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Hofmann

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(54) **NEMESIA PLANT NAMED**
'INTRAIGOLDTWO'

(50) Latin Name: *Nemesia hybrida*
Varietal Denomination: **Intraigoldtwo**

(75) Inventor: **Silvia Hofmann**, Mainz (DE)

(73) Assignee: **Innovaplant GmbH & Co. KG**,
Gensingen (DE)

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 280 days.

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A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./458**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** **Plt./458**
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

PP17,471 P2 * 3/2007 Hofman et al. Plt./458
PP18,075 P2 * 9/2007 Hofman et al. Plt./458
PP18,974 P3 * 6/2008 Stemkens Plt./458
PP21,131 P2 * 6/2010 Klemm et al. Plt./458

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

UPOV ROM GTITM Computer Database, GTI Jouve Retrieval Soft-
ware 2011/04 Citation for 'Intraigoldtwo'.*

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Wendy C Haas

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — C. A. Whealy

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Nemesia* plant named
'Intraigoldtwo', characterized by its upright, outwardly
spreading and mounding plant habit; vigorous growth habit;
freely branching habit; freely flowering habit; long flowering
period; and golden yellow-colored flowers with yellow
orange-colored centers.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Nemesia hybrida*.

Cultivar denomination: 'INTRAIGOLDTWO'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Nemesia* plant, botanically known as *Nemesia hybrida* and
hereinafter referred to by the name 'Intraigoldtwo'.

The new *Nemesia* plant is a product of a planned breeding
program conducted by the Inventor in Heidesheim and Gens-
ingen, Germany. The objective of the breeding program is to
create new compact *Nemesia* plants with large attractive
flowers.

The new *Nemesia* plant originated from a cross-pollination
made by the Inventor in 2007 in Heidesheim, Germany of a
proprietary selection of *Nemesia hybrida* identified as code
number N 05 82-1, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent
with a proprietary selection of *Nemesia hybrida* identified as
code number N 04 46-17, not patented, as the male, or pollen,
parent. The new *Nemesia* plant was discovered and selected
by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the
progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled envi-
ronment in Heidesheim, Germany during the spring of 2008.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Nemesia* plant by termi-
nal cuttings in a controlled environment in Gensingen, Ger-
many since 2008, has shown that the unique features of this
new *Nemesia* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in
successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Nemesia* have not been observed under all
possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary

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somewhat with variations in environmental conditions such
as temperature and light intensity without, however, any vari-
ance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are
determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Intraigold-
two'. These characteristics in combination distinguish
'Intraigoldtwo' as a new and distinct *Nemesia* plant:

1. Upright, outwardly spreading and mounding plant habit.
2. Vigorous growth habit.
3. Freely branching habit.
4. Freely flowering habit.
5. Long flowering period.
6. Golden yellow-colored flowers with yellow orange-col-
ored centers.

Plants of the new *Nemesia* differ from plants of the female
parent selection primarily in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Nemesia* are more freely branching
than plants of the female parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Nemesia* and the female parent selec-
tion differ in flower color as plants of the female parent
selection have white-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Nemesia* differ from plants of the male
parent selection primarily in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Nemesia* are more compact than and
not as trailing as plants of the male parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Nemesia* are more freely branching
than plants of the male parent selection.
3. Plants of the new *Nemesia* and the male parent selection
differ in flower color as plants of the male parent selec-
tion have orange-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Nemesia* can be compared to plants of
Nemesia hybrida 'Intraigold', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No.
18,075. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Gensin-

gen, Germany, plants of the new *Nemesia* differed from plants of 'Intraigold' in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Nemesia* were more vigorous than plants of 'Intraigold'.
2. Plants of the new *Nemesia* were more freely branching than plants of 'Intraigold'.
3. Plants of the new *Nemesia* and 'Intraigold' differed in flower color.
4. Plants of the new *Nemesia* were less susceptible to root pathogens than plants of 'Intraigold'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new *Nemesia* plant showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Nemesia* plant.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Intraigoldtwo' grown in a container.

The photograph at the top of the sheet is a close-up view of a typical flowering plant of 'Intraigoldtwo'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

Plants used for the aforementioned photographs and following description were grown under conditions which closely approximate commercial production conditions during the spring in 16.5-cm containers in an outdoor nursery in Bonsall, Calif. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 14° C. to 21° C., night temperatures ranged from 7° C. to 10° C. and light levels ranged from 7,000 to 10,000 foot-candles. Plants were pinched three times and were 3.5 months old when the photographs and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Nemesia hybrida* 'Intraigoldtwo'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Nemesia hybrida* identified as code number N 05 82-1, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Nemesia hybrida* identified as code number N 04 46-17, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About 10 days at 20° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About 14 days at 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About 14 days at 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About 14 to 20 days at 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; dense.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Upright, outwardly spreading and mounding plant habit; vigorous growth habit; freely branching habit; about seven to eight primary branches develop per plant with numerous secondary laterals.

Plant height.—About 27 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 45 cm.

Lateral branch description:

Length.—About 27 cm.

Diameter.—About 3.5 mm.

Internode length.—About 3.5 cm to 5.5 cm.

Strength.—Strong.

Aspect.—Mostly upright to outwardly spreading.

Texture.—Smooth, glabrous.

Color.—Close to 137A.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Opposite, simple.

Length.—About 4.5 cm.

Width.—About 2 cm.

Shape.—Lanceolate.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Attenuate.

Margin.—Serrate.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Smooth, glabrous.

Venation pattern.—Pinnate; arcuate.

Color.—Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to 137B. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 147C. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A; venation, close to 138A. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B; venation, close to 146B.

Petioles.—Length: About 3 mm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper surface: Close to 144A. Color, lower surface: Close to 146C.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement and habit.—Bilabiate single flowers arranged in loose terminal racemes; flowers develop acropetally towards the apex; flowers face upright to outwardly; freely flowering habit with about 22 to 25 flowers per inflorescence.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Natural flowering season.—Long flowering period, in California, plants flower from May through September; flowering continuous during this period.

Flower longevity.—Flowers last about four to five days on the plant; flowers not persistent.

Inflorescence height.—About 7.5 cm to 10 cm.

Inflorescence diameter.—About 4 cm to 4.5 cm.

Flower width.—About 1.8 cm.

Flower length.—About 2.1 cm.

Flower depth.—About 1.7 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 6 mm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Shape: Oval with a short spur. Color: Close to 8D.

Petals.—Arrangement: Five petals; two upper and two lateral petals fused at base to form an upright lobed and arched upper or banner lip; lower petal modified into a large lower lip with convex oval protuberance and short nectar spur. Shape: Oval to rounded. Apex: Rounded. Margin: Entire; lower petal slightly sinuate and fimbriate. Length: Upper petals: About 8 mm. Lateral petals: About 9 mm. Lower petal: About 1.3 cm. Width: Upper petals: About 6 mm. Lateral petals: About 7 mm. Lower petal: About 1.8 cm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; protuberance on lower lip is pubescent. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 5A. When opening, lower surface: Close to 8D. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 9A; protuberance, close to 17B; towards the

base of the upper and lateral petals, close to NN155D; thin streaks at base of upper petals, close to N187A. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 8D; nectar spur, close to 145C. Throat: Close to NN155D.

Sepals.—Arrangement: Calyx star-shaped with five 5
sepals fused at the base. Length: About 3 mm. Width:
About 1.5 mm. Shape: Elliptical. Apex: Acute;
recurved. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower
surfaces: Pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces:
Close to 146A.

Peduncles.—Length: About 5 cm to 6 cm. Diameter:
About 2 mm. Angle: Erect to about 45° from vertical
depending on position. Strength: Strong. Texture:
Sparsely pubescent. Color: Close to 146A.

Pedicels.—Length: About 1.4 cm. Diameter: About 1 15
mm. Angle: About 30° to 45° from peduncle axis.
Strength: Strong. Texture: Sparsely pubescent. Color:
Close to 146B.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity/arrange- 20
ment: Four per flower. Filament length: About 2.5
mm. Filament color: Close to 157D. Anther shape:

Oval. Anther length: Less than 1 mm. Anther color:
Close to 158D. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color:
Close to 17B. Pistils: Quantity: One per flower. Pistil
length: About 2.5 mm. Style length: About 1 mm.
Style color: Close to 145C. Stigma shape: Rounded.
Stigma color: Close to 145C. Ovary color: Close to
146C.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit development have not been
observed on plants of the new *Nemesia*.

10 Pathogen/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Nemesia* have not
been observed to be resistant to pests and pathogens com-
mon to *Nemesia* plants.

Garden performance: Plants of the new *Nemesia* have been
observed to have good garden performance and to tolerate
wind and rain and temperatures ranging from about 1° C. to
about 30° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Nemesia* plant named 'Intraigoldtwo'
as illustrated and described.

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