



US00PP20572P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Misato(10) **Patent No.:** US PP20,572 P2
(45) **Date of Patent:** Dec. 15, 2009

- (54) **VERBENA PLANT NAMED 'SUNMARIKAISU'**
- (50) Latin Name: *Verbena hybrida*
Varietal Denomination: Sunmarikaisu
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- (73) Assignee: Suntory Flowers Ltd., Tokyo (JP)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 12/228,272
- (22) Filed: Aug. 11, 2008
- (51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

- (52) **U.S. Cl.** Plt./308
- (58) **Field of Classification Search** Plt./308
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Verbena* plant named 'Sunmarikaisu', characterized by its compact, outwardly spreading to trailing plant habit; vigorous growth habit; freely branching habit; freely flowering habit; long flowering period; and intense dark red-colored flowers that are held above and beyond the foliage.

1 Drawing Sheet**1**

Botanical designation: *Verbena hybrida*.
Cultivar denomination: 'Sunmarikaisu'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Verbena*, botanically known as *Verbena hybrida*, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Sunmarikaisu'.

The new *Verbena* plant is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Higashiomii, Shiga, Japan. The objective of the breeding program is to create new compact, trailing and freely-branched *Verbena* cultivars with large inflorescences and attractive flower coloration.

The new *Verbena* plant originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in June, 2004 in Higashiomii, Shiga, Japan of a proprietary selection of *Verbena hybrida* identified as code number VW279, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Verbena hybrida* identified as code number VW336, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Verbena* was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled greenhouse environment in Higashiomii, Shiga, Japan in October, 2005.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Verbena* plant by terminal cuttings in a controlled environment in Higashiomii, Shiga, Japan since November, 2005 has shown that the unique features of this new *Verbena* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Verbena* have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment and cultural practices such as temperature and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Sunmarikaisu'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Sunmarikaisu' as a new and distinct cultivar of *Verbena*:

1. Compact, outwardly spreading to trailing plant habit.
2. Vigorous growth habit.
3. Freely branching habit.

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4. Freely flowering habit.
5. Long flowering period.
6. Intense dark red-colored flowers that are held above and beyond the foliage.

Plants of the new *Verbena* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Verbena* differ from plants of the female parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Verbena* are taller and narrower than plants of the female parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Verbena* have darker red-colored flowers than plants of the female parent selection.

Plants of the new *Verbena* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. Plants of the new *Verbena* differ from plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Verbena* are larger than plants of the male parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Verbena* have darker red-colored flowers than plants of the male parent selection.

Plants of the new *Verbena* can be compared to plants of *Verbena* 'Sunmarired', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 18,615. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Higashiomii, Shiga, Japan, plants of the new *Verbena* differed from plants of 'Sunmarired' in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Verbena* had shorter internodes than plants of 'Sunmarired'.
2. Plants of the new *Verbena* had smaller leaves than plants of 'Sunmarired'.
3. Plants of the new *Verbena* had smaller inflorescences than plants of 'Sunmarired'.
4. Plants of the new *Verbena* had smaller flowers than plants of 'Sunmarired'.
5. Flowers of plants of the new *Verbena* had smaller petals than flowers of plants of 'Sunmarired'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Verbena* plant, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ

slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Verbena*. The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Sunmarikaisu' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations and measurements describe plants grown in Higashioomi, Shiga, Japan, under commercial practice during the spring in an outdoor nursery with day temperatures averaging 23° C. and night temperatures averaging 13° C. Plants had been growing for about four months when the photograph and description were taken. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2001 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Verbena hybrida* 'Sunmarikaisu'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of *Verbena hybrida* identified as code number VW279, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary seedling selection of *Verbena hybrida* identified as code number VW336, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots.—About 10 to 14 days at 20° C. to 25° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant.—About four weeks at 20° C. to 25° C.

Root description.—Fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching.

Plant description:

Plant and growth habit.—Compact; initially upright, then outwardly spreading to trailing growth habit, stems eventually decumbent. Freely branching habit with numerous lateral branches developing per plant; pinching enhances lateral branch development. Vigorous growth habit.

Plant height.—About 20.2 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 40 cm.

Lateral branch description:

Length.—About 25.2 cm.

Diameter.—About 2.7 mm.

Internode length.—About 1.5 cm.

Strength.—Strong.

Texture.—Pubescent.

Color.—Close to 137C.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Opposite, simple.

Length.—About 2.6 cm.

Width.—About 1.3 cm.

Shape.—Narrowly ovate.

Apex.—Acute.

Base.—Cuneate.

Margin.—Serrate.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Coarse; pubescent.

Venation pattern.—Pinnate; reticulate.

Color.—Developing and fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A; venation, close to 147C. Developing and fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 137C; venation, 147C.

Petiole.—Length: About 2.7 cm. Diameter: About 1.9 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Sparsely pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 147C.

5 Flower description:

Flower arrangement and habit.—Salverform flowers arranged in hemispherical terminal racemes; flowers face mostly upright; flowers sessile. Freely flowering habit with about 16 flowers per inflorescence and about 23 inflorescences per plant.

Natural flowering season.—Plants flower continuously from spring to late autumn in Japan; plants begin flowering about four weeks after planting.

Flower longevity.—Flowers last about one week on the plant; flowers not persistent.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Inflorescence height.—About 2.3 cm.

Inflorescence diameter.—About 4.8 cm.

Flowers.—Appearance: Flared trumpet, corolla fused, five-parted. Diameter: About 1.7 cm. Depth (height): About 2 cm. Tube length: About 1.7 cm. Tube diameter: About 1.5 mm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 1.3 cm. Diameter: About 2.9 mm. Shape: Clavate. Color: Close to 37A.

Corolla.—Arrangement: Single whorl of five fused petals. Petal length: About 7.9 mm. Petal width: About 6 mm. Petal lobe shape: Obovate. Petal lobe apex: Cordate. Petal margin: Entire. Petal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: Petal, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 46B; towards the throat, close to 46A. Petal, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 47B. Throat: Close to 145C. Tube: Close to 145C.

Calyx.—Arrangement: One single narrow calyx tube per flower with five fused sepals. Sepal length: About 1.3 cm. Sepal width: About 1 mm. Sepal shape: Lanceolate. Sepal apex: Acute. Sepal margin: Entire. Sepal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Sepal color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

Peduncles.—Length: About 6.6 cm. Diameter: About 1.5 mm. Strength: Strong. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 137C.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity/arrangement: Four per flower, adnate to corolla tube. Stamen length: About 2.1 cm. Anther shape: Ellipsoidal. Anther length: About 1.4 mm. Anther color: Close to 144C. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: Yellow. Pistils: Quantity: One per flower. Pistil length: About 1.5 cm. Stigma shape: Bi-parted. Stigma color: Close to 144A. Style color: Close to 144D. Ovary color: Close to 144A. Fruits/seed: Fruit and seed development have not been observed.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Verbena* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 0° C. to about 35° C.

Pathogen/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Verbena* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Verbenas*.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Verbena* plant named 'Sunmarikaisu' as illustrated and described.

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