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(54) NEW GUINEA *IMPATIENS* PLANT NAMED 'KIROCOLETE'

- (50) Latin Name: *Impatiens hawkeri* Varietal Denomination: **Kirocolete**
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- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

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(58) Field of Classification Search

See application file for complete search history.

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Kirocolete', characterized by its compact, upright and mounded plant habit; freely branching habit; dense and bushy growth habit; dark green-colored leaves; and numerous bright fuchsia-colored flowers with undulate margins and positioned above and beyond the foliar plane.

1 Drawing Sheet

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(2006.01)

Botanical designation: *Impatiens hawkeri*. Cultivar denomination: 'KIROCOLETE'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant, botanically known as *Impatiens hawkeri*, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Kirocolete'.

The new *Impatiens* plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Gensingen, Germany. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new compact and freely branching *Impatiens* plants with numerous flowers and attractive leaf and flower colors.

The new *Impatiens* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in November, 2011, of *Impatiens hawkeri* 'Isabeau', not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of the *Impatiens hawkeri* identified as code number 010-22, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Impatiens* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Gensingen, Germany in April, 2012.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Impatiens* plant by terminal cuttings propagated in a controlled greenhouse environment in Gensingen, Germany since May, 2012 has shown that the unique features of this new *Impatiens* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed under all possible combinations of environmental conditions and cultural practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environmental conditions such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

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The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Kirocolete'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Kirocolete' as a new and distinct *Impatiens* plant:

- 1. Compact, upright and mounded plant habit.
- 2. Freely branching habit; dense and bushy growth habit.
- 3. Dark green-colored leaves.
- 4. Numerous bright fuchsia-colored flowers with undulate margins and positioned above and beyond the foliar plane.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* differ primarily from plants of the female parent, 'Isabeau', in plant habit as plants of the new *Impatiens* are more compact than and not as upright as 'Isabeau'.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* differ primarily from plants of the male parent selection in branching habit as plants of the new *Impatiens* are more freely branching than plants of the male parent selection. In addition, plants of the new *Impatiens* are denser than and not as open as plants of the male parent selection.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of New Guinea *Impatiens* 'Infinity Dark Pink', not patented. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Gensingen, Germany, plants of the new *Impatiens* differed primarily from plants of 'Infinity Dark Pink' in the following characteristics:

- 1. Flower petals of plants of the new *Impatiens* had undulate margins whereas flower petals of plants of 'Infinity Dark Pink' did not have undulate margins.
- 2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* and 'Infinity Dark Pink' differed in flower color as plants of 'Infinity Dark Pink' had dark pink-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of New Guinea *Impatiens* 'Visinfblla', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 16,147. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Gensingen, Germany, plants of the new *Impatiens* differed primarily from plants of 'Visinfblla' in the following characteristics:

- 1. Flower petals of plants of the new *Impatiens* had undulate margins whereas flower petals of plants of 'Visinfblla' did not have undulate margins.
- 2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* and 'Visinfblla' differed in flower color as plants of 'Visinfblla' had purple and red 5 bi-colored flowers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying photographs illustrate the overall 10 appearance of the new *Impatiens* plant showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new 15 *Impatiens* plant.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Kirocolete' grown in a container.

The photograph at the top of the sheet is a close-up view of 20 a typical flowering plant of 'Kirocolete'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photographs and following observa- 25 tions and measurements describe plants grown in Bonsall, Calif. during the summer in 11.5-cm containers in a polypropylene-covered shadehouse and under cultural practices typical of commercial New Guinea *Impatiens* production. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 30 Flower description: 24° C. to 27° C., night temperatures averaged 18° C. and light levels ranged from 2,500 to 4,000 foot-candles. Measurements and numerical values represent averages for typical flowering plants which were pinched one time and had been growing for four weeks after planting rooted young plants 35 when the photographs and detailed description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Impatiens hawkeri* 'Kirocolete'. Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Impatiens hawkeri 'Isabeau', not patented.

Male, or pollen parent.—Proprietary selection of Impa- 45 tiens hawkeri identified as code number 010-22, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—Vegetative cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About 14 days at tem- 50 peratures about 20° C. to 22° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About 18 days at temperatures about 19° C. to 21° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About 18 days at temperatures about 20° C. to 22° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About 21 days at temperatures about 19° C. to 21° C.

Root description.—Fibrous, medium in thickness; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; medium density. Plant description:

Plant habit.—Compact, upright and mounded plant habit.

Growth and branching habit.—Rapid growth rate; vigorous and freely branching habit; about eight lateral 65 branches developing at the base; dense and bushy

growth habit; pinching, that is, removal of the terminal apices, is typically not required, but will enhance branching.

Plant height.—About 16.4 cm.

Plant diameter or spread.—About 30.5 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 14.8 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Internode length: About 5.7 cm. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 177A.

Leaf description:

Arrangement.—Opposite or in whorls, simple.

Length.—About 8.3 cm.

Width.—About 3.4 cm.

Shape.—Elliptical.

Apex.—Acuminate.

Base.—Attenuate.

Margin.—Serrulate with ciliation.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous. Venation pattern.—Pinnate.

Color.—Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to N137B. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to N137A; venation, close to N170D. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B; venation, close to 181D.

Petioles.—Length: About 1.6 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 181D.

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Flower type and flowering habit.—Single axillary flowers; freely flowering habit with usually about six to seven flowers and flower buds per lateral branch; flowers positioned above and beyond the foliar plane and typically face upright and outwardly.

Flower longevity.—Flowers last about one week under greenhouse conditions; petals self-cleaning, gynoecium persistent.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Natural flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions; in the garden, flowering from spring until fall in California; plants begin flowering about four weeks after planting young plants.

Flower size.—Diameter: About 5.5 cm by 5.6 cm. Depth: About 3.2 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 2.5 cm. Diameter: About 1.4 cm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: Close to 75A.

Petals.—Quantity and arrangement: Five petals arranged in a single whorl. Length, banner petal: About 2.7 cm. Length, lateral petals: About 2.7 cm. Length, lower petals: About 3 cm. Width, banner petal: About 4.3 cm. Width, lateral petals: About 3.2 cm. Width, lower petals: About 2.4 cm. Shape: Cordate. Apex: Emarginate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire with irregular sinuate edges; undulate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to N74A to N74B. When opening, lower surface: Close to 75A. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to N74A to N74B; central longitudinal line, close to N74A; towards the base, close to 64B; colors do not fade with development. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to N74C.

Sepals.—Quantity and arrangement: Three arranged in a single whorl; one modified into an elongated spur. Length: About 7 mm. Width: About 5 mm. Shape: Elliptical. Apex: Acuminate. Base: Obtuse. Margin:

Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 185B. Spur length: About 3.6 cm. Spur diameter: At flower, about 2 mm; at apex, less than 1 mm. Spur texture: Smooth, glabrous. Spur color: Close to 185B.

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Peduncles.—Length: About 4.2 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Angle: About 45° to 55° from vertical. Strength: Strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 177A.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity: Five fused at anthers; filaments free. Anther size: About 3 mm by 6 mm. Anther color: Close to 53D. Pollen amount: Moderate. Pollen color: Close to 159B. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 6 mm. 15

Stigma shape: Round. Stigma color: Close to 157A. Style color: Close to 157A. Ovary color: Close to 152B.

Seeds and fruit.—Seed and fruit development have not been observed on plants of the new *Impatiens*.

Disease & pest resistance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to New Guinea *Impatiens* plants.

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Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 16° C. to about 35° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Kirocolete' as illustrated and described.

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