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Vanderhaegen

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(54) **RHODODENDRON PLANT NAMED
'CHRISTINE SIENA'**

(50) Latin Name: *Rhododendron simsii*
Varietal Denomination: **Christine Siena**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./240**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** **Plt./240**
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

PP11,693 P * 12/2000 Vanderhaegen Plt./239
PP15,096 P2 * 8/2004 Vanderhaegen Plt./240

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

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Retrieval Software 2004/06 Citation for 'Christine Siena'.*
[http://www.hortinno.com/images/pdf/EN_CARD_](http://www.hortinno.com/images/pdf/EN_CARD_CHSI.pdf)
[CHSI.pdf.*](http://www.hortinno.com/en/fs_chrsie.html)
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new cultivar of *Rhododendron* plant named 'Christine
Siena' that is characterized by dark shiny green leaves, large
red flowers, vigorous growth and flowers that last longer
than 3 weeks.

1 Drawing Sheet

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Botanical designation: *Rhododendron simsii*.
Variety denomination: 'Christine Siena'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Rhododendron* plant botanically known as *Rhododendron*
simsii and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name
'Christine Siena'.

'Christine Siena' was discovered as a natural branch
mutation of the parent plant *Rhododendron* 'Christine
Magic' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 15,096). 'Christine Siena' was
discovered in March of 2000 in a cultivated area of
Moerbeke, Belgium.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar 'Christine
Siena' by cuttings was first performed in October of 2000 in
Moerbeke, Belgium. Since that time, under careful
observation, the unique characteristics of the new cultivar
have been uniform, stable and reproduced true to type in
successive generations of asexual reproduction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following represent the distinguishing characteristics
of the new *Rhododendron* cultivar 'Christine Siena'. These
traits in combination distinguish 'Christine Siena' as a new
and distinct cultivar apart from all other existing varieties of
Rhododendron known to the inventor.

1. *Rhododendron* 'Christine Siena' exhibits dark shiny
green leaves.
2. *Rhododendron* 'Christine Siena' exhibits large red
flowers.
3. *Rhododendron* 'Christine Siena' exhibits vigorous
growth.

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4. *Rhododendron* 'Christine Siena' exhibits flowers last-
ing 3 or more weeks.

The new cultivar 'Christine Siena' is distinguishable from
the parent *Rhododendron* 'Christine Magic' by the following
characteristics:

1. 'Christine Siena' has red 45C colored flowers. The
flowers of 'Christine Magic' are colored red 43D and
39B.

The closest comparison cultivar is the parent plant 'Chris-
tine Magic'.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying photograph illustrates the distinguish-
ing traits of *Rhododendron* 'Christine Siena'. The plant in
the photograph shows an overall view of a 24 month old
plant. The photograph was taken using conventional tech-
niques and although colors may appear different from actual
colors due to light reflectance it is as accurate as possible by
conventional photographic techniques.

BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANT

The following is a detailed description of the new *Rhodo-*
dendron cultivar named 'Christine Siena'. Data was col-
lected in Kruishoutem, Belgium from 24 month old green-
house grown plants in 1.0 liter containers. The time of year
was Fall and the average temperature was 20° Centigrade
during the Summer and 4° Centigrade during the Winter.
The light level was natural outdoor light and there were no
photoperiodic treatments. OSMOCOTE® and NPK were
applied. Color determinations are in accordance with The
Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart 2001 edition,
except where general color terms of ordinary dictionary
significance are used. The growing requirements are similar
to the species. 'Christine Siena' has not been tested under all

possible conditions and phenotypic differences may be observed with variations in environmental, climatic, and cultural conditions, however, without any variance in genotype.

Botanical classification: *Rhododendron* 'Christine Siena'.

Use: Ornamental Perennial.

Parentage: 'Christine Siena' is a natural branch mutation of *Rhododendron simsii* 'Christine Magic'.

Vigor: Moderate.

Growth rate: Approximately 8 to 15 cm. per year.

Growth habit: Broad upright, densely branched.

Plant shape: Flattened globular.

Suitable container size: 1.0 liter container.

Height: Average 25 cm. in height.

Width: Average 41 cm. in width.

Hardiness: USDA Zone 9.

Propagation: Cuttings.

Time to initiate roots: Approximately 30 days to produce roots on an initial cutting.

Time to produce a rooted cutting or liner: Approximately 60 days.

Root system: Fine and fibrous.

Stem:

Branching habit.—Freely branching.

Average number of lateral branches.—15.

Pinching.—Yes.

Lateral branch diameter.—3 cm. in diameter.

Lateral branch length.—9 cm. in length.

Lateral branch strength.—Moderately strong.

Stem color.—144B, older stems 200C to 200D.

Pubescence.—Dense, length 1.5 mm, color 175C to 175D.

Internode length.—7 mm. between nodes.

Shape.—Round.

Surface.—Dull.

Stem strength.—Moderately strong.

Foliage:

Texture.—Glossy, slightly leathery.

Leaf arrangement.—Alternate, clustered towards the top of the stems.

Compound or single.—Single.

Quantity of leaves per lateral branch.—20.

Leaf shape.—Elliptic to obovate.

Leaf apex.—Mucronulate.

Leaf base.—Attenuate.

Leaf length.—3.6 cm. in length.

Leaf width.—1.8 cm. in width.

Pubescence.—Slight, both sides, length 1 mm, color gray-orange 175C to 175D.

Leaf margin.—Entire.

Vein pattern.—Pinnate.

Young leaf color (upper surface).—Between 141A and 143A.

Young leaf color (lower surface).—138A to 138D.

Mature leaf color (upper surface).—Between 139A and N189A.

Mature leaf color (lower surface).—137B.

Vein color (lower surface).—143A.

Vein color (upper surface).—143C.

Leaf attachment.—Petiolate.

Petiole dimensions.—6 mm in length, 2 mm. in width, 1 mm in height.

Petiole color.—143C.

Durability of foliage to stress.—Moderate.

Flower:

Flower arrangement.—Terminal clusters.

Inflorescence type.—Semi-double.

Inflorescence dimensions.—10.5 cm. in diameter and 5.5 cm. in height.

Flowering habit.—Continuously once a year.

Quantity of flowers per lateral stem.—Approximately 5.

Quantity of flower buds per lateral stem.—Approximately 5.

Quantity of flowers and buds per plant.—Approximately 300.

Flowering season.—Late winter to early summer.

Time to flower or response time.—9 months.

Rate of flower opening.—After the first flower of a cluster has opened, all flowers of that cluster will open in approximately 14 days.

Fragrance.—None.

Self-cleaning or persistent.—Self-cleaning.

Flower bud length.—9 mm. in length.

Flower bud diameter.—7 mm. in diameter.

Flower bud shape.—Ovate.

Bud color.—45D.

Rate of bud opening.—10 days.

Flower aspect.—Upright to outward.

Flower shape.—Funnelform.

Flower dimensions.—5.5 cm. in diameter and 3.7 cm. in height.

Flower longevity.—Lasts approximately 24 days on plant.

Petal appearance.—Dull, slight velvety.

Petal texture.—Glabrous.

Petal arrangement.—Funnelform, petals placed rotate.

Number of petals.—Five in number.

Petals fused or unfused.—Lower 33% fused.

Petal shape.—Irregular obovate.

Petal margin.—Entire, slightly wavy.

Petal apex.—Rounded to praemorse.

Petal dimensions.—3.9 cm. in length and 2.2 cm. in width.

Petal color when opening (upper side).—45C.

Petal color when opening (under side).—45C.

Petal color when fully opened (upper side).—45C.

Petal color when fully opened (under side).—45C.

Petal color fading to.—Not fading.

Petaloid appearance.—Dull, slightly velvety.

Petaloid arrangement.—Rotate, in the center of the flower.

Petaloid number.—5 in number.

Petaloid shape.—Irregular, obovate to narrow obovate.

Petaloid margin.—Entire.

Petaloid dimensions.—3.8 cm. in length and 1.9 cm. in width.

Petaloid color immature.—45C.

Petaloid color mature.—45C.

Calyx:

Calyx shape.—Campanulate.

Calyx dimensions.—1.1 cm. in length and 1.8 cm. in diameter.

Sepals:

Sepal appearance.—Dull, pubescent.

Sepal arrangement.—Campanulate.

Number of sepals.—Five in number.

Sepals fused or unfused.—Lower 20% fused.

Sepal shape.—Ovate.

Sepal margin.—Entire.

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Sepal apex.—Acute.

Sepal base.—Fused into campanulate calyx.

Sepal dimensions.—1.1 cm. in length and 5 mm. in width.

Sepal color when opening (upper side).—145C.

Sepal color when opening (under side).—145C.

Sepal color mature (upper side).—145B to 145C.

Sepal color mature (under side).—145B to 145C.

Bracts:

Number of bracts.—5 in number.

Bract dimensions.—1.2 cm. in length and 7 mm. in width.

Bract shape.—Ovate.

Bract apex.—Acute.

Bract pubescence.—Sparse on under side, length 1.5 mm, color 175C to 175D.

Bract color (both sides).—144A to 144B.

Pedicels:

Pedicel dimensions.—1.4 cm. in length and 2.5 mm. in diameter.

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Pedicel angle.—75°.

Pedicel color.—47C with a base 145C to 145D.

Pedicel strength.—Moderate.

Reproduction organs:

Stamen.—None.

Pistil number.—1 in number.

Pistil dimensions.—1.8 cm. in length.

Stigma shape.—Club shaped, flattened at the top.

Stigma color.—53A.

Style length.—1.75 cm.

Style color.—47A.

Ovary color.—138A to 138B.

Seed: Seed production has not been observed.

Disease and pest resistance: Plants of the new *Rhododendron* have not been observed for disease or pest resistance.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct variety of *Rhododendron* plant named 'Christine Siena' as described and illustrated.

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