

US00PP24258P3

(12) United States Plant Patent

Menge et al.

(10) Patent No.: (45) **Date of Patent:**

US PP24,258 P3

Feb. 25, 2014

AVOCADO ROOTSTOCK NAMED (54)'ZENTMYER'

Latin Name: Persea americana Mill. Varietal Denomination: **Zentmyer**

Inventors: John A. Menge, Webster, WI (US); Gray E. Martin, Fallbrook, CA (US);

> **Berthold O. Bergh**, Riverside, CA (US); Fred B. Guillemet, Chino, CA (US); Lucille Guillemet, legal representative, Chino, CA (US); Brandon S. McKee,

Riverside, CA (US)

The Regents of the University of (73)Assignee:

California, Oakland, CA (US)

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this Notice:

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 126 days.

Appl. No.: 13/200,179

(22)Filed: Sep. 19, 2011

(65)**Prior Publication Data**

> US 2013/0074231 P1 Mar. 21, 2013

Int. Cl. A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

U.S. Cl. (52)

Field of Classification Search (58)

See application file for complete search history.

Primary Examiner — Kent L Bell

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP

ABSTRACT (57)

A new and distinct variety of *Persea americana* tree having a high tolerance under most conditions to *Phytophthora cinnamomi* when used as a rootstock. However, it is severely damaged by salt and is not recommended for locations where salt is a problem. This variety does not yield well under non-root rot conditions in comparison to similar varieties, making it desirable for replant situations where root rot infested soils are a problem.

6 Drawing Sheets

Latin name of the genus and species:

The avocado cultivar of this invention is botanically identified as *Persea americana* Mill.

Variety denomination:

The variety denomination is 'Zentmyer'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Avocado root rot is the limiting factor for the growth of avocados throughout the world. Avocado root rot is caused by 10 the fungus *Phytophthora cinnamomi*, which attacks and kills the feeder roots of avocado trees. The resultant lack of roots causes the tree to eventually die from water stress. There are a number of varieties of rootstocks that have some tolerance to the disease. These varieties included 'Duke 7' (unpat- 15 ented), the most commonly planted tolerant rootstock in the world; and 'Thomas' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 6,628), another root rot tolerant rootstock. However, even with these rootstocks, growers must still use a variety of methods, including mounding, mulching and the applications of chemical fungicides, to 20 keep the tress from dying in many soils. More resistant rootstocks are necessary to eliminate avocado root rot as a major disease threat.

Screening and Greenhouse Evaluation of Rootstocks

'Zentmyer' was identified and characterized using the fol- 25 lowing screening protocol. As it is difficult to breed avocados because only one in approximately one thousand flowers actually set fruit, plant breeding blocks of avocados were isolated to prevent out crossing with susceptible rootstocks. The breeding blocks were made up of various combinations 30 of selected rootstocks including, 'Thomas' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 6,628), 'Barr Duke' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 6,627), 'G6', 'Duke 7', 'Duke 9', 'UC 2001', 'UC 2011', 'Toro Canyon' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 5,642), 'Spencer', 'CR1-71', 'G 810', 'G

875', 'G 755A', 'VC 256', and 'Steyemarkii'. In order to synchronize blooming, attempts were made to girdle lateblooming varieties and spray early-blooming varieties with the pesticide Unicona-zole-P.

Initial screening was carried out by germinating seeds, which were harvested from the breeding blocks, in flats of vermiculite in the greenhouse. *Phytophthora cinnamomi*-infested millet was placed in rows along with the young roots of the test seedlings. After 8-10 weeks roots were evaluated and those with a high percentage of surviving roots were transplanted to soil mix incorporated with P. cinnamomi-infested millet. Rootstocks that survived this test were planted and grown in P. cinnamomi-infested soils. Survivors were examined more carefully for various types of resistance using asexual propagated material.

- a. Root survival—Rootstocks were grown in typical California avocado soils, inoculated with *P. cinnamomi* and evaluated for growth, root length and percent healthy roots.
- b. Root regeneration—Rootstocks were grown in soil inoculated with P. cinnamomi, treated with Aliette to halt *Phytophthora* root rot and evaluated for root regeneration.
- c. Attraction to *P. cinnamomi*—Roots of the rootstocks were placed in water baths with motile zoospores of P. cinnamomi. The numbers of spores attracted to the roots were evaluated.

Rootstocks that performed well in the screening and greenhouse evaluations were further tested under field conditions. Selection of 'Zentmyer'

'Zentmyer' was developed at Riverside, Calif. The maternal parent is 'Thomas' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 6,628) avocado variety. The pollen parent is unknown. Specifically, the 'Zentmyer' rootstock variety was selected in 1993 from an agricul-

tural operations land located Riverside, Calif. The fruit were collected from the avocado breeding blocks, the seed removed, and planted in vermiculite. The seeds were grown in a greenhouse. The plants were inoculated with the fungus Phytophthora cinnamomi. After showing tolerance to the 5 disease, 'Zentmyer' was selected as a single plant for further testing. Budwood was collected from the plants and grafted to the stumps of adult avocado trees that had been cut down at Irvine, Calif. The new varieties grew into trees which provided budwood for further testing. At least two 'mother' trees of the variety are growing in Irvine Calif., along with the germplasm. During screening and evaluation, 'Zentmyer', which was selected and originally designated 'PP4', distinguished itself from other varieties, including the maternal 15 parent 'Thomas,' by having a high tolerance against *Phytoph*thora root rot. The properties of 'Zentmyer' were found to be true to type and transmissible by asexual reproduction.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a new and distinct avocado variety. 'Zentmyer' is an avocado tree having a rootstock that has a high tolerance against *Phytophthora* root rot under most conditions. However, it is severely damaged by salt and is not 25 recommended for locations where salt is a problem. This variety also does not yield well under non-root rot conditions in comparison to similar varieties. For these reasons it may be an excellent choice for replant situations where root rot infested soils are a problem.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- FIG. 1 illustrates a nine-year-old top-worked tree of the 'Zentmyer' variety while growing in Irvine, Calif.
- FIG. 2 illustrates typical mature foliage of the 'Zentmyer' variety with dimensions in centimeters shown at the right.
- FIG. 3 illustrates typical flush foliage of the 'Zentmyer' variety with dimensions in centimeters shown at the bottom.
- FIG. 4a illustrates typical inflorescence with dimensions in 40 centimeters shown at the right and FIG. 4b illustrates typical inflorescence by itself.
- FIG. 5 illustrates a typical external view of the fruit of the 'Zentmyer' variety, with dimensions in centimeters shown at the bottom.
- FIG. 6 illustrates typical internal views of the fruit of the 'Zentmyer' variety, with and without the seed. Dimensions in centimeters are shown at the bottom.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The following is a detailed description of the new 'Zentmyer' variety, which was taken from an approximately nineyear-old mature tree, with the exception as a rootstock for a specific scion when reference is made to root rot resistance 55 and salinity tolerance. The tree is located in an experimental orchard in Irvine, Calif. and is grafted on a Persea americana seedling used as a rootstock.

The Royal Horticultural Society (R.H.S.) Color Chart is used herein for the color description of the rind, seed, bark, 60 leaf, flower, flesh color and other interest of the 'Zentmyer' avocado tree.

Trees, Foliage, and Flowers

Tree:

Growth habit.—Vigorous, upright and spreading when 65 compared to the rootstock 'Thomas'.

Vigor.—Below are data on the vigor of 'Hass' grafted onto the rootstock of 'Zentmyer', as determined by trunk diameter measurements from trees planted in an orchard with Phytophthora cinnamomi in Escondido Calif.

TABLE 1

		Trunk d	iameter (c	m)		
0	Rootstock	year 1	year 2	year 3	year 4	year 5
	PP#4 'Zentmyer' Thomas	2.40 2.44	4.39 4.29	7.12 6.75	9.20 8.4 0	11.25 10.84

Escondido Ca., with Hass scion

TABLE 2

Canopy volume (cubic feet)					
Rootstock	year 1	year 2	year 3	year 4	year 5
PP#4 'Zentmyer' Thomas	14.81 13.56	77.27 84.48	397.4 388.5	410. 367.	1573 1076

Escondido Ca., with Hass scion

Size.—Medium. The typical canopy size of a three year old top-worked 'Thomas' is 388 cu.ft. By comparison the canopy size of a three year old top-worked 'Zentmyer' is 397 cu.ft. The tree is 610-915 cm in height when fully grown at the orchard site in Irvine, Calif.

Branch:

20

30

50

Color.—The color of the one year old branch is green (RHS 144D).

Smoothness.—The bark of a one year old branch is smooth.

Lenticels.—The lenticels of a one year old branch are conspicuous.

Main stem:

Color.—Grayed-green (RHS 197A and RHS 197D). *Texture of bark.*—Corky.

Young shoot (flush):

Intensity of anthocyanin coloration.—Weak.

Anthocyanin coloration.—Grayed-orange (RHS 166A).

Color.—Grayed-orange (RHS 166A).

Conspicuousness of lenticels.—Medium.

Color of lenticels.—Purple (RHS 185B).

Size of lenticels.—1.0 mm long.

Concentration of lenticels.—+/-26 lenticels per square cm.

Color of upper side.—Grayed-orange (RHS 174A). Glossiness of upper side.—Medium.

Color of lower surface.—Grayed-orange (RHS 177A). Mature leaf:

Length.—15.0 cm.

Width.—6.0 cm.

Ratio length/width.—2.5.

Shape.—Lanceolate.

Color of upper side.—Green (RHS 137A).

Color of lower side.—Green (RHS 138B).

Glossiness of upper side.—Medium.

Prominence of veins on lower side.—Prominent and in relief.

Color of veins.—Yellow-green (RHS 151A).

General shape and cross-section.—Concave.

Reflexing of apex.—Absent.

Color of petiole.—Yellow-green (RHS 144A).

Anise aroma.—Absent.

Margin.—Undulation of margin is absent or very weak, and the leaf margin is entire.

5

Leaf apex shape.—Acuminate.

Leaf base shape.—Lanceolate.

Length of leaf petiole.—Approximately 3.0 cm.

Diameter of leaf petiole.—Approximately 3.5 mm.

Leaf arrangement.—Upright.

Flower:

Bud size.—Approximately 5 mm in length and approximately 4 mm in diameter.

Bud shape.—Ovoid.

Bud color.—Yellow-green (RHS 153A).

Opening.—Belongs to group "A", male opening (i.e. 15 with mature stamens) occurs in the afternoon, the flower closes over night, and female opening (i.e. with mature pistil) occurs the next morning; the flower's opening cycle lasts 20-24 hours.

Petals.—Borne in two whorls of three perianth lobes. 20 The petals possess entire margins and petal coloration is near yellow-green (RHS N144B). Both the upper and lower petal surfaces are near yellow-green (RHS) N144B).

Stamen.—There are commonly nine fertile stamens with 25 each having two basal nectar glands that are greyedoranged (RHS 174A) in color and three staminodia. The anthers are tetrathecal.

Pistil.—The single pistil with a slender style and small stigmatic surface has one carpel with one ovule. The 30 ovary is superior.

Sepals.—There are 6 sepals which are approximately 7 mm in length and approximately 4 mm in width, and the color of both sepal surfaces is yellow-green (RHS) 151A).

Pedicel.—Commonly approximately 7 mm in length and approximately 1.9 mm in diameter. The coloration is near yellow-green (RHS N144A).

Peduncles.—Approximately 2.0 cm in length and approximately 5.0 mm in diameter. The coloration is $_{40}$ yellow-green (RHS 151A).

Number of flowers on inflorescence.—Approximately 170-200 flowers per inflorescence.

Fragrance.—Absent.

Bloom.—Bloom period at Riverside, Calif. experiment 45 station varies with cultural conditions. On average 'Zentmyer' has been found to bloom from 1st of February through 20th of March.

Fruit, Fruit and Production Characteristics Fruit:

Length.—9.5 cm.

Width.—5.5 cm.

Ratio length/width.—1.7.

Weight.—146.1 grams.

Shape.—Obovate, with an apex and base diameter of 55 approximately 3.5 cm and a center diameter of approximately 5.5 cm.

Color of skin (when ripe).—Yellow-green (RHS 144A) with some patches of purple (RHS N79).

Texture of skin.—Smooth.

Presence of longitudinal ridges.—Absent.

Thickness of skin.—Thin.

Adherence of skin to flesh.—Strong.

Main color of flesh.—Yellow-green (RHS 154C).

Color of intensely colored area of flesh next to skin.— 65 Green (RHS 140A).

Width of intensely colored area next to skin.—3.0 mm.

0

Conspicuousness of fibers in flesh.—Inconspicuous.

Seed:

Length.—5.6 cm.

Width.—3.4 cm.

Weight.—20.8 grams.

Shape (in longitudinal section).—Elliptical.

Shape (in cross section).—Circular.

Color of seed coat (fresh).—Grayed-orange (RHS) 166B)

Cotyledon color.—Orange-white (RHS 159B).

Time of harvesting.—'Zentmyer' fruit ripen in September (in Riverside Calif.).

Resistance to pests.—Strong resistance to Phytophthora cinnamomi.

Tolerance to salinity.—Sensitive to salinity.

Market use.—The fruit of 'Zentmyer' are not intended for market use, but rather the variety is used as a rootstock onto which commercial varieties, such as 'Hass' are grafted.

TABLE 3

Rootstock rating at Santana, Ventura County, August 2001 ¹						
Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy volume (cu ft)	Trunk diameter (cm)	No. trees dead		
'Steddom'	0.80 a	13.89 a	1.92 a	1		
'Merensky II'	0.90 a	15.10 a	1.48 a	1		
'Uzi'	0.90 a	16.92 a	2.02 a	0		
'Zentmyer'	1.05 a	16.48 a	2.05 a	1		
'G755A	1.65 a	5.55 a	1.62 a	1		
(Brokaw)'						
'Medina'	1.90 a	12.66 a	1.70 a	2		
'Berg'	2.20 a	13.80 a	1.29 a	4		
'McKee'	2.35 a	9.05 a	1.52 a	1		
'Duke 7'	2.50 a	11.40 a	1.24 a	4		
'Thomas'	2.65 a	10.22 a	1.15 a	4		
'G755 A	2.75 a	11.66 a	1.49 a	2		
(C&M)'						
UC 2023'	3.00 a	6.21 a	1.25 a	3		

¹Mean values in each column followed by identical letters are not statistically different according to Waller's k-ratio t test.

TABLE 4

Rootstock rating at Santana, Ventura County, November 2002. Two-year trial to-date.

50	Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy volume (cu ft)	Trunk diameter (cm)	Fruit rating (0-5; 5 = heavy)
	'Merensky II'	0.17 d	72.27 abc	3.49 ab	0.78 bcd
	ʻUzi'	0.50 cd	69.64 abcd	3.64 a	2.50 a
55	'Steddom'	1.00 bcd	67.95 abcd	2.94 abc	1.70 abc
	'Medina'	1.06 bcd	79.89 ab	3.26 ab	0.00 d
	'Zentmyer'	1.50 bcd	81.44 a	3.19 ab	0.60 bcd
	'Duke 7'	1.67 bcd	32.48 abcde	2.31 abcd	1.11 abcd
	'Berg'	1.72 bcd	46.57 abcde	2.21 abcd	2.00 ab
	'McKee'	1.78 abcd	30.92 bcde	2.24 abcd	0.22 cd
60	'G755A	2.30 abcd	19.98 de	1.90 bcd	0.10 d
	(Brokaw)'				
	'Thomas'	2.60 abc	31.50 bcde	2.02 abcd	0.30 cd
	'UC 2023'	2.95 ab	25.50 cde	1.41 cd	0.20 d
	'G755A	4.00 a	15.71 e	0.82 d	0.00 d.
	(C&M)'				

8

20

30

TABLE 4-continued

Rootstock rating at Santana, Ventura County, November 2002.
Two-year trial to-date.

Rootstock	Tip burn rating (0-5)	Canker rating (0-5)	No. trees dead	5
'Merensky II'	0.00 a	0.33 a	0/9	
'Uzi'	0.33 a	0.00 a	1/10	
'Steddom'	0.25 a	0.00 a	2/10	
'Medina'	0.75 a	0.00 a	1/9	10
'Zentmyer'	0.38 a	0.63 a	1/10	
'Duke 7'	0.38 a	0.38 a	3/9	
'Berg'	0.17 a	0.83 a	3/9	
'McKee'	0.43 a	0.29 a	2/10	
'G755A (Brokaw)'	0.29 a	0.14 a	3/10	
'Thomas'	0.17 a	1.00 a	4/10	1:
'UC 2023'	0.00 a	0.00 a	5/10	
'G755A (C&M)'			8/10	

TABLE 5

{Leo Curillo) rootstock rating, December 2003. Three-year trial to-date.

Rootstocks	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy vol (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	Fruit rating (0-5; 5-heavy)
'Zentmyer'	0.313d	48.0ab	6.45a	1.75abc
'Merensky'	0.556cd	71.6a	6.49a	2.67a
'Steddom'	0.677bcd	47.2ab	5.18ab	2.00ab
'Parida'	1.147abcd	50.6ab	4.91ab	1.53abcd
'Evstro'	1.353abcd	49.6ab	5.55ab	2.29ab
'Merensky I'	1.441abcd	48.6ab	5.01ab	1.41bcd
'Guillemet'	1.588abc	39.6b	4.58b	0.41d
'Thomas'	1.875ab	43.4ab	4.45b	0.72cd
'UC 2023'	2.188a	27.2b	4.07b	0.31d
'VC 207'	2.382a	32.4b	3.79b	1.12bcd

Rootstocks	Salt rating (0-5; 5 = severe)	Canker rating (0-5; 5-severe)	No. trees dead (%)
'Zentmyer'	0.00a	0.00a	0
'Merensky'	0.00a	0.00a	0
'Steddom'	0.00a	0.06a	6
'Parida'	0.00a	0.07a	18
'Evstro'	0.00a	0.06a	0
'Merensky I'	0.00a	0.06a	18
'Guillemet'	0.00a	0.08a	22
'Thomas'	0.00a	0.08a	29
'UC 2023'	0.08a	0.00a	19
'VC 207'	0.00a	0.00a	35

Mean values in each column followed by identical letters are not statistically different according to Waller's k-ratio t test.

TABLE 6

Rootstock ratings of avocado trees planted in root rot soil at Escondido, July 2002							
Rootstocks	Tree rating 0-5; 5 = dead	Canopy volume Cu ft	Trunk diameter Cm	Fruit set rating 0-5; 5 = heavy	55		
'Zentmyer'	0.00c	397.4abc	7.12bcd	1.53cd			
'Rio Frio'	0.00c	313.5cdef	6.33cdef	2.13bcd			
'Merens I'	0.00c	543.6a	8.74a	3.50a	60		
'Merensk II'	0.02c	409.0abc	7.81abc	2.84ab			
'VC 241'	0.06c	238.4defg	6.19defg	1.41cd			
'Uzi'	0.29bc	504.3ab	8.57ab	2.76ab			
'Steddom'	0.36bc	376.1bcde	7.07bcd	2.43bc			
'Thomas'	0.44bc	388.5bcd	6.75cde	1.12de			
'Guillemet'	0.59bc	192.0fgh	4.90fgh	1.12de	65		

TABLE 6-continued

Rootstock ratings of avocado trees planted in root rot soil at Escondido, July 2002

		<u> </u>		
'Spencer sdlg'	0.63bc	225.8efg	5.24efgh	1.56cd
'Leo'	0.67bc	288.2cdef	5.89defgh	1.60cd
'Spencer clonal'	0.69bc	163.8fgh	4.65gh	1.54cd
'Duke 7'	1.00b	129.3gh	4.38h	1.47cd
'G755A'	0 .16 b	294.1cdef	5.86defgh	1.56cd
'PolyN'	4.12a	65.6h	1.26i	0.24e

Rootstocks	Tip Burn Number	Cankers trees affect	
'Zentmyer'	0	0	0/15
'Rio Frio'	0	0	0/16
'Merens I'	0	0	0/14
'Merensk II'	0	1	0/17
'VC 241'	0	0	0/16
'Uzi'	2	0	1/17
'Steddom'	0	0	1/14
'Thomas'	0	0	1/17
'Guillemet'	3	1	2/17
'Spencer sdlg'	0	0	2/16
'Leo'	0	0	2/15
'Spencer clonal'	0	0	5/16
'Duke 7'	0	0	3/15
'G755A'	2	1	3/16
'PolyN'	0	0	14/17

TABLE 7

rootstock trial tree ratio April 2003¹. Four-year trial to-date

_	Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy volume (cu ft)	Trunk diam. (cm)	Salt
5	'MerenI'	0.00d	551ab	10.7a	0.08cd
	'VC241'	0.06d	281efgh	8.0abc	0.03cd
	'Rio Frio'	0.07d	362efcd	8.7abc	0.00d
	'Zentmyer'	0.07d	410bcde	9.2ab	0.32bc
0	'MerenII'	0.18d	532abc	9.4ab	0.21dc
	'Spen sdlg'	0.36d	263efgh	6.9bc	0.00d
0	'Uzi'	0.38d	669a	10.6a	0.68a
	'Steddom'	0.39d	478bcd	8.6abc	0.32bc
	'Thomas'	0.47cd	367cdef	8.4abc	0.62ab
	'Leo'	0.77cbd	274efgh	7.3abc	0.13cd
	'Guillemet'	0.83cbd	190ghi	6.2bc	0.13cd
	'Duke7'	1.34cb	127hi	8.8abc	0.16cd
5	'Spen cl'	1.44b	211fghi	5.3c	0.12cd
	'G755A'	1.69b	322defg	7.0bc	0.25cd
	'PolyN'	4.15a	77i	1.5d	0.06cd

Rootstock	Canker (0-5; 5 = heavy)	Fruit rating ²	Dead trees (%)
'MerenI'	0a	2.97abc	0
'VC241'	0a	3.41ab	0
'Rio Frio'	0a	3.73a	0
'Zentmyer'	0a	3.71a	0
'MerenII'	0.1a	2.97abc	0
'Spen sdlg'	0a	3.57ab	7
'Uzi'	0a	3.47ab	6
'Steddom'	0a	3.75a	7
'Thomas'	0a	3.53ab	6
'Leo'	0a	3.29ab	13
'Guillemet'	0a	2.90abc	13
'Duke7'	0a	1.53de	19
'Spen cl'	0a	2.35bcd	23
'G755A'	0a	1.78cd	25
'PolyN'	0a	0.29e	82

¹Mean values in each column followed by identical letters are not statistically different according to Waller's k-ratio t test.

²Fruit was rated in November 2003.

50

TABLE 8

Temecula, yield 2003 ^{1;2} . Four year trial to-date.				
Rootstock	Fruit weight/tree (kg)	Number fruit/tree	Fruit weight (kg)	
'Zentmyer'	15.89a	68.64a	0.219a	
'Uzi'	13.99ab	59.24ab	0.195ab	
'Spencer	12.52ab	56.27ab	0.181ab	
seedling'				
'Merensky II'	11.83ab	51.12ab	0.185ab	
'Rio Frio'	10.87abc	51.33ab	0.187ab	
'Steddom'	10.01abc	46.20abc	0.175abc	
'Thomas'	8.50abcd	40.12abcd	0.154abc	
'G755A'	8.08abcd	34.56abcd	0.116bc	
'VC241'	7.44bcd	31.75bcd	0.202ab	
'Guillemet'	7.42bcd	30.00bcd	0.196ab	
'Spencer clonal'	6.99bcd	32.00bcd	0.136abc	
'Merensky I'	6.95bcd	32.08bcd	0.148abc	
'Leo'	6.53bcd	28.14bcd	0.140abc	
'Duke 7'	3.33cd	14.81cd	0.138abc	
'PolyN'	1.72d	5.71d	0.076c	

¹Mean values in each column followed by identical letters are not statistically different according to Waller's k-ratio t test.

²Only fruit which were grade size were picked; remaining fruit on trees to be picked later.

TABLE 9

Escondido, Tree ratings, July 2002				
Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy vol. (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	
'Uzi'	0.039 b	34.69 a	2.43 a	
'Guillemet'	0.042 b	22.86 a	2.06 a	
'Zentmyer'	0.077 b	22.40 a	2.25 a	
'Spencer sdlg'	0.536 b	27.81 a	2.01 a	
'Steddom'	0.615 b	18.93 a	1.99 a	
'Berg'	0.714 b	21.42 a	1.98 a	
'Merensky II'	0.750 b	32.07 a	2.10 a	
'Elinor'	0.786 b	29.44 a	2.03 a	
'Thomas'	0.846 b	23.07 a	1.85 a	
'Pond'	1.00 ab	30.55 a	2.15 a	
'Crowley'	1.083 ab	23.78 a	1.86 a	
'G755A'	1.231 ab	22.64 a	1.85 a	
'Duke 9'	2.270 a	9.40 a	1.07 b	
	No. trees	No. trees	No. trees	
Rootstock	Dead	w/ tip burn	w/ canker	
'Uzi'	0	6	0	
'Guillemet'	0	4	0	
'Zentmyer'	0	2	0	
'Spencer sdlg'	0	2	1	
'Steddom'	1	0	0	
'Berg'	0	1	2	
'Merensky II'	2	0	1	
'Elinor'	1	0	2	
'Thomas'	1	2	0	
'Pond'	1	0	2	
'Crowley'	2	1	0	
'G755A'	2	0	0	

There were significant differences at P = 0.01 between blocks for all tree parameters analyzed.

TABLE 10

Tree ratings, April 2003. Two-year trial to-date.					
Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy vol (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	Fruit rating (0-5; 5 = heavy)	
'Uzi' 'Berg'	0.267 c 0.531 c	88.76 a 44.16 a	4.193 a 2.956 bc	0.0 a 0.0 a	

TABLE 10-continued

Tree	e ratings, April 20	003. Two-year t	rial to-date.	
Zentmyer'	0.600 c	54.37 a	3.393 ab	0.0 a
Merensky	0.833 bc	68.49 a	3.333 ab	0.0 a
I'				
Steddom'	0.867 bc	56.42 a	3.127 ab	0.0 a
Pond'	0.906 bc	55.05 a	3.188 ab	0.0 a
Spenser	0.906 bc	51.45 a	2.988 bc	0.0 a
dlg'				
Crowley'	0.964 bc	42.05 a	3.021 bc	0.0 a
Thomas'	1.071 bc	49.99 a	2.900 bc	0.0 a
Guillemet'	0.167 abc	43.64 a	2.960 bc	0.1 a
Elinor'	1.393 abc	58.40 a	2.864 bc	0.0 a
G755A'	2.156 ab	44.21 a	2.819 bc	0.0 a
Duke 9'	2.577 a	32.16 a	1.885 c	0.0 a
	Zentmyer' Merensky I' Steddom' Pond' Spenser dlg' Crowley' Thomas' Guillemet' Elinor' G755A'	Zentmyer' 0.600 c Merensky 0.833 bc I' Steddom' 0.867 bc Pond' 0.906 bc Spenser 0.906 bc dlg' Crowley' 0.964 bc Thomas' 1.071 bc Guillemet' 0.167 abc Elinor' 1.393 abc G755A' 2.156 ab	Zentmyer' 0.600 c 54.37 a Merensky 0.833 bc 68.49 a I' Steddom' 0.867 bc 56.42 a Pond' 0.906 bc 55.05 a Spenser 0.906 bc 51.45 a dlg' Crowley' 0.964 bc 42.05 a Thomas' 1.071 bc 49.99 a Guillemet' 0.167 abc 43.64 a Elinor' 1.393 abc 58.40 a G755A' 2.156 ab 44.21 a	Merensky 0.833 bc 68.49 a 3.333 ab Steddom' 0.867 bc 56.42 a 3.127 ab Pond' 0.906 bc 55.05 a 3.188 ab Spenser 0.906 bc 51.45 a 2.988 bc dlg' Crowley' 0.964 bc 42.05 a 3.021 bc Thomas' 1.071 bc 49.99 a 2.900 bc Guillemet' 0.167 abc 43.64 a 2.960 bc Elinor' 1.393 abc 58.40 a 2.864 bc G755A' 2.156 ab 44.21 a 2.819 bc

5	Rootstock	Salt rat (0-5; 5 = s	_	Canker rating (0-5; 5 = severe)	No. trees Dead (%)
	'Uzi'	0.933	ab	0.000 a	0
	'Berg'	0.633	abcd	0.000 a	6
_	'Zentmyer'	1.000	a	0.000 a	7
0	'Merensky II'	0.154	cd	0.308 a	13
	'Steddom'	0.321	bcd	0.286 a	7
	'Pond'	0.767	abc	0.200 a	6
	'Spenser sdlg'	0.300	bcd	0.200 a	6
	'Crowley'	0.083	d	0.000 a	14
_	'Thomas'	0.731	abc	0.000 a	0
5	'Guillemet'	0.615	abcd	0.133 a	13
	'Elinor'	0.333	bcd	0.167 a	14
	'G755A'	0.846	ab	0.077 a	13
	'Duke 9'	0.313	bcd	0.500 a	38

TABLE 11

Rootstock	Tree rating $(0-5; 5 = dead)$	Canopy vol (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	Fruit set
'McKee'	0.00 b	51.41 a	3.45 bc	0.00 a
'Merensky II'	0.00 b	53.45 a	3.66 ab	0.00 a
'Pond'	0.00 b	55.08 a	3.69 a	0.00 a
'Guillemet'	0.00 b	37.98 b	2.71 f	0.00 a
'Zentmyer'	0.00 b	51.92 a	3.38 cd	0.00 a
'Thomas'	0.00 b	36.66 b	3.15 de	0.00 a
'Crowley'	0.03 b	34.91 b	3.17 d	0.05 a
'Duke 9'	0.05 b	31.93 b	2.93 ef	0.00 a
'Steddom'	0.27 a	37.14 b	2.75 f	0.00 a

45	Rootstock	Salt burn (0-5; 5-heavy)	Cankers	Trees dead (%)
	'McKee'	0	0	0
	'Merensky II'	0	0	0
	'Pond'	0	0	0
50	'Guillemet'	0	0	0
50	'Zentmyer'	0	0	0
	'Thomas'	0	0	0
	'Crowley'	0	0	0
	'Duke 9'	0	0	0
	'Steddom'	0	0	0

Mean values in each column followed by identical letters are not statistically different according to Waller's k-ratio.

TABLE 12

60	Santa Paula	a, rootstock rating,	December 2003	. Two-year trial	to-date.
	Rootstock	Tree rating $(0-5; 5 = dead)$	Canopy vol (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	Fruit set
65	'McKee' 'Merensky II'	0.025b 0.000b	184.1b 246.8a	5.88bc 6.18abc	1.90ab 2.60a

TABLE 12-continued

11

Santa Paula, rootstock rating, December 2003. Two-year trial to-date. 'Pond' 0.000b192.0b 6.24ab 0.00d'Guillemet' 0.000b118.8cd 5.38de 0.00d'Zentmyer' 0.026b 182.8b 6.41a 1.32bc 'Thomas' 0.237a 174.9b 5.72cd 0.47cd 'Crowley' 0.150ab 5.42de 124.7c 2.15ab 'Duke 9' 0.053ab5.19e 1.89ab 132.6c 'Steddom' 0.083ab86.3d 5.00e 2.00ab

Rootstock	Salt burn (0-5; 5-heavy)	Cankers	Trees dead (%)
'McKee'	0	0	0
'Merensky II'	0	0	0
'Pond'	0	0	0
'Guillemet'	0	0	0
'Zentmyer'	0	0	0
'Thomas'	0	0	0
'Crowley'	0	0	0
'Duke 9'	0	0	0
'Steddom'	0	0	0

Mean values in each column followed by identical letters are not statistically different according to Waller's k-ratio t test..

TABLE 13

Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy vol (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	Fruit rating (0-5; 5 = heavy)	_
'Zentmyer'	0.400 c	40.70 ab	2.79 a	0.00 b	•
'Crowley'	0.618 c	40.38 ab	2.86 a	0.00 b	
'Elinor'	0.824 c	40.52 ab	2.54 a	0.00 b	
'Guillemet'	0.882 bc	39.13 ab	2.42 a	0.00 b	
'Steddom'	0.969 bc	29.20 bc	2.13 ab	1.16 a	
'Thomas'	0.969 bc	31.46 bc	2.13 ab	0.00 b	
'Pond'	1.088 bc	54.08 a	2.78 a	0.00 b	
'Uzi'	1.188 bc	35.08 ab	2.56 a	0.00 b	
'G755A'	2.088 ab	37.85 ab	2.41 a	0.00 b	
'Spencer	2.906 a	11.96 с	1.39 b	0.00 b	

Rootstock	Salt damage (0-5; 5 = heavy)	Cankers (0-5; 5 = heavy)	No. trees dead
'Zentmyer'	1.50 ab	0.00 a	0/15
'Crowley'	1.34 b	0.00 a	1/17

TABLE 13-continued

12

	Temecula rootstock ratings, Sept 2002				
	'Elinor'	1.59 ab	0.00 a	1/17	
5	'Guillemet'	1.41 b	0.00 a	2/17	
	'Steddom'	1.54 ab	0.50 a	2/16	
	'Thomas'	1.50 ab	0.00 a	3/16	
	'Pond'	1.40 b	0.00 a	2/17	
	'Uzi'	1.64 ab	0.00 a	2/16	
	'G755A'	2.50 ab	0.36 a	4/17	
0	'Spencer sdlg'	2.63 a	0.00 a	4/16	

TABLE 14

5	Temecula, r	ootstock ratings, D	December 2003	mber 2003. Two-year trial to-date.		
	Rootstock	Tree rating (0-5; 5 = dead)	Canopy vol (cu ft)	Trunk diam (cm)	Fruit rating (0-5; 5 = heavy)	
5	'Zentmyer'	0.313c	207.27a	6.23a	2.063a	
	'Pond'	0.906c	307.04a	5.75a	1.813a	
	'Elinor'	0.912c	170.37a	4.80a.	1.059a	
	'Guillemet'	1.059c	199.37a	5.73a	0.882a	
	'Uzi'	1.094bc	206.04a	4.35a	0.813a	
	'Crowley'	1.250bc	144.14a	5.04a	1.438a	
	'Steddom'	1.281bc	254.94a	4.89a	1.188a	
	'Thomas'	1.313be	226.39a	5.16a	1.375a	
	'G755A'	2.438ab	175.55a	5.23a	0.625a	
	'Spencer sdlg'	2.813a	42.12a	2.26a	0.519a	

0	Rootstock	Salt damage (0-5; 5 = heavy)	Cankers (0-5; 5 = heavy)	Trees dead (%)
	'Zentmyer'	1.188ab	0.000a	0
	'Pond'	0.321cd	0.000a	13
	'Elinor'	0.469cd	0.000a	6
	'Guillemet'	0.893abc	0.000a	18
5	'Uzi'	0.769abcd	0.000a	19
	'Crowley'	0.731abcd	0.000a	19
	'Steddom'	0.167d	0.000a	25
	'Thomas'	1.308a	0.000a	19
	'G755A'	1.167ab	0.000a	25
	'Spencer sdlg'	0.500bcd	0.000a	44

What is claimed is:

1. A new and distinct rootstock variety of avocado tree having the characteristics substantially as described and illustrated herein.

* * * * *



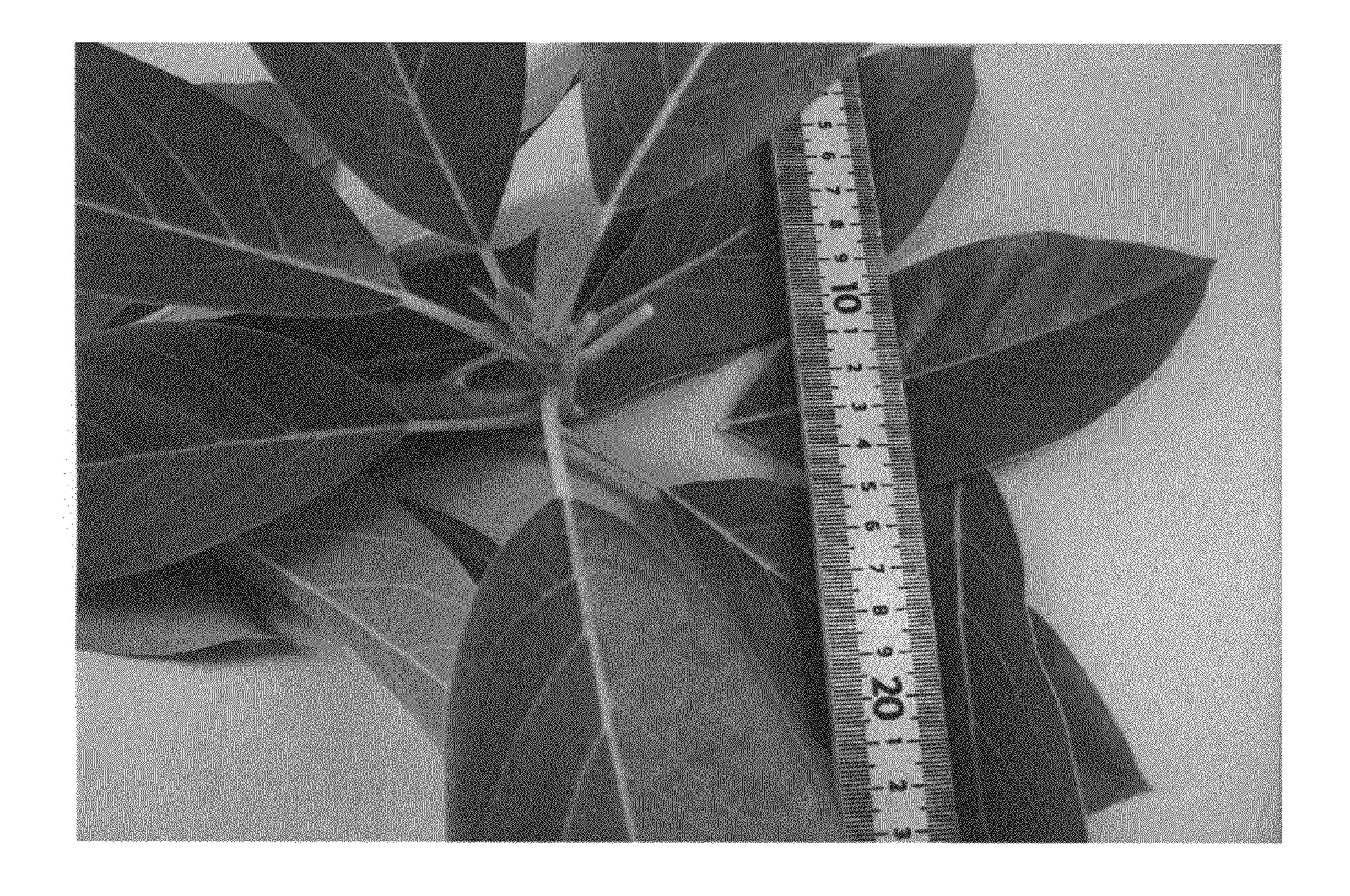


FIG. 2



FIG. 3

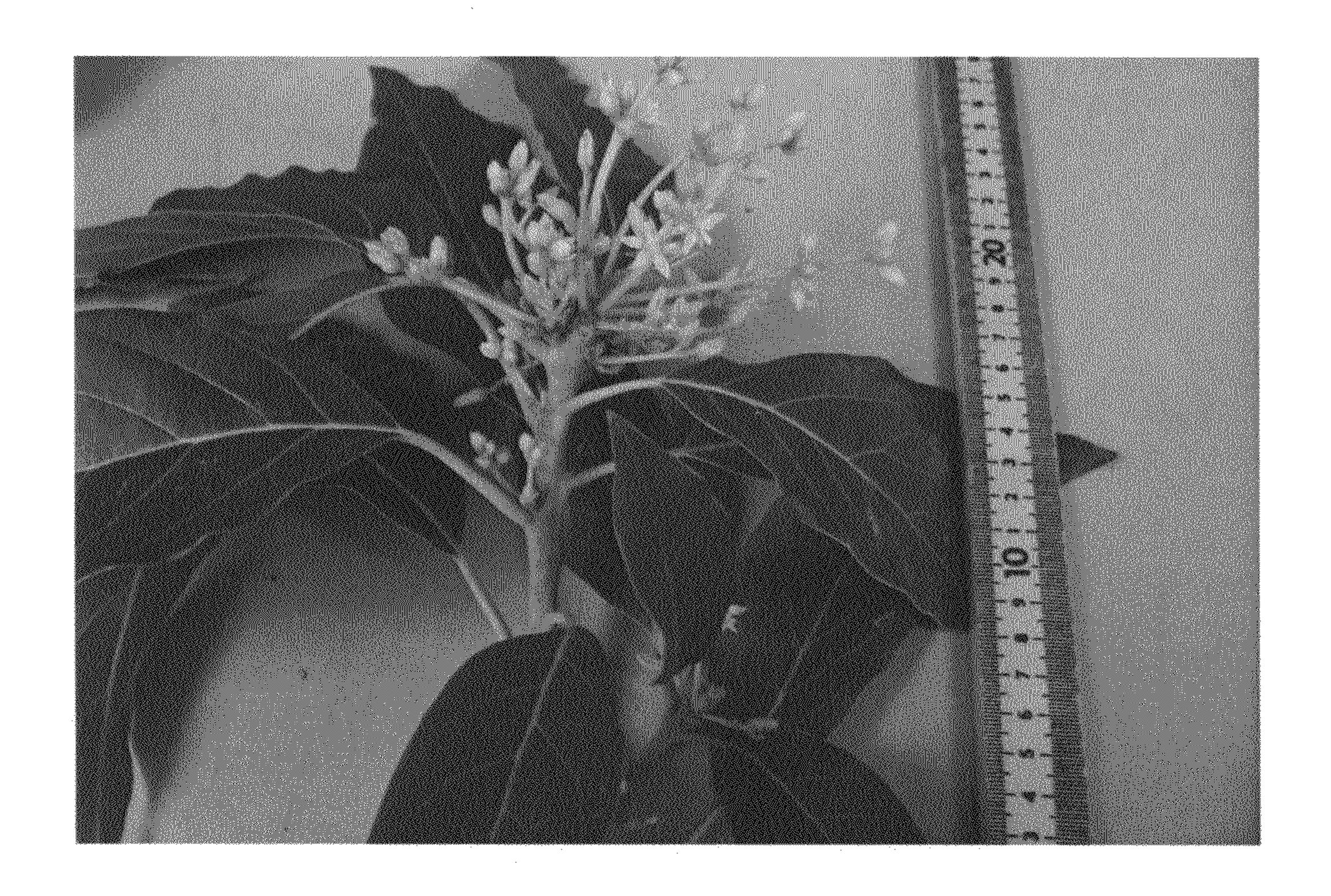


FIG. 4A



F(G, 48

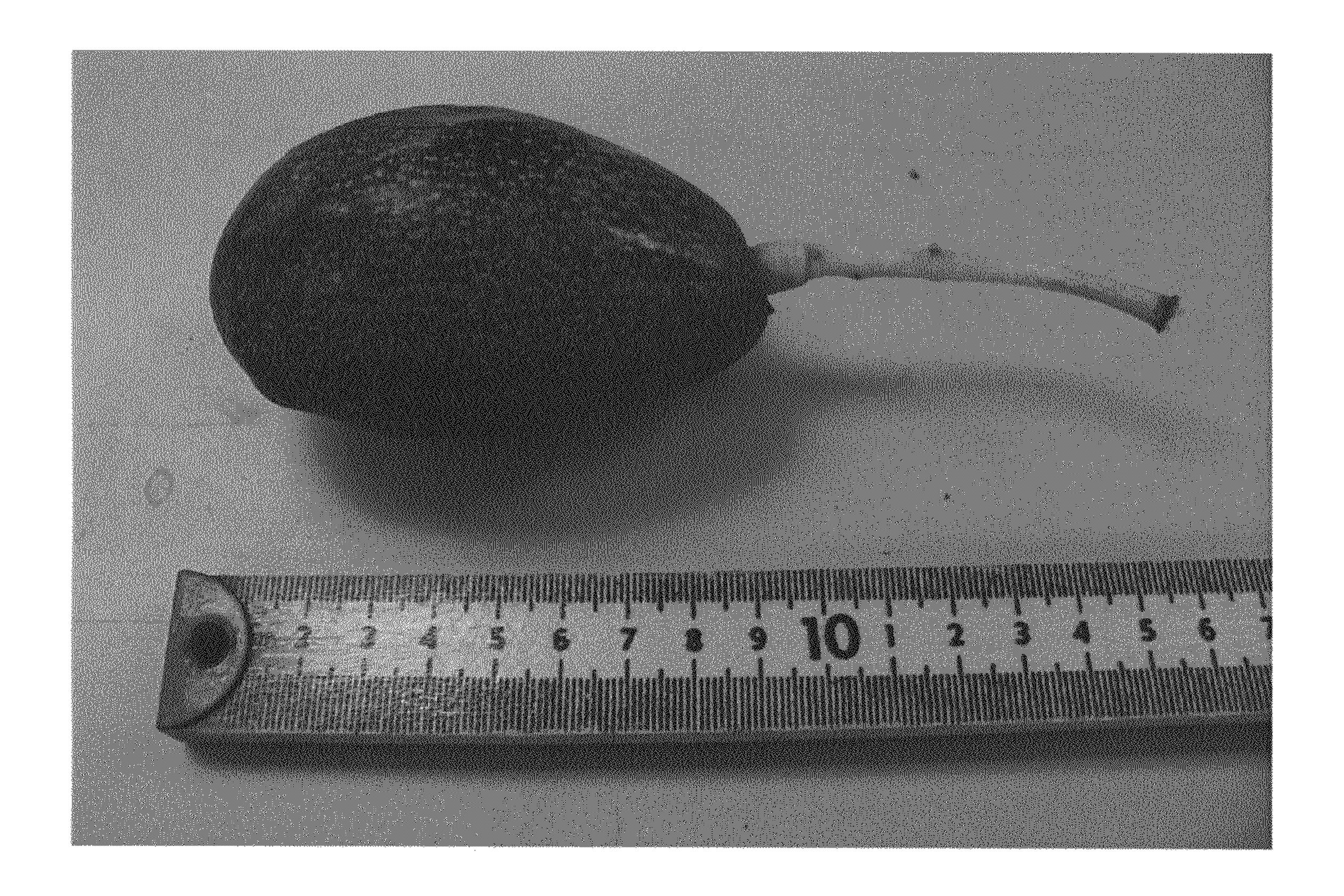


FIG. 5



FIG. 6