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Bartel

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(54) **VARIETY OF *CHAMAESYCE* PLANT NAMED
'SUMMER SNOW'**

(50) Latin Name: *Chamaesyce hypericifolia*
(*Euphorbiaceae*)/*Euphorbia hypericifolia*
Varietal Denomination: **SUMMER SNOW**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(65) **Prior Publication Data**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./302**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** **Plt./302**
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct *chamaesyce* plant is provided which
exhibits a compound, round habit and large flower bracts with
small leaves.

3 Drawing Sheets

1

Botanical classification: *Chamaesyce hypericifolia* (Eu-
phorbiaceae)/*Euphorbia hypericifolia*.

Varietal denomination: 'SUMMER SNOW'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar
of *chamaesyce* botanically classified as *Chamaesyce hyper-
icifolia* (*Euphorbiaceae*)/*Euphorbia hypericifolia* and known
by the varietal name 'SUMMER SNOW'. The new variety
was discovered in an open planting area in the summer of
2008 in Erfurt, Germany as a naturally occurring mutation of
'DIAMOND FROST' (unpatented). Subsequently, the new
variety was asexually reproduced by vegetative cuttings in
Erfurt, Germany in September of 2008. Erfurt, Germany is a
mountainous area in Central Europe with a very dry climate.

The following characteristics distinguish the new variety
from *chamaesyce* varieties known to the breeder:

Compact and round habit;
More homogeneous;
Small leaves with big flower bracts; and
Unique asexual reproduction.

Further, 'SUMMER SNOW' has a much more compact
growth habit than 'DIAMOND FROST'.

The new variety has been trial and field tested and has been
found to retain its distinctive characteristics and remain true
to type through successive asexual propagations.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying photographic drawings illustrate the
new cultivar, with the color being as nearly true as is possible
with color illustrations of this type:

FIG. 1 is a photograph of an entire plant of the new variety;

FIG. 2 is a photograph of an entire plant of the new variety;
and

FIG. 3 is a close-up photograph of the flowers and leaves of
the new variety.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANT

The following detailed description sets forth the character-
istics of the new cultivar. The new variety was grown in a

2

glass-covered greenhouse in Grolsheim, Germany with shade
during the summer and no shade starting in September. Grow-
ing temperatures ranged from 12-28° C. The new variety was
4 months old from planting in an 11 cm. pot by itself when
described. Color references are primarily to The R.H.S.
Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society of London
and were identified under natural light.

PLANT

Time to initiate roots: 10 days at an average temperature of
20° C.

Time to develop roots: 15 days at an average temperature of
20° C.

Rooting habit: Fibrous with a prop root system.

Plant form: Round and branching; moderate growing;
cymose inflorescences.

Height (from soil to top of foliage): 30 cm.

Plant diameter: 30 cm.

Branching habit: Upright and freely branching.

Main stem:

Form.—Round.

Color.—RHS 146A.

Texture.—Plain, succulent, and glabrous.

Length.—5-10 cm.

Diameter.—2-3 cm.

Internode length.—5-7 cm.

Lateral branches:

Number.—3-5 cm.

Color.—RHS 146A.

Texture.—Plain, succulent, and glabrous.

Length.—5-7 cm.

Diameter.—1 cm.

Internode length.—3-5 cm.

Foliage:

Arrangement.—Panicle.

Number of leaves per branch.—10.

Size of leaf.—Length: 4 cm. Width: 1.5 cm.

Shape of leaf.—Oval to elliptical.

Apex shape.—Acute to obtuse.

Base shape.—Acute to obtuse.

Margin.—Entire.
Texture.—Hairy, pilose, and pubescent.
Color.—Young leaves: Upper surface: RHS 146A.
Lower surface: RHS 146B. Mature leaves: Upper sur-
face: RHS 147A. Lower surface: RHS 147B.
Petiole.—Length: 2.5 cm. Diameter: 0.5-1 mm. Color:
RHS 146A.
Veins.—Venation type: Pinnate. Upper and lower sur-
face color: RHS 147C.

FLOWER

Natural flowering season: Continuous flowering from spring
to autumn in Central Europe.
Flower type and habit: Single rotate flowers arranged in
umbel-like terminal cymes. Flowers are persistent and not
fragrant.
Number of flowers per plant: 300-500.
Bud (described in a closed state, 1 day before opening):
Shape.—Urceolate.
Diameter.—1-1.5 mm.
Length.—1.5-2.5 mm.
Color.—RHS 146A at the base with white spots on the
top.
Flower:
Shape.—Cathia is urceolate.
Diameter.—2-2.5 mm.
Length.—3-5 mm.
Bract.—Length: 9-10 mm. Width: 3-4.5 mm. Number:
1-3 per flower.
Apex shape.—Oblanceolate to obtuse.
Texture.—Plain and glabrous.
Color.—When opening: Upper surface: RHS 155C.
Lower surface: RHS 155D. Fully opened: Upper sur-
face: RHS 155C. Lower surface: RHS 155D.
Sepal:
Number.—5.
Length.—1-2 mm.
Width.—0.2-0.4 mm.

Shape.—Round.
Apex shape.—Rounded to apex.
Base shape.—Entire.
Margin.—Entire.
Color.—RHS 155D.
Peduncle:
Length.—5-6 cm.
Diameter.—0.5-1 mm.
Color.—RHS 146B.

REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS

Stamens:
Number.—3-4 per cyathia.
Filament length.—0.5-1 mm.
Anthers.—Shape: Oval. Length: 0.2-0.5 mm. Color:
RHS 158C.
Pollen.—Color: RHS 158D. Amount: Scarce.
Pistils:
Length.—3 mm.
Style.—Length: 0.1-0.3 mm. Color: RHS 155D.
Ovaries.—Length: 0.1-0.2 mm. Color: RHS 146A.
Stigma.—Shape: 5 parted. Color: RHS 155D.

GENERAL

Disease resistance: Very high resistance to powdery mildew
and common insects.
Weather tolerance: The new variety grows between 10-40° C.
It tolerates heavy rain periods and very dry periods without
stopping flowering.
Lasting quality: Flowers generally last between 10-18 days,
but last longer in moderate climate conditions.
Seed/fruit production: None observed to date.
I claim:
1. A new and distinct variety of *chamaesyce* plant substan-
tially as is herein described and illustrated.

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Fig. 1



Fig. 2



Fig. 3