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(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Blom(10) **Patent No.:** US PP25,013 P3
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- (54) **CHrysanthemum PLANT NAMED 'ZANMURADIANT'**
- (50) Latin Name: *Chrysanthemum×morifolium* Ramat.
Varietal Denomination: Zanmuradiant
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- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: **13/694,700**
- (22) Filed: **Dec. 26, 2012**

- (65) **Prior Publication Data**
US 2014/0182033 P1 Jun. 26, 2014
- (51) **Int. Cl.** *A01H 5/00* (2006.01)
(52) **U.S. Cl.** USPC **Plt./287**
- (58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC Plt./287, 293
See application file for complete search history.

Primary Examiner — Anne Grunberg*(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Steptoe & Johnson LLP**(57) ABSTRACT**

A *Chrysanthemum* plant named ‘Zanmuradiant’ characterized by its large sized blooms with red-purple ray florets and prolific branching; natural season flowering date September 12 (week 37); blooming for a period of 4 weeks.

3 Drawing Sheets**1**

Botanical designation: *Chrysanthemum×morifolium* Ramat.

Cultivar denomination: ‘Zanmuradiant’.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Chrysanthemum* plant, botanically known as *Chrysanthemum×morifolium* Ramat., commercially known as a garden mum, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar denomination ‘Zanmuradiant’. ‘Zanmuradiant’ is a product of a breeding and selection program for outdoor pot mums (garden mums) which had the objective of creating new cultivars with a double type inflorescence, a natural season flowering date around September 12 (week 37), blooming for a period of 4 weeks. ‘Zanmuradiant’ is a seedling resulting from a cross of unregistered parent plants.

The new and distinct cultivar was discovered and selected as a flowering plant by Wilhelmus Bernardus Blom on a cultivated field in Rijenhout, The Netherlands in 2008. The first act of asexual production of ‘Zanmuradiant’ was accomplished when vegetative cuttings from the initial selection in 2008 were propagated further in a controlled environment in Rijenhout, The Netherlands. The new cultivar has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics through successive propagations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention of a new and distinct variety of *Chrysanthemum* (of about 16 weeks) is shown in the accompanying drawings, the color being as nearly true as possible with color photographs of this type.

FIG. 1 shows a plant of the cultivar in full bloom.

FIG. 2 shows the various stages of bloom of the new cultivar.

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FIG. 3 shows the various stages of foliage of the new cultivar.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The observations and measurements were gathered from plants grown out door in Rijenhout, The Netherlands under natural day length and temperature and planted in week 22 in 10 2011. The natural blooming date of this crop was September 12 (week 37). The average height of the plants was 30 cm. No growth retardants were used. No tests were done on disease or insect resistance or susceptibility. No tests were done on cold 15 or drought tolerance. This new variety produces large sized blooms with red-purple ray florets blooming for a period of 4 weeks.

From the cultivars known to inventor the most similar existing cultivar in comparison to ‘Zanmuradiant’ is 20 ‘Manakin’ (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 11,521). When ‘Manakin’ and ‘Zanmuradiant’ are being compared the following difference is noticed: The differences of ‘Manakin’ and ‘Zanmuradiant’ are (1) Bloom size. And (2) Color ray-florets. (1) The blooms 25 of ‘Manakin’ are smaller than those of ‘Zanmuradiant’. (2) The ray-florets of ‘Manakin’ are less purple than those of ‘Zanmuradiant’.

The following is a description of the plant and characteristics that distinguish ‘Zanmuradiant’ as a new and distinct 30 variety.

The color designations are taken from the plant itself. Accordingly, any discrepancies between the color designations and the colors depicted in the photographs are due to 35 photographic tolerances. The color chart used in this description is: The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, edition 2001.

TABLE 1

Botanical Description of <i>Chrysanthemum ×morifolium</i> Ramat. ‘Zanmuradian’	
Bud	
Size:	Small; cross-section 5 mm, height 5 mm
Shape:	Round
Texture:	Pubescent
Outside color:	Greyed-green 191A
Phyllaries	
Number:	25, arranged in 3 rows
Shape:	Elliptic
Apex:	Acute
Base:	Truncate
Margin:	Entire
Color:	Upper side: Green N138B Lower side: Green 139B
Length and width:	5 mm; 2.5 mm
Texture:	Pubescent
Inflorescences	
Type:	Double
Height:	2.5 cm
Diameter:	5.5-6 cm
Peduncle length:	5-8 cm
Peduncle color:	Green 138B
Peduncle diameter:	1.5 mm
Peduncle texture:	Pubescent
Number per branch:	Approx. 8-10 inflorescences
Duration of flowering:	4 weeks
Seeds:	Produced in small quantities, ovate, Greyed-brown 199A, length 1.5 mm, diameter 0.5 mm
Fragrance:	Faint <i>chrysanthemum</i> odor
Color inflorescences	
Center of inflorescence:	Immature stage: Red-purple 59A; Mature stage: Red-purple 59A
Color of upper side of ray florets:	Red-purple 59B
Color of lower side of ray florets:	Greyed-red 178C
Tonality from distance:	A garden mum with red purple blooms
Color of ray florets after aging of the plant:	Greyed-purple 187A
Ray florets	
Texture:	Upper and lower side smooth
Number:	220-230
Shape:	Elliptic
Apex:	Dentate
Base:	Attenuate
Cross-section:	Flat
Longitudinal axis:	Straight
Length of corolla tube:	4-5 mm
Ray floret margin:	Entire
Ray floret length:	1.6-2.8 cm
Ray floret width:	4 mm
Ratio length/width:	High
Disc florets	Absent
Receptacle	
Color:	Yellow-green 145D
Shape:	Conical raised
Height:	5 mm
Diameter:	5 mm
Reproductive Organs	
Androecium:	Absent
Gynoecium:	Present in ray florets
Style color:	Yellow-green 154C
Style length:	3 mm

TABLE 1-continued

Botanical Description of <i>Chrysanthemum ×morifolium</i> Ramat. ‘Zanmuradian’	
5	Stigma color: Stigma width: Ovary: Plant
	Yellow 7A 1 mm Enclosed in calyx
10	Form: Growth habit: Growth rate: Height: Width: Stem color: 15 Stem strength: Stem brittleness: Stem anthocyanin coloration: Internode length: Length of lateral branch: Lateral branch color:
	Grown as a spray type pot mum, outdoor raised and mounded Spherical shape Medium to high 30 cm 45-50 cm Greyed-brown 199A Not strong Brittle streaks of Greyed-purple 187C 1.5-2.5 cm From top to bottom 18-20 cm Green 137 C
20	Lateral branch, attachment: Lateral branch diameter: Branching (average number of lateral branches): 25 Natural season blooming date: Foliage
	Brittle 3 mm Prolific with 7-9 breaks after pinching September 12 (week 37-40)
30	Leaf color: 30 Color midvein: Size: Quantity (number per lateral branches): Shape: 35 Texture upper side: Texture under side: Venation arrangement: Shape of margin: Shape of base of sinus between lateral lobes: Margin of sinus between lateral lobes: Shape of base: Apex: Petiole length: Petiole diameter: Petiole color:
	Upper side: Green 137A; Lower side: Green 138A Upper side: Yellow-green 147D; Lower side: Yellow-green 148D Small; length 3-5 cm, width 2-3.5 cm 14-16 Broadly elliptic Sparsely pubescent Pubescent Palmate Serrated Rounded Diverging Attenuate to truncate Mucronulate 0.2-0.5 cm 1-1.5 mm Yellow-green 147D
45	

TABLE 2

Differences with the comparison variety (when grown under identical conditions).		
	‘Zanmuradian’	‘Manakin’
50	Inflorescence diameter Color upper surface ray-florets	5.5-6 cm Red-purple 59B
		3.5 cm Red 46A

55 I claim:
 1. A new and distinct *Chrysanthemum* plant named ‘Zanmuradian’ as described and illustrated.

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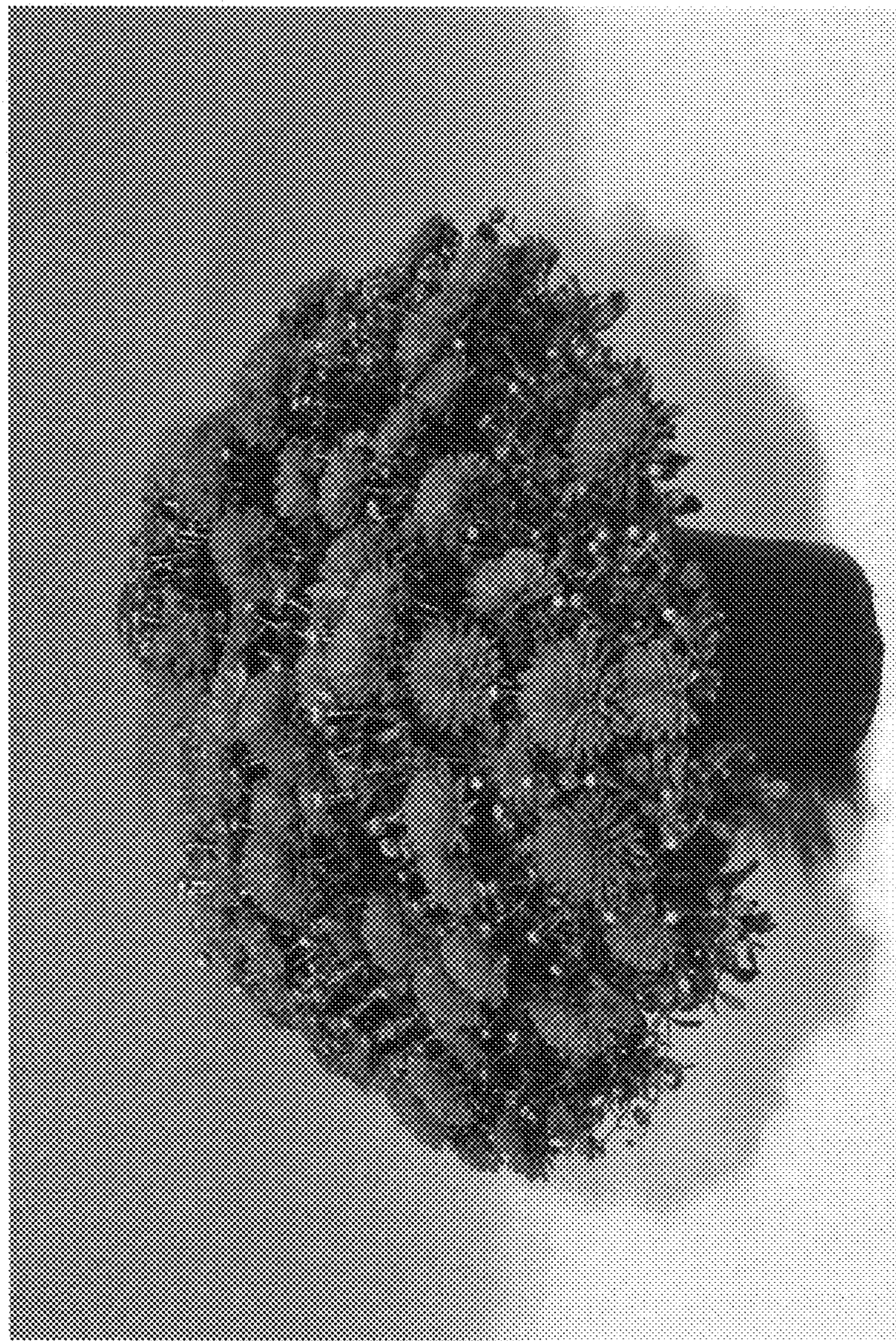


FIG. 1

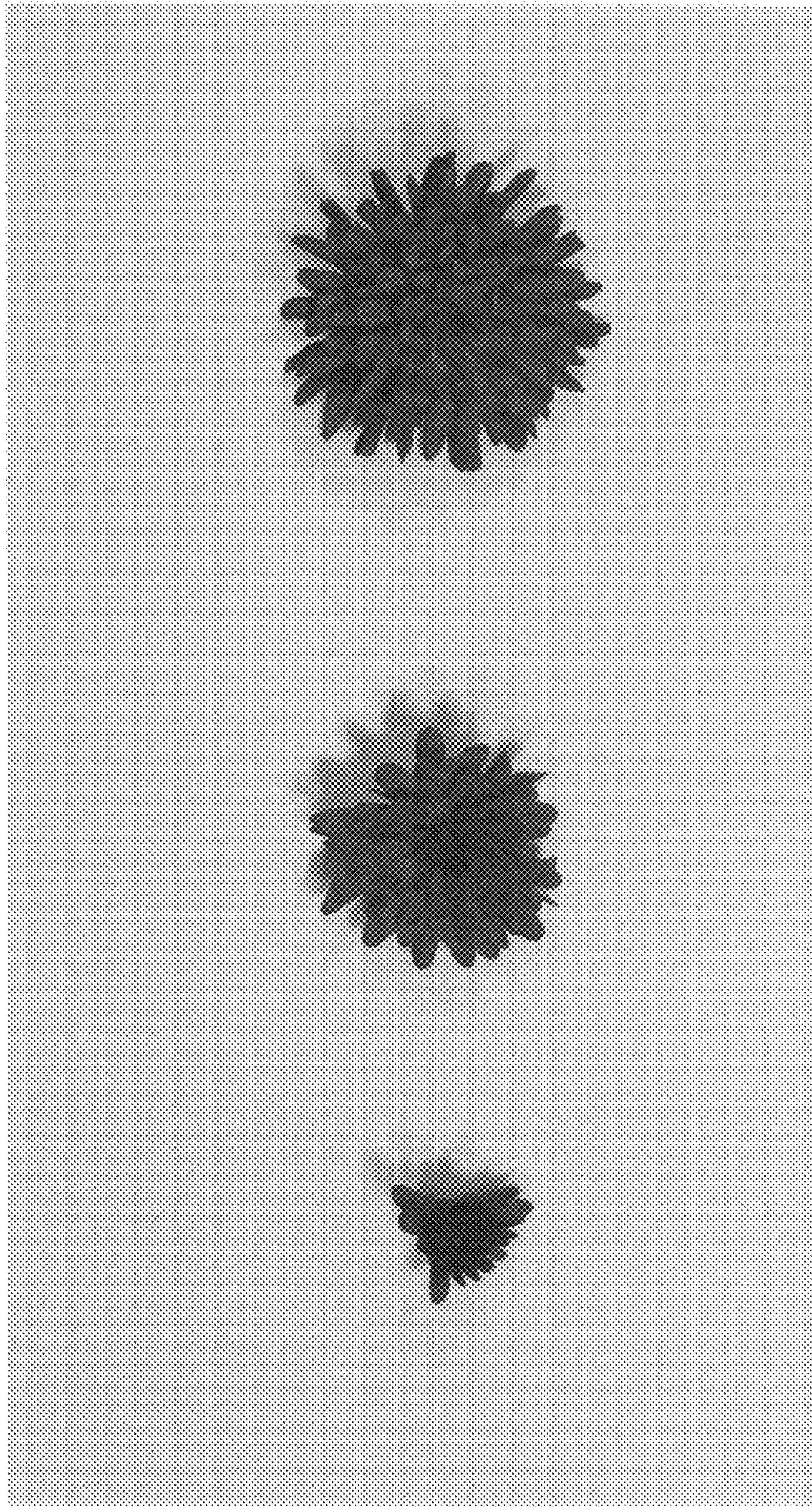


FIG. 2

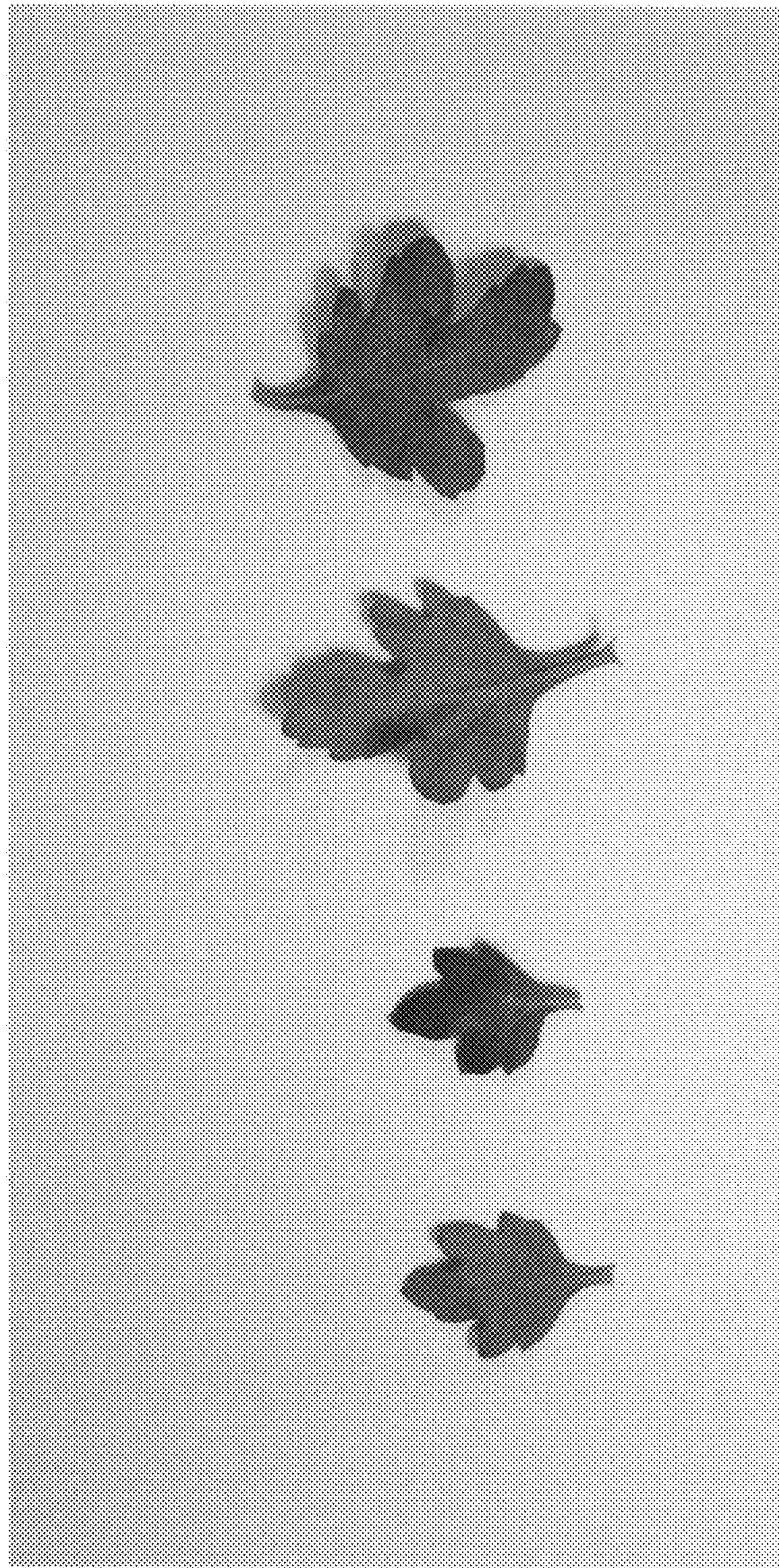


FIG. 3