



US00PP17319P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Sanders**(10) **Patent No.:** US PP17,319 P2  
(45) **Date of Patent:** Dec. 26, 2006(54) **NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS PLANT NAMED 'INGBICSAWI'**(50) Latin Name: *Impatiens hawkeri*  
Varietal Denomination: Ingbicsawi(75) Inventor: **Monica Maria Adelheid Sanders,**  
Grootebroek (NL)(73) Assignee: **Syngenta Seeds B.V.**, Enkhuizen (NL)

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **11/222,999**(22) Filed: **Sep. 9, 2005**(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**A01H 5/00** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./318**  
(58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... Plt./318  
See application file for complete search history.*Primary Examiner*—Anne Marie Grunberg  
*Assistant Examiner*—Annette H Para(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Bruce Vrana(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Ingbicsawi' characterized by its white with salmon red star flowers, early flowering, dark green foliage, bushy shaped growth habit with good basal branching, strong growing and good outdoor vigor.

**1 Drawing Sheet****1**

Latin name of the genus and species of the plant claimed:  
*Impatiens hawkeri*.  
Varietal denomination: 'Ingbicsawi'.

**BACKGROUND OF THE NEW PLANT**

The present invention comprises a new and distinct New Guinea *Impatiens* plant botanically known as *Impatiens hawkeri* and referred to by the cultivar name 'Ingbicsawi.'

The new cultivar was developed in a controlled breeding program conducted by the inventor in Enkhuizen, Netherlands. The new New Guinea *Impatiens* cultivar has an early flowering response, very floriferous with flowers with attractive coloration and a good flowering behavior under field conditions.

The new cultivar is propagated from cuttings resulting from the cross in September 1999 of the proprietary New Guinea *Impatiens* selection identified as 'F 50-1' as female parent and the proprietary New Guinea *Impatiens* selection identified as 'F 18-1' as male parent. 'F 50-1' is commercially available and known as 'Ingrepu'. 'F 18-1' is not commercially available and has not been patented.

As a result of this cross the present cultivar was selected in September 2000 in Enkhuizen, Netherlands and has been repeatedly asexually reproduced by cuttings in Enkhuizen, Netherlands, in Gilroy, Calif., and in Angers, France over a period of several years. The distinctive characteristics of this new *Impatiens* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction. It takes 9 to 11 weeks to produce a finished plant, starting from a rooted plug and planted in a 12 cm pot, depending on the temperature.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Ingbicsawi.' These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Ingbicsawi' as a new and distinct New Guinea *Impatiens* cultivar:

1. White with salmon red star flowers
2. Bushy shaped growth habit with flowers on top of the foliage

**2**

3. Dark green foliage  
4. Good basal branching character  
5. Good outdoor vigor

Plants of the new New Guinea *Impatiens* differ primarily from the plants of the female parent selection in the following characteristics:

Plants of the New Guinea *Impatiens* have white with salmon red star flowers, whereas the plants of the female parent selection have pink flowers with a small red eye.

Plants of the New Guinea *Impatiens* have dark green foliage whereas the plants of the female parent selection have dark foliage.

Plants of the new New Guinea *Impatiens* differ primarily from the plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristic:

Plants of the New Guinea *Impatiens* have white with salmon red start flowers, whereas the plants of the male parent selection have large sized pink-rose flowers.

Plants of the new New Guinea *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of 'Kinepor,' not patented in the United States. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Enkhuizen, Netherlands, plants of the new New Guinea *Impatiens* differed from plants of the cultivar 'Kinepor' in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new New Guinea *Impatiens* have green leaves with salmon and red star flowers, whereas the plants of the cultivar 'Kinepor' have dark leaves and orange and white bicolor flowers.
2. Plants of the new New Guinea *Impatiens* have a bushy shaped growth habit, whereas plants of the cultivar 'Kinepor' have a ball shaped growth habit.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING**

This new New Guinea *Impatiens* plant is illustrated by the accompanying photographic drawing which shows blooms, buds and foliage of the plant in full color, the color showing being as true as can be reasonably obtained by conventional photographic procedures.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW CULTIVAR**

The following detailed descriptions set forth the distinctive characteristics of this new New Guinea *Impatiens*. The data which defines these characteristics were collected from asexual reproductions carried out in Enkhuizen, Nether-

lands. The plant history was taken on 30 week old plants, blossomed under natural light in the field.

Color readings were taken in the laboratory under ambient light. Color references are primarily to The R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society of London.

The plant:

*Classification.*—Botanical: *Impatiens hawkeri*.

Parentage:

*Female parent.*—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as code number 'F 50-1,' 'Ingrepu'.

*Male parent.*—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as Code number 'F 18-1,' not patented.

Propagation:

*Type cutting.*—Terminal cuttings.

*Time to initiate roots.*—Approximately 7–14 days.

*Time to produce a rooted cutting.*—Approximately 21 days.

*Root description.*—Fine, fibrous, and white in color.

Plant description:

*General appearance.*—Outwardly spreading, low rounded and uniform mounded plant growth.

Habit:

*Growth and branching habit.*—Freely branching habit, freely flowering, vigorous.

Crop time:

*Plant height.*—28–31 cm.

*Plant spread.*—46–49 cm.

Lateral branch description:

*Length.*—22–25 cm.

*Diameter.*—0.3–0.7 mm.

*Texture.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Internode length.*—1.5–8 cm.

*Color.*—RHS 185A.

Foliage description:

*Arrangement.*—Primarily in whorls.

*Length, mature leaves.*—4.5–5.5 cm.

*Width, mature leaves.*—2 cm.

*Shape.*—Lanceolate.

*Apex.*—Acute to acuminate.

*Base.*—Acute.

*Margin.*—Serrulate with fine ciliation.

*Texture.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Venation pattern.*—Pinnate.

*Color young foliage, upper surface.*—RHS 147A.

*Color young foliage, lower surface.*—RHS 186C.

*Fully expanded foliage, upper surface.*—RHS 147A.

*Fully expanded foliage, lower surface.*—RHS 187A.

*Venation, upper surface.*—RHS 184B.

*Venation, lower surface.*—RHS 187A.

*Petiole length.*—About 0.6 cm.

*Petiole diameter.*—About 2 mm.

*Texture.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Color.*—RHS 185A.

Flower description:

*Flower type and flowering habit.*—Single.

*Number of flowers per leaf axil.*—2.

*Number of flowers and flower buds per lateral branch.*—5.

*Flower position.*—Above and beyond the foliage and typically facing upwards and outward.

*Flower shape.*—Rounded, mostly flat.

*Flowers lasting.*—About 10 days on the plant depending on environmental conditions.

*Petals.*—Self cleaning.

*Gynoecium.*—Persistent.

*Flowers.*—Not fragrant.

*Flowering.*—Indeterminate and continuous.

*Flowering season.*—Year round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden, flowering from spring until fall.

*Flower length.*—About 4.3–4.7 cm.

*Flower width.*—About 4.3–4.6 cm.

*Flower depth.*—About 0.2 cm.

Flower buds:

*Bud length.*—About 1.4 cm.

*Bud diameter.*—About 1.2 cm.

*Bud shape.*—Ovoid.

*Texture.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Color, just before opening.*—RHS 43D.

Petals:

*Quantity.*—Single, five per flower, imbricate.

*Length of banner petal.*—About 2.2–2.4 cm.

*Width of banner petal.*—About 3.4–3.8 cm.

*Length lateral and basal petals.*—About 2.6–3 cm.

*Width lateral and basal petals.*—About 3–3.3 cm.

*Lateral and basal petal shape.*—Obcordate.

*Banner petal shape.*—Roughly obcordate.

*Petal apex.*—Emarginate.

*Petal base.*—Rounded, obtuse.

*Petal margin.*—Entire.

*Petal texture.*—Smooth, satiny.

*Petal color.*—Upper surface: When opening and fully opened: RHS 55B and 55C. Vein: RHS 55A. Middle eye: RHS 53C. Lower surface: When opening and fully opened: RHS 56A and 55C. Vein: RHS 55A. Middle eye: RHS 53C.

Spur:

*Length.*—About 3.5 cm.

*Texture.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Aspect.*—Curved.

*Color.*—RHS 59D.

Peduncles:

*Length.*—About 2.4–3.2 cm.

*Strength.*—Strong, flexible.

*Diameter.*—1.5 mm.

*Aspect.*—About 45° from the stem.

*Color.*—RHS 180A.

Reproductive organs:

*Androecium.*—Stamen number: Five fused at anthers, filaments free, hooded.

*Anther shape.*—Obovate.

*Anther length.*—About 5 mm.

*Anther color.*—RHS 11C, near filament RHS N66C.

*Amount of pollen.*—Scarce to moderate.

*Pollen color.*—RHS 158B.

Gynoecium:

*Pistil number.*—One.

*Pistil length.*—About 4 mm.

*Stigma shape.*—Columnar, five segmented.

*Stigma color.*—Colorless.

*Style color.*—RHS 27B.

*Ovary arrangement.*—Five celled.

*Ovary color.*—RHS 151A.

*Seed development.*—Seed development has not been observed.

Disease and pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to *Impatiens* has not been observed.

What is claimed is:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Ingbicsawi', as substantially illustrated and described herein.

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**U.S. Patent**

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