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Dekker

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(54) **CHRYSANTHEMUM PLANT NAMED**
'DEKCATALINA'

(50) Latin Name: *Chrysanthemum*×*morifolium*
Varietal Denomination: **Dekcatalina**

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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Chrysanthemum* plant named 'Dekcatalina', characterized by its large daisy-type inflorescences with pink-colored ray florets; strong, thick and upright flowering stems; uniform flowering habit; and good postproduction longevity.

2 Drawing Sheets

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Botanical designation: *Chrysanthemum*×*morifolium*.
Cultivar denomination: 'DEKCATALINA'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Chrysanthemum* plant, botanically known as *Chrysanthemum*×*morifolium*, commercially grown as a cut flower and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Dekcatalina'.

The new *Chrysanthemum* plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Hensbroek, The Netherlands. The objective of the breeding program is to create new daisy-type *Chrysanthemum* plants with large inflorescences, strong flowering stems, attractive ray floret coloration and excellent postproduction longevity.

The new *Chrysanthemum* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in Hensbroek, The Netherlands on Jan. 18, 2007, of a proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum*×*morifolium* identified as code number 04.41770.03, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum*×*morifolium* identified as code number 05.39571.05, not patented. The new *Chrysanthemum* plant was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Hensbroek, The Netherlands in October, 2007.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Chrysanthemum* plant by terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in Hensbroek, The Netherlands since November, 2007, has shown that the unique features of this new *Chrysanthemum* plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature, daylength and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Dekcatalina'.

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These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Dekcatalina' as a new and distinct *Chrysanthemum* plant:

1. Large daisy-type inflorescences with pink-colored ray florets.
2. Strong, thick and upright flowering stems.
3. Uniform flowering habit.
4. Good postproduction longevity; plants maintain good substance for about 19 days in an interior environment.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ from plants of the female parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* are more vigorous than plants of the female parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* flower two days later than plants of the female parent selection.
3. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* have smaller inflorescences than plants of the female parent selection.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differ from plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* are more vigorous than plants of the male parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* have smaller inflorescences than plants of the male parent selection.
3. Ray florets of plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* are darker pink in color than ray florets of plants of the male parent selection.

Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* can be compared to plants of *Chrysanthemum*×*morifolium* 'Bacardi', not patented. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Hensbroek, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* differed from plants of 'Bacardi' in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* were more vigorous than plants of 'Bacardi'.
2. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* had larger leaves than plants of 'Bacardi'.
3. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* flowered two days earlier than plants of 'Bacardi'.
4. Plants of the new *Chrysanthemum* and 'Bacardi' differed in ray floret color as plants of 'Bacardi' had white-colored ray florets.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new *Chrysanthemum* plant. These pho-

tographs show the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Chrysanthemum* plant.

The photograph on the first sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering stem of 'Dekcatalina' grown as a spray-type.

The photograph on the second sheet comprises close-up views of the upper (top of photograph) and lower surfaces (bottom of photograph) of typical inflorescences and leaves of 'Dekcatalina'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photographs and following observations and measurements describe plants grown during the winter in Hensbroek, The Netherlands, under commercial practice in ground beds in a glass-covered greenhouse. Plants were initially given 1.5 weeks of long day/short night treatments followed by short day/long night treatments to induce flower initiation and development. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 18° C. to 25° C., night temperatures ranged from 20° C. to 22° C. and light levels were about 7 kilolux. Plants were 8.5 weeks old when the photographs and the description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Chrysanthemum* × *morifolium* 'Dekcatalina'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum* × *morifolium* identified as code number 04.41770.03, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Chrysanthemum* × *morifolium* identified as code number 05.39571.05, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—Terminal vegetative cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About four days at 20° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About six days at 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About 13 days at 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About 15 days at 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; light brown in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching, moderately dense.

Plant description:

Appearance/growth habit.—Herbaceous daisy-type cut flower that is typically grown as a spray-type; vigorous growth habit.

Flowering stem description.—Aspect: Erect. Strength: Strong. Length: About 75 cm. Stem diameter: About 7 mm. Spray diameter: About 20 cm. Internode length: About 2.5 cm to 3 cm. Texture: Finely pubescent; longitudinally ridged. Color: Close to 146B.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Alternate; simple. Length: About 6 cm to 12 cm. Width: About 4.5 cm to 8 cm. Apex: Mucronulate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Palmately lobed, serrate; sinuses parallel to convergent. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent, slightly rough; veins prominent on lower surface.

Venation pattern: Pinnate, reticulate. Color: Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to 137B. Developing leaves, lower surface: Lighter and greener than 147B. Fully developed leaves, upper surface: Close to N137A; venation, close to 148B. Fully developed leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B; venation, between 146B and 147B. Petiole: Length: About 1 cm to 1.5 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm to 5 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Slightly rough. Color, upper surface: Close to 146B to 146C. Color, lower surface: Close to 146C.

Inflorescence description:

Appearance.—Daisy-type inflorescence form with obovate to oval-shaped ray florets and tubular disc florets; inflorescences borne perpendicular to axillary laterals (peduncles); ray and disc florets develop acropetally on a capitulum.

Fragrance.—Slightly fragrant.

Flowering response.—Under natural conditions, plant flower in the autumn/winter in the Northern Hemisphere; at other times of the year, inflorescence initiation and development can be induced under short day/long night conditions (at least 13.5 hours of darkness); uniform flowering response; plants exposed to 1.5 weeks of long day/short night conditions after planting followed by photoinductive short day/long night conditions flower about 48 days later when grown as a spray-type.

Postproduction longevity.—In an interior environment, inflorescences and foliage will maintain good color and substance for about 19 days; inflorescences persistent.

Quantity of inflorescences.—Grown as a spray type, about 20 to 25 inflorescences develop.

Inflorescence size.—Diameter: About 6 cm. Depth (height): About 2 cm. Disc diameter: About 1.5 cm. Receptacle height: About 3 mm to 4 mm. Receptacle diameter: About 5 mm to 8 mm. Receptacle color: Close to 145B.

Inflorescence buds.—Shape: Flattened spherical. Height: About 4 mm to 5 mm. Diameter: About 1 cm. Color: Close to 137C.

Ray florets.—Length: About 2 cm to 2.5 cm. Width: About 1.1 cm to 1.3 cm. Shape: Obovate to oval. Apex: Rounded to slightly emarginate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; satiny. Number per inflorescence: About 25 arranged in about two whorls. Aspect: About 30° to 45° from horizontal. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 75B. When opening, lower surface: Close to 75D. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 75B; color becoming closer to 75C with development. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 75C to 75D; color becoming closer to 76D with development.

Disc florets.—Shape: Fused tubular, erect and elongated. Apex: Dentate. Length: About 4 mm to 5 mm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Number per inflorescence: About 300, massed at the center of the receptacle. Color: When opening: Apex: Close to 145A. Mid-section: Close to 12A. Base: Close to 145C to 145D. Fully opened: Apex: Close to 6A. Mid-section: Close to 13B. Base: Close to 150D.

Involucral bracts.—Length: About 5 mm to 9 mm. Width: About 3 mm to 5 mm. Shape: Ovate. Apex:

Rounded. Base: Rounded to truncate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Number per inflorescence: About 30 arranged in about two to three whorls. Color, upper surface: Close to 137C. Color, lower surface: Close to 137B.

Peduncles.—Length, terminal peduncle: Terminal inflorescence bud removed to enhance spray development. Length, fourth peduncle: About 7 cm to 8 cm. Length, seventh peduncle: About 10 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 30° from the flowering stem axis. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 146B.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Not observed. Gynoecium: Present on both ray and disc florets. Style length: About 6 mm. Style color: Greenish. Stigma color: Yellow.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit production have not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to *Chrysanthemums* has not been observed on plants grown under commercial conditions.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Chrysanthemum* plant named 'Dek-catalina' as illustrated and described.

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