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Hoogendoorn

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(54) ALSTROEMERIA PLANT NAMED 'ZALSANEM'

- (50) Latin Name: *Alstroemeria hybrida*Varietal Denomination: **Zalsanem**
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(58) **Field of Classification Search** Plt./309 See application file for complete search history.

(56) References Cited

PUBLICATIONS

Upov-rom GTITM, Plant Variety Database, 2006/01, GTI Jouve Retrieval Software, Citation for *Alstroemeria* 'Zalsanem' one page.*

Van Zanten Plants B.V. [online], [retieved on Nov. 6, 2006]. Retrieved form the Internet http://www.royalvanzanten.com/ 3 pages.*

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant named 'Zalsanem', characterized by its erect and strong flowering stems; vigorous growth habit; intense pink and yellow-colored flowers; and good postproduction longevity.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Alstroemeria hybrida*. Cultivar denomination: 'Zalsanem'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant, botanically known as *Alstroemeria hybrida*, commercially used as a cut flower *Alstroemeria*, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Zalsanem'.

The new *Alstroemeria* is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new cut flower *Alstroemeria* cultivars with desirable flower and plant qualities, attractive flower colors and excellent postproduction longevity.

The new *Alstroemeria* originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in June, 2000 in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands, of a proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as 96Y0255-6, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary *Alstroemeria hybrida* selection identified as 87G1069-2, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Alstroemeria* was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled environment in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands in June, 2001.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by root divisions in a controlled environment in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands, since September, 2001, has shown that the unique features of this new *Alstroemeria* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual propagation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the cultivar Zalsanem have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as

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temperature and light intensity without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Zalsanem'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Zalsanem' as a new and distinct cultivar:

- 1. Erect and strong flowering stems.
- 2. Vigorous growth habit.
- 3. Intense pink and yellow-colored flowers.
- 4. Good postproduction longevity.

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants of the female parent selection. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Alstroemeria* differed from plants of the female parent selection in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* had larger flowers than plants of the female parent selection.
- 2. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* and the female parent selection differed in flower color as plants of the female parent selection had purple and white-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can be compared to plants of the male parent selection. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands, plants of the new *Alstroemeria* differed primarily from plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* flowered year-round whereas plants of the male parent selection only flowered during the summer.
- 2. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* and the male parent selection differed in flower color as plants of the male parent selection had yellow-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* can also be compared to plants of the cultivar Stabec, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No.

9,041. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands, plants of the new Alstroemeria differed from plants of the cultivar Stabec in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* had fewer flowers per umbel than plants of the cultivar Stabec.
- 2. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* had shorter peduncles than plants of the cultivar Stabec.
- 3. Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* and the cultivar Stabec differed in flower color as plants of the cultivar Stabec had red and white-colored flowers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new Alstroemeria, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Alstroemeria*. The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering stem of 'Zalsanem'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations and measurements describe plants of the new Alstroemeria grown in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands in a glasscovered greenhouse in ground beds. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 15° C. to 20° C., night temperatures ranged from 10° C. to 15° C., soil temperature was about 14° C. and light levels averaged 5,000 lux. Plants used for the photograph and description were about one year-old. The photograph and the description were taken during March and April, 2005. Color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Alstroemeria hybrida* cultivar Zalsanem.

Parentage:

Female parent.—Proprietary Alstroemeria hybrida selection identified as 96Y0255-6, not patented.

Male parent.—Proprietary selection of Alstroemeria hybrida identified as 87G1069-2, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By root divisions.

Root description.—Fibrous, fleshy, thick; white, close to 155D, in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching.

Rhizomes.—Shape: Elongate; rounded. Length: About 10 cm to 30 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm to 10 mm. Texture: Smooth. Color: Close to 155D.

Plant description:

Plant habit.—Upright; freely branching, bushy appearance. Vigorous growth habit.

Time from planting to harvest of cut flowers.—About 80 to 90 days.

Number of flowering stems produced per year.—About 200 to 220.

Plant height.—About 125 cm to 175 cm.

Plant diameter (spread).—About 25 cm to 30 cm.

Flowering stem description.—Aspect: Erect. Length: About 125 cm to 175 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm to 9 mm. Internode length: About 2 cm to 7 cm.

Strength: Strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 143A.

Foliage description.—Leaves simple and asymmetrical; sessile. Length: About 15 cm to 25 cm. Width: About 3 cm to 5 cm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Venation pattern: Parallel. Color: Developing and fully developed foliage, upper surface: Close to 137A; glossy, venation, similar to lamina. Developing and fully developed foliage, lower surface: Close to 137B; venation, similar to lamina.

Flower description:

Flower type and habit.—Single cup-shaped flowers arranged in compound umbels. Perianth segments separate. Freely and continuously flowering. Flowers not persistent.

Natural flowering season.—Flowering continuous during the spring in The Netherlands.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flower longevity on the plant.—About four weeks. Flower longevity as a cut flower.—About 20 to 25 days. Flower buds (showing color).—Length: About 3 cm to 4 cm. Diameter: About 1 cm to 2 cm. Shape:

Umbel length.—About 15 cm to 25 cm.

Roughly ovoid. Color: 1D.

Umbel diameter.—About 20 cm to 25 cm.

Number of flowers per umbel.—About 15 to 25.

Flower diameter.—About 7.5 cm to 8.5 cm.

Flower length (height).—About 7.5 cm to 8.5 cm.

Flower depth.—About 5 cm to 6 cm.

Perianth.—Arrangement: Six arranged in two whorls, each whorl with two lateral and one median segments. Outer perianth: Length, lateral segments: About 6 cm to 7 cm. Width, lateral segments: About 3.5 cm to 4.5 cm. Length, median segment: About 6 cm to 7 cm. Width, median segment: About 4 cm to 5 cm. Shape, lateral segments: Obovate. Shape, median segment: Oblong. Apex, lateral and median segments: Emarginate with apical tip. Base, lateral and median segments: Attenuate. Margin, lateral and median segments: Entire; undulate. Texture, lateral and median segments: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color, lateral segment, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: 155D to 13D; towards the margins, 68E; apical tip, close to 144A. Color, median segment, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: 13D; towards the margins, 68B; apical tip, close to 144A. Color, lateral and median segments, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: 68B; apical tip, close to 144A. Inner perianth: Length, lateral segments: About 7 cm to 8 cm. Width, lateral segments: About 2 cm to 2.5 cm. Length, median segment: About 6 cm to 7 cm. Width, median segment: About 2 cm to 2.5 cm. Shape, lateral and median segments: Oblanceolate. Apex, lateral and median segments: Acute. Base, lateral and median segments: Attenuate. Margin, lateral and median segments: Entire; weakly undulate. Texture, lateral and median segments: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color, lateral segments, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: 13B; towards the margins, 68B; stripes, close to 59A. Color, lateral segments, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: 13D; towards the margins, 68B. Color, median segment, when opening and fully opened, upper surface: 13D; towards the 5

margins, 68D; apical tip, close to 4D; stripes, close to 59A. Color, median segment, when opening and fully opened, lower surface: 4D; towards the margins, 68B.

Peduncles.—Length: About 7 cm to 8 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm to 5 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 20° to 30° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 137B.

Pedicels.—Length: About 3 cm to 4 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm to 3 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 20° to 30° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 137B.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity per flower: Six. Anther shape: Elliptical. Anther length: About 9 mm. Anther diameter: About 2 mm. Anther color: Close to 152B. Filament length: About 3.8 cm to 4.2 cm. Filament color: 63B. Pollen amount: Scarce.

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Pollen color: Close to 152C. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Style length: About 4.5 cm to 5 cm. Style color: 61A. Stigma color: 63B, spots, 59A. Ovary color: Close to 144A.

Fruit.—Quantity of fruit per plant: Few. Shape: Globular. Color: 138B. Size: About 1 cm by 8 mm.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Alstroemerias*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from -5° C. to 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant named 'Zalsanem', as illustrated and described.

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