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HIBISCUS PLANT NAMED 'ARUBA WIND'

Latin Name: *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* Varietal Denomination: **Aruba Wind**

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(57)ABSTRACT

A new and distinct cultivar of *Hibiscus* plant named 'Aruba Wind', characterized by its upright, somewhat outwardly spreading, uniformly mounded and dense plant habit appropriate for container production; glossy dark green-colored leaves; uniform, freely and early flowering habit; large golden yellow-colored flowers with dark red-colored centers; and good postproduction and garden performance.

2 Drawing Sheets

Botanical designation: *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis*. Cultivar denomination: 'ARUBA WIND'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct *Hibiscus* plant, botanically known as *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Aruba Wind'.

The new Hibiscus plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Alva, Fla. The objective 10 of the breeding program is to create new freely-branching Hibiscus plants with a dense, uniform and compact plant habit appropriate for container production, early and uniform flowering habit, numerous flowers per lateral branch, desirable flower color and good garden performance.

The new *Hibiscus* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in Alva, Fla. in September, 2007 of a proprietary selection of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* identified as code number YB-2350, not patented, as the female, or seed, 20 parent with Hibiscus rosa-sinensis 'YOHIB 2362', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 17,623, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Hibiscus* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Alva, Fla. in October, 2008.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Hibiscus* plant by vegetative terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in Alva, Fla. since February, 2009 has shown that the unique features of this new Hibiscus plant are stable and reproduced $_{30}$ true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Hibiscus* have not been observed under 35 all possible environmental conditions and cultural practices. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environmental conditions such as temperature and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Aruba Wind'.

These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Aruba Wind' as a new and distinct *Hibiscus* plant:

- 1. Upright, somewhat outwardly spreading, uniformly mounded and dense plant habit appropriate for container production.
- 2. Glossy dark green-colored leaves.
- 3. Uniform, freely and early flowering habit.
- 4. Large golden yellow-colored flowers with dark redcolored centers.
- 5. Good postproduction and garden performance.

Plants of the new *Hibiscus* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* differ from plants of the female parent selection primarily in flower color as plants of the female parent selection have light pinkcolored flowers with red-colored centers.

Plants of the new *Hibiscus* can be compared to plants of the male parent, 'YOHIB 2362'. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* differ from plants of 'YOHIB 2362' in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* are more vigorous than plants of 'YOHIB 2362'.
- 2. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* are more outwardly spreading than plants of 'YOHIB 2362'.
- 3. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* flower earlier than plants of 'YOHIB 2362'.
- 4. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* are more freely flowering than plants of 'YOHIB 2362'.
- 5. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* and 'YOHIB 2362' differ in flower color as plants of 'YOHIB 2362' have bright yellow-colored flowers with dark red-colored centers.

Plants of the new *Hibiscus* can be compared to plants of the Hibiscus rosa-sinensis 'Bonaire Wind', disclosed in U.S. Plant patent application Ser. No. 13/373,926. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Alva, Fla., plants of the new Hibiscus differed from plants of 'Bonaire Wind' primarily in flower color as plants of 'Bonaire Wind' have clear yellow-colored flowers with white-colored centers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new *Hibiscus* plant showing the colors 3

as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Hibiscus* plant.

The photograph on the first sheet comprises a side perspective view of typical flowering plants of 'Aruba Wind' grown in a container.

The photograph on the second sheet comprises a close-up view of a typical flowering plant of 'Aruba Wind'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photographs and following observations, measurements and values describe plants grown during the summer in 15-cm containers in a fiberglass-covered greenhouse in Alva, Fla. and under environmental conditions and cultural practices which closely approximate commercial *Hibiscus* production. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 20° C. to 38° C., night temperatures ranged from 15° C. to 24° C. and light levels ranged from 3,000 to 4,000 foot-candles. Plants were pinched two times and were 23 weeks old when the photographs and the description were taken. In the description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* 'Aruba Wind'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of Hibiscus rosa-sinensis identified as code number YB-2350, not patented.

Male or pollen parent.—Hibiscus rosa-sinensis ³⁵ 'YOHIB 2362', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 17,623.

Propagation:

Type.—By vegetative terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots.—About 10 days at temperatures of 24° C.

Time to develop roots.—About four weeks at temperatures of 24° C.

Root description.—Thick, fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Moderate branching; moderately dense.

Plant description:

Plant form and growth habit.—Perennial, evergreen, upright, somewhat outwardly spreading, compact, 50 uniformly mounded and dense; moderately vigorous to vigorous growth habit.

Branching habit.—Freely branching habit with lateral branches potentially develop at every node; pinching enhances lateral branch development.

Plant height.—About 36 cm.

Plant diameter (area of spread).—About 34 cm.

Lateral branch description:

Length.—About 25 cm.

Diameter.—About 7 mm.

Internode length.—About 2.1 cm.

Aspect.—Upright to slightly outwardly spreading.

Texture.—Immature, smooth; mature, woody and rough.

Color, immature.—More green than 146A.

Color, mature.—Close to 197A.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Alternate, single; numerous; symmetrical.

Length.—About 9.3 cm.

Width.—About 8.25 cm.

Shape.—Ovate with cordate tendencies.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Obtuse to cordate.

Margin.—Crenate.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous. Luster, upper surface.—Glossy.

Luster, lower surface.—Somewhat glossy.

Venation pattern.—Pinnate; arcuate.

Color.—Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to N137A. Developing leaves, lower surface: More green than 137B. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Darker green than 147A; venation, close to 147A. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to N137A; venation, close to 144A.

Petiole.—Length: About 4.6 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Slightly pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to N137B.

25 Flower description:

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Flower arrangement and flowering habit.—Rounded star-shaped flowers arranged at terminal leaf axils; uniform and freely flowering habit with about three flowers per terminal; flowers face mostly upright.

Natural flowering season.—Plants of the new Hibiscus flower naturally during the spring and summer or during periods of warm weather; plants flower year-round in the greenhouse.

Flower longevity.—Flowers last about two to three days on the plant; flowers persistent.

Flower diameter.—About 12.4 cm.

Flower length (height).—About 7.5 cm.

Flower bud.—Resistance to abscission during shipping: Plants of the new *Hibiscus* have been observed to resist flower bud drop when stored in a closed box for five days at 13° C. Length: About 2.7 cm. Diameter: About 1.2 cm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: Close to 137B.

Petals.—Arrangement: Corolla consists of five petals that are fused at base; petals imbricate. Length: About 7.9 cm. Width: About 6.8 cm. Shape: Roughly spatulate. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire; slightly undulate. Texture: Smooth, glabrous; velvety; veins prominent on the lower surface. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 17B; towards the base, close to 53A. When opening, lower surface: Close to 17D. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 17B; towards the base, darker than 53A; color does not fade with development. Fully opened, lower surface: Closest to 17D; color does not fade with development.

Sepals.—Appearance: Five sepals fused into a tubular star-shaped calyx. Length: About 2.75 cm. Width: About 9 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Sharply acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous; waxy. Texture, lower surface: Slightly pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 137B.

Bracts.—Appearance: About seven to eight fused at base. Length: About 1.1 cm. Width: About 3 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Margin: Entire. Tex-

ture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous. Texture, lower surface: Sparsely pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 137A.

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Peduncles.—Length: About 4.25 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Aspect: Upright. Strength: Strong, flexible. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: More green than 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen number:
Numerous, about 50 per flower. Filament length:
About 5 mm. Filament color: Close to 15A. Anther shape: Oblong. Anther length: About 1 mm. Anther color: Close to 9A. Amount of pollen: Scarce. Pollen color: Close to 9A. Gynoecium: Pistil number: One per flower. Pistil length: About 7.25 cm. Style length: About 6.5 cm. Style texture: Smooth, glabrous; waxy. Style color: Close to 15A to 15B; towards the base, 15 close to 53A. Stigma appearance: Five-parted, rounded. Stigma color: Close to 53A. Ovary color: Close to 11D.

Seeds and fruits.—Seed and fruit production has not been observed on plants of the new *Hibiscus*.

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Garden performance: Plants of the new *Hibiscus* have been observed to have good garden performance and to tolerate wind, rain and temperatures ranging from about 1° C. to about 38° C.

Pathogen & pest resistance: Plants of the new *Hibiscus* grown under Florida production conditions have not been shown to be susceptible to pathogens common to *Hibiscus* such as *Pseudomonas*, *Pythium* and *Phytophthora*. Plants of the new *Hibiscus* have not been observed to be resistant to pests and other pathogens.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Hibiscus* plant named 'Aruba Wind' as illustrated and described.

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