



US00PP24187P3

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Jacobs

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP24,187 P3**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jan. 21, 2014**

(54) **ALSTROEMERIA PLANT NAMED**
'ZALSASYL'

(50) Latin Name: *Alstroemeria hybrida*
Varietal Denomination: **Zalsasyll**

(75) Inventor: **Henricus Cornelius Maria Jacobs,**
Rijsenhout (NL)

(73) Assignee: **Van Zanten Plants b.v.,** Hillegom (NL)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 92 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **13/385,869**

(22) Filed: **Mar. 10, 2012**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2012/0255078 P1 Oct. 4, 2012

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **Plt./309**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC Plt./309
See application file for complete search history.

Primary Examiner — Susan McCormick Ewoldt

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — C. A. Whealy

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant named
'Zalsasyll', characterized by its erect and strong flowering
stems; vigorous growth habit; red, pale yellow orange and
yellow-colored flowers; and excellent postproduction lon-
gevity.

1 Drawing Sheet

1

Botanical designation: *Alstroemeria hybrida*.
Cultivar denomination: 'ZALSASYL'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Alstroemeria* plant, botanically known as *Alstroemeria*
hybrida, commercially used as a cut flower *Alstroemeria*, and
hereinafter referred to by the name 'Zalsasyll'.

The new *Alstroemeria* plant is a product of a planned
breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Rijsenhout,
The Netherlands. The objective of the breeding program is to
create new cut flower *Alstroemeria* plants with desirable
flower and plant qualities, attractive flower coloration and
excellent postproduction longevity.

The new *Alstroemeria* plant originated from a cross-pollina-
tion made by the Inventor in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands
in June, 2005 of a proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection
identified as code number 97Z555-7, not patented, as the
female, or seed, parent with a proprietary *Alstroemeria*
hybrida selection identified as code number 871069-2, not
patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Alstroemeria*
plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single
flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-
pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rijsen-
hout, The Netherlands in July, 2006.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Alstroemeria* plant by
rhizome divisions in a controlled greenhouse environment in
Rijsenhout, The Netherlands since September, 2006 has
shown that the unique features of this new *Alstroemeria* plant
are stable and reproduced true to type in successive genera-
tions.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have not been observed
under all possible environmental conditions and cultural
practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations

2

in environmental conditions such as temperature and light
intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are
determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Zalsasyll'.

5 These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Zalsasyll' as
a new and distinct *Alstroemeria* plant:

1. Erect and strong flowering stems.
2. Vigorous growth habit.
3. Red, pale yellow orange and yellow-colored flowers.
4. Excellent postproduction longevity.

10 Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants
of the parent selections. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* differ
from plants of the parent selections primarily in flower color
as plants of the female parent selection have red-colored
15 flowers and plants of the male parent selection have yellow-
colored flowers.

20 Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants
of *Alstroemeria hybrida* 'Stabec', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat.
No. 9,041. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rijsen-
hout, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Alstroemeria* dif-
fered primarily from plants of 'Stabec' in flower color as
plants of 'Stabec' had light red to deep pink-colored flowers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

25 The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the over-
all appearance of the new *Alstroemeria* plant showing the
colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored
reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may
30 differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed
botanical description which accurately describe the colors of
the new *Alstroemeria* plant.

The photograph comprises a close-up view of a typical
flowering stem of 'Zalsasyll'.

35 **DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION**

The aforementioned photograph and following observa-
tions and measurements describe plants of the new *Alstro-*

emeria grown during the late summer and early autumn in ground beds in a glass-covered greenhouse in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 15° C. to 25° C., night temperatures ranged from 10° C. to 15° C., soil temperatures averaged 15° C. and light levels averaged 5,000 lux. Plants were one year old when the photograph and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Alstroemeria hybrida* 'Zalsasyl'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as code number 97Z555-7, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as code number 871069-2, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—In vitro rhizogenesis.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About 40 days at 16° C. to 25° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About 60 days at 16° C. to 20° C.

Root description.—Fibrous, fleshy, thick; color, close to 155D.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; medium density.

Rhizomes.—Shape: Elongate; rounded. Length: About 10 cm to 30 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm to 10 mm. Texture: Smooth. Color: Close to 155D.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Upright; freely branching, bushy appearance; vigorous growth habit.

Plant height.—About 145 cm to 180 cm.

Plant diameter (spread).—About 25 cm.

Flowering stem description:

Aspect.—Erect.

Length.—About 129 cm to 163 cm.

Diameter.—About 6 mm to 9 mm.

Internode length.—About 1 cm to 14 cm.

Strength.—Strong.

Texture.—Smooth, glabrous.

Color.—Close to 146C.

Foliage description:

Appearance.—Leaves asymmetrical; sessile.

Length.—About 18.5 cm to 24.9 cm.

Width.—About 3.1 cm to 5.1 cm.

Shape.—Lanceolate.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Cuneate.

Margin.—Entire; slightly undulate.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous.

Venation pattern.—Parallel.

Color.—Developing and fully developed leaves, upper surface: Close to 146A; venation, close to 139C. Developing and fully developed leaves, lower surface: Close to 146B; venation, close to 146C.

Flower description:

Flower type and habit.—Single cup-shaped flowers arranged in compound umbels; flowers face mostly outwardly; perianth segments separate; freely flowering habit, about 8 to 13 flowers developing per flowering stem.

Natural flowering season.—Flowering continuous during the spring in The Netherlands; plants begin flowering about 80 to 90 days after planting.

Fragrance.—Not detected.

Flower longevity on the plant.—About four weeks; flowers not persistent.

Flower longevity as a cut flower.—About 12 to 16 days; flowers not persistent.

Flower buds (showing color).—Length: About 4.5 cm to 5 cm. Diameter: About 1.7 cm to 1.8 cm. Shape: Roughly ovoid. Color: Close to 53B.

Umbel height.—About 16 cm to 21.5 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 20.5 cm to 24 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 6 cm by 6.5 cm.

Flower depth.—About 7 cm to 7.5 cm.

Perianth.—Arrangement: Six arranged in two whorls, each whorl with two lateral and one median segments.

Outer perianth, lateral segments: Length: About 5.6 cm to 6.4 cm. Width: About 3.2 cm to 3.8 cm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Embedded pointed. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire; slightly undulate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close 19D; central blush and at the apical notch, close to 46C. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 19D; central blush and at the apical notch, close to 46C. Outer perianth, median segment: Length: About 5.8 cm to 6.7 cm. Width: About 2.8 cm to 3.9 cm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Embedded pointed. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire; slightly undulate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 19D; central blush and at the apical notch, close to 46C. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 19D; central blush and at the apical notch, close to 46C. Inner perianth, lateral segments: Length: About 6.4 cm to 6.7 cm. Width: About 1.8 cm to 1.9 cm. Shape: Elliptical. Apex: Wishbone-shaped. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire; slightly undulate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 25D; apex and lines, close to 46C; center, close to 9B; towards the base, close to 33C; stripes, close to 183A. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 25D; apex and lines, close to 46C; center, close to 9B; towards the base, close to 33C; stripes, close to 183A. Inner perianth, median segment: Length: About 5.7 cm to 6 cm. Width: About 1.7 cm to 2 cm. Shape: Elliptical. Apex: Wishbone-shaped. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire; slightly undulate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 19D; central lines close to 46C; towards the base, close to 9D; stripes, close to 183A. Color, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 19D; central lines close to 46C; towards the base, close to 9D; stripes, close to 183A.

Pedicels.—Length: About 1 cm to 11.5 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm to 4 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 20° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 146D.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity per flower: Six. Anther shape: Elliptical. Anther length: About 8 mm to 9 mm. Anther color: Close to 53D. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: Close to 199A. Pistils:

Quantity per flower: One. Style length: About 2.5 cm to 3 cm. Style color: Close to 53D. Stigma color: Close to 53D. Ovary color: Close to 53D.

Seeds and fruits.—Seed and fruit development has not been observed on plants of the new *Alstroemeria*.

Disease & pest resistance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Alstroemeria* plants.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 0° C. to about 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Alstroemeria* plant named 'Zalsasyl' as illustrated and described.

* * * * *

