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(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Blom(10) **Patent No.:** US PP21,165 P2
(45) **Date of Patent:** Jul. 13, 2010(54) **CHRYSANTHEMUM PLANT NAMED
'ZANMUROWA'**(50) Latin Name: *Chrysanthemum×morifolium*
Varietal Denomination: Zanmurowa(75) Inventor: **Wilhelmus Bernardus Blom,**
Leimuiden (NL)(73) Assignee: **Chrysanthemum Breeders Association
Research B.V.**, Valkenburg (NL)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **12/314,957**(22) Filed: **Dec. 19, 2008**(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./293**(58) **Field of Classification Search** Plt./293,
Plt./287

See application file for complete search history.

Primary Examiner—Kent L Bell(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Steptoe & Johnson LLP(57) **ABSTRACT**

A *chrysanthemum* plant named 'Zanmurowa' directed by its medium sized blooms with dark red ray florets and prolific branching; natural season flower date September 22–27; blooming for a period of 4–5 weeks.

3 Drawing Sheets**1****BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *chrysanthemum* plant, botanically known as *Chrysanthemum×morifolium* Ramat., and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar denomination 'Zanmurowa'.

'Zanmurowa' is a product of a breeding and selection program for outdoor pot mums (garden mums) which had the objective of creating new *chrysanthemum* cultivars with a double type inflorescence, a natural season flower date starting at September 22–27; blooming for a period of 4–5 weeks. The new plant of the present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar of *chrysanthemum* plant (to be deleted). 'Zanmurowa' is a seedling resulting from the crossing of the female parent id 70 and the male parent id 537. Plants of 'Zanmurowa' differ from plants of the female parent in growth habit, that of the seedling is more vigorous. Plants of 'Zanmurowa' differ from plants of the male parent in inflorescence size, that of the seedling is larger.

The new and distinct cultivar was discovered and selected as a flowering plant by Wilhelmus Bernardus Blom on a cultivated field in Rijenhout, The Netherlands in 2005. The first act of asexual production of 'Zanmurowa' was accomplished when vegetative cuttings were used from the initial selection in 2005 and propagated further in a controlled environment in Rijenhout, The Netherlands. The new cultivar has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics through successive propagations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention of a new and distinct variety of *chrysanthemum* is shown in the accompanying drawings, the color being as nearly true as possible with color photographs of this type.

FIG. 1 shows a plant of the cultivar in full bloom.

FIG. 2 shows the various stages of bloom of the new cultivar.

FIG. 3 shows the various stages of foliage of the new cultivar.

2**DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

The observations and measurements were gathered from plants grown out door in Rijenhout, The Netherlands under natural day length and temperature and planted in week 22 in 2008. The natural blooming date of this crop was September 22–27 (week 39). The average height of the plants was 30 cm. No growth retardants were used. No tests were done on disease or insect resistance or susceptibility. No tests were done on cold or drought tolerance. This new variety produces medium sized blooms with dark red ray florets blooming for a period of 4–5 weeks. From the cultivars known to inventor the most similar existing cultivar in comparison to 'Zanmurowa' is 'Manakin' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 11,521). When 'Manakin' and 'Zanmurowa' are being compared the following difference is noticed: The difference of 'Manakin' and 'Zanmurowa' are (1) Natural season blooming date. And (2) Size of bloom. (1). The natural season blooming date of 'Manakin' is mid-September, while that of 'Zanmurowa' is late September. (2). The size of the blooms of 'Manakin' is smaller than those of 'Zanmurowa'.

The following is a description of the plant and characteristics that distinguish 'Zanmurowa' as a new and distinct variety.

The color designations are taken from the plant itself. Accordingly, any discrepancies between the color designations and the colors depicted in the photographs are due to photographic tolerances. The color chart used in this description is: The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, edition 2001.

TABLE 1

Botanical Description of <i>Chrysanthemum ×morifolium</i> Ramat 'Zanmurowa'	
Bud	
Size	Small; cross-section 0.6 cm, height 0.4 cm
Shape	Oblate
Texture	Pubescent

TABLE 1-continued

Botanical Description of <i>Chrysanthemum xmorifolium</i> Ramat 'Zanmurowa'	
Outside Color	Greyed-green 191A
Phyllaries	
Number	22-24, arranged in 3 rows
Shape	Elliptic
Apex	Acute
Base	Truncate
Margin	Entire
Color	Upper side: Greyed-green 191A Lower side Greyed-green 191C
Length and width	5 mm; 2-3 mm
Texture	Pubescent
Inflorescence	
Type	Double
Height	2 cm
Diameter	5 cm
Peduncle length	9-12 cm
Peduncle color	Greyed-green 191 C
Peduncle diameter	2 cm
Peduncle surface	Pubescent
Number per branch	Approx. 6 inflorescences
Flowering period individual inflorescence	4-5 weeks
Seeds	Produced in small quantities, ovate, Greyed-brown 199A, length 1.5 mm diameter 0.8 mm
Fragrance	Faint <i>chrysanthemum</i> odor
Color	
Center of inflorescences (disc florets)	Immature stage: Yellow 9A Mature stage: Yellow 12A (pollen)
Color of upper surface of the ray-florets	Greyed-purple 185A
Color of the lower surface of the ray-florets	Greyed-red 181B
Tonality from Distance	A garden mum with dark red inflorescences and small yellow disc
Color of the ray-florets after aging of the plant	Greyed-red 181A
Ray florets	
Texture	Upper and lower side smooth
Number	130-140
Shape	Elliptic
Apex	Mucronulate
Base	Attenuate
Cross-section	Flat
Longitudinal axis of majority	Straight
Length of corolla tube	0.3-0.4 cm
Ray-floret margin	Entire
Ray-floret length	1.6-2.7 cm
Ray-floret width	2-5 cm
Ratio length/width	Medium
Disc florets	
Disc diameter	2-3 mm
Distribution of disc florets	Moderate
Shape	Tubular
Color	Yellow 9A at apex, and Yellow 11D at base
Number	8-10
Length	0.5 mm
Diameter	0.3 mm
Receptacle	
Shape	Conical raised
Color	Green 138C
Height	0.5 cm
Diameter	0.6 mm
Reproductive Organs	

TABLE 1-continued

Botanical Description of <i>Chrysanthemum xmorifolium</i> Ramat 'Zanmurowa'	
5	Androecium Stamen length Stamen color Anther color Pollen Gynoecium Style color Style Length Stigma color Stigma Width Ovary Plant
10	Present in disc florets only 3 mm Yellow-green 144A Yellow 3A Moderate Yellow 12A Present in both ray and disc florets Yellow-green 154C 3 mm Yellow 7A 1 mm Enclosed in calyx
15	
20	Form Growth habit Growth rate Height Width Stem Color Stem Strength Stem Brittleness Stem Anthocyanin Coloration Internode length Length of lateral branch Lateral branch color Lateral branch diameter Lateral branch brittleness Branching (average number of lateral branches) Natural season blooming date Foliage
25	Grown as a potmum, outdoor raised and mounded Spherical shape Medium 30 cm 40 cm Greyed-brown 199A Strong Not brittle Not observed 1-2 cm From top to bottom 20 cm Green 137C 2 mm Medium Prolific with 8 breaks after pinching
30	September 22-27 to late October
35	Leaf color Color midvein Size Quantity (number per lateral branch) Shape
40	Upper side: Green 137A Lower side: Green 138A Upper side: Yellow-green 147D Lower side: Yellow-green 148D Small.; length 3.5-5 cm, width 2-2.5 cm 22 -24 Elliptic Sparsely pubescent Pubescent Palmate Serrated Rounded
45	Between Lateral Lobes Margin of Sinus Between Lateral Lobes Shape of Base Apex Petiole length Petiole diameter Petiole color
50	Diverging Attenuate Mucronulate 0.5-1 cm 2 mm Yellow-green 147D

TABLE 2

Differences with the comparison variety		
55	'Zanmurowa'	'Manakin'
Natural season blooming date Bloom diameter	Late September 5 cm	Mid-September 3.5 cm

60

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of *chrysanthemum* plant as described and illustrated.

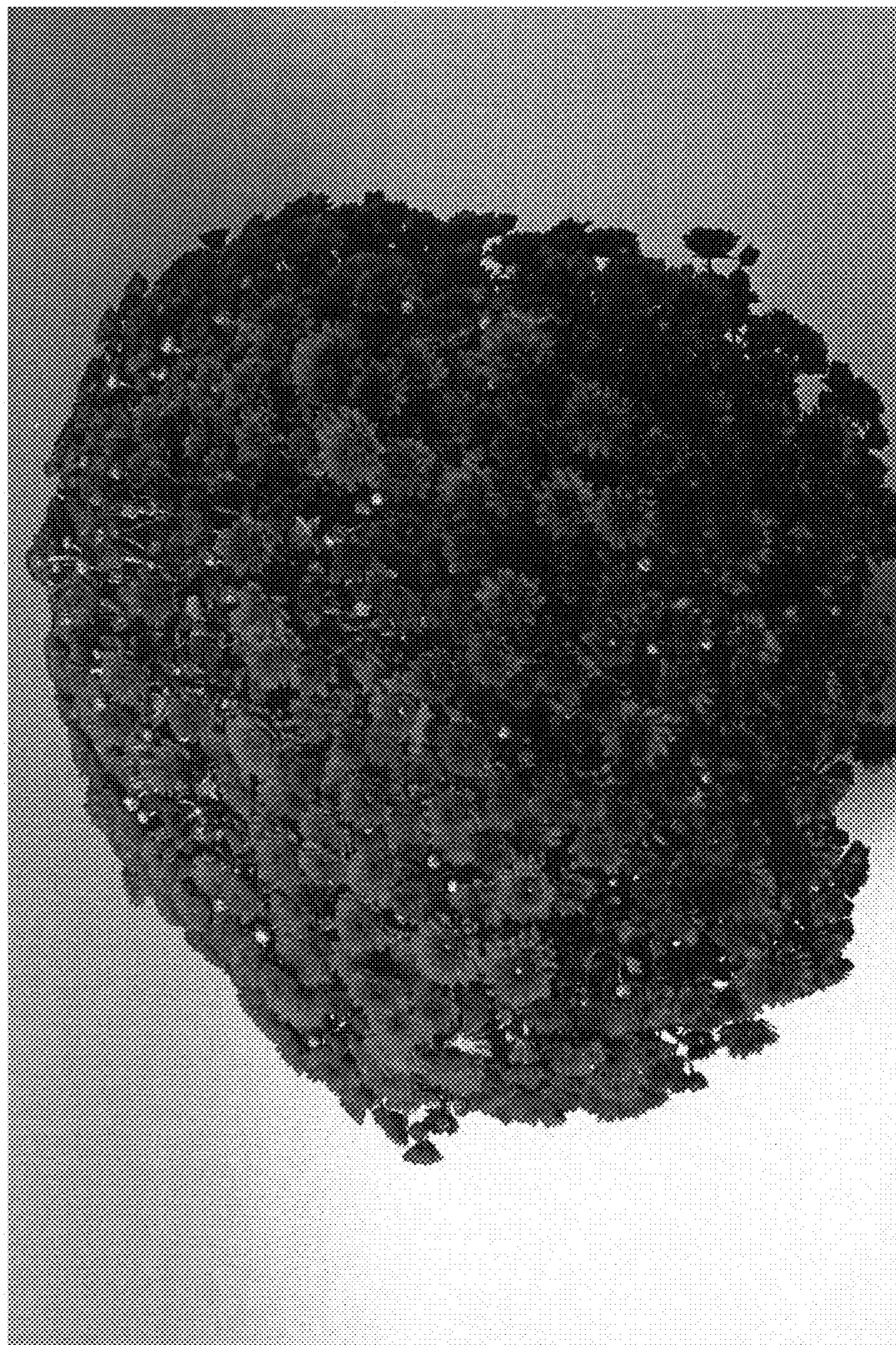


FIG. 1

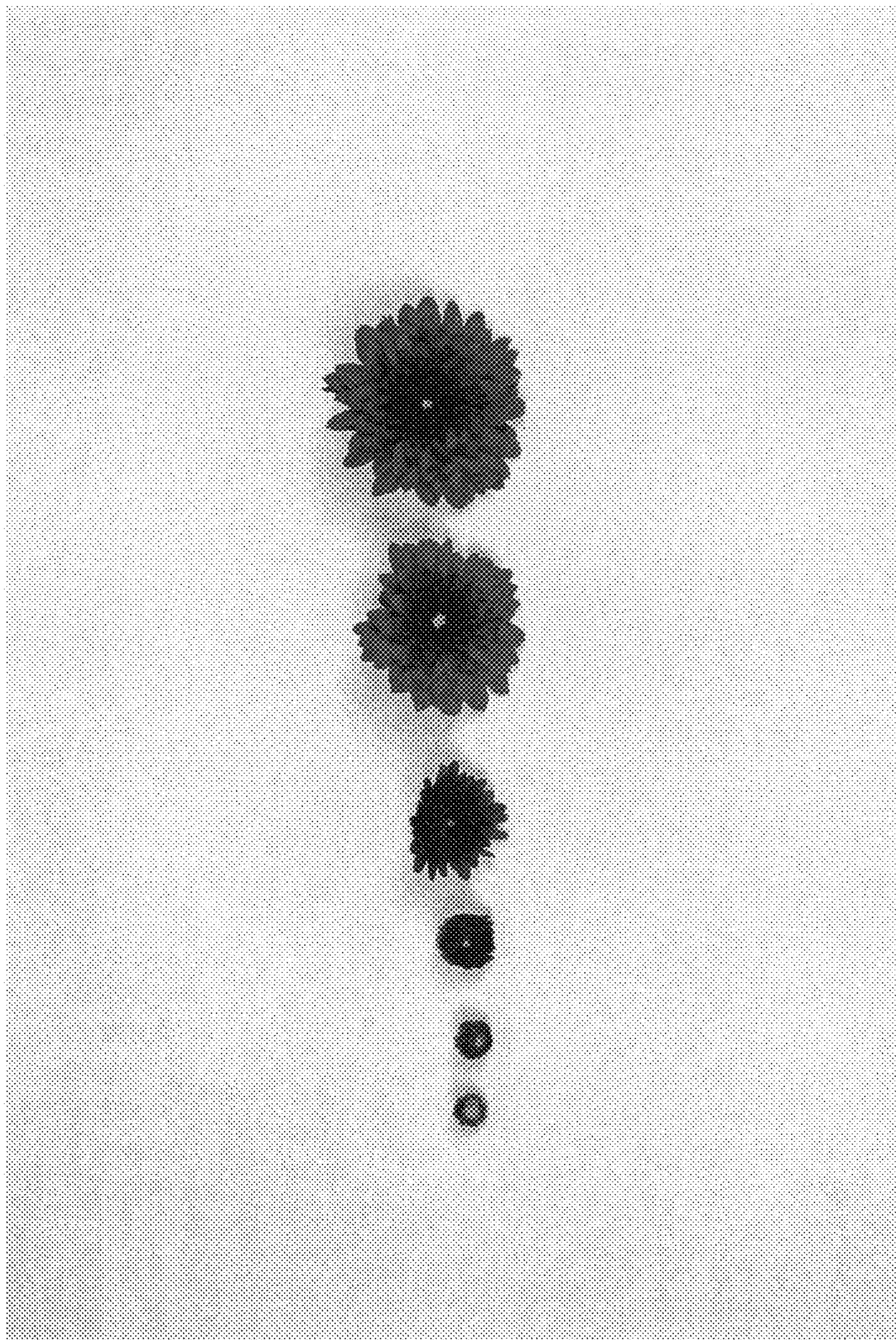


FIG. 2

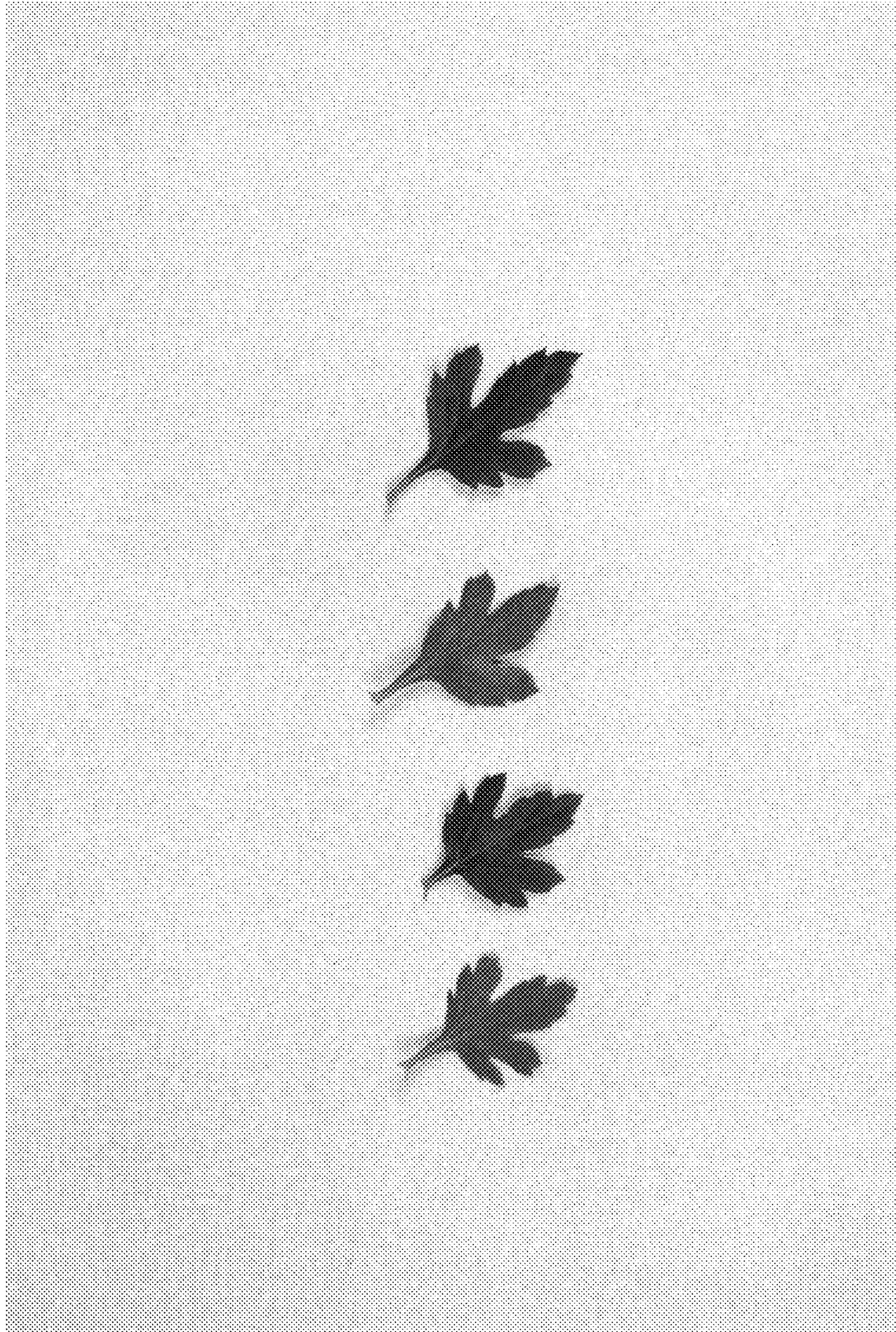


FIG. 3