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Klemm et al.

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(54) **POINSETTIA PLANT NAMED ‘NPCW10164’**

(22) Filed: **Oct. 29, 2010**

(50) Latin Name: *Euphorbia pulcherrima* Willd. ex
Klotzsch
Varietal Denomination: **NPCW10164**

(51) **Int. Cl.**
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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./307**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** **Plt./307**
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new poinsettia plant particularly distinguished by smooth, dark red bracts, and a broad upright growth habit, is disclosed.

(21) Appl. No.: **12/925,805**

1 Drawing Sheet

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Genus and species: *Euphorbia pulcherrima* Willd. ex Klotzsch.

Variety denomination: ‘NPCW10164’.

sonably obtained by conventional photographic procedures. The photograph is of a whole plant about four-months-old and in full flower.

BACKGROUND OF THE NEW PLANT

DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW VARIETY

The present invention comprises a new and distinct variety of poinsettia plant, botanically known as *Euphorbia pulcherrima* Willd. ex Klotzsch and hereinafter referred to by the variety name ‘NPCW10164’. The new variety is the result of cross conducted between November 2004 to January 2005 in Kenya, district of Nairobi, between the female parent poinsettia plant ‘P 359’ (unpatented) and the male poinsettia plant ‘Christmas Star’ (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 16,870). A single plant selection was subsequently chosen for further evaluation and asexual propagation.

The following detailed description sets forth the distinctive characteristics of ‘NPCW10164’. The data which define these characteristics were collected from asexual reproductions carried out in Stuttgart, Germany. The plant history was taken on four month-old plants grown in 13 cm pots from August to December 2009 with a minimum pinch date of 32 weeks. The plants were grown in a greenhouse covered with glass. Color readings were taken under natural light in the greenhouse. Color references are primarily to the R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society of London (R.H.S.) (5th edition 2007).

‘NPCW10164’ was first propagated via vegetative cuttings in Stuttgart, Germany in 2006 and has been asexually reproduced by vegetative cuttings in Stuttgart, Germany for over twelve generations. ‘NPCW10164’ has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics through successive asexual propagations via vegetative cuttings.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW PLANT

Plant Breeder’s Rights for this variety were applied for in Canada on Jan. 25, 2010. ‘NPCW10164’ has not been sold or made publicly available more than one year prior to the filing date of this application.

Classification:

Family.—Euphorbiaceae.
Botanical.—*E. pulcherrima* Willd. ex Klotzsch.
Common.—Poinsettia.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Parentage:

Female parent.—‘P 359’ (unpatented).
Male parent.—‘Christmas Star’ (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 16,870).

The following are the most outstanding and distinguishing characteristics of this new variety when grown under normal horticultural practices in Stuttgart, Germany.

1. Dark red bract color;
2. Smooth bracts; and
3. A broad, upright growth habit.

Growth:

Time to produce a rooted cutting.—3 to 4 weeks.
Blooming habit.—Intermittent; blooms from end of November to January.
Flowering response time.—Approximately 55 days from beginning of short days until flowering.
Keeping quality.—Very good.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

Plant:

Form.—Triangular.
Growth habit.—Broad and upright.
Height.—25.0 cm to 30.0 cm.
Width.—20.0 cm to 30.0 cm.
Number of branches.—5 to 6.
Average number of inflorescences per plant.—5 to 6.

This new poinsettia plant is illustrated by the accompanying photograph; the colors shown are as true as can be re-

Stems:

Color.—Lower part: RHS 135C. Upper part: RHS 142B.

Length.—About 25.0 cm.

Internode length.—2.0 cm to 4.0 cm.

Diameter.—0.5 cm to 1.0 cm.

Leaves:

Quantity.—8 to 15 per lateral branch.

Arrangement.—Alternate.

Shape.—Ovate.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Truncate.

Margin.—Serrate.

Lobes.—Very few. Lobation characteristics: Shallow.

Texture (both surfaces).—Smooth.

Vein color (both surfaces).—RHS 135D.

Variation.—Absent.

Size.—Length: 4.0 cm to 10.0 cm. Width: 3.0 cm to 8.0 cm.

Color.—Mature foliage: Upper surface: RHS 136A. Lower surface: RHS N 138B. Immature foliage: Upper surface: RHS 143B. Lower surface: RHS 143C.

Leaf petiole.—Length: 2.0 cm to 4.0 cm. Diameter: 0.2 cm to 0.3 cm. Color (both surfaces): RHS 53A.

Inflorescence:

Type and habit.—Compound corymbs of cyathia with colored flowered bracts subtending the cyathia; inflorescence positioned above the foliage.

Lastingness of inflorescence on the plant.—3 to 4 weeks.

Diameter.—20.0 cm to 23.0 cm.

Height.—2.0 to 3.0 cm.

Fragrance.—Absent.

Bracts:

Number of bracts per inflorescence.—8 to 10.

Shape.—Ovate.

Apex.—Acuminate.

Base.—Rounded.

Margin.—Few shallow lobes.

Size.—Length: 10.0 cm to 15.0 cm. Width: 6.0 cm to 8.0 cm.

Texture (both surfaces).—Smooth.

Venation pattern.—Reticulate.

Vein color.—Upper surface: RHS 46A. Lower surface: RHS 47A.

Bract color.—Upper surface: RHS 46A. Lower surface: RHS 47A.

Bract petiole.—Length: 2.0 cm to 3.0 cm. Diameter: 0.2 cm. Color: Upper surface: RHS 46A. Lower surface: RHS 135D.

Cyme:

Diameter.—1.5 cm to 2.5 cm.

Cyathia number.—7 to 9 per inflorescence.

Cyathium.—Shape: Ovate. Diameter: 0.3 cm to 0.5 cm. Length: 0.4 cm to 0.7 cm. Color: RHS 135C and RHS 142B.

Peduncle.—Color: RHS 142B. Diameter: 0.1 cm. Length: 0.1 cm to 0.2 cm. Texture: Smooth.

Nectar cups.—Shape: Elongated and bent. Number: 1 per cyathium. Diameter: 0.1 cm when closed, 0.2 cm when open. Length: 0.3 cm to 0.5 cm. Color: RHS 142C when closed, RHS 13B when open.

10 Reproductive organs:

Stamens.—Quantity: 10 to 15 per cyathium. Anther: Shape: Ovate. Length: 0.05 cm. Color: RHS 12A. Filaments: Length: 0.3 cm. Color: RHS 39A. Pollen: Quantity: Moderate. Color: RHS 6A.

15 *Gynoecium*.—Present.

Pistal quantity per cyathium.—1.

Pistal length.—0.2 cm. Stigma: Shape: Divided in two parts. Color: RHS 183A. Style: Length: Approximately 0.2 cm. Color: RHS 183A. Ovary: Length: 0.05 cm. Color: RHS 143C.

Fruit and seed set: No fruit or seed have been observed.

Disease and insect/pest resistance: Good.

25 COMPARISON WITH PARENTAL AND COMMERCIAL VARIETYS

‘NPCW10164’ differs from the female parental poinsettia plant ‘P 359’ (unpatented) by having dark foliage while ‘P 359’ has light green foliage. Additionally, ‘NPCW10164’ has dark red bracts while ‘P 359’ has orange-red bracts.

‘NPCW10164’ differs from the male parent ‘Christmas Star’ (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 16,870) by having large bracts, while ‘Christmas Star’ has smaller bracts. Additionally, ‘NPCW10164’ has a broad, upright growth habit while ‘Christmas Star’ has a slim upright growth habit.

‘NPCW10164’ differs from its sibling, ‘NPCW10167’ (U.S. Plant patent application Ser. No. 12/925,817) by having dark red colored bracts (RHS 46A and RHS 47A) whereas ‘NPCW10167’ has bright red colored bracts (RHS 46B and RHS 46C). Additionally, ‘NPCW10164’ has ovate shaped bracts that are more broad whereas ‘NPCW10167’ has ovate shaped bracts that are more elongated.

‘NPCW10164’ differs from the commercial variety ‘Bella Italia’ by flowering earlier and having a more intense bract color, while ‘Bella Italia’ flowers about a week later and has a less intense bract color. Additionally, ‘NPCW10164’ has larger cyathias while ‘Bella Italia’ has smaller cyathias.

We claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of Poinsettia plant named ‘NPCW10164’ as described and shown herein.

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