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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
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- (54) **VACCINIUM CORYMBOSUM L. PLANT NAMED 'RYOKU NH-12'**
- (50) Latin Name: *Vaccinium corymbosum* L.  
Varietal Denomination: RYOKU NH-12
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- (52) **U.S. Cl.**  
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CPC ..... **A01H 5/08** (2013.01)
- (58) **Field of Classification Search**  
USPC ..... **Plt./157**  
See application file for complete search history.

*Primary Examiner* — Annette H Para(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Oblon, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, L.L.P.(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct variety of *Vaccinium corymbosum* L. plant named 'RYOKU NH-12', characterized by having more compact plant size, comparatively early fruit ripening time, comparatively large and uniform fruit size, firmer and lower dehiscent fruits, sweeter fruits, better taste balance of sweetness and acidity, and better taste of fruits, as compared to other *Vaccinium corymbosum* L. varieties.

**8 Drawing Sheets****1**

The Latin name of the genus and species of the novel variety disclosed herein is: *Vaccinium corymbosum* L.

The novel variety of the *Vaccinium corymbosum* L. disclosed herein has been given the variety denomination: 'RYOKU NH-12'.  
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**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This application claims priority to Japanese Plant Breeders' Rights Application No. 31724, filed Jan. 4, 2017, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.  
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**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct hybrid variety of northern highbush blueberry (*Vaccinium corymbosum* L.) named 'RYOKU NH-12'. This novel variety was found by open pollination of 'Spartan', 'Duke' and 'Denies Blue' in the tests conducted for the period from 2004 to 2008 in Matsumoto-City, Nagano-prefecture, Japan. As stated below, 'RYOKU NH-12' has apparently different characteristics from those of the 'Spartan' and 'Duke', both being widely planted and important varieties in the Chubu district of Japan.  
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**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

Blueberry variety 'RYOKU NH-12' exhibits outstanding and distinguishing characteristics when grown under normal

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horticultural conditions in the area from Nagano-prefecture to the north of the Kanto in Japan, including:

- (1) more compact plant size;  
(2) comparatively early fruit ripening time (50% fruit ripening around late June of each year in Matsumoto, Nagano, Japan);  
(3) comparatively large and uniform fruit size;  
(4) firmer and lower dehiscent fruits;  
(5) sweeter fruits with better taste balance of sweetness and acidity; and  
(6) better taste of fruits.  
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**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

The accompanying colored photographs (FIGS. 1 to 8) show typical bush, flower, fruit and leaf characteristics of the new *Vaccinium corymbosum* L. plant, 'RYOKU NH-12'. Colors shown are as accurate as can be reasonably reproduced by photographic means. In some cases, the color might differ slightly from the colors of 'RYOKU NH-12' recited in the description.  
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FIG. 1 shows a tree body of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: Jul. 9, 2014; photographed location: Matsumoto-City, Nagano-prefecture, Japan).

FIG. 2 shows a panoramic view of the cultivation area of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: Sep. 7, 2012; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).

FIG. 3 shows whole flowers of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: May 6, 2014; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).  
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FIG. 4 shows broken-down parts of a flower of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: May 6, 2014; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).

FIG. 5 shows fruits of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: Jul. 15, 2014; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).

FIG. 6 shows a cross-section of the fruits of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: Jul. 15, 2014; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).

FIG. 7 shows an upper side of the leaves (10 sheets) of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: Aug. 3, 2012; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).

FIG. 8 shows a lower side of the leaves (10 sheets) of 'RYOKU NH-12' (photographed date: Aug. 3, 2012; photographed location: same as FIG. 1).

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

##### A. Distinctive Characteristics of 'RYOKU NY-12'

As described above, 'RYOKU NH-12' was obtained by the open pollination of 'Spartan', 'Duke' and 'Denies Blue'. On Apr. 15, 2004, about 1,000 seeds obtained from the mixed fruits of 'Spartan', 'Duke' and 'Denies Blue', all of which were harvested in a field in Matsumoto-City, Nagano-prefecture, Japan, seeded in plant seeding trays, and then transplanted to pots. The resulting seedlings (about 300) were planted in cultivation pots on May 1, 2005. Fructification of the planted seedlings was started from Jun. 20, 2008 (on Year 3), and about 20 plant individuals were selected based on the characteristics, including larger fruit size, better taste balance of sweetness and acidity, higher yield per plant, earlier ripening time, large and uniform fruits, etc. For the about 20 plant individuals selected, test plots (each including about 20 cuttings per plant individual) were formed, where these plants were asexually propagated by cutting means. During the period from Jul. 20, 2010 to Dec. 25, 2016 and for 3 generations, the plants were propagated and examined for their characteristics based on the growth, and yield and fruits quality in each test plot. For 10 test plots, the characteristics of the plants were observed for the period between the flowering time and the ripening time yearly for 4 years, and since neither variant nor off-type plant was observed for the period, the characterization of 'RYOKU NH-12' was finished on Dec. 25, 2016 and the breeding was completed.

'RYOKU NH-12' is a blueberry clone distinguishable from the important blueberry varieties 'Spartan' and 'Duke', both of which are widely planted in the Chubu district of Japan, due to its characteristics including more compact plant size, comparatively early fruit ripening time, comparatively large and uniform fruit size, firmer and lower dehiscent fruits, sweeter fruits with better taste balance of sweetness and acidity, and better taste fruits. 20 plants of 'RYOKU NH-12' had been propagated by cutting means in Matsumoto, Nagano, Japan, and all the resulting plants were phenotypically indistinguishable from the original plant variety 'RYOKU NH-12'. In addition, comparing to 'Spartan' and 'Duke', the claimed plant 'RYOKU NH-12' has more compact plant size, about 1 week earlier fruit ripening time (on average, around June 25 to July 1 of each year in Matsumoto, Nagano, Japan), larger and more uniform fruit size, and firmer and sweeter fruit when compared to its related variety 'Spartan', and has more compact plant size, lower dehiscent fruits, sweeter fruits, a better balance of sweetness and acidity, and better tasting of fruits when compared to the 'Duke' variety (see Table 1 below).

The following data defining characteristics of 'RYOKU NH-12' were collected from the asexual propagation carried out in Matsumoto, Nagano, Japan. The plant history was

taken on a plot of 10 four-year-old plants growing in Matsumoto, Nagano, Japan. 'RYOKU NH-12' has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions, and the measurements provided might therefore vary if grown in different environments. Where averages are given, the sample size was 10.

##### B. Phenotypic Description of *Vaccinium corymbosum* L. ('RYOKU NH-12')

Characteristics of 'RYOKU NH-12' are further specifically described as follows:

###### 1. Plant:

*Plant vigor*.—Medium.

*Growth habit*.—Semi-upright.

*Plant size*.—Small.

*Plant height*.—1.3 m on average for 4-year old plant.

*Plant spread*.—0.8 m on average for 4-year old plant.

*Color of bark of plant*.—Dark Red, 187-B (The R.H.S. Colour Chart).

*Cold hardiness*.—Survived in winter frost (below -10° C.) with minimum damage.

*Ease of propagation*.—Propagated from each of the dormant wood cutting and the softwood stem cutting, where the rooting percentage was greater than 70% and comparable to the other varieties.

###### 2. Trunk and branches:

*Suckering tendency*.—Medium suckering tendency.

*Surface texture (of 6-month-old shoots)*.—Medium smoothness.

*Surface texture (of 3-year-old and older wood)*.—Medium smoothness.

*Color of new twigs observed in the field*.—Orangish yellow green.

*Internode length*.—16.2 mm on average.

###### 3. Leaves:

*Length including petiole*.—54.0 mm on average.

*Width of leaf at widest point*.—33.0 mm on average.

*Shape*.—Ovate.

*Leaf margin*.—Entire.

*Color*.—Upper surface of leaves: Dark Yellowish Green, 139-A. Lower surface of leaves: Strong Yellow Green, 143-A (The R.H.S. Colour Chart).

*Pubescence*.—Upper Surface of leaves: Absent. Lower Surface of leaves: Absent. Margin: Absent.

*Timing of vegetative bud burst*.—Medium.

###### 4. Flowers:

*Shape*.—Campanulate.

*Color of opened flower*.—Pale Yellow Green, 157-C (The R.H.S. Colour Chart).

*Flowering period*.—Mean date of 50% opening of flowers in Matsumoto-City, Nagano-prefecture, Japan is May 1 (2 days earlier than 'Spartan' variety).

*Corolla*.—Diameter: 7.4 mm on average. Length (from pedicel attachment point to corolla tip excluding the pedicel): 10.8 mm on average. Color: light green white. Anthocyanin coloration in corolla tube — Absent or very weak.

###### 5. Reproductive organs:

*Pollen*.—Color: Yellow.

###### 6. Fruit:

*Mean date of 50% harvest in Matsumoto-City, Nagano-prefecture*.—July 1 on average.

*Diameter of calyx aperture on mature berry*.—5.9 mm on average.

*Size and shape of calyx lobe on mature berry.*—  
Medium in size, outcurving, and having deep calyx basin.

*Detachment force for ripe berries (easy, medium, hard).*—Easy.

*Detachment force for ripe berries (easy, medium, hard).*—Easy.

*Fruit cluster density (sparse, medium, dense).*—Me-

*Emitting-type*. On one year old shoots only.

Fruit

Berry: Clustered (tight, medium, loose). Medium

*Cluster (tight, medium, loose).*—Medium.  
*Weight (on well-pruned plants)* 3.79 g on average

*Height*—14.9 mm on average

*Width* = 20.4 mm on average

*Width* = 20.4 mm  
*Shape* = Oblate

*Skin of fruit, with bloom*.—Light Purplish Blue, 98-D  
(The R.H.S. Colour Chart).

(The R.H.S. Colour Chart).  
*Intensity of fruit bloom.*—Medium.

*Skin of fruit, without bloom.*—Greyish Purplish Blue, 103-A (The R.H.S. Colour Chart).

*Immature berry color, with bloom*.—Medium green.

*Immature berry color, without bloom.*—Medium green.  
*Immature berry color, without bloom.*—Yellow green.  
*Flesh color.*—Light Yellow Green, 150-D (The R.H.S.)

## Colour Chart).

*Peel color*.—Medium blue.  
*Color of seeds*.—Moderate Orange, N167-C (The

R.H.S. Colour Chart).

*Pedicel scar.*—Medium

*Firmness*.—Medium.  
*Intensity of fruit sweetness*.—High, Bx 14.5.

*Intensity of fruit acidity.*—High, pH 2.59.  
*Texture.*—Somewhat soft pulp, very juicy, medium

Use: 'RYOKU NH-12' produce northern highbush blueberries suitable for fruit-picking farms, fresh fruit markets and processed fruit market, etc.

berries suitable for fruit-picking farms, fresh fruit markets and processed fruit market, etc.

9. Resistance to disease, insects, and mites: ‘RYOKU NH-12’ grew vigorously and showed excellent bush survival in the field. It appears to be tolerant to stem blight (*Botryosphaeria* spp.) and root rot (*Phytophthora cinnamoni*), with very few young plants dying soon after planting. The response of ‘RYOKU NH-12’ to the various fungal species that cause summer leaf spots is typical of other northern highbush varieties, and fungicide applications may be needed after harvest in order to reduce foliar diseases and to retain leaves until autumn and make maximum flower bud set. Similarly, susceptibility to typical blueberry insect and mite pathogens, such as spotted wing drosophila (*Drosophila suzukii*), blueberry gall midge (*Dasineura oxycoccana*) and blueberry bud mite (*Acalitus vaccini*), is similar to other northern highbush cultivars.

TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)

4	3	PQ	One-year-old shoot: color	Color of middle part of shoot extended before dormant period
5		QN	One-year-old shoot: length	Length of middle part of shoot extended before dormant period
6	4	QN	One-year-old shoot: length of internode (upper half)	Length of internode of shoot extended before dormant period (upper half)
7	5 (*)	QN	Leaf: length	Length of leaf sufficiently expanded
8	6	QN	Leaf: width	Maximum width of mature leaf
9	7	QN	Leaf: ratio length/width	Ratio of leaf length to maximum width (leaf length/leaf width)
10	8 (*)	PQ	Leaf: shape	Shape of mature leaf
11		QN (+)	Leaf: shape of tip	Shape of tip of mature leaf
12	9	QL	Leaf: color of upper side	Color of surface of mature leaf
13	10 (*)	QN	Only varieties with green leaf color : Leaf: intensity of green color on upper side	Intensity of green color on surface of mature leaf
14	11 (*)	QL	Leaf: margin	Type of margin of mature leaf
15	12	QN	Flower bud: anthocyanin coloration	Intensity of anthocyanin coloration of flower bud occurring to one year old shoot
16	13	QN	Inflorescence: length (excluding peduncle)	Length of inflorescence at flowering time (excluding peduncle)
17	14	PQ	Flower: shape of corolla	Shape of corolla at full bloom
18		PQ	Flower: color of corolla	Color of corolla at full bloom
19	15 (*)	QN	Flower: size of corolla tube	Size of corolla tube at full bloom
20	16 (*)	QN	Flower: anthocyanin coloration of corolla tube	Intensity of anthocyanin coloration on surface of corolla tube
21	17	QL	Flower: ridges on corolla tube	Presence or absence of ridges on corolla tube
22	18	QN	Fruit cluster: density	Density of fruit per fruit cluster
23	19 (*)	QN	Unripe fruit: intensity of green color	Intensity of green color of fruit before ripening
24	20 (*)	QN	Fruit: size	Size of fruit at ripening
25	21 (*)	PQ (+)	Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	Shape in longitudinal section of fruit at ripening
26		QN (+)	Fruit: size of scar	Size of stem scar of mature fruit

TABLE 1

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)

Charact. No.	UPOV No	Code	Characteristics	Definition
1	1 (*)	QN (+)	Plant: vigor	Strength of growth level of plant
2		QN	Plant: size	Size of plant crown
3	2 (*)	QN G	Plant: growth habit	Whole shape of plant without pruning during dormant period

TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)			
27	PQ (+)	Fruit: shape of calyx cavity	Shape of calyx cavity of mature fruit
28	22	QN	Fruit: attitude of sepals
29	23	QN	Fruit: type of sepals
30	24	QN	Fruit: diameter of calyx basin
31	25	QN	Fruit: depth of calyx basin
32	26 (*)	QN	Fruit: intensity of bloom
33	27 (*)	PQ G	Fruit: color of skin (after removal of bloom)
34	28 (*)	QN	Fruit: firmness
35		PQ	Fruit: color of flesh
36	29 (*)	QN (+)	Fruit: sweetness
37	30 (*)	QN (+)	Fruit: acidity
38	31 (*)	QL G	Plant: fruiting type
39		QN	Fruit: tendency of cracking
40	32 (*)	QN (+)	Time of vegetative bud burst
41	33 (*)	QN (+) G	Time of beginning of flowering on one-year-old shoot

TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)			
5	Measure- ment mm (a)	3 5 7	short medium long
6	VG Obser- vation (a)	3	short
10	VG	5 7	medium long
7	Measure- ment mm (b)	3 5 7	short medium long
8	MS/VG	3	narrow
15	Measure- ment mm (b)	3 5 7	medium broad
9	MS/VG	3	small
20	Measure- ment (b)	3 5 7	medium large
10	MS/VG	3	lanceolate
25	Obser- vation (b)	1 2	ovate
	VG	3	elliptic
11	Obser- vation (b)	4	oblong
	VG	3	acute
25	Obser- vation (b)	5	medium
	VG	5	medium
	Obser- vation (b)	7	obtuse
30	Obser- vation (b)	1 2	yellow green
	VG	1	yellow
13	Obser- vation (b)	3 5 7	green
	VG	3	light
	Obser- vation (b)	5	medium
	VG	7	dark
35	Obser- vation (b)	1 2	entire
	VG	1	serrate
14	Obser- vation (b)	3	weak
	VG	5	medium
15	Obser- vation (a)	3 5 7	strong
	VG	7	strong
40	Standard Variety (Ex. Var.)	16	short
	Measure- ment mm	3 5 7	medium
	(c)	7	long
1	Obser- vation (a)	3	Bluetta,
	VG	5	Meader
		7	Collins,
			Weymouth
			Berkeley,
		45	Homebell, Woodard
			Avonblue,
			Bluetta, Flordablue
2	Obser- vation (a)	3	Dixi,
	VG	5	Bluecrop,
		7	Earliblue
			Homebell, Tifblue
		50	Becyblue,
			Bluechip,
			June, Spartan
3	Obser- vation (a)	1	Bluecrop,
	VG	2	Lateblue
		3	Northland,
		4	Weymouth
		19	Weymouth
			Briteblue,
			Homebell
4	Obser- vation (a)	1	Berkeley, Dixi
	VG	2	Blueray,
		3	Darrow, Weymouth
		20	Weymouth
			Berkeley,
			Dixi
		60	Berkeley,
			Dixi
		21	Herbert
			Aliceblue
		65	Berkeley,
			Dixi
			Weymouth
			Avonblue
			Bluebell, Delite,
			Collins, Coville
			Dixi, Tifblue

TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)				
22	Obser- vation (d) VG	3	sparse	Homebell, Jersey, Woodard
		5	medium	Bluechip, Bluecrop, Bluetta
		7	dense	Darrow, Herbert, Patriot
23	Obser- vation VG	3	light	Homebell,
		5	medium	June,
		7	dark	Northblue
24	Obser- vation (d) VG	3	small	Collins, Earliblue
		5	medium	Berkeley, Bluecrop, Spartan
		7	large	Bluecrop, Spartans
25	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	elliptic	Berkeley, Jersey,
		2	round	Sharpblue
		3	oblate	Earliblue, Harrison, Woodard
26	Obser- vation (d) VG	3	small	Berkeley,
		5	medium	Jersey,
		7	large	Northblue
27	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	star	Collins,
		2	circular	Earliblue
28	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	erect	Bluecrop,
		2	erect to	Spartan
		3	semi-erect	Berkeley,
29	Obser- vation (d) VG	4	semi-erect	Bluecrop,
		1	level	Spartan
		2	incurving	Berkeley,
30	Obser- vation (d) VG	3	straight	Bluechip,
		5	reflexed	Sharpblue
		7	small	Berkeley,
31	Obser- vation (d) VG	3	medium	Bluecrop,
		5	large	Rancocas,
		7	shallow	Tifblue
32	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	medium	Earliblue,
		3	weak	Jersey
		5	very weak	Blueray,
33	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	strong	Collins, Dixi
		1	medium	Dixi,
		2	blue	Herbert,
34	Obser- vation (d) VG/V/S	3	dark blue	Sharpblue
		4	blue red	Collins, Coville
		5	soft	Avonblue,
35	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	medium	Bluecrop, Tifblue
		9	firm	Berkeley,
		11	very firm	Bluechip,
36	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	light blue	Tifblue
		3	medium blue	Blueray,
		5	dark blue	Jersey, June
37	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	blue red	Dixi, Homebell
		9	soft	Herbert,
		11	medium	Homebell, Spartan
38	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	Collins, Dixi
		3	very firm	Coville, Southland
		5	firm	(35.7 mm) (25.2 mm)
39	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	very firm	(26.4 mm)
		9	firm	2
		11	very firm	2
40	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
41	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
42	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
43	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
44	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
45	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
46	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
47	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
48	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
49	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
50	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
51	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
52	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
53	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
54	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
55	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
56	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
57	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
58	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
59	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
60	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
61	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
62	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
63	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3
64	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	firm	2-3
		3	very firm	2-3
		5	firm	2-3
65	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	firm	2-3
		9	very firm	2-3
		11	firm	2-3

TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)				
35	Obser- vation (d) VG	1	white	Berkeley,
		2	cream	Bluecrop, Blueray
		3	light green	Earliblue
36	Obser- vation (d) VG	3	light purple	Bluechip,
		4	light purple	Lateblue, Sharpblue
		5	low	Aliceblue,
37	Obser- vation (d) VG	7	high	Del

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TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)			
19	5	5	6
20	1	1	3
21	9	9	9
22	5	5	5
23	5	3	5
24	7	7	7
	(3.79 g)	(4.56 g)	(3.96 g)
25	3	3	3
26	5	5	5
	(2.92 mm)	(2.30 mm)	(1.90 mm)
27	2	2	2
28	2	1	1
29	3	1	3
30	5	5	5
	(5.86 mm)	(5.80 mm)	(5.90 mm)
31	7	7	5
	(2.72 mm)	(2.20 mm)	(1.50 mm)
32	5	5	5
33	2	2	2
34	5	3	5

TABLE 1-continued

(Comparison of characteristics among varieties)			
5	35	1	2-3
	36	7	5
		(Bx 14.5)	(Bx 11.9)
	37	7	3
		(pH 2.59)	(pH 3.12)
	38	1	1
10	39	3	5
	40	5	5
		Apr. 6, 2016	Apr. 8, 2016
	41	3	3
		Apr. 25, 2016	Apr. 24, 2016
15			Apr. 24, 2016
20			

What is claimed is:

1. A new and distinct variety of *Vaccinium corymbosum* L. plant named 'RYOKU NH-12', as described and illustrated herein.

\* \* \* \* \*

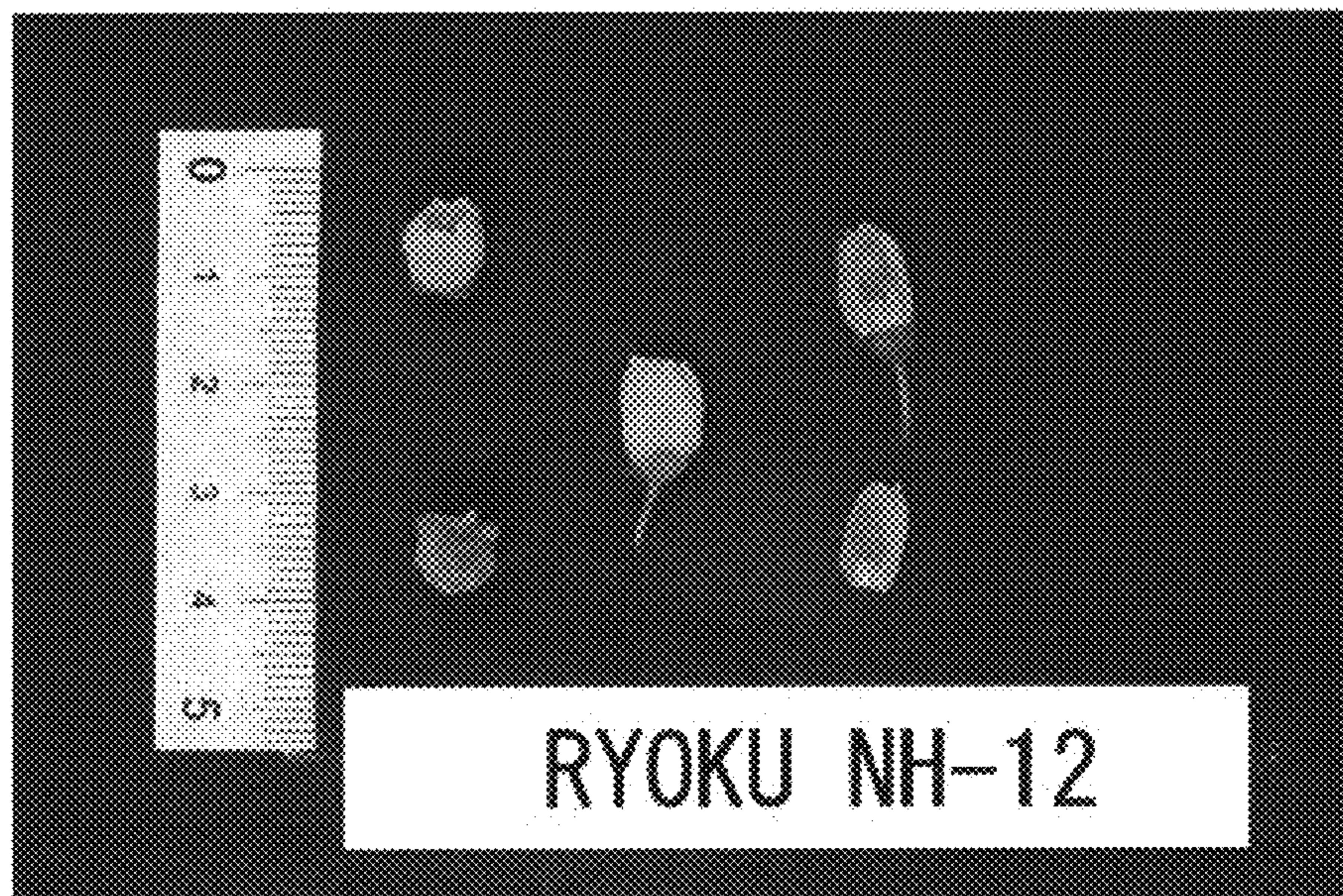
**Fig. 1**



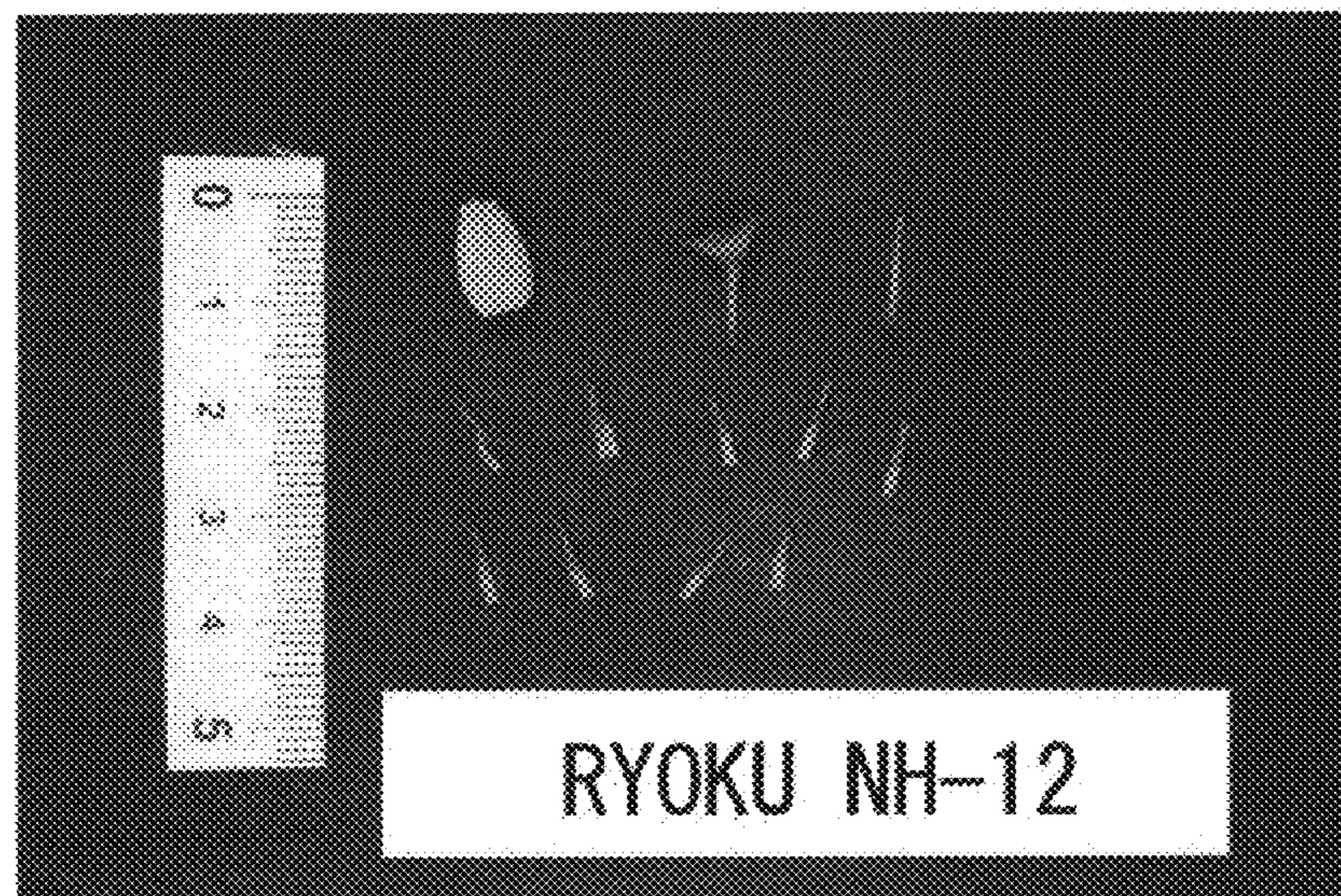
**Fig. 2**



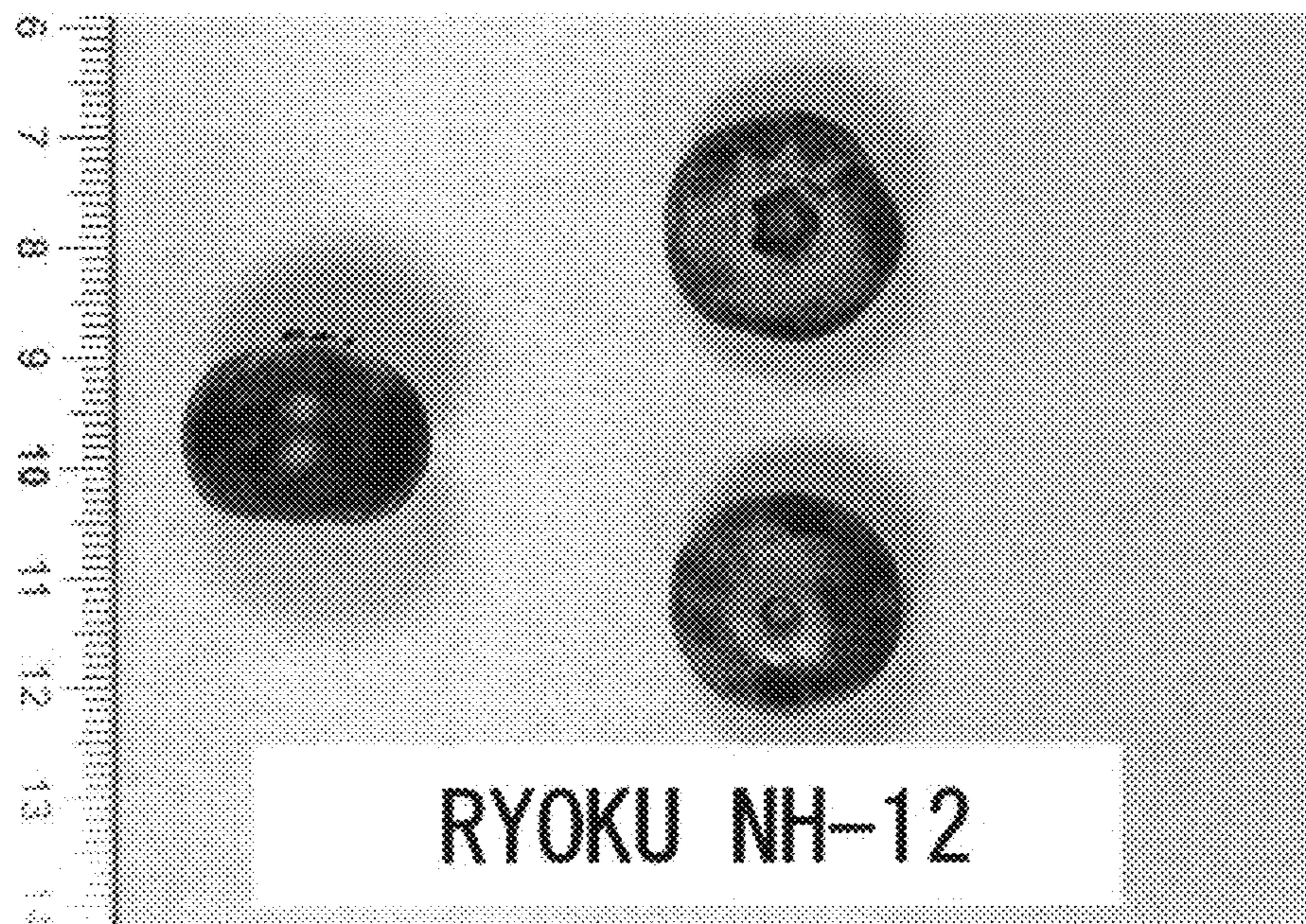
**Fig. 3**



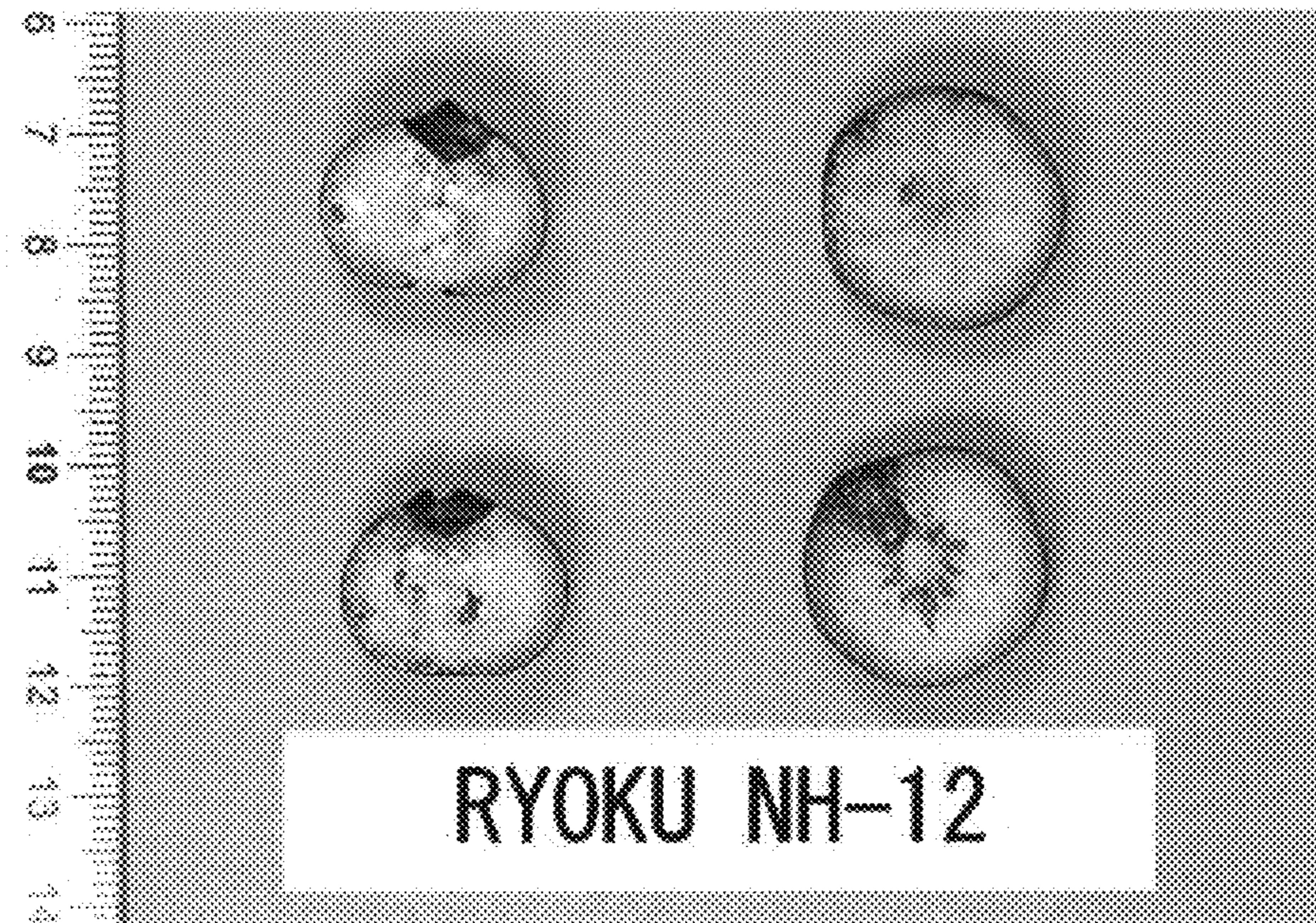
**Fig. 4**



**Fig. 5**

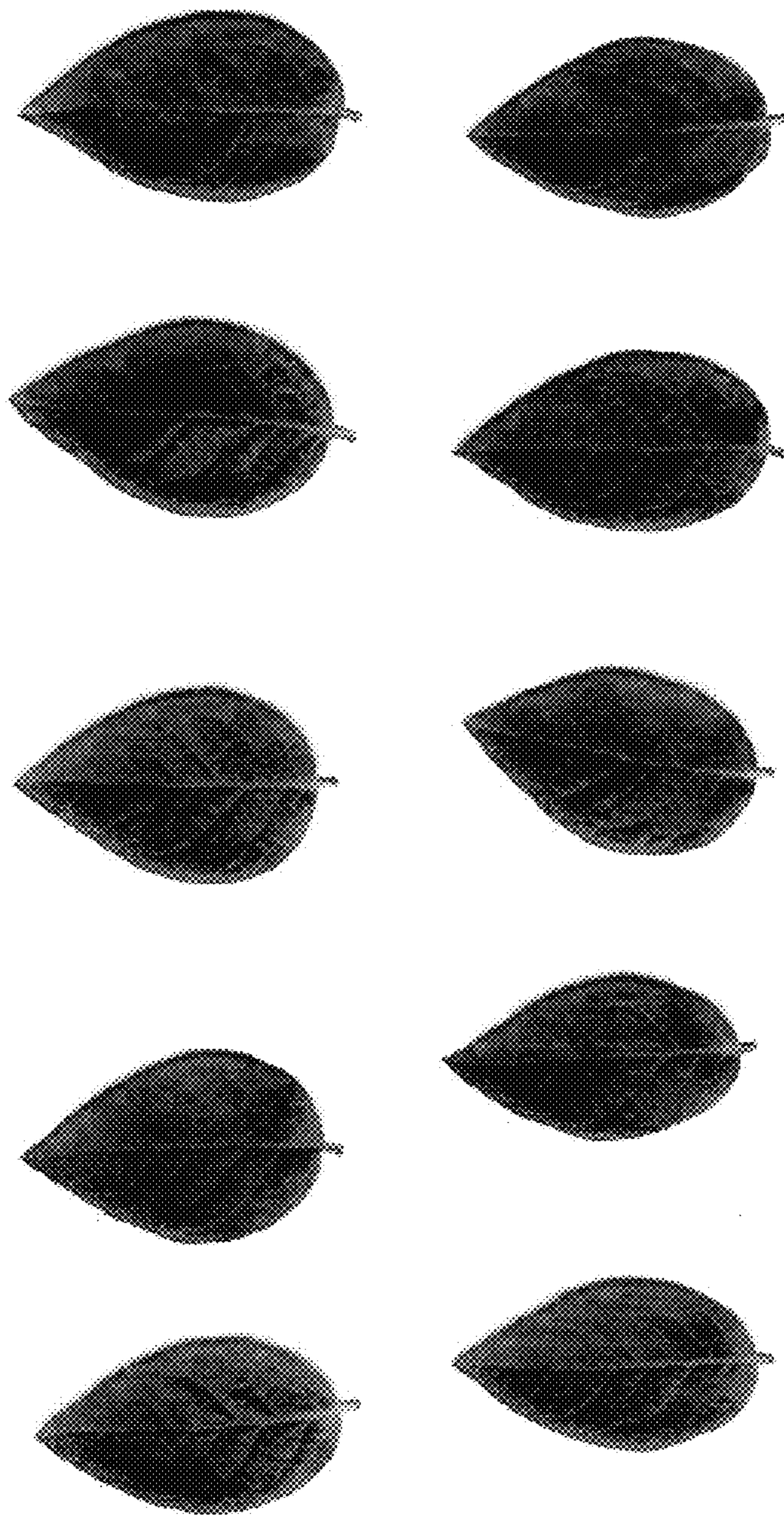


**Fig. 6**



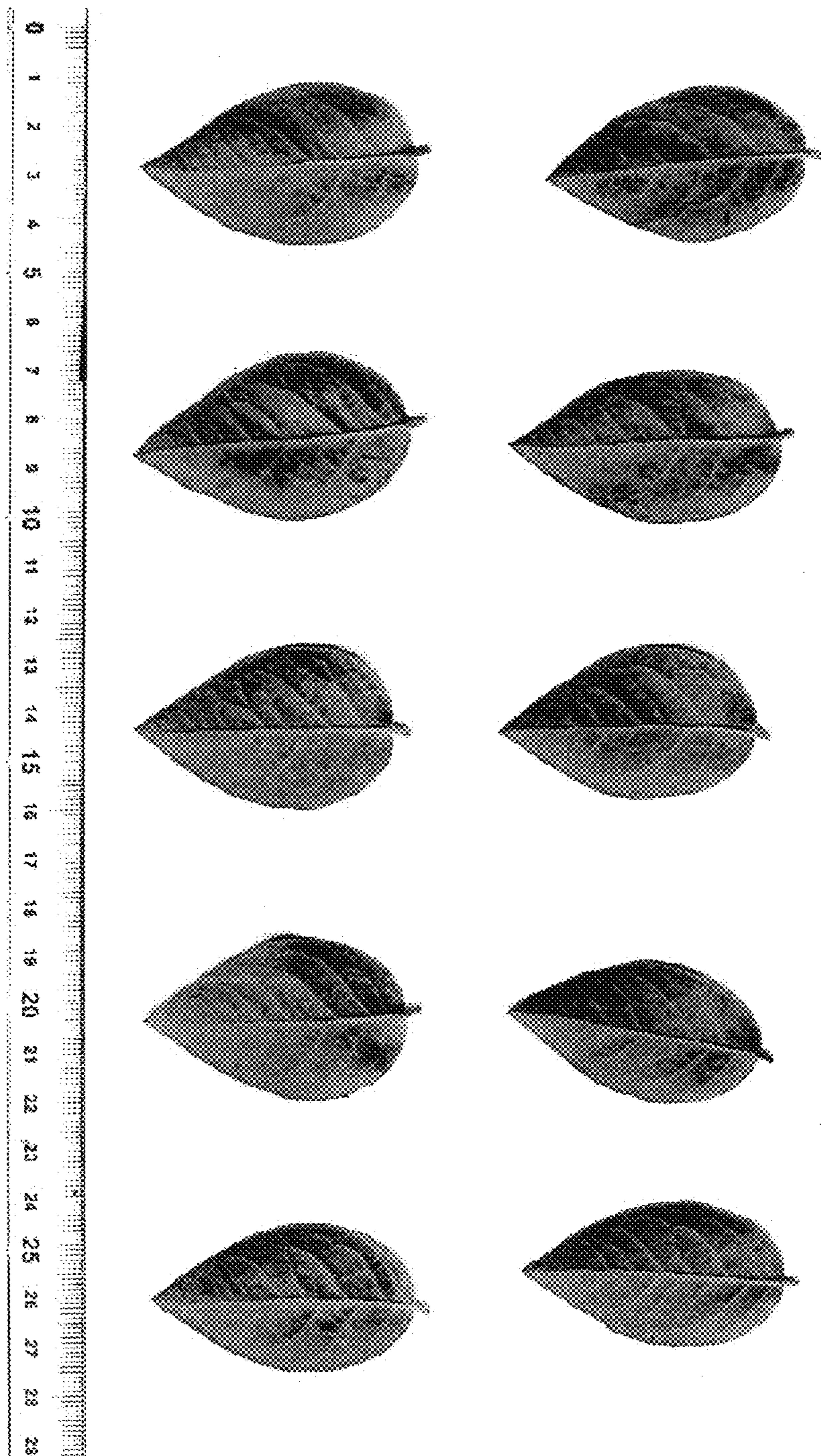
**Fig. 7**

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29



**RYOKU NH-12**

**Fig. 8**



**RYOKU NH-12**