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Gray et al.

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(54) **FLORIBUNDA ROSE PLANT NAMED 'GRAMARY'**

(50) Latin Name: ***Rosa* hybrid**
Varietal Denomination: **GRAmary**

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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

'GRAmary' is a new and distinct floribunda type *Rosa* hybrid cultivar which is characterized by the combination of an upright to semi-weeping growth habit, excellent resistance to *Diplocarpon rosae*, nearly continuous flowering, bright cerise semi-double-type flowers, a mild rose fragrance, and the stability of these characteristics from generation to generation. The new cultivar is generally suited to landscape applications.

2 Drawing Sheets

Latin name of genus and species: The Latin name of the genus and species of the novel variety disclosed herein is *Rosa* hybrid.

Variety denomination: The inventive variety of *Rosa* hybrid disclosed herein has been given the variety denomination 'GRAmary'.

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to the Australian Plant Breeder's Rights application number 2015/090, filed on Apr. 27, 2015, which is herein incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct *Rosa* hybrid, floribunda rose cultivar, which has been given the variety denomination of 'GRAmary'.

Parentage: 'GRAmary' is a seedling selection which resulted from the controlled cross-pollination of an unnamed *Rosa* hybrid female breeding line and an unnamed *Rosa* hybrid male breeding line. Both parents, developed by the same inventor and never commercially released, exhibited traits deemed commercially significant and desirable.

After many years of trialing, the female parent was confirmed to possess a combination of desirable traits such as complete resistance to rose black spot disease, complete resistance to powdery mildew, and flowers with a strong citrus-like perfume borne on a bushy plant growing to 1.2 m tall and wide. The male parent was selected for use in breeding after trialing confirmed the presence of strong true-rose perfume and a bright, modern flower color. During the summer of 2010, the female parent was emasculated and

was manually pollinated with pollen from the male parent. In autumn of 2010, seed was collected from hips produced by the female parent and a number of seedlings were grown to a mature size, including the claimed plant. These progeny were further evaluated for desirable traits such as black spot disease resistance and strong perfume, and in June of 2011 the claimed plant was first observed. In January of 2013, after further evaluation for desirable traits, the claimed plant was deemed to be garden-worthy and suited to widespread cultivation. It was given the denomination, 'GRAmary'.

Asexual Reproduction: Asexual propagation of 'GRAmary', by way of softwood stem cuttings, was first performed in May of 2011 at the inventor's nursery in Highfields, Australia. Through more than twelve subsequent generations, the unique features of this cultivar have proven to be stable and true to type.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following characteristics have been repeatedly observed and represent the distinguishing characteristics of the new *Rosa* cultivar 'GRAmary'. These traits, in combination, distinguish 'GRAmary' as a new and distinct cultivar.

1. *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAmary' exhibits an upright to semi-weeping growth habit; and
2. *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAmary' exhibits excellent resistance to the plant pathogen, *Diplocarpon rosae*, commonly referred to as rose black spot disease; and
3. *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAmary' exhibits nearly continuous flowering; and
4. *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAmary' exhibits a semi-double flower type; and

5. *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAmary' exhibits bright cerise flowers which fade to mauve pink; and
6. *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAmary' exhibits flowers with a mild rose fragrance.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. **1** illustrates, as nearly true as it is reasonably possible to make the same in color photographs of this type, an exemplary 15 month old 'GRAmary' plant grown outdoors at the inventor's commercial nursery in Highfields, Australia.

FIG. **2** illustrates, as nearly true as it is reasonably possible to make the same in color photographs of this type, the typical flower of 'GRAmary'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The following observations and measurements, made in November of 2015, describe averages of two own-root specimens of two year old 'GRAmary' plants. The plants were grown outdoors in 20 cm containers, in a soilless pine bark based growing media, at the inventor's nursery in Highfields, Australia. No shade or supplemental light was provided. Temperatures ranged from approximately 12 to 35 degrees Celsius during the day and 3 to 18 degrees Celsius at night. Standard practices for irrigation, fertilizer and pest control were applied at appropriate times during the growing season. The plants were pruned once in July of 2015 using accepted techniques for rose pruning.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that certain characteristics will vary with older or, conversely, with younger plants. 'GRAmary' has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. Where dimensions, sizes, colors and other characteristics are given, it is to be understood that such characteristics are approximations or averages set forth as accurately as practicable. The phenotype of the variety may differ from the descriptions set forth herein with variations in environmental, climatic and cultural conditions. Color notations are based on *The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart*, The Royal Horticultural Society, London, 2007 Fifth Edition except where common terms of color are used.

A botanical description of 'GRAmary' and comparisons with the parents and the most similar commercial cultivar of *Rosa* hybrid are provided below.

General plant description:

Growth habit.—Upright to semi-weeping.

Growth rate.—Approximately 1 year to reach 40 cm.

Dimensions.—40 cm tall arid 40 cm wide.

Environmental tolerance.—Very good heat tolerance; cold hardiness is unknown.

Disease resistance.—Excellent resistance to powdery mildew (*Sphaerotheca pannosa*) and blackspot (*Diplocarpon rosae*).

Propagation.—Technique — Softwood stem cuttings. Time to initiate roots — About 13 days at approximately 22 degrees Celsius ambient temperature. Time to produce a rooted cutting — About 25 days at approximately 21 degrees Celsius at root zone and 18 degrees Celsius ambient temperature.

Root system: White fibrous roots with many root hairs extending from lesser roots in a featherlike arrangement.

Branches:

Branching habit.—Irregular branching from mature branches, breaking first from the uppermost buds near the apex of each shoot.

Quantity.—Numerous.

General dimensions.—Approximately 25 to 30 cm long; 0.6 cm in diameter near the base and tapering to 0.4 cm.

Immature branches.—Diameter — Approximately 0.2 cm. Texture and pubescence — Smooth with prickles; glabrous. Color — Near RHS 144D. Prickles — Density — Sparse to moderate. Color — Near RHS 155C. Shape — Concave. Texture — Smooth.

Mature branches.—Diameter — Approximately 0.5 cm, after two years. Texture and pubescence — Smooth with prickles; glabrous. Color — Near RHS 143C. Prickles — Density — Sparse to moderate. Color — Near RHS 155C. Shape — Concave. Texture — Smooth.

Leaves:

Arrangement.—Alternate imparipinnate compound leaves.

Quantity.—Approximately 5 per mature branch.

Attachment.—Petiolate.

Leaf internode length.—3 cm.

Dimensions.—Approximately 6.5 cm long and 4.0 cm wide.

Petiole.—Dimensions — Average of 1.0 to 1.6 cm long and 0.1 cm wide. Color — Near RHS 135D. Texture and pubescence — Smooth and glabrous. Prickles — Not present. Stipitate glands — Not present.

Stipule.—Dimensions — 0.5 cm long and 0.2 cm wide. Color — Near RHS 144D. Texture and pubescence — Smooth and glabrous. Margins — Ciliate. Apex — Acuminate. Base — Winged. Prickles — Not present. Stipitate glands — Not present.

Rachis.—Dimensions — 1.3 cm long and 0.1 cm wide. Color — Near RHS N135D. Prickles — Not present. Stipitate glands — Not present.

Leaflets.—Quantity — Five leaflets on axillary leaves. Dimensions — Average size of the terminal leaflet is 3.5 cm long and 2.2 cm wide. Shape — Ovate. Apex — Acuminate. Base — Cordate. Margins — Serrated. Texture, pubescence and luster, adaxial surface — Smooth, glabrous, and semi-glossy. Texture, pubescence and luster, abaxial surface — Rough, glabrous, and matte. Juvenile foliage color, adaxial surface — Near RHS 144C, with some anthocyanin intonations, RHS 53A, at the margins. Juvenile foliage color, abaxial surface — Near RHS 143C, with some anthocyanin intonations, RHS 53D, across the entire leaf surface. Mature foliage color, adaxial surface — Near RHS 132A. Mature foliage color, abaxial surface — Near RHS 135D. Venation — Pinnate. Venation color, adaxial surface — Near RHS 135C. Venation color, abaxial surface — Near RHS 136D. Petiolule — Dimensions — 0.1 cm long and 0.1 cm wide. Color — Near RHS 135C. Prickles — Not present. Texture — Smooth.

Inflorescence:

Inflorescence type.—Flowers are solitary.

Blooming habit.—Almost continuous from October through June in the southern hemisphere.

Quantity of flowers.—Medium.

Time to flower.—6 to 8 weeks for a new stem to mature and flowering begins to occur once a stem matures.

Peduncle.—Dimensions — 4.0 cm long and 0.1 cm in diameter. Color — Near RHS 144C. Strength — Strong. Texture and pubescence — Smooth and glabrous. Prickles — Not present.

Bud:

Shape.—Ovate.

Size.—2.5 cm long and 1.2 cm in diameter.

Color.—Near RHS 141C.

Flower:

Calyx.—General — Comprised of five polysepalous sepals, with two to three weak foliaceous appendages present on all sepals. Diameter of calyx — 0.5 cm. Sepals — Color, interior surface — RHS 136D. Color, exterior surface — RHS 141C. Dimensions — 2.5 cm long and 0.8 cm wide. Apex — Acuminate. Base — Flat at union with the receptacle. Quantity — Five. Texture and pubescence — Soft and somewhat felt-like; lightly pubescent. Margins — Two to three weak foliaceous appendages. Stipitate glands — Not present.

Corolla.—General shape of corolla — Rounded. Upper profile — Flattened convex. Lower profile — Flat. Rate of opening — 10 days from bud to anthesis. Dimensions — Approximately 6 to 8 cm in diameter and 3 cm deep. Fragrance — Mild rose scent. Lastingness — On the plant for 5 days after anthesis. Persistence — Self-cleaning. Petals — Petal count — Exhibits semi-double flowers with approximately 10 petals under normal conditions. Petal arrangement — Loose open whorl. Dimensions — 3.0 cm long and 3.0 cm wide. Petal shape — Rounded. Apex — Rounded. Base — Obtuse. Petal reflex — Moderate reflexing on outer petals. Petal margin — Entire; slightly undulating. Texture — Soft. Aspect — Slightly ruffled. Petal color, upon opening — Upper surface — Near RHS N66A, with yellow, near RHS 5C, at the base. Lower surface — Near RHS 65D, with yellow, near RHS 2D, at the base. Petal color, at anthesis — Upper surface — Near RHS N66B, with yellow, near RHS 5C, at the base. Lower surface — Near RHS 63C, with yellow, near RHS 2D, at the base. Fading — Near RHS 54D.

Reproductive organs:

Stamens.—Quantity — Approximately 80. Anthers — Shape — Narrow ovate. Length — 0.1 cm. Color — Near RHS 26A. Pollen — Many. Pollen Color — Yellow-orange, near RHS 21B. Filaments — Color — Near RHS 7B. Length — Approximately 1.0 cm.

Pistils.—Quantity — Approximately 50. Length — Approximately 0.4 cm. Stigma — Shape — Rounded. Color — Near RHS 18B. Style — Length — Approximately 0.2 cm long. Color — Near RHS 130D.

Ovary.—Dimensions — 0.5 cm long and 0.3 cm wide. Color — Near RHS 3D.

Receptacle.—Shape — Pitcher-shaped. Dimensions — 0.4 cm high and 0.4 cm wide. Color — Near RHS 141C.

Hip and seed:

Hip.—Shape — Rounded. Dimensions — 1.5 cm long and 1.7 cm wide. Texture — Smooth. Color — Near RHS 138B.

Seed.—Not present.

COMPARISONS WITH THE PARENTS

The new rose plant 'GRAmary' may be distinguished from its seed parent, an unnamed breeding line, by the following combination of characteristics:

1. The flowers of 'GRAmary' exhibit a distinct bright cerise general tonality, whereas the flowers of the seed parent exhibit a soft pink general tonality.
2. 'GRAmary' exhibits an upright to semi-weeping growth habit, whereas the seed parent exhibits an upright growth habit.

The new rose plant 'GRAmary' may be distinguished from its pollen parent, an unnamed breeding line, by the following combination of characteristics:

1. The flowers of 'GRAmary' exhibit a distinct bright cerise general tonality, whereas the flowers of the pollen parent exhibit a purple general tonality.
2. 'GRAmary' exhibits an upright to semi-weeping growth habit, whereas the pollen parent exhibits an upright growth habit.
3. 'GRAmary' exhibits juvenile foliage colored near RHS 144C with anthocyanin intonations, whereas the pollen parent exhibits juvenile foliage colored near RHS 137C with no anthocyanin intonations.

COMPARISONS WITH THE MOST SIMILAR VARIETY OF COMMON KNOWLEDGE

Plants of the new cultivar 'GRAmary' may be distinguished from the commercial variety *Rosa* hybrid 'GRAppl' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 26,364) by the following combination of characteristics:

1. The flowers of 'GRAmary' exhibit a distinct bright cerise general tonality, whereas the flowers of 'GRAppl' exhibit a purple general tonality.
2. 'GRAmary' exhibits a petal count of approximately 10 petals, whereas 'GRAppl' typically possesses 22 petals.
3. 'GRAmary' exhibits average leaf dimensions of 6.5 cm long and 4.0 cm wide, whereas 'GRAppl' exhibits average leaf dimensions of 13.5 cm long and 8.5 cm wide.
4. Mature field-grown 'GRAmary' plants exhibit an average plant height of 75 cm, whereas 'GRAppl' exhibits an average plant height of 120 cm.
5. 'GRAmary' exhibits a rotund plant shape with more twiggy stems, whereas 'GRAppl' exhibits an upright shape with strong main stems.

That which is claimed:

1. A new and distinct variety of *Rosa* hybrid plant named 'GRAmary', as described and illustrated herein.

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FIG. 1

FIG. 2