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van Noort

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(54) **GERANIUM PLANT NAMED ‘PINK PENNY’**

(50) Latin Name: *Geranium wallichianum*
Varietal Denomination: **Pink Penny**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new cultivar of *Geranium wallichianum*, ‘Pink Penny’,
characterized by its abundant, large pink flowers, its long
blooming season, its marbled green foliage, and its spread-
ing growth habit with good performance as a groundcover.

2 Drawing Sheets

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Botanical classification: *Geranium wallichianum*.
Cultivar designation: ‘Pink Penny’.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Geranium* plant, botanically known as *Geranium walli-*
chianum ‘Pink Penny’ and will be referred to hereafter by its
cultivar name, ‘Pink Penny’.

The inventor discovered the new cultivar, ‘Pink Penny’, in
a cultivated growing area at his nursery in Warmond, The
Netherlands in July of 2002. ‘Pink Penny’ was discovered as
a whole plant mutation from repeated selections of seedlings
that originated from seeds of unnamed pink flowering plants
of *Geranium wallichianum*.

The new cultivar, ‘Pink Penny’, was selected as unique
for its abundant large pink flowers and its long blooming
habit. ‘Pink Penny’ can be most closely compared to *Gera-*
nium wallichianum ‘Buxton’s Variety’ (not patented) for its
long blooming habit. ‘Buxton’s Variety’ differs in particular
in having blue flowers, whereas ‘Pink Penny’ blooms with
pink flowers.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar was first accom-
plished by division in Warmond, The Netherlands in 2003 by
the inventor. Propagation by division and subsequently by
tissue culture has determined that the characteristics of this
cultivar are stable and are reproduced true to type in suc-
cessive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
represent the characteristics of ‘Pink Penny’. These
attributes in combination distinguish ‘Pink Penny’ as a new
and distinct cultivar of *Geranium*.

1. ‘Pink Penny’ has large flowers with an average diam-
eter of 3.5 cm.
2. The flower color of ‘Pink Penny’ is pink with dark
purple veining.
3. ‘Pink Penny’ blooms abundantly with a long blooming
season; blooming from mid May to late September in
The Netherlands.

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4. The foliage of ‘Pink Penny’ is medium green in color
with lighter green marbling.
5. The plant habit of ‘Pink Penny’ is prostrate with
suitable use as a groundcover.
6. ‘Pink Penny’ propagated with easy by division or tissue
culture.
7. Cold hardy to at least USDA Zone 5.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the
overall appearance and distinct characteristics of the new
Geranium. The photographs were taken of two year-old
plants of ‘Pink Penny’ as grown outdoors in a field plot in
The Netherlands.

The photograph in FIG. 1 is a view of a plant of ‘Pink
Penny’ in bloom.

The photograph in FIG. 2 is of a close-up view of the
flowers of ‘Pink Penny’ while the photograph in FIG. 3
provides a view of the growth habit of ‘Pink Penny’.

The colors in the photographs are as close as possible with
the photographic and printing technology utilized. The color
values cited in the detailed botanical description accurately
describe the colors of the new *Geranium*.

**DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF
THE PLANT**

The following is a detailed description of 2 year-old, field
grown plants of the new cultivar as grown outdoors in
Warmond, The Netherlands. The phenotype of the new
cultivar may vary with variations in environmental, climatic,
and cultural conditions, as it has not been tested under all
possible environmental conditions. The color determination
is in accordance with the 2001 R.H.S. Colour Chart of The
Royal Horticultural Society, London, England, except where
general color terms of ordinary dictionary significance are
used.

Botanical classification: 'Pink Penny' is a cultivar of *Geranium wallichianum*.

Parentage: Naturally whole plant mutation from seeds derived from unnamed selections of *Geranium wallichianum*.

General characteristics:

Blooming period.—Mid May to late September in The Netherlands.

Plant habit.—Herbaceous perennial with broadly spreading growth habit.

Height and spread.—Reaches about 17 cm in height and about 1 m in spread.

Cold hardiness.—At least to U.S.D.A. Zone 5.

Heat tolerance.—At least tolerant to temperature up to 35° C.

Diseases and pests.—No susceptibility or resistance to diseases or pests has been observed for 'Pink Penny'.

Root description.—Fibrous roots extending from stout rootstock.

Branching habit.—Freely branched, about 28 lateral branches on a 2 year-old plant.

Growth and propagation:

Growth rate.—Moderate to vigorous, growth rate is stems is about 15 cm per month in spring.

Propagation.—Division and *In vitro* propagation.

Time required for root initiation.—4 weeks from tissue culture popagule.

Time required for root description.—A rooted tissue culture plug requires about 6 weeks under mist in the greenhouse to harden off and another 8 to 10 weeks of outdoor production until flowering.

Stem description:

Stem size.—Average of 37 cm in length and 3 mm in width, stems are thickened at nodes at a average of 4.5 mm.

Stem shape.—Round.

Stem color.—Young stems and under sides of mature stems 144B, upper surface of mature stems and old stems 183B.

Stem surface.—Slightly glossy.

Internode length.—Average of 9 cm.

Foliage description:

Leaf shape.—Orbicular to reniform.

Leaf division.—Simple.

Leaf base.—Hastate.

Leaf apex.—Acute.

Leaf venation.—Palmate, 143A in color on upper surface and 144A on lower surface.

Leaf margins.—Palmately parted, lobes biserrate.

Leaf attachment.—Petiolate.

Leaf arrangement.—Alternate.

Leaf surface.—Upper surface is dull and very sparsely densely covered with short hairs about 0.75 mm in length and 155D in color, lower surface is pubescent only on veins that are densely covered with short bristly hairs about 0.75 mm in length and 155D in color.

Leaf color.—Young upper surface, color between 137B and 141A with lighter marbling of 145A, young lower surface; color between 141A and 146B, mature upper surface; 143A with marbling of 145A, mature lower surface; a color between 144A and 146C.

Leaf size.—Average of 4.4 cm in length and 4.6 cm in width.

Leaf quantity.—Average of 9 per lateral branch.

Petiole size.—Average of 3.8 cm in length and 1.2 mm in width.

Petiole color.—175A to 175B on upper surface, 144A on lower surface.

Stipules.—Two at each node, ovate in shape, rounded apex, broadly cuneate base, average of 1.3 cm in length and 9 mm in width, 145A in color with tips of 47A to 47B.

Flower description:

Inflorescence type.—Single, rotate, pink flowers with purple veins, arranged in pairs.

Lastingness of flowers.—About 7 days, self cleaning.

Flower size.—Average of 1.2 cm in height and 3.5 cm in diameter.

Flower fragrance.—None.

Flower number.—Average of 20 per inflorescence (10 pairs), about 560 per plant.

Flower aspect.—Upright to outward.

Flower bud size.—Average of 9.5 mm in length, up to 4.5 mm in width.

Flower bud color.—138B.

Flower bud shape.—Elliptic.

Corolla features.—Petals are unfused and arranged in a rotate form.

Petal number.—5.

Petal shape.—Obcordate.

Petal color.—Opening, upper surface; N78B with veins N79B, opening, lower surface; N78B with veins N79C, fully open, upper surface; N78B with veins N79B, fully open, lower surface; N78B (slightly more reddish) with veins N79C, fading, upper and lower surface; N78B to N78C with veins N79C.

Petal surface.—Glabrous.

Petal margins.—Entire.

Petal apex.—Obtuse.

Petal size.—Average of 1.7 cm in length and 1.5 cm in width.

Calyx form.—Rotate, slightly cupped.

Calyx size.—Average of 5 mm in length and 1.7 cm in width.

Sepal number.—Average of 5.

Sepal shape.—Elliptic.

Sepal margin.—Entire.

Sepal size.—Average of 1 cm length, 3 mm in width.

Sepal surface.—Glabrous, under side covered with short hairs (hairs have an average length of 0.75 mm and are N155A in color).

Sepal apex.—Aristate.

Sepal base.—Cuneate.

Sepal color.—Opening: 143B on upper surface and 138B to 143B on lower surface; Fully open: 143B on upper surface and lower surface.

Peduncle size.—Average of 5 cm in length and 1.5 mm in diameter.

Peduncle strength/aspect.—Strong, held at about a 40° angle relative to lateral branch.

Peduncle size.—Round.

Peduncle color.—175A to 175B on upper side, 144B on lower side.

Pedicel size.—Average of 3.9 cm in length and 1 mm in width.

Pedicel shape.—Round.

Pedicel strength/aspect.—Moderately strong, lateral flowers are held at about 20° relative to peduncle.

Pedicel color.—175A to 175B on upper side, 144B on lower side.

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Reproductive organs:

Gynoecium.—1 pistil, about 8 mm in length, 5 stigmas are decurrent and N79B to N79C in color, style is about 3 mm in length and 144C in color, ovary is 144C to 144D in color and densely covered with very short (about 0.3 mm) hairs N155A in color.

Androcoecium.—10 strands, anthers are dorsifixed, oblong in shape, curled, 2 mm in length, 0.75 mm in width, and 186A to 202A in color, filament is 7 mm in length and 61A in color, pollen is low in abundant and 196D in color.

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Fruit/seeds.—Fruit comprised of rostrum and 5 mericarps (typical cranesbill form), 3.4 cm in length, 5 mm in width with a base N170B in color and beaks N199A to N199B in color. Seeds, 5 per fruit, 3 mm in length, 1.75 mm in width and 200A in color.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Geranium* plant named ‘Pink Penny’ as herein illustrated and described.

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FIG. 1



FIG. 2



FIG. 3