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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Dümmen**

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- (54) **CALIBRACHOA PLANT NAMED ‘DUEALMIDPU’**
- (50) Latin Name: *Calibrachoa* sp.  
Varietal Denomination: **Duealmidpu**
- (75) Inventor: **Tobias Dümmen**, Rheinberg (DE)
- (73) Assignee: **Capital Green Investments Ltd.**, Grand Cayman (KY)
- (\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 448 days.
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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**  
A new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant named ‘Duealmidpu’, characterized by its compact, upright and outwardly spreading to trailing and decumbent plant habit; freely branching growth habit; early flowering habit; numerous large dark purple-colored flowers; and good garden performance.

**1 Drawing Sheet**

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Botanical designation: *Calibrachoa* sp.  
Cultivar denomination: ‘DUEALMIDPU’.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant, botanically known as *Calibrachoa* sp. and hereinafter referred to by the name ‘Duealmidpu’.

The new *Calibrachoa* plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Rheinberg, Germany. The objective of the breeding program is to create new compact *Calibrachoa* cultivars with large attractive flowers.

The new *Calibrachoa* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in July, 2007 in Rheinberg, Germany of a proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* sp. identified as code number A05-2219-1, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* sp. identified as code number F19-916, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Calibrachoa* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rheinberg, Germany in May, 2009.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Calibrachoa* plant by vegetative terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in Rheinberg, Germany since May, 2009, has shown that the unique features of this new *Calibrachoa* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment and cultural practices such as temperature and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of ‘Duealmidpu’.

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These characteristics in combination distinguish ‘Duealmidpu’ as a new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant:

1. Compact, upright and outwardly spreading to trailing and decumbent plant habit.
2. Freely branching growth habit.
3. Early flowering habit.
4. Numerous large dark purple-colored flowers.
5. Good garden performance.

The new *Calibrachoa* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* differ primarily from plants of the female parent selection in plant size as plants of the new *Calibrachoa* are larger than plants of the female parent selection. In addition, plants of the new *Calibrachoa* and the female parent selection differ in flower color as plants of the female parent selection have blue purple-colored flowers.

The new *Calibrachoa* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* differ primarily from plants of the male parent selection in flower size as plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have larger flowers than plants of the male parent selection.

Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* can be compared to plants of *Calibrachoa* ‘Cal Pur’, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 15,427. In side-by-side comparisons, plants of the new *Calibrachoa* differ primarily from plants of ‘Cal Pur’ in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* are broader than plants of ‘Cal Pur’.
2. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have longer internodes than plants of ‘Cal Pur’.
3. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have shorter leaves than plants of ‘Cal Pur’.
4. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have larger flowers than plants of ‘Cal Pur’.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH**

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Calibrachoa* plant showing the

colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Calibrachoa* plant.

The photograph is a top perspective view of a typical flowering branch of 'Duealmidpu'.

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations, measurements and values describe plants grown during the summer in 10.5-cm containers in a glass-covered greenhouse in Rheinberg, Germany under commercial *Calibrachoa* production practices. During the production of the plants, day and night temperatures averaged 18° C. and light levels averaged 4,500 lux. Rooted young plants were pinched one time three weeks after planting and were 13 weeks old when the photograph and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Calibrachoa* sp. 'Duealmidpu'.

Parentage:

*Female, or seed, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* sp. identified as code number A05-2219-1, not patented.

*Male, or pollen, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* sp. identified as code number F19-916, not patented.

Propagation:

*Type.*—By vegetative cuttings.

*Time to initiate roots, summer.*—About five days at 20° C.

*Time to initiate roots, winter.*—About seven days at 20° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.*—About three weeks at temperatures of 20° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.*—About four weeks at temperatures of 20° C.

*Root description.*—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

*Rooting habit.*—Freely branching; dense.

Plant description:

*Plant and growth habit.*—Compact, upright and outwardly spreading to trailing and decumbent plant habit; freely branching habit with about 10 to 15 lateral branches; pinching enhances branching; vigorous growth habit.

*Plant height.*—About 10 cm.

*Plant diameter.*—About 27 cm.

Lateral branch description:

*Length.*—About 20 cm.

*Diameter.*—About 2 mm.

*Internode length.*—About 1.8 cm.

*Strength.*—Strong.

*Aspect.*—Initially upright to outwardly spreading to trailing and decumbent.

*Texture.*—Pubescent.

*Color.*—Close to 144B.

Foliage description:

*Arrangement.*—Before flowering, alternate, simple; after flowering, opposite, simple.

*Length.*—About 2.2 cm.

*Width.*—About 1.1 cm.

*Shape.*—Oblanceolate.

*Apex.*—Rounded.

*Base.*—Cuneate.

*Margin.*—Entire.

*Texture, upper and lower surfaces.*—Pubescent.

*Venation pattern.*—Pinnate; arcuate.

*Color.*—Developing and fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A; venation, close to 144B.

Developing and fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 137C; venation, close to 144B.

*Petiole.*—Length: About 4.6 mm. Diameter: About 1.6 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent.

Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

Flower description:

*Flower arrangement and habit.*—Single salverform flowers arising from leaf axils; freely flowering habit with usually about 30 open flowers and flower buds per plant; flowers face upright or outwardly.

*Fragrance.*—None detected.

*Natural flowering season.*—Early flowering habit, plants of the new *Calibrachoa* initiate and develop flowers about four weeks after planting; plants flower continuously from the spring until the autumn in Germany.

*Flower longevity.*—Individual flowers last about seven to ten days on the plant; flowers not persistent.

*Flower diameter.*—About 3.5 cm.

*Flower length (height).*—About 2.5 cm.

*Flower throat diameter.*—About 1.1 cm.

*Flower tube length.*—About 1.2 cm.

*Flower tube diameter, base.*—About 1 mm.

*Flower bud.*—Shape: Elongated oblong. Length: About 2.2 cm. Diameter: About 4.7 mm. Color: Close to 145A and 79C.

*Corolla.*—Arrangement: Five petals fused at the base and opening into a flared trumpet. Petal length from throat: About 1.4 cm. Petal lobe width: About 1.5 cm. Petal shape: Roughly spatulate. Petal apex: Rounded and shallowly cordate. Petal margin: Entire. Petal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Throat texture: Smooth, glabrous. Tube texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Petal, when opening, upper surface: Close to 77A. Petal, when opening, lower surface: Close to 83B. Petal, fully opened, upper surface: Close to 77A; venation, close to 79B. Petal, fully opened, lower surface: Close to 81B; venation, close to 77A. Throat: Close to 13A; venation, close to 79B. Tube: Close to 150C; venation, close to 144D.

*Calyx.*—Arrangement: Star-shaped calyx with five sepals; sepals fused at the base. Sepal length: About 1.5 cm. Sepal width: About 3.6 mm. Sepal shape: Lanceolate. Sepal apex: Acute. Sepal margin: Entire. Sepal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent. Color, upper surface: Close to 137A. Color, lower surface: Close to 137C.

*Peduncles.*—Length: About 1.8 cm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Angle: About 45° from stem axis. Strength: Moderately strong. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 143C.

*Reproductive organs.*—Stamens: Quantity/arrangement: Six per flower. Filament length: About 9.2 mm. Filament color: Close to 145A. Anther shape: Ellipsoidal. Anther length: About 0.5 mm to 1 mm. Anther color: Close to 14A. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: Close to 14A. Pistils: Quantity: One per flower.

Pistil length: About 9 mm. Style length: About 7 mm.  
Style color: Close to 144A. Stigma shape: Ellipsoidal.  
Stigma color: Close to 144A. Ovary color: Close to  
144C. Seed/fruit: Seed and fruit development have  
not been observed on plants of the new *Calibrachoa*.  
Garden performance: Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have  
been observed to have good garden performance and tol-  
erate wind, rain and temperatures ranging from about 5° C.  
to about 40° C.

Pathogen/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have  
not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests  
common to *Calibrachoa*.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Calibrachoa* plant named 'Duealm-  
idpu' as illustrated and described.

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