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(54) COPROSMA PLANT NAMED 'NGCOP7'

(50) Latin Name: *Coprosma repens*Varietal Denomination: **NGCOP7**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

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(58)	Field of Classification Search			
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	See application file for	complete search history.		

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new cultivar of *Coprosma* plant named 'NGCOP7' that is characterized by a compact habit, glossy leaves and upper side leaves that are green in color with tinges of grey-purple towards the margins and grey-red margins.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical classification: *Coprosma repens*. Variety denomination: 'NGCOP7'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Coprosma* plant botanically known as *Coprosma repens* and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name 'NGCOP7'.

The new cultivar was discovered by the inventor in a cultivated area of Cambridge, New Zealand in 2013. ¹⁰ 'NGCOP7' was discovered as a naturally occurring branch mutation of *Coprosma* 'Tequila Sunrise' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 18,392).

Asexual reproduction by tip cuttings of the new cultivar 'NGCOP7' was first performed in 2014 in Cambridge, New Zealand. Since that time, under careful observation, the unique characteristics of the new cultivar have been uniform, stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following represent the distinguishing characteristics of the new *Coprosma* cultivar 'NGCOP7'.

- 1. Coprosma 'NGCOP7' exhibits a compact habit.
- 2. Coprosma 'NGCOP7' exhibits glossy leaves.
- 3. Coprosma 'NGCOP7' exhibits upper side leaves that are green in color with tinges of grey-purple towards the margins and grey-red margins.

The closest comparison cultivars are *Coprosma* 'Scarlett O'Hara' (not patented) and the parent plant *Coprosma* 'Tequila Sunrise'. The new cultivar 'NGCOP7' is distinguishable from 'Scarlett O'Hara' by the following characteristics:

1. 'NGCOP7' has upper side leaves that are green in color with tinges of grey-purple towards the margins and grey-red margins. In comparison, the upper side leaves of 'Scarlett O'Hara' are red-orange with red margins.

The new cultivar 'NGCOP7' is distinguishable from the 40 parent plant 'Tequila Sunrise' by the following characteristics:

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- 1. 'NGCOP7' has young upper side leaves that are green in color with tinges of grey-purple towards the margins and grey-red margins. In comparison, the young upper side leaves of 'Tequila Sunrise' have green centers surrounded by yellow areas with orange margins.
- 2. 'NGCOP7' has mature upper side leaves that are green in color with tinges of grey-purple towards the margins and grey-red margins. In comparison, the mature upper side leaves of 'Tequila Sunrise' have green centers surrounded by red areas with red margins.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying photograph illustrates the distinguishing traits of *Coprosma* 'NGCOP7'. The plant in the photograph shows an overall view of a 12 month old plant. The photograph was taken using conventional techniques and although colors may appear different from actual colors due to light reflectance it is as accurate as possible by conventional photographic techniques.

BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANT

The following is a detailed description of the new Coprosma cultivar named 'NGCOP7'. Data was collected in Grand Haven, Mich. from 12 month old greenhouse grown plants in one gallon containers. The plants were grown under natural light. The time of year was Summer and the average temperature range was 18 to 27 degrees Centigrade during the day and 5 to 10 degrees Centigrade at night. No photoperiodic treatments or growth retardants were used. Color determinations are in accordance with The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart 2015 edition, except 35 where general color terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used. The growing requirements are similar to the species. 'NGCOP7' has not been tested under all possible conditions and phenotypic differences may be observed with variations in environmental, climatic, and cultural conditions, however, without any variance in genotype. Botanical classification: Coprosma repens 'NGCOP7'. Use: Ornamental perennial.

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Parentage: 'NGCOP7' is a naturally occurring branch muta-		Leaf shape.—Ovate.
tion of <i>Coprosma</i> 'Tequila Sunrise'.		Leaf apex.—Rounded.
Vigor: Moderate.		Leaf base.—Cuneate.
Growth rate: Moderate.	_	Leaf length.—Average 2.0 cm. in length.
Growth habit: Freely branching, dense, bushy habit.	5	Leaf width.—Average 1.25 cm. in width.
Plant shape: Rounded, mounding.		Leaf texture.—Smooth, waxy both surfaces.
Suitable container size: One gallon container.		Leaf luster.—Glossy both surfaces.
Height: Average 18 cm. in height.		Leaf pubescence.—Absent.
Width: Average 21 cm. in width.		Leaf margin.—Entire, unevenly recurved, slightly
Low temperature tolerance: -1 degrees Centigrade.	10	wavy.
High temperature tolerance: 39 degrees Centigrade.		Vein pattern.—Pinnate.
Propagation: Tip cuttings.		Young leaf color (upper surface).—143A, tinged 183C
Time to initiate roots: Approximately 30 days in the Summer		toward margins, margins 180A.
at 22 degrees Centigrade and 35 days in the Winter at 22		Young leaf color (lower surface).—143D.
degrees Centigrade.	15	Mature leaf color (upper surface).—143A, tinged
Time to produce a rooted cutting: Approximately 112 days		183C toward margins, margins 180A.
in the Summer at 25 degrees Centigrade and 140 days in		Mature leaf color (lower surface).—143D.
the Winter at 25 degrees Centigrade.		Vein color (upper surface).—N144B.
Crop time: Approximately 12 months.		Vein color (lower surface).—182B.
Root system: Fibrous, densely matted.	20	Durability of foliage to stress.—Moderate to high.
Root color: 165D.		Leaf attachment.—Petiolate.
Lateral branches:		Petiole:
Branching habit.—Freely branching.		Petiole dimensions.—8.0 mm. in length and 1.0 mm. in
Basal branching.—Yes.		diameter.
Quantity.—Approximately 9.	25	Petiole texture.—Smooth.
Dimensions.—13.0 cm. in length and 4.0 mm. in diam-		Petiole pubescence.—Absent.
eter.		Petiole color (upper side).—182A.
Internode length.—10.0 mm.		Petiole color (lower side).—182B.
Stem color.—196A.		Flowers: Coprosma 'NGCOP7' has not produced flowers to
Stem shape.—Round in cross-section.	30	date.
Stem pubescence.—Absent.		Disease and insect resistance: Plants of the new Coprosma
Stem aspect.—15 to 35 degrees from vertical.		have not been observed for disease or insect resistance.
Stem strength.—Strong.		
Pinching.—Yes.		The invention claimed is:
Foliage:	35	1. A new and distinct variety of <i>Coprosma</i> plant named 'NGCOP7' as described and illustrated.
Leaf arrangement.—Opposite.	55	'NGCOP7' as described and illustrated.
Compound or single.—Single.		* * * *
compound of single. Single.		

