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Belfield-Smith

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VIOLA PLANT NAMED 'FLOVELLEMPL'

Latin Name: *Viola×williamsii* (50)Varietal Denomination: Flovellempl

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Assignee: Floranova, Ltd., Foxley, Dereham (GB)

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(57)ABSTRACT

A new and distinct cultivar of *Viola* plant named 'Flovellempl', characterized by its mounding and outwardly spreading plant habit; freely branching habit; early and freely flowering habit; long flowering period; and large violet and yellow-colored flowers.

1 Drawing Sheet

Botanical designation: *Viola*×*williamsii*. Cultivar denomination: 'Flovellempl'.

CROSS-REFERENCED TO RELATED APPLICATION

Title: Viola Plant Named 'Flovellavyel'. Applicant: Nick Belfield-Smith.

Filed concurrently with this application.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Viola*, botanically known as *Viola*×*williamsii* and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Flovellempl'.

The new Viola plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Foxley, Norfolk, United Kingdom. The objective of the breeding program was to create new outwardly spreading *Viola* cultivars with large flowers and attractive flower coloration.

The new Viola plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in May, 2001, in Foxley, Norfolk, United Kingdom, of a proprietary selection of Viola×williamsii identified as code number USAHIL-2, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of $Viola \times 25$ williamsii identified as code number USABVZ, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new Viola was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Foxley, Norfolk, United 30 Kingdom in May, 2002.

Asexual reproduction of the new Viola plant by vegetative cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environment in Foxley, Norfolk, United Kingdom since September, 2002, has shown that the unique features of this new *Viola* plant are stable and ₃₅ reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new Viola have not been observed under all $_{40}$ possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment and cultural prac-

tices such as temperature and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Flovellempl'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Flovellempl' as a new and distinct cultivar of *Viola*:

- 1. Mounding and outwardly spreading plant habit.
- 2. Freely branching habit.
- 3. Early and freely flowering habit.
- 4. Long flowering period.
- 5. Large violet and yellow-colored flowers.

Compared to plants of the female parent selection, plants of the new *Viola* differ from plants of the female parent selection in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Viola* are not as open in plant habit as plants of the female parent selection.
- 2. Plants of the new *Viola* flower earlier than plants of the female parent selection.
- 3. Plants of the new *Viola* have larger flowers than plants of the female parent selection.
- 4. Plants of the new *Viola* and the female parent selection differ in flower color as plants of the female parent selection have blue-colored flowers.

Compared to plants of the male parent selection, plants of the new *Viola* differ from plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Viola* are not as compact as plants of the male parent selection.
- 2. Plants of the new *Viola* are more outwardly spreading than and not as upright as plants of the male parent selection.
- 3. Plants of the new *Viola* have larger flowers than plants of the male parent selection.
- 4. Plants of the new *Viola* and the male parent selection differ in flower color as plants of the male parent selection have yellow-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Viola* can be compared to plants of *Viola* 'Flovellavyel', disclosed in a U.S. Plant patent application Ser. No. 12/290,133 filed concurrently. Plants of the new 3

Viola differ primarily from plants of 'Flovellavyel' in flower color. In addition, plants of the new *Viola* have smaller flowers than plants of 'Flovellavyel'.

Plants of the new *Viola* can also be compared to plants of the *Viola*×*williamsii* 'Sunviobuho', disclosed in U.S. Plant 5 Pat. No. 16,557. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Foxley, Norfolk, United Kingdom, plants of the new *Viola* and 'Sunviobuho' differed in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Viola* were more mounding than plants of 'Sunviobuho'.
- 2. Plants of the new *Viola* had larger flowers than plants of 'Sunviobuho'.
- 3. Plants of the new *Viola* and 'Sunviobuho' differed in flower color.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new *Viola*, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of 20 this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Viola*.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Flovellempl' 25 grown in a container.

The photograph at the top of the sheet is a close-up view of typical flowers and leaves of 'Flovellempl'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photographs and following observations, measurements and values describe plants grown in Encinitas, Calif. during the winter and under commercial practice in a polyethylene-covered greenhouse with day temperatures averaging 24° C., night temperatures averaging 16° C. and light levels averaging 4,000 foot-candles. Plants had been growing for 13 weeks when the photographs and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society 40 Colour Chart, 2007 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Viola*×*williamsii* 'Flovellempl'. Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of ⁴⁵ Viola×williamsii identified as code No. USAHIL-2, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary selection of Violaxwilliamsii identified as code number USABVZ, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By vegetative cuttings.

Time to initiate roots.—About 18 to 26 days at 18° C. to 21° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant roots.—About 35 to 45 days at 18° C. to 21° C.

Root description.—Fleshy; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; moderately dense. Plant description:

Plant form/habit.—Mounding and outwardly spreading plant habit; vigorous growth habit. Freely branching habit; about 16 lateral branches developing per plant; pinching is typically not required.

Plant height.—About 12 cm.
Plant width (spread).—About 35 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 22 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Internode length: About 1.7 cm. Strength: Strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 145A.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Alternate, simple.

Length.—About 4 cm.

Width.—About 2.6 cm.

Shape.—Ovate.

Apex.—Obtuse.

Base.—Rounded.

Margin.—Crenate.

Texture, upper surface.—Sparsely pubescent; slightly rough.

Texture, lower surface.—Smooth, glabrous.

Venation pattern.—Pinnate; arcuate.

Color.—Developing and fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A; venation, close to 138B. Developing and fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 137C; venation, close to 138B.

Petiole.—Length: About 2.8 cm. Diameter: About 1.5 mm. Texture, upper surface: Minute pubescence; scattered. Texture, lower surface: Minute pubescence. Color, upper surface: Close to 144A. Color, lower surface: Close to 146C.

Flower description:

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Flower type/habit.—Single flowers borne in upper leaf axils; flowers face initially upright and then outwardly. Freely flowering habit with about 125 flowers and flower buds per plant.

Fragrance.—Faint; sweet violet.

Natural flowering season.—Continuously flowering from spring through the summer in California. Flowers not persistent.

Postproduction longevity.—Flowers last about five days on the plant.

Flower buds.—Height: About 1.6 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Shape: Oblong. Color: Close to 1B.

Flower diameter.—About 3.7 cm by 3.1 cm.

Flower depth.—About 1.3 cm.

Petals.—Quantity per flower: Five in a single whorl; two upper petals, two lateral petals and one lower petal. Upper petals: Length: About 2.1 cm. Diameter: About 2 cm. Shape: Obovate with rounded apex and attenuate base; margin, entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: Developing petals, upper surface: Close to 1C. Developing petals, lower surface: Close to 1D. Fully expanded petals, upper surface: Close to 85A to 85B; towards the margins, close to 86B; towards the base, close to 8C; with development, color becoming closer to 85C to 85D. Fully expanded petals, lower surface: Close to 4C overlain with close to 85D. Lateral petals: Length: About 1.8 cm. Diameter: About 1.5 cm. Shape: Obovate with rounded apex and attenuate base; margin, entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: Developing petals, upper surface: Close to 1C; venation towards the base, close to 79A. Developing petals, lower surface: Close to 1D. Fully expanded petals, upper surface: Close to 85B; towards the margin, close to 86B; towards the base, close to 7D; venation towards base, close to 79A. Fully expanded petals, lower surface: Close to 4C overlain with close to 85D. Lower petal: Length: About 2.2 cm. Diameter: About 2.3 cm. Shape: Cor-

date with rounded and retuse apex and attenuate base; margin, entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: Developing petals, upper surface: Close to 1C; venation towards the base, close to 79A. Developing petals, lower surface: Close to 1D. Fully expanded petals, upper surface: Close to 7A; towards the apex, close to 86B; venation towards base, close to 79A; central eye, close to 15A. Fully expanded petals, lower surface: Close to 4C overlain with close to 85D.

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Sepals.—Quantity per flower: Typically five in a single whorl. Length: About 1.4 cm. Width: About 4 mm. Shape: Elliptic. Apex: Acute. Base: Obtuse. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous. Texture, lower surface: Minute pubescence. Color, 15 upper and lower surfaces: Close to 137C.

Peduncles.—Length: About 5.8 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Texture: Minute pubescence; scattered. Color: Close to 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity per flower: Typically five. Filament length: Less than 1 mm. Fila-

ment color: Close to 145C. Anther shape: Elliptic, flat. Anther length: About 2 mm. Anther color: Close to 150D. Pollen amount: None. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 5 mm. Stigma shape: Bulbous. Stigma color: Close to 145B. Style length: About 1 mm. Style color: Close to 145D. Ovary color: Close to 145C.

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Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit development have not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Viola* have not been noted to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Viola*.

Garden performance: Plants of the new *Viola* have been observed to have good garden performance and to tolerate rain, wind and temperatures from about 0° C. to about 30° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Viola* plant named 'Flovellempl' as illustrated and described.

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