



US00PP24348P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Beekenkamp**(10) **Patent No.:** US PP24,348 P2  
(45) **Date of Patent:** Mar. 25, 2014(54) **BEGONIA PLANT NAMED 'BKPBECBR'**(50) Latin Name: ***Begonia hiemalis***  
Varietal Denomination: **BKPBECBR**(75) Inventor: **Annie Cornelia Beekenkamp**, Maasdijk  
(NL)(73) Assignee: **Beekenkamp Plants B.V.**, Maasdijk  
(NL)( \*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this  
patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
U.S.C. 154(b) by 14 days.(21) Appl. No.: **13/507,631**(22) Filed: **Jul. 13, 2012**(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**A01H 5/00** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
USPC ..... **Plt./349**(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
USPC ..... Plt./349  
See application file for complete search history.*Primary Examiner* — Kent L Bell(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — C. A. Whealy**ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Begonia* plant named 'BKP-BECBR', characterized by its broadly upright, somewhat outwardly spreading and mounded plant habit; moderately freely basal branching habit; medium-size leaves; uniform and freely flowering habit; and flowers that are red purple in color on both the upper and lower surfaces.

**2 Drawing Sheets****1**

Botanical designation: *Begonia hiemalis*.  
Cultivar denomination: 'BKPBECBR'.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Begonia* plant, botanically known as *Begonia hiemalis*, commercially referred to as a Elatior *Begonia* and hereinafter referred to by the name 'BKPBECBR'.

The new *Begonia* plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Amstelveen, The Netherlands. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new freely branching and freely flowering *Begonia* plants with attractive foliage and flower colors.

The new *Begonia* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in September, 2006 of a proprietary selection of *Begonia hiemalis* identified as code number 06-229-01, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Begonia hiemalis* identified as code number 6500604, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Begonia* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Amstelveen, The Netherlands in October, 2007.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Begonia* plant by tip cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in Amstelveen, The Netherlands since February, 2008 has shown that the unique features of this new *Begonia* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

Plants of the new *Begonia* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions and cultural practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environmental conditions such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'BKPBECBR'.

**2**

These characteristics in combination distinguish 'BKP-BECBR' as a new and distinct *Begonia* plant:

1. Broadly upright, somewhat outwardly spreading and mounded plant habit.
2. Moderately freely basal branching habit.
3. Medium-size leaves.
4. Uniform and freely flowering habit.
5. Flowers that are red purple in color on both the upper and lower surfaces.

Plants of the new *Begonia* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Begonia* differ from plants of the female parent selection primarily in flower color as plants of the female parent selection have red-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Begonia* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. Plants of the new *Begonia* differ primarily from plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Begonia* have darker green-colored leaves than plants of the male parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Begonia* have larger flowers than plants of the male parent selection.
3. Plants of the new *Begonia* and the male parent selection differ in flower color as plants of the male parent selection have pale pink-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Begonia* can be compared to plants of the *Begonia* 'Dragone', not patented. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Amstelveen, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Begonia* differed from plants of 'Dragone' in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Begonia* were more upright than plants of 'Dragone'.
2. Plants of the new *Begonia* had lighter-colored leaves than plants of 'Dragone'.
3. Plants of the new *Begonia* and 'Dragone' differed in flower color as plants of 'Dragone' had bright pink-colored flowers.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS**

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new *Begonia* plant showing the colors as

true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Begonia* plant.

The photograph on the first sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'BKPBEBCBR' grown in a container.

The photograph on the second sheet is a close up view of the upper and lower surfaces of typical flower buds, flowers and leaves of 'BKPBEBCBR'.

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

Plants used for the aforementioned photographs and following observations and measurements were grown in 12-cm containers during the winter in a glass-covered greenhouse in Maasdijk, The Netherlands. During the production of the plants, day and night temperatures ranged from 18° C. to 19° C. and light levels averaged 7,000 lux. Plants were twelve weeks old when the photographs and the description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Begonia hiemalis* 'BKPBEBCBR'.

Parentage:

*Female, or seed, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Begonia hiemalis* identified as code number 06-229-01, not patented.

*Male, or pollen, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Begonia hiemalis* identified as code number 6500604, not patented.

Propagation:

*Type.*—By tip cuttings.

*Time to initiate roots, summer and winter.*—About 20 days at temperatures of about 25° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer and winter.*—About 35 to 36 days at temperatures of about 21° C. to 23° C.

*Root description.*—Medium in thickness, fibrous; white in color; plants of the new *Begonia* have not been observed to form tubers.

*Rooting habit.*—Moderate branching; medium density.

Plant description:

*Plant form and growth habit.*—Broadly upright, somewhat outwardly spreading and mounded plant habit; plant shape roughly globular; moderately freely basal branching with about four basal branches per plant; moderately vigorous growth habit.

*Plant height.*—About 17.3 cm.

*Plant width.*—About 26.1 cm.

*Branch description.*—Length: About 12.4 cm. Diameter: About 9 mm. Internode length: About 1.9 cm. Texture: Sparsely pubescent. Aspect: Upright to about 30° from vertical. Color, developing: Close to N167A. Color, fully developed: Between 152B to 152C and 199A.

*Leaf description.*—Arrangement: Alternate, simple. Length: About 11.8 cm. Width: About 8.6 cm. Shape: Broadly ovate. Apex: Acute. Base: Oblique. Margin: Bi-serrate. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Texture, lower surface: Sparsely pubescent. Venation pattern: Palmate; reticulate. Color: Developing leaves, upper surface: Darker than between

148A and 152A. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 183C. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Darker than between 147A and N189A; venation, close to 143A. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 191A moderately tinged with close to 182C; venation, close to 146B. Petioles: Length: About 5.1 cm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Sparsely to moderately pubescent. Color, upper surface: Close to 152A slightly tinged with close to 172D. Color, lower surface: Close to 152A.

Flower description:

*Flowering habit.*—Female rotate and male cruciform flowers arranged in axillary compound cymes; male flower sterile; freely flowering habit with about six flowers per cyme and about 120 flowers developing per plant; flowers face upright to outwardly.

*Fragrance.*—None detected.

*Natural flowering season.*—Plants begin flowering about ten weeks after planting; long flowering period, plants flower freely and continuously from spring until autumn in The Netherlands.

*Flower longevity.*—Individual flowers last about ten days on the plant; flowers not persistent.

*Inflorescence height.*—About 15.7 cm.

*Inflorescence diameter.*—About 10.5 cm.

*Female flowers.*—Diameter: About 7.7 cm. Height: About 3.5 cm. Flower buds: Length: About 2.2 cm. Diameter: About 1.7 cm. Shape: Ovate. Color: Close to 46A; towards the base, close to 53A. Tepals: Quantity per flower and arrangement: About five in a single whorl. Length: About 3.5 cm. Width: About 3.8 cm. Shape: Reniform to close to orbicular. Apex: Rounded. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous; slightly velvety. Texture, lower surface: Smooth, glabrous. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 53C to between N57A and 58B. When opening, lower surface: Close to 47B to 47C; margins, close to 50A; basal veins, close to 146D. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 58B; color does not change with development. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 47B to 47D; basal veins, close to 146D; color becoming closer to 53D with development.

*Male flowers.*—Diameter: About 3.9 cm. Height: About 2.7 cm. Flower buds: Length: About 1.8 cm. Diameter (flattened): About 2.4 cm. Shape: Broadly ovate to reniform when flattened. Color: Close to 46A; towards the base, close to 53A. Tepals: Quantity per flower and arrangement: About four in a single whorl. Length: About 2.9 cm. Width: About 3 cm. Shape: Close to orbicular. Apex: Rounded to praemorse. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous; slightly velvety. Texture, lower surface: Smooth, glabrous. Color: When opening, upper surface: Between 53C and N57A. When opening, lower surface: Between 52A and 53C. Fully opened, upper surface: Between 53C and N57A; color does not change with development. Fully opened, lower surface: Between 53C and N57A; towards the base, close to 53D; color does not change with development.

*Tepaloids.*—Tepaloid development has not been observed on female or male flowers of the new *Begonia* plant.

*Peduncles*.—Length: About 5.9 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm. Angle: About 30° from branch axis. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to N199C.

*Pedicels*.—Length: About 3.4 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Angle: About 40° from the peduncle axis. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Between 164B and 199C.

*Reproductive organs*.—Stamens: Stamen development has not been observed on male flowers of plants of the new *Begonia*. Pistils: Present only on female flowers. Quantity per flower: About six. Length: About 9 mm. Style length: About 4 mm. Style color: Close to 9C. Stigma color: Close to 23A. Ovary color: Close to 1A.

*Seeds and fruits*.—Seed and fruit development production has not been observed on plants of the new *Begonia*.

Disease & pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to *Begonia* has not been observed on plants of the new *Begonia*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Begonia* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 14° C. to about 35° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Begonia* plant named 'BKPBECBR' as illustrated and described.

\* \* \* \*



