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(54) GERANIUM PLANT NAMED 'PACRY'

(50) Latin Name: *Pelargonium×hortorum*Varietal Denomination: **Pacry**

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(DE)

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new and distinct cultivar of Zonal *Geranium* plant named 'Pacry', characterized by its upright, rounded and compact plant habit; freely basal branching and flowering habit; leaves without a zonation pattern; light purple-colored flowers with red purple-colored blotches; and good garden performance.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Pelargonium*×*hortorum*. Cultivar denomination: 'Pacry'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of Zonal *Geranium* plant, botanically known as *Pelargonium*×*hortorum*, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Pacry'.

The new Zonal *Geranium* is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Dresden, Germany. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new Zonal *Geraniums* with attractive flower coloration.

The new Zonal *Geranium* originated from a crosspollination made by the Inventor during the summer of 2000 of two unnamed proprietary selections of *Pelargonium*× *hortorum*, not patented. The cultivar Pacry was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny from the stated cross-pollination in a controlled 20 environment in Dresden, Germany in June, 2001.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal cuttings in a controlled environment in Dresden, Germany since January, 2002 has shown that the unique features of this new Zonal *Geranium* are stable and reproduced true to 25 type in successive generations of asexual reproduction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Pacry'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Pacry' as a new cultivar and distinguish it from other known Zonal *Geranium* cultivars:

- 1. Upright, rounded and compact plant habit.
- 2. Freely basal branching and flowering habit.
- 3. Leaves without a zonation pattern.
- 4. Light purple-colored flowers with red purple-colored blotches.
- 5. Good garden performance.

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Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* differ primarily from plants of the parent selections in flower coloration and flower form.

Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* can be compared to plants of the cultivar Penlava, U.S. Plant patent application Ser. No. 09/739,023. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Dresden, Germany, plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* differed from plants of the cultivar Penlava in the following characteristics:

- 1. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* were smaller and had shorter internodes than plants of the cultivar Penlava.
- 2. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* had thinner branches, petioles and peduncles than plants of the cultivar Penlava.
- 3. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* had lighter green-colored leaves than plants of the cultivar Penlava.
- 4. Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* and the cultivar Penlava differed in flower and peduncle color.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Flower and foliage colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new Zonal *Geranium*. The photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Pacry' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

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Plants of the cultivar Pacry have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment, such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

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The aforementioned photograph, following observations and averaged measurements describe plants grown during the summer in containers in Dresden, Germany, and under commercial practice in a glass-covered greenhouse with day temperatures about 18° C., night temperatures about 16° C. and light levels ranging from 15 to 100 kilolux. Plants used for the photograph and the description were about nine months old. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Pelargonium*×*hortorum* cultivar Pacry.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Unnamed proprietary selection of Pelargonium×hortorum, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Unnamed proprietary selection of Pelargonium×hortorum, not patented.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots.—Summer: About 18 days at 22° C. Winter: About 22 days at 22° C.

Time to produce a rooted young plant.—Summer: About 25 days at 22° C. Winter: About 30 days at 22° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; white in color. Rooting habit.—Freely branching, dense.

Plant description:

General appearance.—Upright, rounded and compact plant habit; uniform; densely foliated.

Growth and branching habit.—Moderately vigorous growth habit. Freely basal branching habit with about twelve lateral branches per plant; pinching is not required.

Plant height, to top of umbels.—About 25 cm. Plants height, to top of foliar plane.—About 20 cm. Plant width.—About 45 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 10 to 15 cm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Internode length: About 1 to 2 cm. Texture: Pubescent. Color: 146B.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Alternate or opposite; simple. Length: About 3.5 to 5 cm. Width: About 6 to 7 cm. Shape: Rounded. Apex: Rounded. Base: Cordate; open. Margin: Bicrenate. Venation pattern: Palmate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Slightly pubescent. Color: Developing and fully expanded foliage, upper surface: 137A; venation, 137A. Developing and fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 137C; venation, 143C. Zonation pattern: Absent. Petiole: Length: About 4 to 6.5 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent; rough. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 143A.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement.—Light purple-colored flowers with red purple-colored splotches; semi-double rotate flowers arranged in rounded hemispherical umbels arising from apical leaf axils. Umbels displayed upright above the foliage on strong peduncles. Flowers face upright to outwardly; flowers flat to slightly cupped and uniform. Flowers persistent. Flowers not fragrant.

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Quantity of flowers.—Freely flowering habit; about 20 umbels per plant, about 25 to 30 flower buds and open flowers per umbel.

Flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden in Dresden, Germany, flowering is continuous from April until frost in the fall.

Flower longevity.—Individual flowers last about six to ten days and umbels last about three to four weeks on the plant.

Umbel height.—About 6 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 12 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 4.5 to 5 cm.

Flower depth (height).—About 1 to 2 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 8 mm. Diameter: About 6 mm. Shape: Elliptic. Color: 144A.

Petals/petaloids.—Quantity per flower: About six to eight. Length: About 2.5 cm. Width: About 2.2 to 2.5 cm. Shape: Roughly spatulate; petaloids, irregular. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: 78D; blotches, 57A; towards the base, 69D; venation, similar to lamina. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: 69B; towards the base, 69D; venation upper petals, 66B; venation, lower petals, similar to lamina.

Sepals.—Quantity per flower: About five to six, arranged in a single whorl. Length: About 1 cm. Width: About 3 to 4 mm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 144A.

Peduncle (umbel stem).—Length: About 11 to 15 cm. Diameter: About 3 to 4 mm. Strength: Strong. Aspect: Upright. Texture: Pubescent. Color: 144A.

Pedicel (individual flower stem).—Length: About 3.5 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Moderately strong; flexible. Texture: Pubescent. Color: 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen quantity per flower: About eight to twelve. Anther length: About 1 to 2 mm. Anther shape: Oblong. Anther color: Brown. Pollen amount: Sparse. Pollen color: Golden brown. Gynoecium: Pistil quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 1 cm. Stigma shape: Five to six-parted. Stigma color: Red purple. Style length: About 3 to 4 mm. Style color: Red purple. Ovary color: Pale green.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit development has not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to Zonal *Geraniums*.

Garden performance: Plants of the new Zonal *Geranium* have been observed to tolerate rain, wind, and temperatures ranging from -0.5 to 40° C. and have demonstrated good garden performance.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of Zonal *Geranium* plant named 'Pacry', as herein illustrated and described.

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