



(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Ren

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(54) **ECHINACEA PLANT NAMED ‘BALSCOBERR’**

(50) Latin Name: *Echinacea*×*hybrida*
Varietal Denomination: **Balscoberr**

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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Echinacea* plant named
‘Balscoberr’, characterized by its double-type, red-orange
with purple colored inflorescences, medium green-colored
foliage, and moderately vigorous, upright growth habit, is
disclosed.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Latin name of genus and species of plant claimed: *Echina-*
cea×*hybrida*.

Variety denomination: ‘Balscoberr’.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Echinacea* plant botanically known as *Echinacea*×*hybrida*
and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name ‘Balscoberr’.

The new cultivar originated in a controlled breeding pro-
gram in Elburn, Ill. during September 2007. The objective of
the breeding program was the development of *Echinacea*
cultivars with a double inflorescence form and a well-
branched growth habit.

The new *Echinacea*×*hybrida* cultivar is the result of cross-
pollination. The female (seed) parent of the new cultivar is the
proprietary *Echinacea*×*hybrida* breeding selection design-
ated ‘E41-1’, U.S. Pat. No. 7,982,110, characterized by its
double-type, coral-purple colored flowers, medium green-
colored foliage, and moderately vigorous, upright growth
habit. The male (pollen) parent of the new cultivar is from a
bulk pollen mix of four proprietary *Echinacea*×*hybrida*
breeding selections designated ‘E30-3’, ‘E33-4’, ‘E39-2’,
and ‘E05’, U.S. Pat. No. 7,982,110, characterized by their
single-type, yellow, orange, red-orange, or rose-purple col-
ored inflorescences, medium green-colored foliage, and mod-
erately vigorous to vigorous, upright growth habit. The new
cultivar was discovered and selected as a single flowering
plant within the progeny of the above stated cross-pollination
during October 2008 in a controlled environment in Elburn,
Ill.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by in vitro propa-
gation since October 2008 in West Chicago, Ill. has demon-
strated that the new cultivar reproduces true to type with all of
the characteristics, as herein described, firmly fixed and
retained through successive generations of such asexual
propagation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following characteristics of the new cultivar have been
repeatedly observed and can be used to distinguish
‘Balscoberr’ as a new and distinct cultivar of *Echinacea* plant:

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1. Double-type, red-orange with purple colored inflores-
cence;
2. Medium green-colored foliage; and
3. Moderately vigorous, upright growth habit.

Plants of the new cultivar differ from plants of the female
parent primarily in inflorescence color. Plants of the new
cultivar differ from plants of the male parent primarily in
inflorescence form and inflorescence color.

Of the many commercially available *Echinacea* cultivars,
the most similar in comparison to the new cultivar is *Echina-*
cea ‘Hot Papaya’, U.S. Plant Pat. No. 21,022. However, in
comparison, plants of the new cultivar differ from plants of
‘Hot Papaya’ in at least the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new cultivar have an inflorescence color,
specifically disc floret color, different from plants of
‘Hot Papaya’;
2. Plants of the new cultivar have smaller inflorescences, as
measured by inflorescence diameter, than plants of ‘Hot
Papaya’; and
3. Plants of the new cultivar have shorter ray florets than
plants of ‘Hot Papaya’.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying photographs show, as nearly true as it is
reasonably possible to make the same in color illustrations of
this type, typical inflorescence and foliage characteristics of
the new cultivar. Colors in the photographs differ slightly
from the color values cited in the detailed description, which
accurately describes the colors of ‘Balscoberr’. One plant per
1 gallon container was grown for 16 weeks in a greenhouse in
Elburn, Ill.

FIG. 1 illustrates a side view of the overall growth and
flowering habit of ‘Balscoberr’.

FIG. 2 illustrates a close-up view of an individual inflores-
cence of ‘Balscoberr’.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The new cultivar has not been observed under all possible
environmental conditions to date. Accordingly, it is possible
that the phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in the

environment, such as temperature, light intensity, and day length, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The chart used in the identification of colors described herein is The R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society, London, England, 2007 edition, except where general color terms of ordinary significance are used. The color values were determined in June 2011 under natural light conditions in West Chicago, Ill.

The following descriptions and measurements describe plants produced from in vitro plantlets and grown in a glass-covered greenhouse under conditions comparable to those used in commercial practice. The plants were grown in Elburn, Ill. in 1-gallon pots for 16 weeks utilizing a soilless growth medium. Greenhouse temperatures were maintained at approximately 45° F. to 65° F. (7.2° C. to 18.3° C.) during the day and approximately 35° F. to 45° F. (1.7° C. to 7.2° C.) during the night. No supplemental lighting was provided. Measurements and numerical values represent averages of typical plants.

Botanical classification: *Echinacea×hybrida* cultivar 'Balscoberr'.

Parentage:

Female parent.—Proprietary *Echinacea×hybrida* breeding selection designated 'E41-1', U.S. Pat. No. 7,982,110.

Male parent.—Bulk pollen mix of four proprietary *Echinacea×hybrida* breeding selections designated 'E30-3', 'E33-4', 'E39-2', and 'E05', U.S. Pat. No. 7,982,110.

Propagation:

Type.—In vitro propagation is preferred, divisions are possible.

Time to initiate roots in vitro.—Approximately 30 days at 18° C.

Time to produce a rooted plantlet in summer.—Approximately 30 days at 18° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; grey to light brown in color.

Rooting habit.—Moderate density, moderate branching.

Plant description:

Commercial crop time.—Approximately 18 weeks from a rooted tissue culture plantlet to finish in a 1 gallon container.

Growth habit and general appearance.—Compact-upright, narrow inverted triangle, herbaceous perennial.

Growth rate.—Moderately vigorous.

Outdoor plant performance.—Use as bedding plants or in mixed-container plantings; at least tolerant to temperatures up to 35° C. and hardy to USDA zone 4.

Size.—Height from soil level to top of plant plane: Approximately 60.0 cm. Width: Approximately 39.0 cm.

Branching habit.—No lateral branching, flowering stems grow from base. Quantity of main stems per plant: Approximately 5.

Stems.—Strength: Very strong. Aspect: Nearly erect. Shape: Rounded. Length to base of inflorescence: Approximately 38.0 cm. Diameter: Approximately 5.0 mm. Length of central internode: Approximately 6.0 cm. Texture: Densely pubescent with short strigose hairs. Color of young and mature stems: 144A.

Foliage description:

General description.—Form: Simple. Arrangement: Alternate.

Leaves.—Aspect: Perpendicular to stem, subtending with age. Shape: Narrowly ovate. Margin: Entire, widely serrate. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Venation pattern: Pinnate. Length of mature leaf: Approximately 14.5 cm. Width of mature leaf: Approximately 5.5 cm. Texture of upper surface: Slightly glossy, moderately pubescent with short strigose hairs. Texture of lower surface: Moderately pubescent with short strigose hairs. Color of upper surface of young foliage: Closest 137A with venation of 147D. Color of lower surface of young foliage: 137B to 137C with venation of 147C. Color of upper surface of mature foliage: Darker than 137A with venation of 147D. Color of lower surface of mature foliage: Closest to 137B with venation of 147C.

Petiole.—Shape: V-shaped. Length: Approximately 14.5 cm. Diameter: Approximately 2.0 mm. Texture of upper surface: Glabrous. Texture of lower surface: Glossy, sparsely covered with very short strigose hairs. Color of upper and lower surfaces: Closest to 147C.

Flowering description:

Flowering habit.—'Balscoberr' is freely flowering under outdoor growing conditions blooming from spring through autumn and with limited flowering under short winter days in a greenhouse environment.

Lastingness of individual inflorescence on the plant.—Approximately 3 weeks.

Inflorescence description:

General description.—Type: Solitary, double, composite. Persistent. Shape: Hemispherical. Aspect: Facing upward. Arrangement: Terminal, held upright on strong peduncles. Fragrance: Faintly sweet. Quantity per plant: Approximately 1. Height: Approximately 6.5 cm. Diameter: Approximately 7.5 cm.

Peduncle.—Strength: Strong. Aspect: Erect to approximately 45° from vertical. Length: Approximately 18.0 cm. Diameter: Approximately 4.0 mm. Texture: Moderately pubescent with short strigose hairs. Color: 144A.

Bud.—Quantity per plant: Approximately 4. Shape: Flattened globular with immature ray florets nearly erect. Length: Approximately 2.0 cm. Diameter: Approximately 2.5 cm. Color: Outer ray florets of 187D and a bud center of 143A.

Ray florets.—Quantity per inflorescence: Approximately 24. Arrangement: In a single whorl, slightly imbricate. Aspect: Subtending. Shape: Narrowly elliptic to narrowly obovate. Appearance: Dull. Margin: Entire. Apex: One to three acute tips. Base: Attenuate. Length: Approximately 4.4 cm. Width: Approximately 1.2 cm. Texture of upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, ribbed longitudinally. Color of upper surface when first open: 34B. Color of lower surface when first open: 186B. Color of upper surface when fully open: 34B with an overlay of 60A. Color of lower surface when fully open: 145D with an overlay of 186B.

Disc florets.—Disc diameter: Approximately 6.5 cm. Quantity per inflorescence: Approximately 600. Arrangement: Spirally arranged in center of inflorescence. Shape: Tubular. Margin of free portion: Entire. Apex: Five acute tips. Base: Fused into a tube. Length: Approximately 2.8 cm. Diameter at apex: Approximately 5.0 mm. Texture: Glabrous. Color of

upper or inner surface when first open: 34A. Color of lower or outer surface when first open: 145D at base transitioning to 60A at apex. Color of upper or inner surface when fully open: 24A with an overlay of 34A and 60A on margins. Color of lower or outer surface 5 when fully open: 145D at base with an overlay of 60A beginning at midpoint extending to apex.

Receptacle.—Shape: Conical. Height: Approximately 2.2 cm. Diameter: Approximately 1.4 cm. Color: 155D.

Phyllaries.—Quantity per inflorescence Approximately 60. Arrangement: In three whorls. Appearance: Dull, stiff. Shape: Narrowly ovate to lanceolate, strongly curved towards the peduncle. Margin: Entire. Apex: Acute. Base: Truncate. Length: Approximately 1.2 15 cm. Width: Approximately 3.0 mm. Texture of upper or inner surface: Glabrous. Texture of lower or outer surface: Glabrous with margins moderately to

densely pubescent with short strigose hairs. Color of upper surface: 137A. Color of lower surface: 137B.

Receptacle spines.—Number of spines per disc: Approximately 600. Shape: Acicular. Length: Approximately 1.4 cm. Width at widest point: 2.0 mm. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Texture: Glabrous. Color: Apex of 187A, mid-section of 144A, and base of 145D.

Reproductive organs.—Vestigial.

10 Seed and fruit production: Neither seed nor fruit production has been observed.

Disease and pest resistance: No particular resistance or susceptibility to other diseases or insects noted to date.

What is claimed is:

15 1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Echinacea* plant named 'Balscoberr', substantially as herein shown and described.

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FIG. 1



FIG. 2