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Hoogendoorn

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(54) **ALSTROEMERIA PLANT NAMED**
'STAFIOR'

PP9,041 P * 1/1995 van Andel Plt./309

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OTHER PUBLICATIONS

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UPOV ROM GTITM Computer Database, GTI JOUVE
Retrieval Software 2002/06, citation(s) for 'Stamaria'.*

(*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

* cited by examiner

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Primary Examiner—Bruce R. Campell

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(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** **A01H 5/00**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./309**

(58) **Field of Search** **Plt./309**

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(56) **References Cited**

(57) **ABSTRACT**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

PP8,696 P * 4/1994 de Jong Plt./309

A new and distinct cultivar of Alstroemeria plant named
'Stafior', characterized by its erect flowering stems; pink
and yellow-colored flowers with dark purple spots and
stripes; and excellent postproduction longevity.

1 Drawing Sheet

1

2

Botanical classification/cultivar designation: Alstroemeria
hybrida cultivar Stafior.

vary somewhat with variations in environment such as
temperature and light intensity without, however, any vari-
ance in genotype.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct culti-
var of Alstroemeria plant, botanically known as Alstroeme-
ria hybrida, commercially used as a cut flower Alstroemeria,
and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Stafior'.

5 The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Stafior'.
These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Stafior' as
a new and distinct cultivar:

The new Alstroemeria is a product of a planned breeding
program conducted by the Inventor in Aalsmeer, The Neth-
erlands. The objective of the breeding program was to
develop new cut flower Alstroemeria cultivars with strong
plant growth, attractive flower colors and excellent postpro-
duction longevity.

1. Erect flowering stems.
2. Pink and yellow-colored flowers with dark purple-
colored spots and stripes.
3. Excellent postproduction longevity.

The new Alstroemeria originated from a cross made by
the Inventor in April, 1995 in Aalsmeer, The Netherlands, of
the Alstroemeria hybrida cultivar Montreux, disclosed in
U.S. Plant Pat. No. 8,696, as the female, or seed, parent with
a proprietary Alstroemeria hybrida selection identified as
87G1069-2, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The
new Alstroemeria was discovered and selected by the Inven-
tor as a single flowering plant within the progeny of the
stated cross in a controlled environment in Aalsmeer, The
Netherlands in June, 1996. The selection of this new Alstro-
emeria was based on its attractive flower coloration.

15 Plants of the new Alstroemeria are most similar to plants
of the parent selections. However, plants of the new Alstro-
emeria differ from plants of the parents in flower coloration
as plants of the female parent, the cultivar Montreux, have
pink-colored flowers and plants of the male parent have
yellow-colored flowers.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by root divisions
taken in a controlled environment in Aalsmeer, The
Netherlands, since June, 1996, has shown that the unique
features of this new Alstroemeria are stable and reproduced
true to type in successive generations of asexual propaga-
tion.

20 Plants of the new Alstroemeria can be compared to plants
of the cultivar Stabec, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 9,041.
In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rijsenhout, The
Netherlands, plants of the new Alstroemeria differed prima-
rily from plants of the cultivar Stabec in flower coloration as
plants of the cultivar Stabec had pink and white-colored
flowers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the cultivar Stafior have not been observed under
all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may

30 The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the
overall appearance of the new Alstroemeria, showing the
colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored
reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may
differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed
botanical description which accurately describe the colors of
the new Alstroemeria. The photograph comprises a side
perspective view of typical flowers of 'Stafior'.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph, following observations and measurements describe plants of the new *Alstroemeria* grown in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands in a glass-covered greenhouse in ground beds. During the production of the plants, day temperatures ranged from 15 to 25° C. and night temperatures ranged from 10 to 15° C. Plants used for the photograph and description were about 12 months from planting root divisions. The photograph and the description were taken during August and September, 2001.

Color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Alstroemeria hybrida* cultivar Stafior.

Parentage:

Female Parent.—*Alstroemeria hybrida* cultivar Montreux, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 8,696.

Male parent.—Proprietary selection of *Alstroemeria hybrida* identified as 87G1069-2, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By root divisions.

Root description.—Fibrous, fleshy; white, close to 155D, in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching.

Rhizomes.—Shape: Elongate; rounded. Length: About 10 to 30 cm. Diameter: About 0.3 to 1 cm. Texture: Smooth. Color: Close to 155D.

Plant description:

Plant habit.—Upright; freely basal branching, bushy appearance. Time from planting to harvest of cut flowers: About 80 to 90 days.

Number of flowering stems produced per year.—About 200 to 220.

Plant height.—About 125 to 175 cm.

Plant diameter (spread).—About 25 to 30 cm.

Flowering stem description.—Aspect: Erect. Length: About 130 cm. Diameter: About 7.5 to 10 mm. Internode length: About 2 to 3 cm. Strength: Strong. Texture: Glabrous. Color: Close to 144A to 144B.

Foliage description.—Leaves asymmetrical; sessile. Length: About 17 to 18 cm. Width: About 3.5 to 4.5 cm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Glabrous. Venation pattern: Parallel. Color: Young and fully developed foliage, upper surface: Close to 137B; moderately glossy. Young and fully developed foliage, lower surface: Close to 137C. Venation: Upper surface, close to 137B; lower surface, close to 137C.

Flower description:

Flower type and habit.—Single cup-shaped flowers arranged in compound umbels. Perianth segments separate. Freely and continuously flowering. Flowers not persistent.

Natural flowering season.—Flowering continuous during the spring in The Netherlands.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flower longevity on the plant.—About four weeks.

Flower longevity as a cut flower.—About 20 to 25 days.
Flower buds (showing color).—Length: About 2.5 to 3.5 cm. Diameter: About 1.5 cm. Shape: Roughly ovoid. Color: Close to 64D.

Umbel length.—About 15 to 25 cm.

Umbel diameter.—About 25 to 30 cm.

Number of flowers per umbel.—About 25 to 35.

Flower length.—About 6.5 to 7.5 cm.

Flower diameter.—About 5 to 7 cm.

Flower depth.—About 5.5 to 6.5 cm.

Perianth.—Arrangement: Six arranged in two whorls, each whorl with two lateral and one median segments. Size: Inner perianth: Length: Laterals, about 6 to 6.8 cm; median, 5 to 5.5 cm. Width: Laterals, about 2 to 2.8 cm; median, 2 to 2.2 cm. Outer perianth: Length, laterals and median: About 5 to 6 cm. Width, laterals and median: About 3 to 3.5 cm. Shape: Inner perianth, all segments: Oblanceolate. Outer perianth, all segments: Obovate. Apex: Inner perianth, all segments: Acute. Outer perianth, all segments: Emarginate. Base, inner and outer perianths, all segments: Attenuate. Margin, inner and outer perianths, all segments: Entire. Texture, inner and outer perianths, all segments: Smooth, glabrous; velvety. Color: Inner perianth: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: Laterals: Towards apex, close to 63B; towards base, close to 3C; spots and stripes, close to 187A. Median: Towards apex, close to 64C to 64D; center, close to 3C; towards base, close to 63D; spots and stripes, close to 187A. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: Laterals: Towards apex, close to 63B; towards base, close to 3C. Median: Close to 63B to 63C. Outer perianth: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: Laterals: Towards apex, close to 63B; towards base, close to 63D. Median: Towards apex, close to 63B to 64D; towards base, close to 63D. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: Laterals: Close to 64D. Median: Close to 63B to 64D.

Pedicels.—Length: About 2 to 3 cm. Diameter: About 2 to 4 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 30 to 60° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Close to 137A.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity per flower: Six. Anther shape: Elliptical. Anther length: About 8 mm. Anther diameter: About 3 mm. Anther color: Close to 153C to 152D. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: Close to 151A. Pistils: Quantity per flower: One. Style length: About 3 to 4 cm. Style color: Purple pink. Ovary color: Close to 144B.

Fruit.—Shape: Globular. Color: Brown.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Alstroemerias*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Alstroemeria* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from -5 to 40° C. It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Alstroemeria* plant named 'Stafior', as illustrated and described.

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