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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
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- (54) **BEGONIA PLANT NAMED 'REINA'**
- (50) Latin Name: *Begonia×hiemalis*  
Varietal Denomination: **Reina**
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- (73) Assignee: **Koppe Royalty B.V.**, Ermelo (NL)
- (\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.
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**A01H 5/00** (2006.01)
- (52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./347**
- (58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... Plt./347  
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

PUBLICATIONS

Upov–rom gtitm, Plant Variety Database 2007/06, GTI Jouve Retrieval Software, citation for 'Reina'.\*

\* cited by examiner

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Begonia* plant named 'Reina', characterized by its upright and mounded plant habit; freely branching habit; double flowers that are dark orange in color and held above and beyond the foliage; and excellent post-production longevity.

**1 Drawing Sheet**

**1**  
Botanical designation: *Begonia×hiemalis*.  
Cultivar denomination: 'Reina'.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Begonia* plant, botanically known as *Begonia×hiemalis*, commercially known as Elatior *Begonia* and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Reina'.

The new *Begonia* is a naturally-occurring whole plant mutation of the *Begonia×hiemalis* cultivar Dark Britt, not patented. The new *Begonia* was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering plant from within a population of plants of the parent cultivar in a controlled green house environment in Ermelo, The Netherlands in November, 2000.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Begonia* by cuttings taken in a controlled green house environment in Ermelo, the Netherlands since June, 2001, has shown that the unique features of this new *Begonia* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The cultivar Reina has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature, daylength and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Reina'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Reina' as a new and distinct *Begonia*:

1. Upright and mounded plant habit.
2. Freely branching habit.
3. Double flowers that are dark orange in color and held above and beyond the foliage.
4. Excellent postproduction longevity.

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Plants of the new *Begonia* differ primarily from plants of the parent, the cultivar Dark Britt, in flower color as plants of the cultivar Dark Britt have lighter orange-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Begonia* can also be compared to plants of the cultivar Batik, not patented. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Ermelo, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Begonia* differed primarily from plants of the cultivar Batik in flower color as plants of the cultivar Batik had lighter orange-colored flowers.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS**

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new *Begonia*, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Begonia*.

The photograph at the top of the sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Reina' grown in a container.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet is a close up view of lower (left) and upper (right) surfaces of typical leaves and flowers of 'Reina'.

**DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION**

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2001 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used. The aforementioned photographs and following observations and measurements describe plants grown in Ermelo, The Netherlands, under commercial practice in a glass-covered greenhouse during the spring and summer. Average day and night temperatures were about 20° C. during the first three to four weeks then lowered to an average day and night temperature of 18° C. until flowering. Four weeks after planting rooted cuttings in 12-cm

containers, two five-day periods of long nyctoperiods of 16 hours were given and were separated by two days and subsequently followed by short nyctoperiods of eight hours until flowering. Plants were pinched one time about one week after planting. Plants were about 13 weeks from planting when the photographs and description were taken.

Botanical classification: *Begonia × hiemalis* cultivar Reina.

Commercial classification: Elatior Begonia.

Parentage: Naturally-occurring whole plant mutation of the *Begonia × hiemalis* cultivar Dark Britt, not patented.

Propagation:

*Type*.—By terminal vegetative cuttings.

*Time to develop roots*.—About 20 days at temperatures 20° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant*.—About six weeks at temperatures of 20° C.

*Root description*.—Fine, fibrous, well-branched; white/orange in color. Plants of the new *Begonia* have not been observed to form tubers.

Plant description:

*Plant form*.—Compact, upright and mounded plant habit, inverted triangle; freely branching with good stem and stem base strength. Flowers are double and abundant. Plants flower continuously.

*Growth habit*.—Vigorous growth habit; suitable for 9 to 14-cm containers. Under optimal environmental and cultural conditions, usually about 14 weeks are required to produce proportional 14-cm potted plants from cuttings. Vegetative shoots are formed at basal nodes and flowering shoots are formed at upper nodes.

*Plant height*.—About 25 cm to 29 cm.

*Plant width*.—About 40 cm.

*Leaves*.—Arrangement: Simple, alternate. Developing leaves, length: About 5.5 cm to 6.5 cm. Developing leaves, width: About 7 cm to 9 cm. Fully expanded leaves, length: About 13 cm to 14 cm. Fully expanded leaves, width: About 17 cm to 19 cm. Shape: Roughly reniform; oblique. Apex: Obtuse to acute. Base: Cordate; oblique. Margin: Doubly serrate. Texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous; margins, slightly pubescent. Texture, lower surface: Smooth, glabrous. Venation pattern: Palmate. Color: Developing leaves, upper surface: 147A. Developing leaves, lower surface: Close to 148B. Fully expanded leaves, upper surface: Darker than 147A; venation, close to 146A. Fully expanded leaves, lower surface: 148B; venation, 146C to 146D. Petiole length: About 3 cm to 9 cm. Petiole texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent. Petiole color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 146C to 146D.

Flower description:

*Flowering habit*.—Double flowers with numerous tepals arranged in axillary cymes. Usually five to nine flowers per cyme. Many cymes in flower simultaneously. Flowers positioned above and beyond the foliage. Flowering continuous.

*Natural flowering season*.—Plants will flower year round regardless of nyctoperiod, however plants flower earlier and more abundantly from mid-February until November in the Northern Hemisphere.

*Flowers*.—Shape: Rounded; rose-like. Diameter: About 4 cm to 5 cm. Depth (height): About 1 cm to 1.5 cm.

*Flower buds*.—Length: About 1 cm to 1.5 cm. Diameter: About 1.3 cm to 2 cm. Color: Close to 150D.

*Tepals*.—Arrangement: Rosette. Quantity per flower: Usually about 30 per flower. Size: Outer tepals, length: About 2.5 cm to 3 cm. Outer tepals, width: About 3.8 cm to 4 cm. Inner tepals, length: About 1.8 cm to 2.2 cm. Inner tepals, width: About 2.2 cm to 2.8 cm. Shape: Rounded flabellate. Apex: Rounded. Margin, outer and inner tepals: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; satiny. Color: When opening, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 43A; towards the center and base, close to 25C. Fully opened, upper surface: Close to 43A; towards the center and base, N30C. Fully opened, lower surface: Close to 39A; towards the center and base, 39B.

*Flower bracts*.—Quantity/arrangement: Two, opposite. Shape: Broadly cordate. Apex: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Glabrous, smooth. Color, upper surface: Close to 144B. Color, lower surface: Close to 144B to 144C.

*Peduncles*.—Angle: Erect. Length: About 3 cm to 5 cm. Texture: Slightly pubescent. Color: Close to 144A to 144B.

*Pedicels*.—Angle: Erect. Length: About 1 cm to 3 cm. Texture: Slightly pubescent. Color: Towards the base, 145C; towards the apex, 161A to 161B.

*Reproductive organs*.—Stamens: None observed. Pistils: None observed.

*Seed/fruit*.—Seed and fruit production have not been observed as reproductive organs are not formed.

Postproduction longevity:

*Individual flowers*.—Generally about two to three weeks.

*Whole plants*.—About six weeks under interior conditions.

Disease/pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to *Begonia* has not been observed.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Begonia* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 10° C. to about 35° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Begonia* plant named 'Reina' as illustrated and described.

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