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(54) **GERANIUM PLANT NAMED 'PENTON'**

(50) Latin Name: *Pelargonium*×*hortorum*
Varietal Denomination: **Penton**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of Zonal *Geranium* plant named
'Penton', characterized by its upright and rounded plant
habit; freely branching habit; vigorous growth habit; dark
green-colored leaves; freely flowering habit; semi-double
bright scarlet red-colored flowers; and good garden perfor-
mance.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Pelargonium*×*hortorum*.
Cultivar denomination: 'Penton'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of Zonal *Geranium*, botanically known as *Pelargonium*×*hor-*
torum, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Penton'.

The new Zonal *Geranium* is a product of a planned breed-
ing program conducted by the Inventor in Dresden, Germany.
The objective of the breeding program is to create new semi-
double flowered Zonal *Geranium* cultivars with uniform
plant habit, dark green-colored foliage and attractive flower
coloration.

The new Zonal *Geranium* originated from a cross-pollina-
tion made by the Inventor in Dresden, Germany during the
summer of 2003 of two unnamed proprietary selections of
Pelargonium×*hortorum*, not patented. The cultivar Penton
was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering
plant from within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination
in a controlled greenhouse environment in Dresden, Germany
in June, 2004.

Asexual reproduction of the new Zonal *Geranium* by veg-
etative terminal cuttings in a controlled greenhouse environ-
ment in Dresden, Germany since December, 2004, has shown
that the unique features of this new Zonal *Geranium* are stable
and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* have not been observed
under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype
may vary somewhat with variations in environment and cul-
tural practices such as temperature and light intensity with-
out, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are
determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Penton'. These
characteristics in combination distinguish 'Penton' as a new
and distinct cultivar of Zonal *Geranium*:

1. Upright and rounded plant habit.
2. Freely branching habit.
3. Vigorous growth habit.

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4. Dark green-colored leaves.
5. Freely flowering habit.
6. Semi-double bright scarlet red-colored flowers.
7. Good garden performance.

5 Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* differ primarily from
plants of the parent selections in plant vigor and flower color.

Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* can be compared to
plants of the *Pelargonium*×*hortorum* 'Pacvica', disclosed in
U.S. Plant Pat. No. 14,187. In side-by-side comparisons con-
ducted in Dresden, Germany, plants of the new Zonal *Gera-*
nium differed from plants of 'Pacvica' in the following char-
acteristics:

1. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* were more compact
than plants of 'Pacvica'.
2. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* had shorter internodes
than plants of 'Pacvica'.
3. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* had smaller leaves
than plants of 'Pacvica'.
4. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* had more flower
umbels per plant than plants of 'Pacvica'.
5. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* had shorter peduncles
and pedicels than plants of 'Pacvica'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

25 The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the over-
all appearance of the new Zonal *Geranium*, showing the col-
ors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored
reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may
differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed
botanical description which accurately describe the colors of
the new Zonal *Geranium*.

The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a
typical flowering plant of 'Penton' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

35 The aforementioned photograph and following observa-
tions, measurements and values describe plants grown in
Dresden, Germany in a glass-covered greenhouse during the
spring and under conditions which closely approximate com-
mercial *Geranium* production. During the production of the
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plants, day temperatures averaged 18° C., night temperatures averaged 16° C. and light levels ranged from 15 kilolux to 100 kilolux. Plants were six months from planting when the photograph and description were taken. In the detailed description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Pelargonium x hortorum* 'Penton'.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Unnamed proprietary selection of *Pelargonium x hortorum*, not patented.

Male or pollen parent.—Unnamed proprietary selection of *Pelargonium x hortorum*, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By vegetative terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About 18 days at temperatures of 20° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About 22 days at temperatures of 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.—About 25 days at temperatures of 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.—About 30 days at temperatures of 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching; dense.

Plant description:

Plant/growth habit.—Upright to rounded plant habit; densely foliated. Vigorous growth habit. Freely basal branching habit with about 15 lateral branches developing per plant.

Plant height, to top of umbels.—About 30 cm.

Plant height, to top of leaves.—About 20 cm.

Plant width.—About 30 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 10 cm. Diameter: About 8 mm. Internode length: About 1 cm to 1.5 cm. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 146A.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Alternate or opposite; simple.

Length.—About 4 cm.

Width.—About 6 cm.

Shape.—Reniform.

Apex.—Rounded.

Base.—Cordate.

Margin.—Bi-crenate.

Venation pattern.—Palmate.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces.—Pubescent; velvety.

Color.—Developing leaves, upper surface: Close to 137A. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Close to 147A; venation, close to 137A. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: Close to 147B; venation, close to 146C. Zonation pattern: Weak to medium. Location from margin: About 1 cm. Width: About 1.5 cm. Color: Darker than 147A. Petiole: Length: About 6 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 146B.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement.—Semi-double rotate flowers arranged in rounded hemispherical umbels arising from apical leaf axils. Umbels displayed above the foliage on strong peduncles. Flowers face upright to outward; flowers slightly cupped. Flowers not fragrant.

Quantity of flowers.—Freely flowering habit; about twelve flower umbels per plant each with about 25 flower buds and open flowers.

Flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden in Dresden, Germany, flowering is continuous from April until frost in the autumn. Flowers persistent.

Flower longevity.—Individual flowers last about six to ten days on the plant; umbels last about three to four weeks on the plant.

Umbel height.—About 6 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 10 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 4 cm.

Flower depth (height).—About 1.5 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 1.2 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Shape: Roughly elliptic. Color: Close to 146C.

Petals.—Quantity per flower: About six to eight. Length: About 2.5 cm. Width: About 2.5 cm. Shape: Roughly spatulate. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 40A; venation, close to 40A. Color does not fade with development. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 40C; venation, close to 40C.

Petaloids.—Quantity per flower: None to about three. Length: About 1.5 cm. Width: About 5 mm. Shape: Irregular. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: Close to 40A; towards the base, close to 155D; venation, close to 40A. Color does not fade with development. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: Close to 40C; towards the base, close to 155D; venation, close to 40C.

Sepals.—Quantity per flower: Five, arranged in a single whorl; fused. Length: About 1 cm. Width: About 3 mm to 4 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A.

Peduncle (umbel stem).—Length: About 13 cm to 16 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: Mostly erect. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 144A.

Pedicle (individual flower stem).—Length: About 2 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Moderately strong; flexible. Texture: Pubescent. Color: Close to 175A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen quantity per flower: About eight. Anther length: About 2 mm. Anther shape: Tubular. Anther color: Close to 185A. Pollen amount: Abundant. Pollen color: Close to 25A. Gynoecium: Pistil quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 8 mm. Stigma shape: Five-parted. Stigma color: Close to 46A. Style length: About 3 mm. Style color: Close to 46A. Ovary color: Close to 140B.

Seeds.—Shape: Elliptic. Length: About 3 mm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Color: Close to 165A.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to Zonal *Geraniums*.

Garden performance: Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* have been observed to tolerate rain, wind and temperatures ranging from about 1° C. to about 35° C. to 40° C. and have demonstrated good garden performance.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct Zonal *Geranium* plant named 'Penton' as illustrated and described.

