



US00PP16145P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Kientzler

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP16,145 P2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Dec. 6, 2005**

(54) **NEW GUINEA *IMPATIENS* PLANT NAMED
'VISINFPIKI'**

(50) Latin Name: *Impatiens hawkeri*
Varietal Denomination: **Visinfpiki**

(75) Inventor: **Ludwig Kientzler**, Valverde Alajuela
(CR)

(73) Assignee: **Visio Plant**, Valverde Vega Alajuela
(CR)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 45 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **10/937,815**

(22) Filed: **Sep. 9, 2004**

(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** **A01H 5/00**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./318**

(58) **Field of Search** **Plt./318**

Primary Examiner—Anne Marie Grunberg

Assistant Examiner—June Hwu

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—C. A. Whealy

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant
named 'Visinfpiki', characterized by its rounded and upright
plant form; vigorous and freely branching growth habit;
bushy appearance; dark green-colored foliage; freely flow-
ering habit with flowers held above and beyond the foliage;
and large soft pink-colored flowers.

1 Drawing Sheet

1

Botanical classification/cultivar designation: *Impatiens hawkeri* cultivar Visinfpiki.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct culti-
var of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant, botanically known as
Impatiens hawkeri, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar
name Visinfpiki.

The new *Impatiens* is a product of a planned breeding
program conducted by the Inventor in Gensingen, Germany.
The objective of the breeding program is to develop new
vigorous New Guinea *Impatiens* cultivars with large flowers
and interesting and unique flower and foliage colors.

The new *Impatiens* originated from a cross-pollination
made by the Inventor in September, 2001, of a proprietary
Impatiens hawkeri selection identified as code number
01-147, not patented, as the female, or seed parent, with a
proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as
01-648, not patented, as the male, or pollen parent. The
cultivar Visinfpiki was discovered and selected by the
Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of the stated
cross-pollination in a controlled environment in Gensingen,
Germany in March, 2002.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal
cuttings at Gensingen, Germany, since March, 2002, has
shown that the unique features of this new *Impatiens* are
stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Visinf-
piki'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Vis-
infpiki' as a new and distinct *Impatiens* cultivar:

1. Rounded and upright plant form.
2. Vigorous and freely branching growth habit; bushy
appearance.
3. Dark green-colored foliage.
4. Freely flowering habit with flowers held above and
beyond the foliage.
5. Large soft pink-colored flowers.

2

Plants of the new *Impatiens* differ from plants of the
female parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* have larger flowers than
plants of the female parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* are more freely flowering
than plants of the female parent selection.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* differ from plants of the male
parent selection in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* are more vigorous than
plants of the male parent selection.
2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* are more uniform than
plants of the male parent selection.

Plants of the new *Impatiens* can be compared to plants of
the cultivar Kallima, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 9,146.
In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Gensingen,
Germany, plants of the new *Impatiens* differed from plants
of the cultivar Kallima in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new *Impatiens* were more freely branching
than plants of the cultivar Kallima.
2. Plants of the new *Impatiens* had larger flowers than
plants of the cultivar Kallima.
3. Flower color of plants of the new *Impatiens* was lighter
pink than flower color of plants of the cultivar Kallima.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the
overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as
true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored repro-
ductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ
slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical
description which more accurately describe the actual colors
of the new *Impatiens*.

The photograph at the top of the sheet comprises a side
perspective view of a typical flowering plant of 'Visinfpiki'
grown in a container.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a
close-up view of typical flowers and leaves of 'Visinfpiki'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The cultivar Visinfpiki has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype. The aforementioned photographs and the following observations and measurements describe plants grown in Bonsall, Calif., during the summer under commercial practice in a polypropylene-covered shadehouse providing 50% light reduction with day temperatures ranging from 21 to 35° C. and night temperatures ranging from 18 to 24° C. Plants used in the photographs and following description were about ten weeks old and grown in 15.25-cm containers with one plant per container.

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Impatiens hawkeri* cultivar Visinfpiki.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as code number 01-147, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as code number 01-648, not patented.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots, summer.—About 10 days at 18° C.

Time to initiate roots, winter.—About 14 days at 18° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting or liner, summer.—About 14 days at 18° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting or liner, winter.—About 18 days at 18° C.

Root description.—Fine and freely branching; white in color.

Plant description:

General appearance.—Rounded and upright; vigorous growth habit.

Growth and branching habit.—Freely branching with about eight lateral branches developing at the base, dense and bushy growth. Pinching, that is, removal of the terminal apices, is typically not required.

Plant height.—About 21 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 32 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 19 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Internode length: About 2.6 cm. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 144A.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Opposite or in whorls; simple. Length: About 11.6 cm. Width: About 3.6 cm. Shape: Elliptic. Apex: Acuminate. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Serrulate with ciliation. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Developing foliage, upper surface: 146A. Developing foliage, lower surface: 147B. Fully expanded foliage, upper surface: Darker than

147A to 147B. Fully expanded foliage, lower surface: More gray than 148A. Venation, upper surface: 182B. Venation, lower surface: 185C. Petiole: Length: About 2.5 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 182A.

Flower description:

Flower type and flowering habit.—Single axillary flowers. Freely flowering, usually about ten flowers and flower buds per lateral branch. Flowers positioned above and beyond the foliage and typically face upward or outward. Flowers mostly flat; roughly rounded in shape. Flowers last about seven days on the plant. Petals self-cleaning; gynoecium persistent. Flowers not fragrant.

Flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden, flowering from spring until fall.

Flower height.—About 6.2 cm.

Flower width.—About 6 cm.

Flower depth.—About 3.2 cm.

Flower buds (at stage of showing color).—Length: About 2 cm. Diameter: About 1 cm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: 65A.

Petals.—Quantity: Single, five per flower. Length: Banner petal: About 2.7 cm. Lateral petals: About 3.2 cm. Base petals: About 3.7 cm. Width: Banner petal: About 3.8 cm. Lateral petals: About 3.2 cm. Base petals: About 3.5 cm. Shape: Cordate. Apex: Emarginate. Base: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth; velvety. Color: When opening, upper surface: 73A to 73C. When opening, lower surface: 68D. Fully opened, upper surface: 69A; towards the base, 67B to 69D. Fully opened, lower surface: 67A; towards the base, 67C.

Spur.—Length: About 5.4 cm. Diameter, at flower base: About 3 mm. Diameter, at apex: Less than 1 mm. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 146C.

Peduncles.—Length: About 4.2 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 45 to 50° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen number: Five fused at anthers, filaments free. Anther shape: Obovate. Anther size: About 3 mm by 6 mm. Anther color: 155A. Amount of pollen: Moderate. Pollen color: 160D. Gynoecium: Pistil length: About 5 mm. Stigma shape: Rounded. Stigma color: 155A. Style color: 144B. Ovary color: 144B.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit development has not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Impatiens*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from 5 to 35° C. It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Visinfpiki', as illustrated and described.

* * * * *

