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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Wain**

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(54) **CHRYSANTHEMUM PLANT NAMED**  
**'FICHRYCOSPUR'**

(50) Latin Name: *Chrysanthemum X morifolium*  
Varietal Denomination: **Fichrycospur**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
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(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
USPC ..... Plt./286  
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Chrysanthemum* plant named  
'Fichrycospur', characterized by its relatively compact,  
upright and uniformly mounded plant habit; moderately  
vigorous growth habit; uniform flowering habit; large  
incurved decorative-type inflorescences with red purple-  
colored ray florets; response time about 56 days under  
controlled photoperiodic treatments; and good postproduc-  
tion longevity.

**1 Drawing Sheet**

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Botanical designation: *Chrysanthemum X morifolium*.  
Cultivar denomination: 'FICHRYCOSPUR'.

CROSS-REFERENCED TO CLOSELY RELATED  
APPLICATIONS

Title: *Chrysanthemum* Plant Named 'Fichrycoswhi'  
Applicant: Peter Wain  
Filed: Concurrently with this application U.S. Plant patent  
application Ser. No. 15/732,509  
Title: *Chrysanthemum* Plant Named 'Fichrycosyel'  
Applicant: Peter Wain  
Filed: Concurrently with this application U.S. Plant patent  
application Ser. No. 15/732,508

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct *Chry-*  
*santhemum* plant, botanically known as *Chrysanthemum X*  
*morifolium*, commercially grown as a garden *Chrysanthe-*  
*mum* plant, referred to as code number 65653 in U.S.  
Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 62/497,574 and  
hereinafter referred to by the name 'Fichrycospur'.

The new *Chrysanthemum* plant is a product of a planned  
breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Fareham,  
Hampshire, United Kingdom. The objective of the breeding  
program is to create new potted *Chrysanthemum* plants with  
large incurved decorative-type inflorescences.

The new *Chrysanthemum* plant originated from a cross-  
pollination made in January, 2012 by the Inventor in Fare-  
ham, Hampshire, United Kingdom of a proprietary selection  
of *Chrysanthemum X morifolium* identified as code number  
P0042, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a

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proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum X morifolium* iden-  
tified as code number 86046, not patented, as the male, or  
pollen, parent. The new *Chrysanthemum* plant was discov-  
ered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant  
from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a  
controlled greenhouse environment in Fareham, Hampshire,  
United Kingdom in September, 2012.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Chrysanthemum* plant  
by terminal vegetative cuttings was first conducted in Fare-  
ham, Hampshire, United Kingdom in December, 2012.  
Asexual reproduction by terminal vegetative cuttings has  
shown that the unique features of this new *Chrysanthemum*  
plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive  
generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* have not been observed  
under all possible combinations of environmental conditions  
and cultural practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat  
with variations in environmental conditions such as tem-  
perature, daylength and light intensity, without, however,  
any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and  
are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Fichry-  
cospur'. These characteristics in combination distinguish  
'Fichrycospur' as a new and distinct *Chrysanthemum* plant:

1. Relatively compact, upright and uniformly mounded  
plant habit.
2. Moderately vigorous growth habit.
3. Uniform flowering habit.
4. Large incurved decorative-type inflorescences with red  
purple-colored ray florets.

5. Response time about 56 days under controlled photo-periodic treatments.

6. Good postproduction longevity.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ primarily from plants of the female parent selection in ray floret color as plants of the female parent selection have inflorescences with white-colored ray florets. In addition, plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* flower about two days earlier than plants of the female parent selection.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ primarily from plants of the male parent selection in inflorescence form as plants of the male parent selection have semi-incurved decorative type inflorescences. In addition, plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* flower about four days later than plants of the male parent selection.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* can be compared to plants of *Chrysanthemum* x *morifolium* 'Fichrycoswhi', disclosed in U.S. Plant patent application Ser. No. 15/732,509. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ primarily from plants of 'Fichrycoswhi' in ray floret color as plants of the 'Fichrycoswhi' have inflorescences with white-colored ray florets.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* can be compared to plants of *Chrysanthemum* x *morifolium* 'Fichrycosyel', disclosed in U.S. Plant patent application Ser. No. 15/732,508. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ primarily from plants of 'Fichrycosyel' in ray floret color as plants of the 'Fichrycosyel' have inflorescences with yellow-colored ray florets.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* can be compared to plants of *Chrysanthemum* X *morifolium* 'Chrystal Misty Purple', not patented. In side-by-side comparisons, plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ primarily from plants of 'Chrystal Misty Purple' in time to flower as plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* flower about four days later than plants of 'Chrystal Misty Purple'. In addition, plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* have larger inflorescences than plants of 'Chrystal Misty Purple'.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Chrysanthemum* plant showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Chrysanthemum* plant.

The photograph is a top perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Fichrycospur' grown in a 14-cm container.

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations and measurements describe plants grown during the spring in 14-cm containers in a glass-covered greenhouse in Fareham, Hampshire, United Kingdom and under cultural practices typical of commercial potted *Chrysanthemum* production. During the production of the plants, day and night temperatures ranged from 17° C. to 21° C. and light levels averaged 6,000 lux. Plants were grown under long day/short

night conditions for about two weeks and then grown under short day/long night conditions to induce inflorescence initiation and development. Plants were not pinched and were ten weeks old when the photograph and detailed description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, Fifth Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Chrysanthemum* X *morifolium* 'Fichrycospur'.

Parentage:

*Female, or seed, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum* X *morifolium* identified as code number P0042, not patented.

*Male, or pollen, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum* X *morifolium* identified as code number 86046, not patented.

Propagation:

*Type.*—Terminal vegetative cuttings.

*Time to initiate roots, summer.*—About ten days at temperatures about 21° C.

*Time to initiate roots, winter.*—About twelve days at temperatures about 21° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.*—About three weeks at temperatures about 21° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.*—About four weeks at temperatures about 21° C.

*Root description.*—Medium in thickness, fibrous; typically light brown in color, actual color of the roots is dependent on substrate composition, water quality, fertilizer type and formulation, substrate temperature and physiological age of roots.

*Rooting habit.*—Freely branching; medium density.

Plant description:

*Plant and growth habit.*—Herbaceous incurved decorative-type potted *Chrysanthemum*; stems upright to slightly outwardly spreading giving a uniformly mounded appearance to the plant; moderately vigorous growth habit.

*Plant height.*—About 17 cm.

*Plant width.*—About 34 cm.

*Lateral branches (peduncles).*—Length: About 15 cm.

Diameter: About 4 mm. Internode length: About 1 cm. Strength: Strong. Aspect: Mostly upright to slightly outwardly. Texture: Fine pubescence. Color: Close to 148B.

Leaf description:

*Arrangement.*—Alternate, simple.

*Length.*—About 6 cm.

*Width.*—About 4.5 cm.

*Shape.*—Palmately-lobed; roughly ovate with three to five lobes.

*Apex.*—Broadly acuminate.

*Base.*—Attenuate.

*Margin.*—Slightly dentate and palmately lobed; sinuses between lateral lobes mostly divergent.

*Texture, upper and lower surfaces.*—Fine pubescence; slightly rough; veins prominent on lower surface.

*Color.*—Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to 137B. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A; venation, close to 138B. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 137C; venation, close to 138B.

*Petioles*.—Length: About 1 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Fine pubescence; slightly rough. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 138B.

Inflorescence description:

*Form and flowering habit*.—Incurved decorative-type inflorescence form with ligulate-shaped ray florets; inflorescences borne on terminals above and beyond the foliar plane; ray florets arranged acropetally on a capitulum; grown as a disbud-type, only the terminal inflorescence develops.

*Fragrance*.—Mildly fragrant; pungent, herbaceous.

*Flowering response*.—Plants flower uniformly about 56 days after starting short day/long night photoperiodic treatments.

*Inflorescence longevity*.—Good postproduction longevity; inflorescences maintain good color and substance for about three to five weeks on the plant; inflorescences persistent.

*Inflorescence diameter*.—Large, about 10 cm.

*Inflorescence height*.—About 3 cm.

*Receptacles*.—Height: About 3 mm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Shape: Oblate. Color: Close to 145C.

*Ray florets*.—Number of ray florets per inflorescence: About 267 arranged in about twelve whorls. Orientation: Initially upright, then about 80° from vertical; strongly incurved. Length: About 4 cm. Width: About 1.3 cm. Shape: Ligulate. Apex: Obtuse. Base: Fused into a short tube. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; double-keeled. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 71A. When opening, lower surface: Close to 77B.

Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 70A; with development, color becoming closer to N78B. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 77C; with development, color becoming closer to 84D.

*Disc florets*.—Disc floret initiation and development has not been observed on plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* to date.

*Phyllaries*.—Number of phyllaries per inflorescence: About 40 arranged in about three whorls. Length: About 1 cm. Width: About 5 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Base: Obtuse. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous; waxy. Texture, lower surface: Fine pubescence; waxy. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

*Reproductive organs*.—Androecium: None observed. Gynoecium: Present only on ray florets. Pistil length: About 5 mm. Stigma shape: Bi-parted. Stigma color: Close to 6B. Style length: About 0.5 mm. Style color: Close to 1C. Ovary color: Close to N155B.

*Seeds and fruits*.—Seed and fruit production has not been observed on plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* to date.

Disease & pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to *Chrysanthemum* plants has not been observed on plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* to date.

Garden performance: Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* have demonstrated good garden performance and to tolerate temperatures from about 0° C. to about 35° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Chrysanthemum* plant named 'Fichrycospur' as illustrated and described.

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