

## US00PP28894P3

# (12) United States Plant Patent

# Yamada

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## CATHARANTHUS PLANT NAMED 'SUNCATHA 2243'

- Latin Name: Catharanthus roseus Varietal Denomination: Suncatha 2243
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#### (65)**Prior Publication Data**

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# Related U.S. Application Data

- Provisional application No. 61/960,541, filed on Sep. 20, 2013.
- Int. Cl. (51)A01H 5/02 (2006.01)

U.S. Cl. (52)

Field of Classification Search (58)

> CPC ...... A01H 5/02; A01H 5/00 See application file for complete search history.

**References Cited** (56)

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

PP20,289 P2 \* 9/2009 Saul ...... A01H 5/02 Plt./263.1

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS

"2012 Spring-Summer gardening catalog," Daiichi Engei Co., Ltd., Oct. 2011, pp. 22-23.

Registration No. 22599, Registration date Jul. 29, 2013, Suntory Flowers Company, 1 page.

\* cited by examiner

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#### ABSTRACT (57)

Disclosed herein is a new and distinct variety of *Catharan*thus plant having vigorous, upright plant characteristics, abundant branching, especially basally branching, developed from the base of the plant throughout the growing season, great profusion of single, red-pink flowers, the whole bush remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time and deeply bitten petals, shaped of hastate, incurvated.

## 2 Drawing Sheets

Botanical designation: Catharanthus roseus. Cultivar denomination: 'Suncatha 2243'.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of Catharanthus plant, which is hereinafter referred to by the name of 'Suncatha 2243'.

Catharanthus roseus, which is also known as Vinca rosea, is a very popular plant that is used for flower bedding and <sup>10</sup> potting in the summer and autumn season.

The purpose of this invention is to obtain a new *Cath*aranthus cultivar having vigorous, upright plant characteristics, abundant branching, especially basally branching, 15 developed from the base of the plant throughout the growing season, great profusion of single, red-pink flowers, the whole bush remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time and irregularly incised petals, shaped of hastate, incurvated.

The new *Catharanthus* plant was originated from a crosspollination of the female parent 'MC21-52' and the male parent 'MC21-5'. The female parent 'MC21-52' (unpatented) used in the crossing of 'Suncatha 2243' is a strain roseus selection), having pink petals, and the male parent

'MC21-5' (unpatented) used in the crossing of 'Suncatha 2243' is a strain of applicant's breeding lines (i.e., proprietary Catharanthus roseus selection), having deep purple petals. The cross-pollination was conducted in August, 2011 at Yame-gun, Fukuoka, Japan.

In February 2012, the seedlings obtained by the crossing were planted in field, and some seedlings were selected in view of growth habit, flower size and color thereof. In August 2012, the stem tip culturing was carried out, and then the propagation was started.

In July 2013, the cultivation of the seedlings was repeated. The botanical characteristics of that plant were then examined, using similar varieties 'Daiichi-MC21-41' and 'Daiichi-MC21-25' for comparison. As a result, it was concluded that this Catharanthus plant is distinguishable from any other variety, whose existence is currently known, and is uniform and stable in its characteristics.

The new variety of *Catharanthus roseus* plant is named 'Suncatha 2243'.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This new variety is unlike any *Catharanthus* plants comof applicant's breeding lines (i.e., proprietary Catharanthus 25 mercially available as evidenced by the following unique combinations of characteristics.

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- 1. Vigorous, upright plant characteristics.
- 2. Abundant branching, especially basally branching, developed from the base of the plant throughout the growing season.
- 3. Great profusion of single, red-pink flowers, the whole bush remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time.
- 4. Irregularly incised petals, shaped of hastate, incurvated. The new variety 'Suncatha 2243' differs from the similar variety 'Daiichi-MC21-41', which was applied for Japanese plant variety protection (the application number: 25151; the application date: Aug. 31, 2010; the registration number 21646; the registration date: Mar. 19, 2012), in the following points.
  - 1. The petals overlap of 'Suncatha 2243' is contacting. That of 'Daiichi-MC21-41' is separating.
  - 2. The main color of surface of corolla lobe of 'Suncatha 2243' is red-pink (RHS 60D). That of 'Daiichi-MC21-41' is RED-PURPLE (RHS 61C).

The new variety 'Suncatha 2243' differs from the similar variety 'Daiichi-MC21-25', which was applied for Japanese plant variety protection (the application number: 26287; the application date: Sep. 8, 2011; the registration number 22599; the registration date: Jul. 29, 2013), in the following 25 points.

- 1. The leaf size (L×W) of 'Suncatha 2243' is 50.2 mm×20 mm. The leaf size of 'Daiichi-MC21-25' is 60 mm×33 mm.
- 2. The flower diameter of 'Suncatha 2243' is 32.1 mm. 30 That of 'Daiichi-MC21-25' is 40 mm.
- 3. The main color of surface of corolla lobe of 'Suncatha 2243' is red-pink (RHS 60D). That of 'MC21-25' is purple (RHS N80B).

This new variety of *Catharanthus* plant 'Suncatha 2243' 35 was asexially reproduced by the use of cuttings at Higashiomi, Shiga, Japan, and homogeneity and stability thereof were confirmed. The instant plant retains its distinctive characteristics and produces true to type in successive generations.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The depicted plants had been reproduced by the use of cuttings and were photographed during October 2013 while 45 growing outdoors in wall pots with about 15 cm of container size at an age of approximately 6 months.

The second sheet is a photograph of a typical plant of the new variety of *Catharanthus* plant 'Suncatha 2243' while growing in a pot.

The first sheet is a photograph of a close view of flowers of the new variety of *Catharanthus* plant 'Suncatha 2243'.

# DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

In October 2013, the cultivation of the seedlings was repeated at Higashiomi, Shiga, Japan. The average day temperature was about 25° C., and the average night temperature was about 15° C. The plants were grown under natural sunlight. The number of days to flowering (response time) was about 3 to 4 weeks. The keeping quality was about 180 days. The plants had temperature resistance to about 5° C. (the lowest temperature) and about 35 to 40° C. (the highest temperature). Further, the plants had the same tolerance to pests and pathogens as a typical *Catharanthus* 65 plant.

For the parentage information: The female parent 'MC21-52' (unpatented) used in the crossing of 'Suncatha 2243' is a strain of applicant's breeding lines (i.e., proprietary *Catharanthus roseus* selection), having pink petals, and the male parent 'MC21-5' (unpatented) used in the crossing of 'Suncatha 2243' is a strain of applicant's breeding lines (i.e., proprietary *Catharanthus roseus* selection), having deep purple petals.

For the propagation information: the new cultivar was propagated by cutting; the number of days to initiate roots during the summer was about two weeks; approximate soil and/or air temperature during the summer was around 30° C.; the number of days to initiate roots during the winter was about three weeks; approximate soil and/or air temperature during the winter was around 25° C.; the number of days to produce a rooted young plant during the summer was about five weeks; the number of days to produce a rooted young plant during the winter was about six weeks; root density was moderate; root branching was free; root color was white; and root texture was fibrous.

The botanical characteristics of the new and distinct variety of *Catharanthus* plant named 'Suncatha 2243' at an age of approximately 4 months are shown in the following Table. In the following description, the color-coding is in accordance with the Horticultural Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society, London, England (R.H.S. Colour Chart The 5th edition 2007).

# PLANT VARIETY DESCRIPTION

# APPLICATION VARIETY Suncatha 2243

# CHARACTERISTIC

ANNUAL, BIENNIAL or PERENNIAL?
TYPE OF PLANT: i.e., TREE,
SHRUB, SUBSHRUB, VINE, CUT
FLOWER, POTTED PLANT
APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS +/or
CROPPING SYSTEM
GROWTH HABIT

40 PLANT HEIGHT
PLANT DIAMETER OR AREA OF
SPREAD
PLANT VIGOR
BRANCHING HABIT
BASAL BRANCHING?

PINCHING REQUIRED?
NUMBER OF LATERAL BRANCHES
NUMBER OF SECONDARY LATERAL
BRANCHES

LATERAL BRANCH LENGTH
LATERAL BRANCH DIAMETER
INTERNODE LENGTH

STEM ASPECT
STEM COLOR (and bark color, if applicable)

STEM COLOR (if any)
STEM PUBESCENCE?
OTHER PLANT/STEM
55 CHARACTERISTICS

LEAF ARRANGEMENT
COMPOUND OR SIMPLE?
QUANTITY OF LEAVES PER
LATERAL BRANCH
LEAF (LEAFLET) SHAPE
LEAF (LEAFLET) TIP
LEAF (LEAFLET) BASE
LEAF LENGTH
LEAF WIDTH

LEAF THICKNESS
LEAF (LEAFLET) TEXTURE
LEAF PUBESCENCE? WHICH SIDE?

Grown as annual.
Potted plant

Ideal for pots, hanging basket.
Upright
About 23.0 cm
About 23.0 cm

Vigorous
Freely branching
Present
Not required.
About 5
About 4

About 14.5 cm
About 4.1 mm
About 20.9 mm
Upright to outward
RHS Near 144D

RHS Near 187C Present, few

Opposite
Simple
About 16

Oblong
Acute
Obtuse
About 50.2 mm
About 20.0 mm
About 0.3 mm
Pubescent, both sides
Present

#### -continued -continued

PLANT VARIETY DESCRIPTION			PLANT VARIETY DESCRIPTION	
CHARACTERISTIC	APPLICATION VARIETY Suncatha 2243	5	CHARACTERISTIC	APPLICATION VARIETY Suncatha 2243
LEAF (LEAFLET) MARGIN	Entire		THROAT COLOR (inside)	RHS Near 145C
VENATION PATTERN	Reticulate venation		TUBE COLOR (outside)	Upper of tube: RHS Near
LEAF COLOR, YOUNG, UPPER SIDE	RHS Near 137C			166A
LEAF COLOR, YOUNG, UNDER SIDE	RHS Near 137D	10		Throat: RHS Near 144C
LEAF COLOR, MATURE, UPPER SIDE	RHS Near N137A	10		Near receptacle: RHS Near
LEAF COLOR, MATURE, UNDER SIDE	RHS Naer 137D		CEDAT ADDANICEMENT	178B
VENATION COLOR, UPPER SIDE	RHS Near 144C		SEPAL ARRANGEMENT	Single whorl
VENATION COLOR, UNDER SIDE	RHS Near 144D		NUMBER OF SEPALS	J Linear triangular
VARIEGATION? PETIOLE?	Absent Present		SEPAL SHAPE SEPAL MARGIN	Linear-triangular Entire
PETIOLE: PETIOLE:	About 5.9 mm	1.5	SEPAL MAROIN SEPAL TIP	
PETIOLE LENGTH PETIOLE DIAMETER	About 1.5 mm	15	SEPAL TIP SEPAL BASE	Acute Fused
PETIOLE DIAMETER PETIOLE TEXTURE	Pubescent		SEPAL DASE SEPAL LENGTH	About 3.2 mm
PETIOLE TEXTORE	RHS Near 144C		SEPAL WIDTH	About 1.0 mm
OTHER FOLIAGE CHARACTERISTICS	—		SEPAL COLOR, IMMATURE, UPPER	RHS Near 144A
FLOWER ARRANGEMENT	Borne in upper leaf axils.		SIDE	KIIS Near 144A
INFLORESCENCE TYPE OR FORM	Solitary		SEPAL COLOR, IMMATURE, UNDER	RHS Near 144A
(if applicable)	Somary	20	SIDE	MIS Near 144A
QUANTITY OF FLOWERS PER PLANT	About 50		SEPAL COLOR, MATURE, UPPER	RHS Near 144A
FLOWER TYPE or FORM	Single		SIDE	KIIS Near 144A
FLOWER THE OFFORM FLOWERING HABIT	Continuously		SEPAL COLOR, MATURE, UNDER	RHS Near 144A
NATURAL FLOWERING SEASON	Early summer to late autumn		SIDE	MIS Near 144A
TIME TO FLOWER OR RESPONSE	Early summer to rate autumn		CALYX SHAPE	Star shape
TIME TO FLOWER OR RESTONSE	About 2~3 weeks	25	CALTX SHAFE CALYX LENGTH	About 4.5 mm
FRAGRANCE	Absent		CALYX DIAMETER	About 4.9 mm
FLOWER BUD LENGTH	About 33.8 mm		PEDUNCLE LENGTH	About 4.5 mm
FLOWER BUD DIAMETER	About 4.4 mm		PEDUNCLE DIAMETER	About 4.5 mm
FLOWER BUD SHAPE	Ovoid		PEDUNCLE ANGLE	Upright
FLOWER BUD COLOR	RHS Near 58A		PEDUNCLE TEXTURE	Smooth, pubescent few
FLOWER ASPECT; i.e., UPRIGHT,	Upright	30		RHS Near 144C
OUTWARD, DROOPING, etc.	Oprigin		STAMEN NUMBER	5
FLOWER PARACOROLLA	Absent		STAMEN LENGTH	About 2.8 mm
FLOWER DIAMETER	About 32.1 mm		ANTHER SHAPE	Narrow elliptic
FLOWER DEPTH (HEIGHT)	About 41.9 mm		ANTHER SIZE (L)	About 2.6 mm
FLOWER LONGEVITY ON PLANT	About 2~3 days		ANTHER SIZE (W)	About 1.2 mm
PERSISTENT OR SELF-CLEANING?	Not persistent.	35	ANTHER COLOR	RHS Near 1C
PETAL TEXTURE, UPPER SURFACE	Smooth	33	AMOUNT OF POLLEN	Few
PETAL TEXTURE, LOWER SURFACE	Smooth		POLLEN COLOR	RHS Near 8D
TUBE TEXTURE	Smooth, pubescent few		PISTIL NUMBER	1
PETAL ARRANGEMENT	Free		PISTIL LENGTH	About 22.6 mm
PETAL NUMBER	5		STIGMA SHAPE	Transversely ellipsoidal
PETALS FUSED?	Fused	40	STIGMA COLOR	RHS Near 138C
PETAL SHAPE	Hastate	40	STYLE COLOR	RHS Near 145C
PETAL MARGIN	Absent		OVARY COLOR	RHS Near 144B
PETAL SHAPE, SYMMETRY OR	Asymmetry		OTHER FLOWER CHARACTERISTICS	
ASYMMETRY?			QUANTITY OF SEEDS	Seeds production has not
PETAL TIP	irregulary incised			been observed.
PETAL BASE	Fused	4 =	ROOT STRUCTURES such as BULBS,	Fibrous root
PETAL LENGTH	About 15.4 mm	45	CORMS or RHIZOMES?	
PETAL WIDTH	About 13.2 mm		LOW TEMPERATURE TOLERANCE	Around 5° C.
PETAL COLOR, WHEN OPENING, UPPER SIDE	RHS Near 60B		HIGH TEMPERATURE TOLERANCE DISEASE RESISTANCE AND/OR	Around 35° C.~40° C. Normal
PETAL COLOR, WHEN OPENING,	RHS Near 59D		SUSCEPTIBILITY	
LOWER SIDE	TOTAL DAD		RESISTANCE OF PESTS AND/OR	Normal
PETAL COLOR, FULLY OPENED,	RHS Near 60D	50	SUSCEPTIBILITY	1 10111141
UPPER SIDE	TELLO TIVUL COL			
PETAL COLOR, FULLY OPENED,	RHS Near 63B to 63C			
LOWER SIDE	Having lines.		This new variety of Catharanthu	s plant having the abov
FLOWER EYE	Absent		botanical characteristics is suitable	<del>-</del>
FLOWER BILL METER	7 LOSCIII		motting mortioulouly in honging mo	

potting, particularly in hanging pots or planters. What is claimed:

FIOWER EYE DIAMETER

Present

RHS Near 3C

About 1.7 mm

About 26.5 mm

FIOWER EYE COLOR

RECEPTACLE COLOR

RECEPTACLE

TUBE LENGTH

TUBE DIAMETER

1. A new and distinct variety of *Catharanthus* plant named 'Suncatha 2243', substantially as herein illustrated and described.



