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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Bessho**

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(54) **PETUNIA PLANT NAMED ‘KAKEGAWA S38’**

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(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./356**

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(56) **References Cited**

PUBLICATIONS

UPOV-ROM GTITM Computer Database, 2002/03, GTI Jouve Retrieval Software, citation for ‘Kakegawa S38’.\*

\* cited by examiner

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A Petunia plant particularly distinguished by its pale pink-white flower color and creeping, mounding habit.

**1 Drawing Sheet**

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Genus and species: *Petunia hybrida*.  
Variety denomination: ‘Kakegawa S38’.

**BACKGROUND OF THE NEW PLANT**

The present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar of *Petunia*, botanically known as *Petunia hybrida*, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name ‘Kakegawa S38’. ‘Kakegawa S38’ originated from a hybridization made in 1997 in Kakegawa, Japan. The male parent was a phenotypically fixed F<sub>3</sub> selection from a cross made in 1994 between two breeding lines, 4UK-1 (not patented) and P-1a (not patented). The female parent of ‘Kakegawa S38’ was an F<sub>5</sub> selection known as 89S-829-1a-1a-1a-1 from a dwarf multiflora breeding gene pool. F<sub>1</sub> seed from this cross was sown during the summer of 1997.

Two hundred F<sub>1</sub> plants were transplanted to the field in Salinas, Calif. during the summer of 1998. Three lines were selected for further evaluation and vegetatively propagated. The three lines were propagated again in 1999 and evaluated for fixed characteristics and ease of propagation. Final selection of one line was made in Salinas, Calif. during the summer of 1999. The line was established as ‘Kakegawa S38’, and determined to have its characteristics firmly fixed.

‘Kakegawa S38’ has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics after two years and four cycles of vegetative propagation and this novelty is firmly fixed. The variety has demonstrated stability during this time and has no inherent variation or off-types.

**DESCRIPTION OF PHOTOGRAPH**

This new *Petunia* plant is illustrated by the accompanying photograph which shows blooms, and foliage of the plant in full color, the colors shown being as true as can be reasonably obtained by conventional photographic procedures.

FIG. 1 shows the entire plant approximately eight weeks after transplanting a rooted cutting;

FIG. 2 shows the mature inflorescence.

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**DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW CULTIVAR**

The following detailed descriptions set forth the distinctive characteristics of ‘Kakegawa S38’. The data which defines these characteristics were collected from asexual reproductions carried out in Salinas, Calif. Three plants from fully rooted 15 cm diameter pots were transplanted to one 50 cm diameter hanging baskets and grown in the same conditions. Data was collected on plants in 50 cm diameter pots eight weeks after rooted cuttings were transplanted. Color references are primarily to the R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society of London (R.H.S.).

**DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW PLANT**

Classification:

*Botanical*.—*Petunia hybrida*.

*Commercial*.—*Petunia*.

Parentage:

*Female parent*.—Breeding line 89S-8298-1a-1a-1a-1 (not patented).

*Male parent*.—An F<sub>3</sub> selection from the cross of two breeding lines, 4UK-1 (not patented) and P-1a (not patented).

Environmental conditions for plant growth:

Plants were propagated from vegetative cuttings, and grown individually in 15 cm diameter plastic pots in a glass greenhouse located in Salinas, Calif. Pots contained a peat moss-based growing medium. Soluble fertilizer containing 18% nitrogen, 8% phosphorus and 18% potassium was applied in four, daily irrigations. The fifth irrigation was made with non-fertilized water. Pots were top-dressed with a slow release fertilizer containing 18% nitrogen, 8% phosphorus and 18% potassium. The typical average air temperature was 24C.

Growth:

*Habit*.—Branching, mounding.

*Form*.—Descending.

*Plant size*.—45 cm total diameter and 25 cm total height.

*Flowering habit*.—Indeterminate.

*Time to initiate root development.*—7 days after sticking cuttings.

*Time to bloom from propagation.*—4–6 weeks after rooting when grown in 10–15 cm diameter plastic pots.

*Life cycle.*—Annual.

Stems:

*Color.*—Yellow-green (RHS 145A).

*Description.*—Round, pubescent.

*Diameter.*—2–3 mm.

*Internode length.*—1.4–2.4 cm.

Leaves:

*Arrangement.*—Opposite.

*Apex.*—Mucronate.

*Base.*—Oblique.

*Color.*—Upper surface is green (RHS 137B) and lower surface is green (RHS 138B).

*Margin.*—Entire.

*Size.*—Length is 4.8 cm and width is 2.5 cm, both at full expansion.

*Shape.*—Ovate.

*Text.*—Coarse.

*Venation.*—Pinnate.

*Pubescence.*—Present, clear.

Buds:

*Bud color.*—Yellow-green (RHS 144C).

*Bud diameter.*—5.0 mm.

*Bud length.*—1.8 cm.

Flowers:

*Calyx.*—5 sepals; 2 cm×8 mm (length×width).

*Corolla.*—5 petals, fused.

*Flower diameter.*—5.0–5.5 cm.

*Fragrant.*—Yes.

*Inflorescence type.*—Solitary.

*Pistil.*—Compound.

*Ovary.*—Superior, parietal placentation.

*Stamens.*—5 total with two long and three short; yellow-green (RHS 145C).

*Style.*—Yellow-green (RHS 145C).

*Peduncle.*—1.5 cm×1 mm (length×1 width); pubescent.

*Petal color.*—Limbs: upper — purple (RHS 76C) with yellow-green (RHS 150C) veins; lower — purple (RHS 76D) with yellow (RHS N 134A) veins. Tube: Inner — yellow-green (RHS 145B) with green (RHS 134A) and purple (RHS N77A) veins; Outside is yellow-green (RHS 145A) with green (RHS N134A) veins.

*Petal margin.*—Smooth.

*Petal pubescence.*—Absent.

*Tube throat diameter.*—0.6 mm.

*Pollen color.*—White (RHS 155C).

*Produces seed.*—Yes; grey-orange (RHS 172B); <1.0 mm diameter; seed coat has netted pattern, 8–10,000 seeds/gram.

Disease and Insect Resistance

No susceptibility to diseases or insects noted to date.

Comparison with Known Cultivars

‘Kakegawa S38’ is a distinct variety of *Petunia* owing to its pale pink-white flower color and creeping, mounding habit. ‘Kakegawa S38’ is most similar to the variety ‘Pink Wave’; however, ‘Kakegawa S38’ has a pale pink-white flower color. Table 1 below shows the characteristics that best distinguish the new variety from the comparison variety.

TABLE 1

Characteristic	‘Kakegawa S38’	‘Pink Wave’
Flower diameter	5.0–5.5 cm	8.0–8.5 cm
Primary petal color (upper)	Pale pink-white RHS N76C	Rosy pink blush RHS 66A

Comparison with Parental Cultivars

TABLE 2

Characteristic	‘Kakegawa S38’	89S-829-1a-1a-1a-1 (male)	F3 of 4UK-1 and P-1a (6B-1A-2) (female)
Plant Habit	Mounding and branching	Creeping	Dwarf and compact
Flower Size	Grandiflora	Grandiflora	Medium-size
Flower Petal Color	Pale pink/white	Pale pink	Pink

I claim:

1. A new and distinct *Petunia* plant as shown and described herein.

\* \* \* \* \*



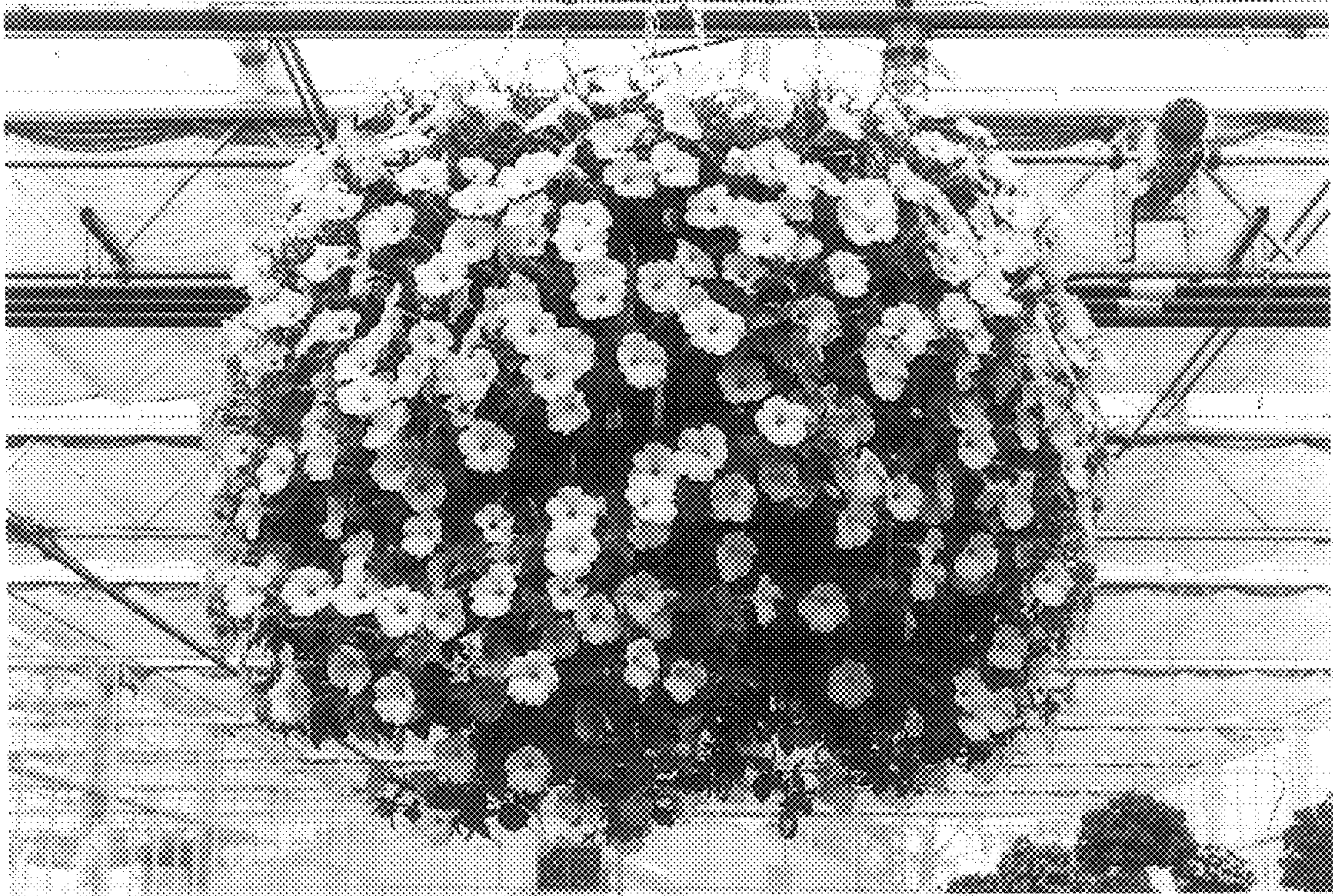


FIG 1



FIG 2