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(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Kordes(10) **Patent No.:** US PP24,197 P2
(45) **Date of Patent:** Jan. 28, 2014(54) **MINIATURE ROSE PLANT NAMED
'KORSCAMER'**(50) Latin Name: *Rosa hybrida*
Varietal Denomination: **KORscamer**(75) Inventor: **Tim-Hermann Kordes**, Klein
Offenseth-Sparrieshoop (DE)(73) Assignee: **W. Kordes' Söhne Rosenschulen
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Offenseth-Sparrieshoop (DE)(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 86 days.(21) Appl. No.: **13/385,830**(22) Filed: **Mar. 7, 2012**(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **Plt./122**; Plt./101; Plt./116(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC Plt./101, 116, 122
See application file for complete search history.*Primary Examiner* — Susan McCormick Ewoldt**ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct variety of rose with long lasting, novel red flowers, and attractive foliage with average disease resistance. It exhibits moderate to vigorous growth and an upright habit with abundant flowers. The new variety propagates well from cuttings. This new and distinct variety has shown to be uniform and stable in the resulting generations from asexual propagation.

1 Drawing Sheet**1**

Latin name of genus and species: The botanical classification of the new rose plant is *Rosa hybrida*.

Variety denomination: The present discovery constitutes a new and distinct variety of a miniature pot rose plant which was discovered in a cultivated area in the inventor's nursery in Offenseth-Sparrieshoop, Germany. The new rose variety resulted from a naturally occurring mutation of unknown causation on a branch of 'KORsavale', an unpatented miniature rose variety.

The new rose plant was asexually propagated for further evaluation. This new and distinctive miniature rose variety is named 'KORscamer'.

CROSS REFERENCES AND FEDERAL R&D STATEMENT

There are no cross referenced or related applications. This variety was developed without the aid of any research grant.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The new rose plant may be distinguished from 'KORsavale' by the following combination of characteristics:

1. 'KORscamer' has velvet red flowers, whereas 'KORsavale' has orange red flowers.
2. 'KORscamer' has reddish juvenile shoots, whereas 'KORsavale' has green juvenile shoots.

This mutation was selected to develop a new rose variety with:

1. Uniform growth and flowering;
2. Abundant attractive, large, long lasting red flowers; and
3. Attractive and abundant foliage.

This combination of qualities is not present in prior rose cultivars known to the inventor. These objectives have been substantially achieved and in that distinguish 'KORscamer' from all other varieties of which I am aware.

As part of a rose development program, Tim-Hermann Kordes conducted evaluations and observations on the mutation in a controlled environment in Offenseth-Sparrieshoop, Germany. 'KORscamer' exhibited distinctive physical and

2

biological characteristics. The new rose plant 'KORscamer' was selected in June, 2007, from a population of the parent varieties and asexually propagated for further evaluation. The first asexual propagation of 'KORscamer' was done by rooting cuttings in July, 2007 at the inventor's nursery in Offenseth-Sparrieshoop, Germany.

This initial and other subsequent propagations conducted in controlled environments demonstrate that 'KORscamer' reproduces true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color drawing shows as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds, sepals, reproductive organs, flowers, leaves, prickles, and stems of 'KORscamer'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The following is a description of 'KORscamer', as observed growing in a nursery in Jackson County, Oreg., in October 2011, on plants of 5 months of age. Color references are made using The Royal Horticultural Society (London, England) Colour Chart, 2001 except where common terms of color are used.

For a comparison, several physical characteristics of the rose variety 'KORpusiro', a rose variety from the same inventor described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 12,601 and issued on May 7, 2002, are compared to 'KORscamer' in Chart 1.

CHART 1

Characteristic	'KORscamer'	'KORpusiro'
But color at first opening	Red-Purple Group 59A	Red Group 53D
Petal count	Approximately 27	35 to 40
Number of pistils	40 to 50	60 to 80

to 70 mm wide. Abundance: Average. Texture: Some-what leathery. Upper side of leaflet: Semi-glossy and smooth. Under side of leaflet: Matte and rough.

Color, mature foliage.—Upper Leaf Surface: Green Group 137A. Lower Leaf Surface: Green Group 5 138A.

Color, juvenile foliage.—Upper Leaf Surface: Green Group 137A with intonations of Greyed-Purple Group 183D. Lower Leaf Surface: Greyed-Purple Group 183D. Anthocyanin intonation: Intonations of 10 Greyed-Purple Group 183D present on upper and lower leaflets.

Stipules.—Size: 8 to 12 mm long, 6 to 8 mm from distal tip to distal tip and 5 mm wide on body. Stipule color: 15 Green Group 138A. Anthocyanin: Greyed-Purple Group 183D. Stipitate glands: Present. Margins: Serrated. Shape: Apex: Pointed. Base: Flat.

Petiole.—Length: Length varies between 5 to 15 mm. Diameter: Average 1.0 mm. Petiole color: Green 20 Group 137A. Underneath: Smooth with limited numbers of stipitate glands. Margins: None to a few hairs with stipitate glands and prickles. Anthocyanin: Red-

Purple Group 183D. Prickles: A few underneath. Stipitate Glands: Few to none.

Petiole rachis.—Length: Average 10 to 15 mm. Diameter: Average 1.0 mm. Color: Green Group 137A. Margins: None to a few hairs with stipitate glands and prickles. Anthocyanin: Red-Purple Group 183D. Prickles: A few underneath. Stipitate Glands: Few to none.

Leaflets.—Size: Average size of the terminal leaflet is 40 to 50 mm long and 25 to 30 mm wide. Shape: Ovate. Base: Obtuse. Apex: Acute. Margins: Finely serrated. Surface: Upper: Semi-glossy. Lower: Matte. Texture: Smooth. Arrangement: Odd pinnate Venation: Reticulate.

Hips/seed formation: None observed.

Winter hardiness: To date, the variety has been grown successfully in USDA Zones 5 to 9.

Disease resistance: Good resistance to Botrytis (*Botrytis cinerea*) disease under normal growing conditions.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of rose plant, as described and illustrated herein.

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