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**Van Swieten**

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(54) **PHALAEOPSIS ORCHID PLANT NAMED**  
**'PHALFYPCI'**

(50) Latin Name: *Phalaenopsis* Blume  
Varietal Denomination: **PHALFYPCI**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
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**A01H 5/02** (2006.01)

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USPC ..... **Plt./311**  
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

**PUBLICATIONS**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct variety of *Phalaenopsis* plant named  
'PHALFYPCI', particularly characterized by having orange  
flowers that are lightly striped, 2 to 3 peduncles, an inflores-  
cence that is medium long and moderate, leaves that are  
narrow and lanceolate, and is propagated by tissue culture is  
disclosed.

**3 Drawing Sheets**

**1**

Genus and species: *Phalaenopsis* Blume.  
Variety denomination: 'PHALFYPCI'.

**BACKGROUND OF THE NEW PLANT**

The present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar  
of *Phalaenopsis* plant, botanically known as *Phalaenopsis* of  
the Orchidaceae family, and hereinafter referred to by the  
cultivar name 'PHALFYPCI'.

*Phalaenopsis* comprises a genus of about 60 species of  
herbaceous perennials many of which, or the hybrids thereof,  
are suitable for cultivar in the home or greenhouse.  
*Phalaenopsis* is predominantly epiphytic or rock dwelling,  
and is native to tropical Asia, the Malay Archipelago, and  
Oceania. The species typically has 2-ranked, fleshy, oblong or  
elliptic leaves affixed to a short central stem (monopodial  
growth), which vary in size from 12 to 20 cm to over 60 cm.  
The leaves may be entirely green or mottled with silver grey.

*Phalaenopsis* orchids, often referred to as 'Moth Orchids'  
in the horticultural trade, are frequently used to furnish cut  
flowers for the florist trade or sold as flowering potted-plants  
for home or interiorscape.

*Phalaenopsis* produces upright or pendent lateral racemes  
or panicle, often with many showy flowers which open in  
succession beginning with the lowermost. The flowers pos-  
sess three sepals and three petals; the lateral ones being alike.  
The lowermost petals, called the labellum, is three-lobed and  
is often more brightly-colored than the other flower segments.  
Flower colors include various shades of pink, white, yellow,  
and red-brown.

*Phalaenopsis* orchids are typically propagated from seeds.  
Asexual propagation of *Phalaenopsis* is often done from  
off-shoots which arise from the lower bracts of the inflores-

**2**

cence. The resulting plants are detached from the mother  
plants and may be planted in a suitable substrate.

The new *Phalaenopsis* 'PHALFYPCI' is particularly char-  
acterized by its attractive and unique orange flowers that are  
lightly striped, economical propagation by tissue culture,  
rapid growth, and a plant dimension suitable for packaging  
and shipping to the market.

'PHALFYPCI' is a product of a planned breeding program  
conducted in Bleiswijk, The Netherlands.

The new *Phalaenopsis* 'PHALFYPCI' originated from a  
cross made in June 2007 in Bleiswijk, The Netherlands. The  
female parent is a yellow *Phalaenopsis* pot plant named  
'00001-1960' (unpatented), while the male parent is an  
orange *Phalaenopsis* pot plant named '23567-0004' (unpat-  
ented). A single plant was selected in June 2010 and has been  
asexually reproduced repeatedly by tissue culture in  
Bleiswijk, The Netherlands over a 1.5-year period. The new  
variety has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics  
through successive asexual propagations.

Asexual reproduction of 'PHALFYPCI' by tissue culture  
was first performed in January 2013 in Bleiswijk, The Neth-  
erlands and has demonstrated that the new cultivar is firmly  
fixed and retained through successive generations of asexual  
reproduction.

Plant Breeder's Rights for this variety have been applied  
for in Europe on Apr. 25, 2014. 'PHALFYPCI' has not been  
made publicly available or sold anywhere in the world more  
than one year prior to the filing date of this application.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The following are the most outstanding and distinguishing  
characteristics of this new cultivar when grown under normal  
horticultural practices in Bleiswijk, The Netherlands.

- 1) Orange flowers that are lightly striped;
- 2) 2 to 3 peduncles;
- 3) Inflorescence is medium long and moderate;
- 4) The shape of the leaves is narrow and lanceolate; and
- 5) Plants are propagated by tissue culture.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

This new *Phalaenopsis* plant is illustrated by the accompanying photographs which show the overall plant habit including blooms, buds and foliage of the plant; the colors shown are as true as can be reasonably obtained by conventional photographic procedures. The photographs are of a 50-week old plant grown in a greenhouse in Bleiswijk, The Netherlands in February 2014.

FIG. 1 shows the overall plant habit, including blooms, buds and foliage of 'PHALFYPCI'.

FIG. 2 shows a close-up of a flower of 'PHALFYPCI'.

FIG. 3 shows a close-up of the leaves of 'PHALFYPCI'.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW VARIETY

The following detailed description sets forth the distinctive characteristics of 'PHALFYPCI'. The data which define these characteristics were collected from asexual reproductions carried out in Bleiswijk, The Netherlands. The plant history was taken on 50-week old plants which were planted from tissue culture in 12 centimeter pots and grown in a greenhouse between 27° C. to 29° C. for 30 weeks, continued by a cooling period of 8 weeks between 18° C. to 20° C. and 12 weeks in a greenhouse of 21° C. Observations were made in February 2014. Color readings were taken under 4-6000 lux natural light in the greenhouse. Color references are primarily to The R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society of London (R.H.S.) (2001).

## DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

## Classification:

*Family*.—Orchidaceae.

*Botanical*.—*Phalaenopsis* Blume.

*Common name*.—*Phalaenopsis*.

*Variety name*.—'PHALFYPCI'.

## Parentage:

*Female parent*.—*Phalaenopsis* cultivar '00001-1960' (unpatented).

*Male parent*.—*Phalaenopsis* cultivar '23567-0004' (unpatented).

## Propagation:

*Type*.—Tissue culture.

## Plant:

*Crop time (time to produce a finished flowering plant)*.—48 to 50 weeks for a 12 cm pot.

*Growth habit of inflorescence*.—Standard, green leaves, raceme to panicle.

*Height (including pot, including inflorescence)*.—48.0 cm to 58.0 cm.

*Width (measured from leaf tips)*.—40.0 cm to 45.0 cm.

*Vigor*.—Moderate.

## Roots:

*Root description*.—Grey-green-colored roots with light branching lateral roots having grey-green-brown colored root tips.

## Leaves:

*Mature leaves*.—Quantity per plant: 7 to 8 leaves are produced before flowering. Length (fully expanded):

22.0 cm to 24.0 cm. Width: 6.5 cm to 7.5 cm. Shape: Narrow lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Leaf blade angle with the petiole: Between 5 degrees and 20 degrees. Leaf margin: Entire. Color: Upper surface: RHS 147A. Lower surface: RHS 137A. Texture: Slightly rough. Thickness: 2.4 mm to 2.6 mm. Venation: Pattern: Parallel. Color of the midvein: Upper surface: RHS 139A. Lower surface: RHS 146A.

## Peduncle:

*Quantity per plant*.—2 to 3.

*Number of flowers per peduncle*.—9 to 14.

*Length*.—38.0 cm to 43.0 cm.

*Diameter*.—4.8 mm to 5.0 mm.

*Strength*.—Moderate.

*Aspect*.—Upright.

*Texture*.—Smooth.

*Color*.—Green-brown (RHS 147A and 187A).

*Internode length*.—30.0 mm to 40.0 mm.

## Inflorescence description:

*Appearance*.—Upright to slightly pendant, raceme to panicle inflorescence with bilaterally symmetrical flowers that open in succession beginning with the lowermost flower.

*Inflorescence size*.—Height (from base to tip): 190.0 mm to 240.0 mm. Diameter: 3.9 mm to 4.2 mm.

*Flowering time*.—First flowers can be expected 10 to 11 months after planting in a 12 cm pot.

*Flower*.—Height: 65.0 mm to 70.0 mm. Diameter: 68.0 mm to 73.0 mm. Depth of lip: 18.0 mm to 20.0 mm.

*Flower longevity*.—On the plant: 7 to 10 weeks.

*Fragrance*.—Lightly fragrant.

*Petals*.—Arrangement: Open. Shape: Semi-circular.

Apex: Emarginate and slightly asymmetric. Margin: Entire. Length (from base to tip): 31.0 mm to 33.0 mm. Width: 31.0 mm to 33.0 mm. Color (when fully opened): Main color: Orange (RHS 13C). At the base: Orange (RHS 13C).

*Dorsal sepal*.—Shape: Elliptic. Margin: Entire. Length (from base to tip): 35.0 mm to 37.0 mm. Width: 24.0 mm to 26.0 mm. Color (when fully opened): Main color: Orange (RHS 11A). At the base: Orange (RHS 11A).

*Lateral sepals*.—Shape: Ovate. Margin: Entire. Length (from base to tip): 34.0 mm to 36.0 mm. Width: 25.0 mm to 27.0 mm. Color (when fully opened): Main color: Orange and greyed-red (RHS 9C and 181A). At the base: Orange and greyed-red (RHS 9C and 181A).

*Labellum (lip)*.—Margin: Entire. Length: 17.0 mm to 19.0 mm. Width: 16.0 mm to 18.0 mm.

*Lateral lobe*.—Shape: Type IV (as described in the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) Test Guidelines for *Phalaenopsis*). Color: Purple (RHS 71A).

*Apical lobe*.—Shape: Rhombic. Color: Purple-orange (RHS 78B, 172A and 163A).

*Callus*.—Color: Yellow dotted (RHS 14B and 59B).

*Pedicel*.—Length: 28.0 mm to 30.0 mm. Diameter: 3.1 mm to 3.3 mm.

## Reproductive organs:

*Arrangement*.—The stamens, style and stigmas are fused into a single, short structure called the column, possessing one terminal anther with pollen grains united into pollinia, which are covered by an anther

cap. The stigma is located under the column behind the pollinia. The ovary is inferior with three carpels present.

*Column*.—Length: 9.0 mm to 10.0 mm. Diameter: 4.6 mm to 4.8 mm. Color: Purple (RHS 78C).

*Pollinia*.—Quantity: 2. Size: 0.9 mm to 1.0 mm. Color: Orange (RHS 26A).

*Ovary*.—Length: 9.0 mm to 11.0 mm. Diameter: 2.4 mm to 2.6 mm.

Disease, pest, and stress resistance: No specific resistance or susceptibility observed.

Temperature tolerance: Tolerant to a low temperature of 15° C. and a high temperature about 30° C.

#### COMPARISON WITH PARENTAL AND COMMERCIAL VARIETIES

‘PHALFYPCI’ differs from female parent ‘00001-1960’ (unpatented) in that ‘PHALFYPCI’ has orange flowers and a green-brown peduncle, whereas ‘00001-1960’ has yellow

flowers and a brown peduncle. Additionally, ‘PHALFYPCI’ has smaller flowers than ‘00001-1960’.

‘PHALFYPCI’ differs from male parent ‘23567-0004’ (unpatented) in that ‘PHALFYPCI’ has a larger flower that is lightly striped and a larger lateral lobe of the lip, whereas ‘23567-0004’ has a smaller flower that is spotted and a smaller lateral lobe of the lip. Additionally, ‘PHALFYPCI’ has an apical lobe of the lip that is more rhombic, whereas ‘23567-0004’ has an apical lobe of the lip that is more narrow.

‘PHALFYPCI’ differs from commercial variety ‘PHALPIMSE’ (unpatented) in that ‘PHALFYPCI’ has an orange colored flower that is lightly striped, whereas ‘PHALPIMSE’ has a cream colored flower that is dotted. Additionally, ‘PHALFYPCI’ has a purple-orange colored apical lobe, whereas ‘PHALPIMSE’ has a lighter purple colored apical lobe.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of *Phalaenopsis* plant named ‘PHALFYPCI’, substantially as described and illustrated herein.

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FIG. 1

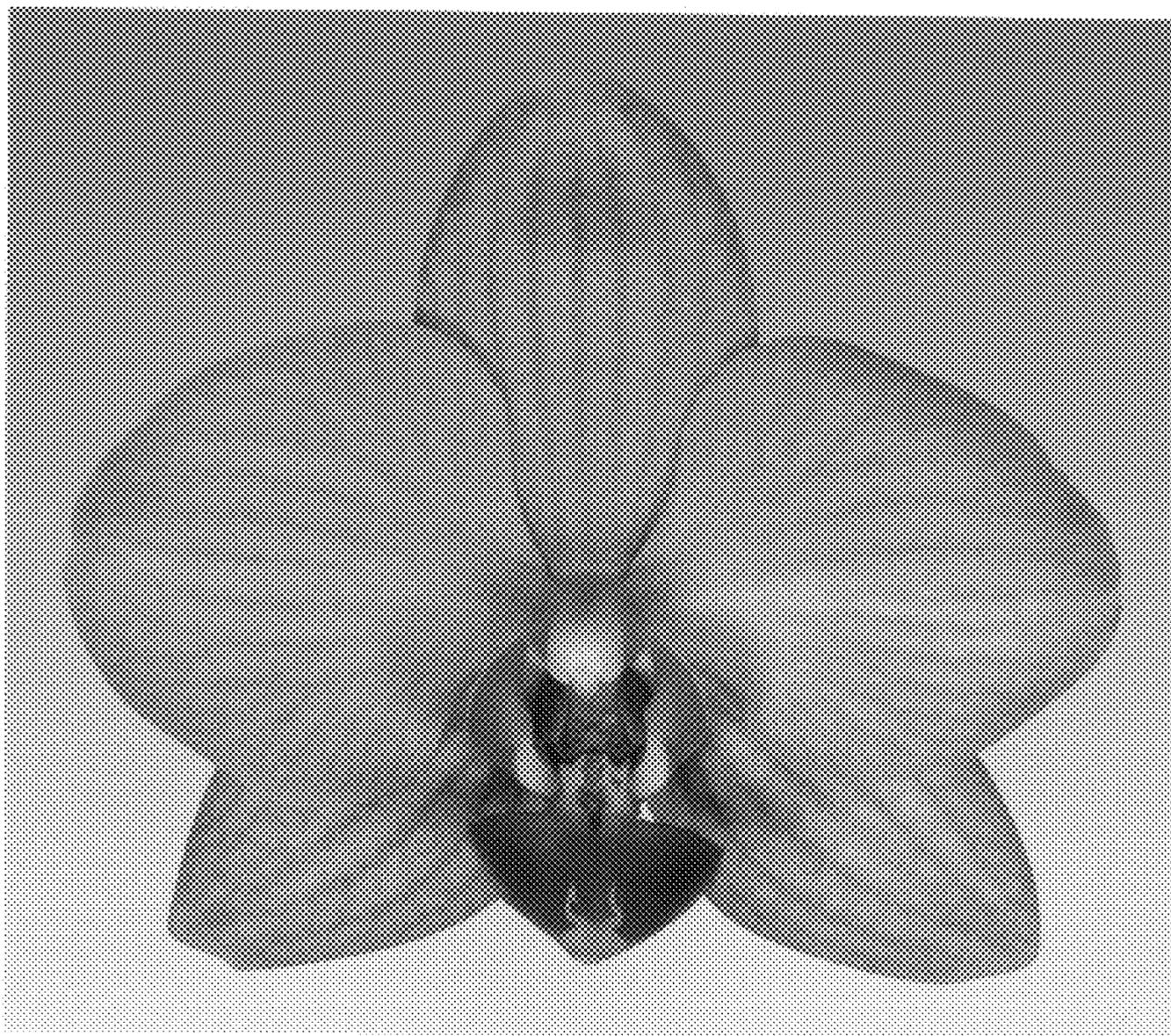


FIG. 2



FIG. 3