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(54) **NEW GUINEA *IMPATIENS* PLANT NAMED
'VISINFLIPU'**

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(50) Latin Name: *Impatiens hawkeri*
Varietal Denomination: **Visinflipu**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./318**
(58) **Field of Classification Search** **Plt./318**
See application file for complete search history.

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 101 days.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant
named 'Visinflipu', characterized by its rounded and upright
plant form; vigorous and freely branching growth habit;
bushy appearance; dark green-colored foliage; freely flow-
ering habit with flowers held above and beyond the foliage;
and large red purple-colored flowers.

(21) Appl. No.: **10/937,844**

1 Drawing Sheet

(22) Filed: **Sep. 9, 2004**

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Botanical classification/cultivar designation: *Impatiens hawkeri* cultivar Visinflipu.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* differ from plants of the female parent selection in the following characteristics:

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* have larger flowers than plants of the female parent selection.

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant, botanically known as *Impatiens hawkeri*, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name Visinflipu.

2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* are more freely flowering than plants of the female parent selection.

The new *Impatiens* is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Gensingen, Germany. The objective of the breeding program is to develop new vigorous New Guinea *Impatiens* cultivars with large flowers and interesting and unique flower and foliage colors.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* differ from plants of the male parent selection in the following characteristics:

The new *Impatiens* originated from a cross-pollination made by the Inventor in September, 2001, of a proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as code number 01-746, not patented, as the female, or seed parent, with a proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as 01-114, not patented, as the male, or pollen parent. The cultivar Visinflipu was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a controlled environment in Gensingen, Germany in March, 2002.

1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* are more vigorous than plants of the male parent selection.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal cuttings at Gensingen, Germany, since March, 2002, has shown that the unique features of this new *Impatiens* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* are more uniform than plants of the male parent selection.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of the cultivar Kilogia, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 11,935. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Gensingen, Germany, plants of the new *Impatiens* differed from plants of the cultivar Kilogia in the following characteristics:

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Visinflipu'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Visinflipu' as a new and distinct *Impatiens* cultivar:

1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* were more freely branching than plants of the cultivar Kilogia.

1. Rounded and upright plant form.
2. Vigorous and freely branching growth habit; bushy appearance.
3. Dark green-colored foliage.
4. Freely flowering habit with flowers held above and beyond the foliage.
5. Large red purple-colored flowers.

2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* had larger flowers than plants of the cultivar Kilogia.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which more accurately describe the actual colors of the new *Impatiens*.

The photograph at the top of the sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Visinflipu' grown in a container.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a close-up view of typical flowers and leaves of 'Visinflipu'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The cultivar Visinflipu has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary

somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype. The aforementioned photographs and the following observations and measurements describe plants grown in Bonsall, Calif., during the summer under commercial practice in a polypropylene-covered shadehouse providing 50% light reduction with day temperatures ranging from 21 to 35° C. and night temperatures ranging from 18 to 24° C. Plants used in the photographs and following description were about ten weeks old and grown in 15.25-cm containers with one plant per container.

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Impatiens hawkeri* cultivar Visinflipu.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as code number 01-746, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as code number 01-114, not patented.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About 10 days at 18° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About 14 days at 18° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting or liner, summer.—About 14 days. at 18° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting or liner, winter.—About 18 days at 18° C.

Root description.—Fine and freely branching; white in color.

Plant description:

General appearance.—Rounded and upright; vigorous growth habit.

Growth and branching habit.—Freely branching with about ten lateral branches developing at the base, dense and bushy growth. Pinching, that is, removal of the terminal apices, is typically not required.

Plant height.—About 24 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 38 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 18 cm. Diameter: About 8 mm. Internode length: About 4.5 cm. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 59A.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Opposite or in whorls; simple. Length: About 9.7 cm. Width: About 3.5 cm. Shape: Elliptic. Apex: Acuminate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Serrulate with ciliation. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Developing foliage, upper surface: 147A. Developing foliage, lower surface: 147B. Fully expanded foliage, upper surface: Darker than 147A. Fully expanded foliage, lower surface: More gray than

147B. Venation, upper surface: 182A. Venation, lower surface: 183A. Petiole: Length: About 2.2 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 185A to 185B.

Flower description:

Flower type and flowering habit.—Single axillary flowers. Freely flowering, usually about seven flowers and flower buds per lateral branch. Flowers positioned above and beyond the foliage and typically face upward or outward. Flowers mostly flat; roughly rounded in shape. Flowers last about seven days on the plant. Petals self-cleaning; gynoecium persistent. Flowers not fragrant.

Flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden, flowering from spring until fall.

Flower height.—About 5 cm.

Flower width.—About 5.8 cm.

Flower depth.—About 3 cm.

Flower buds (at stage of showing color).—Length: About 2.2 cm. Diameter: About 1 cm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: 72B.

Petals.—Quantity: Single, five per flower. Length: Banner petal: About 2.4 cm. Lateral petals: About 2.7 cm. Base petals: About 3.5 cm. Width: Banner petal: About 3.7 cm. Lateral petals: About 2.5 cm. Base petals: About 3.4 cm. Shape: Cordate. Apex: Emarginate. Base: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth; velvety. Color: When opening, upper surface: More blue than 74B. When opening, lower surface: 72C. Fully opened, upper surface: More blue than 74B; towards the base, 75C to 57A. Fully opened, lower surface: 71D.

Spur.—Length: About 5.7 cm. Diameter, at flower base: About 3 mm. Diameter, at apex: Less than 1 mm. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 59B to 59C.

Peduncles.—Length: About 3.8 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 45° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 59A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen number: Five fused at anthers, filaments free. Anther shape: Obovate. Anther size: About 4 mm by 6 mm. Anther color: 155A. Amount of pollen: Moderate. Pollen color: 158B. Gynoecium: Pistil length: About 4 mm. Stigma shape: Rounded. Stigma color: 157A. Style color: 144C. Ovary color: 144C.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit development has not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Impatiens*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from 5 to 35° C. It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Visinflipu', as illustrated and described.

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