



US00PP16981P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Lommerse

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP16,981 P2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Aug. 15, 2006**

(54) **GAURA LINDHEIMERII PLANT NAMED**
'GAUSUDRE'

(58) **Field of Classification Search** Plt./263
See application file for complete search history.

(50) Latin Name: *Gaura lindheimerii*
Varietal Denomination: **Gausudre**

(56) **References Cited**

(76) Inventor: **Petrus Ruthgerus Jozef Lommerse**,
Plantenkwekerij 'Dehulstof, Pilarenlaan
65, 2211 WS Noordwijkerhout (NL)

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

PP13,189 P2 * 11/2002 Bentley Plt./226
PP14,683 P2 * 4/2004 Knosher Plt./226

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 5 days.

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Kent L. Bell
Assistant Examiner—W. C. Haas
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—The Webb Law Firm

(21) Appl. No.: **11/100,367**

(57) **ABSTRACT**

(22) Filed: **Apr. 6, 2005**

A new and distinct *Gaura lindheimerii* plant with a compact
growth habit, large deep rose colored flowers, and a long
blooming season.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./263**

3 Drawing Sheets

1

2

Botanical classification: *Gaura lindheimerii*.
Varietal denomination: 'Gausudre'.

color readings were taken in The Netherlands under natural
daylight. Color references are primarily to The R.H.S.
Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society of London.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

PLANT

The present invention comprises a new and distinct cul-
tivar of *Gaura lindheimerii* known by the varietal name
'Gausudre'. The new variety originated in a planned breed-
ing program in The Netherlands as a result of cross breeding
Gaura 'Siskyou Pink' (female parent, unpatented) and an
unnamed short form *Gaura* (male parent, unpatented). The
new variety is more compact and exhibits more free branch-
ing and a deeper flower color than both parents, which met
the goals of the breeding program. The large and uniformly
colored flowers of 'Gausudre' differ from other *Gaura*
lindheimerii varieties known to the breeder. The new variety
was first asexually reproduced by rooted terminal tip cut-
tings in The Netherlands. The new variety has been trial and
field tested and has been found to retain its distinctive
characteristics and remain true to type through successive
propagations.

Time to initiate roots: About 9 days at 21° C.
Time to develop roots: About 28 days at 20° C.
Time to produce a finished flowering plant from a rooted
cutting: About 8 weeks in a 9.0 cm container.

Form: Upright and rounded.

Stem:

Diameter.—Average of 3.5 mm.

Color.—145A flushed with 59A.

Texture.—Smooth.

Pubescence.—Light.

Form.—Erect.

Height: Blooms are 35 cm above soil with a stem height of
approximately 15 cm when grown in a pot.

Diameter: In a pot, the plant grows to 25 cm in diameter.
When grown in the ground, the new variety grows to 35
cm in diameter.

Vigor: Medium.

Branching habit: Free.

Lateral branches:

Diameter.—Average of 2.0 mm.

Internode length.—Average of 1.0 cm.

Texture.—Smooth.

Pubescence.—Light.

Color.—Approximately 59A to 59B with some 145A
as the stem matures.

Foliage:

Arrangement.—Single; alternate.

Size of leaf.—Length: 4.2 cm average. Width: 0.9 cm
average.

Shape of leaf.—Oblanceolate.

Shape of apex.—Acute.

Shape of base.—Attenuate.

Texture.—Soft.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying photographic drawings illustrate the
new variety, with the color being as nearly true as is possible
with color illustrations of this type:

FIG. 1 is a photograph of the new variety;

FIG. 2 is a close-up photograph of the new variety; and

FIG. 3 is a close-up photograph of the flowers of the new
variety.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANT

The following detailed description sets forth the charac-
teristics of the new cultivar grown outside in peat-based
compost in 17 cm pots with no extra fertilizer in The
Netherlands. The data which defines these characteristics
was collected by asexual reproductions by cuttings. The

- Margin type.*—Slightly undulate and entire.
Pubescence.—Slight on both upper and lower surfaces.
- Color:
Young leaves.—Upper surface: 137B to 137C, with a flushing of 59B. Lower surface: 137B to 137C, with a flushing of 59B.
Mature leaves.—Upper surface: 146A to 146B, with a light flushing of 59B. Lower surface: 146B to 146C.
- Petiole:
Length.—Average of 4.0 mm.
Diameter.—Average of 2.0 mm.
Color.—146B with a flushing of the vein being 59B.
- Veins:
Type.—Regular.
Color (both surfaces).—Younger leaves have a 60A color becoming 146B in older leaves.

FLOWER

- Bud:
Stage when bud characteristics determined.—1 to 2 days prior to opening.
Shape.—Linear.
Diameter.—2.5 mm average.
Length.—19 mm average.
Color.—Main body is 60A with the tip color being 59A.
- Natural flowering season: Flowering begins in April and continues until the middle of October.
- Spike:
Number of flowers.—Average 22.
Length.—18 cm above foliage.
Diameter across bloom.—6.4 cm average.
- Corolla:
Form.—Zygomorphic.
Petals/lobes.—Number: 4. Length: 20 mm average. Width: 11 mm average. Shape: Obovate. Margin:

- Entire. Texture and appearance: Smooth, matte.
 Color (when opening): Both surfaces: 61C with veins of 61B. Color (when fully opened): Both surfaces: 61D with veins of 61B to 61C.
- Calyx:
Form.—Fused at tip.
Length.—16 mm average.
Diameter.—2.0 mm average.
Sepal shape.—Linear.
Sepal margin.—Entire.
Sepal texture.—Smooth, slightly pubescent.
Sepal size.—Length: 16 mm average. Width: 1.5 mm average.
Sepal color.—Upper surface: 60A. Lower surface: 60A.
- Fragrance: None.
 Disease resistance: Good.
 Temperature tolerance: Good.
 Drought tolerance: Good.
 Lasting quality: Flowers last 1–2 days individually.

REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS

- Stamens:
Number.—8 per flower.
Filament length.—11 mm average.
Anthers.—Shape: Linear. Length: 3.0 mm. Color: 60A.
Pollen.—Color: 3B. Amount: Plentiful.
- Pistils:
Length.—23 mm average.
Style.—Length: 21 mm average. Color: 61C to 61D.
Stigma.—Shape: Cruciform. Color: 8D.
- Seeds: None produced.
- I claim:
 1. A new and distinct variety of *Gaura lindheimerii* plant substantially as shown and described.

* * * * *



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

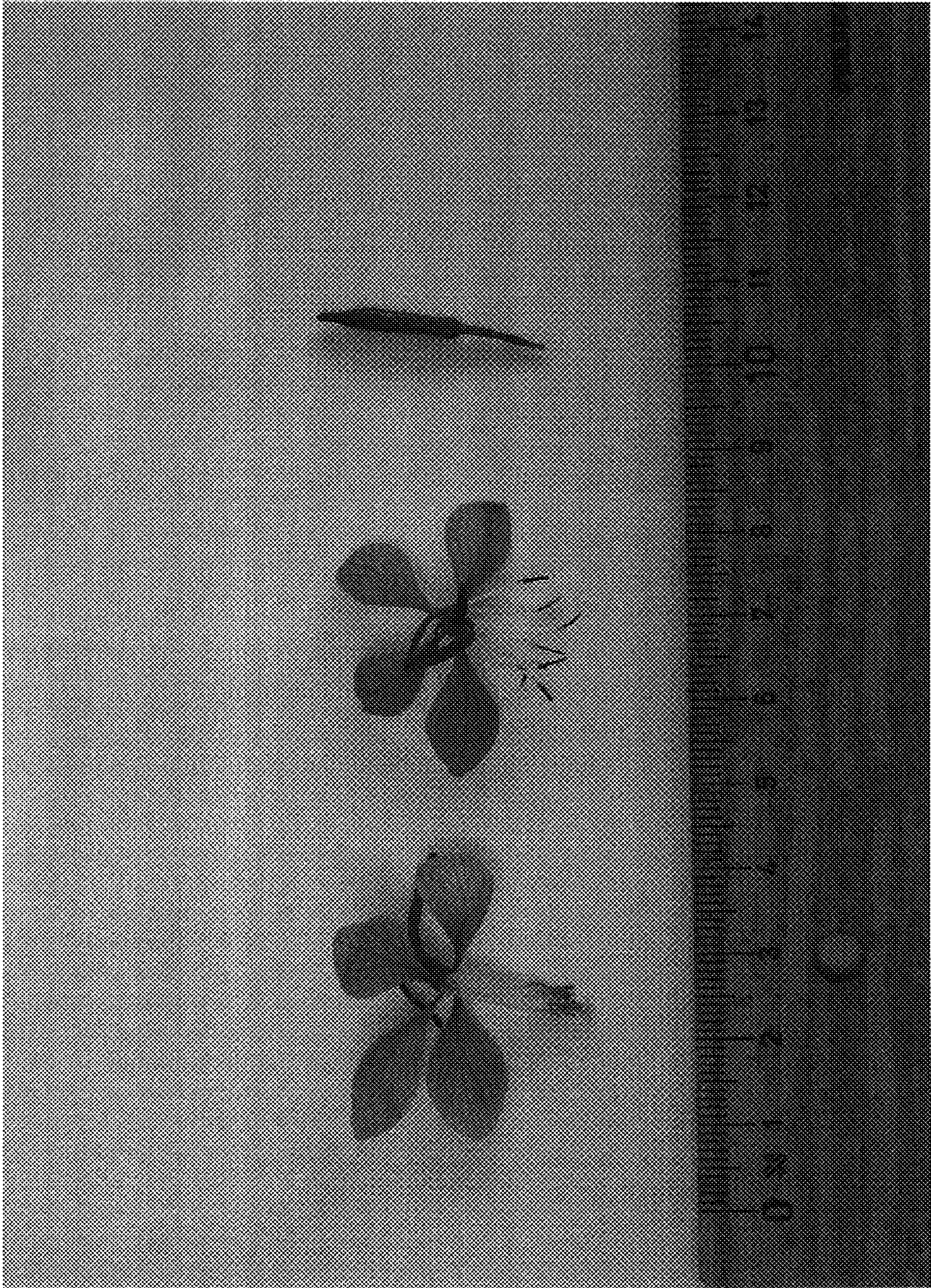


Fig. 3