

(12) United States Plant Patent (10) Patent No.: US PP16,087 P2 Klemm (45) Date of Patent: Nov. 1, 2005

- (54) CALIBRACHOA PLANT NAMED 'KLEC03085'
- (50) Latin Name: *Calibrachoa* sp. Varietal Denomination: KLEC03085
- (75) Inventor: Nils Klemm, Stuttgart (DE)
- (73) Assignee: Klemm + Sohn GmbH + Co. KG, Stuttgart (DE)
- (58) Field of Search Plt./263
- (56) **References Cited**

PUBLICATIONS

Hit on 'KLEC03085', UPOV-Rom, GTI-Jouve Retrieval Software, Plant Variety Database, 2004/04.*

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Anne Marie Grunberg (74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—C. A. Whealy

- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 53 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 10/919,008
- (22) Filed: Aug. 16, 2004

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant named 'KLEC03085', characterized by its cascading plant habit; freely branching habit; golden yellow-colored flowers; and good weather tolerance.

2 Drawing Sheets

Botanical classification/cultivar designation: *Calibrachoa* sp. cultivar KLEC03085.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant, botanically known as *Calibrachoa* sp., and hereinafter referred to by the name 'KLEC03085'. The new Calibrachoa is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Stuttgart, Germany. The objective of the program is to create new earlyflowering *Calibrachoa* cultivars with compact and cascading growth habit, freely branching habit and attractive flower colors. The new *Calibrachoa* originated from a cross-pollination 15 made by the Inventor during the summer of 2001 of a proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* identified as code number U 130, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with an unknown selection of *Calibrachoa*, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new Calibrachoa was selected 20 by the Inventor in May, 2002 in a controlled environment in Stuttgart, Germany from within the resulting progeny from the cross-pollination.

- 1. Cascading plant habit.
- 2. Freely branching habit.
- 3. Golden yellow-colored flowers.
- 4. Good weather tolerance; tolerant to rain and wind and high and low temperatures.

Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have a more trailing plant habit than plants of the female parent selection. In addition, plants of the new *Calibrachoa* and the female parent selection differ in flower coloration as flowers of plants of the female parent selection are pink in color. Plants of the cultivar KLEC03085 can be compared to plants of the *Calibrachoa* cultivar Wescasun, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 12,756. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Stuttgart, Gemany, plants of the new *Calibrachoa* differed from plants of the cultivar Wescasun in leaf size, flower size and flower coloration.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal cuttings in a controlled environment in Stuttgart, Germany 25 since the summer of 2002, has shown that the unique features of this new *Calibrachoa* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new *Calibrachoa*.

The photograph on the first sheet comprises a side perspective view of typical plants of 'KLEC03085' grown in a hanging basket container.

Plants of the cultivar KLEC03085 have not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature, light intensity and daylength without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'KLEC03085'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'KLEC03085' as a new and distinct cultivar of *Cali*-40 *brachoa*:

The photograph on the second sheet is a close-up view of typical flowers and leaves of 'KLEC03085'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

Plants used in the aforementioned photographs and following description were grown under conditions that closely approximate commercial production conditions during the spring in Stuttgart, Germany in a glass-covered greenhouse. Plants were about five months old from planting rooted cuttings. During the production of the plants, day and night

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temperatures ranged from 16 to 18° C. and light levels were about 20,000 lux. Plants grown in 12-cm containers were used for the description. In the description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Calibrachoa* sp. cultivar KLEC03085.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary selection of Calibrachoa sp. identified as U 130, not patented.
Male, or pollen, parent.—Unknown selection of Calibrachoa sp., not patented.

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Natural flowering season.—Spring until frost in the autumn; flowering continuous during this time. *Time to flower.*—Plants begin flowering about 13 to 14 weeks after planting. Flower longevity on the plant.—About seven days. *Flower size*.—Diameter: About 3.5 cm. Tube length: About 1.5 cm. Throat diameter, distal end: About 1 cm. Tube diameter, proximal end: About 2 mm. *Flower buds.*—Length: About 1.5 cm. Diameter: About 6 mm. Shape: Irregular, oblong. Color: 149C. Corolla.—Arrangement/appearance: Single whorl of five petals, fused into flared trumpet. Petal length from throat: About 1.5 cm. Petal width: About 1.7 cm. Petal shape: Roughly spatulate; slightly recurved. Apex: Obtuse. Petal margin: Entire. Petal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Petal, when opening, upper surface: 12B. Petal, when opening, lower surface: 12C. Petal, fully opened, upper surface: 12B; venation, 1A. Petal, fully opened, lower surface: 12D; venation, 1A. Flower throat (inside): 12A; venation, 1A. Flower tube (outside): 12A; venation, 1A.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal vegetative cuttings.
Time to initiate and develop roots.—Summer: About 21 days at 20 to 26° C. Winter: About 28 days at 20° C.
Root description.—Fine, fibrous and white in color.
Rooting habit.—Freely branching.

Plant description:

- Form.—Annual flowering plant; initially upright to semi-upright then cascading; uniform flattened mounded appearance.
- Usage.—Appropriate for hanging baskets, window boxes and patio containers.
- Plant height (from soil level to top of plant plane).— About 7 cm.
- Plant diameter (area of spread).—About 65 cm. Growth rate.—Moderate.
- Branching habit.—Freely branching, about six lateral branches per plant; pinching is typically not required.
- Lateral branch description.—Length: About 32 cm.
- Sepals.—Arrangement/appearance: Single whorl of five sepals; calyx, star-shaped. Length: About 1.8 to 2 cm. Width: About 6 mm. Shape: Lanceolate to elliptic. Apex: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous, glossy. Color, upper surface: 138A. Color, lower surface: 138B.
- Peduncles.—Length: About 2.5 to 3 cm. Width: About 2 mm. Strength: Moderately strong. Angle: Erect to about 75° from vertical. Texture: Glabrous, smooth. Color: 144C.
- Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity: Five per

Diameter: About 3 mm. Internode length: About 2 to 3 cm. Texture: Glabrous. Color: 145B.

Foliage description.—Leaves simple, generally symmetrical and long persisting; sessile. Arrangement: Alternate; simple. Length: About 2.5 to 4 cm. Width: About 0.5 to 1.5 cm. Shape: Broadly elliptic. Apex: Broadly acute. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Venation pattern: Pinnate. Color: Developing foliage, upper surface: 147B. Developing foliage, lower surface: 147C. Fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 147B. Venation, upper and lower surfaces: 147C.

Flower description:

Flower type and habit.—Flowers face somewhat upright or outward; single, axillary; salverform. Flowers not persistent. Freely flowering habit, about three to five open flowers and about 12 to 18 flower buds per lateral stem. Flowers not fragrant. flower. Anther shape: Elliptic. Anther length: About 2 mm. Anther color: 11B. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: 11B. Pistils: Quantity: One per flower. Pistil length: About 7 mm. Stigma shape: Oval. Stigma color: 149A. Style length: About 5 mm. Style color: 150A. Ovary color: 154A.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit production has not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have been noted to be resistant to Powdery Mildew. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have not been noted to be resistant to other pathogens and pests common to *Calibrachoas*.
Weather/temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Calibrachoas*.
Weather/temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Calibrachoas*.
Weather/temperature tolerance and wind and have been observed to tolerate temperatures from about 1 to about 50° C. It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant named 'KLEC03085', as illustrated and described.

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