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Barends

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See application file for complete search history.

ABSTRACT

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OSTEOSPERMUM PLANT NAMED 'FIDOSTYEL'

Latin Name: Osteospermum ecklonis Varietal Denomination: **Fidostyel**

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A new and distinct cultivar of *Osteospermum* plant named 'Fidostyel', characterized by its medium to compact and mounding plant habit; relatively short internodes; freely branching growth habit; freely and early flowering habit; large daisy-type inflorescences with yellow-colored ray florets; and good garden performance.

1 Drawing Sheet

(2006.01)

Botanical designation: Osteospermum ecklonis. Cultivar denomination: 'FIDOSTYEL'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of Osteospermum plant, botanically known as Osteospermum ecklonis, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Fidostyel'.

The new Osteospermum plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in De Lier, The 10 Netherlands. The objective of the program is to create and develop new Osteospermum cultivars with compact growth habit, freely branching and freely flowering habit and attractive inflorescence coloration.

The new Osteospermum plant originated from a cross- 15 pollination by the Inventor in May, 2006 of two unnamed proprietary selections of Osteospermum ecklonis, not patented. The new *Osteospermum* was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse 20 environment in De Lier, The Netherlands in October, 2006.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Osteospermum* plant by terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in De Lier, The Netherlands since November, 2006, has shown that the unique features of this new *Osteospermum* plant are 25 stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Osteospermum* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are 35 determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Fidostyel'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Fidostyel' as a new and distinct cultivar of Osteospermum:

- 1. Medium to compact and mounding plant habit.
- 2. Relatively short internodes.
- 3. Freely branching growth habit.

4. Freely and early flowering habit.

- 5. Large daisy-type inflorescences with yellow-colored ray florets.
- 6. Good garden performance.

Plants of the new *Osteospermum* differ from plants of the parent selections primarily in plant and growth habit as plants of the new Osteospermum are more compact in plant habit and more uniform in growth habit than plants of the parent selections.

Plants of the new *Osteospermum* can be compared to plants of the Osteospermum 'Margarita Yellow', not patented. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in De Lier, The Netherlands, plants of the new Osteospermum differed from plants of 'Margarita Yellow' in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new Osteospermum were more freely branching than plants of 'Margarita Yellow'.
- 2. Plants of the new Osteospermum flowered earlier than plants of 'Margarita Yellow'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Osteospermum*. This photograph shows the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Osteospermum*.

The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a 30 typical flowering plant of 'Fidostyel' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph, following observations and measurements describe plants grown in De Lier, The Netherlands during the spring and early summer in a glasscovered greenhouse and under conditions and practices which approximate those generally used in commercial Osteospermum production. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 17° C. to 35° C. and night temperatures ranged from 15° C. to 25° C. Plants were

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pinched one time. Plants were nine weeks old when the photograph and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2001 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Osteospermum ecklonis* 'Fidostyel'. Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Unnamed proprietary selection of Osteospermurn ecklonis, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Unnamed proprietary selection of Osteospermum ecklonis, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—Terminal vegetative cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About six days at 22° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About one week at 22° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting, summer.—About twelve days at 22° C. to 30° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting, winter.—About two weeks at 20° C. to 25° C.

Root description.—Medium in thickness, fibrous; whit- 20 ish grey in color.

Rooting habit.—Moderate branching; moderately dense.

Plant description:

Plant form/growth habit.—Medium to compact and mounding plant habit; relatively short internodes, dense and bushy growth habit; moderately vigorous to vigorous growth habit.

Plant height.—About 18 cm to 20 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 26 cm.

Lateral branches.—Quantity per plant: Freely branching habit, when pinched, about seven primary lateral branches develop per plant. Length: About 14 cm to 16 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm. Internode length: Relatively short, about 8 mm to 10 mm. Strength: Strong, sturdy. Texture: Sparsely pubescent. Color: Close to 144A.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Alternate, simple.
Length: About 7 cm to 7.5 cm. Width: About 3 cm.
Shape: Elliptic. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Lobed; serrate. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous. Texture, lower surface: Sparsely pubescent.
Venation pattern: Pinnate. Color: Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to 137B. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 147A; venation, close to 144B. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B; venation, close to 144B. Petiole: Length: About 1.5 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm to 4 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper surface: Close to 144A.

Inflorescence description:

Appearance.—Daisy-type inflorescence form with elliptic to slightly obovate-shaped ray florets; inflorescences positioned beyond the foliage on moderately strong peduncles; inflorescences terminal and axillary; inflorescences face upright; ray and disc florets developing acropetally on a capitulum.

Flowering habit.—Freely flowering habit; about 10 to 40 inflorescences developing per plant.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flowering response.—In The Netherlands, plants of the new Osteospermum flower continuously from spring

to frost in the autumn; early flowering habit, plants begin flowering about eight weeks after planting.

Inflorescence longevity.—At temperatures of 14° C. to 20° C., inflorescences last about 2.5 weeks on the plant; inflorescences persistent.

Inflorescence bud.—Height: About 1.8 cm. Diameter: About 1.2 cm. Shape: Globular to ovoid. Color: Close to 137A.

Inflorescence size.—Diameter: About 8 cm to 8.5 cm. Depth (height): About 5 mm. Disc diameter: About 1.2 cm to 1.5 cm. Receptacle diameter: About 4 mm. Receptacle height: About 4 mm. Receptacle color: Close to 146A.

Ray florets.—Length: About 3.8 cm to 4 cm. Width: About 8 mm. Shape: Elliptic to slightly obovate. Apex: Rounded to slightly obtuse. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture: Smooth, glabrous; satiny. Number of ray florets per inflorescence/arrangement: About 18 to 20 in one to 1.5 whorls. Color: When opening, upper surface: Close to 9A. When opening, lower surface: Close to 9A; longitudinal stripes, close to 177A. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 9A; towards the base, close to 9C; with development, close to 9C and towards the base, close to 10D. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 13A to 13C; longitudinal stripes, close to 177A.

Disc florets.—Shape: Tubular; apex dentate, five-pointed. Length: About 5 mm to 7 mm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Number of disc florets per inflorescence: About 100. Color: Immature: Apex: Close to N186B. Mid-section: Close to N77A and 9A. Base: Close to N155D. Mature: Apex and mid-section: Close to 13B. Base: Close to N155D.

Phyllaries.—Quantity per inflorescence: About 18 to 20 in a single whorl. Length: About 1.2 cm to 1.4 cm. Width: About 1 mm to 2 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acuminate. Base: Truncate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Sparsely pubescent. Color, upper surface: Close to 146A. Color, lower surface: Close to 138A.

Peduncles.—Length: About 9 cm to 13 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Moderately strong. Aspect: Upright. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Present on disc florets only. Anther shape: Lanceolate. Anther length: About 2 mm. Anther color: Close to N77A. Pollen amount: Moderate to abundant. Pollen color: Close to 23A. Gynoecium: Present on both ray and disc florets. Pistil length: About 1.5 cm. Stigma shape: Bi-parted. Stigma color: Close to 59A. Style length: About 8 mm. Style color: Close to 59A.

Seeds/fruits.—Seed and fruit development have not been observed on plants of the new Osteospermum.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Osteospermum* have not been shown to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Osteospermums*.

Garden performance: Plants of the new *Osteospermum* have been observed to have good garden performance and to tolerate rain, wind and temperatures ranging from about 4° C. to about 35° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Osteospermum* plant named 'Fidostyel' as illustrated and described.

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