



(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Olesen et al.

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(54) **CLEMATIS PLANT NAMED ‘EVIPO027’**

(50) Latin Name: *Clematis viticella*
Varietal Denomination: **Evipo027**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/02 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **Plt./228**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC **Plt./228**
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

PUBLICATIONS

“Perfection by Poulsen—*Clematis* Main Varieties 2013” (3 pgs
total).*

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Susan McCormick Ewoldt

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new *Clematis* plant with a compact growth habit, profuse,
pink flowers, and continuous summer flowering. The variety
successfully propagates from softwood cuttings and is suit-
able for cultivation commercial nursery culture. This new
and distinct variety has shown to be uniform and stable in
the resulting generations from asexual propagation from
vegetative cuttings.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical classification: Genus: *Clematis*. Species: *viti-
cella*.

Variety denomination: ‘Evipo027’.

SUMMARY OF THE CLAIMED PLANT

The present invention constitutes a new and distinct
variety of *Clematis* plant which originated from a controlled
crossing between the female seed parent, an un-named
seedling, and the male pollen parent, an un-named seedling.
Both parent varieties are non-patented varieties.

The two parents were crossed during the summer of 1997
and the resulting seeds were planted the following winter in
a controlled environment in Guernsey, Channel Islands,
United Kingdom. The new variety named ‘Evipo027’ origi-
nated as a single seedling from the stated cross.

The new *clematis* plant may be distinguished from its
female seed parent and male pollen parent by the following
characteristics. The female seed parent has flowers which
are 120 mm in diameter, while the new plant has flowers
which are 145 mm in diameter. The pollen parent starts to
flower in May while the new plant flowers earlier, typically
in April.

The objective of the hybridization of this *clematis* plant
was to create a new and distinct variety for nursery culture
with unique qualities such as:

1. Uniform and abundant pink flowers;
2. Vigorous and compact growth, making the variety
suitable for container culture; and
3. Improved disease resistance.

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This combination of qualities was lacking in *clematis*
plants that were in commercial cultivation and the qualities
have been substantially achieved in the new variety.

‘Evipo027’ was selected by Mogens N. Olesen and Ray-
mond J. Evison in their *clematis* development program in the
Channel Islands, United Kingdom in 1998. Asexual repro-
duction of ‘Evipo027’ by means of vegetative cuttings and
traditional layering was first performed by Mogens N.
Olesen and Raymond J. Evison in the nursery during the
summer of 1998. This initial and subsequent asexual propa-
gations have demonstrated that the characteristics of
‘Evipo027’ are true to type and are transmitted from one
generation to the next.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color illustration shows as true as is
reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this
type the typical characteristics of the buds, flowers, leaves,
and stems, of ‘Evipo027’.

Specifically illustrated in the drawing are flowers at
various stages of development, flower in parts, leaves, and
stems. Plants shown are 2 years of age.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The following is a detailed description of ‘Evipo027’, as
observed in its growth throughout the flowering period in
open air culture in Yamhill County Oreg. Observed plants
were cultivated for a period of 18 months in 2 liter contain-
ers. Certain phenotypical characteristics of the variety may
vary under different environmental, cultural, agronomic,

seasonal, and climatic conditions. Color references are made using The Royal Horticultural Society (London, England) Colour Chart, 2001, except where common terms of color are used.

For a comparison, physical characteristics of the *clematis* variety 'Evione' described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 10,222 issued Feb. 3, 1998 are compared to 'Evipo027' in Chart 1.

CHART 1

	'Evipo027'	'Evione'
Flower diameter	145 mm	130 to 180 mm
General tonality of flower color	Red-Purple Group 70 B, blend of Red-Purple Group 71A and 71B central bar	Purple Group 76A with Red-Purple Group 71A central bar.

Flower and Flower Bud

Blooming habit: Recurrent. The natural flowering period is generally from April to September.

Flower bud:

Size.—Normally 35 mm in length. Bud diameter is 17 mm.

Bud form.—Broad based. The base is rounded, apex is acute.

Bud color.—Yellow-Green Group 144B.

Texture.—Lightly pubescent.

Peduncle:

Surface texture.—Smooth.

Length.—25 to 45 mm.

Width.—2 mm.

Color.—Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Strength.—Strong.

Receptacle:

Surface texture.—Smooth.

Shape.—Funnel.

Size.—1 mm (h)×4 mm (w).

Color.—Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Flower arrangement:

Location on vine.—New and old growth.

Borne.—Singly, and from axillary buds borne at the base of the peduncle.

Aspect.—Flowers are oriented upwards.

Overlapping.—Somewhat.

Flower bloom:

Size.—On average, flowers are 145 mm in diameter and 20 mm in depth.

Profile.—Open flowers are flat on the upper surface, and concave underneath.

Fragrance.—None.

Lasting quality.—Flowers normally remain 6 days on the plant.

Tepals:

Color, upper side.—Red-Purple Group 70 B with a central bar which is a blend of Red-Purple Group 71A and 71B.

Color, lower side.—Red-Purple Group 76B with a central bar Yellow-Green Group 145C.

Color, changes.—After the flowers have been open for about 5 days, the upper surface becomes Red-Purple Group 75A with a central bar Red-Purple Group 77A. The lower surface becomes Red-Purple Group 76B with a central bar Green-White Group 157D.

Quantity.—Normally 6 to 8 tepals.

Size.—60 mm in length by 40 mm wide.

Shape.—Individual tepal shape is elliptic. The tepal apex is acute, the base is acute.

Apex recurvature.—Strong to moderate.

Tepal cross section.—Reflexed moderately.

Margins.—Entire. Strong undulations of margin observed.

Persistence.—Tepals drop off clean from the plant.

Reproductive organs:

Arrangement.—Open.

Pollen.—None observed.

Anthers.—Size: 5 mm in length. Color: Yellow Group 4D. Quantity: On average, 85.

Filaments.—Color: Green-White Group 157D. Length: 6 mm average.

Pistils.—Quantity: On average, 35.

Stigmas.—Superior in location relative to the length of the filaments and the height of the anthers.

Styles.—Color: Green-White Group 157D. Length: 11 mm.

Plant

Plant form: Climbing.

Plant growth: Moderately vigorous.

Size: Seasons growth attains 3 meters in height. Average spread is 45 cm.

Hardiness: Trials to date show the variety hardy in USDA Zones 4-9.

Stems:

Color.—Juvenile stems are Yellow-Green Group 144A. Mature stems are Greyed-Purple Group 183B.

Internodes.—On average, 6 cm between nodes.

Length.—Normally 20 cm from the base of the plant to the flowering portion of the stem.

Diameter.—Normally 2 mm.

Texture.—Mature stems are lightly pubescent and ribbed.

Plant foliage:

Leaf characteristics.—Deciduous, ternate.

Arrangement.—Trifoliate.

Leaf size.—Compound leaves are normally 120 mm (l)×110 mm (w). Leaflets are normally 55 mm (l)×35 mm (w).

Abundance.—On average 2 leaves per 10 cm of stem.

Leaf color.—Juvenile upper Yellow-Green Group 146A. Juvenile lower Yellow-Green Group 146B. Mature upper Yellow-Green Group 146A. Mature lower Yellow-Green Group 146B.

Stipules.—Absent.

Petioles.—Size: Normally 50 mm in length by 1 mm diameter. Texture: Lightly pubescent. Color: Yellow-Green Group 146B.

Petiolule.—Size: Normally 20 mm in length by 1 mm diameter. Texture: Smooth. Color: Yellow-Green Group 146B.

Leaflet shape.—Somewhat cordate. The apex is mucronate. The base is rounded.

Margin.—Entire, with moderate undulations.

Surface.—The upper side is smooth. The lower side is smooth.

Thickness.—Average.

Glossiness.—Glossy at the undersurface. Upper surface is not glossy.

Disease resistance: Subject to any disease that normally attacks the species. However the variety is more tolerant to *clematis* wilt, *Phoma clematidina*, than some *clematis*.

Cold hardiness: The variety is tolerant to USDA Hardiness Zone 6.

Heat tolerance: The variety has been found to be suitable for climate conditions found in the American Horticulture Society heat zone 7.

We claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of *clematis* plant named ‘Evipo027’, substantially as described and illustrated, due to its abundant pink flowers with good keepability, attractive long lasting foliage and compact growth, year round flowering under glasshouse conditions, suitability for production from softwood cuttings in pots, durable flowers and foliage which make the variety suitable for distribution in the floral industry.

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