

**(12) United States Plant Patent**  
**Reinhouid****(10) Patent No.: US PP18,529 P2****(45) Date of Patent: Feb. 26, 2008****(54) NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS PLANT NAMED**  
**'ODYCORINTH'****(50)** Latin Name: *Impatiens hawkeri*  
Varietal Denomination: **Odycorinth****(75)** Inventor: **Poula Reinhouid**, Leiden (NL)**(73)** Assignees: **Agriom B.V.**, De Kwakel (NL);  
**Florema Young Plants B.V.**, Aalsmeer  
(NL)**(\*)** Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this  
patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.**(21)** Appl. No.: **11/444,244****(22)** Filed: **May 31, 2006****(51)** **Int. Cl.**  
**A01H 5/00** (2006.01)**(52)** **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./318****(58)** **Field of Classification Search** ..... **Plt./318**  
See application file for complete search history.**(56)** **References Cited**  
**PUBLICATIONS**Agriom B.V. Contact [online], [retrieved on May 16, 2007].  
Retrieved from the Internet <http://www.agriom.nl/con-  
tact-engl.htm> 2 pages.\*Upov-rom Plant Variaty Database 2006/04, GTI Jouve  
Retrieval Software, Citation for New Guinea *Impatiens* 'O-  
dycorinth', one page.\*

\* cited by examiner

*Primary Examiner*—Kent Bell*Assistant Examiner*—June Hwu**(74)** *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—C. A. Whealy**(57)** **ABSTRACT**A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant  
named 'Odycorinth', characterized by its upright, outwardly  
spreading and mounded plant habit; vigorous and freely  
branching habit; dense and bushy growth habit; dark green-  
colored leaves; freely flowering habit; and large bright  
orange-colored flowers that are positioned above and  
beyond the foliage.**1 Drawing Sheet****1**Botanical designation: *Impatiens hawkeri*.  
Cultivar denomination: 'Odycorinth'.**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar  
of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant, botanically known as *Impa-  
tiens hawkeri*, and hereinafter referred to by the name  
'Odycorinth'.The new *Impatiens* is a product of a planned breeding  
program conducted by the Inventor in De Kwakel, The  
Netherlands. The objective of the breeding program was to  
develop new drought-tolerant New Guinea *Impatiens* culti-  
vars with numerous large flowers and attractive foliage and  
flower coloration.The new *Impatiens* originated from a cross-pollination  
made by the Inventor in May, 2002, of a proprietary selec-  
tion of *Impatiens hawkeri* identified as code number  
200104-03, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with  
a proprietary selection of *Impatiens hawkeri* identified as  
code number 200025, not patented, as the male, or pollen,  
parent. The cultivar Odycorinth was discovered and selected  
by the Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of  
the stated cross-pollination in a controlled environment in  
De Kwakel, The Netherlands in July, 2003.Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal  
cuttings propagated in a controlled environment in De  
Kwakel, The Netherlands since October, 2003 has shown  
that the unique features of this new *Impatiens* are stable and  
reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual  
reproduction.**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**The cultivar Odycorinth has not been observed under all  
possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary**2**somewhat with variations in environment such as tempera-  
ture and light intensity, without, however, any variance in  
genotype.The following traits have been repeatedly observed and  
are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Ody-  
corinth'. These characteristics in combination distinguish  
'Odycorinth' as a new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea  
*Impatiens*:

1. Upright, outwardly spreading and mounded plant habit.
2. Vigorous and freely branching habit; dense and bushy  
growth habit.
3. Dark green-colored leaves.
4. Freely flowering habit.
5. Large bright orange-colored flowers that are positioned  
above and beyond the foliage.

In side-by-side comparisons conducted in De Kwakel,  
The Netherlands, plants of the new *Impatiens* differed from  
plants of the female parent selection primarily in flower  
color as plants of the female parent selection had duller  
orange-colored flowers. In addition, plants of the new *Impa-  
tiens* and the female parent selection differ in leaf shape.In side-by-side comparisons conducted in De Kwakel,  
The Netherlands, plants of the new *Impatiens* differed from  
plants of the male parent selection primarily in flower color  
as plants of the male parent selection had orange-colored  
flowers. In addition, plants of the new *Impatiens* and the  
male parent selection differ in leaf shape.Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of  
the New Guinea *Impatiens* cultivar Timor, disclosed in U.S.  
Plant Pat. No. 9,144. In side-by-side comparisons conducted  
in De Kwakel, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Impatiens*  
differed from plants of the cultivar Timor in the following  
characteristics:



1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* were more freely branching than plants of the cultivar Timor.
2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* had slightly larger leaves than plants of the cultivar Timor.
3. Plants of the new *Impatiens* and the cultivar Timor differed in flower color as plants of the cultivar Timor had darker orange-colored flowers.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new *Impatiens*. The photograph shows the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Impatiens*. The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Odycorinth' grown in a container.

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2001 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used. The following observations and measurements describe plants grown in De Kwakel, The Netherlands during the autumn in a glass-covered greenhouse and under conditions and practices which approximate those generally used in commercial New Guinea *Impatiens* production. During the production of the plants, day and night temperatures averaged 18° C. and light levels averaged 220 Watts per square meter. Measurements and numerical values represent averages for typical flowering plants. Single plants were grown in 13-cm pots and were about three months old when the photograph and the detailed description were taken.

Botanical classification: *Impatiens hawkeri* cultivar Odycorinth.

Parentage:

*Female, or seed, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Impatiens hawkeri* identified as code number 200104-03, not patented.

*Male, or pollen parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Impatiens hawkeri* identified as code number 200025, not patented.

Propagation:

*Type.*—Terminal cuttings.

*Time to initiate roots.*—About eight to nine days at 18° C. to 22° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant.*—About 16 days at 18° C. to 22° C.

*Root description.*—Fine; white, close to 155D, in color.

*Rooting habit.*—Freely branching.

Plant description:

*Plant form.*—Upright, outwardly spreading and mounded plant habit.

*Growth and branching habit.*—Vigorous and freely branching habit; about eight lateral branches developing at the base; dense and bushy growth habit. Pinching, that is, removal of the terminal apices, is typically not required, but will enhance branching.

*Plant height.*—About 19 cm.

*Plant diameter or spread.*—About 29 cm.

*Lateral branches.*—Length: About 11 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Internode length: About 5 cm. Texture:

Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 144A with reddish blush, close to 183A.

Foliage description:

*Arrangement.*—Opposite or in whorls, simple.

*Length.*—About 9.5 cm.

*Width.*—About 3.5 cm.

*Shape.*—Lanceolate.

*Apex.*—Acuminate.

*Base.*—Attenuate.

*Margin.*—Serrate with ciliation.

*Texture, upper and lower surfaces.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Venation pattern.*—Pinnate.

*Color.*—Developing and fully expanded foliage, upper surface: 147A; venation, 181D. Developing and fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 147B; venation, 183B.

*Petiole.*—Length: About 2 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm.

Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 181B.

Flower description:

*Flower type and flowering habit.*—Single axillary flowers. Freely flowering habit; usually about five open flowers and flower buds per lateral branch. Flowers positioned above the foliage and typically face upright or outward. Flowers last about ten days under greenhouse conditions. Petals self-cleaning, gynoecium persistent. Flowers not fragrant.

*Natural flowering season.*—Year-round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden, flowering from spring until fall in The Netherlands. Plants begin flowering about ten weeks after planting.

*Flower size.*—Diameter: About 6 cm. Height: About 5 mm.

*Flower buds.*—Length: About 2 cm. Diameter: About 1.2 cm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: 39B.

*Petals.*—Quantity/arrangement: Five per flower in a single whorl. Length: About 3 cm. Width: About 2.5 cm. Shape: Obovate to slightly cordate. Apex: Emarginate. Base: Cuneate to obtuse. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: When opening, upper surface: 33A. When opening, lower surface: 33B. Fully opened, upper surface: 32A; color becoming closer to 32B with development. Fully opened, lower surface: 32B.

*Sepals.*—Quantity/arrangement: Two, opposite; one modified into an elongated spur. Length: About 1 cm. Width: About 5 mm. Shape: Ovate. Apex: Acuminate. Base: Obtuse. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: Close to 144A with reddish blush, close to 183A. Spur length: About 4 cm. Spur diameter: At flower, about 1.3 mm; at apex, about 1 mm. Spur texture: Smooth, glabrous. Spur color: 39B.

*Peduncles.*—Length: About 4 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Angle: About 45° from vertical. Strength: Strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 144A with reddish blush, close to 183A.

*Reproductive organs.*—Stamens: Quantity: Five fused at anthers; filaments free. Anther length: About 5 mm. Anther color: 4D blushed with 40A. Pollen amount: Abundant. Pollen color: Close to 155D. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 5 mm. Stigma shape: Rounded. Stigma color: 155B. Style color: 155B. Ovary color: Close to 144A.

*Seed/fruit.*—Seed and fruit production have not been observed.

**5**

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to New Guinea *Impatiens*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 8° C. to about 35° C.

**6**

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Odycorinth' as illustrated and described.

\* \* \* \* \*



