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Dummen

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NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS PLANT NAMED (54)'DUEMAGPUR'

Latin Name: *Impatiens hawkeri* (50)Varietal Denomination: **Duemagpur**

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See application file for complete search history.

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ABSTRACT (57)

A new and distinct cultivar of *Impatiens* plant named 'Duemagpur' characterized by its upright, outwardly spreading and mounding plant habit; freely branching habit; relatively vigorous growth habit; dark green-colored leaves; freely and early flowering habit; large dark red purple-colored flowers; and good garden performance.

1 Drawing Sheet

Botanical designation: *Impatiens hawkeri*. Cultivar denomination: 'DUEMAGPUR'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea Impatiens plant, botanically known as Impatiens hawkeri and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Duemagpur'.

The new *Impatiens* plant is a product of a planned breeding $_{10}$ program conducted by the Inventor in Rheinberg, Germany. The objective of the breeding program is to create new vigorous and uniform New Guinea *Impatiens* plants with large and attractive flowers.

The new *Impatiens* plant originated from a cross-pollina- 15 tion made by the Inventor in July, 2007 in Rheinberg, Germany of a proprietary selection of Impatiens hawkeri identified as code number F-0303-1809, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Impa*tiens hawkeri identified as code number N02-0046-001, not 20 patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Impatiens* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated crosspollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rheinberg, Germany in May, 2011.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Impatiens* plant by terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rheinberg, Germany since July, 2011 has shown that the unique features of this new *Impatiens* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions and cultural practices. 35 The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environmental conditions such as temperature, daylight and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Duemagpur'.

These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Duemagpur' as a new and distinct *Impatiens* plant:

- 1. Upright, outwardly spreading and mounding plant habit.
- 2. Freely branching habit.
- 3. Relatively vigorous growth habit.
 - 4. Dark green-colored leaves.
 - 5. Freely and early flowering habit.
 - 6. Large dark red purple-colored flowers.
 - 7. Good garden performance.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new Impatiens differ primarily from plants of the female parent selection in flower color as plants of the female parent selection have red-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. Plants of the new Impatiens differ primarily from plants of the male parent selection in flower color as plants of the male parent selection have bluishcolored flowers.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of New Guinea Impatiens 'Kilogia', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 11,935. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rheinberg, Germany, plants of the new Impatiens differed primarily from plants of 'Kilogia' in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* were taller and more vigorous than plants of 'Kilogia'.
- 2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* had larger leaves than plants of 'Kilogia'.
- 3. Plants of the new *Impatiens* were more freely flowering than plants of 'Kilogia'.
- 4. Plants of the new *Impatiens* had larger flowers than plants of 'Kilogia'.
- 5. Plants of the new *Impatiens* and 'Kilogia' differed slightly in flower color as plants of 'Kilogia' had lighter red purple-colored flowers.
- 6. Plants of the new *Impatiens* had shorter peduncles than plants of 'Kilogia'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Impatiens* plant showing the colors }

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as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Impatiens* plant.

The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Duemagpur' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations, measurements and values describe plants grown during the summer in 10.5-cm containers in a glass-covered greenhouse in Rheinberg, Germany and under cultural practices typically used in commercial New Guinea *Impatiens* production. During the production of the plants, night temperatures averaged 18° C. and light levels averaged 4,500 lux. Plants were pinched one time about three weeks after planting and were 16 weeks old when the photograph and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Impatiens hawkeri* 'Duemagpur'. Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Impatiens hawkeri* identified as code number F-0303-1809, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary selection of Impa-30 tiens hawkeri identified as code number N02-0046-001, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About five days at tem- $_{35}$ peratures about 20° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About seven days at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About three weeks at temperatures about 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About four weeks at temperatures about 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; dense.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Upright to outwardly spreading and mounding plant habit; freely branching habit with about eight lateral branches per plant; relatively vigorous growth habit.

Plant height.—About 27 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 17 cm.

Lateral branch description:

Length.—About 17.4 cm.

Diameter.—About 1.3 cm.

Internode length.—About 3.75 cm.

Strength.—Strong.

Aspect.—Initially upright to outwardly spreading.

Texture.—Smooth, glabrous.

Color.—Close to 60A.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Opposite or in whorls; simple.

Length.—About 13.7 cm.

Width.—About 4.1 cm.

Shape.—Ovate.

Base.—Obtuse.

Apex.—Apiculate.

Margin.—Serrulate with ciliation.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous; leathery.

Venation pattern.—Pinnate; arcuate.

Color.—Developing and fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 139A; venation, close to 59C. Developing and fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 138B; venation, close to 59A.

Petiole length.—About 3.5 cm.

Petiole diameter.—About 3.4 mm.

Petiole texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous.

Petiole color, upper and lower surfaces.—Close to 53A.

Flower description:

Flower type and flowering habit.—Single rounded and flat axillary flowers; freely flowering habit, typically about ten to eleven open flowers and flower buds per lateral branch and about 75 flowers developing per plant; flowers positioned above and beyond the foliar plane, flowers typically face mostly upright to outwardly.

Flower longevity.—Flowers typically last about five to six days on the plant under greenhouse conditions; petals self-cleaning, gynoecium persistent.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Natural flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions; in the garden, flowering from spring until fall in Germany; early flowering habit, plants typically begin flowering about eight weeks after planting.

Flower buds.—Length: About 1.3 cm. Diameter: About 1 cm. Shape: Ovate. Color: Close to 59B.

Flower diameter.—About 7.5 cm.

Flower depth.—About 3.5 cm.

Petals.—Quantity and arrangement: Five per flower in a single whorl. Length: About 4.1 cm. Width: About 4.4 cm. Shape: Obcordate. Apex: Cordate; rounded. Base: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; satiny. Color: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 61A; venation, close to 61A; color becoming closer to 83A with development. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 72A; venation, close to 72A.

Sepals.—Quantity and arrangement: Three in a single whorl; one modified into an elongated spur. Length: About 1.2 cm. Width: About 5 mm. Shape: Broadly lanceolate. Apex: Apiculate. Base: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 152A. Spur length: About 5.1 cm. Spur diameter: At flower, about 3 mm; at apex, about 1 mm. Spur texture: Smooth, glabrous. Spur color: Close to 60A.

Peduncles.—Length: About 5 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm to 5 mm. Angle: Upright to outward. Strength: Moderately strong; flexible. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 61B.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity: Five fused at anthers; filaments free. Anther length: About 6 mm. Anther shape: Oval. Anther color: Close to 155B and 61C. Pollen amount: Abundant. Pollen color: Close to 11C. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 6 mm to 10 mm. Stigma shape: Crested.

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Stigma color: Close to 61B. Style length: About 0.5 mm. Style color: Close to 145D. Ovary color: Close to 200A.

Seeds and fruits.—Seed and fruit production has not been observed on plants of the new *Impatiens*.

Disease & pest resistance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to New Guinea *Impatiens* plants.

Garden performance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have been observed to have good garden performance and tolerate temperatures ranging from about 5° C. to about 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Impatiens* plant named 'Duemagpur' as illustrated and described.

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