.5 cm. Diameter: About 6 mm. Shape: Spindle-shaped. Texture and luster: Pubescent; semi-glossy. Color: Close to 146B.

Petals.—Quantity per flower: Five arranged in a single whorl; petals imbricate. Length, upper petals: About 4.2 cm. Length, lower petals: About 4.5 cm. Width, upper petals: About 3.8 cm. Width, lower petals: About 2.6 cm. Shape, all petals: Obovate. Apex, all petals: Rounded. Base, all petals: Cuneate. Margin, all petals: Entire; moderately undulate. Texture and luster, all petals, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; glossy. Color, all petals: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 155D; venation, close to 155D; color does not change with subsequent development. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 155D; venation, close to 155D; color does not change with subsequent development.

Sepals.—Quantity per flower: Five, arranged in a single whorl. Length: About 1.6 cm. Width: About 4 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture and luster, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent; semi-glossy. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 146B.

Peduncle (umbel stem).—Length: About 6 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Strong, flexible. Angle: Slightly outwardly slanted. Texture and luster: Pubescent; glossy. Color: Close to 146A.

Pedicel (individual flower stem).—Length: About 3 cm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Strength: Strong; flex-

ible. Angle: Slightly outwardly slanted. Texture and luster: Pubescent; glossy. Color: Close to 146B.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen quantity per flower: About eleven. Filament length: About 1.5 cm. Filament color: Close to 155D. Anther size: About 1 mm by 2 mm. Anther shape: Tubular. Anther color: Close to 72A. Pollen amount: Abundant. Pollen color: Close to 171B. Gynoecium: Pistil quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 2 cm. Stigma diameter: About 5 mm. Stigma shape: Five-parted. Stigma color: Close to 61A. Style length: About 1.2 cm. Style color: Close to 61C. Ovary color: Close to

147C. Seeds and fruits: To date, seed and fruit development have not been observed on plants of the new Regal Geranium.

Pathogen & pest resistance: To date, plants of the new Regal Geranium have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to Regal Geranium plants.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new Regal Geranium have been observed to tolerate temperatures ranging from about 1° C. to about 35° C. to 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct Regal Geranium plant named 'Regarwhite' as illustrated and described.

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