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Heffron

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(54) *LANTANA* PLANT NAMED ‘BALANDRISE’

(50) Latin Name: *Lantana camara*
Varietal Denomination: **Balandrise**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./227**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** Plt./227
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**
PUBLICATIONS

Canada Plant Breeders’ Rights application No. 07-5875
filed Apr. 12, 2007. Copy of published information from
Canada Plant Breeders’ Rights Office web site attached.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Lantana* plant named
‘Balandrise’, characterized by its purple-pink and yellow-
orange bicolored inflorescences, dark green-colored foliage,
and vigorous, semi-upright growth habit.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Latin name of genus and species of plant claimed: *Lan-
tana camara*.
Variety denomination: ‘Balandrise’.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Lantana* plant botanically known as *Lantana camara* and
hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name ‘Balandrise’.

The new cultivar originated in a controlled breeding pro-
gram in Arroyo Grande, Calif. during September 2004. The
objective of the breeding program was the development of
Lantana cultivars with continuous flowering, dark green-
colored foliage, and a well-branched, vigorous growth habit.

The new *Lantana* cultivar was the result of a self-
pollination of ‘Simon Yellow’, not patented, characterized
by its medium yellow-colored inflorescences, dark green-
colored foliage, and semi-upright growth habit. The new cul-
tivar was discovered and selected as a single flowering plant
within the progeny of the above stated self-pollination dur-
ing July 2005 in a controlled environment at Arroyo Grande,
Calif.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal stem
cuttings since July 2005 at Arroyo Grande, Calif. and West
Chicago, Ill. has demonstrated that the new cultivar repro-
duces true to type with all of the characteristics, as herein
described, firmly fixed and retained through successive gen-
erations of such asexual propagation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following characteristics of the new cultivar have
been repeatedly observed and can be used to distinguish
‘Balandrise’ as a new and distinct cultivar of *Lantana* plant:

1. Purple-pink and yellow-orange bicolored inflores-
cences;
2. Dark green-colored foliage; and
3. Vigorous, semi-upright growth habit.

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Plants of the new cultivar differ from plants of the parent
primarily in inflorescence color.

Of the many commercially available *Lantana* cultivars
known to the inventor, the most similar in comparison to the
new cultivar is BANDANA Rose ‘Bante Rossa’, U.S. Plant
Pat. No. 18,148. However, in side by side comparisons,
plants of the new cultivar differ from plants of ‘Bante Rossa’
in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new cultivar have smaller inflorescences,
as measured by inflorescence width, than plants of
‘Bante Rossa’;
2. Plants of the new cultivar have a flower color different
from plants of ‘Bante Rossa’; and
3. Plants of the new cultivar are wider than plants of
‘Bante Rossa’.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying photographs show, as nearly true as it
is reasonably possible to make the same in color illustrations
of this type, typical flower and foliage characteristics of the
new cultivar. Colors in the photographs differ slightly from
the color values cited in the detailed description, which
accurately describes the colors of ‘Balandrise’. The plants
were grown in 4.5 inch pots for 8 weeks in a greenhouse at
West Chicago, Ill. Plants were given one pinch at transplant.

FIG. 1 illustrates a side view of the overall growth and
flowering habit of ‘Balandrise’.

FIG. 2 illustrates a close-up view of an individual inflores-
cence of ‘Balandrise’.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The new cultivar has not been observed under all possible
environmental conditions to date. Accordingly, it is possible
that the phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in the
environment, such as temperature, light intensity, and day
length, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The chart used in the identification of colors described herein is The R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society, London, England, 2001 edition, except where general color terms of ordinary significance are used. The color values were determined on May 11, 2007 between 9:00 a.m. and 11:00 a.m. under natural light conditions in West Chicago, Ill.

The following descriptions and measurements describe plants produced from cuttings taken from stock plants and grown in a glass-covered greenhouse under conditions comparable to those used in commercial practice. The plants were grown at West Chicago, Ill. in 4.5 inch pots for 8 weeks utilizing a soilless growth medium. Plants were given one pinch at transplant. Greenhouse temperatures were maintained at approximately 70° F. to 77° F. (21° C. to 25° C.) during the day and approximately 65° F. to 68° F. (18° C. to 20° C.) during the night. Greenhouse light levels of 2,500 footcandles to 6,000 footcandles were maintained during the day.

Botanical classification: *Lantana camara* cultivar Balandrise.

Parentage:

Parent.—‘Simon Yellow’ not patented.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal stem.

Time to initiate roots.—Approximately 7 to 11 days.

Time to produce a rooted cutting.—Approximately 24 to 28 days.

Root description.—Fibrous.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching.

Plant description:

Commercial crop time.—Approximately 7 to 8 weeks from a rooted cutting to finish in a 15 cm pot.

Growth habit and general appearance.—Vigorous, semi-upright.

Size.—Height from soil level to top of plant plane: Approximately 24.8 cm. Width: Approximately 30.8 cm.

Branching habit.—Freely branching, pinching enhances branching. Quantity of lateral branches per plant: Approximately 5.

Branch.—Shape: Square in cross section. Strength: Strong, becomes woody with age. Length: Approximately 18.1 cm. Diameter: Approximately 30.0 mm. Length of central internode: Approximately 5.4 cm. Texture: Densely pubescent with a mixture of glandular and nonglandular hairs. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Color of young stem: 144A. Color of mature stem: 199B.

Foliage description:

General description.—Quantity of leaves per lateral branch: Approximately 8. Fragrance: Strong, spicy. Form: Simple. Arrangement: Opposite.

Leaves.—Aspect: Perpendicular to obtuse angle to stem. Shape: Ovate. Margin: Serrate. Apex: Acute. Base: Obtuse. Venation pattern: Pinnate. Length of mature leaf: Approximately 9.2 cm. Width of mature leaf: Approximately 5.7 cm. Texture of upper surface: Scabrous. Texture of lower surface: Scabrous with a mixture of glandular pubescence along venation. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Color of upper surface of young foliage: 137A with venation of 137B. Color of lower surface of young foliage: 137C with venation of 138C. Color of upper surface of mature foliage: Closest to 139A with venation of

137B. Color of lower surface of mature foliage: 137B with venation of 138C.

Petiole.—Length: Approximately 1.6 cm. Diameter: Approximately 2.0 mm. Texture: Scabrous with a mixture of glandular pubescence. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Color: 144A.

Flowering description:

Flowering habit.—‘Balandrise’ is freely flowering under outdoor growing conditions with substantially continuous blooming from spring through autumn and year-round in greenhouse environment.

Lastingness of individual inflorescence on the plant.—Approximately 10 to 12 days from first color of outer buds to dropping of last flower.

Inflorescence description:

General description.—Type: Corymb. Quantity per plant: Approximately 11. Fragrance: Strong, spicy. Aspect: Facing upward or outward. Height: Approximately 2.5 cm. Width: Approximately 4.1 cm. Quantity of fully open flowers per inflorescence: Approximately 45.

Peduncle.—Strength: Strong. Shape: Square in cross section. Aspect: Acute angle to stem. Length: Approximately 3.1 cm. Diameter: Approximately 1.0 mm. Texture: Scabrous and glandular pubescent. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Color: 144A.

Flower description:

General description.—Type: Salverform.

Bud.—Rate of opening: Generally takes 1 to 2 days for bud to progress from first color to fully open flower. Buds open in progression from the margin to the center of the inflorescence. Quantity of unopened inflorescences per plant: Approximately 7.

Bud just before opening.—Shape: Elongated, rectangular at apex. Length: Approximately 8.0 mm. Diameter: Approximately 2.0 mm. Color: 16A with an overlay of 30A.

Corolla.—Depth: Approximately 1.8 cm. Diameter: Approximately 1.2 cm.

Petals.—Quantity: 4, non-imbricate, non-symmetrical. Petals are fused at base forming a corolla tube. Shape: Obovate. Appearance: Dull. Aspect: Flat. Margin: Entire, ruffled. Apex: Obtuse. Length of upper petal from throat: Approximately 4.9 mm. Width of upper petal: Approximately 8.0 mm. Length of lateral petals from throat: Approximately 5.0 mm. Width of lateral petals: Approximately 5.0 mm. Length of lower petal from throat: Approximately 6.0 mm. Width of lower petal: Approximately 9.0 mm. Texture of upper surface: Glabrous. Texture of lower surface: Densely pubescent. Pubescence is a mixture of colorless and N74D. Color of upper surface when first open: 16A with margins of 30B. Color of lower surface when first open: 16D with an overlay of 30D on lateral petals. Color of upper surface when fully open: 29A with a strong overlay of N74D; with age petal color transitions to N74B, transitioning to N74A in center of flower. Color of lower surface when fully open: Lighter than N74D with N74D at margins.

Corolla tube.—Length: Approximately 1.3 cm. Diameter at tube opening: Approximately 1.0 mm. Diameter at base: Approximately 1.0 mm. Texture of inner surface: Densely pubescent. Texture of outer surface: Glabrous at base, gradually becoming densely pubescent at tube opening with a mixture of glandular and nonglandular hairs. Pubescence is a mixture

of colorless and N74B. Color of inner surface: 145D. Color of outer surface: 145C at base, transitioning at midpoint to 145D with an overlay of N74B.

Calyx.—Shape: Tubular with two broadly acute tips. Length: Approximately 2.0 mm. Diameter at tip: Approximately 1.0 mm. Diameter at base: Approximately 1.0 mm. Texture of inner surface: Glabrous. Texture of outer surface: Densely pubescent with a mixture of glandular and nonglandular hairs. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Color of inner and outer surfaces: 144D.

Bracts.—Quantity per flower: 1 per flower. Shape: Lanceolate. Length: Approximately 4.0 mm. Width: Approximately 1.0 mm. Texture of upper surface: Sparsely pubescent with a mixture of glandular and nonglandular hairs. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Texture of lower surface: Densely pubescent with a mixture of glandular and nonglandular hairs. Gland color: Colorless, transparent. Color of upper and lower surfaces: 144B.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen quantity: 4 per flower, adnate to corolla tube. Stamen length: Approximately 2.0 mm. Anther shape: Ovoid, bilobed. Anther length: Less than 1 mm. Anther color: 13B. Pollen amount: Sparse. Pollen color: 13C. Gynoecium: Pistil quantity: 1 per flower. Pistil length: Approximately 4.0 mm. Stigma shape: Funnel. Stigma length: Less than 1 mm. Stigma color: 144A, translucent. Style length: Approximately 3.0 mm. Style color: Colorless, translucent. Ovary diameter: Approximately 1.0 mm. Ovary color: N144B.

Seed and fruit production: Neither seed nor fruit production has been observed.

Disease and pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to *Lantana* has not been observed.

What is claimed is:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Lantana* plant named 'Balandrise', substantially as herein shown and described.

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FIG. 1

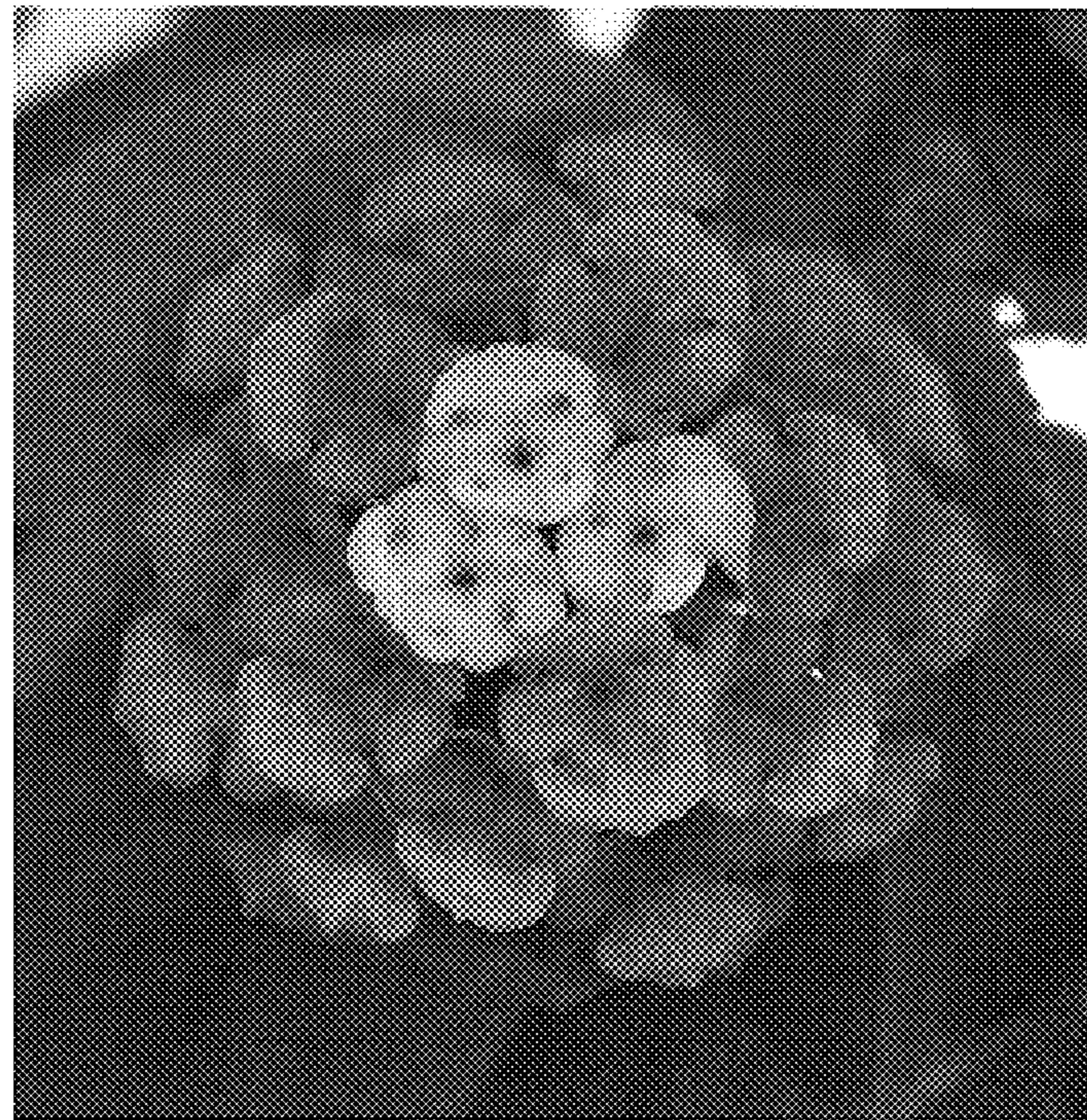


FIG. 2