



(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Dummen

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(54) **PELARGONIUM PLANT NAMED**
‘DUEGBOFMER’

(50) Latin Name: *Pelargonium peltatum*
Varietal Denomination: **Duegbofmer**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(52) **U.S. Cl.**
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of Ivy Geranium plant named
‘Duegbofmer’, characterized by its compact, upright to out-
wardly spreading plant habit; vigorous growth habit; freely
basal branching habit; freely flowering habit; large deep red
to dark red purple-colored double flowers; and good garden
performance.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Pelargonium peltatum*.
Cultivar denomination: ‘DUEGBOFMER’.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of Ivy Geranium plant, botanically known as *Pelargonium*
peltatum, and hereinafter referred to by the name ‘Duegbo-
fmer’.

The new Ivy Geranium plant is a product of a planned
breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Rheinberg,
Germany. The objective of the breeding program is to create
new vigorous Ivy Geranium plants with numerous attractive
flowers.

The new Ivy Geranium plant originated from a cross-pol-
lination made by the Inventor in July, 2008 in Rheinberg,
Germany of a proprietary selection of *Pelargonium peltatum*
identified as code number P05-3845-001, not patented, as the
female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Pelar-*
gonium peltatum identified as code number F-1816-018, not
patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new Ivy Gera-
nium plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a
single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated
cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in
Rheinberg, Germany in May, 2012.

Asexual reproduction of the new Ivy Geranium plant by
vegetative terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse envi-
ronment in Rheinberg, Germany since June, 2012 has shown
that the unique features of this new Ivy Geranium plant are
stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new Ivy Geranium have not been observed
under all possible environmental conditions and cultural
practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations
in environmental conditions such as temperature and light
intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

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The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are
determined to be the unique characteristics of ‘Duegbofmer’.
These characteristics in combination distinguish ‘Duegbo-
fmer’ as a new and distinct Ivy Geranium plant:

1. Compact, upright to outwardly spreading plant habit.
2. Vigorous growth habit.
3. Freely basal branching habit.
4. Freely flowering habit.
5. Large deep red to dark red purple-colored double flow-
ers.
6. Good garden performance.

Plants of the new Ivy Geranium differ primarily from
plants of the female parent selection in flower color as plants
of the female parent selection have red-colored flowers. In
addition, plants of the new Ivy Geranium are more freely
branching than plants of the female parent selection.

Plants of the new Ivy Geranium differ primarily from
plants of the male parent selection in growth habit as plants of
the new Ivy Geranium are more compact than plants of the
male parent selection. In addition, plants of the new Ivy
Geranium and the male parent selection differ in flower color
as plants of the male parent selection have lighter red-colored
flowers.

Plants of the new Ivy Geranium can be compared to plants
of *Pelargonium peltatum* ‘Vicky’, not patented. In side-by-
side comparisons conducted in Rheinberg, Germany, plants
of the new Ivy Geranium differed primarily from plants of
‘Vicky’ in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new Ivy Geranium had shorter and thicker
lateral branches than plants of ‘Vicky’.
2. Plants of the new Ivy Geranium had larger flowers than
plants of ‘Vicky’.
3. Plants of the new Ivy Geranium and ‘Vicky’ differed in
flower color as plants of ‘Vicky’ had lighter red purple-
colored flowers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the over-
all appearance of the new Ivy Geranium plant showing the

colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new Ivy Geranium plant.

The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Duegbofmer' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations and measurements describe plants grown during the summer in 12-cm containers in a glass-covered greenhouse in Rheinberg, Germany and under cultural practices typical of commercial *Pelargonium* production. During the production of the plants, day and night temperatures averaged 18° C. and light levels averaged 4,500 lux. Plants were pinched one time three weeks after planting and were 13 weeks old when the photograph and the description were taken. In the detailed description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Pelargonium peltatum* 'Duegbofmer'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Pelargonium peltatum* identified as code number P05-3845-001, not patented.

Male or pollen parent.—Proprietary selection of *Pelargonium peltatum* identified as code number F-1816-018, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By vegetative terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About five days at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About seven days at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About three weeks at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About four weeks at temperatures about 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; dense.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Compact, upright to outwardly spreading plant habit; uniformly rounded; densely foliated; vigorous growth habit.

Branching habit.—Freely basal branching habit with about 15 basal branches developing per plant.

Plant height to top of flower umbels.—About 32 cm.

Plant height to top of foliar plane.—About 22.5 cm.

Plant width.—About 52 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 13 cm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Internode length: About 2.3 cm. Texture: Pubescent. Strength: Moderately strong. Color: Close to 144A.

Leaf description:

Arrangement.—Alternate; simple.

Length.—About 6.5 cm.

Width.—About 6.3 cm; sinus depth, up to about 1.5 cm.

Shape.—Roughly reniform; palmately lobed.

Apex.—Lobe apices, acute.

Base.—Cordate.

Margin.—Crenate.

Venation pattern.—Palmate.

Texture, upper surface.—Pubescent.

Texture, lower surface.—Smooth, glabrous.

Color.—Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 137C. Fully developed leaves, upper surface: Close to 147A; venation, close to 147A. Fully developed leaves, lower surface: Close to 137C; venation, close to 137C. Zonation pattern: Distance from margin: About 2.4 cm. Width: About 2.4 mm. Color: Close to 200A. Petioles: Length: About 5.4 cm. Diameter: About 2.2 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement.—Double type flowers arranged in rounded hemispherical umbels arising from apical leaf axils; umbels displayed above the foliar plane on moderately strong peduncles; flowers face mostly upright to outwardly.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flowering habit.—Freely flowering habit, about ten to twelve flowers per umbel and potentially about 25 to 30 flower umbels developing per plant.

Flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions; in outdoor nurseries and gardens in Germany, flowering is continuous from spring throughout the summer until the autumn; plants begin to flower about eight weeks after planting.

Flower longevity.—Individual flowers last about five to seven days on the plant; flowers persistent.

Umbel height.—About 5.7 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 7.5 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 5.4 cm by 5 cm.

Flower depth (height).—About 2.5 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 1.1 cm. Diameter: About 8 mm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: Close to 143A.

Petals.—Quantity per flower: About five arranged in a single whorl. Length: About 2.4 cm. Width: About 1.3 cm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Sinuate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 59A. When opening, lower surface: Close to 60B. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 53A; venation, close to 187A. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 67A; venation, close to 64A.

Petaloids.—Quantity per flower: About 21 to 22 arranged in several whorls. Length: About 1.9 cm. Width: About 8.4 mm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Sinuate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 59A. When opening, lower surface: Close to 60B. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 53A. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 67A.

Sepals.—Quantity per flower: Five arranged in a single whorl. Length: About 1.1 cm. Width: About 3.3 mm. Shape: Ensiform. Apex: Apiculate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

Peduncles (umbel stems).—Length: About 14.6 cm. Diameter: About 3.9 mm. Strength: Moderately strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 144A.

Pedicels (individual flower stems).—Length: About 2.2 cm. Diameter: About 1.6 mm. Strength: Moderately strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen quantity 5 per flower: None or one. Filament length: About 1.2 cm. Filament color: Close to 155A. Anther length: About 2 mm. Anther shape: Oblong. Anther color: Close to 165B. Pollen amount: Moderate. Pollen color: Close to 28A. Gynoecium: Pistil quantity per 10 flower: One. Pistil length: About 7.6 mm. Stigma shape: Crested. Stigma color: Close to 61A. Style length: About 2 mm. Style color: Close to 158B. Ovary color: Close to 138C.

Seeds and fruits.—Seed and fruit development have not been observed on plants of the new Ivy Geranium.

Disease & pest resistance: Plants of the new Ivy Geranium have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to Ivy Geranium plants.

Garden Performance: Plants of the new Ivy Geranium have been observed have good garden performance and to tolerate rain, wind, and temperatures ranging from about 5° C. to about 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct Ivy Geranium plant named ‘Duegbofmer’ as illustrated and described.

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