



US00PP24035P3

(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Klemm et al.**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP24,035 P3**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Nov. 19, 2013**

(54) **CALIBRACHOA PLANT NAMED**  
**'KLECA11227'**  
(50) Latin Name: *Calibrachoa* sp.  
Varietal Denomination: **KLECA11227**  
(75) Inventors: **Nils Klemm**, Stuttgart (DE); **Anita**  
**Stöver**, Ostfildern (DE)  
(73) Assignee: **Klemm+Sohn GmbH & Co. KG**,  
Stuttgart (DE)  
(\* ) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this  
patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
U.S.C. 154(b) by 96 days.  
(21) Appl. No.: **13/506,067**  
(22) Filed: **Mar. 23, 2012**  
(65) **Prior Publication Data**  
US 2013/0254961 P1 Sep. 26, 2013

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
*A01H 5/00* (2006.01)  
(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
USPC ..... **Plt./413**  
(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
USPC ..... **Plt./413**  
See application file for complete search history.

*Primary Examiner* — Susan McCormick Ewoldt  
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Jondle Plant Sciences  
Division of Swanson & Bratschun, L.L.C.

(57) **ABSTRACT**  
A new *calibrachoa* plant named 'KLECA11227' particularly  
distinguished by large orange flowers and very healthy leaves  
is disclosed.

**1 Drawing Sheet**

**1**

Genus and species: *Calibrachoa* sp.  
Variety denomination: 'KLECA11227'.

#### BACKGROUND OF THE NEW PLANT

The present invention comprises a new and distinct variety  
of *calibrachoa*, botanically known as *Calibrachoa* sp. and  
hereinafter referred to by the variety name 'KLECA11227'.  
The new variety was the result of a controlled cross conducted  
in the summer of 2008 in Stuttgart, Germany, between the  
female parent *calibrachoa* plant 'CA 05 0283 M.F. Water-  
melon' (unpatented), and the male parent *calibrachoa* plant 'J  
903' (unpatented). A single plant selection was subsequently  
chosen for further evaluation and asexual propagation.

The new variety was first propagated by vegetative cuttings  
and in vitro propagation in May 2009 in Stuttgart, Germany  
and has been asexually reproduced repeatedly by vegetative  
cuttings for more than 80 generations. The present invention  
has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics through  
successive asexual propagations via vegetative cuttings.

Plant Breeder's Rights for 'KLECA11227' were applied  
for in Canada on Jan. 18, 2012. 'KLECA11227' has not been  
made publicly available or sold more than one year prior to  
the filing date of this application.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following are the most outstanding and distinguishing  
characteristics of this new variety when grown under normal  
horticultural practices in a glass greenhouse in Stuttgart, Ger-  
many.

1. Large orange flowers; and
2. Very healthy leaves.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

This new *calibrachoa* plant is illustrated by the accompa-  
nying photograph which shows inflorescences and foliage of

**2**

the plant. The colors shown are as true as can be reasonably  
obtained by conventional photographic procedures.

The photograph was taken in May 2011 of a 5-month old  
*calibrachoa* plant grown in an 11 centimeter pot in a glass  
greenhouse in Stuttgart, Germany under normal horticultural  
practices.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW VARIETY

The following detailed descriptions set forth the distinctive  
characteristics of 'KLECA11227'. The data which defines  
these characteristics were collected from asexual reproduc-  
tions carried out in Stuttgart, Germany. The plant history was  
taken in May 2011 of 5-month old plants grown in 11 centi-  
meter pots in a glass greenhouse. Plants were pinched once at  
week 10. Color readings were taken under artificial light at an  
illumination of approximately 20 Klx. Color references are  
primarily to The R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticul-  
tural Society of London (R.H.S.), Fifth Edition (2007).

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW PLANT

##### Classification:

*Family*.—Solanaceae.  
*Botanical*.—*Calibrachoa* sp.  
*Common*.—*Calibrachoa*.  
*Denomination*.—'KLECA11227'.

##### Parentage:

*Female*.—*Calibrachoa* plant 'CA 05 0283 M.F. Water-  
melon' (unpatented).  
*Male*.—*Calibrachoa* plant 'J 903' (unpatented).

##### Growth:

*Form*.—Uniformly mounded.  
*Habit*.—Upright to cascading.  
*Height (measured from the top of the soil)*.—14.0 cm.  
*Width (horizontal plant diameter)*.—16.0 cm.  
*Time to produce a finished flowering plant*.—7 weeks  
after potting.

*Outdoor plant performance.*—Very healthy, continuous flowering.

*Time to initiate and develop roots.*—21 days.

*Root description.*—Moderate density, freely branching, fine and fibrous. 5

*Root color.*—RHS 155 D.

Stems:

*Length of basal branches.*—8.0 cm.

*Internode length.*—2.0 cm.

*Diameter of branches (from midpoint).*—9.0 cm. 10

*Stem color.*—RHS 144B.

*Texture.*—Smooth.

*Anthocyanin.*—Absent.

*Pedice.*—Color: RHS 144A. Length: 1.3 cm. Diameter: 0.1 cm. Texture: Smooth. 15

Leaves:

*Arrangement.*—Alternate.

*Length.*—2.5 cm.

*Width.*—0.9 cm.

*Shape.*—Lanceolate to elliptic. 20

*Apex.*—Obtuse to slightly acute.

*Base.*—Attenuate.

*Margin.*—Entire.

*Color (both immature and mature leaves).*—Upper surface: RHS 137B. Lower surface: RHS 137D. 25

*Texture (both surfaces).*—Smooth.

*Venation pattern.*—Pinnate.

*Venation color.*—RHS 138B.

*Petioles.*—Absent.

Flower bud:

*Shape.*—Irregular to oblong.

*Length.*—1.9 cm.

*Diameter.*—0.6 cm.

*Color at tight bud.*—RHS 174C.

Inflorescence:

*Blooming habit.*—Continuous; axillary flowers face upwards.

*Inflorescence type.*—Single flower, determinate inflorescence.

*Floret type.*—Funnel-shaped, single flowers. 40

*Lastingness of individual blooms on the plant.*—6 days.

*Fragrance.*—Absent.

Flowers:

*Immature flower.*—Width: 2.4 cm. Length: 1.7 cm. Color: Upper surface: RHS N25B. Lower surface: RHS 25D. 45

*Mature flower.*—Width: 2.9 cm. Length: 2.3 cm. Color: Upper surface: RHS N25B. Lower surface: RHS 25D.

*Corolla tube.*—Color inside: RHS 13B. Color outside: RHS 11B. Tube length: 1.6 cm. Texture (inside & outside): Smooth.

*Petals.*—Apex: Obverse. Base: Open and fused into a tube. Margin: Entire. Waviness of petals: Very weak. Lobation: Weak. Texture (both surfaces): Smooth.

*Sepals.*—Calyx (composition): Actinomorphic. Shape: Lanceolate to elliptic. Apex: Acute. Base: Open and tube is fused into the base. Margin: Entire. Length: 1.4 cm. Width: 0.3 cm. Color: Upper surface: RHS 137A. Lower surface: RHS 137C. Texture (both surfaces): Smooth.

Reproductive organs:

*Stamens.*—Quantity: 5. Filament color: RHS 1D. Filament length: 1.0 cm. Filament diameter: 0.1 cm. Anther color: RHS 1D. Pollen color: RHS 15B. Pollen quantity: Sparse.

*Pistils.*—Quantity: 1. Length: 0.8 cm. Diameter: 0.1 cm. Stigma color: RHS 1B. Style color: RHS 154A.

Fruit and seed set: No fruit or seed set observed.

Disease and insect resistance: No particular resistance to disease or pests observed.

#### COMPARISON WITH PARENTAL AND COMMERCIAL VARIETIES

‘KLECA11227’ differs from the female parent *calibrachoa* plant ‘CA 05 0283 M.F. Watermelon’, (unpatented) in that ‘KLECA11227’ has orange colored flowers, whereas ‘CA 05 0283 M.F. Watermelon’ has red colored flowers. 30

‘KLECA11227’ differs from the male parent *calibrachoa* plant ‘J 903’ (unpatented) in that ‘KLECA11227’ has orange (RHS N25B) colored flowers, whereas ‘J 903’ has greyed-orange (RHS N163B) colored flowers. 35

‘KLECA11227’ differs from the commercial cultivar, ‘KLECA08187’ (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 21,020), in that ‘KLECA11227’ has orange colored flowers of RHS N25B, whereas ‘KLECA08187’ has yellow-orange and red colored flowers of RHS 15B and RHS 43B. Additionally, ‘KLECA08187’ is sensitive to pH variation and becomes chlorotic, whereas ‘KLECA11227’ is not sensitive to pH variation. 40

We claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of *calibrachoa* plant named ‘KLECA11227’ as shown and described herein.

\* \* \* \* \*

