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**Hardison et al.**

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(54) **HYBRID VARIETY OF BLUEGRASS**  
**DESIGNATED 'HB 328'**

(50) Latin Name: *Poa arachnifera* Torr.×*Poa pratensis*  
**L.**  
Varietal Denomination: **HB 328**

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**Plt./388**

See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

PP9,977 P 7/1997 Meier et al. .... Plt./90.2

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

U.S. Appl. No. 11/197,945, filed Aug. 5, 2005.  
U.S. Appl. No. 60/599,539, filed Aug. 6, 2004.  
U.S. Appl. No. 11/208,473, filed Aug. 19, 2005.  
U.S. Appl. No. 11/483,919, filed Jul. 10, 2006.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A hybrid variety of (Texas bluegrass×Kentucky bluegrass)×  
Kentucky bluegrass is described, characterized by a moder-  
ately rapid establishment; dark green color; short plant  
height; semi-erect growth habit; short tiller culms; a moder-  
ately wide leaf blade; large seed; short flag leaf; moder-  
ately aggressive rhizome growth; high cold resistance; and  
high resistance to rust and dollarspot diseases.

**3 Drawing Sheets**

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a new and distinct hybrid  
variety *Poa arachnifera* Torr.×*Poa pratensis* L. that has  
been designated as 'HB 328' bluegrass.

Description of Related Art

A Texas Bluegrass×Kentucky Bluegrass hybrid desig-  
nated 'Reveille' has been disclosed in PVP Certificate No.  
9800337. Another *Poa arachnifera* Torr.×*Poa pratensis* L.  
hybrid designated as 'HB 129' has been disclosed in pending  
U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/197,945, filed Aug. 5,  
2005, claiming the benefit of provisional application No.  
60/599,539, filed Aug. 6, 2004. 'HB 129' is commercially  
available as 'Thermal Blue' and this commercial designation  
is used elsewhere herein.

U.S. Plant Pat. No. 18,439, filed Aug. 19, 2005, described  
another *Poa arachnifera* Torr.×*Poa pratensis* L. hybrid  
designated as 'HB 329' as the progeny formed by crossing  
an interspecific hybrid bluegrass (Texas Bluegrass×Ken-  
tucky Bluegrass) designated 'HB 47' (a female plant 7-23×  
cv. 'Geronimo' male plant ) as the female parent crossed  
with cv. 'Ascot' Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis* L.) as the  
pollen parent. 'HB 329' is commercially available as 'Dura  
Blue' and this commercial designation is used elsewhere  
herein.

U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/483,919, filed Jul. 10,  
2006, described another *Poa arachnifera* Torr.×*Poa praten-*  
*sis* L. hybrid designated as 'HB 130'. 'HB 130' bluegrass is  
the progeny of Texas bluegrass (*Poa arachnifera* Torr.)

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female plant 6–8 (seed parent), with cv. 'Geronimo' Ken-  
tucky bluegrass (pollen parent) (*Poa pratensis* L.). 'HB 130'  
is commercially available as 'Solar Green' and this com-  
mercial designation is used elsewhere herein.

SUMMARY OF THE VARIETY

'HB 328' bluegrass originated as the progeny formed by  
crossing an interspecific hybrid bluegrass (*Poa arachnifera*  
Torr.×*Poa pratensis* L.) designated 'HB 13' (a female plant  
6–17×cv. 'Geronimo' male plant) as the female parent  
crossed with cv. 'Ascot' Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*  
L.) as the pollen parent. As a result of this breeding, a  
distinct hybrid variety was produced asexually propagated  
by rhizomes, tillers and disseminules displaying perfect  
flowers, apomixis and turfgrass performance characteristics  
in the F<sub>1</sub> generation.

Interspecific hybrid bluegrass female plant 'HB 13' is an  
unreleased plant selected and maintained in Gervais, Oreg.,  
for its tiller density, turf quality and lack of male reproduc-  
tive organs. 'Ascot' Kentucky bluegrass was bred at  
Marysville, Ohio, and has been disclosed under the desig-  
nation 'BA 77-279' Kentucky Bluegrass in U.S. Plant Pat.  
No. 9,977 P, issued Jul. 22, 1997. 'HB 328' is distinguish-  
able from its maternal parent 'HB 13' in view of the fact that  
'HB 328' florets are perfect since they possess both stamens  
and pistils. To the contrary, 'HB13' florets are not perfect  
since they possess pistils, but no stamens. Furthermore, 'HB  
328' can produce pollen whereas 'HB 13' cannot.



The highly apomictic seed of 'HB 328' bluegrass was produced first as Gervais, Oreg. This seed was used to plant turf performance evaluation trials and later, seed production fields. The seed of 'HB 328' has been found to be stable. Asexual production of 'HB 328' initially was performed at Gervais, Oreg. by propagules (tillers and rhizomes) and by disseminules (modified caryopses produced by apomixis), and has consistently produced progeny plants indistinguishable from the first generation asexual reproductions of the instant plant. The apomixis level of 'HB328' is approximately 88.5%. The apomixis level was determined by examining field planting of 'HB 328' in two years of rating for apomictic origin and from plants grown in a controlled environment chamber from disseminules harvested over four growing seasons from field grown plants in Gervais, Oreg.

'HB 328' has a number of highly desirable characteristics, including a dark green color, excellent cold tolerance, and good rust and dollarspot disease tolerance. 'HB 328' has an upright, semi-erect leafy turf type growth habit. The dark green color of 'HB 328' turf can be maintained throughout an entire growing season and 'HB 328' demonstrates excellent fall color and superior winter color under mild winter conditions. 'HB 328' has exhibited better rhizome growth relative to other varieties and tends to regrow faster during spring green-up.

'HB 328' has an amount of cotton (webbing) on the caryopsis, lemma and panicle, comparable to that found in 'HB 329'. Individual 'HB 328' seeds are larger than those of comparable varieties. In comparison with 'HB 129' and 'Reveille' hybrids, the number and percent of area covered by 'HB 328' seedlings is lower than 'HB 129' but greater than 'Reveille'. 98 days after sowing. Individual 'HB 328' seedlings were larger than either 'Reveille' or 'HB 129' seedlings.

In comparison with a number of Kentucky bluegrass varieties and with hybrid bluegrass varieties such as 'HB 129' and 'Reveille', unmoved mature plants of 'HB 328' are semi-erect and short, with shorter tiller culms and whole plants than 'HB 129' and 'Reveille'. 'HB 328' has medium to wide and short vegetative leaves.

Tillers of 'HB 328' are shorter than those of 'HB 129' but longer than 'Reveille', and have fewer nodes with shorter internode lengths than most other tested varieties, including 'HB 129' and 'Reveille'. Flag leaves of 'HB 328' are of intermediate length and width but are relatively thick with short sheaths and average hair density.

Panicles of 'HB 328' are open with a growth habit between nodding and upright. 'HB 328' panicles have slightly more whorls per panicle than 'HB 129' and 'Reveille' panicles.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. 1 is an 'HB 328' panicle;

FIG. 2 is several 'HB 328' seeds; and

FIG. 3 is an 'HB 328' plant shortly after completing anthesis.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

'HB 328' (*Texas bluegrass* × *Kentucky bluegrass*) × *Kentucky bluegrass* hybrid which may also be designated as (*Poa arachnifera* Torr. × *Poa pratensis* L.) × *Poa pratensis* L. hybrid is perennial with creeping rhizomes forming a moderately dense turf.

Hybrid bluegrass 'HB 328' is distinct from other varieties of bluegrass in morphological and growth characteristics. Since environmental conditions such as soil and climate may influence morphological characteristics to some extent, comparisons of 'HB 328' were made with Kentucky, Tex., and hybrid bluegrass varieties including 'HB 129' and 'Reveille' hybrid bluegrass under like conditions and the comparisons are set forth in Table 1–17, as follows.

TABLE 1

Comparison of Heading Dates and Anthesis Dates of various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon.

	Heading Date	Anthesis Date	Heading Date	Anthesis Date
Growing Season	2005	2005	2006	2006
'HB 328'	118.4	135.6	135.4	143.5
'HB 129'	119.5	138.0	133.4	138.4
'HB 130'	121.5	140.8	133.1	140.8
'HB 329'	123.0	144.8	135.6	142.7
'Ascot'	123.7	140.5	135.8	141.1
'Geronimo'	121.6	139.9	127.6	136.5
'TX 46 90'			123.7	
'TX 51-90'	116.2	139.7	127.1	137.7
'TX-39-88'	121.4			
'TX 49-90'	119.2	139.5		139.0
'Reveille'	115.8	141.4	130.8	146.4
'Kelly'	130.8	143.4	138.7	145.5
LSD	5.	4.85	6.54	3.58
(p = 0.05)				

Growth of 'HB 328' plants is characterized in part by tillering. Tiller culms of 'HB 328' are relatively short, have relatively few nodes and short internode length (See Table 2).

TABLE 2

Comparison of Tiller Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in centimeters (cm) or by number (count).

	Tiller Culm Length (cm)	Tiller Culm Length (cm)	Number		Top Internode Length (cm)	Top Intern Length (cm)
			of Nodes Per Tiller	Number of Nodes Tiller		
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	56.7	55.7	3.0	3.4	8.1	9.9
'HB 129'	59.2	64.8	4.5	4.7	11.3	13.5
'HB 130'	58.5	63.0	4.4	3.9	11.5	13.1
'HB 329'	52.6	52.3	3.2	4.2	17.0	17.8
'Abbey'	56.7			4.1		15.7
'Ascot'	47.0	52.4	4.1	4.8	9.7	10.8
'Geronimo'	59.3		4.7	4.1	12.5	15.5
'TX 19-88'	70.0			3.8		9.5
'TX 46-90'	61.7	66.5		3.4		9.8
'TX 4-88'	79.5			4.1		12.0
'TX 51-90'		51.9	2.3		11.2	
'TX-39-88'		66.5	2.2		9.9	
'TX 49-90'			2.4		9.7	
'Reveille'		62.6	2.8		13.9	
'Kelly'		54.9	4.1		9.6	
LSD	7.59	7.77	1.1	0.86	3.39	3.5
(p = 0.05)						

When plants overwinter in the field and grow undisturbed by clipping they reached 42.5 cm, 40.4 cm, and 36.7 cm in three different years. See Table 3. In each year their was shorter than 'HB 129' but slightly taller than hybrid 'HB 329'. 'HB 328' growth habit is semi-erect. See Table 4.

TABLE 3

Comparison of Plant Height of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in centimeters (cm).

	Plant Height (cm)	Plant Height (cm)	Plant Height (cm)
Growing Season	2004	2005	2006
'HB 328'	42.5	40.4	36.7
'HB 129'	63.5	58.3	57.2
'HB 130'	66.5	54.6	54.9
'HB 329'	34.0	35.8	37.9
'Abbey'	64.6		
'Ascot'	36.7	38.2	32.0
'Geronimo'	62.4	56.8	54.7
'TX 19-88'	59.8		
'TX 46-90'	45.4	56.2	46.9
'TX 4-88'	59.8		
'TX 51-90'		48.1	49.6
'TX-39-88'		60.4	
'Reveille'			54.9
'Kelly'		38.0	43.0
LSD (p = 0.05)	8.89	8.80	6.54

TABLE 4

Comparison of Growth Habit of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon, after one and two years. (Ratings in this Table 4 were as follows: 1 = prostrate, 2 = semi-erect, 3 = erect).

	Growth Habit	Growth Habit	Growth Habit
Growing Season	2005	2004	2006
'HB 328'	2.0	2.0	1.1
'HB 129'	2.1	2.3	2.0
'HB 130'	2.4	2.3	2.0
'HB 329'	1.8	2.0	2.0
'Abbey'		2.4	
'Ascot'	2.4	1.7	1.0
'Geronimo'	1.9	2.3	1.7
'TX 19-88'	3.0	3.0	
'TX 46-90'	3.0	2.5	
'TX 4-88'	3.0	1.5	
'Reveille'			3.0
'Kelly'			1.2
LSD (p = 0.05)	0.34	0.35	0.15

TABLE 5

Comparison of Vegetative Leaf Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted the nursery at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in centimeters (cm).

	Vegetative Leaf Length	Vegetative Leaf Length	Vegetative Leaf Width
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	7.8	12.5	.41
'HB 129'	9.4	7.0	.46
'HB 130'	9.0	7.9	.46
'HB 329'	9.4	7.9	.49
'Abbey'		7.8	
'Ascot'	8.6	6.9	.37
'Geronimo'	9.1	8.0	.46
'TX 19-88'		14.2	
'TX 46-90'		15.4	
'TX 4-88'		15.6	
'TX 51-90'	9.1		.36
'TX-39-88'	9.0		.46
'TX 49-90'	12.3		.59
'Reveille'	9.2		.29

TABLE 5-continued

Comparison of Vegetative Leaf Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted the nursery at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in centimeters (cm).

	Vegetative Leaf Length	Vegetative Leaf Length	Vegetative Leaf Width
'Kelly'	9.1		.39
LSD (p = 0.05)	3.29	3.35	.101

When grass growth changes from vegetative to reproductive, grass flower heads are surrounded by the flag leaf. As the flowers mature and emerge, the flag leaf remains attached near the base of the flower head. The 'HB 328' flag leaf sheath type is closed and the 'HB 328' flag leaf sheath, at 13.1 cm, and the flag leaf, at 6.8 cm, are both shorter than those of 'HB 129' and 'Reveille' plants. The 'HB 328' flat leaf, at 0.37 cm, is narrower than that of 'HB 129' but wider than that of 'Reveille' plants (see Table 6). The flag leaf averages fewer hairs on the ligule than 'HB 129' hybrid blue grass but more than on the 'Reveille' ligule (See Table 7).

TABLE 6

Comparison of Flag Leaf Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in centimeters (cm).

	Flag Leaf Sheath Length	Flag Leaf Length	Flag Leaf Width
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	13.1	6.8	.37
'HB 129'	15.5	7.2	.40
'HB 130'	15.3	6.5	.40
'HB 329'	13.7	6.4	.38
'Ascot'	13.2	5.7	.32
'Geronimo'	15.3	6.7	.42
'TX 51-90'	12.3	8.0	.41
'TX-39-88'	15.8	8.7	.49
'TX 49-90'	15.6	9.7	.56
'Reveille'	16.4	7.6	.32
'Kelly'	14.4	6.1	.36
LSD (p = 0.05)	2.78	2.72	.121

TABLE 7

Comparison of Ligule Thickness, Ligule Hairs and Flag Leaf Thickness of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon.

	Flag Leaf Ligule Length (mm)	Flag Leaf Ligule Hairs (9 = Many, 1 = none)	Flag Leaf Thickness (mm)
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	2.43	5.1	0.0202
'HB 129'	1.33	5.8	0.0149
'HB 130'	1.66	4.5	0.0145
'HB 329'	2.25	3.2	0.0182
'Ascot'	2.00	5.6	0.0166
'Geronimo'	1.67	7.1	0.0164
'TX 51-90'	1.68	0.1	0.0262
'TX-39-88'	2.65	0.1	0.0199
'TX 49-90'	2.00	0.5	0.0231
'Reveille'	2.32	0.9	0.0207
'Kelly'	2.05	6.3	0.0163
LSD (p = 0.05)	0.663	1.93	0.00332



Bluegrass flower heads (inflorescences) have a panicle morphology. See FIG. 1. 'HB 328' panicles have a semi-nodding habit, averaging 10.6 and 10.7 cm in length and 9.7 and 8.0 cm in width in two nursery plantings, respectively. This is similar to 'HB 129' and 'Reveille'. 'HB 328' panicles average 8.8 and 8.9 whorls per panicle in two nursery plantings, respectively, more than either 'HB 129' or 'Reveille' (See Table 8). 'HB 328' panicles on average have 4.8 branches on the lowest whorl (1<sup>st</sup> whorl) and 3.5 branches on the 3<sup>rd</sup> whorl, more than 'HB 129' (see Table 9). 'HB 328' has 5.2 florets per spikelet on the 1<sup>st</sup> whorl and 5.0 florets per spikelet on the 3<sup>rd</sup> whorl. The glumes of the first whorl are 3.4 mm in length and 3.8 mm in width, while glumes of the third whorl are 3.6 mm in length and 3.9 mm in width (See Table 10).

TABLE 8

Comparison of Panicle Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements of Panicle Length and Width in this Table are in centimeters (cm).						
	Panicle Habit	Panicle Habit	Panicle Length (cm)	Panicle Length (cm)	Panicle Width (cm)	Panicle Width (cm)
Growing Season	2004	2006	2005	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	1.5	1.2	10.7	10.6	9.7	8.0
'HB 129'	2.0	1.1	10.5	9.1	10.3	8.4
'HB 130'	2.0	1.1	10.7	9.3	10.8	8.5
'HB 329'	1.8	1.4	9.7	8.6	8.5	6.7
'Abbey'	1.3			12.5		6.9
'Ascot'	1.2		8.9	7.6	7.2	7.0
'Geronimo'	2.0	1.1	11.1	8.9	11.4	8.9
'TX 19-88'	1.8			12.8		9.8
'TX 46-90'	1.8			13.5		9.5
'TX 4-88'	1.8			13.7		9.2
'TX 51-90'		1.3	10.6		9.3	
'TX-39-88'		1.9	11.5		9.1	
'TX 49-90'		1.2	9.6		7.4	
'Reveille'		1.9	10.9		9.1	
'Kelly'		1.5	9.8		9.4	
LSD (p = 0.05)	0.28		2.51	2.65	1.91	1.24

	Number of Whorls in Panicle	Number of Whorls in Panicle	Panicle Branch Attitude	Panicle Branch Attitude	Panicle Branch Attitude
Growing Season	2005	2005	2006	2005	2004
'HB 328'	8.9	8.8	2.0	1.3	1.0
'HB 129'	8.6	8.0	1.9	1.0	1.1
'HB 130'	8.9	8.2	2.0	1.0	1.0
'HB 329'	8.1	8.3	2.0	1.5	1.1
'Abbey'	9.3			1.0	1.1
'Ascot'	7.0	7.2	1.9	1.2	1.5
'Geronimo'	8.9	8.4	1.8	1.3	1.2
'TX 19-88'				3.0	3.0
'TX 46-90'				2.9	2.5
'TX 4-88'	10.0			2.8	1.5
'TX 51-90'		7.2	2.7		
'TX-39-88'		7.2	2.9		
'TX 49-90'		7.9			
'Reveille'		7.6	3.0		
'Kelly'		8.2	2.3		
LSD (p = 0.05)	0.53	1.37	0.39	0.54	

Panicle Habit:  
 1 = Nodding  
 2 = Upright  
 Panicle Branch Attitude:  
 1 = Drooping  
 2 = Horizontal  
 3 = Ascending

TABLE 9

Comparison of Panicle Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon.

	Number of Branches in Lowest Whorl of Panicle	Number of Branches in 3rd Whorl of Panicle	Panicle type 1 = Open 2 = Intermediate 3 = Compact	
Growing Season	2005	2005	2004	
'HB 328'	4.8	3.5	1.0	
'HB 129'	4.0	3.3	1.0	
'HB 130'	3.9	3.2	1.0	
'HB 329'	4.4	3.8	1.0	
'Abbey'	3.1	3.1	1.0	
'Ascot'	2.8	2.4	1.0	
'Geronimo'	4.0	3.5	1.0	
'TX 19-88'	5.3		2.0	
'TX 46-90'	4.9	5.0	2.0	
'TX 4-88'	5.7	6.5	2.0	
'TX 51-90'				
'TX-39-88'				
'TX 49-90'				
'Reveille'				
'Kelly'				
LSD (p = 0.05)	0.81	0.75	0.00	

	Panicle type 1 = Open 2 = Intermediate 3 = Compact	Panicle Type % Open	Panicle Type % Intermediate	Panicle type % Compact
Growing Season	2006	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	1.1	98.3	1.7	0
'HB 129'	1.0	96.8	3.2	0
'HB 130'	1.0	100.0	0	0
'HB 329'	1.1	92.6	7.4	0
'Abbey'				
'Ascot'	1.0	98.3	1.7	0
'Geronimo'	1.0	100.0	0	0
'TX 19-88'				
'TX 46-90'				
'TX 4-88'				
'TX 51-90'	2.7	0	25.0	75.0
'TX-39-88'	2.9	0	15.4	84.7
'TX 49-90'		0	25.7	74.3
'Reveille'	2.8	27.0	59.8	13.2
'Kelly'	1.0		98.4	0
LSD (p = 0.05)	0.190	12.79	15.36	10.13

TABLE 10

Comparison of Panicle Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars harvested from a field nursery at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in millimeters (mm).

	Spikelet Length 1 <sup>st</sup> Whorl (mm)	Spikelet Width 1 <sup>st</sup> Whorl (mm)	Spikelet Length 3 <sup>rd</sup> Whorl (mm)	Spikelet Width 3 <sup>rd</sup> Whorl (mm)	Glume #1 Length 1 <sup>st</sup> Whorl (mm)	Glume #2 Width 1 <sup>st</sup> Whorl (mm)
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	6.6	5.2	6.8	4.4	3.4	3.8
'HB 129'	7.6	4.5	7.1	4.0	3.1	3.5
'HB 130'	6.4	4.2	6.7	3.6	3.0	3.0
'HB 329'	6.2	4.3	6.5	3.8	3.7	3.6
'Ascot'	5.6	4.4	5.8	4.3	2.9	3.1
'Geronimo'	5.5	4.2	6.3	4.0	2.7	2.9
'TX 51-90'	7.6	7.3	7.5	7.1	3.6	4.2
'TX-39-88'	8.6	5.9	8.5	5.7	3.6	4.0

TABLE 10-continued

Comparison of Panicle Characteristics of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars harvested from a field nursery at Gervais, Oregon. Measurements in this Table are in millimeters (mm).						
	9.7	8.2	9.7	8.0	5.4	6.0
'TX 49-90'	9.7	8.2	9.7	8.0	5.4	6.0
'Reveille'	6.1	4.0	6.4	4.2	2.9	3.3
'Kelly'	6.3	4.4	6.1	4.3	2.8	3.0
LSD	1.68	1.88	1.74	1.62	0.85	0.95
(p = 0.05)						
	Glume #1 Length 3 <sup>rd</sup> Whorl (mm)	Glume #2 Length 3 <sup>rd</sup> Whorl (mm)	Number of Florets Per Spikelet in 1 <sup>st</sup> Whorl	Number of Florets Per Spikelet in 3 <sup>rd</sup> Whorl		
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005	2005		
'HB 328'	3.6	3.9	5.2	5.0		
'HB 129'	3.2	3.3	8.6	7.0		
'HB 130'	3.0	3.2	6.3	6.4		
'HB 329'	3.6	3.7	4.6	5.0		
'Ascot'	2.9	3.1	3.8	4.3		
'Geronimo'	3.0	3.1	5.2	6.0		
'TX 51-90'	3.3	4.2	8.8	8.5		
'TX-39-88'	3.6	4.2	8.0	7.9		
'TX 49-90'	5.0	5.4	8.7	8.6		
'Reveille'	3.3	3.5	4.0	4.9		
'Kelly'	2.9	3.0	4.3	4.9		
LSD	0.68	0.80	1.69	1.81		
(p = 0.05)						

The seed of 'HB 328' was conditioned by removing most of the extraneous materials that may have been harvested with the seed, such as small pieces of plant stems and leaves, soil particles, seed of other plants and the like. 'HB 328' seeds had a combined length of 37.7 mm and combined width of 9.4 mm, greater than all other tested varieties. Similarly, 'HB 328' seed was heavier than all other varieties (See Table 11). Seed and panicles of 'HB 328' were overall more heavily covered with cotton and webbing than either 'HB 129' or 'Reveille' but less than 'HB 329' (See Table 12).

TABLE 11

Comparison of seed size of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in a field nursery at Gervais, Oregon.			
	Length of 10 Seeds (mm)	Width of 10 Seeds (mm)	Weight of 1000 Seed Count (mg)
Growing Season	2004	2004	2004
'HB 328'	37.7	9.4	710.0
'HB 129'	32.0	8.0	540.0
'HB 130'	34.0	8.3	546.7
'HB 329'	26.2	9.1	660.0
'Abbey'	34.7	7.8	576.7
'Ascot'	32.3	8.0	543.3
'Geronimo'	30.3	8.1	516.7
'Unique'	23.3	6.5	360.0
LSD	10.88	0.81	46.77
(p = 0.05)			

TABLE 12

Comparison of Seed properties of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars planted in the nurseries at Gervais, Oregon.					
	Lemma Cotton Density (Visual Rating) 5 = Most 1 = None	Lemma Cotton Density (Visual Rating) 5 = Most 1 = None	Panicle Cotton Density (Visual Rating) 5 = Most 1 = None	Lemma Length (mm)	Lemma Length (mm)
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005
'HB 328'	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.6	4.4
'HB 129'	2.2	3.3	2.0	3.8	3.8
'HB 130'	2.2	2.7	2.3	3.8	3.6
'HB 329'	3.8	3.5	3.6	4.8	4.0
'Ascot'	2.3	2.6	2.4	3.7	4.0
'Geronimo'	2.3	2.6	2.1	3.8	3.6
'TX 51-90'	3.5		2.3	5.8	
'TX-39-88'	3.7	2.4	3.8	6.2	4.9
'TX 49-90'	3.7		4.3	6.2	
'Reveille'	3.0	3.5	2.3	4.2	3.8
'Kelly'	2.3	2.6	2.7	3.8	4.9
LSD	0.29	1.39	0.74	0.47	0.79
(p = 0.05)					
	Webbing Length % Of Lemma (%)	Webbing Length % Of Lemma (%)	Webbing Length (mm)		
Growing Season	2005	2005	2005		
'HB 328'	93.3	100.8	3.0		
'HB 129'	80.0	84.2	2.2		
'HB 130'	74.6	76.9	2.2		
'HB 329'	108.3	47.7	3.8		
'Ascot'	61.3	75.6	2.4		
'Geronimo'	89.6	59.4	2.3		
'TX 51-90'	132.3		3.5		
'TX-39-88'	132.1	70.3	3.7		
'TX 49-90'	120.8		3.7		
'Reveille'	95.4	84.7	3.0		
'Kelly'	88.3	65.8			
LSD	26.3	46.4	0.29		
(p = 0.05)					

Seedlings of 'HB 328' are individually heavier than seedlings of other tested bluegrasses, while the absolute number of seedlings per area and the rate of ground coverage by 'HB 328' is better than 'Reveille' and not as fast as 'HB129'. See Table 14. After five months of growth, 'HB 328' plants had more rhizomes, 12.5, than other compared bluegrasses. Plant spread following five months of growth, 230 cm<sup>2</sup>, was greater than spread of 'HB 129' and 'HB 329' hybrids but less than the spread of 'HB 130' hybrid bluegrass. See Table 16.

Turf of 'HB 328' has a dark green color that can be maintained throughout the growing season. The upper and lower leaf blade surface colors of 'HB 328' were determined by comparing several actively growing leaves on at a time, in full sun, with color chips from the Munsell Book of Color as a reference. On this basis, the color of the upper and lower leaf blade surfaces were determined by comparable ranging from 7.5 GY 4/6 to 2.5 G 4/6. Additionally, color designations were determined from tillers harvested from the plant nursery using the Munsell Book of Color, Volume 1 of a two volume set, as follows: 10 YR 6/4 for 'HB 328' seed; 10 YR



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7/4 for the 'HB 328' spikelet; and 10 YR 7/6 for the 'HB 328' culm. 'HB 328' shows better fall and winter color compared with the other Kentucky bluegrass varieties and hybrids tested, including 'HB 129', 'HB 130', and 'Reveille' bluegrasses (see Table 13). Over two thirds of 'HB 328' turf remained green during the winter, and almost no cold stress was observed, better than other tested bluegrasses including 'HB 129' and 'Reveille' (See Table 15). It should be noted that the general apparent color of turf does not always correlate with the color of the individual actively growing leaves within the turf and that turf color as well as leaf, seed, spikelet and culm colors may vary with nutrient levels, time of the year harvested, climatic conditions and such factors.

TABLE 13

Comparison of Turf Color of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars grown as turf throughout the growing season in Gervais, Oregon and Valley Center, California.

Growing Season	Turf Color				
	Turf Color (March) Oregon 9 = Dark Green	Turf Color (June) Oregon 9 = Dark Green	Turf Color (June) California 9 = Dark Green	Turf Color (September) California 9 = Dark Green	Turf Color (January) California 9 = Dark Green
2004	2004	2003	2003	2004	
'HB 328'	7.0	8.0	7.7	6.0	7.0
'HB 129'	7.0	5.0	6.0	5.0	4.3
'HB 130'	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.7	4.3
'HB 329'	6.7	8.0	8.0	6.2	5.7
'Abbey'	6.7	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.3
'Ascot'	6.0	7.0			
'Geronimo'	6.0	5.0			
'Reveille'	3.3	7.0			
'Kelly'	6.0	6.0			
'Apollo'			7.3	6.5	5.0
'Midnight'			7.3	7.8	6.0
LSD	1.58	0.41	0.68	0.76	1.25

(p = 0.05)

TABLE 14

Comparison of Seedling Growth of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars grown as turf at Gervais, Oregon.

Growing Season	Seedling Coverage				Dry Weight per Seedling (98 Days) Fall Plant Gram
	(11 Days) Fall Plant (%)	(21 Days) Fall Plant (%)	(42 Days) Fall Plant (%)	Seedlings per sq ft (98 Days) Fall Plant Count	
2004	2004	2004	2004	2004	2004
'HB 328'	30.0	56.7	73.3	590	0.0277
'HB 129'	51.7	76.3	91.7	1720	0.0177
'HB 130'	31.7	68.3	83.3	717	0.0350
'HB 329'	21.7	56.7	70.0	676	0.0207
'Abbey'	46.7	75.0	91.7	917	0.0240
'Ascot'	46.7	71.7	85.0	1097	0.0261
'Geronimo'	35.0	73.3	85.0	1187	0.0210
'Reveille'	1.0	10.0	28.3	347	0.0091
'Kelly'	53.3	81.7	90.0	1145	0.0257
LSD	7.35	6.95	6.36	475	0.00709

(p = 0.05)

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TABLE 15

Comparison of Cold Tolerance of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars grown as turf in California and Oregon and in nursery plantings in Oregon

Month Growing Season	Winter Green (%)	Winter Green (%)	Cold Stress 0 = None (%)	Winter Plant Area (cm <sup>2</sup> )
	January 2005	February 2003	January 2005	January 2006
'HB 328'	66.7	77.5	3.0	1520
'HB 129'	20.0	35.0	33.3	2280
'HB 130'	18.3	30.0	20.0	2376
'HB 329'	56.7	52.5	10.0	1096
'Abbey'		30.0	43.3	
'Envicta'	21.7			
'Avalanche'	46.7		2.0	
'Geronimo'			33.3	2178
'Ascot'			38.3	950
'TX 51-90'				672
'TX-39-88'				385
'TX 49-90'				337
'Reveille'			2.7	1210
'Kelly'			48.3	982
LSD	8.84	11.19	14.8	653

(p = 0.05)

TABLE 16

Comparison of Rhizome Development (Count) and Plant Spread (Area) of Individual Seedling and Spring Surge Growth as Turf of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars in Oregon.

Growing Season	Rhizomes per Plant @ 5 Months Oregon (Count)	Plant Spread @ 5- Months Oregon (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Turf Surge Growth Spring (March) Oregon Height (cm)
	2006	2006	2006
'HB 328'	12.5	230	6.7
'HB 129'	10.2	190	9.0
'HB 130'	12.2	287	8.3
'HB 329'	6.7	125	5.0
'Ascot'	5.5	153	5.1
'Abbey'			6.2
'Geronimo'	10.8	272	8.9
'Texas 632500'	2.7	40	
LSD (p = 0.05)	4.75	133.2	1.8

'HB 328' hybrid bluegrass is moderately resistant to brown blight and very resistant to dollarspot and rust fungal diseases (See Table 17).

TABLE 17

Disease Resistance of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars Grown as Turf Plantings at Gervais, Oregon and Valley Center, California.

Growing Season	Brown Blight December (Oregon) (%)	Rust June (Oregon) (%)	Rust March (California) (%)	Dollarspot September (California) (%)
	2005	2005	2003	2003
'HB 328'	10.7	0.0	2.0	0.0
'HB 129'	11.0	8.3	16.7	21.7
'HB 130'	6.7	8.3	13.3	16.7
'HB 329'	9.0	2.3	2.0	0.3
'Abbey'	22.3	28.3	13.3	16.7
'Ascot'	5.3	23.3		
'Geronimo'	11.7	15.0		
'Reveille'	0.0	1.3		

TABLE 17-continued

Disease Resistance of 'HB 328' and various Kentucky and Texas bluegrass cultivars Grown as Turf Plantings at Gervais, Oregon and Valley Center, California.				
	Brown Blight December (Oregon) (%)	Rust June (Oregon) (%)	Rust March (California) (%)	Dollarspot September (California) (%)
'Kelly'	30.0	20.0		
'Apollo'			23.3	0.0
'Midnight'			26.7	0.3
LSD (p = 0.05)	14.02		10.27	10.56

What is claimed is:

1. A new and distinct hybrid variety of (Texas bluegrass× Kentucky bluegrass)×Kentucky bluegrass plant, as herein illustrated and described and characterized by a moderately rapid establishment; dark green color; short plant height; semi-erect growth habit; short tiller culms; a moderately wide leaf blade; large seed; short flag leaf; moderately aggressive rhizome growth; high cold resistance; and high resistance to rust and dollarspot diseases.

\* \* \* \* \*



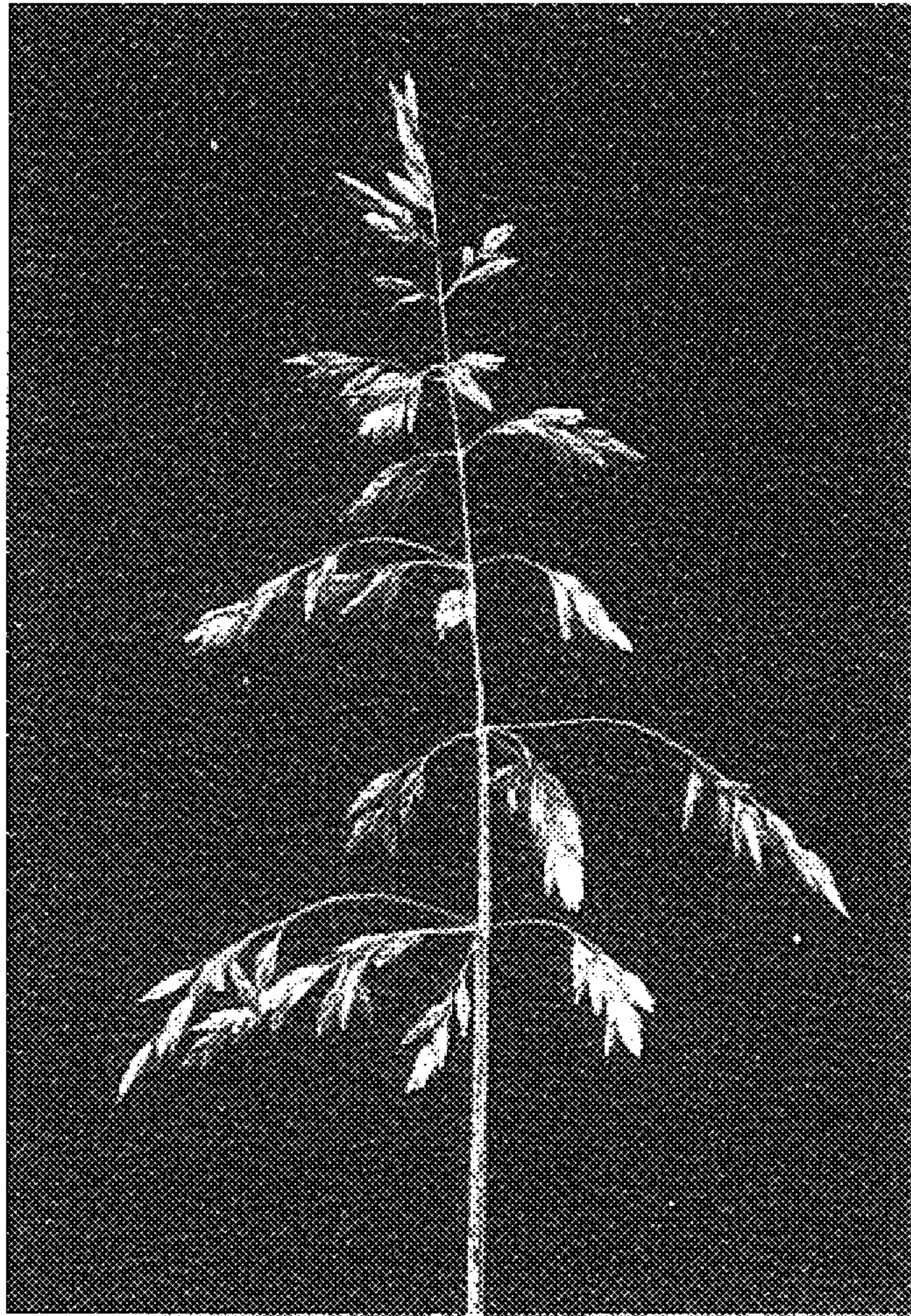


FIG. 1



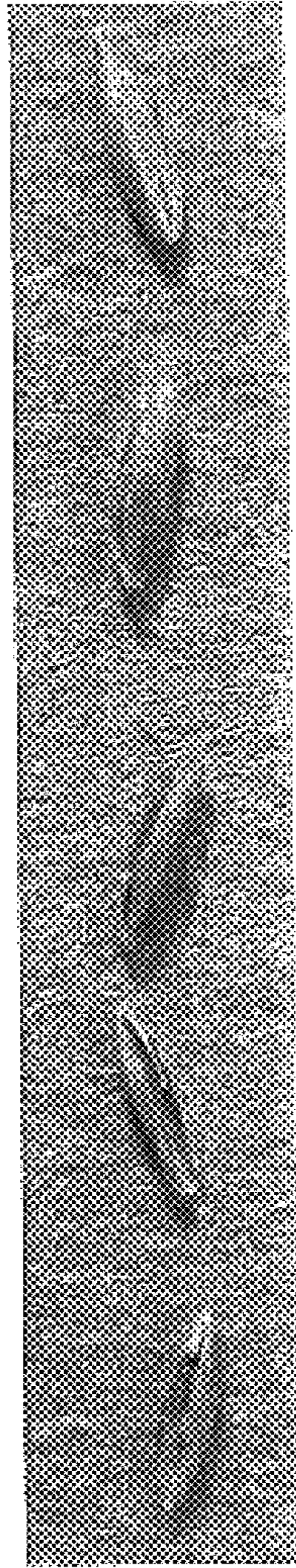


FIG. 2



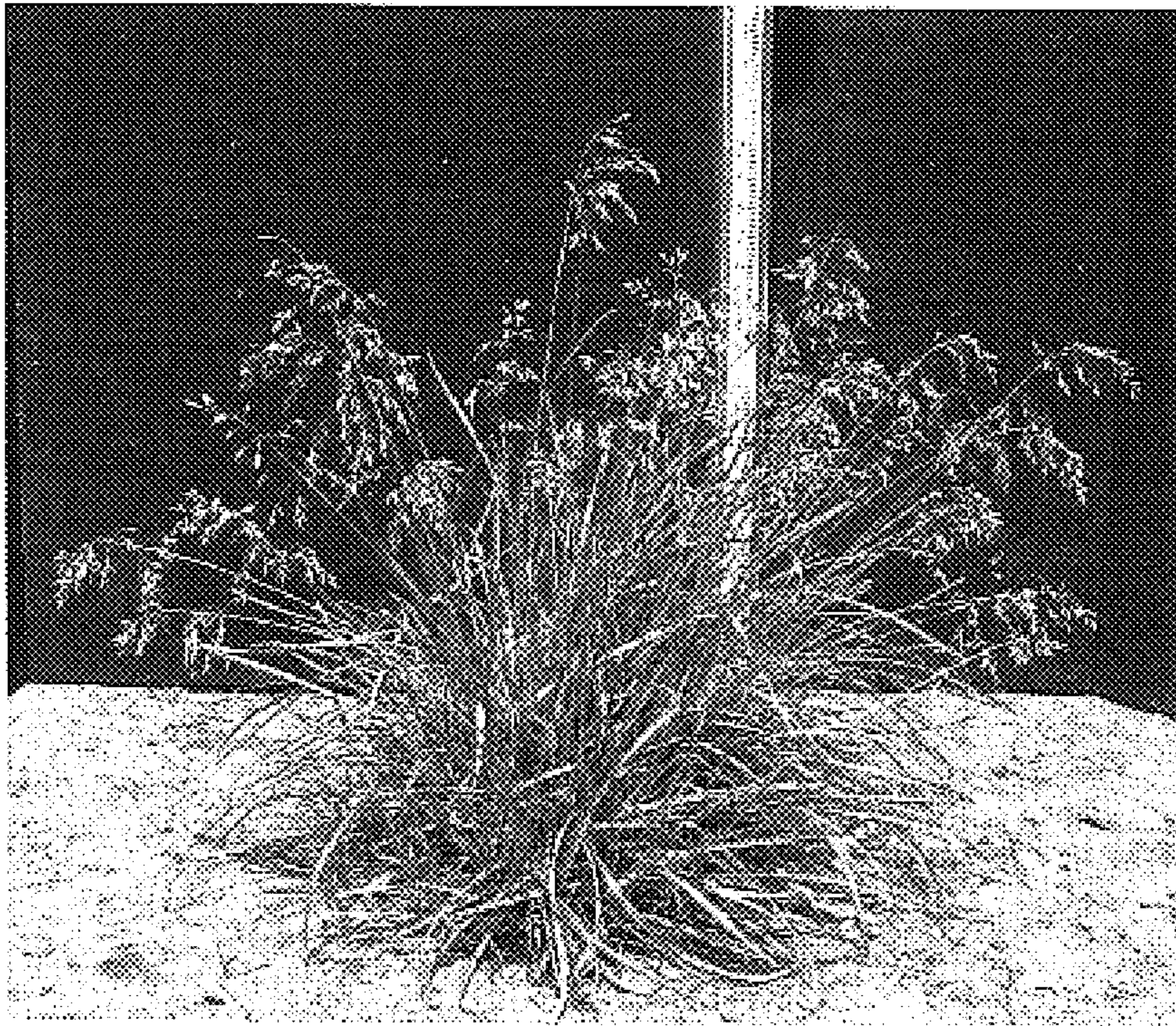


Fig. 3