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(12) United States Plant Patent Hanes

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(54) PELARGONIUM PLANT NAMED 'CLIP ROMEGS'

(50) Latin Name: *Pelargonium hortorum*Varietal Denomination: Clip Romegs

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(73) Assignee: Goldsmith Seeds, Inc., Gilroy, CA (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new *Pelargonium* plant named 'Clip Romegs,' particularly distinguished by the large, light pink colored flowers with a bold red-purple blotch, dark foliage, medium vigor, and good branching.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Latin name of the genus and species of the plant claimed: *Pelargonium hortorum*.

Varietal denomination: 'Clip Romegs'.

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Plant Breeder's Rights for this cultivar were applied for in Canada on Aug. 23, 2007 and in Germany on Jul. 2, 2007. 'Clip Romegs' has not been made publicly available more than one year prior to the filing of this application.

BACKGROUND OF THE NEW PLANT

The present invention comprises a new *Pelargonium*, botanically known as *Pelargonium hortorum*, and hereinafter referred to by the variety name 'Clip Romegs.'

'Clip Romegs' is a product of a planned breeding program. The new cultivar 'Clip Romegs' has large, light pink colored flowers with a bold red-purple blotch, dark foliage, medium vigor, and good branching.

'Clip Romegs' originated from a hybridization in a controlled breeding program in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A. The female parent was an unpatented hybrid seedling identified as '9109-2.' '9109-2' has a lighter pink color, smaller blotch, less branching and vigor than 'Clip Romegs.'

The male parent of 'Clip Romegs' was an unpatented hybrid seedling identified as '9754-1.' '9754-1' has pink color with smaller flowers, lighter green foliage, and larger plant habit than 'Clip Romegs'

'Clip Romegs' was selected as one flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross in 2004 in a controlled environment in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A.

The first act of asexual reproduction of 'Clip Romegs' was accomplished when vegetative cuttings were taken from the initial selection in the November 2004 in a controlled environment in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A.

Horticultural examination of plants grown from cuttings of the plant initiated in November, 2004 in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A., and continuing thereafter, has demonstrated that the combination of characteristics as herein disclosed for 'Clip 35 Romegs' are firmly fixed and are retained through successive generations of asexual reproduction.

'Clip Romegs' has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary significantly with variations in environment such as temperature, 40 light intensity and day length.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying photographic drawing shows typical flower and foliage characteristics of 'Clip Romegs' with colors being as true as possible with an illustration of this type. The photographic drawing shows a flowering potted plant of the new variety and a close-up of the flowers. The whole plant photograph was taken in the spring of 2006 and the close-up was taken in the spring of 2007 both in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A. Both were grown in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A. and were approximately 3–4 months old.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The measurements were taken in Gilroy, Calif., in August, 2007 on plants that were growing in 14 inch containers containing 3 plants. Culture of these plants started in a greenhouse in April 2007 and were transferred to an outdoors trial in early June 2007. The plants were approximately 4 months old.

Color chart used: Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart (R.H.S.) 2001

BRIEF SUMMARY OF INVENTION

The following observations, measurements, and comparisons describe plants grown outside in Gilroy, Calif. U.S.A. The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be basic characteristics of the new variety. The combination of these characteristics distinguishes this *Pelargonium* as a new and distinct variety.

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DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE NEW VARIETY AND A SIMILAR VARIETY		
Flower color Flower size Blotch Foliage color Compact habit	Light pink with blotch Larger Larger Dark green More compact	Rose with deeper blotch Smaller Smaller Medium to light green Less compact
habit. Plant he Plant he	, and well branched eight.—8–10 cm.	Jpright, and rounded growth . included).—15–16 cm.
Arrange Immatu Lowe	er surface: RHS 137	per surface.—RHS 137B.
surfac Length Width Shape	ce: RHS 137D. —4.5—4.6 cm. —4.7—5.8 cm. —Orbicular. ape.—Reniform.	
Apex sh Margin. Texture. Color o	<i>ape</i> .—Rounded. —Irregularly crena —Hirsute. <i>f zone</i> .—No zone.	
Color o Petioles Petioles Diamete	f veins, upper surfa f veins, lower surfa color.—RHS 144A length.—2.3–2.7 c er of petiole.—0.2–0	ce.—RHS 144A. n. m.
Texture.—Hirsute. Stem: Color of stem.—RHS 144A; with slight anthocyanin streaks of RHS 187C. Length of stem.—6–7 cm. Diameter.—0.5 cm.		
_	of internodes.—Abo —Hirsute.	out 0.5 cm.
Umbel of Umbel of Color of lay of	Type.—An umbel composed of 15–27 flowers and buds Umbel diameter.—9–11 cm. Umbel depth.—5–6 cm. Color of peduncle.—RHS 144A; with anthocyanin over lay of RHS 187A but more greyed. Length of peduncle.—7.5–8 cm.	
Pedunci Texture. betwe Pedicel	<i>le diameter.</i> —0.3–0 —Hirsute; glandul een RHS 25B–C.	

of RHS 185A.

Corolla:

Length of pedicel.—3.4–3.7 cm.

Texture.—Hirsute; glandular hairs of approximately

Form.—Polypetalous, slightly overlapping, but with

some gaps between upper and lower petals.

Diameter of pedical.—0.2 cm.

between RHS 25B–C.

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Number of petals.—5.
       Width of flower.—5–5.3 cm.
       Color upper petals, upper surface.—RHS 65B ground
         color which fades to more RHS N155B but whiter,
         with maturity; RHS N57A but a little deeper blotch,
         bleeding out to RHS N66B with very small scattered
         spots of between RHS N57A-B and RHS N66B; RHS
         N155B but whiter basally; RHS 61A veins, heavy
         basally.
      Color upper petals, lower surface.—RHS N155B.
       Length of upper petals.—2.4–2.5 cm.
       Width of upper petals.—1.6–1.8 cm.
       Color lower petals, upper surface.—RHS 65B ground
         color which fades to more RHS N155B but whiter,
         with maturity; RHS N57A but a little deeper blotch,
         bleeding out to RHS N66B with very small scattered
         spots of between RHS N57A–B and RHS N66B; RHS
         N155B but whiter basally; RHS 61B veins.
       Color lower petals, lower surface.—RHS N155B but
         whiter.
       Length of lower petals.—2.4–2.5 cm.
       Width of lower petals.—1.7–1.8 cm.
       Petal shape.—Obovate.
      Apex shape.—Rounded.
       Margin.—Entire.
       Petal texture.—Papillose.
       Number of petaloids.—None.
       Duration of flowering.—Continuous flowering through-
         out the Summer.
Bud (just before opening):
       Color.—Closest to RHS 53C.
       Length.—1.5–1.6 cm.
       Width.-0.6-0.7 cm.
       Shape.—Elliptical.
       Number of sepals.—5, fused at the base.
       Color of sepals.—RHS 146B with anthocyanins basally
         of RHS 181B.
       Length of sepals.—1.1–1.2 cm.
       Width of sepals.—0.3–0.5 cm.
      Sepal shape.—Lanceolate.
       Apex shape.—Acute.
       Margins.—Entire.
       Texture.—Hirsute; pilose; glandular hairs of approxi-
         mately between RHS 25B–C.
15 Reproductive organs:
       Pistil.—1.
       Length.—1.0 cm.
       Style color.—RHS N155B but whiter.
       Style length.-0.2-0.3 cm.
       Stigma color.—RHS 39B.
       Number of anthers.—About 5–6.
       Length filaments.—0.7.
       Color of filaments.—RHS N155B but whiter.
       Pollen amount.—Moderate.
       Color of pollen.—RHS N25A.
       Fertility/seed set.—Not observed on this hybrid.
  Disease/pest resistance: Disease resistance and/or suscepti-
    bility has not been observed on this hybrid.
    What is claimed is:
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herein.

1. A new and distinct variety of *Pelargonium* plant named

'Clip Romegs,' substantially as illustrated and described

