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(54) ***ALSTROEMERIA* PLANT NAMED 'ZALSATENZ'**

(50) Latin Name: ***Alstroemeria hybrida***
Varietal Denomination: **Zalsatenz**

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**
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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant named 'Zalsatenz' characterized by its erect and strong flowering stems; vigorous growth habit; large dark pink-colored flowers; and excellent postproduction longevity.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Alstroemeria hybrida.*
Cultivar denomination: 'ZALSATENZ'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant, botanically known as *Alstroemeria hybrida*, commercially used as a cut flower *Alstroemeria*, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Zalsatenz'.

The new *Alstroemeria* plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands. The objective of the breeding program is to create new cut flower *Alstroemeria* plants with desirable flower and plant qualities, attractive and unique flower coloration and excellent postproduction longevity.

The new *Alstroemeria* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands in May, 2008 of a proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as code number 52856-1, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as code number 74609-1, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Alstroemeria* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands in June, 2009.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Alstroemeria* plant by rhizome divisions in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands since September, 2009 has shown that the unique features of this new *Alstroemeria* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions and cultural practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environmental conditions such as temperature and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype. The

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following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Zalsatenz'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Zalsatenz' as a new and distinct *Alstroemeria* plant:

1. Erect and strong flowering stems.
2. Vigorous growth habit.
3. Large dark pink-colored flowers.
4. Excellent postproduction longevity.

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* differ from plants of the female parent selection primarily in flower color as plants of the female parent selection have lighter pink-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* differ from plants of the male parent selection primarily in flower color as plants of the male parent selection have yellow-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants of *Alstroemeria hybrida* 'Zalsalyn', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 22,308. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Alstroemeria* differed primarily from plants of 'Zalsalyn' in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* were shorter than plants of 'Zalsalyn'.
2. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* had taller inflorescences than plants of 'Zalsalyn'.
3. Flowers of plants of the new *Alstroemeria* were darker pink in color than flowers of plants of 'Zalsalyn'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Alstroemeria* plant showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Alstroemeria* plant.

The photograph comprises a close-up view of a typical flowering stem of 'Zalsatenz'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations and measurements describe plants of the new *Alstroemeria* grown during the spring and summer in ground beds in a glass-covered greenhouse in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 15° C. to 25° C., night temperatures ranged from 10° C. to 15° C., soil temperatures averaged 14° C. and light levels averaged 5,000 lux. Plants were one year old when the photograph and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Alstroemeria hybrida* 'Zalsatenz'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as code number 52856-1, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as code number 74609-1, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—In vitro rhizogenesis.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About 40 days at temperatures of 16° C. to 25° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About 60 days at temperatures of 16° C. to 20° C.

Root description.—Fibrous, fleshy, thick; color, close to 155D.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; medium density.

Rhizomes.—Shape: Elongate; rounded. Length: About 10 cm to 30 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm to 10 mm. Texture: Smooth. Color: Close to 155D.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Upright; freely branching, bushy appearance; vigorous growth habit; rapid growth rate.

Plant height.—About 120 cm to 140 cm.

Plant diameter (*spread*).—About 25 cm.

Flowering stem description:

Aspect.—Erect.

Length.—About 102 cm to 122 cm.

Diameter.—About 7 mm to 11 mm.

Internode length.—About 5 cm to 10 cm.

Strength.—Strong.

Texture.—Smooth, glabrous.

Color.—Close to 146B.

Leaf description:

Appearance.—Leaves asymmetrical, simple; sessile.

Length.—About 14.3 cm to 19 cm.

Width.—About 2.7 cm to 4.8 cm.

Shape.—Lanceolate.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Cuneate.

Margin.—Entire.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous.

Venation pattern.—Parallel.

Color.—Developing and fully developed leaves, upper surface: Close to N137A; venation, close to 144B. Developing and fully developed leaves, lower surface: Close to N137D; venation, close to 144A.

Flower description:

Flower type and habit.—Single cup-shaped flowers arranged in compound umbels; flowers face mostly outwardly; perianth segments separate; freely flowering habit, about 25 to 45 flower buds and open flowers developing per flowering stem.

Natural flowering season.—Flowering continuous during the spring and early summer in The Netherlands; plants begin flowering about 80 to 90 days after planting.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flower longevity.—About four weeks on the plant and about 20 to 25 days as a cut flower; flowers not persistent.

Flower buds (*showing color*).—Length: About 5.5 cm to 6 cm. Diameter: About 1.5 cm to 1.8 cm. Shape: Roughly ovoid. Color: Close to 64B.

Umbel height.—About 17 cm to 19 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 21.5 cm to 23.5 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 6.5 cm to 7.5 cm.

Flower depth.—About 7.5 cm to 8 cm.

Perianth.—Arrangement: Six arranged in two whorls, each whorl with two lateral and one median segments. Inner perianth, lateral segments: Length: About 7.2 cm to 8 cm. Width: About 2.2 cm to 2.4 cm. Shape: Oblanceolate. Apex: Cuspidate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Shallowly serrate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Towards the apex, close to 58B; center, close to 12C; towards the base, close to 58D. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Towards the apex, close to 58B; center, close to 12C and 58B; towards the base, close to 58D. Inner perianth, median segment: Length: About 6.2 cm to 7.2 cm. Width: About 2.3 cm to 2.6 cm. Shape: Oblanceolate. Apex: Cuspidate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Shallowly serrate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 58B. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 58B to 58C. Outer perianth, lateral segments: Length: About 6.7 cm to 7.4 cm. Width: About 3.8 cm to 4.2 cm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Embedded point. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Shallowly serrate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 58B. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 58B. Outer perianth, median segment: Length: About 6.5 cm to 7.6 cm. Width: About 3.8 cm to 4.3 cm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Embedded point. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Shallowly serrate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 58B. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 58B.

Pedicels.—Length: About 1.5 cm to 10 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm to 4 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 10° to 25° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 137B and 146B.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity per flower: Six. Anther shape: Elliptic. Anther length: About 9 mm to 10 mm. Anther color: Close to 59A. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: Close to 200C. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Style length: About 3.5 cm

to 4 cm. Style color: Close to 64A. Stigma color: Close to 64A. Ovary color: Close to 146C.

Seeds and fruits.—Seed and fruit development has not been observed on plants of the new *Alstroemeria*.

Disease & pest resistance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Alstroemeria* plants.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about −5° C. to about 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Alstroemeria* plant named 'Zalsatenz' as illustrated and described.

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